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# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

# ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X17A5 PART III

OMB APPROVA

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#### **FACING PAGE**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	July 1, 2002	AND ENDING June 30, 2	2003
	MM/DD/YY	MI	M/DD/YY
A DE	CICTO ANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	
A. KE	GISTRANT IDENTIFICA	ATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:		OFF	ICIAL USE ONLY
Isbin Investments, Inc.			
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	SINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box		FIRM ID. NO.
730 Second Avenue South, Suite 413			
	(No. and Street)		
Minneapolis	Minnesota	55402	
(city)	(State)	(Zip Code	<b>a</b> }
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF P	ERSON TO CONTACT IN R	EGARD TO THIS REPOR	Т
Ira M. Isbin		(612) 338	-6113
			Telephone No.)
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT W	hose opinion is contained in t	his Report*	
Lurie Besikof Lapidus & Company, l	LP		
	me—if individual, state last, first, middle n	name)	
2501 Wayzata Boulevard	Minneapolis	Minnesota	55405
(Address)	(City)	(State)	Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:		PR	OCESSED
☑ Certified Public Accountant ☐ Public Accountant			EP 08 2003
☐ Accountant not resident in United	States or any of its possession		EL 00 5002
			THOMSON FINANCIAL
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

# OATH OR AFFIRMATION

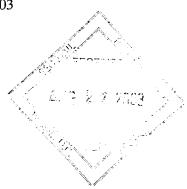
I, Ira M. Isbin	, swear (or affirm) that, to the
best of my knowledge	d belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
Isbin Investments, Ir	, as of
June 30	$20^{03}$ , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company
nor any partner, proprie a customer, except as f	r, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of
	Signature
	Title
Sandia Note	Public SANDRA S. DeMARS NOTARY PUBLIC-MINNESOTA MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 1-31-2005
This report** contains	
	nges in Financial Condition.
	inges in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
☐ (f) Statement of C☐ (g) Computation of	nges in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(h) Computation f	Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. (Included in Footnote No. 3) ing to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation Computation f	, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation solidation.	between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of con-
(I) An Oath or Af	
	PC Supplemental Report.  g any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
` '	Controls Required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC
**For conditions of co	dential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

J Lurie Besikof Lapidus — & Company, LLP

# ISBIN INVESTMENTS, INC.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30, 2003



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Lurie Besikof Lapidus — & Company, LIP

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Isbin Investments, Inc. Minneapolis, Minnesota

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Isbin Investments, Inc. (the Company) as of June 30, 2003, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Isbin Investments, Inc. as of June 30, 2003, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Lurie Besikof Lapidus & Company, LLP

Lurie Besikof Lapidus & Company LLP

July 22, 2003

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# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION June 30, 2003

# **ASSETS**

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$441,025
REFUNDABLE INCOME TAXES	200
PREPAID EXPENSE	1,085
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net of accumulated depreciation of \$44,025	248
	\$ <u>442,558</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 22,209
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	420,349
	\$ <u>442,558</u>

# STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS Year Ended June 30, 2003

REVENUE		
Commissions		\$130,903
Trading profit		38,803
Interest		5,184
		174,890
EXPENSES		
Employee compensation and benefits	\$ 89,312	
Clearing fees	22,895	
Occupancy	9,414	
Other	55,654	<u>177,275</u>
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		(2,385)
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES – CURRENT		100
NET LOSS		\$_(2,485)

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Common Stock*		Additional		
	Shares Issued	Amount	Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Stockholder's Equity
BALANCE – JUNE 30, 2002	10,000	\$100	\$ 87,650	\$ 335,084	\$ 422,834
NET LOSS	-			(2,485)	(2,485)
BALANCE – JUNE 30, 2003	10,000	\$ <u>100</u>	\$ <u>87,650</u>	\$ 332,599	\$ 420,349

<sup>\*100,000</sup> shares authorized - \$.01 par value.

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended June 30, 2003

OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net loss			\$	(2,485)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided				
by operating activities:				
Depreciation	\$	115		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Firm trading securities	1	8,900		
Refundable income taxes		100		
Prepaid expense		188		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	_ (	(4,239)	_	15,064
Net cash provided by operating activities and net increase in cash and			-	
cash equivalents				12,579
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Beginning of year			_'	428,446
End of year			\$ -	441,025

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 1. The Company and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies –

### The Company

Isbin Investments, Inc. (the Company) is a securities broker/dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is regulated by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. The Company primarily executes over-the-counter security trades for clients in the midwestern United States and engages in private placements.

## Use of Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

All highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

Cash and cash equivalents are maintained in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

### Securities Transactions

Firm trading securities are valued at market and unrealized gains and losses are included in income. Commission income and related expenses are recorded on a settlement date basis, generally the third business day following the transaction date.

#### Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is computed using straight-line and accelerated methods over periods prescribed by the Internal Revenue Service which do not result in significantly different amounts than under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### 2. Off-Balance Sheet Risk -

The Company clears all transactions for its customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker, who carries all the customer accounts and maintains the related records. The Company is liable to the clearing broker for the transactions of its customers. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance sheet risk in the event other parties are unable to fulfill their contractual obligations.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 3. Income Taxes –

The relationship of the provision for income taxes to the loss before income taxes differs from the tax benefit derived using statutory rates due to permanent differences for non-deductible expenses.

#### 4. Lease –

The Company leases its office facility under a month to month lease. Rent expense was \$9,414.

#### 5. Net Capital Requirement and Exemption –

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital rule (rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). Net capital and the related net capital ratio fluctuate on a daily basis; however, at June 30, 2003, the net capital ratio was .05 to 1 and net capital was \$418,816, which exceeded the minimum capital requirement by \$318,816.

The Company is exempt from rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission since all customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis. Therefore, the Company is not required to make the periodic computation of the reserve requirement for the exclusive benefit of customers.

### 6. Retirement Plan -

The Company has a defined benefit pension plan that covers all eligible employees. The Company's annual funding policy is to contribute an amount allowed for federal income tax purposes. The Company accrued a contribution of \$15,800 to the plan as of June 30, 2003.

The following assumptions were used in accounting for the defined benefit retirement plan:

Assumed discount rate (30 year Treasury bill)	6.5%
Expected return on plan assets	7.0%
Rate of compensation increase	0.0%

The following table sets forth the financial status of the defined benefit plan at June 30, 2003:

Plan assets at fair value	\$ 79,536
Actuarial present value of projected benefit obligations	246,027
Funded status (deficiency)	(166,491)
Contribution included in accrued liabilities	15,800
Funding status (deficiency)	\$ (150,691)

Lurie Besikof Lapidus — & Company, LLP

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT – SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Board of Directors Isbin Investments, Inc. Minneapolis, Minnesota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Isbin Investments, Inc. as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated July 22, 2003. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information on page 9 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Lurie Besikof Lapidus & Company, LLP

Lurie Besikof Lapidus & Company, LSP

July 22, 2003

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# COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION June 30, 2003

NET CAPITAL		
Stockholder's equity		\$ 420,349
Deductions:		
Nonallowable items:		
Refundable income taxes	\$ 200	
Prepaid expense	1,085	
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	248	1,533
NET CAPITAL		\$ 418,816
NEI CAFII AL		\$ 410,010
•		,
BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT		
Net capital		\$ 418,816
Minimum net capital required		100,000
		<del></del> :
Excess net capital		\$ 318,816
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS		
Liabilities		\$ 22,209
RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL		.05
RECONCILIATION TO THE COMPANY'S COMPUTATION INCLUDED		
IN PART II OF FORM X-17a-5 AS OF JUNE 30, 2003		
Net capital as reported by the Company		\$ 424,256
Net audit adjustments		(5,240)
Adjustments to nonallowable items		(200)
		\$ 418,816

Lurie Besikof Lapidus — & Company, LLP

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

Board of Directors Isbin Investments, Inc. Minneapolis, Minnesota

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Isbin Investments, Inc. (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2003, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3 (a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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Because of inherent limitations in any internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted the following matter involving the accounting system and its operation that we consider to be a material weakness as defined above:

There is a general lack of segregation of duties since one person has the responsibility for all the accounting records. The Company plans no corrective action because it is management's opinion that the size of the Company does not warrant hiring additional personnel to achieve the desired segregation of duties.

This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements of Isbin Investments, Inc. for the year ended June 30, 2003, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated July 22, 2003.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at June 30, 2003, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lurie Besikof Lapidus & Company, LLP

Lurie Besikof Lapidus & Company, LLP

July 22, 2003