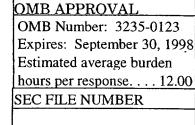
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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549





ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5

8-53101

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNIN	NG May 1, 2002	AND ENDING April :	30, 2003 0 2 2003
A. RI	EGISTRANT IDE	ENTIFICATION	18/18/
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			
Lurie Besikof Lapidus Private Investment	Banking, LLC		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF	BUSINESS: (Do no	t use P.O. Box No.)	FIRM ID. NO.
2501 Wayzata Boulevard			
	(No. and Stree	et)	
Minneapolis Mi	nnesota	554	05
(City) (S	State)	(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER O	F PERSON TO CO	NTACT IN REGARD TO TH	IS REPORT
Justin B. Besikof		612-381-8	
		(Area Code -	Telephone No.)
B. AC	COUNTANT ID	ENTIFICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	NT whose opinion is	contained in this Report*	
Rubin, Brown, Gornstein & Co. LLP			
	individual, state last, first, m	iddle name)	778200200000000000000000000000000000000
One North Brentwood	Clayton	Missouri	63105
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Accou	ntant		DDOCESSED
Public Accountant			PROCESSE
Accountant not residen	t in United States or	any of its possessions.	PROCESSED JUL 1 1 2003
	FOR OFFICIAL US	EONLY	THOMSON FINANCIAL

SEC 1410 (3-91)

Potential persons who are to respond to the concertion of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

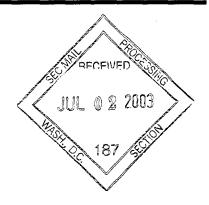
^{*} Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

	_	B. Besikof, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Lurie Besikof Lapidus Private
Inve	estme com	ent Banking, LLC, as of April 30, 2003, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neithe pany nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:
		(MLW)
		Signature
		Tresident
		Title
	usi	a) W. Muniakun)
		Notary Public No
		LISA A. MUNIGHAN
This	s repo	ort** contains (check all applicable boxes):
X	(a)	Facing page.
X	(b)	Statement of Financial Condition.
X_	(c)	Statement of Operations.
X	(d)	Statement of Cash Flows.
X	(e)	Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
	(f)	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
X	(g)	Computation of Net Capital.
	(h)	Computation for Determination of Reserve requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
X	(i)	Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
\Box	(j)	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
		Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	(k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
		consolidation.
X	(1)	An Oath or Affirmation.
	(m)	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
	(n)	A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous
		audit.
X	(o)	Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Accounting Control.

^{**} For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2003



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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION April 30, 2003

ASSETS

CASH		\$ 24,464
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		6,250
		\$ 30,714
	LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY	
DUE TO PARENT		\$ 7,689
MEMBER'S EQUITY	·	23,025
		\$ 30,714

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS Year Ended April 30, 2003

MERGER AND ACQUISITION FEES	\$ 27,500
OPERATING EXPENSES	32,282
NET LOSS	\$ (4.782)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY Year Ended April 30, 2003

	Member's Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Member's Equity	
BALANCE at April 30, 2002	\$ 46,849	\$ (34,042)	\$ 12,807	
Additional capital contributed	15,000	_	15,000	
Net loss		_(4,782)	(4,782)	
BALANCE at April 30, 2003	\$ <u>61,849</u>	\$ <u>(38,824)</u>	\$_23,025_	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended April 30, 2003

OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net loss Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operating activities: Changes in operating asset and liability:	\$ (4,782)
Increase in accounts receivable	(6,250)
Increase in due to parent Net cash used by operating activities	$\frac{6,439}{(4,593)}$
FINANCING ACTIVITY Additional capital contributed NET INCREASE IN CASH	15,000
CASH Beginning of year	14,057
End of year	\$ 24,464

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -

Description of Business

The Company is a securities broker/dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), and regulated by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (NASD). The Company is primarily an agent for clients in merger and acquisition transactions in the midwestern United States.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect certain reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Income Taxes

The Company is a limited liability company. The only member of the Company is a partnership (the Parent Company). Amounts due for federal and state income taxes are not reflected in the financial statements, but rather the taxable income or loss of the Company is included on the Parent Company's income tax return.

2. Related Party Transactions -

The Company shares office facilities with its parent company and various charges are incurred for rent and other administrative expenses, which amounted to \$9,875 in 2002.

3. Net Capital Requirement -

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, not to exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). Net capital and the related net capital ratio fluctuate on a daily basis; however, at April 30, 2003, the net capital ratio was .65 to 1 and net capital was \$16,775, which exceeded the minimum capital requirement by \$11,775.

The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission since the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or performs custodial functions relating to customer securities. Therefore, the Company is not required to make a periodic computation of the reserve requirements for the exclusive benefit of customers.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT - SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

The Member Lurie Besikof Lapidus Private Investment Banking, LLC Minneapolis, Minnesota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Lurie Besikof Lapidus Private Investment Banking, LLC as of and for the year ended April 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated June 6, 2003. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information on page 10 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Rubin, Brown, Dornstein & Co. LLP

June 6, 2003



COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL April 30, 2003

NET CAPITAL: Member's equity	\$ 23,025
DEDUCTIONS: Nonallowable assets: Accounts receivable	6,250
Net capital	\$ <u>16,775</u>
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT: Minimum net capital required	\$5,000
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	\$ <u>11,775</u>
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	\$ <u>7,689</u>
RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL	.65 to 1



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

The Member Lurie Besikof Lapidus Private Investment Banking, LLC Minneapolis, Minnesota

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Lurie Besikof Lapidus Private Investment Banking, LLC, for the year ended April 30, 2003, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3 (a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8
 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve
 System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be a material weakness as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at April 30, 2003, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the member, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

RÚBIN, BROWN, GORNSTEIN & CO. LLP

Rubin, Brown, Dornstein & Co. LLP

June 6, 2003