ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT

PART III

FORM X-17A-5



CURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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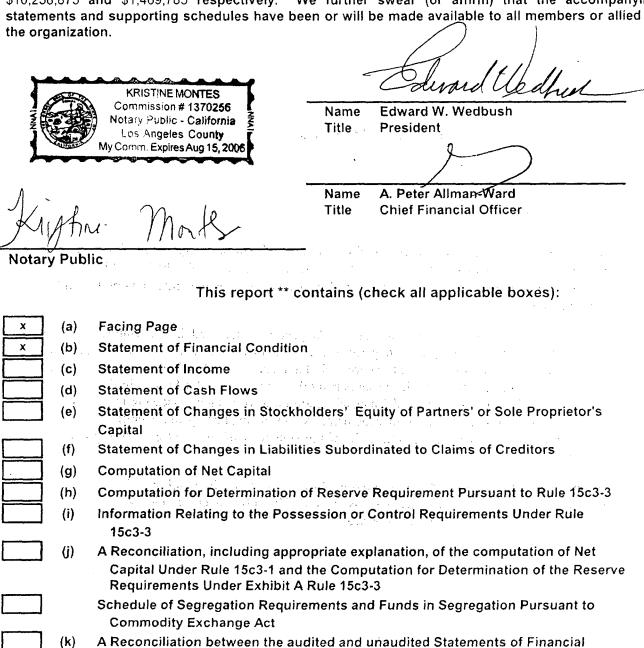
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

8-12987

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	7/01/02 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	6/30/03 MM/DD/YY
	A. REGISTRANT I	DENTIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			Official Use Only
WEDBUSH MORGAN SECURITIES INC			
			FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINES	S:	PROC	17 2003
(Do not use P.O. Box No.)			1 H 2003
1000 Witshire Boulevard		1 SEP	1.4 5002
		<u> </u>	OMSON NANCIAL
		(No. and Street)	MAMORI
Los Angeles		California	90017
(City)		(State)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSO	N TO CONTACT IN R	EGARD TO THIS REPORT	
Carolyn S. Brookins			(213) 688-8000
Carolyn 3. Drookins		(Are:	a Code Telephone No.)
			
	·	T IDENTIFICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose of	opinion is contained in t	nis Report*	
(Name if individual, state last, first, middle name)			· ·
KPMG LLP			
355 South Grand Avenue L	os Angeles	California	90071
(ADDRESS) Number and Street	City	State	Zip Code
CHECK ONE:			
x Certified Public Acco	untant		
Public Accountant			
Accountant not reside	ent in United States or any	of its possessions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE	ONLY COMPECEN	л-1 (36)
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		< SEP # 8	2003 >>
		A Processing	
	المراجع فالتاب والمالية والمعادلة المالية والمساواة		

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

We, Edward W. Wedbush and A. Peter Allman-Ward, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of our knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Wedbush Morgan Securities Inc. as of June 30, 2003, are true and correct. We further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer except for receivables from and payables to officers and directors in the amounts of \$10,258,875 and \$1,469,785 respectively. We further swear (or affirm) that the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules have been or will be made available to all members or allied members of the organization.



Condition with respect to methods of consolidation

A Report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have

A Copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report

existed since the date of the previous audit

(1)

(m) (n) An Oath or Affirmation



355 South Grand Avenue Suite 2000 Los Angeles, CA 90071-1568

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors
Wedbush Morgan Securities Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Wedbush Morgan Securities Inc., (the "Company") a majority owned subsidiary of E*Capital Corporation, as of June 30, 2003. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit of a statement of financial condition includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit of the statement of financial condition also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit of the statement of financial condition provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Wedbush Morgan Securities Inc. as of June 30, 2003 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

KPMG LLP

Statement of Financial Condition June 30, 2003

Assets

120000		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,557,000
Restricted cash		102,016,000
Short-term investments – securities purchased under agreements to resell, segregated for the exclusive benefit of customers and introducing brokers		607,000,000
Receivables: Brokers, dealers and clearing organizations Customers, collateralized by securities Other		280,046,000 185,804,000 7,071,000
Total receivables Less allowance for doubtful receivables	_	472,921,000 (9,061,000)
Net receivables	_	463,860,000
Securities owned, at fair value		22,808,000
Memberships in exchanges, at cost (fair value, \$3,801,400)		1,321,000
Other assets	_	4,554,000
	\$_	1,210,116,000
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	_	
D 11		
Payables: Brokers, dealers and clearing organizations Customers	\$	263,617,000 812,419,000
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value		8,348,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	_	20,555,000
Total liabilities	_	1,104,939,000
Commitments and contingent liabilities		
Stockholders' equity: Common stock, \$0.10 par value. Authorized 20,000,000 shares; 7,020,575 shares issued; 7,007,834 shares outstanding Additional paid-in capital Treasury stock (12,741 shares) Retained earnings	_	701,000 6,254,000 (165,000) 98,387,000
Total stockholders' equity	_	105,177,000
	\$ _	1,210,116,000

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

June 30, 2003

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Wedbush Morgan Securities Inc. (the "Company") is a California based investment bank registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as a securities broker-dealer and is a majority owned subsidiary of E*Capital Corporation.

(a) Securities Transactions

The Company records its securities transactions, along with related revenues and expenses, on a trade date basis.

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include proprietary investments in money market funds.

(c) Restricted Cash

Cash balances that are considered restricted represent balances held in segregated accounts for the exclusive benefit of customers and proprietary accounts of introducing brokers in compliance with the requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.

(d) Short-term Investments

Securities purchased under agreements to resell are treated as financing transactions and are carried at the amounts at which the securities will subsequently be resold as specified in the related agreements. It is the policy of the Company to obtain collateral with a fair value equal to or in excess of the principal amount loaned under resell agreements. As of June 30, 2003 these investments have been segregated in compliance with the customer reserve requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.

(e) Receivables and Allowance for Doubtful Receivables

Amounts due from customers are written off at the time and to the degree to which the receivable is unsecured. The Company also establishes a general allowance against accounts receivable for amounts that it determines in its best estimate may become uncollectible. Factors considered by management in determining the amount of the allowance include past experience, degree of concentration and quality of collateral.

(f) Securities Owned and Securities Sold, not yet Purchased

Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased, are valued at fair value.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition
June 30, 2003

(g) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Substantially all of the Company's financial instruments are carried at fair value, based on publicly reported bid and asked quotations, or amounts approximating fair value. Assets, including cash and cash equivalents, securities borrowed or purchased under agreements to resell and certain receivables are carried at fair value or contracted amounts that approximate fair value due to the short period to maturity. Similarly, liabilities, including bank loan payable, securities loaned and certain other payables are carried at amounts approximating fair value.

(h) Income Taxes

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities for future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

The Company is party to a tax allocation agreement whereby its operating results are included in a consolidated Federal income tax return and in the combined income tax returns for certain states. Pursuant to the agreement, each member of the group computes its current and deferred tax liabilities independently.

(i) Use of Estimates

In preparing the statement of financial condition, management is required to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the statement of financial condition. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(j) New Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2003, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an interpretation of ARB No. 51. This Interpretation addresses the consolidation by business enterprises of variable interest entities created or obtained after January 31, 2003. For nonpublic enterprises, such as the Company, with a variable interest in a variable interest entity created before February 1, 2003, the Interpretation is applied to the enterprise no later than the end of the first annual reporting period beginning after June 15, 2003. The application of this Interpretation is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

June 30, 2003

(2) Receivables from and Payables to Brokers, Dealers and Clearing Organizations

Amounts receivable from and payable to brokers, dealers and clearing organizations result from the Company's normal trading and securities lending activities and consist of the following:

Securities failed to deliver Deposits paid on securities borrowed Amounts due from brokers and dealers through	\$	1,057,000 270,410,000
clearing organizations		1,917,000
Deposits with clearing organizations	_	6,662,000
Total receivables	\$	280,046,000
Securities failed to receive	\$	1,804,000
Deposits received for securities loaned		258,500,000
Other	_	3,313,000
Total payables	\$	263,617,000

Deposits are paid for securities borrowed and are received for securities loaned on the basis of the approximate fair value of the related securities. Fails to deliver and fails to receive represent the contract value of securities that have not been delivered or received on or before the settlement date.

(3) Receivables from and Payables to Customers

Amounts receivable from and payable to customers include amounts due or held on cash and margin transactions. The value of securities owned by customers and held as collateral for the receivables is not reflected in the statement of financial condition.

(4) Bank Credit Lines

The Company has uncommitted lines of credit with banks, at customary rates of interest, under which borrowings may be made on an unsecured basis. At June 30, 2003, there were no unsecured short-term loans outstanding under the lines of credit.

(5) Net Capital Requirement

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital. The Company has elected to use the alternative method permitted by the rule, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital, as defined, equal to the greater of \$1,000,000 or 2% of aggregate debit balances arising from customer transactions, as defined.

The alternative method prohibits withdrawal of equity capital or payment of cash dividends if net capital does not exceed 5% of aggregate debit items and also prohibits withdrawal of subordinated capital if net capital does not exceed 4% of aggregate debit items. At June 30, 2003, the Company had net capital of \$82,664,000 that was 46% of aggregate debit items and \$79,041,000 in excess of the \$3,623,000 required minimum net capital at that date.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

June 30, 2003

(6) Employee Stock Options

The Company has a stock option plan, under which the Company is authorized to issue up to 1,042,000 shares of common stock. A proposal is pending for shareholder approval to increase the number of shares available for issue by 350,000. At June 30, 2003 options on 219,118 shares are available for grant. As described in the plan, options and the rights associated therewith, including vesting, shall be determined by the Board of Directors. Restrictions may be applied to awards under the plan. Option activity during the year ended June 30, 2003, as well as options outstanding at year end are as follows:

_	Shares	Range/Weighted average price per share
Beginning balance	761,825	
Granted	127,500	\$ 14.00-16.00/14.30
Returned/canceled	(96,926)	\$ 10.00-16.00/13.60
Exercised	(26,750)	\$ 10.00-15.00/11.99
Ending balance	765,649	
Outstanding at June 30, 2003:		
Exercisable	445,574	\$ 10.00-16.00/13.95
Not vested	320,075	\$ 14.00-16.00/14.72

The weighted average remaining contractual life for options exercisable was 2.8 years at June 30, 2003. The Company applies APB Opinion No. 25 in accounting for its plan.

(7) Profit Sharing Retirement Plans

At June 30, 2003, the Company had two trusteed defined contribution retirement plans. The CPS Plan is qualified under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and covers eligible employees compensated on a commission and/or incentive basis. The Company's annual contributions are a specified percentage of the voluntary employee contributions and are not required if earnings do not exceed defined levels.

The PS Plan covers substantially all salaried employees. The Company's annual contributions under the plan are determined by the Board of Directors, and are based on a percentage of employee compensation.

(8) Federal and State Income Taxes

Deferred taxes result from the temporary differences between financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities. As of June 30, 2003, deferred tax assets of \$4,251,000 relate to the allowance for doubtful receivables and accruals for certain state income taxes. The deferred tax liability of \$95,000 relates to a tax deductible allowance for expenses not yet incurred. No valuation allowance was deemed necessary as of June 30, 2003 since management believes it is more likely than not that the net deferred tax asset will be realized. The net deferred tax asset of \$4,156,000 is included in other assets. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities includes taxes payable of \$1,344,000.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

June 30, 2003

(9) Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

(a) Legal Matters

The Company is involved in litigation that is being defended in the ordinary course of business. During the last three years, the securities industry has experienced significantly increased expenses related to bad debts, legal settlements and fees resulting from a general decline in securities prices and from disputes over contractual matters.

In the opinion of management and based on advice of legal counsel, the resolution of outstanding disputes will have no material impact on the Company.

(b) Lease Commitments

The Company's operations are conducted in leased premises under lease agreements requiring minimum annual rentals as follows:

Year ending:		
2004	\$	4,891,000
2005		4,592,000
2006		4,216,000
2007		3,864,000
2008		3,547,000
Thereafter	_	8,739,000
	\$_	29,849,000

Certain of these leases have escalation clauses and renewal options. The Company leases certain furniture and equipment from an affiliate.

(10) Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risk

In the normal course of business, the Company is involved in the execution, settlement and financing of various customer and principal securities transactions. Customer activities are transacted on a cash, margin or delivery-versus-payment basis. Securities transactions are subject to the risk of counterparty or customer nonperformance. However, transactions are collateralized by the underlying security, thereby reducing the associated risk to changes in the fair value of the security through settlement date or to the extent of margin balances.

The Company also has contractual commitments arising in the ordinary course of business for securities loaned; securities sold, not yet purchased; repurchase agreements; securities transactions on a when-issued basis and underwritings. Each of these financial instruments contains varying degrees of off-balance sheet risk whereby the fair values of the securities underlying the financial instruments may be in excess of the contract amount. The settlement of these transactions is not expected to have a material effect upon the Company's financial condition.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

June 30, 2003

(11) Related Party Transactions

In the normal course of business, employees, officers and directors, and affiliated companies may buy and sell securities from and to the Company. At June 30, 2003, included in receivables from and payables to customers were receivables from officers and directors of \$10,259,000 and from affiliated companies of \$11,909,000, and payables to officers and directors of \$1,470,000 and to affiliated companies of \$45,000. Loans to officers and directors are at market terms and rates of interest and are collateralized by securities.

Notes receivable from employees and other receivables from affiliated companies of \$1,247,000 at June 30, 2003 are included in other receivables. Notes receivable from employees are non-interest bearing and are forgiven over periods of three to five years. Deposits held and payable to employees of \$1,365,000 at June 30, 2003 are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.



355 South Grand Avenue Suite 2000 Los Angeles, CA 90071-1568

The Board of Directors
Wedbush Morgan Securities Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the statement of financial condition of Wedbush Morgan Securities Inc. (the "Company"), for the year ended June 30, 2003, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the statement of financial condition and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in the following:

- 1. Making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the reserve required by Rule 15c3-3(e)
- 2. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
- 4. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the statement of financial condition being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at June 30, 2003, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

August 8, 2003