SHEARMAN & STERLING

Avocats au Burreau de Taris

114, AVENUE DES CHAMPS-ELYSÉES

75008 PARIS

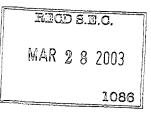
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TOQUE JOOG

FAX (33) 01 53 89 70 70
03050389

March 27, 2003



BY HAND DELIVERY

Securities and Exchange Commission Office of International Corporate Finance 450 Fifth Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20549 U.S.A.

European Aeronautic Defence and Space Company EADS N.V. ("EADS")

Information Pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b)

File No. 82-34662

MAY 08 2003

Dear Sir or Madam:

On behalf of EADS and pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, please find enclosed a press release, dated March 10, 2003, announcing EADS's 2002 results, as well as the presentation of the results to analysts and the summary accounts, both of which were first made to investors on March 10, 2003.

Please acknowledge receipt of this letter and its enclosures by time-stamping the enclosed copy of this letter and returning it to our messenger, who has been instructed to wait.

Please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned (collect) in Paris at (+33-1-53-89-70-00) should you have any questions.

Very truly yours,

Sami L. Toutounji

Enclosures

cc: Mark Favero (w/enc.)

EADS

EADS delivers solid performance – well prepared for further challenges

- Company achieves 2002 EBIT of EUR 1,426 million
- All financial targets met or exceeded despite weak market
- EADS maintains strong Operative Cash Flow and positive Net Cash position
- Stronger than expected turnaround in Defence and Civil Systems:
 EBIT EUR 40 million
- · Further restructuring at Space Division decided
- 2003 EBIT expected in the same range as 2002
- Further increase in efficiency through cost, cash and contract management
- Dividend proposal of EUR 0.30 per share
- CEOs: "EADS is well prepared to master the challenges ahead"

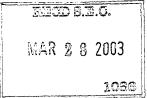
Amsterdam, 10 March 2003

EADS (stock exchange symbol: EAD) successfully masters the difficult market situation and is well on track for 2003. "We have prepared EADS to weather a possible further deterioration of the business climate in 2003. Our ability to rapidly respond to changes in the business environment is proving a huge asset in the current circumstances", the EADS CEOs Philippe Camus and Rainer Hertrich said when the company released its 2002 annual results on Monday. In 2002, EADS achieved solid results in both its commercial and defence businesses and maintained its strong Operating Cash Flow and Net Cash position.

While the Airbus and Aeronautics Divisions were the main contributors to EADS' profitability, the Defence and Civil Systems Division achieved its planned turnaround, which was stronger than expected.

EADS is the second largest global aerospace and defence company, incorporating leading brands like Airbus, Eurocopter, MBDA, Eurofighter and Astrium.

In 2002, EADS achieved an EBIT (Earnings before interest and taxes, pre goodwill amortisation and exceptionals) of EUR 1,426 million (2001: EUR 1,694 million), slightly above its target. Before Research and Development (R&D) costs, EADS slightly improved its EBIT margin from 11.5 % to 11.8 %, despite lower Airbus deliveries. R&D costs increased, as anticipated, to EUR 2.1 billion (2001: EUR 1.8 billion), particularly due to the A380 programme.



CEOs: "2002 was a year of commercial success"

"Despite the difficult environment, 2002 was another year of commercial and financial success. As in the previous year, we are proud to have again met or exceeded, all our financial targets under these circumstances", the EADS CEOs, Philippe Camus and Rainer Hertrich, commented.

"Looking forward, we have positioned EADS to master the new challenges ahead. We are continuously focusing on means to further improve management efficiency in order to generate cash and to reduce cost. In that respect, Divisions and Headquarters have all done their share in 2002", the CEOs said. "In addition, as ever we continue to pursue new order opportunities based on our superior product portfolio. This means that all the levers we can influence are perfectly under control. And once the commercial aviation markets recover, which we now expect at the earliest by the end of 2004, EADS with its increasingly balanced business portfolio will be extremely well positioned to take full advantage of opportunities across the full spectrum of the aerospace, defence and space industry."

Net Cash position of EUR 1.2 billion at the end of 2002 is better than originally anticipated. Cash Flow from operations, which does not include customer financing, remained at EUR 2.7 billion. Free Cash Flow without aircraft financing amounted to EUR 0.6 billion, after high capital expenditures particularly for the A380 programme, confirming the company's ability to self-finance this programme.

The EADS Chief Financial Officer, Hans Peter Ring, said: "In 2002, EADS was very successful in containing at \$ 0.6 billion the increase in Airbus and ATR customer financing gross exposure, which was substantially lower than expected."

For 2003, EADS' EBIT is completely hedged against currency fluctuations at an exchange rate of 1EUR = 0.96\$. For the years 2004 to 2006, and even beyond, EADS has high volumes of hedging in place at about 0.94\$ to 0.95\$, greatly limiting the impact of US-Dollar volatility on results.

Dividend proposal of EUR 0.30 per share

The EADS Board of Directors has proposed a dividend of EUR 0.30 per share for the business year 2002 (EUR 0.50 for 2001). This proposal will be submitted to the Shareholders' vote at the Annual General Meeting in Amsterdam on 6 May 2003.

The EADS Chief Financial Officer, Hans Peter Ring, commented, "This proposal is consistent with our dividend policy to pay out about two percent of EADS' market capitalisation, based on an average 2002 share price of about EUR 14. The utmost

focus of management at this time is to maintain the highest standard of financial discipline."

Targets met or exceeded

As reported on 10 February, EADS achieved 2002 revenues of EUR 29.9 billion (2001: EUR 30.8 billion), in line with its forecast.

At EUR 31 billion, order intake demonstrates sustained demand for the company's commercial and defence products, thus further contributing to the order book. The strong order intake, which did not include the expected EUR 17.7 billion A400M programme, is strong evidence of EADS' resilience to market changes.

The EADS order book remained strong at nearly EUR 170 billion, which represents more than five years of business and is still unparalleled in the global aerospace and defence industry. Its decrease, however, is mainly attributable to the revaluation of the order book based on a weaker exchange rate of 1EUR = 1.05\$ at year-end, amounting to an adjustment of about EUR 14 billion.

Net Income affected by exceptional items

Net Income in both 2001 and 2002 was significantly affected by goodwill amortisation and exceptional non-cash items. Net Income pre goodwill amortisation and exceptionals was EUR 696 million in 2002, after EUR 809 million in 2001. Earnings per share pre goodwill and exceptionals reached EUR 0.87 (2001: EUR 1.00).

Net Income after goodwill and exceptionals amounted to EUR -299 million. It was negatively impacted by goodwill depreciation of EUR 936 million, including an extraordinary (and not tax deductible) depreciation of EUR 350 million resulting from impairment tests at the Space Division, reflecting further deterioration of the space markets. On the other hand, the 2001 figure of EUR 1,372 million was affected by positive exceptional items mainly resulting from the creation of the integrated Airbus SAS.

Divisions: Strong turnaround in Defence and Civil Systems

The **Airbus Division** EBIT (Earnings before interest and taxes, pre goodwill amortisation and exceptionals) was EUR 1,361 million, compared to EUR 1,655 million in 2001. R&D cost increased by EUR 257 million to reach EUR 1,682 million, mainly due to the A380 programme. Therefore, the EBIT margin pre-R&D increased from 15 % to 15.6 % despite lower deliveries. Reflecting unrelenting efforts to adapt

to changing conditions, Airbus has set an additional cost saving target of EUR 1.5 billion by 2006 in order to protect its long-term profitability even at lower US\$-exchange rates. Airbus delivered 303 aircraft in 2002, slightly ahead of its 300 target. The order backlog of 1,505 aircraft at year-end 2002 was ahead of the competition for the third year. Major successes were the orders by FedEx for 10 A380F Freighters and by the UK low-cost carrier Easyjet for 120 A319 aircraft, as well as winning back a number of significant customers such as KLM and South African Airways. Overall in 2002, with a gross order intake of 300 aircraft, Airbus won a 54 % market share (both in terms of units and value).

The Military Transport Aircraft Division recorded an EBIT loss of EUR -80 million (2001: EUR +1 million). The Division's result was impacted by an already reported one time charge from its investment as a subcontractor of the Dornier 728 programme of insolvent Fairchild Dornier amounting to EUR -54 million, by the lost margin for this project and also by the delay of the EUR 17.7 billion A400M order (90 % EADS share), which is now expected for spring 2003.

The **Aeronautics Division** EBIT amounted to EUR 261 million (2001: EUR 308 million). Eurocopter and Military Aircraft were the main profit contributors, with the other Business Units also performing successfully. However, the commercial aviation downturn impacted the civil maintenance and aerostructure businesses of the division. Major defence programmes, such as Tiger (military helicopters) and Eurofighter (combat aircraft) are now entering the delivery phase and will strongly contribute to future profitable growth.

The **Space Division** recorded a negative EBIT of EUR -268 million (2001: EUR -222 million), due to high provisions made in the context of further deterioration of the space markets, mainly for restructuring and investments depreciation, a satellite contract cancellation and losses on some programmes. The implementation of further restructuring at Space is now being facilitated by the full control of Astrium by EADS. The Space Division's management is now implementing a comprehensive restructuring programme, which targets an additional staff reduction estimated at about 1,700 personnel. This reduction will be in addition to the previous plan from last year of about 1,600 employees, currently under implementation mostly in 2003. Savings will be generated through adaptations to market demand, overhead reductions, implementation of integrated cross national centres of competence, industrial reorganisation and savings in procurement. The target is to achieve EBIT breakeven by 2004.

The **Defence and Civil Systems Division** realised a strong turnaround and achieved an EBIT of EUR 40 million (2001: EUR -79 million). Major contributions to this positive development came from the continuously positive results at MBDA and EADS Telecom and from the strong improvements at Systems & Defence Electronics and EADS/LFK, the German missile company. Further strong EBIT

growth is expected as a result of continued restructuring and programmes entering the delivery phase such as Storm Shadow/Scalp EG and PAAMS/Aster.

2003 Outlook

For 2003, the EADS management is setting prudent financial targets that preserve the company's flexibility to respond to market changes. In this uncertain environment, EADS will continue to favour profitability and cash control over market share gains.

EADS presently anticipates 2003 EBIT in the same range as 2002, based on 300 deliveries by Airbus - currently backed by a higher order book - and taking into account the increase in R&D spending to peak levels in 2003.

The EADS 2003 EBIT target also includes a considerable provision for a significant re-engineering of the Space business in order to achieve profitability during 2004. The Space Division 2003 expected EBIT represents a further deterioration compared to 2002 due to ongoing restructuring and programme contingencies, and the first-time full consolidation of Astrium.

These negative effects will be offset by the expected improved performance of the Divisions which are now ramping up defence programmes (Aeronautics, Defence and Civil Systems, and Military Transport Aircraft).

Based on the current exchange rate (1EUR = 1.10\$), EADS expects to maintain 2003 revenues in the same range as 2002. Free Cash Flow before customer financing is anticipated to remain positive in 2003, reflecting the continued ability to self-finance the A380 programme. EADS' target for additional customer financing is lower in 2003 than last year's target, and EADS will continue with its restrictive practice of keeping net additions at the lowest possible level.

Highlights of the year 2002

In 2002, EADS again achieved major successes across its range of businesses:

- Airbus won a major contract from the low-cost carrier Easyjet for 120 A319s.
- Federal Express placed a firm order for ten A380-400F freighters (leading to a total of 95 firm orders for the A380 by the end of 2002).
- South African Airways ordered 41 Airbus aircraft to re-equip its entire fleet, and also KLM placed a new order.

- Airbus won a 54 % gross and 57 % net market share in terms of number of aircraft orders.
- EADS is a participant in the team selected to execute the US Coast Guard's Deepwater programme, with contributions from Defence and Civil Systems, Eurocopter and Military Transport Aircraft.
- Eurocopter won 60% of the world civilian and parapublic helicopter market.
- · Rollout of the first series production Eurofighter combat aircraft.
- MBDA signed the Meteor missile contract (EADS share of EUR 0.9 billion at 50 %).
- EADS LFK signed EUR 485 million Taurus missile contract with Germany.
- UK MoD selected Paradigm as the preferred bidder for the Skynet 5 defence programme.
- Ariane won 11 of the year's 18 commercial launch contracts.
- Agreement reached to acquire 100 % of Astrium (acquisition of BAE Systems' 25 % stake finalised in January 2003).

About EADS:

EADS is a global aerospace and defence company, and is the world's second largest in terms of revenues, having achieved EUR 29.9 billion in 2002. EADS maintains a workforce of more than 100,000 and is a market leader in defence technologies, commercial aircraft, helicopters, space, military transport and combat aircraft, as well as related services. Its family of leading brands includes the commercial aircraft maker Airbus; Eurocopter, the world's largest helicopter manufacturer; Astrium, the space company and MBDA, the world's second largest missile company. EADS is also the biggest partner in the Eurofighter consortium and heads the A400M military transport aircraft programme. EADS has more than 70 facilities in France, Germany, Spain and the UK. It is active in markets around the world, including the U.S., Russia and Asia.

Contact:

Eckhard Zanger
EADS Communications Finance
Tel. +49 89 607 27961

EBIT Contributors in 2002

EBIT* 2002 (in € m) Airbus 1,361 261 **Aeronautics** Headquarters Consolidation** 112 Defence & 40 Civil Systems Military Transport Aircraft -80 -268 Space Total -348 1,774 1,426

是对各种概要的概要的表现的。 1 © EADS

EADS - Figures for 2002 (Amounts in Euro)

EADS Group	2002		2001		Change
Revenues, in millions	29,901	- 24004	30,798	2	-3%
EBITDA ⁽¹⁾ , in millions	3,031	3 20	3,213	715.0 75.0	-6%
EBIT ⁽²⁾ , in millions	1,426	-	1,694		-16%
Research and Development costs ⁽³⁾ , in millions	2,096	افيد	1,841	\$7. \$7.	+14%
Net Income, in millions	-299		1,372		-
Net Income pre-goodwill amortization and exceptionals, in millions	696		:809	(4)	-14%
Earnings Per Share (EPS) pre- goodwill amortization and exceptionals	0.87		1.00		-0.13 EUR
Net Cash position, in millions			1;533		-20%
Dividend per share	0.30	(5)	0.50	T	-0.20 EUR
Order Intake, in millions	31,009	70	60,208	1	-48%
Order Book, in millions	168,339		183,256	Ť	-8%
Employees (at year-end)	103,967		102,967		+1%

pre goodwill and exceptionals
 Including contribution of 46% stake in Dassault Aviation

- 1) Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization
- 2) Earnings before interest and taxes, pre-goodwill amortisation and exceptionals
- 3) Reclassification of jigs and tools depreciation from R&D to cost of sales EUR 205 million in 2001
- 4) the difference to the previously reported EUR 936 million figure is due to a restatement of the 2001 figure caused by a partial reallocation of exceptionals to minorities amounting to EUR 127 million
- 5) proposed to AGM on 6 May, 2003
- 6) Order Intake and Order Book based on gross prices

by Division (Amounts in		EBIT ⁽²⁾			Revenues	
millions of Euro)	2002	2001	Change	2002	2001	Change
Airbus	1,361	1,655	-18%	19,512	20,549	-5%
Military Transport Aircraft	-80 	1		524	547	-4%
Aeronautics	261	308	-15%	5,304	5,065	+5%
Space	-268	-222	-21%	2,216	2,439	9%
Defence & Civit Systems	40	-79	_	3,306	3,345	-1%
Eliminations & Headquarters	112	31		 - 961	-1:147	
Total	1,426	1,694	-16%	29,901	30,798	-3%

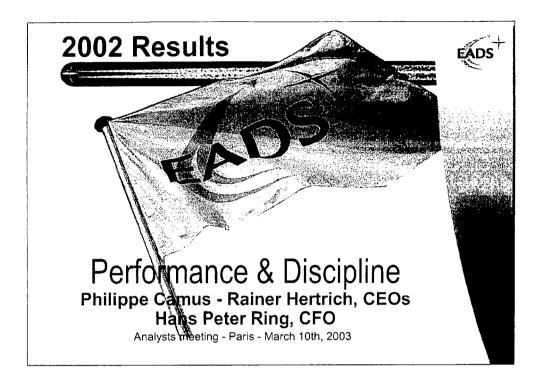
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- 6) Order Intake and Order Book based on gross prices

by Division (Amounts in millions of Euro)	2002	Order Intake 2001	Change		2002	Order Book 2001	Change
Airbus ⁽⁶⁾	19,712	50,279	-61%		140,996	156,075	-10%
Military Transport	403	.993	-59%		633	1,320	
Aeronautics	5,099	5,315	-4%	47.7	13,458	13,722	-2%
Space	2,145	. 1,333	+61%		3,895	3,796	+3%
Defence & Civil Systems	4,410	3,081	+43%		10,110	9,094	+11%
Eliminations & Headquarters	-760	-793 -			-753 	-751	The second secon
Total	31,009	60,208	-48%		168,339	183,256	-8%

- 1) Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization
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Safe Harbor Statement

EADS

Certain of the statements contained in this document are not historical facts but rather are statements of future expectations and other forward-looking statements that are based on management's beliefs. These statements reflect the Company's views and assumptions as of the date entries and involve known and unknown risk and uncertainties that could cause actual results, performance or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements.

When used in this document, words such as "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "expect", "may", "intend", "plan to" and "project" are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements include, without limitation, projections for inprovements in process and operations, new business opportunitios, revenues and revenues growth, operating margin growth, cash flow, deliverles, launchas, compliance with delivery schedules, performance against Company targets, new products, current and future markets for the Company products and other trend projections.

- This forward looking information is based upon a number of assumptions including without limitation:

 Assumption regarding demand

 Current and future markets for the Compeny's products and services
 Internal performance including the ability to successfully integrate EADS' activities to control costs and maintain quality

 Customor financing

 Customer, supplier and subcontractor performance or contract negotiations

 Favourable outcomes of certain pending sales campaigns

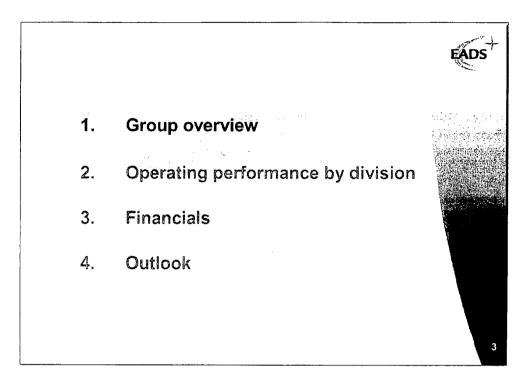
Favourable outcomes of certain perioning sales campaigns

Forward looking statements are subject to uncertainty and actual future results and trends may differ materially depending on varies of factors including without limitation. Including in particular economic conditions in Europe and North America, eggl. Internated and governmental risk related to International transactions. The Cyclical nature of some of the Company's businesses.

Volatility of the market for certain products and services. Product performance risks.

Collective bargaining labour disputes. Collective bargaining labour disputes. Factors that result in significant and prolonged disruption to air travel world-wide. The outcome of political and legal processes, including uncertainty regarding government funding of certain programs. Consolidation among competitors in the aerospace industry. The cost of developing, and the commercial success of new products. Exchange rate and interest rate spread fluctuations between the Euro and the U.S. dollar and other currencies. Legal proceeding and other economic, political and technological risk and uncertainties.

Additional information regarding these factors is contained in the Company's "document deréférence" dated 18th April 2002. The Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update these forward-looking statements. Consequently the Company is not responsible for any consequencies from using any of the above statements.



Meeting the economic challenge



- Performance and cash targets met
- Book to bill greater than 1, strong order book
- ... with strong financial discipline
- prudence for continued market uncertainty



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Business Highlights in 2002



Airbus:

- 303 delivered aircraft; 233 net orders incl. 120 easyJet a/c
- Cash preserved and financing exposure limited
- A380 review confirms program on track

- Defence: DCS Turnaround to profitability
 - Contracts: Meteor 6 European nations, Taurus Germany Tiger Australia, NH90 Norway
 - Partner in US Coast Guards Deepwater project
 - Preferred bidder for Eurofighter Austria, NH90 Greece and Herkules Germany

Space:

- Problems compounded by market deterioration
- Preferred bidder for Paradigm in UK

Strategic milestones

EADS

Agreements for Defence growth

- EADS, Northrop, Thales and Finmeccanica teamed for NATO AGS (Air Ground Surveillance)
- Northrop's Global Hawk flies with EADS payload (Euro Hawk)
- Full control of Paradigm (secure telecommunication for British MoD)
- MBDA and Thales improve cooperation in missile seekers

• Extending our global reach

- Ralph Crosby head of EADS North America, member of EADS Executive Committee
- Eurocopter maintenance centre in China, facility in the US
- EADS Telecom office in Hong-kong
- Airbus signs up 6 Japanese partners for A380

• Efficiency improvement

- Full control of Astrium early 2003 clears the path to restructuring
- Organisation improvement for Cross-business-unit developments
- Expansion of sourcing agreements (Honeywell, Thales,...)

2002 Financial overview



in € bn	2002	2001
Revenues	29.9	30.8
EBIT*	1.4	1.7
FCF before cust. financing **	0.6	0.9
New orders	31.0	60.2

	Dec. 2002	Dec. 2001
Net Cash position	1.2	1.5
Total Order book	168.3	183.3

pre goodwill and exceptionals
 excluding investments in medium term securities (2002: 264 €m and 2001: 390 €m)

Successful cash management

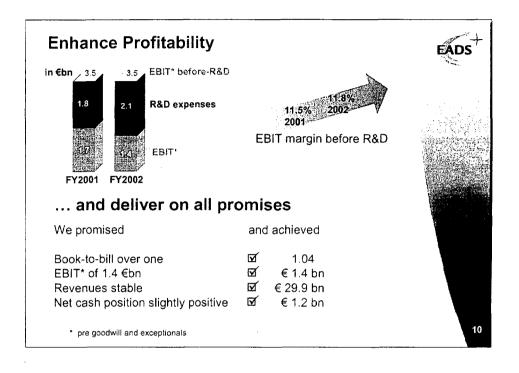


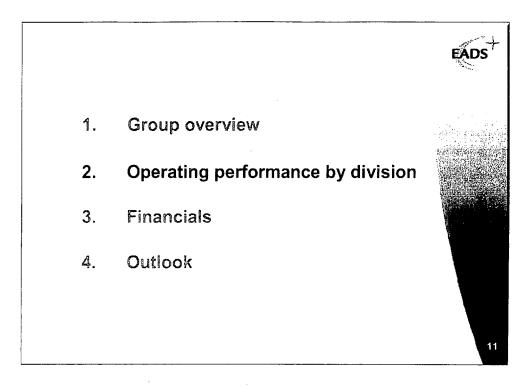
- Maintained strong net cash position at € 1.2 bn
- Customer financing exposure significantly contained
- Pre Delivery Payment flow limits working capital requirement
- Post-Sept 11th cost saving plans support strong CF from operations and working capital at €2.7 bn
- Positive Free CF before customer financing including A380 investments ramp-up
- Flexible access to debt market



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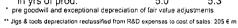
EBIT Contributors EBIT* 2002 in € m Airbus 1,361 ≻Lower deliveries, higher R&D 261 > Commercial aviation downturn Aeronautics HQ Consolidation** 112 >HQ cost savings DCS 40 > Turnaround thanks to restructuring (80)MTA > One-time depreciation charge (268)Space > Cancellation, technical issues, restruct Total 1,774 (348)1,426 pre goodwill and exceptionals including contribution of 46% stake in Dassault Aviation





Airbus





^{***} based on 300 deliveries

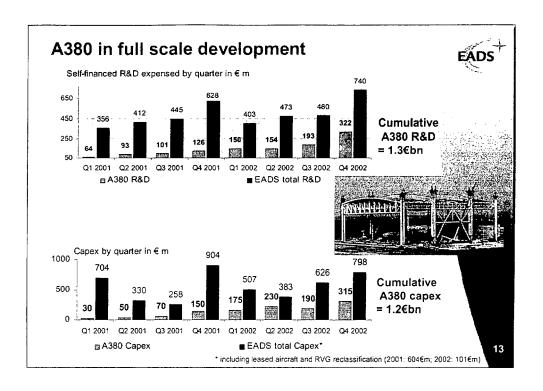


 EBIT margin before R&D up, resists decrease in deliveries

- Absorption of market changes through production flexibility
- Gross order intake of 300 a/c
- A380 order book reaches 95 a/c
- Total Order book largest in industry
- A380 programme on track for entry into service in 2006, update of R&D outlays

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EÁDS



MTA			EADS
€m	2002	2001	
Revenues	524	547	Fairchild Dornier insolvency
R&D self-financed in % of revenues	40 7.6%	53 9.7%	impact on EBIT (-54 €m) and order book (-0.5 €bn)
EBIT* in % of revenues	(80)	1 0.2%	EADS selected partner in Deepwater programme
Order book	633	1,320	- A400M contract (17.7 €bn**):
• pre goodwill and exceptional s			→ Germany commits to 60 and terms are set for new total of 180
			→ final stage of negotiation
94% defence			
based on 2002 revenues			" EADS share

Aeronautics €m 2002 2001 · Civil aviation downturn and R&D increase impact EBIT Revenues 5,304 5,065 Eurocopter: R&D self-financed 150 132 + 367 a/c deliveries in % of revenues 2.8% 2.6% → No.1 worldwide in orders EBIT* 308 261 + Partner in Deepwater in % of revenues 4.9% 6.1% programme Order book 13,458 13,722 → NH90: Greece selection * pre goodwill and exceptional s • Eurofighter: → serial production ramp up following delays others' → selected by Austria 7% Eurocopter Military Aircraft based on 2002 revenues * ATR, Sogerma, Socata, EFW

Space EBIT impacted by technical 2001 2002 €m difficulties, investment Revenues depreciations, one contract 2,439 2,216 cancellation and restructuring R&D self-financed 59 60 in % of revenues 2.7% 2.5% Order intake increase due to M51 development, EBIT* (222)(268)Amazonas and Hellasat in % of revenues • Arianespace wins 11 of 18 Order book 3,895 3,796 commercial launch orders. * pre goodwill and exceptional s - Astrium: → Full control assumed early 2003 leading to EADS LV defence reorganisation of launcher 43% assets. → Preferred bidder for Skynet 5 Astrium (75% stake) Drastic restructuring to achieve based on 2002 revenues EBIT breakeven in 2004

Space: roadmap to profitability



- Starting point : Current difficulties
 - Telecom market degradation exacerbates industry overcapacity
 - Inherent programme risks, Ariane 5 accident
 - Budgets constrain institutional and scientific programs
 - EBIT losses stem from risk provisions, depreciation and restructuring

Actions under-way

- Full control of Astrium clears the path for strategic actions
- Reorganisation of the division in three integrated businesses: satellites, launchers, services under unified management
- Implement drastic incremental restructuring plan

• Strategic goals and performance target

- Restore profitability
- Drive satellite sector consolidation
- Industrial integration of the European Launcher sector
- Leverage growth from Galileo, Skynet5

II.

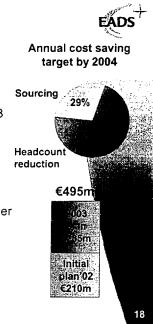
Space restructuring

• Plan initiated in 2002

- Reorganisation of satellite BU in 3 prime and 1 sub-systems divisions
- Headcount reduction of 1,600 people mostly in 2003
- Full set of actions: Make or Buy policy, strengthen expertise, synergies with other divisions

• Additional plan under implementation

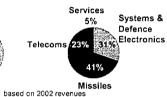
- Further reduction of about 1,700 jobs in 2 steps
- Site specialization and activity allocation among fewer competence centres
- Sourcing reorganisation
- Program engineering : product standardisation and resources pooling



Defence and Civil Systems €m 2002 2001 Revenues 3,306 3,345 R&D self-financed 173 5.2% 167 5.1% in % of revenues EBIT* 40 (79)in % of revenues 1.2%

* pre goodwill and exceptional s

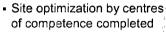
Order book



10,110

9,094

 EBIT* turnaround on track, break-even target exceeded

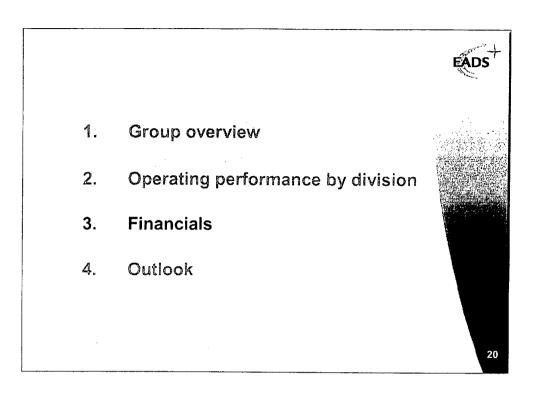


- Missiles Systems: Meteor (0.9 €bn EADS share) and Taurus (0.5 €bn) contracts signed
- Services: EADS preferred bidder for Herkules with German MoD (1.5 €bn EADS share)



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Profit & loss highlights 2002 2001 €m in % of Revenues in % of Revenues €m 30,798 29,901 Revenues 1,841 ** 2,096 self-financed R&D 7.0% 6.0% **EBITDA** 3,031 10.1% 3,213 10.4% 1,426 4.8% 1,694 5.5% EBIT* 3,535 ** EBIT* before R&D 3,522 11.8% 11.5% (0.3%)63 0.2% Interest result (81)Taxes (453)(1.5%)(646)(2.1%)1,372 4.5% (299)(1.0%)Net income Net Income* 696 2.3% 809 *** 2.6% pre goodwill and exceptionals Jigs & tools depreciation reclassified from R&D expenses to cost of sales 205€m *** Adjustment from previously reported figure for minority interests (127€m)

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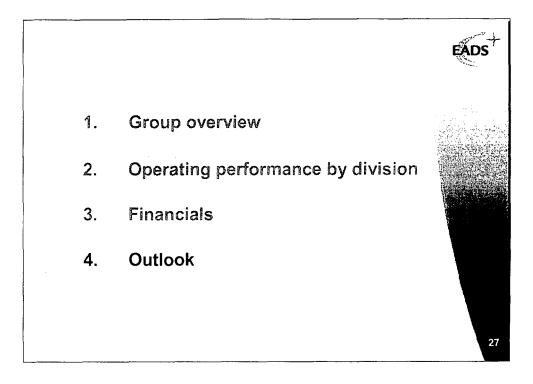
Goodwill and exceptionals Amortisation Value as of in € m 2002 2001 Dec. 31, 2002 Net Income (299)1,372 Goodwill amortisation 9,586 936 1,466 - Normal amortisation 586 676 - Extraordinary amortisation / impairment 350 790 Exceptionals 243 (1,944)- Fair value adjustments to fixed assets 1,298 227 260 - Fair value adjustments to inventories 20 16 275 - Extraordinary gain from Airbus and (2,794)MBDA creations - Impairment test on Nortel JV 315 Tax impact on exceptional fair value (182)(88)Minorities and others (96)97 Net Income pre Goodwill and Exceptionals 696 809

€m	led in EBIT*	2002	2001	
EBIT *		1,426	1,694	
EBIT* m	argin (% of revenues)	4.8%	5.5%	e election of the control of the con
EADS E	BIT* includes the followin	g items		
Airbus	Aircelle disposal Restructuring	63 -	- (96)	
MTA	Asset depreciation	(54)	-	
Space	Contract cancellation Asset depreciation Restructuring	(62) (56) (105)	- (189) (91)	
DCS	Risk program provision Restructuring	(31)	(40) (34)	
Others	Restructuring	(25)	-	

in € m	, 2002	2001	Bar.
Net cash at the beginning of the period	1,533	1,305	
Gross Cash Flow from Operations*	1,862	2,654	
Change in working capital	804	2	
Cash used for investing activities**	(2,953)	(1.882)	inesta unas c
nokwhich Industrial Capex (net) ****	(2,093)	(1,311)	
köf-Which Customer Financing net addition	ns 7 (865)	€ (• 93)	
Free Cash Flow**	(287)	774	Link All
Free Cash Flow before customer financing	578	867	
Share Buy-back	(156)	0	
Dividends paid to shareholders	(403)	(404)	
Capital increase	16	21	
Others****	521	(163)	
Net cash at the end of the period	1,224	1,533	
gross cash flow operations, excl. working capital chan	ge		

Strict control of customer financing Outstanding gross customer financing exposure at year-end (US\$bn) A discretionary tool ... · Granted on a case-by-case basis Pricing in line with market conditions · Active sell-down policy (\$0.8bn sold in 2002) 2000 ■ 100% Airbus ■ 50% ATR ... used conservatively · Almost 100% of customer financing is includes on and off balance she secured on aircraft Total gross Provision · EADS applies systematic discount to customer **♦** €1.6 bn independent appraisals financing Estimated Collateral € 2.6 bn exposure* · Net exposure is fully provisioned · Exposure spread over 40+ airlines and € 4.2 bn 140 aircraft as of 31 Dec. 2002 adjusted for stipulated loss values

EADS has locked in attractive rates to secure future earnings Total hedge portfolio (US\$ 40 bn)* Volume already hedged US\$ bn 10.9 12 -10 8.3 8 6.3 5.7 4.6 6 4.2 4 2 0.6 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 \$/€ 0.96 0.94 0.95 0.95 0.95 0.95 0.94 0.98 \$/£ 1.53 1.53 1.47 1.46 1.46 1.46 1.46 1.49 Hedge rates applicable to EBIT Approx. 50% of EADS US\$ revenues are naturally hedged by US\$ procurement *as of December 2002



2003 Guidance

Prudent financial targets preserve our flexibility to respond to market changes

- Based on 300 deliveries and the current \$ rate (1€ = 1.10 \$), we expect 2003 revenues in the same range as 2002. Growth from the first time 100% consolidation of Astrium and the ramp up of Defence programs would be offset by the deterioration of the \$ rate (average 2002 € = 0.95 \$)
- We expect 2003 EBIT in the same range as 2002. Improved performance driven by the ramp up of Defence programs would be offset by Space restructuring, the first time 100% consolidation of Astrium losses and an R&D increase.
- Our top priority remains cash control and customer financing containment. We expect positive Free Cash Flow





EADS delivers

EADS

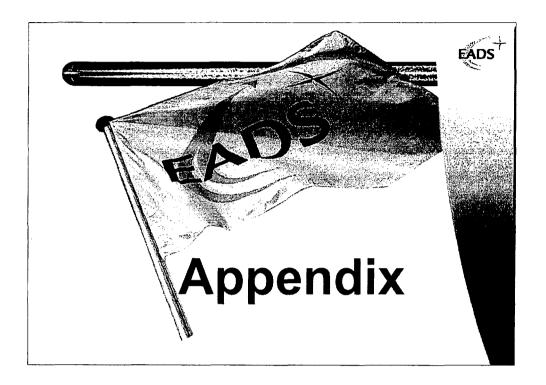
Calculated and realistic approach to:

- Monitor and manage market uncertainties
- Enhance defence growth
- Turn Space around
- Generate value through efficiencies

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EADS is sticking to its prudent policy, and keeping management focus on cash, on cost, and on generating contracts for growth.

- Airbus is an ongoing success story, even in the present uncertainties, but we continuously manage to adapt.
- We show results for our efforts to develop the defence business, and we will continue to do so.
- We intend to return space to profitability as early as 2004
- And we never take our attention off the strenghtening of efficiencies to generate value.

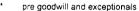


in€m	Dec. 2002	Dec. 2001	The same
Assets	47,400	48,715	
of which Goodwill	9,586	10,442	
of which cash & equivalents, securities	6,200	8,033	
of which positive hedge mark-to-market	2,819	54	
Stockholders' equity	12,765	9,877	
of which OCI (Other Comprehensive Income)	2,452	(1,278)	
Minority interest	1,361	559	
Total provisions	8,248	11,918	
of which pensions	3,392	3,176	
of which negative hedge mark-to-market	161	3,673	4
of which other provisions	4,695	5,069	1
Deferred tax liabilities & income	4,734	3,764	
Liabilities	20,292	22,597	1
of which financial debts	4,976	6,500	
of which European gvts refundable advances	4,265	3,469	
Total liabilities and stockholders'equity	47,400	48,715	
Closing rate \$/€	1.05	0.88	1

Consolidated Statements of Income Dec. 2002 Dec. 2001 Variation €m % €m €m 29,901 100% 30,798 100% (3%) Revenues (897)Cost of sales (24,465) (82%) (25,440)*(83%)975 (4%) Gross margin 5,436 18% 5,358 17% 78 1%; (2,251)(8%) (2,186)Selling, general administration (7%)65 (3%). Research and development costs (2,096)(7%)(1,841)*(6%)(255)Other operating income/ expenses 0% 2,649 9% (2,642)Amortization of Goodwill (936)(3%)(1,466)(5%) 530 (36 Result before financial inc. and 160 1% 2,514 8% (2,354)(94 income tax (105% Financial result 27 0% (513)(2%) 540 Income taxes (453)(2%)(646)(2%)193 (30% Minority interest (33)(0%)17 0% (50) (294%) Net income (299) 1,372 4% (1,671) (122%) (1%) * Jigs & tools depreciation reclassified from R&D expenses to cost of sales $\ensuremath{\varepsilon}$ 205 m 32

Net Income pre goodwill and exceptionals

in € m	Dec. 2002	Dec. 2001
Net Income	(299)	1,372
Goodwill amortisation	936	1,466
Exceptionals: Dilution gain Airbus UK / MBDA Fair value adjustment on fixed assets Fair value adjustment on financial asset Fair value adjustment on inventories Tax impact on exceptional fair value Minorities and others	227 ets 16 (88) (96)	(2,794) 260 315 275 (182) 97
Net Income*	696	809
EPS* (1)	0.87€	1.00 €



[•] pre goodwill and exceptionals
(1) average number of shares outstanding: 804,116,877 in 2002 and 807,295,879 in 2001



in € m	Dec. 2002	Dec. 2001	
Result before financial inc. and income tax	160	2,514	
Income from investments	87	(342)	
EBIT	247	2,172	
Exceptionals:			
Goodwill amortisation	936	1,466	
Fair value adjustment	243	850	
Dilution gain Airbus UK and MBDA	0	2,794	
EBIT*	1,426	1,694	
* pre goodwill and exceptionals			

Quarterly revenues breakdown (cumulative)



		<u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>						
:- <i>6</i>	Q1		Q2		Q3		Q4	
in €m	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001
Airbus	4,646	4,600	9,870	9,982	13,750	14,431	19,512	20(54
MTA	101	70	234	195	310	306	524	5.6
Aeronautics	936	883	2,226	2,020	3,363	3,161	5,304	5
Space	426	402	882	1,054	1,389	1,543	2,216	2,
DCS	539	589	1,245	1,358	1,874	2,044	3,306	3,3
HQ/Elim.	(240)	(268)	(483)	(566)	(690)	(800)	(961)	(1,14
Total EADS	6,408	6,276	13,974	14,043	19,996	20,685	29,901	30,79

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Quarterly EBIT* breakdown (cumulative)

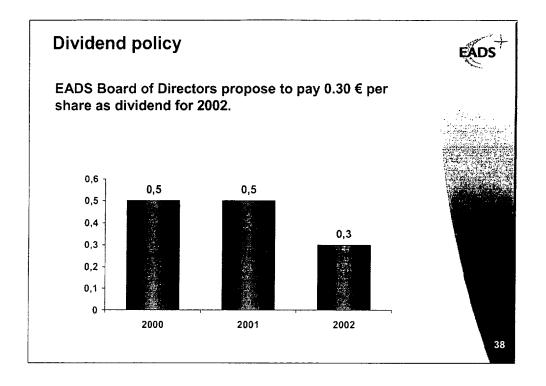


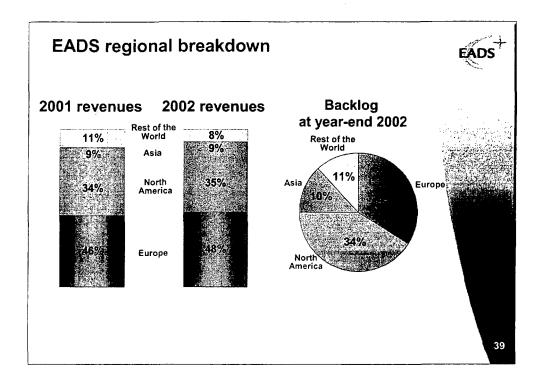
Q1		Q2		Q3		Q4		
in €m	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001
Airbus	396	427	874	797	1,072	1,131	1,361	1,655
MTA	(12)	(12)	(72)	(21)	(79)	(12)	(80)	
Aeronautics	16	19	63	85	132	144	261	3
Space	(33)	2	(85)	29	(101)	(8)	(268)	(22)
DCS	(72)	(87)	(71)	(128)	(91)	(163)	40	(79
HQ/Elim.	20	(39)	66	2	80	31	112	31
Total EADS	315	310	775	764	1,013	1,123	1,426	1,694

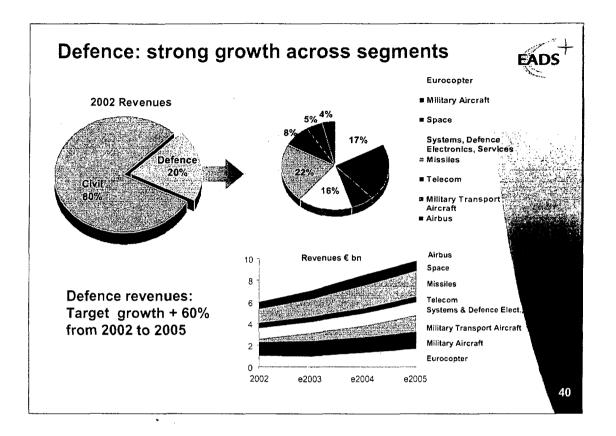
^{*} pre goodwill and exceptionals

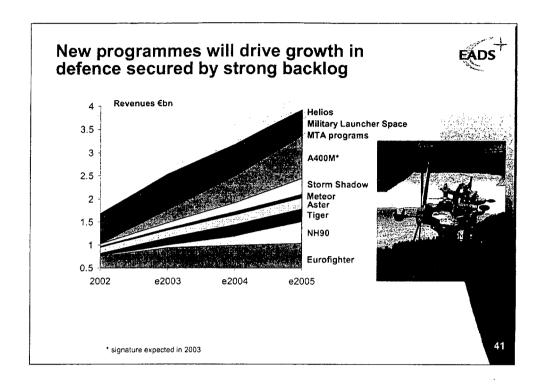
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Customer financing exposure all figures in € m as of December 31 2002 Figures for 100% Airbus 2001 closing rate \$/€ 1.05 0.88 3.581 Total Gross exposure* 3,505 of which off-balance sheet 891 1,236 Estimate value of collateral (2,062)(1,988)1,519 Net exposure 1,517 Provision (1,519)(1,517)AIRBUS Net exposure after provision Figures for 50% ATR 2002 Dec.31, 2001 **Total Gross exposure** 610 828 of which off-balance sheet 156 174 Estimate value of collateral (538)(710)Net exposure 72 118 Provision (72) (118) © ATR Net exposure after provision 0 0 * Adjusted for stipulated loss values 37









EADS N.V.

Consolidated Income Statements
for the years 2002, 2001 and 2000

in millions of€	2002	2001	2000
Revenues	29,901	30,798	19,427
Cost of sales	(24,465)	(25,440)	(16,157)
Gross margin	5,436	5,358	3,270
Selling, administrative and other expenses	(2,492)	(2,561)	(2,144)
Research and development expenses	(2,492)	(1,841)	(924)
Other income	248	3,024 *	251
Amortization of goodwill and related impairment losses	(936)	(1,466)	(277)
Income before financial result	(300)	(2,100)	(= / . / /
income taxes and minority interests	160	2,514	176
		,,	
Income (loss) from investments	87	(342)	110
Interest income (expense), net	(81)	63	(42)
Other financial result	21	(234)	(1,388)
Financial result	27	(513)	(1.320)
Profit (loss) before income taxes and minority interests	187	2,001	(1,144)
Income taxes	(453)	(646)	264
Minority interests	(33)	17	(23)
Net income (loss)	(299)	1,372	(903)
Earnings per share	€	ϵ	
Basic and diluted	-0.37	1.70	(2.34)
Dividends per share (2002: proposal)	0,30	0.50	0.50

Since EADS did not exist in the first half of 2000, earnings per share are based on the number of shares outstanding and stock options granted as of December 31, 2000.

The figures presented for 2000 include for the first half year only Aerospatiale Matra

^{*} of which in 2001, dilution gains from Airbus and MBDA creation for ϵ 2.8 bn

EADS N.V. Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2002 and 2001

in millions of€

in millions of t	2002	2001
Assets	2002	2001
Intangible assets	9,789	10,588
Property, plant and equipment	10,509	10,050
Investments in associates	1,333	1,252
Other investments and long-term financial assets	3,542	3,474
Fixed assets	25,173	25,364
Inventories	2,700	2,469
Trade receivables	4,114	5,183
Other receivables and other assets	5,256	2,633
Securities	4,497	5,341
Cash and cash equivalents	1,703	2,692
Non-fixed assets	18,270	18,318
Deferred taxes	2,992	4,288
Prepaid expenses	965	745
Total assets	47,400	48,715
Liabilities and shareholders'holders'equity		
Capital stock	811	809
Reserves	9,658	10,346
Accumulated other comprehensive income	2,452	(1,278)
Treasury Shares	(156)	Ó
Stockholders' equity	12,765	9,877
Minority interests	1,361	559
Provisions	8,248	11,918
Financial liabilities	4,976	6,500
Trade liabilities	5,070	5,466
Other liabilities	10,246	10,631
Liabilities	20,292	22,597
Deferred taxes	2.014	806
Deferred income	2,720	2,958
Total liabilities and equity	47,400	48,715

EADS N.V.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for the years 2002, 2001 and 2000

in millions of€	Capital stock	Reserves	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Treasury shares	Total
Balance at January 1, 2000	1,231	992	87		2,310
EADS N.V. (fifty thousand €)					
Contribution of ASM to EADS N.V. (book value)	(827)	827			0
Contribution of Dasa to EADS N.V. (fair value)	266	5,969			6,235
Contribution of CASA to EADS N.V. (fair value)	45	1,002			1,047
Capital increase	80	1,366		_	1,446
Capital increase ESOP (incl. discount)	12	193			205
IPO-Costs (net of tax)		(56)			(56)
Net loss		(903)			(903)
Dividend		(31)			(31)
Other comprehensive income			(3)		(3)
Balance at December 31, 2000	807	9,359	84		10,250
First application of IAS 39			(337)		(337)
Balance at January 1, 2001, adjusted	807	9,359	(253)		9,913
Capital increase ESOP	2	19			21
Net profit		1,372			1,372
Dividend		(404)			(404)
Other comprehensive income			(1,025)		(1,025)
thereof changes in fair values of securities			(10)		
thereof changes in fair values of hedging instruments			(878)		
thereof currency translation adjustment			(137)		
				_	
Balance at December 31, 2001/ January 1, 2002	809	10,346	(1,278)		9,877
		_			
Capital increase ESOP 17, 27	2	14			16
Net loss 26		(299)			(299)
Dividend 17		(403)			(403)
Purchase of treasury shares 17				(156)	(156)
Other comprehensive income			3,730		3,730
thereof changes in fair values of securities			(10)		
thereof changes in fair values of hedging instruments			2.713		
thereof currency translation adjustment			1.027		
Balance at December 31, 2002	811	9,658	2,452	(156)	12,765

The figures presented for 2000 include for the first half year only Aerospatiale Matra

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements