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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

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REPORT OF FOREIGN ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of	April 2002		PROCESSED
		/	MAY 0 8 2002
	Russel Metal	s Inc.	THOMSON
			FINANCIAL
Suite 21	0, 1900 Minnesota Court, Mis	ssissauga, Ontario	L5N 3C9
	(Address of principal ex	ecutive office)	
[Indicate by check cover of Form 20-F	mark whether the registrant or Form 40-F.]	t files or will file a	annual reports under
Form 20-F ⊠	Form 40-F		
in this Form is also	mark whether the registrant to thereby furnishing the infoler the Securities Exchange A	rmation to the Con	
Yes □	No ⊠		
[If "Yes" is marke connection with Ru 82	ed, indicate below the file le 12g3-2(b):]	number assigned	to the registrant in

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NEWS

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

STOCK SYMBOLS: TSE: RUS, RUS.PR.C

RUSSEL METALS REPORTS UNAUDITED Q1 RESULTS OF CDN \$0.08 PER SHARE

TORONTO, CANADA – April 22, 2002 – Russel Metals Inc. announced today first quarter 2002 net earnings of \$3.5 million and earnings per share of \$0.08. The results recorded in the first quarter were in line with expectations and unchanged from the first quarter of 2001.

Revenues for the first quarter of 2002 were \$325.9 million, down 18% from \$398.7 million in the first quarter of 2001. The largest shortfall in revenue was experienced in the energy segment due to lower drilling activity in Alberta caused by weak oil and gas pricing. Energy segment revenue was down 37% or \$43.8 million to \$74.0 million for the first quarter of 2002.

Bud Siegel, President and CEO, stated, "The first quarter earnings of \$0.08 per share were equal to the first quarter last year despite a \$72.8 million decline in revenue which was offset by improved margins, effective control of operating expenses, significantly lower interest expenses and lower exchange losses."

With the announced increases in steel prices by the steel mills in North America, we anticipate revenue will increase on a go forward basis in all sectors assuming demand remains constant with the levels seen in the first quarter of 2002. However, there is currently no conclusive evidence of an increase in demand in the service center operations for long products, and concern that the announced price increases will dampen improvement in demand in other products. Our import/export operations are also expected to benefit from the announced price increases while

energy pricing remains uncertain caused by the crises in the Middle East and Venezuela which makes it difficult to forecast oil and gas drilling activity for the balance of 2002.

The cash flow from operations combined with working capital reductions generated cash of \$34.5 million in the first quarter of 2002. During the quarter the Company acquired Arrow Steel Processors for \$4.4 million and purchased other fixed assets of \$1.3 million. The ending cash position was \$46.5 million up from \$17.2 million at year-end.

The Company adopted the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants new accounting standard for goodwill in the quarter. The review required by the new standard at January 1, 2002, resulted in a write down of all the goodwill and a charge of \$15.1 million to opening retained earnings.

The quarterly common share dividend was resumed and the second quarter common share dividend of \$0.05 per share was declared by the Board of Directors, payable on June 15, 2002. The record date is May 7, 2002. The Board also approved the preferred share dividend of \$0.46875 payable on June 15, 2002 with a record date of May 7, 2002.

The Company will be holding an Investor Conference Call on Tuesday, April 23, 2002 at 9:00 a.m. EST to review its first quarter results for 2002. The dial in telephone number for the call is 1-888-638-1035.

For those unable to participate in the Conference Call, it will be recorded and available for listening at 1-800-558-5253 until midnight, April 30. You will be required to enter reservation number 20200089 in order to access the Call.

Russel Metals is one of the largest metals distribution companies in North America. It carries on business in three metals distribution segments: service center, energy sector and import/export, under various names including Russel Metals, A.J. Forsyth, Arrow Steel Processors, B&T Steel, Bahcall Group, Baldwin International, Comco Pipe and Supply, Drummond McCall, Fedmet Tubulars, McCabe Steel, Métaux Russel, Milspec Industries Inc., Pioneer Pipe, Spartan Steel

Products, Sunbelt Group, Triumph Tubular & Supply, Vantage Laser, Wirth Steel and York Steel.

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For further information, contact: Brian R. Hedges Executive Vice President & CFO Russel Metals Inc. (905) 819-7401

Website: www.russelmetals.com E-mail: info@russelmetals.com

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RUSSEL METALS INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

(\$000)	March 31, 2002	Dec. 31, 2001
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash	\$ 46,462	\$ 17,151
Accounts receivable	209,399	197,716
Inventories	240,692	265,417
Prepaid expenses and other assets	4,659	5,099
Income taxes recoverable	5,344	5,297
	506,556	490,680
Property, Plant and Equipment	109,797	109,039
Deferred Financing Charges	5,880	6,177
Goodwill	-	15,123
Future Income Tax Assets	11,429	12,653
Other Assets	3,160	3,197
	\$ 636,822	\$ 636,869
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 174,072	\$ 162,180
Current income taxes payable	113	_165
	174,185	162,345
Long-Term Debt	214,208	214,105
Pensions and Benefits	9,454	9,242
Future Income Tax Liabilities	4,459	4,459
	402,306	390,151
Shareholders' Equity		
Preferred shares	30,000	30,000
Shareholders' equity	204,516	216,718
	234,516	246,718
	\$ 636,822	\$ 636,869

RUSSEL METALS INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS AND RETAINED EARNINGS (UNAUDITED)

(\$000)	Quarters 2002	ended March 31, 2001
Segment Revenues		
Service center distribution	\$ 178,512	\$ 189,207
Energy sector distribution	74,027	117,865
Steel import/export	72,076	90,217
Other	1,248	1,408
	\$ 325,863	\$ 398,697
Segment Operating Profits		
Service center distribution	\$ 5,968	\$ 6,509
Energy sector distribution	3,978	6,739
Steel import/export	3,901	3,591
Other	(770)	(557)
Corporate expenses	(2,053)	(2,301)
Earnings before the following	11,024	13,981
Foreign exchange loss	(9)	(1,548)
Interest expense	(5,131)	(6,269)
Earnings before income taxes	5,884	6,164
Provision for income taxes	2,370	2,562
Net earnings for the period	3,514	3,602
Retained earnings —		
Dividends on preferred shares	(563)	(563)
Earnings available to common shareholders	2,951	3,039
Dividends on common shares	-,	(1,899)
Retained earnings, beginning of the period	100,461	101,699
Adjustment for goodwill impairment	(15,123)	-
Retained earnings, end of the period	\$ 88,289	\$ 102,839
S		
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.08
Number of Shares		
Common shares		
Average for the period	37,981,501	37,981,501
End of the period	37,981,501	37,981,501
Class II preferred shares, Series C	1,200,000	1,200,000

RUSSEL METALS INC. CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

	Quarters ended March 31,		
(\$000)	2002	2001	
Operating activities			
Net earnings for the period	\$ 3,514	\$ 3,602	
Depreciation and amortization	3,865	3,695	
Future income taxes	1,121	1,146	
Loss (gain) on sale of fixed assets	122	(22)	
Foreign exchange loss	9	1,548	
Cash from operating activities before working capital	8,631	9,969	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Changes in non-cash working capital items			
Accounts receivable	(11,661)	(22,369)	
Inventories	24,770	19,883	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	12,289	6,782	
Current income taxes	4	(1,585)	
Other	440	(2,537)	
Change in non-cash working capital	25,842	174	
Cash from operating activities	34,473	10,143	
Financing activities			
Financing activities		21 051	
Increase in bank borrowing Dividends on common shares	-	21,851	
	(562)	(1,899)	
Dividends on preferred shares	(563)	(563)	
Cash from (used in) financing activities	(563)	19,389	
Investing activities			
Purchase of business	(4,387)	-	
Purchase of fixed assets	(1,300)	(1,897)	
Proceeds on sale of fixed assets	836	94	
Other	252	829	
Cash from (used in) investing activities	(4,599)	(974)	
Increase in cash	29,311	28,558	
Cash position, beginning of the period	17,151	8,923	
Cash position, deginning of the period	17,101	0,720	
Cash position, end of the period	\$ 46,462	\$ 37,481	
Supplemental information:			
Interest (Received) Paid	\$.(75).	.\$ 879	
Income Taxes Paid	\$ 1,207	\$ 423	
	4 1,40	÷	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2002

1. These interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles; however, they do not include all of the disclosure requirements for annual consolidated financial statements. These interim consolidated financial statements follow the same accounting policies disclosed in note 1 to the 2001 annual consolidated financial statements except for changes disclosed in note 2. These interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the 2001 annual consolidated financial statements including notes thereto. These interim consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the periods reported.

2. Change in Accounting Policies

Effective January 1, 2002, the Company adopted the new Canadian accounting standard for goodwill and other intangibles. Under this standard goodwill is no longer amortized but is subject to an impairment test at least annually. As required by the standard, the Company has performed a transitional goodwill impairment evaluation in each reporting unit as at January 1, 2002. The transitional impairment loss of \$15,123,000 as a result of this evaluation has been charged to opening retained earnings. Goodwill amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2001 was \$174,000, which would have resulted in earnings of \$3,776,000, had the new standard been in effect January 1, 2001. Earnings per share would be unchanged.

3. Economic Cycles

All three of the metals operating segments are significantly affected by economic cycles. Revenues and operating profits in the energy sector are also affected by oil and gas drilling in western Canada, which is predominantly carried out during the period from October to March. For these reasons, the results of operations for the periods shown are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year.

4. Acquisition

Effective March 1, 2002, the Company purchased the operations and the fixed assets of Arrow Steel Processors, a coil processor of customer owned material located in Texas for \$4.4 million cash. The acquisition has been accounted for using the purchase method and its operating results have been consolidated since the date of acquisition.

5. Interest Expense

•	Quarters En March 31	
(\$000)	2002	2001
Interest on long-term debt	\$5,194	\$5,368
Other interest expense (income)	(63)	901
Total interest	\$5,131	\$6,269

6. Stock-based Compensation

Pro-forma net earnings and earnings per share under the fair value-based method of accounting for stock options are as follows:

	Quarters E March 3	
(\$000, except per share data)	2002	2001
Net earnings	\$ 3,329	\$ 3,382
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.07



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STOCK SYMBOL: TSE: RUS, RUS.PR.C

RUSSEL METALS DECLARES DIVIDEND FOR COMMON SHARES

TORONTO, CANADA – April 22, 2002 – Russel Metals Inc. announced today that it has declared a dividend in the amount of Cdn 5 cents per share on its common shares, payable on June 15, 2002 to shareholders of record at the close of business on May 7, 2002.

Russel Metals is one of the largest metals distribution companies in North America. It carries on business in three metals distribution segments: service center, energy sector and import/export, under various names including Russel Metals, A.J. Forsyth, Arrow Steel Processors, B&T Steel, Bahcall Group, Baldwin International, Comco Pipe and Supply, Drummond McCall, Fedmet Tubulars, McCabe Steel, Métaux Russel, Milspec Industries Inc., Pioneer Pipe, Spartan Steel Products, Sunbelt Group, Triumph Tubular & Supply, Vantage Laser, Wirth Steel and York Steel.

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For further information, contact:

Elaine G. Hillis, Assistant Secretary Russel Metals Inc. (905) 819-7419

Web site: www.russelmetals.com e-mail: info@russelmetals.com



NEWS

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

STOCK SYMBOLS: TSE: RUS, RUS.PR.C

RUSSEL METALS DECLARES DIVIDEND FOR CLASS II PREFERRED SHARES,

SERIES C

TORONTO, CANADA – April 22, 2002 – Russel Metals Inc. announced today that it has declared a dividend in the amount of Cdn 46.875 cents per share on its Class II Preferred Shares, Series C, payable on June 15, 2002 to shareholders of record at the close of business on May 7, 2002.

Russel Metals is one of the largest metals distribution companies in North America. It carries on business in three metals distribution segments: service center, energy sector and import/export, under various names including Russel Metals, A.J. Forsyth, Arrow Steel Processors, B&T Steel, Bahcall Group, Baldwin International, Comco Pipe and Supply, Drummond McCall, Fedmet Tubulars, McCabe Steel, Métaux Russel, Milspec Industries Inc., Pioneer Pipe, Spartan Steel Products, Sunbelt Group, Triumph Tubular & Supply, Vantage Laser, Wirth Steel and York Steel.

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For further information, contact:

Elaine G. Hillis Assistant Secretary Russel Metals Inc. (905) 819-7419

Website: www.russelmetals.com E-mail: info@russelmetals.com

RUSSEL METALS INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002

The following management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations of Russel Metals Inc. and its subsidiaries (Russel Metals or the Company) provides information to assist the reader and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, the Management's Discussion and Analysis in the fiscal 2001 annual report and the audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2001, including the notes thereto. In the opinion of management, such interim information contains all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of such periods. The results of operations for the periods shown are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year. contained in this document that relate to Russel Metals' beliefs or expectations as to certain future events are not statements of historical fact and are forward-looking statements. Russel Metals cautions readers that there are important factors, risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to economic, competitive and governmental factors affecting Russel Metals' operations, markets, products, services and prices that could cause the Company's actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from those forecasted or anticipated by Russel Metals in such forward-looking statements. All dollar references in this report are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated.

Russel Metals is one of the largest metal distribution companies in North America based on revenues and tons sold. The Company conducts business primarily in three metals distribution business segments: service centers; energy sector related pipe, tube, valves and fittings; and steel import /export.

Results of Operations

The following table provides a summary of revenues, gross margins (revenue minus cost of sales) as a percentage of revenues and operating profits (revenue minus cost of sales and operating expenses excluding corporate expenses and interest expense) for Russel Metals' operating segments. The table shows the segments as they are reported to management and they are consistent with the segmented reporting in Note 13 to the 2001 Consolidated Financial Statements.

	Quarters Ended March 31,		
			2002
			Change
(in thousands of dollars,			as a %
except percentages)	2002	2001	of 2001
Segment Revenues			
Service center distribution	\$178,512	\$189,207	(5.7%)
Energy sector distribution	74,027	117,865	(37.2%)
Steel import/export	72,076	90,217	(20.1%)
Other	1,248	1,408	(11.4%)
	\$325,863	\$398,697	(18.3%)
Segment Operating Profits			
Service center distribution	\$ 5,968	\$ 6,509	(8.3%)
Energy sector distribution	3,978	6,739	(41.0%)
Steel import/export	3,901	3,591	8.6%
Other expense	(770)	(557)	(38.2%)
Corporate expenses	(2,053)	(2,301)	10.8%
Earnings from operations	11,024	13,981	(21.2%)
Foreign exchange loss	(9)	(1,548)	99.4%
Interest expense	(5,131)	(6,269)	18.2%
Earnings before income taxes	\$ 5,884	\$ 6,164	(4.5%)
Segment Gross Margins			
as a % of Revenues			
Service center distribution	26.4%	24.3%	
Energy sector distribution	14.5%	12.9%	
Steel import/export	11.5%	8.0%	
Total	20.4%	17.2%	
Segment Operating Profits			
as a % of Revenues			
Service center distribution	3.3%	3.4%	
Energy sector distribution	5.4%	5.7%	
Steel import/export	5.4%	4.0%	
Earnings from operations	3.4%	3.5%	1

Service Center Distribution

a) Description of operations

The Company provides processing and distribution services to a broad base of approximately 15,000 end users through a network of 45 Canadian and five U.S. locations. The Company's network of service centers carries a full line of products in a wide range of sizes, shapes and specifications, including carbon hot rolled and cold finished steel, pipe and tubular products, stainless steel and aluminum. Russel Metals purchases these products primarily from steel producers in North America and packages them in accordance with end user specifications. The Company services all major geographic regions of Canada and selected regions in the United States. Within Canada, the service centers operate under the names Russel Metals, Métaux Russel, Drummond McCall, A. J. Forsyth and Vantage Laser. Heavy gauge flat rolled operations are conducted by B&T Steel and McCabe Steel, both located in Hamilton, Ontario. Russel Metals' U.S. service center operations are conducted under the names Russel Metals - Bahcall Group and The Bahcall Group focuses primarily on the Baldwin International. distribution of general line carbon products through three facilities in Wisconsin. Baldwin International distributes specialty alloy products through facilities in Ohio and Michigan

In October 2001, the Company purchased the shares of A. J. Forsyth and Company Limited, a service center operation with six locations in British Columbia and one in the Yukon. The A. J. Forsyth operations strengthen Russel Metals' operations within the British Columbia region, which are being rationalized with the A. J. Forsyth operations. A. J. Forsyth had sales of approximately \$65.9 million for the year prior to the acquisition date.

b) Factors affecting results

External -

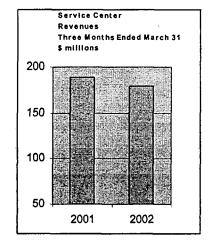
- steel pricing fluctuates significantly throughout the cycle. Steel prices are influenced by overall demand and by product availability.
- demand is significantly affected by economic cycles with revenues and operating profit fluctuating with the level of general business activity in the markets served.

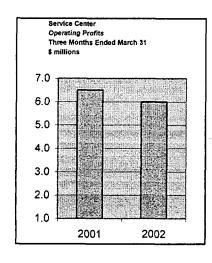
- product availability is affected by supply side management practiced by steel producers in North America and international supply and demand which impacts steel imports.
- government sanctions due to trade actions initiated either by steel mills or Federal Governments in North America.
- Canadian steel service centers, which represent a large portion of the service center distribution segment operations, are particularly affected by general economic conditions in Ontario and Quebec, and by pulp and paper, agriculture and resource sector activities in Western Canada, where demand for steel by the construction and capital goods sectors fluctuates considerably during the economic cycle.

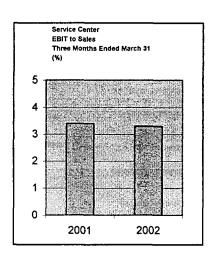
Internal -

- the Company has a strong network of branches across Canada, thus declines in demand in one region may be countered by higher demands in other regions.
- many employees, including management, receive bonuses based on bottom line results, thus a portion of compensation is variable and employees are motivated to maximize profitability.
- a large portion of the service center costs are fixed and are not variable as volume declines, negatively impacting results when demand weakens.
- the Company monitors its inventory levels and endeavors to achieve above average inventory turns in order to position itself to react to pricing and supply changes in the market and to minimize holding losses and gains.
- knowledge of international pricing trends obtained by the steel import/export operations provides insight for pricing decisions.
- c) Service center segment results Three Months Ended March 31, 2002 compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2001

Revenues in the first quarter of 2002 have decreased 5.7% due to lower volume and selling prices compared to the first quarter of 2001. Volume declines were most significant in Alberta due to lower oil and gas activity and at our U.S. operation, Bahcall, due to general lower customer demand in the Wisconsin region. Bahcall also sold its location in Eagan, Minnesota in October 2001 further reducing total volumes at Bahcall. Volume in Ontario has increased slightly due to higher revenues for flat rolled products and our British Columbia region has increased volume







due to the acquisition of A. J. Forsyth in October 2001. Selling prices declined in all regions except Manitoba and Wisconsin. Selling prices declined each quarter throughout 2001 due to excess inventories at both the mills and our competitors and low demand of customers. The announced mill price increases, which started in early 2002, have yet to translate into higher end user selling prices at the levels experienced in the first quarter of 2001.

Gross margins improved from 24.3% in the first quarter of 2001 to 26.4% in the first quarter of 2002. The sale of lower priced inventory purchased during the last half of 2001 has resulted in margin enhancement.

Service center operating profits in the first quarter of 2002 decreased by 8.3% compared to the first quarter of 2001. This decline is a result of the volume and selling price declines compared to the first quarter of 2001. Operating expenses in the first quarter of 2002 were \$1.8 million, or 4.4% higher than the first quarter of 2001. The increase in operating costs in the British Columbia region, where additional operations were purchased during October 2001, is approximately \$3.2 million for the first quarter of 2002 compared to the first quarter of 2001. This increase relates to higher volumes and duplicate costs at the units to be consolidated, which once complete will eliminate duplication. British Columbia region started the process of consolidating duplicate operations in December 2001. This process will continue throughout 2002 with a large portion scheduled to be completed by mid year. Employee termination costs and costs of relocating equipment are being charged to the restructuring reserve recorded in the fourth quarter of 2001; however, the operating cost of maintaining two plants during this restructuring period are a current charge to operating expenses.

Operating profits as a percentage of revenues in the first quarter of 2002 were 3.3% compared to 3.4% in the first quarter of 2001.

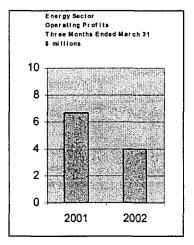
Energy Sector Distribution

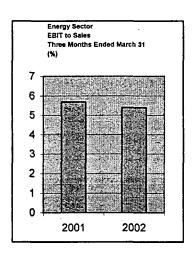
a) Description of operations

These operations distribute pipe, tube, valves and fittings, primarily to the energy sector in Western Canada and the Western United States, from five Canadian and two U.S. locations. Russel Metals purchases these products either from the pipe processing arms of North American steel mills or from independent manufacturers of pipe and related accessories. In June 2001, the Company sold the operations of Total Distributors Supply Corporation, its U.S. operation serving the

Energy Sector
Revenues
Three Months Ended March 31
\$ millions

100
2001
2002





petrochemical and heat exchanger industries. In August 2001, the Company purchased Spartan Steel, a pipe distributor in the midwest and southern United States. The Spartan operations complement the Pioneer Pipe business. Spartan had sales of approximately US \$15 million for the year prior to the acquisition date.

b) Factors affecting results

External -

- affected by economic cycles.
- significantly affected by oil and gas pricing which impacts oil rig count and subsequent drilling activities particularly in Alberta, Canada.
- Canadian operations affected by U.S. dollar since some products are sourced outside Canada and are priced in U.S. dollars.
- pricing is influenced by overall demand and by product availability.
- government sanctions due to trade actions initiated either by steel mills or Federal Governments in North America.

Internal -

- low fixed costs due to a large portion of inventory stored at locations rented on a usage basis.
- employees' compensation is highly variable as it is based on profits.
- c) Energy sector distribution results Three Months Ended March 31, 2002 compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2001

Energy sector revenues decreased 37.2% in the first quarter of 2002 compared to the first quarter of 2001. The decrease in revenue for the businesses excluding Total Distributors, which was divested in June 2001, was 25.5%. The lower oil and gas prices for the first quarter of 2002 compared to the first quarter of 2001 have resulted in significant volume declines for the oil country tubular operations in Western Canada.

Energy sector operating profits declined by 41.0% in the first quarter of 2002, compared to the first quarter of 2001. The decline is mainly related to the drop in volume in the oil country tubular goods operations. Total Distributors, our U.S. operation serving the petrochemical and the heat exchanger industries, was sold in June 2001, which had a negative

impact on revenue; however, it positively impacted operating profits as Total Distributors experienced a small operating loss during the first quarter of 2001.

Steel Import/Export

a) Description of operations

Russel Metals' steel import/export business imports foreign steel products into Canada and the United States and exports steel from Canada and the United States. It also provides the Company's other business segments with valuable insight regarding international pricing trends and their potential impact in North America.

The main steel products sourced by the import/export operations are structural shapes, plate, coils, pipe and tubing.

Effective March 1, 2002, the Company purchased the operations of Arrow Steel Processors, a coil processor of customer owned material, located at the port in Houston, Texas.

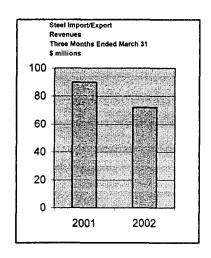
b) Factors affecting results

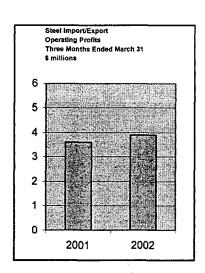
External -

- trade sanctions initiated either by steel mills or the public sector in North America.
- mill capacity by product line in North America.
- purchases are mainly in U.S. dollars and thus the strong U.S. dollar against the Canadian dollar will impact profits.
- steel pricing is influenced by overall demand and by product availability.
- demand is affected by economic cycles.
- supply side management practiced by steel producers in North America and international supply and demand which impacts steel imports and affects product availability significantly.

Internal -

- operating costs are variable with volume, since inventory is stored in public warehouses and employees are primarily compensated based on earnings.
- inventory is sourced throughout the world, including North America, providing flexibility for supply.





c) Steel import/export results – Three Months Ended March 31, 2002 compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2001

Steel import/export revenues decreased 20.1% in the first quarter of 2002 compared to the first quarter of 2001. Volumes in the first quarter of 2002 were lower than the first quarter of 2001 due to concerns about dumping actions which resulted in lower purchases. The gross margins as a percent of revenue at 11.5% for the first quarter of 2002 are higher than normal for the import/export operations. Significant price increases were announced by the mills in the first quarter of 2002 for flat rolled steel, resulting in higher selling prices on current inventories of that product. The import/export operations have reduced their inventories by \$12.0 million since December 31, 2001. Inventories are expected to increase during the balance of 2002.

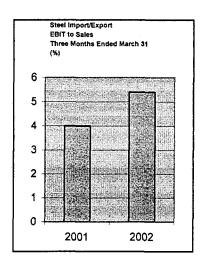
Steel import/export operating profits increased by 8.6% in the first quarter of 2002 compared to the first quarter of 2001. The higher selling price was the most significant contributor to this increase. The gross margin increase resulted in operating profit to revenue increasing from 4.0% for the first quarter of 2001 to 5.4% for the first quarter of 2002.

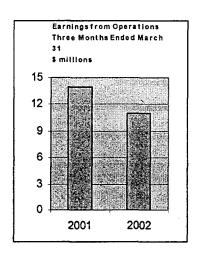
Other – Three Months Ended March 31, 2002 compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2001

Other revenue and income represents the results of the Company's coal handling terminal in Thunder Bay. Revenue in the first quarter of 2002 was 11.4% lower than the first quarter of 2001 due to decreased coal volumes. The unusually warm winter in 2002 resulted in lower energy consumption resulting in less coal being utilized for electricity generation. The lower volumes increased losses in the quarter.

Consolidated Results – Three Months Ended March 31, 2002 compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2001

Earnings from operations were \$11.0 million in the first quarter of 2002, a decline of 21.2% from \$14.0 million in the first quarter of 2001. The decline is mainly a result of lower volumes and selling prices in the service center and energy operations. Consolidated revenues for the entire Company decreased by 18.3%, to \$325.9 million, in the first quarter of 2002 compared to the first quarter of 2001.





During the first quarter of 2001, the Company recorded an unrealized foreign exchange loss of \$1.5 million related to U.S. denominated debt that was not designated as a hedge of the Company's net investment in foreign subsidiaries. During the second quarter of 2001, the Company reduced its unhedged U.S. debt exposure, and due to the lower exposure and the less significant movement in the U.S. dollar against the Canadian dollar the Company reported a minimal loss of \$9,000 for the first quarter of 2002.

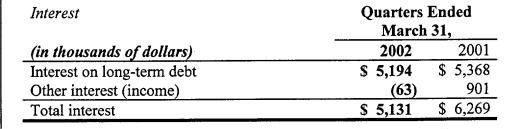
Consolidated interest expense decreased \$1.1 million to \$5.1 million in the first quarter of 2002 compared to the first quarter of 2001. This decrease is due to lower short and long-term debt outstanding partially offset by higher exchange rates on U.S. denominated long-term debt in the first quarter of 2002 compared to the first quarter of 2001. In September and October, 2001, the Company repurchased Senior Notes totaling US \$9.4 million. The majority of the interest expense relates to the fixed term 10% Senior Notes and, therefore, no benefit was experienced from lower prime borrowing rates available through the bank credit facility.

Income taxes in the first quarter of 2002 were \$2.4 million compared to \$2.6 million in the first quarter of 2001. This decrease relates primarily to lower earnings; however, tax rate decreases enacted by various jurisdictions in Canada have reduced the Company's effective tax rate approximately 1%.

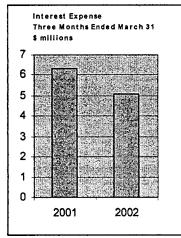
Basic earnings per share for the first quarter of 2002 and for first quarter of 2001 was \$0.08.

Interest Expense

The following table shows the components of interest expense.



The long-term debt interest expense relates to the 10% Senior Notes and the 8% Debentures. The Company currently has no floating rate long-term debt. The decrease in the long-term debt interest relates to lower interest costs due to the repurchase of 10% Senior Notes in 2001 offset



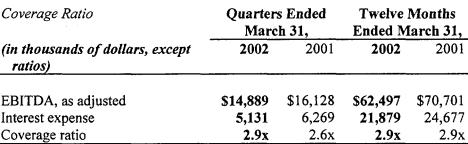
by higher foreign exchange on the U.S. denominated debt interest. In September and October 2001, the Company used cash on hand to repurchase US \$9.4 million of Senior Notes.

The Company had cash on hand and no short term borrowings for most of the first quarter of 2002 resulting in net interest income of \$63,000.

Coverage Ratio

Russel Metals' coverage ratio in the first quarter of 2002 is higher than the first quarter of 2001 due to the lower interest costs. The Company's ability to meet interest payments for the next two years remains strong. The coverage ratios, set forth below are calculated using earnings from operations before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) excluding restructuring provision, foreign exchange loss, debt repurchase costs and unusual items recorded in the last twelve months.

Coverage Ratio	Quarter Marc	s Ended th 31,	Twelve Ended M	Months Iarch 31,
(in thousands of dollars, except ratios)	2002	2001	2002	2001
EBITDA, as adjusted	\$14,889	\$16,128	\$62,497	\$70,701
Interest expense	5,131	6,269	21,879	24,677
Coverage ratio	2.9x	2.6x	2.9x	2.9x

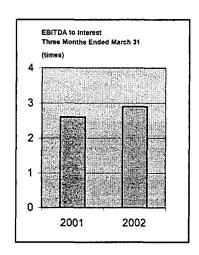


Goodwill

The Company adopted the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants' new accounting standard for goodwill and other intangible assets effective January 1, 2002. Goodwill on all acquisitions is not amortized but is subject to an impairment test. Under the new standard, all goodwill is subject to an initial impairment test as of January 1, 2002 and generally annually thereafter.

The Company's initial impairment test as of January 1, 2002 indicated that the value of the goodwill was less than its carrying value in each reporting unit containing goodwill. The impairment loss of \$15.1 million has been charged to opening retained earnings.

Under the previous standard, the Company was required to write down goodwill when there was a permanent impairment in value based on a recoverability test using undiscounted cash flows. The new standard requires a "point in time" evaluation of goodwill at the reporting unit level. The initial evaluation of goodwill required at January 1, 2002, was at a point when the sector of the economy that the Company services and



the steel industry were depressed. The Company's evaluation of goodwill at the various reporting units required assumptions on the impact of the safeguard actions on imported steel in the U.S. and Canada, the effect of the softwood lumber tariffs on the British Columbia market, how oil and gas pricing would impact drilling, and the general economy. These factors significantly influence operations on a discounted cash flow basis, even though the Company believes these operations will contribute positively to its results in the future.

Capital Expenditures

Capital expenditures in the first quarter of 2002 were \$1.3 million compared to \$1.9 million in the first quarter of 2001. Russel Metals' capital expenditures are mainly related to maintenance capital, the purchase of additional processing equipment across a broad base of the operations and upgrades to its existing facilities and computer systems. The current economic slowdown is impacting service centers, thus capital expenditures in the first quarter of 2002 were below the amount spent in the first quarter of 2001. The capital expenditure levels are expected to increase over the balance of 2002 due to an addition to the facility in Vancouver, British Columbia and a new facility in Edmunston, New Brunswick.

Depreciation expense was \$3.6 million in the first quarter of 2002 and \$3.2 million in the first quarter of 2001. Depreciation expense has increased for the first quarter of 2002 related to assets acquired from the A. J. Forsyth acquisition in October 2001.

Liquidity

Russel Metals managers stress working capital management to ensure working capital is minimized and leverage reduced in an economic downturn. The Company reduced working capital employed significantly over the last five quarters as economic conditions deteriorated in the steel sector. It is anticipated that the economy will improve slightly in subsequent quarters of 2002 and working capital employed by Russel Metals will increase. The amount of cash used during 2002 will be dependent on the strength of the economic recovery.

Inventory and accounts receivable represent 71% of total assets, approximately the same as year end. Fixed assets utilized in the operations of the Company are very stable and are not expected to vary significantly during 2002 as capital spending and depreciation are expected to be approximately equal. If the economic activity in the economy increases, current assets will become an increased percentage

of total assets due to the expansion of inventory and accounts receivable levels to support the increased revenues.

Cash increased \$29.3 million in the first quarter of 2002 bringing cash to \$46.3 million at March 31, 2002.

Cash generated from operating profits was \$8.6 million and cash generated from changes in working capital was \$25.8 million. Revenue increased significantly in February and March of 2002 when compared with November and December of 2001. Due to the increased revenue the accounts receivable at March 31, 2002 increased by \$11.7 million when compared with December 31, 2001.

Inventory levels continued to decline generating cash of \$24.8 million due to declines in the import/export inventories related to lower purchases caused by uncertainties of dumping actions and continued reductions due to soft demand in the service center and energy sectors. Inventory turns improved to 4.5 in the quarter as inventory levels declined and revenues increased slightly from the fourth quarter of 2001.

The Company acquired the operations including fixed assets of a coil processor of customer owned material for \$4.4 million in March 2001.

Inventory Turns

	Quarters Ended,				
	Mar 31, 2002	Dec 31, 2001	Sep 30, 2001	Jun 30, 2001	Mar 31, 2001
Service center distribution	4.7	4.1	4.3	4.6	4.6
Energy sector distribution	3.8	3.5	4.3	4.4	5.7
Steel import/export	5.1	4.0	4.6	5.2	5.2
Total	4.5	3.9	4.4	4.7	5.1

Inventory turns are calculated using the cost of sales for the quarter annualized and the ending inventory position.

Service center inventory turns improved to 4.7, the highest level in three years. This can be compared with the service center industry turns estimated to be 3.3 for the three months ended February 28, 2002 as derived from the monthly Business Conditions Report published for the United States by the Metals Service Center Institute. It is management's goal to achieve service center inventory turns at significantly higher levels than the industry norm.

The other major component of working capital is accounts payable and accrued liabilities, which increased in the first quarter when compared with year end, generating cash of \$11.5 million. Payables increased due to accrued interest and higher service center trade payables related to a pick up of economic activity in February 2002.

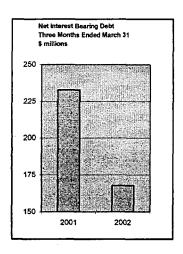
Debt and Credit Facilities

The Company manages its cash position based on bank borrowings net of cash. The bank credit facilities table provides the split between loans and cash on deposit.

Bank Credit Facilities

(\$ millions)	Canadian	U.S.	Total	
Bank loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
On deposit	44.4	2.1	46.5	
Net borrowings (cash)	(44.4)	(2.1)	(46.5)	
Letters of credit	24.6	3.2	27.8	
	\$ (19.8)	\$ 1.1	\$ 18.7	
Facility availability	\$ 224.8	\$ 55.8	\$280.6	

The Company has two long-term debt instruments outstanding. The \$30 million 8% Subordinated Debentures mature in 2006. The 10% Senior Notes mature in 2009. The balance outstanding at March 31, 2002 is US \$115.6 million unchanged from December 31, 2001. The Canadian dollar equivalent of the Senior Notes fluctuates with the exchange rate. At March 31, 2002, the long-term debt balance of \$214.2 million is unchanged from year end.



Russel Metals has a bank credit facility with a syndicate of Canadian and U.S. banks. The \$253.8 million facility may be extended for an additional one year period on each anniversary, with the consent of the banks. Russel Metals has extended the facility to June 19, 2005. Russel Metals is entitled to borrow under this facility, on a revolving basis, up to an amount equal to the sum of specified percentages of eligible accounts receivable and inventories, to a maximum of \$253.8 million. At March 31, 2002, Russel Metals was entitled to borrow \$224.8 million, including letters of credit under this facility. At March 31, 2002, Russel Metals had no borrowings and had \$24.6 million in letters of credit under this facility. At March 31, 2001, Russel Metals had borrowings of \$16.0 million and \$22.2 million in letters of credit under this facility.

In addition, certain U.S. subsidiaries of Russel Metals have their own one year bank credit facility. The maximum borrowing under this facility is US \$35.0 million. At March 31, 2002, these subsidiaries had no borrowings and letters of credit of US \$2.0 million.

Based on Russel Metals' current financial position, operating results and absence of scheduled debt maturities, Russel Metals believes that it will generate a sufficient amount of cash flow to pay all of its preferred share dividends, interest obligations and operating costs as they become due during the next two years.

Dividends and Share Capital

The ability to pay dividends on common shares is impacted by restrictions associated with the 10% Senior Notes due June 2009. Dividends on common shares and the repurchase of common and preferred shares are considered to be restricted payments under the Note Indenture. The Senior Notes do not restrict preferred share dividends. Due to these restrictions, the quarterly dividend on the common shares was not declared for payment during the first quarter of 2002. At March 31, 2002, the Company had \$3.4 million available for restricted payments. The quarterly dividend on common shares of \$0.05 per share was resumed in the second quarter. The dividend is payable June 15, 2002 and the date of record is May 7, 2002.

The ability to make restricted payments is adjusted quarterly by 50% of the quarterly net income or loss if the cumulative net income from March 31, 1999 is positive, or 100% of the quarterly net income or loss if the cumulative net income from March 31, 1999 is negative. Net income is adjusted for certain exclusions that include: extraordinary items, gains or losses on asset dispositions and unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses.

As at April 22, 2002, the Company has 37,981,501 common shares and 1,200,000 class II preferred shares outstanding which is unchanged from March 31, 2002 and 2001.

Outlook

The Company's service center segment has not experienced a broad based increase in demand. Steep price increases announced during the first quarter 2002 by the North American steel mills may not be realized in full unless there is a pick-up in demand. These announced price increases could also potentially dampen demand, as manufacturers who utilize steel as a raw material will have to increase their prices to the final customer if they wish to maintain their profitability.

Quarterly operating profits in the import/export operations has been relatively stable over the last five quarters. This trend is expected to continue during 2002.

The energy sector operations have seen lower oil and gas pricing and it is unclear what impact current pricing levels will have on results for the second half of 2002, although oil and gas prices have risen recently due to the crisis in the Middle East and Venezuela.

The Company anticipates that recent trade rulings in the U.S. and Canada will not have a significant impact on its results during 2002.

We continue to anticipate earnings for 2002 similar to the \$0.37 per share earnings reported for 2001, prior to unusual items, restructuring provisions and foreign exchange losses.

SIGNATURES

	•	ements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the ort to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned,
		Russel Metals Inc. (Registrant)
Date:	April 22, 2002	By: (Signed) Brian R. Hedges
		Brian R. Hedges Executive Vice President & CFO