UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q	
(Mark One) ⊠ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2005.	THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OR	
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF T ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROMto	
Commission File Number 0-26584	
BANNER CORPORATION (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)	
Washington (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	91-1691604 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)
10 South First Avenue, Walla Walla, Washington (Address of principal executive offices and zip code)	99362
Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (50	9) 527-3636
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.	egistrant was required to file such
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b	-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes X No_
APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUE	CRS
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common s	tock, as of the latest practicable date.
Title of class: Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share	As of July 31, 2005 11,991,074 shares*

^{*} Includes 374,595 shares held by the Employee Stock Ownership Plan that have not been released, committed to be released, or allocated to participant accounts.

BANNER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

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BANNER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION (In thousands, except shares)

June 30, 2005 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2004

June 30, 2005 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2004			
		(Unaudited)	
1.0077770		June 30	December 31
ASSETS	Φ.	2005	2004
Cash and due from banks	\$	82,266	\$ 51,767
Securities available for sale, cost \$529,190 and \$548,722, respectively		25 902	21.007
Encumbered		25,892	31,096
Unencumbered		500,737	516,739
See 141-144 and 141 See 11 a 652 517 at 1651 427 and 141		526,629	547,835
Securities held to maturity, fair value \$52,517 and \$51,437, respectively			
Encumbered		50.001	40.01.4
Unencumbered		50,801	49,914
		50,801	49,914
		25.044	25.600
Federal Home Loan Bank stock		35,844	35,698
Loans receivable:		5.025	2 1 4 5
Held for sale, fair value \$5,924 and \$2,176		5,837	2,145
Held for portfolio		2,308,808	2,090,703
Allowance for loan losses		(29,788)	(29,610)
		2,284,857	2,063,238
Accrued interest receivable		17,015	15,097
Real estate owned, held for sale, net		1,290	1,485
Property and equipment, net		45,091	39,315
Goodwill and other intangibles, net		36,325	36,369
Deferred income tax asset, net		6,612	5,888
Bank-owned life insurance		36,154	35,371
Other assets		16,986	15,090
	\$	3,139,870	\$ 2,897,067
LIABILITIES			
Deposits:			
Non-interest-bearing	\$	302,266	
Interest-bearing		1,872,649	1,691,148
		2,174,915	1,925,909
Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank		566,458	583,558
Junior subordinated debentures			
(issued in connection with Trust Preferred Securities)		72,168	72,168
Other borrowings		65,905	68,116
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		27,511	25,027
Deferred compensation		6,010	5,208
Income taxes payable		6,185	1,861
		2,919,152	2,681,847
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES			
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Common stock - \$0.01 par value per share, 27,500,000 shares authorized,			
13,201,418 shares issued:			
11,991,074 shares and 11,856,889 shares outstanding			
at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively.		128,210	127,460
Retained earnings		98,124	92,327
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):			
Unrealized gain (loss) on securities available for sale		(1,952)	(888)
Unearned shares of common stock issued to Employee Stock Ownership			
Plan (ESOP) trust:		(3,096)	(3,096)
374,595 restricted shares outstanding			
at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively, at cost			
Carrying value of shares held in trust for stock related compensation plans		(6,363)	(6,135)
Liability for common stock issued to deferred, stock related, compensation plans		5,795	5,552
		(568)	(583)
		220,718	215,220
	\$	3,139,870	
See notes to consolidated financial statements		, -,	, , ,

BANNER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited) (In thousands except for per share amounts) For the Quarters and Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

	Quarters Ended June 30			Six Months Ended June 30			
		2005		2004	2005		2004
INTEREST INCOME:	·						
Loans receivable	\$	39,842	\$	30,298	\$ 75,979	\$	59,317
Mortgage-backed securities		3,586		4,394	7,259		8,921
Securities and cash equivalents		2,943		3,140	5,792		6,221
•		46,371		37,832	 89,030		74,459
INTEREST EXPENSE:							
Deposits		12,146		8,404	22,560		16,268
Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank		5,927		4,962	11,544		10,087
Junior subordinated debentures		1,193		843	2,260		1,535
Other borrowings		392		223	724		460
		19,658		14,432	37,088		28,350
Net interest income before provision for loan losses		26,713		23,400	 51,942		46,109
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES		1,300		1,450	2,503		2,900
Net interest income		25,413		21,950	49,439		43,209
OTHER OPERATING INCOME:							
Deposit fees and other service charges		2,401		2,057	4,405		3,900
Mortgage banking operations		1,645		1,452	2,876		2,704
Loan servicing fees		232		347	671		613
Gain on sale of securities		8		62	8		73
Miscellaneous		339		207	 662		651
Total other operating income		4,625		4,125	8,622		7,941
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Salary and employee benefits		15,263		13,024	29,056		25,127
Less capitalized loan origination costs		(2,753))	(1,891)	(4,794)		(3,378)
Occupancy and equipment		3,394		2,645	6,621		5,132
Information/computer data services		1,193		1,016	2,310		2,042
Professional services		818		790	1,619		1,705
Advertising		1,512		1,341	2,863		2,449
Miscellaneous		3,373		2,611	6,428		5,287
Total other operating expenses		22,800		19,536	44,103		38,364
Income before provision for income taxes		7,238		6,539	13,958		12,786
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		2,222		1,991	 4,235		3,875
NET INCOME	\$	5,016	\$	4,548	\$ 9,723	\$	8,911
Earnings per common share (see Note 5):							
Basic	\$	0.43		0.41	\$ 0.85		0.80
Diluted	\$	0.42		0.39	\$ 0.82		0.76
Cumulative dividends declared per common share:	\$	0.17	\$	0.16	\$ 0.34	\$	0.32

BANNER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Unaudited) (In thousands except for per share amounts) For the Quarters and Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

			rs Ended le 30		ths Ended e 30
		2005	2004	2005	2004
NET INCOME	\$	5,016	\$ 4,548	\$ 9,723	\$ 8,911
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), NET OF INCOME TA Unrealized holding gain (loss) during the period, net of deferred income	XES:				
tax (benefit) of \$1,968, \$(5,642), (582) and \$(4,092), respectively. Less adjustment for (gains)/losses included in net income, net of income		3,666	(10,483)	(1,059)	(7,605)
tax (benefit) of \$3, \$22, \$3 and \$26, respectively		(5)	(40)	(5)	(47)
Other comprehensive income (loss)		3,661	(10,523)	(1,064)	(7,652)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$	8,663	\$ (5,975)	\$ 8,659	\$ 1,259

BANNER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share amounts) For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

For the S.	IX IVIOI	itiis Ended	June	30, 2005 a	anu	2004		,	Value, Net of		
	S	Common tock and dditional Paid-in Capital		etained arnings	С	Accumulated Other comprehensive ncome (Loss)	Unearned Restricted SOP Shares	S	Liability, Of Shares Held in rust for Stock- Related Compensation Plans	St	ockholders' Equity
BALANCE, January 1, 2004 Net income	\$	123,375	\$	80,286 8,911	\$	3,191	\$ (3,589)	\$	(463)	\$	\$202,800 8,911
Change in valuation of securities available for sale, net of income taxes						(7,652)					(7,652)
Cash dividend on common stock (\$.32/share cumulative)				(3,703))						(3,703)
Common stock surrendered as consideration for exercise of stock options		(553))								(553)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock for exercise of stock options		2,512									2,512
Net issuance of stock through employees' stock plans, including tax benefit		104					(39)		(159)		(94)
Amortization of compensation related to Management Recognition and Development Plan (MRP)									73		73
BALANCE, June 30, 2004	\$	125,438	\$	85,494	\$	(4,461)	\$ (3,628)	\$	(549)	\$	202,294
BALANCE, January 1, 2005 Net income	\$	127,460	\$	92,327 9,723	\$	(888)	\$ (3,096)	\$	(583)	\$	\$215,220 9,723
Change in valuation of securities available for sale, net of income taxes						(1,064)					(1,064)
Cash dividend on common stock (\$.34/share cumulative)				(3,926))						(3,926)
Common stock surrendered as consideration for exercise of stock options		(2,103))								(2,103)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock for exercise of stock options		2,757									2,757
Net issuance of stock through employees' stock plans, including tax benefit		96							(76)		20
Amortization of compensation related to MRP	_	120.212	Φ.		_	(4.055)	 (2.005)	_	91	Φ.	91
BALANCE, June 30, 2005	\$	128,210	\$	98,124	\$	(1,952)	\$ (3,096)	\$	(568)	\$	220,718

BANNER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (continued)

(Unaudited) (In thousands) For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

	2005	2004
COMMON STOCK, SHARES ISSUED:		<u> </u>
Number of shares, beginning of period	13,201	13,201
Number of shares, end of period	13,201	13,201
LESS COMMON STOCK RETIRED:		
Number of shares, beginning of period	(1,344)	(1,728)
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(76)	(20)
Issuance of common stock to exercised stock options and/or		
employee stock plans	210	177
Number of shares retired, end of period	(1,210)	(1,571)
SHARES ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING, END OF PERIOD	11,991	11,630
UNEARNED, RESTRICTED ESOP SHARES:		
Number of shares, beginning of period	(375)	(434)
Adjustment of earned shares		(5)
Number of shares, end of period	(375)	(439)

BANNER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited) (In thousands)

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

OPERATING ACTIVITIES: \$ 9,723 \$ 8,911 Net income \$ 9,723 \$ 8,911 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ 2,375 \$ 1,764 Depreciation \$ 2,375 \$ 1,764 Description and expense, net of amortization \$ 2,061 \$ 458 Loss (gain) on sale of securities (8) \$ (73) Increase in cash surrender value of bank-owned life insurance (783) \$ (860) Loss (gain) on sale of loans, excluding capitalized servicing rights \$ (273) \$ (2,544) Loss (gain) on disposal of real estate held for sale approperty \$ (273) \$ (2,544) And equipment \$ (250) \$ (2,900) Provision for losses on loans and real estate held for sale \$ (250) \$ (2,900) Provision for losses on loans and real estate held for sale \$ (3,692) \$ (2,900) FILB stock (dividend) reversal \$ (3,692) \$ (2,900) PHLB stock (dividend) reversal \$ (3,692) \$ (2,900) PHLB stock (dividend) reversal \$ (3,692) \$ (2,900) FILB stock (dividend) reversal \$ (3,692) \$ (2,900) PHLB stock (dividend) reversal \$ (3,692) \$ (2,900) PHLB stock (dividend) reversal \$ (3,692) \$ (2,900) Net change in the stock (dividen	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004	2005		2004
Net income	OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			2004
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net eash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 2.375 1.764 Depreciation 2.061 5.48 Loss (gain) on sale of securities (783) (860) Loss (gain) on sale of loss, excluding capitalized servicing rights 2.733 (2.644) Loss (gain) on sale of loss, excluding capitalized servicing rights 2.733 (2.644) Loss (gain) on sale of loss, excluding capitalized servicing rights 2.509 2.900 Provision for losses on loss and real estate held for sale and property and equipment 2.509 2.900 Provision for losses on loss and real estate held for sale 3.692 1.0025 Prill Bistock (dividend) reversal 3.692 1.0025 Other assets 3.692 1.0025 Other assets 3.692 1.0025 Other assets 3.13,70 1.94,272 INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of available for sale securities 2.739 1.64,403 Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 39,279 1.64,403 Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 39,279 1.64,403 Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities 3.702 3.6715 Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 3.702 3.6715 Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 3.702 3.6715 Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 3.702 3.6715 Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 3.702 3.6715 Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 3.702 3.6715 Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 3.702 3.6715 Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 3.702 3.6715 Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 3.702 3.6715 Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 3.702 3.6715 Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securit		\$ 9.723	\$	8.911
Depreating activities: Depreciation 2,361 548 Loss (gain) on sale of securities (8) (73) Increase in cash surrender value of bank-owned life insurance (783) (860) Loss (gain) on sale of securities (783) (860) Loss (gain) on size of loans, excluding capitalized servicing rights (2,733) (2,644) Loss (gain) on disposal of real estate held for sale and property and equipment 127 (107) and equipment 2,509 (2,900) FHLB stock (dividend) reversal 2,900 (894) Net change in: 29 (694) Loans held for sale (3,692) (10,025) Other assets (4,417) (2,882) Other liabilities 7,879 (2,539) Net cash provided by operating activities 7,879 (2,539) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: (27,396) (151,964) Purchases of available for sale securities (27,396) (151,964) Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities (1,295) (8,715) Purchases of held to maturity securities (1,295) (8,715) Purchases of held to maturities of		7 7,1-2	-	-,
Depreciation				
Deferred income and expense, net of amortization		2,375		1,764
Case		•		
Increase in cash surrender value of bank-owned life insurance		·)	(73)
Content Cont	Increase in cash surrender value of bank-owned life insurance	(783)	(860)
and equipment 127 (107) Provision for losses on loans and real estate held for sale 2,509 2,900 Net change in:	Loss (gain) on sale of loans, excluding capitalized servicing rights	(2,733)	(2,644)
Provision for losses on loans and real estate held for sale 2,509 2,900 FILLB stock (dividend) reversal 29 (694) Net change in: 3,6621 10,025 Cher assets (4,317) (2,882) Other liabilities 7,879 2,539 Net cash provided by operating activities 31,370 19,427 INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchases of available for sale securities (27,396) (151,964) Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 39,279 164,403 Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities 7,102 34,671 Purchases of held to maturity securities 1,295 (8,715) Principal repayments and maturities of held to maturity securities 370 148 Origination of loans, net of principal repayments 4(20,963) 357,484 Purchases of loans and participating interest in loans 1(1,142) (6,131) Proceeds from sale of loans and participating interest in loans 1(1,142) (6,131) Proceeds from sale of real estate held for sale-net 3(2,52) (1,65,100) Other 5(3) <td< td=""><td>Loss (gain) on disposal of real estate held for sale and property</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Loss (gain) on disposal of real estate held for sale and property			
PHLB stock (dividend) reversal 29 (694) Net change in: 10,025 10,	and equipment	127		(107)
Net change in: (3,692) 10,25 Char sakeld for sale (3,692) 10,25 Other labilities 7,879 2,539 Net cash provided by operating activities 13,170 19,427 INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchases of available for sale securities (27,396) (151,964) Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 30,279 164,403 Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities 7,102 34,671 Purchases of held to maturity securities 1,295 (87,15) Principal repayments and maturities of held to maturity securities 370 148 Origination of loans, net of principal repayments (402,963) 637,484 Purchases of loans and participating interest in loans 11,42 6,131 Proceeds from sales of loans and participating interest in loans 18,4857 172,192 Purchases of property and equipment-net (82,53) (11,61) Other (315) (56) Net cash used by investing activities 249,006 16,53 Proceeds from siles of real estate held for sale-net 2	Provision for losses on loans and real estate held for sale	2,509		2,900
Loars held for sale (3,692) 10,025 Other lashlities 7,879 2,382 Net cash provided by operating activities 13,170 19,427 INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Temperature and maturities of available for sale securities (27,396) (15,964) Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 39,279 164,403 Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities 7,102 34,671 Purchases of held to maturity securities 1,295 (8,751) Principal repayments and maturities of held to maturity securities 37,0 148 Origination of loans, net of principal repayments (402,963) 357,484 Purchases of loans and participating interest in loans 18,4857 172,192 Purchases of loans and participating interest in loans 184,857 172,192 Purchases of property and equipment-net (8,253) (11,761) Proceeds from sale of real estate held for sale-net 48,253 (11,676) Other 32,276 48,253 (11,676) Proceeds from FHLB advances 1,647,900 161,653 Proceeds from FHLB advances<	FHLB stock (dividend) reversal	29		(694)
Other assets Other liabilities (4,317) (2,882) (2,539) Other liabilities 7,879 (2,539) Net cash provided by operating activities 13,170 19,427 INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchases of available for sale securities (27,396) (151,644) Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 39,279 164,403 Principal repayments and maturities of held to maturity securities (1,295) (87,15) Principal repayments and maturities of held to maturity securities 370 148 Origination of loans, net of principal repayments (40,963) 357,484 Purchases of loans and participating interest in loans (1,142) (6,131) Proceeds from sales of roans and participating interest in loans 184,857 172,192 Purchases of property and equipment-net (8,253) (11,761) Proceeds from sales of real estate held for sale-net 40 1,231 Other 62,100 (209,116) (163,650) Proceeds from Stussed by investing activities 249,006 161,653 Proceeds from FHLB advances 1,647,900 596,800	Net change in:			
Other liabilities 7,879 2,539 Net cash provided by operating activities 13,170 19,427 INVESTING ACTIVITIES. Temperature and maturities of available for sale securities 27,396 (151,964) Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 39,279 164,063 Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities 7,102 34,671 Purchases of held to maturity securities 370 148 Original repayments and maturities of held to maturity securities 370 148 Origination of loans, net of principal repayments (402,963) 357,484 Purchases of loans and participating interest in loans 11,42 (6,131) Proceeds from sales of loans and participating interest in loans 184,857 172,192 Purchases of property and equipment-net (8,253) (11,761) Proceeds from sales of loans and participating interest in loans 184,857 172,192 Purchases of property and equipment-net (8,253) (11,661) Proceeds from sales of loans and participating interest in loans 184,857 172,192 Purchases of property and equipment-net 249,006	Loans held for sale	(3,692)	10,025
Net cash provided by operating activities 13,170 19,427 INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 27,396) (151,964) Purchases of available for sale securities 39,279 164,003 Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities 7,102 34,671 Purchases of held to maturity securities 11,295 (8,715) Principal repayments and maturities of held to maturity securities 370 148 Origination of loans, net of principal repayments (402,963) (357,484) Purchases of loans and participating interest in loans (1,142) (6,131) Proceeds from sales of loans and participating interest in loans 184,857 172,192 Purchases of property and equipment-net (8,253) (11,761) Proceeds from sale of real estate held for sale-net 640 1231 Other (30) (35,768) (56,500) Net cash used by investing activities 249,006 161,653 Proceeds from FILB advances 1,647,900 596,800 Repayment of FHLB advances 1,647,900 596,800 Proceeds from issuance of junior subordinated debentures - <t< td=""><td>Other assets</td><td>(4,317</td><td>)</td><td>(2,882)</td></t<>	Other assets	(4,317)	(2,882)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchases of available for sale securities 27,396 151,964 Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 39,279 164,403 Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities 7,102 34,671 Purchases of held to maturity securities 1,1295 (8,715) Principal repayments and maturities of held to maturity securities 370 148 Origination of loans, net of principal repayments 402,963 357,484 Origination of loans, net of principal repayments 402,963 357,484 Origination of loans and participating interest in loans 1,142 (6,131) Purchases of loans and participating interest in loans 184,857 172,192 Purchases of property and equipment-net 8,253 (11,761) Proceeds from sales of loans and participating interest in loans 460 1,231 Other (315 650) Net cash used by investing activities (315 650) Net cash used by investing activities 249,006 161,653 Proceeds from FHLB advances 1,647,900 596,800 Repayment of FHLB advances 1,647,900 596,800 Repayment of Freurchase agreement borrowings (4,954) (11,200) Increase (decrease) in other borrowings, net 2,743 14,295 Cash dividends paid (3,904) (3,679) Repurchases of stock, net of forfeitures 2,151 Net cash provided by financing activities 30,490 (23,599) CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD 51,767 77,298	Other liabilities	7,879		2,539
Purchases of available for sale securities (27,396) (151,964) Principal repayments and maturities of available for sale securities 39,279 164,403 Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities 7,102 34,671 Purchases of held to maturity securities (1,295) (8,715) Principal repayments and maturities of held to maturity securities 370 148 Origination of loans, net of principal repayments (402,963) (357,484) Purchases of loans and participating interest in loans (1,142) (6,131) Proceeds from sales of loans and participating interest in loans 184,857 172,192 Purchases of property and equipment-net (8,253) (11,761) Proceeds from sale of real estate held for sale-net 640 1,231 Other (315) (565) Net cash used by investing activities 249,006 161,653 Proceeds from FILB advances 1,647,900 596,800 Repayment of FILB advances 1,647,900 596,800 Repayment of FILB advances 1,647,900 596,800 Repayment of FILB advances 1,647,900 6654,294<	Net cash provided by operating activities	13,170		19,427
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CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD 51,767 77,298		30,499		(23,599)
		•		. , ,
CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS, END OF PERIOD \$82,266 \\$53,699			_	
	CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 82,266	\$	53,699

(Continued on next page)

BANNER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

(Unaudited) (In thousands) For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

	 2005	 2004
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Interest paid in cash	\$ 35,647	\$ 28,361
Taxes paid in cash	5	2,250
Non-cash investing and financing transactions:		
Loans, net of discounts, specific loss allowances and unearned		
income, transferred to real estate owned and other repossessed		
assets	401	1,604
Net change in accrued dividends payable	22	24
Recognition of investment in trusts due to deconsolidation		475
Change in other assets/liabilities	237	
Recognize tax benefit of vested MRP shares	20	
Investments available for sale reclassified as held to maturity		15,334

BANNER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES SELECTED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1: Basis of Presentation and Critical Accounting Policies

Banner Corporation (BANR or the Company) is a bank holding company incorporated in the State of Washington. The Company is primarily engaged in the business of commercial banking through its wholly owned subsidiary, Banner Bank (the Bank). The Bank is a Washington-chartered commercial bank that conducts business from its main office in Walla Walla, Washington, and its 52 branch offices and 13 loan production offices located in 24 counties in Washington, Oregon and Idaho. The Company is subject to regulation by the Federal Reserve Board (FRB). The Bank is subject to regulation by the State of Washington Department of Financial Institutions Division of Banks and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

In the opinion of management, the accompanying consolidated statements of financial condition and related interim consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows reflect all adjustments (which include reclassifications and normal recurring adjustments) that are necessary for a fair presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements. Various elements of the Company's accounting policies, by their nature, are inherently subject to estimation techniques, valuation assumptions and other subjective assessments. In particular, management has identified several accounting policies that, due to the judgments, estimates and assumptions inherent in those policies, are critical to an understanding of the Company's financial statements. These policies relate to the methodology for the recognition of interest income, determination of the provision and allowance for loan and lease losses and the valuation of investment securities, goodwill, mortgage servicing rights and real estate held for sale. These policies and the judgments, estimates and assumptions are described in greater detail in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and in Note 1 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Management believes that the judgments, estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements are appropriate based on the factual circumstances at the time. However, given the sensitivity of the financial statements to these critical accounting policies, the use of different judgments, estimates and assumptions could result in material differences in the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

Stock Compensation Plans: The Company measures its employee stock-based compensation arrangements under the provisions outlined in Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees. Accordingly, no compensation cost has been recognized for its stock option plans. If the compensation cost for the Company's compensation plans had been determined consistent with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation (revised 2004), and reissued as SFAS No. 123(R), Share Based Payment, the Company's net income available to common stockholders on a diluted basis and diluted earnings per common share would have been reduced to the pro forma amounts indicated below (in thousands except per share amounts):

	 Quarters Ended June 30			Six Months Ended June 30				
	 2005		2004		2005		2004	
Net income available to common stockholders:								
Basic:								
As reported	\$ 5,016	\$	4,548	\$	9,723	\$	8,911	
Pro forma	4,735		4,344		9,141		8,469	
Diluted:								
As reported	\$ 5,016	\$	4,548	\$	9,723	\$	8,911	
Pro forma	4,735		4,344		9,141		8,469	
Net income per common share:								
Basic:								
As reported	\$ 0.43	\$	0.41	\$	0.85	\$	0.80	
Pro forma	0.41		0.39		0.79		0.76	
Diluted:								
As reported	\$ 0.42	\$	0.39	\$	0.82	\$	0.76	
Pro forma	0.40		0.37		0.77		0.72	

The compensation expense included in the pro forma net income available to common stockholders on a diluted basis and diluted earnings per common share are not likely to be representative of the effect on reported net income for future years because options vest over several years and additional awards generally are made each year.

The fair value of options granted under the Company's stock option plans is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions used for new grants:

	Quarter Ended	
	2005	2004
Annual dividend yield	2.31 to 2.69 %	2.21 to 2.44 %
Expected volatility	29.2 to 31.2 %	31.7 to 34.2 %
Risk free interest rate	3.73 to 4.28 %	2.72 to 4.78 %
Expected lives	5 to 9 yrs	5 to 9 yrs

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2004 consolidated financial statements and/or schedules to conform to the 2005 presentation. These reclassifications may have affected certain ratios for the prior periods. The effect of these reclassifications is considered immaterial. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

The information included in this Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 filed with the SEC. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year.

Note 2: Recent Developments and Significant Events

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 123 (Revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment*, which replaces SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock Based Compensation*, and supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*. SFAS No. 123(R) requires that the compensation cost relating to share-based payment transactions (for example, stock options granted to employees of the Company) be recognized in the Company's consolidated financial statements. That cost will be measured based on the fair value of the equity or liability instruments used. SFAS No. 123(R) covers a wide range of share-based compensation arrangements including stock options, restricted stock plans, performance-based awards, stock appreciation rights, and employee stock purchase plans. On April 21, 2005, the SEC issued a ruling extending the mandatory compliance date for SFAS No. 123(R). Under the ruling, public entities (other than those filing as small business issuers) will be required to apply SFAS No. 123(R) as of the first interim or annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2005. The Company plans to adopt the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R) effective January 1, 2006, and is in the process of evaluating the impact on its consolidated financial position and consolidated results of operations.

Note 3: Business Segments

The Company is managed by legal entity and not by lines of business. The Bank is a community oriented commercial bank chartered in the State of Washington. The Bank's primary business is that of a traditional banking institution, gathering deposits and originating loans for its portfolio in its primary market area. The Bank offers a wide variety of deposit products to its consumer and commercial customers. Lending activities include the origination of real estate, commercial/agriculture business and consumer loans. The Bank is also an active participant in the secondary market, originating residential loans for sale on both a servicing released and servicing retained basis. In addition to interest income on loans and investment securities, the Bank receives other income from deposit service charges, loan servicing fees and from the sale of loans and investments. The performance of the Bank is reviewed by the Company's executive management and Board of Directors on a monthly basis. All of the executive officers of the Company are members of the Bank's executive management team.

Generally accepted accounting principles establish standards to report information about operating segments in annual financial statements and require reporting of selected information about operating segments in interim reports to stockholders. The Company has determined that its current business and operations consist of a single business segment.

Note 4: Additional Information Regarding Interest-Bearing Deposits and Securities

Encumbered Securities: Securities labeled "Encumbered" are pledged securities that are subject to certain agreements which may allow the secured party to either sell and replace them with similar but not the same security or otherwise pledge the securities. In accordance with SFAS No. 140, the amounts have been separately identified in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition as "Encumbered."

The following table sets forth additional detail on the Company's interest-bearing deposits and securities at the dates indicated (at carrying value) (in thousands):

	J	June 30 2005	December 31 2004	 June 30 2004
Interest-bearing deposits included in cash and due from banks	\$	15,619	\$ 47	\$ 7,053
Mortgage-backed securities	3	307,589	332,185	382,408
Other securities—taxable	2	220,660	216,826	220,445
Other securities—tax exempt		45,460	44,801	42,648
Equity securities with dividends		3,721	3,937	5,758
Total securities	-	577,430	597,749	651,259
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) stock		35,844	35,698	 35,387
	\$ 6	528,893	\$ 633,494	\$ 693,699

The following table provides additional detail on income from deposits and securities for the periods indicated (in thousands):

		Quarters June		Six Months Ended June 30					
	2005 2004					2005		2004	
Mortgage-backed securities interest	\$	3,586	\$	4,394	\$	7,259	\$	8,921	
Taxable interest and dividends		2,434		2,335		4,809		4,650	
Tax-exempt interest		509		456		1,012		877	
FHLB stock dividends				349		(29)		694	
		2,943		3,140		5,792		6,221	
	\$	6,529	\$	7,534	\$	13,051	\$	15,142	

Note 5: Calculation of Weighted Average Shares Outstanding for Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The following table reconciles total shares originally issued to weighted shares outstanding used to calculate earnings per share data (in thousands):

	Quarters Ende	ed	Six Months Ended				
	June 30		June 30				
_	2005	2004	2005	2004			
Total shares originally issued	13,201	13,201	13,201	13,201			
Less retired weighted average shares plus							
unvested weighted average shares allocated to MRP	(1,294)	(1,621)	(1,325)	(1,666)			
Less unallocated shares held by the ESOP	(375)	(439)	(375)	(439)			
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	11,532	11,141	11,501	11,096			
Plus unvested MRP and stock option incremental shares							
considered outstanding for diluted EPS calculations	363	579	407	590			
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	11,895	11,720	11,908	11,686			
_							

ITEM 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis and other portions of this report contain certain "forward-looking statements" concerning the future operations of the Company. Management desires to take advantage of the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and is including this statement for the express purpose of availing the Company of the protections of such safe harbor with respect to all "forward-looking statements" contained in this report and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004. We have used "forward-looking statements" to describe future plans and strategies, including our expectations of the Company's future financial results. Management's ability to predict results or the effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors which could cause actual results to differ materially include, but are not limited to, regional and general economic conditions, management's ability to maintain acceptable asset quality and to successfully resolve new or existing credit issues, competition, changes in interest rates, deposit flows, demand for mortgages and other loans, real estate values, agricultural commodity prices, crop yields and weather conditions, loan delinquency rates, changes in accounting principles, practices, policies or guidelines, changes in legislation or regulation, other economic, competitive, governmental, regulatory and technological factors affecting operations, pricing, products and services. Accordingly, these factors should be considered in evaluating the "forward-looking statements," and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. The Company undertakes no responsibility to update or revise any "forward-looking statements."

General

Banner Corporation, a Washington corporation, is primarily engaged in the business of commercial banking through its wholly owned subsidiary, Banner Bank. The Bank is a Washington-chartered commercial bank, the deposits of which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The Bank is a regional bank which offers a wide variety of commercial banking services and financial products to both businesses and individuals in its primary market areas. The Bank conducts business from its main office in Walla Walla, Washington, and its 52 branch offices and 13 loan production offices located in 24 counties in Washington, Oregon and Idaho.

The operating results of the Company depend primarily on its net interest income, which is the difference between interest income on interest-earning assets, consisting of loans and investment securities, and interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities, composed primarily of customer deposits and Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) advances. Net interest income is primarily a function of the Company's interest rate spread, which is the difference between the yield earned on interest-earning assets and the rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities, as well as a function of the average balances of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. As more fully explained below, the Company's net interest income increased \$3.5 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, compared to the same period a year earlier, primarily as a result of strong growth in interest-bearing assets and liabilities and improved credit quality.

The Company's net income also is affected by provisions for loan losses and the level of its other income, including deposit service charges, loan origination and servicing fees, and gains and losses on the sale of loans and securities, as well as its operating expenses and income tax provisions. The provision for loan losses, at \$1.3 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, declined by \$150,000, compared to \$1.5 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2004. Other operating income increased by \$500,000 to \$4.6 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 from \$4.1 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2004, largely as a result of increased deposit fees and mortgage banking activity. Other operating expenses increased \$3.3 million to \$22.8 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, from \$19.5 million for the same period in 2004, reflecting the Company's significant expansion as detailed below in the "Comparison of Financial Condition at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004" and "Comparison of Results of Operations for the Quarters and Six Months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004" contained in this report. Operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2005 exhibited similar increases as the current quarter's results and generally represent a continuation of trends reflected in the results for the quarter ended March 31, 2005.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is intended to assist in understanding the financial condition and results of operations of the Company. The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying Selected Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Form 10-Q.

Comparison of Financial Condition at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004

General: For the first six months of this year, total assets increased \$242.8 million, or 8.4%, from \$2.897 billion at December 31, 2004, to \$3.140 billion at June 30, 2005. The increase largely resulted from growth in the loan portfolio and was funded primarily by deposit growth. Both loan and deposit growth accelerated in the quarter ended June 30, 2005 compared to the quarter ended March 31, 2005. Net loans receivable (gross loans less loans in process, deferred fees and discounts, and allowance for loan losses) increased \$221.6 million, or 10.7%, from \$2.063 billion at December 31, 2004, to \$2.285 billion at June 30, 2005. Loan portfolio growth was broad-based and included increases of \$14.7 million in mortgage loans secured by commercial real estate, \$11.9 million in multifamily real estate loans, \$125.4 million in construction and land loans and \$41.2 million in non-mortgage commercial loans. These increases reflect the Company's continuing effort to increase the portion of its loans invested in commercial, construction and land development real estate loans, and non-mortgage commercial business loans. The large increase in construction and land loans was particularly noteworthy and reflects continued strong demand for and sales of new homes in many of the markets served by the Bank. For this six-month period, the Company also had an increase of \$29.2 million in one- to four-family residential real estate loans and \$1.3 million in agricultural business loans including those secured by farmland. By contrast, consumer loans decreased \$1.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2005.

Securities available for sale and held to maturity decreased \$20.3 million, or 3.4%, from \$597.7 million at December 31, 2004, to \$577.4 million at June 30, 2005, primarily as a result of prepayments on mortgage-backed securities, but also as a result of modest declines in the fair value of the portfolio designated as available for sale as a result of changes in the level of market interest rates. As noted in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition, higher market interest rates resulted in an unrealized holding loss of \$2.6 million for the Company's available for sale securities at June 30, 2005, compared to an unrealized loss of \$887,000 at December 31, 2004. The Company also had an increase of \$783,000 in bank-owned life insurance from the growth of cash surrender values on existing policies. Property and equipment increased by \$5.8 million to \$45.1 million at June 30, 2005, from \$39.3 million at December 31, 2004. The increase included the acquisition of sites for new branches to be built in Pasco, Washington and Meridian (Boise), Idaho, as well as construction costs associated with new offices in Walla Walla and Vancouver, Washington and tenant improvements made to locations in Spokane, Lynnwood and East Wenatchee, Washington.

Deposits grew \$249.0 million, or 12.9%, from \$1.926 billion at December 31, 2004, to \$2.175 billion at June 30, 2005. Non-interest-bearing deposits increased \$67.5 million, or 28.8%, while interest-bearing deposits increased \$181.5 million, or 10.7%, from the December 31, 2004 amounts. The aggregate total of transaction and savings accounts, including money market accounts, increased by \$161.5 million, reflecting the Bank's focused efforts to grow these important core deposits. Increasing core deposits is a key element of the Bank's expansion strategy including the recent and planned addition and renovation of branch locations as explained in more detail below. FHLB advances decreased \$17.1 million from \$583.6 million at December 31, 2004, to \$566.5 million at June 30, 2005, while other borrowings decreased \$2.2 million to \$65.9 million at June 30, 2005. The decrease in other borrowings reflects a decrease of \$5.0 million of repurchase agreement borrowings from securities dealers offset by a \$2.8 million increase in retail repurchase agreements which are primarily related to customer cash management accounts.

The following tables provide additional detail on the Company's loans and deposits (dollars in thousands):

		June 3 2005		Decemb 2004		June 30 2004			
			Percent		Percent		Percent		
<u>Loan Portfolio:</u>	Amount		of Total	Amount	of Total	Amount	of Total		
Loans (including loans held for sale):									
Commercial real estate	\$	562,240	24.3 % \$	547,574	26.2 %	\$ 506,411	26.5 %		
Multifamily real estate		119,668	5.2	107,745	5.1	104,936	5.5		
Construction and land		631,557	27.3	506,137	24.2	433,611	22.7		
Commercial business		436,428	18.9	395,249	18. 9	340,493	17.8		
Agricultural business, including		ŕ		,		,			
secured by farmland		149,651	6.5	148,343	7.1	160,920	8.4		
One- to four-family real estate		337,157	14.6	307,986	14.7	287,990	15.1		
Consumer		40,865		36,556		36,140			
Consumer secured by one- to four-family		37,079		43,258		38,918			
Total consumer		77,944	3.2	79,814	3.8	75,058	4.0		
Total loans outstanding	2	2,314,645	100.0 %	2,092,848	100.0 %	1,909,419	100.0 %		
Less allowance for loan losses		29,788	_	29,610		28,037			
Total net loans outstanding at end of	f								
period		2,284,857	\$	2,063,238		\$ 1,881,382			

	June 200		December 2004		June 30 2004			
Deposits:	Amount	Percent of Total	Amount	Percent of Total	Amount	Percent of Total		
Demand and NOW checking	\$ 600,483	27.6 % \$	\$ 472,584	24.5 %	\$ 485,453	26.5 %		
Regular savings accounts	155,969	7.2	155,931	8.1	51,285	2.8		
Money market accounts	275,797	12.7	242,218	12.6	249,797	13.6		
Total transaction and saving accounts	1,032,249	47.5	870,733	45.2	786,535	42.9		
Certificates which mature or reprice:								
Within 1 year	784,505		664,571		660,729			
After 1 year, but within 3 years	300,101		322,178		294,287			
After 3 years	58,060		68,427		91,042			
Total certificate accounts	1,142,666	52.5	1,055,176	54.8	1,046,058	57.1		
Total	\$ 2,174,915	100.0 %	1,925,909	100.0 %	\$ 1,832,593	100.0 %		

Comparison of Results of Operations for the Quarters and Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

General. For the guarter ended June 30, 2005, the Company had net income of \$5.0 million, or \$.42 per share (diluted), compared to net income of \$4.5 million, or \$.39 per share (diluted), for the guarter ended June 30, 2004. For the six months ended June 30, 2005, the Company had net income of \$9.7 million, or \$.82 per share (diluted), compared to net income of \$8.9 million, or \$.76 per share (diluted), for the same period ended June 30, 2004. The Company's improved operating results reflect significant growth of assets and liabilities, as well as changes in the mix of those assets and liabilities and decreased credit costs as a result of reductions in non-accrual loans and the provision for loan losses. The Company's operating results also reflect substantial increases in other operating expenses, particularly compensation, occupancy, information services, advertising and miscellaneous expenses reflecting the growth in locations, operations and staff as the Company continues to expand. New, relocated or renovated locations that contributed to the higher level of operating expenses during the current quarter, as compared to the same period a year ago, include new branches in Hillsboro, Oregon and Walla Walla, Washington that opened in the second quarter of 2004; a total reconstruction of the Bank's main Yakima, Washington branch which was completed in the fourth quarter of 2004; as well as five new branches in the greater Seattle area and the construction and relocation of a branch in Lynden, Washington, all of which became fully functional in the first quarter of 2005, and a new branch in East Wenatchee, Washington that opened in the second quarter of 2005. The Company also completed the renovation and took occupancy of a new operations facility in Walla Walla, Washington and significantly added to its Seattle corporate lending staff during the third quarter of 2004. During the first quarter of 2004, the Company opened new branches in Boise and Twin Falls, Idaho in leased offices. In addition, the Company currently has construction in progress for two new branch facilities in Walla Walla and Vancouver, Washington and is moving forward on plans for five previously announced facilities in southern Idaho.

Compared to levels a year ago, total assets increased 13.8% to \$3.140 billion at June 30, 2005, net loans increased 21.4% to \$2.285 billion, deposits grew 18.7% to \$2.175 billion, and borrowings, including junior subordinated debentures, increased \$4.8 million, or 0.7%, to \$704.5 million. Average interest-earning assets were \$2.854 billion for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, an increase of \$274.0 million, or 10.6%, compared to \$2.580 billion for the same period a year earlier. Average equity was 7.25% of average assets for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, compared to 7.59% of average assets for the quarter ended June 30, 2004, reflecting increased balance sheet leverage.

Net Interest Income. Net interest income before provision for loan losses increased to \$26.7 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, compared to \$23.4 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2004, largely as a result of the growth in average interest-earning assets noted above. The net interest margin of 3.75% in the current quarter was slightly higher when compared to 3.65% for the quarter ended June 30, 2004 and 3.71% for the quarter ended March 31, 2005. For the six months ended June 30, 2005, the net interest margin also increased, to 3.73% from 3.67%, for the six-month period ended June 30, 2004. This improvement in the net interest margin primarily reflects changes in both the asset and liability mix, although the lagged effect of increasing market interest rates on deposit costs, as more fully explained below, also contributed to the improvement. In particular, the average asset mix for both the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2005 reflected proportionately more loans, including more higher yielding commercial, construction and land development loans, and fewer investment securities than for the same periods a year earlier. At the same time, the average funding liability base had proportionately more deposits, including more non-interest bearing deposits, and proportionately fewer borrowings than in the prior year.

Interest Income. Interest income for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 was \$46.4 million, compared to \$37.8 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2004, an increase of \$8.5 million, or 22.6%. The increase in interest income occurred as a result of a 62 basis point increase in the average yield on interest-earning assets, as well as significant growth in those assets. The yield on average interest-earning assets increased to 6.52% for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, compared to 5.90% for the same period a year earlier. Average loans receivable for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 increased by \$365.6 million, or 19.7%, to \$2.224 billion, compared to \$1.858 billion for the quarter ended June 30, 2004. Interest income on loans for the quarter increased by \$9.5 million, or 31.5%, to \$39.8 million from \$30.3 million for the prior year, reflecting the impact of the increase in average loan balances combined with a 63 basis point increase in the average yield. The increase in average loan yield reflects the increases in the level of market interest rates during the past year, particularly in short-term interest rates including the prime rate and LIBOR indices which affect large portions of construction, land development, commercial and agricultural loans. The increase in average loan yields

also reflects changes in the mix of the loan portfolio. The average yield on loans was 7.19% for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, compared to 6.56% for the quarter ended June 30, 2004. While the recent level of market interest rates was significantly higher than a year earlier, loan yields did not change to the same degree as certain fixed-rate loans and loans with rate floors did not adjust upward in response to the initial increase in prime and other index rates. In addition, changes in the average credit risk profile of new borrowers and competitive pricing pressure resulted in lower spreads and yields on new loan originations. These factors were somewhat offset by changes in the loan mix, as growth has been most significant in some of the higher yielding adjustable-rate loan categories.

The combined average balance of mortgage-backed securities, investment securities, daily interest-bearing deposits and FHLB stock decreased by \$91.6 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, and the interest and dividend income from those investments decreased by \$1.0 million compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2004. The average yield on mortgage-backed securities increased to 4.51% for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, from 4.25% for the comparable period in 2004, reflecting reduced amortization of purchase premiums on certain portions of the portfolio as well as a reduction in the adverse effects of delayed receipt of principal payments on mortgage-backed securities as a result of slower prepayments and modestly higher rates on the portion of mortgage-backed securities that have adjustable interest rates. The average vield on other investment securities and cash equivalents increased to 4.29% for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, from 4.14% for the comparable quarter in 2004, largely reflecting the effect of higher market rates on certain adjustable rate securities. Earnings on FHLB stock decreased to \$0 in the quarter ended June 30, 2005 from \$349,000 in the comparable quarter in 2004, despite a \$802,000 increase in the average balance held, as the Company did not record any dividend income for the quarter. As a result, the dividend yield on FHLB stock was 0.0% for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, compared to 4.01% for the quarter ended June 30, 2004. Dividends on FHLB stock have been established on a quarterly basis by vote of the Directors of the FHLB of Seattle; however, during the quarter ended December 31, 2004, the FHLB of Seattle announced that at the direction of its regulator future dividends would likely be restricted while the FHLB attempted to improve its capital position. More recently, in a filing with the SEC, the FHLB indicated that it expects to generate only minimal earnings or possibly losses for the next two to three years. As a result, management does not expect that Banner Bank will receive any dividend income on this stock for the foreseeable future.

Interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2005 increased by \$14.6 million, or 19.6%, to \$89.0 million, from \$74.5 million for the comparable period in 2004. This increase in interest income is the result of the same growth, mix and market interest rate trends which affected the quarterly results explained above. Interest income from loans increased \$16.7 million, or 28.1%, to \$76.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005, from \$59.3 million for the comparable period in 2004. The increase in loan interest income reflects the impact of a \$370.5 million of growth in the average balance of loans receivable in addition to a 43 basis point increase in the yield on the loan balances. Interest income from mortgage-backed and investment securities and FHLB stock for the six months ended June 30, 2004 decreased \$2.1 million, to \$13.1 million in the current period, reflecting an \$87.1 million decrease in average balances and a seven basis point decrease in yield. Dividend income on FHLB stock decreased by \$723,000 compared to the year earlier period.

Interest Expense. Interest expense for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 was \$19.7 million, compared to \$14.4 million for the comparable period in 2004, an increase of \$5.2 million, or 36.2%. The increase in interest expense was the result of the significant growth in interest-bearing liabilities combined with a 52 basis point increase in the average cost of all interest-bearing liabilities to 2.84% from 2.32%, reflecting the higher levels of market interest rates and the maturity of certain lower-costing certificates of deposit and fixed-rate borrowings. Deposit interest expense increased \$3.7 million, or 44.5%, to \$12.1 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 compared to \$8.4 million for the same quarter a year ago, as a result of the significant deposit growth over the past twelve months as well as an increase in the cost of interest-bearing deposits. Reflecting the branch expansion and other growth initiatives, average deposit balances increased \$292.2 million, or 16.4%, to \$2.069 billion for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, from \$1.777 billion for the quarter ended June 30, 2004, while, at the same time, the average rate paid on deposit balances increased 45 basis points. Although deposit costs are significantly affected by changes in the level of market interest rates, changes in the average rate paid for deposits tend to be less severe and to lag changes in market interest rates. This lower degree of volatility and lag effect for deposit pricing has been evident in the modest increase in deposit costs as the Federal Reserve has moved to increase short-term interest rates by 2.25% over the past thirteen months.

Average FHLB advances totaled \$572.7 million during the quarter ended June 30, 2005, compared to \$581.1 million during the quarter ended June 30, 2004, a decrease of \$8.4 million, or 1.4%, that was completely offset by the effects of a 72 basis point increase in the average cost of advances, resulting in a \$965,000 increase in related interest expense. The average rate paid on FHLB advances increased to 4.15% for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, from 3.43% for the quarter ended June 30, 2004. While FHLB advances are generally fixed-rate, fixed-term borrowings, many of the Bank's more recent advances carried relatively shorter terms and were established in periods when market rates were lower. Reflecting the maturity and repricing of these short-term advances, the increased cost in the current quarter reflects new advances priced at current market rates. Junior subordinated debentures which were issued in connection with trust preferred securities had an average balance of \$72.2 million and an average cost of 6.63% (including amortization of prepaid underwriting costs) for the quarter ended June 30, 2005. Junior subordinated debentures outstanding in the same quarter of the prior year had the same average balance of \$72.2 million but a much lower average rate of 4.70%. The junior subordinated debentures are adjustable-rate instruments with repricing frequencies of three to six months. The increased cost of the junior subordinated debentures reflects recent increases in short-term market interest rates. Other borrowings consist of retail repurchase agreements with customers and reverse repurchase agreements with investment banking firms secured by certain investment securities. The average balance for other borrowings decreased \$8.0 million, or 11.1%, to \$63.8 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, from \$71.8 million for the same period in 2004, while the related interest expense increased \$169,000, to \$392,000 from \$223,000 for the respective periods. The average balance of the wholesale borrowings from brokers decreased \$18.4 million, which was partially offset by a \$10.4 million increase in the average balance of customer retail repurchase agreements. The average rate paid on other borrowings was 2.47% in the quarter ended June 30, 2005, compared to 1.25% for the same quarter in 2004. The Company's other borrowings generally have relatively short terms and therefore reprice to current market levels more quickly than deposits and FHLB advances, which generally lag current market rates, although, similar to deposits, customer retail repurchase agreements have a lower degree of volatility than most market rates.

A comparison of total interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2005 shows an increase of \$8.7 million, or 30.8%, from the comparable period in 2004. The interest expense reflects an increase in average deposits of \$291.4 million combined with a \$14.8 million decrease in FHLB advances, trust preferred securities and other borrowings. The effect on interest expense of the \$276.6 million increase in average interest-bearing liabilities was also accompanied by a 42 basis point increase in the interest paid on those liabilities. The effect of higher market rates on the cost of these funds was partially mitigated by deposit pricing characteristics noted above and as deposits, including non-interest-bearing deposits, became a proportionately larger source of funds.

The following tables provide additional comparative data on the Company's operating performance (dollars in thousands):

No. Process Process			Quarters	s Ende	d	Six Months Ended					
Investmet securities and eash equivalents	Average Balances		June	30			June	30			
Mortgage-backed obligations			2005		2004		2005		2004		
Public seric ser	Investment securities and cash equivalents	\$	275,192	\$	271,284	\$	273,199	\$	270,611		
PHLB stock	Mortgage-backed obligations		319,105		415,452		322,799		413,431		
Non-interest-earning assets	Loans receivable		2,224,089		1,858,449		2,175,233		1,804,723		
Non-interest-earning assets	FHLB stock		35,844		35,042		35,773		84,870		
Total average assets \$ 3,029,935 \$ 2,729,520 \$ 2,950,600 \$ 1,776,837 \$ 2,015,104 1,723,673 Deposits \$ 2,069,062 \$ 1,776,837 \$ 2,015,104 1,723,673 50,000 <t< td=""><td>Total average interest-earning assets</td><td></td><td>2,854,230</td><td></td><td>2,580,227</td><td>,</td><td>2,807,004</td><td></td><td>2,523,635</td></t<>	Total average interest-earning assets		2,854,230		2,580,227	,	2,807,004		2,523,635		
Deposits	Non-interest-earning assets		175,705		149,293		172,686		156,365		
Section FILIB	Total average assets	\$	3,029,935	\$	2,729,520	\$	2,979,690	\$	2,680,000		
Section FILIB	Denosits	\$	2.069.062	\$	1.776.837	\$	2.015.104		1.723.673		
Punior subordinated debentures		4		*		*					
Other borrowings 63,776 71,761 65,782 71,421 Total average interest-bearing liabilities 2,777,722 2,501,884 2,729,176 2,452,591 Non-interest-bearing liabilities 32,409 20,468 30,795 19,968 Total average liabilities 2,810,131 2,522,352 2,759,971 2,472,559 Equity 219,804 207,168 219,719 207,441 Total average liabilities and equity 5,3029,935 2,729,520 2,297,969 2,680,000 Interest Rate Yield/Expense (rates are annualized) Interest Rate Yield 4,149 4,30% 4,11% Mortgage-backed obligations 4,51% 4,25% 4,53% 4,14% Coans receivable 7,19% 6,55% 7,04% 6,61% FHLB stock 0,00% 4,01% 0,016% 4,00% Total interest rate yield on interest-earning assets 2,35% 1,90% 4,26% 1,90% Advances from FHLB 4,15% 3,43% 4,04 3,25% 2,22% 1,30%											
Total average interest-bearing liabilities 2,777,722 2,501,884 2,729,176 2,452,591 Non-interest-bearing liabilities 32,409 20,468 30,795 19,968 Total average liabilities 2,810,131 2,522,352 2,759,971 2,472,559 Equity 219,804 207,168 219,719 207,441 Total average liabilities and equity 83,029,935 2,729,520 2,979,690 26,800,000 Interest Rate Vield/Expense (rates are annualized) Interest Rate Vield/Expense (rates are annualized) 84,29% 4,14% 4,30% 4,11% Mortgage-backed obligations 4,51% 4,25% 4,53% 4,34% Loans receivable 7,19% 6,56% 7,04% 6,61% FHLB stock 0,00% 4,01% 0,161% 4,00% Total interest rate yield on interest-earning assets 6,52% 5,90% 6,40% 5,93% Interest Rate Expense: 2 2,35% 1,90% 2,26% 1,90% Advances from FHLB 4,15% 3,43% 4,04% <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>											
Total average liabilities											
Total average liabilities	Non-interest-hearing liabilities		32,409		20 468		30 795		19 968		
Total average liabilities and equity \$ 3,029,935 \$ 2,729,520 \$ 2,979,690 \$ 2,680,000		-							2,472,559		
Total average liabilities and equity \$ 3,029,935 \$ 2,729,520 \$ 2,979,690 \$ 2,680,000	Equity		219.804		207.168		219.719		207.441		
Interest Rate Yield: Investment securities and cash equivalents	* *	\$		\$		\$		\$			
Interest Rate Yield: Investment securities and cash equivalents	Interest Rate Vield/Expense (rates are annualized)										
Investment securities and cash equivalents		-									
Mortgage-backed obligations 4.51 % 4.25 % 4.53 % 4.34 % Loans receivable 7.19 % 6.56 % 7.04 % 6.61 % FHLB stock 0.00 % 4.01 % (0.16) % 4.00 % Total interest rate yield on interest-earning assets 6.52 % 5.90 % 6.40 % 5.93 % Interest Rate Expense: Total interest rate expense: Total interest rate expense: 1.90 % 2.26 % 1.90 % Advances from FHLB 4.15 % 3.43 % 4.04 % 3.42 % Junior subordinated debentures 6.63 % 4.70 % 6.32 % 4.75 % Other borrowings 2.47 % 1.25 % 2.22 % 1.30 % Total interest rate expense on interest-bearing liabilities 2.84 % 2.32 % 2.74 % 2.32 % Interest spread 3.68 % 3.58 % 3.66 % 3.61 % Net interest margin on interest earning assets 3.75 % 3.65 % 3.73 % 3.67 % Edificiency ratio 70.00 monitorest (other operating) expenses / average assets 3.02 % 2.88 % 2.98 %			4 20 %	<u>/</u>	111%		4 30 %	'	111%		
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Provision and Allowance for Loan Losses. During the quarter ended June 30, 2005, the provision for loan losses was \$1.3 million, compared to \$1.5 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2004, a decrease of \$150,000. As discussed in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, the provision and allowance for loan losses is one of the most critical accounting estimates included in the Company's consolidated financial statements. The provision for loan losses reflects the amount required to maintain the allowance for losses at an appropriate level based upon management's evaluation of the adequacy of general and specific loss reserves as more fully explained below.

The provision in the current quarter reflects lower levels of non-performing loans, improvement in the current economic environment and strengthening in the prospects for collection on previously identified non-performing loans, balanced against significant growth in the size of the loan portfolio. While net charge-offs were \$1.2 million for the current quarter, compared to \$298,000 for the same quarter a year earlier, non-performing loans decreased \$9.3 million to \$16.0 million at June 30, 2005, compared to \$25.3 million at June 30, 2004. For the past eighteen months non-performing loans have been primarily concentrated in a few agricultural loans and agricultural-related business loans due from borrowers located in northeastern Oregon. Generally, these problem loans reflect unique operating difficulties for the individual borrower rather than a weakness in the overall economy of the area, farm commodity prices or growing conditions. A comparison of the allowance for loan losses at June 30, 2005 and 2004 shows an increase of \$1.8 million to \$29.8 million at June 30, 2005, from \$28.0 million at June 30, 2004. The allowance for loan losses as a percentage of total loans (loans receivable excluding allowance for losses) was 1.29% and 1.47% at June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively. The allowance as a percentage of non-performing loans increased to 187% at June 30, 2005, compared to 111% a year earlier.

In originating loans, the Company recognizes that losses will be experienced and that the risk of loss will vary with, among other things, the type of loan being made, the creditworthiness of the borrower over the term of the loan, general economic conditions and, in the case of a secured loan, the quality of the collateral for the loan. As a result, the Company maintains an allowance for loan losses consistent with the GAAP guidelines outlined in SFAS No. 5, *Accounting for Contingencies*. The Company has established systematic methodologies for the determination of the adequacy of its allowance for loan losses. The methodologies are set forth in a formal policy and take into consideration the need for an overall general valuation allowance as well as specific allowances that are tied to individual problem loans. The Company increases its allowance for loan losses by charging provisions for probable loan losses against the Company's income and values impaired loans consistent with the guidelines in SFAS No. 114, *Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan—Income Recognition and Disclosure*.

The allowance for losses on loans is maintained at a level sufficient to provide for estimated losses based on evaluating known and inherent risks in the loan portfolio and upon management's continuing analysis of the factors underlying the quality of the loan portfolio. These factors include changes in the size and composition of the loan portfolio, delinquency rates, actual loan loss experience, current and anticipated economic conditions, detailed analysis of individual loans for which full collectibility may not be assured, and determination of the existence and realizable value of the collateral and guarantees securing the loans. Realized losses related to specific assets are applied as a reduction of the carrying value of the assets and charged immediately against the allowance for loan loss reserve. Recoveries on previously charged off loans are credited to the allowance. The reserve is based upon factors and trends identified by management at the time financial statements are prepared. In addition, various regulatory agencies, as an integral part of their examination process, periodically review the allowance for loan losses. These agencies may require changes to the allowance based upon judgments different from those of management. Although management uses the best information available, future adjustments to the allowance may be necessary due to economic, operating, regulatory and other conditions beyond the Company's control. The adequacy of general and specific reserves is based on management's continuing evaluation of the pertinent factors underlying the quality of the loan portfolio, including changes in the size and composition of the loan portfolio, delinquency rates, actual loan loss experience and current economic conditions, as well as individual review of certain large balance loans. Large groups of smaller-balance homogeneous loans are collectively evaluated for impairment. Loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment include residential real estate and consumer loans. Smaller balance non-homogeneous loans also may be evaluated collectively for impairment. Larger balance non-homogeneous residential construction and land, commercial real estate, commercial business loans and unsecured loans are individually evaluated for impairment. Loans are considered impaired when, based on current information and events, management determines that it is probable that the Bank will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Factors involved in determining impairment include, but are not limited to, the financial condition of the borrower, value of the underlying collateral and current status of the economy. Impaired loans are measured based on the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate or, as a practical expedient, at the loan's observable market price or the fair value of collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. Subsequent changes in the value of impaired loans are included within the provision for loan losses in the same manner in which impairment initially was recognized or as a reduction in the provision that would otherwise be reported. As of June 30, 2005, the Company had identified \$15.9 million of impaired loans as defined by SFAS No. 114 and had established \$3.2 million of loss allowances related to these loans.

The Company's methodology for assessing the appropriateness of the allowance consists of several key elements, which include specific allowances, an allocated formula allowance and an unallocated allowance. Losses on specific loans are provided for when the losses are probable and estimable. General loan loss reserves are established to provide for inherent loan portfolio risks not specifically provided for. The level of general reserves is based on analysis of potential exposures existing in the Bank's loan portfolio including evaluation of historical trends, current market conditions and other relevant factors identified by management at the time the financial statements are prepared. The formula allowance is calculated by applying loss factors to outstanding loans, excluding loans with specific allowances. Loss factors are based on the Company's historical loss experience adjusted for significant factors including the experience of other banking organizations that, in management's judgment, affect the collectibility of the portfolio as of the evaluation date. The unallocated allowance is based upon management's evaluation of various factors that are not directly measured in the determination of the formula and specific allowances. This methodology may result in losses or recoveries differing significantly from those provided in the financial statements.

The following tables provide additional detail on the Company's allowance for loan losses (dollars in thousands):

		-	rs Endeo ne 30	d	Six Months Ended June 30					
Allowance for Loan Losses:		2005		2004	2005	2004				
Balance, beginning of the period	\$	29,736	\$	26,885 \$	29,610 \$	26,060				
Provision for loan losses		1,300		1,450	2,503	2,900				
Recoveries of loans previously charged off:										
One- to four-family real estate										
Commercial real estate		22		115	187	115				
Multifamily real estate		6			6					
Construction and land		108			113					
Commercial business		67		158	241	297				
Agricultural business, including secured by farmland		7			21	3				
Consumer		9		12	24	21				
		219	<u> </u>	285	592	436				
Loans charged off:										
One- to four-family real estate		(122)		(12)	(122)	(36)				
Commercial real estate				(81)	(121)	(326)				
Multifamily real estate					(8)					
Construction and land		1			(217)	(100)				
Commercial business		(604)		(398)	(723)	(737)				
Agricultural business, including secured by farmland		(626)			(1,491)					
Consumer		(116)		(92)	(235)	(160)				
		(1,467)		(583)	(2,917)	(1,359)				
Net charge-offs		(1,248)		(298)	(2,325)	(923)				
Balance, end of the period	\$	29,788	\$	28,037 \$	29,788 \$	28,037				
Net charge-offs as a percentage of average net book value of	of loans									
outstanding for the period		0.06 %	6	0.02 %	0.11 %	0.05 %				

The following is a schedule of the Company's allocation of the allowance for loan losses (dollars in thousands):

	June 30 2005			2004	June 30 2004		
Specific or allocated loss allowances:							
One- to four-family real estate	\$	785	\$	782	\$	641	
Commercial real estate		5,453		5,046		5,749	
Multifamily real estate		598		539		525	
Construction and land		6,979		5,556		5,108	
Commercial business		10,047		9,226		8,486	
Agricultural business, including secured by farmland		3,497		3,628		3,839	
Consumer		545		464		482	
Total allocated		27,904		25,241		24,830	
Estimated allowance for undisbursed commitments		411		197		324	
Unallocated		1,473		4,172		2,883	
Total allowance for loan losses	\$	29,788	\$	29,610	\$	28,037	
Allowance for loan losses as a percentage of total loans outstanding		1.29 %	/.	1.41 %	<i>7</i> .	1.47 %	
(loans receivable excluding allowance for losses)							
Ratio of allowance for loan losses to non-performing loans		187 %	0	186 %	0	111 %	

Other Operating Income. Other operating income was \$4.6 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, an increase of \$500,000 from the quarter ended June 30, 2004. Deposit fee and service charge income increased by \$344,000, or 16.7%, to \$2.4 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, compared to \$2.1 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2004, primarily reflecting growth in customer transaction accounts, although changes in certain pricing schedules also contributed to the increase. Loan servicing fees declined by \$115,000 to \$232,000 for the current quarter, from \$347,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2004, as the portfolio of serviced loans decreased modestly and prepayment fees and other servicing charges declined. Offsetting the decline in loan servicing fees was an improvement in the gain on sale of loans, which increased by \$193,000 to \$1.6 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, compared to \$1.5 million for the same quarter a year earlier as mortgage banking activity improved somewhat. Loan sales for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 totaled \$106.7 million, compared to \$100.5 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2004. Gain on sale of loans for the Company included \$127,000 of fees on \$11.4 million of loans which were brokered and are not reflected in the volume of loans sold. Other miscellaneous income increased \$132,000 while the gain on sale of securities decreased by \$54,000 compared to a year earlier, although neither amount reflected a significant change in the underlying activities.

Other operating income for the six months ended June 30, 2005 increased \$681,000 to \$8.6 million, from \$7.9 million for the comparable period in 2004. Similar to the quarter's results, this includes a \$505,000 increase in deposit fee and service charge income and a \$172,000 increase in the gain on sale of loans. In addition, loan servicing fees increased by \$58,000 compared to the first six months of 2004. Loan sales increased from \$172.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2004 to \$184.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005.

Other Operating Expenses. Other operating expenses increased \$3.3 million, or 16.7%, to \$22.8 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, from \$19.5 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2004. Other operating expenses reflect the growth in assets and liabilities, customer relationships and complexity of operations as the Company continues to expand. The higher level of operating expenses in the current quarter includes significant increases in compensation, occupancy and information services for additional branch, deposit services and commercial loan expansion to position the Company for future growth. In addition, compensation was higher as a result of increased mortgage loan commissions and general wage and salary increases, as well as increased costs associated with employee benefit programs and employer-paid taxes. The Company also continued to increase its commitment to advertising and marketing expenditures, which were \$171,000 greater in the quarter ended June 30, 2005 than in the same period in the prior year. The increase in expenses includes operating costs associated with the recent opening of six new branch offices in Kent, Everett, Edmonds, Lynnwood, Mercer Island and East Wenatchee, Washington and the creation of an international banking department, as well as offices in Hillsboro, Oregon and Walla Walla, Washington which were opened in the second quarter of 2004. The Company's efficiency ratio increased to 72.76% for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 from 70.98% for the comparable period in 2004, in large part reflecting start up costs associated with this branch growth. Other operating expenses as a percentage of average assets increased to 3.02% for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, compared to 2.88% for the quarter ended June 30, 2004, reflecting this significant growth in expenses. The Company expects continued increases in the absolute level of operating expenses as a result of its announced expansion plans; however, over time, management believes that this expansion will lead to a lower relative cost of funds and enhanced revenues which should result in an improved efficiency ratio and stronger operating results.

Other operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2004 increased \$5.7 million, or 15.0%, from \$38.4 million the first six months of 2004, to \$44.1 million in the current period. As explained above, the increase is primarily as a result of the increase in compensation, occupancy and advertising expenses as locations, staffing and the volume of activity have expanded while the Bank positions itself for future growth. Partially offsetting these expenses was an increase in capitalized loan origination costs reflecting increased origination volumes as well as increased loan production costs.

Income Taxes. Income tax expense was \$2.2 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, compared to \$2.0 million for the comparable period in 2004. The Company's effective tax rates for the quarters ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 were 30.7% and 30.4%, respectively. The effective tax rates in both periods reflect the recording of tax credits related to certain Community Reinvestment Act (CRA) investments. The slightly higher effective tax rate in the current period is primarily a result of a slight decrease in the relative combined effect of the tax credits from CRA investments and tax-exempt income from interest on municipal securities and earnings on bank-owned life insurance as other taxable net revenue sources increased.

Income tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2004 increased to \$4.2 million, compared to \$3.9 million in the comparable period in 2004. The Company's effective tax rates for the six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 were 30.3% and 30.3%, respectively.

Asset Quality

Classified Assets: State and federal regulations require that the Bank review and classify its problem assets on a regular basis. In addition, in connection with examinations of insured institutions, state and federal examiners have authority to identify problem assets and, if appropriate, require them to be classified. The Bank's Credit Policy Division reviews detailed information with respect to the composition and performance of the loan portfolio, including information on risk concentrations, delinquencies and classified assets. The Credit Policy Division approves all recommendations for new classified assets or changes in classifications, and develops and monitors action plans to resolve the problems associated with the assets. The Credit Policy Division also approves recommendations for establishing the appropriate level of the allowance for loan losses. Significant problem loans are transferred to the Bank's Special Assets Department for resolution or collection activities. The Board of Directors is given a detailed report on classified assets and asset quality at least quarterly.

Allowance for Loan Losses: In originating loans, the Company recognizes that losses will be experienced and that the risk of loss will vary with, among other things, the type of loan being made, the creditworthiness of the borrower over the term of the loan, general economic conditions and, in the case of a secured loan, the quality of the security for the loan. As a result, the Company maintains an allowance for loan losses consistent with GAAP guidelines. The Company increases its allowance for loan losses by charging provisions for probable loan losses against the Company's

income. The allowance for losses on loans is maintained at a level which, in management's judgment, is sufficient to provide for estimated losses based on evaluating known and inherent risks in the loan portfolio and upon continuing analysis of the factors underlying the quality of the loan portfolio. The Company's asset quality indicators were significantly improved in the quarter ended June 30, 2005 compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2004, resulting in slightly reduced loan loss provisioning in comparison to the same period a year earlier. At June 30, 2005, the Company had an allowance for loan losses of \$29.8 million, which represented 1.29% of total loans and 187% of non-performing loans, compared to 1.47% and 111%, respectively, at June 30, 2004.

Non-Performing Assets: Non-performing assets decreased 40.2% to \$17.3 million, or 0.55% of total assets, at June 30, 2005, compared to \$28.9 million, or 1.05% of total assets, at June 30, 2004. At June 30, 2005, the Bank's largest non-performing loan exposure was for loans totaling \$3.5 million to a diversified farming operation in northeastern Oregon which were secured by land, crops, receivables and equipment. The Company's next largest non-performing loan exposure encompasses loans totaling \$2.8 million to an agricultural-related business operating in northeastern Oregon which are primarily secured by non-farm real estate and processing equipment. The Company had two additional non-performing credit relationships with balances in excess of \$1.0 million, with a combined aggregate carrying value of \$2.6 million at June 30, 2005. At June 30, 2005, the Company had \$1.3 million of real estate owned and other repossessed assets which primarily consisted of three single-family residences with a book value of \$1.1 million, a speculative construction loan with a book value of \$100,000 and a commercial property with a book value of \$100,000. While meaningful progress was made in the past year, reducing non-performing loans and improving asset quality will continue to be important activities to enhance the Bank's operating performance in future periods.

The following table sets forth information with respect to the Bank's non-performing assets and restructured loans within the meaning of SFAS No. 15, *Accounting by Debtors and Creditors for Troubled Debt Restructuring*, at the dates indicated (dollars in thousands):

	June 30 2005		De	ecember 31 2004		June 30 2004
Non-performing assets at end of the period:						
Nonaccrual Loans:						
Secured by real estate:						
One- to four-family	\$	1,158	\$	393	\$	486
Commercial		1,603		2,212		5,386
Multifamily						
Construction and land		2,931		2,219		2,838
Commercial business		4,020		3,167		5,666
Agricultural business, including secured by farmland		5,871		7,407		9,691
Consumer		276		18		51
		15,859		15,416		24,118
Loans more than 90 days delinquent, still on accrual:						
Secured by real estate:						
One- to four-family		107		419		998
Commercial						
Multifamily						
Construction and land						98
Commercial business						
Agricultural business, including secured by farmland						
Consumer		3		53		43
		110		472		1,139
Total non-performing loans		15,969		15,888		25,257
Real estate owned, held for sale, and other repossessed assets, net	_	1,290		1,559		3,613
Total non-performing assets at the end of the period	\$	17,259	\$	17,447	\$	28,870
Non-performing loans as a percentage of total net loans before allowance for loan losses	at					
end of the period		0.69	6	0.76 9	%	1.32 %
Non-performing assets as a percentage of total assets at end of the period		0.55 9	6	0.60	%	1.05 %
Troubled debt restructuring at end of the period	\$		\$		\$	

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's primary sources of funds are deposits, borrowings, proceeds from loan principal and interest payments and sales of loans, and the maturity of and interest income on mortgage-backed and investment securities. While maturities and scheduled repayments of loans and mortgage-backed securities are a predictable source of funds, deposit flows and mortgage prepayments are greatly influenced by market interest rates, economic conditions and competition.

The primary investing activity of the Company, through its subsidiaries, is the origination and purchase of loans and purchase of investment securities. During the six months ended June 30, 2005, the Company had loan originations, net of principal repayments, of \$403 million and purchased loans in the amount of \$1.1 million. For the six months ended June 30, 2005, the Company's securities purchases totaled \$28.7 million. This activity was funded primarily by principal repayments on securities, sales of loans and deposit growth. During the six months ended June 30, 2005, the Company sold \$184.9 million of loans and generated net deposit growth of \$249.0 million, while FHLB advances decreased \$17.1 million and other borrowings decreased \$2.2 million.

The Bank must maintain an adequate level of liquidity to ensure the availability of sufficient funds to accommodate deposit withdrawals, to support loan growth, to satisfy financial commitments and to take advantage of investment opportunities. During the quarter ended June 30, 2005, the Bank used its sources of funds primarily to fund loan commitments, purchase securities, repay FHLB advances and other borrowings, and pay maturing savings certificates and deposit withdrawals. At June 30, 2005, the Bank had outstanding loan commitments totaling \$906.4 million, including undisbursed loans in process totaling \$819.6 million. The Bank generally maintains sufficient cash and readily marketable securities to meet short-term liquidity needs. The Bank maintains a credit facility with the FHLB of Seattle, which provides for advances which, in aggregate, may equal the lesser of 35% of the Bank's assets or unencumbered qualifying collateral, up to a total possible credit line of \$803.0 million. Advances under this credit facility totaled \$566.5 million, or 18% of the Bank's assets, at June 30, 2005.

At June 30, 2005, certificates of deposit amounted to \$1.143 billion, or 53% of the Bank's total deposits, including \$784.5 million which were scheduled to mature within one year. While no assurance can be given as to future periods, historically, the Bank has been able to retain a significant amount of its deposits as they mature. Management believes it has adequate resources to fund all loan commitments from customer deposits, FHLB advances, other borrowings, principal and interest payments and sale of mortgage loans and that it can adjust the offering rates for savings certificates to retain deposits in changing interest rate environments.

Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Risk

The Bank has financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. Those instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The Bank's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument from commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual notional amount of those instruments. The Bank uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as for on-balance-sheet instruments. As of June 30, 2005, outstanding commitments consist of the following (in thousands):

	 ontract or Notional
	 Amount
Financial instruments whose contract amounts represent credit risk:	
Commitments to extend credit	
Real estate secured for commercial, construction or land development	\$ 412,965
Revolving open-end lines secured by one- to four-family residential properties	35,919
Other, primarily business and agricultural loans	402,645
Real estate secured by one- to four-family residential properties	43,538
Standby letters of credit and financial guarantees	 11,341
Total	\$ 906,408
Commitments to sell loans secured by one- to four-family residential properties	\$ 43,538

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer, as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Many of the commitments may expire without being drawn upon; therefore, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. Each customer's creditworthiness is evaluated on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the customer. The type of collateral held varies, but may include accounts receivable, inventory, property, plant and equipment, and income producing commercial properties.

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued to guarantee a customer's performance or payment to a third party. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers.

Interest rates on residential one- to four-family mortgage loan applications are typically rate locked (committed) to customers during the application stage for periods ranging from 15 to 45 days, the most typical period being 30 days. Typically, pricing for the sale of these loans is locked with various qualified investors under a best-efforts delivery program at or near the time the interest rate is locked with the customer. The Bank makes every effort to deliver these loans before their rate locks expire. This arrangement generally requires the Bank to deliver the loans prior to the expiration of the rate lock. Delays in funding the loans can require a lock extension. The cost of a lock extension at times is borne by the customer and at times by the Bank. These lock extension costs paid by the Bank are not expected to have a material impact to operations. This activity is managed daily. Changes in the value of rate lock commitments are recorded as other assets and liabilities. See "Derivative Instruments" under Note 1 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 filed with the SEC.

Capital Requirements

The Company is a bank holding company registered with the Federal Reserve. Bank holding companies are subject to capital adequacy requirements of the Federal Reserve under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended, and the regulations of the Federal Reserve. The Bank, as a state-chartered, federally insured commercial bank, is subject to the capital requirements established by the FDIC.

The capital adequacy requirements are quantitative measures established by regulation that require the Company and the Bank to maintain minimum amounts and ratios of capital. The Federal Reserve requires the Company to maintain capital adequacy that generally parallels the FDIC requirements. The FDIC requires the Bank to maintain minimum ratios of Tier 1 total capital to risk-weighted assets as well as Tier 1 leverage capital to average assets. At June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the Company and the Bank exceeded all current regulatory capital requirements. See Item 1, "Business—Regulation," and Note 18 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 filed with the SEC for additional information regarding the Company's and the Bank's regulatory capital requirements.

The actual regulatory capital ratios calculated for the Company and the Bank as of June 30, 2005, along with the minimum capital amounts and ratios, were as follows (dollars in thousands):

		Actual			nimum for capi	1 3	Minimum to be categorized a "well-capitalized" under prompt corrective action provisions			
		Amount	Ratio	Amount		Ratio		Amount	Ratio	
June 30, 2005:										
The Company—consolidated										
Total capital to risk-weighted assets	\$	288,914	11.32 %	\$	204,265	8.00 %		N/A	N/A	
Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets		256,199	10.04		102,132	4.00		N/A	N/A	
Tier 1 leverage capital to average assets		256,199	8.55		119,817	4.00		N/A	N/A	
The Bank										
Total capital to risk-weighted assets		265,424	10.42		203,861	8.00	\$	254,826	10.00 %	
Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets		234,877	9.22		101,931	4.00		152,896	6.00	
Tier 1 leverage capital to average assets		234,877	7.85		119,616	4.00		149,520	5.00	

ITEM 3 - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market Risk and Asset/Liability Management

The financial condition and results of operations of the Company are influenced significantly by general economic conditions, including the absolute level of interest rates as well as changes in interest rates and the slope of the yield curve. The Company's profitability is dependent to a large extent on its net interest income, which is the difference between the interest received from its interest-earning assets and the interest expense incurred on its interest-bearing liabilities.

The activities of the Company, like all financial institutions, inherently involve the assumption of interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will have an adverse impact on the institution's earnings and underlying economic value. Interest rate risk is determined by the maturity and repricing characteristics of an institution's assets, liabilities and off-balance-sheet contracts. Interest rate risk is measured by the variability of financial performance and economic value resulting from changes in interest rates. Interest rate risk is the primary market risk affecting the Company's financial performance.

The greatest source of interest rate risk to the Company results from the mismatch of maturities or repricing intervals for rate sensitive assets, liabilities and off-balance-sheet contracts. This mismatch or gap is generally characterized by a substantially shorter maturity structure for interest-bearing liabilities than interest-earning assets. Additional interest rate risk results from mismatched repricing indices and formulae (basis risk and yield curve risk), and product caps and floors and early repayment or withdrawal provisions (option risk), which may be contractual or market driven, that are generally more favorable to customers than to the Company. An exception to this generalization in recent periods preceding the current quarter has been the beneficial effect of interest rate floors on many of the Company's floating rate loans which have helped maintain higher loan yields despite declining levels of market interest rates. However, in the low interest rate environment of the past two years, these rate floors have declined over time. Further, because these rate floors exceed what would otherwise be the note rate on certain variable or floating rate loans, those loans have been less responsive to recently increasing market rates than has historically been the case, injecting an additional element of interest rate risk into the Company's operations.

The principal objectives of asset/liability management are to evaluate the interest-rate risk exposure of the Company; to determine the level of risk appropriate given the Company's operating environment, business plan strategies, performance objectives, capital and liquidity constraints, and asset and liability allocation alternatives; and to manage the Company's interest rate risk consistent with regulatory guidelines and approved policies of the Board of Directors. Through such management, the Company seeks to reduce the vulnerability of its earnings and capital position to changes in the level of interest rates. The Company's actions in this regard are taken under the guidance of the Asset/Liability Management Committee, which is composed of members of the Company's senior management. The Committee closely monitors the Company's interest sensitivity exposure, asset and liability allocation decisions, liquidity and capital positions, and local and national economic conditions, and attempts to structure the loan and investment portfolios and funding sources of the Company to maximize earnings within acceptable risk tolerances.

Sensitivity Analysis

The Company's primary monitoring tool for assessing interest rate risk is asset/liability simulation modeling which is designed to capture the dynamics of balance sheet, interest rate and spread movements and to quantify variations in net interest income resulting from those movements under different rate environments. The sensitivity of net interest income to changes in the modeled interest rate environments provides a measurement of interest rate risk. The Company also utilizes market value analysis, which addresses changes in estimated net market value of equity arising from changes in the level of interest rates. The net market value of equity is estimated by separately valuing the Company's assets and liabilities under varying interest rate environments. The extent to which assets gain or lose value in relation to the gains or losses of liability values under the various interest rate assumptions determines the sensitivity of net equity value to changes in interest rates and provides an additional measure of interest rate risk.

The interest rate sensitivity analysis performed by the Company incorporates beginning-of-the-period rate, balance and maturity data, using various levels of aggregation of that data, as well as certain assumptions concerning the maturity, repricing, amortization and prepayment characteristics of loans and other interest-earning assets and the repricing and withdrawal of deposits and other interest-bearing liabilities into an asset/liability computer simulation model. The Company updates and prepares simulation modeling at least quarterly for review by senior management and the Board of Directors. The Company believes the data and assumptions are realistic representations of its portfolio and possible outcomes under the various interest rate scenarios. Nonetheless, the interest rate sensitivity of the Company's net interest income and net market value of equity could vary substantially if different assumptions were used or if actual experience differs from the assumptions used.

The table of *Interest Rate Risk Indicators* sets forth, as of June 30, 2005, the estimated changes in the Company's net interest income over a one-year time horizon and the estimated changes in market value of equity based on the indicated interest rate environments.

Interest Rate Risk Indicators

		Estimated C	Change	in	
Change (in Basis Points) in Interest Rates (1)	Net Interest Income Next 12 Months			Net Market Valu	ıe
		(dollars in the	nousanc	ls)	
+300	\$ (1,111)	(1.0)%	\$	(68,073)	(25.4)%
+200	(422)	(0.4)		(41,722)	(15.4)
+100	93	0.1		(17,457)	(6.5)
0	0	0		0	0
-50	(803)	(0.7)		(7,201)	(2.7)
-100	(1,871)	(1.7)		(3,023)	(1.1)
-200	(3,323)	(3.1)		(21,086)	(7.8)

⁽¹⁾ Assumes an instantaneous and sustained uniform change in market interest rates at all maturities.

Another, although less reliable, monitoring tool for assessing interest rate risk is "gap analysis." The matching of the repricing characteristics of assets and liabilities may be analyzed by examining the extent to which such assets and liabilities are "interest sensitive" and by monitoring an institution's interest sensitivity "gap." An asset or liability is said to be interest sensitive within a specific time period if it will mature or reprice within that time period. The interest rate sensitivity gap is defined as the difference between the amount of interest-earning assets anticipated, based upon certain assumptions, to mature or reprice within a specific time period and the amount of interest-bearing liabilities anticipated to mature or reprice, based upon certain assumptions, within that same time period. A gap is considered positive when the amount of interest sensitive liabilities. A gap is considered negative when the amount of interest sensitive liabilities exceeds the amount of interest sensitive liabilities. A gap is considered negative gap would tend to adversely affect net interest income while a positive gap would tend to result in an increase in net interest income. During a period of falling interest rates, a negative gap would tend to result in an increase in net interest income.

Certain shortcomings are inherent in gap analysis. For example, although certain assets and liabilities may have similar maturities or periods of repricing, they may react in different degrees to changes in market rates. Also, the interest rates on certain types of assets and liabilities may fluctuate in advance of changes in market rates, while interest rates on other types may lag behind changes in market rates. Additionally, certain assets, such as adjustable-rate loans, have features that restrict changes in interest rates on a short-term basis and over the life of the asset. Further, in the event of a change in interest rates, prepayment and early withdrawal levels would likely deviate significantly from those assumed in calculating the table. Finally, the ability of some borrowers to service their debt may decrease in the event of a severe interest rate increase.

The table of *Interest Sensitivity Gap* presents the Company's interest sensitivity gap between interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities at June 30, 2005. The table sets forth the amounts of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities which are anticipated by the Company, based upon certain assumptions, to reprice or mature in each of the future periods shown. At June 30, 2005, total interest-bearing assets maturing or repricing within one year were less than total interest-earning liabilities maturing or repricing in the same time period by \$68.0 million, representing a one-year gap to total assets ratio of (2.17%).

Interest Sensitivity Gap as of June 30, 2005	Within 6 Months	Months With		er 1 Year Vithin 3 Years	After 3 Years Within 5 Years	V	After 5 Years Vithin 10 Years				Total	
Interest-earning assets: (1)					(donar	.s iii tiiousaiiu	3)					
	420,085	\$	12,635	\$	3,647	\$ 376	\$	276	\$	56	\$	437,075
Fixed-rate mortgage loans	71,287		47,170	•	132,222	106,935	*	103,052	-	31,362	-	492,028
Adjustable-rate mortgage loans	309,078		75,017		196,012	173,832		315				754,254
Fixed-rate mortgage-backed securities	37,265		29,060		78,454	42,729		40,881		14,221		242,610
Adjustable-rate mortgage-backed securities	12,887		3,845		12,686	9,529		28,363		·		67,310
Fixed-rate commercial/agricultural loans	36,506	2	28,793		45,067	21,795		3,548		75		135,784
Adjustable-rate commercial/agricultural loans	398,988		5,423		14,765	6,939		84		67		426,266
Consumer and other loans	48,349		5,954		13,499	6,158		3,414		474		77,848
Investment securities and interest-earning deposits	64,285		5,935		58,921	120,309		15,681		43,389		308,520
Total rate sensitive assets	1,398,730	2:	13,832		555,273	488,602		195,614		89,644		2,941,695
Interest-bearing liabilities: (2)												
Regular savings and NOW accounts	68,128	(68,128		158,965	158,965						454,186
Money market deposit accounts	137,899	8	82,739		55,159							275,797
Certificates of deposit	523,063	20	61,481		300,064	43,397		14,627		35		1,142,667
FHLB advances	360,600	4	41,000		60,930	73,079		30,849				566,458
Other borrowings	24,804											24,804
Junior subordinated debentures	72,168											72,168
Retail repurchase agreements	40,281		285		106			428		<u></u>		41,100
Total rate sensitive liabilities	1,226,943	45	53,633		575,224	275,441		45,904		35		2,577,180
Excess (deficiency) of interest-sensitive assets over interest-sensitive liabilities	§ 171,787	\$ (23	39,801)	\$	(19,951)	\$ 213,161	\$	149,710	\$	89,609	\$	364,515
	171,787		68,014)	\$	(87,965)	\$ 125,196	\$	274,906	\$	364,515	\$	364,515
Cumulative ratio of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities	114.00 %		95.95 %		96.10 %	104.95	%	110.67 %)	114.14 %		114.14 %
Interest sensitivity gap to total assets	5.47 %		(7.64)%		(0.64)%	6.79		4.77 %		2.86 %		11.61 %
Ratio of cumulative gap to total assets	5.47 %		(2.17)%		(2.80)%	3.99		8.76 %	_	11.61 %	_	11.61 %
rano of camalative gap to total assets	J. T / /0		(2.17)/	<i></i>	(2.00)/0	3.99		0.70 /0	<i></i>	11.01 /0	_	11.01 /0

(footnotes on following page)

Footnotes for Table of Interest Sensitivity Gap

- (1) Adjustable-rate assets are included in the period in which interest rates are next scheduled to adjust rather than in the period in which they are due to mature, and fixed-rate assets are included in the periods in which they are scheduled to be repaid based upon scheduled amortization, in each case adjusted to take into account estimated prepayments. Mortgage loans and other loans are not reduced for allowances for loan losses and non-performing loans. Mortgage loans, mortgage-backed securities, other loans and investment securities are not adjusted for deferred fees and unamortized acquisition premiums and discounts.
- (2) Adjustable- and variable-rate liabilities are included in the period in which interest rates are next scheduled to adjust rather than in the period they are due to mature. Although the Bank's regular savings, NOW and money market deposit accounts are subject to immediate withdrawal, management considers a substantial amount of such accounts to be core deposits having significantly longer maturities. For the purpose of the gap analysis, these accounts have been assigned decay rates to reflect their longer effective maturities. If all of these accounts had been assumed to be short-term, the one year cumulative gap of interest-sensitive assets would have been negative \$441.1 million, or (14.05%) of total assets. Interest-bearing liabilities for this table exclude certain non-interest-bearing deposits which are included in the average balance calculations in the table contained in the section Comparison of Results of Operations for the Quarters and Six Months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 of this report.

ITEM 4 - Controls and Procedures

The management of Banner Corporation is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act). A control procedure, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that its objectives are met. Also, because of the inherent limitations in all control procedures, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. As a result of these inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Further, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

- (a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures: An evaluation of Company disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act) was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and several other members of the Company's senior management as of the end of the period covered by this report. The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of June 30, 2005, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective in ensuring that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is (i) accumulated and communicated to the Company's management (including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer) in a timely manner, and (ii) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.
- (b) Changes in Internal Controls: In the quarter ended June 30, 2005, there was no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In the normal course of business, the Company and the Bank have various legal proceedings and other contingent matters outstanding. These proceedings and the associated legal claims are often contested and the outcome of individual matters is not always predictable. These claims and counter claims typically arise during the course of collection efforts on problem loans or with respect to action to enforce liens on properties in which the Bank holds a security interest. The Company and the Bank are not a party to any pending legal proceedings that management believes would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition or operations of the Company.

Maximum

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity in Securities and Use of Proceeds

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

P	Total Number of Shares	Average Price		Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly	Number of Shares that May yet be Purchased Under	
Beginning	Ending	Purchased (1)	Paid per Share		Announced Plan	the Plan
January 1, 2005	January 31, 2005	609	\$	28.255		
February 1, 2005	February 28, 2005	7,419	\$	29.096		
March 1, 2005	June 30, 2005		\$			
April 1, 2005	April 30, 2005	18,163	\$	27.695		
May 1, 2005	May 31, 2005		\$			
June 1, 2005	June 30, 2005	49,359	\$	27.710		
July 1, 2005	July 31, 2005	n/a	\$			
August 1, 2005	August 31, 2005	n/a	\$			
September 1, 2005	September 30, 2005	n/a	\$			
October 1, 2005	October 31, 2005	n/a	\$			
November 1, 2005	November 30, 2005	n/a	\$			
December 1, 2005	December 31, 2005	n/a	\$	<u></u>		
Total		75,550	\$	27.847		100,000 (2)

- (1) Shares indicated as purchased during the periods presented were acquired at current market values in payment of the exercise price of certain exercised options.
- (2) On July 22, 2004, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to 100,000 shares of the Company's outstanding common stock over the following twelve months. As of June 30, 2005, no shares had been repurchased under this program. On July 26, 2005, the Board of Directors again authorized the repurchase of up to 100,000 shares of the Company's outstanding common stock over the next twelve months.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not Applicable.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Stockholders

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Company was held on April 26, 2005. At the annual meeting there were a total number of 11,879,673 shares eligible to vote, of which 10,376,546 were received or cast at the meeting. The result of the vote on the election of directors was as follows:

The following individuals were elected as directors:

	FOR		WITHHELD	
	# of votes	Percentage of shares voted	# of votes	Percentage of shares voted
Jesse G. Foster	10,301,311	99.27%	75,235	0.73%
D. Michael Jones	10,317,275	99.43%	59,271	0.57%
Dean W. Mitchell	10,275,077	99.02%	101,469	0.98%
Brent A. Orrico	10,307,578	99.34%	69,968	0.66%
Constance H. Kravas	10,300,290	99.27%	76,256	0.73%

The terms of Directors Gordon E. Budke, David B. Casper, Michael M. Smith, Robert D. Adams, Wilber Pribilsky, Edward L. Epstein and Gary Sirmon continued.

Item 5. Other Information

Not Applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibits	_
3{a}	Articles of Incorporation of Registrant [incorporated by reference to Exhibit B to the Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Stockholders dated June 10, 1998].
3{b}	Bylaws of Registrant [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 filed with the Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 24, 1998 (file No. 0-26584)].
10{a}	Employment Agreement with Gary L. Sirmon, dated as of January 1, 2004 [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 (File No. 0-26584)].
10{b}	Executive Salary Continuation Agreement with Gary L. Sirmon [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 1996 (File No. 0-26584)].
10{c}	Employment Agreement with Michael K. Larsen [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 1996 (File No. 0-26584)].
10{d}	Executive Salary Continuation Agreement with Michael K. Larsen [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 1996 (File No. 0-26584)].
10{e}	1996 Stock Option Plan [incorporated by reference to Exhibit A to the Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Stockholders dated June 10, 1996].
10{f}	1996 Management Recognition and Development Plan [incorporated by reference to Exhibit B to the Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Stockholders dated June 10, 1996].
10{g}	Consultant Agreement with Jesse G. Foster, dated as of December 19, 2003. [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 (File No. 0-23584)].
10{h}	Supplemental Retirement Plan as Amended with Jesse G. Foster [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 1997 (file No. 0-26584)].
10{i}	Towne Bank of Woodinville 1992 Stock Option Plan [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Registration Statement on Form S-8 dated April 2, 1998 (file No. 333-49193)].
10{j}	Whatcom State Bank 1991 Stock Option Plan [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Registration Statement on Form S-8 dated February 2, 1999 (file No. 333-71625)].
$10\{k\}$	Employment Agreement with Lloyd W. Baker [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 (file No. 0-26584)].
10{1}	Employment Agreement with D. Michael Jones [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 (file No. 0-26584)].
10{m}	Supplemental Executive Retirement Program Agreement with D. Michael Jones [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 (file No. 0-26584)].
10{n}	Form of Supplemental Executive Retirement Program Agreement with Gary Sirmon, Michael K. Larsen, Lloyd W. Baker and Cynthia D. Purcell [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 (file No. 0-26584)].
10{o}	1998 Stock Option Plan [incorporated by reference to Exhibit A to the Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Stockholders dated June 10, 1998].
10{p}	2001 Stock Option Plan [incorporated by reference to Exhibit B to the Proxy Statement of the Annual Meeting of Stockholders dated March 16, 2001].
10{q}	Form of Employment Contract entered into with Cynthia D. Purcell, Richard B. Barton, Paul E. Folz, John R. Neill and Douglas M. Bennett [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 (File No. 0-26584)].
14	Code of Ethics [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 (File No. 0-26584)].
21	Subsidiaries of the Registrant [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 (File No. 0-26584)].
23.1	Consent of Registered Independent Public Accounting Firm – Moss Adams LLP [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 (File No. 0-26584)].
23.2	Consent of Registered Independent Public Accounting Firm – Deloitte & Touche LLP [incorporated by reference to exhibits filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 (File No. 0-26584)].
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 dated August 8, 2005.

- Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 dated August 8, 2005.
- Certificate of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 dated August 8, 2005.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Banner Corporation

August 8, 2005

/s/ D. Michael Jones

D. Michael Jones

President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

August 8, 2005

/s/ Lloyd W. Baker

Lloyd W. Baker Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

EXHIBIT 31.1

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER OF BANNER CORPORATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1934

I, D. Michael Jones, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Banner Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 8, 2005 /s/D. Michael Jones
D. Michael Jones

Chief Executive Officer

EXHIBIT 31.2

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OF BANNER CORPORATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d -14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1934

I, Lloyd W. Baker, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Banner Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 8, 2005 /s/Lloyd W. Baker
Lloyd W. Baker

Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT 32

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OF BANNER CORPORATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

The undersigned hereby certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and in connection with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, that:

- the report fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and
- the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the Company's financial condition and results of operations as of the dates and for the periods presented in the financial statements included in such report.

August 8, 2005	/s/D. Michael Jones D. Michael Jones Chief Executive Officer
August 8, 2005	/s/Lloyd W. Baker Lloyd W. Baker

Chief Financial Officer