



STRUCTURED INVESTMENTS

Opportunities in International Equities

\$2,500,600 Trigger Jump Securities Based on the Level of the EURO STOXX 50® Index, due February 3, 2022

Principal at Risk Securities

The Trigger Jump Securities, which we refer to as the securities, offer the opportunity to earn a return based on the performance of the EURO STOXX 50® Index. Unlike ordinary debt securities, the securities do not pay interest and do not guarantee the return of any principal at maturity. Instead, if the final level on the valuation date is greater than or equal to the initial level, you will receive a positive return on the securities equal to the greater of (1) the return represented by the upside payment and (2) the index performance factor (as each term is defined below). The upside payment equals \$5.40 per security (54% of the principal amount). If the final level is less than the initial level, but greater than or equal to the trigger level, you will receive the stated principal amount of the securities. However, if the final level is less than the trigger level, you will receive a payment that is less than the stated principal amount by an amount that is proportionate to the percentage decrease in the final level from the initial level. Under these circumstances, the payment at maturity will be less than \$6.50 per \$10 stated principal amount of the securities, and could be zero. Accordingly, investors may lose their entire initial investment in the securities. These long-dated securities are for investors who seek an equity index-based return and who are willing to risk their principal and forgo current income in exchange for the fixed upside payment and limited protection against the loss of principal that apply to a limited range of the performance of the underlying index. Any payments on the securities are subject to the credit risk of HSBC.

SUMMARY TERMS			
Issuer:	HSBC USA Inc.		
Underlying index:	EURO STOXX 50 [®] Index (Bloomberg symbol: SX5E)		
Aggregate principal amount:	\$2,500,600		
Stated principal amount:	\$10 per security		
Issue price:	\$10 per security		
Pricing date:	January 29, 2016		
Original issue date:	February 3, 2016		
Maturity date:	February 3, 2022, subject to adjustment Dates, Call Payment Dates and Maturity		. ,
Payment at maturity (per security):	• If the final level is <i>greater than or equal to</i> the initial level: \$10 + the greater of (1) the upside payment and (2) the product of (a) \$10 and (b) the index performance factor		
	If the final level is less than the initial	I level but greater than or equal to the t	rigger level: \$10
	• If the final level is <i>less than</i> the trigg	er level: \$10 + (\$10 × index performand	ce factor)
	Under these circumstances, the payment at maturity will be less than \$6.50 per \$10 stated principal amount of the securities, and could be zero. You may lose all of your investment.		
Interest:	None		
Upside payment:	\$5.40 per security (54% of the stated principal amount).		
Index performance factor:	(final level - initial level) / initial level		
Initial level:	3,045.09, which was the closing level of the underlying index on the pricing date		
Final level:	The closing level of the underlying index on the valuation date		
Trigger level:	1,979.31, which is 65% of the initial level	1,979.31, which is 65% of the initial level (rounded to two decimal places)	
Valuation date:	January 31, 2022, subject to adjustment as described in "Additional Terms of the Notes—Valuation Dates" in the accompanying Equity Index Underlying Supplement.		
Estimated initial value:	The estimated initial value of the securities is less than the price you pay to purchase the securities. The estimated initial value does not represent a minimum price at which we or any of our affiliates would be willing to purchase your securities in the secondary market, if any, at any time. See "Risk Factors—The estimated initial value of the securities, which was determined by us on the pricing date, is less than the price to public and may differ from the market value of the securities in the secondary market, if any."		
CUSIP / ISIN:	40434K214 / US40434K2143		
Listing:	The securities will not be listed on any se	ecurities exchange.	
Agent:	HSBC Securities (USA) Inc., an affiliate of HSBC. See "Additional Information about the Trigger Jump Securities—Additional Provisions—Supplemental plan of distribution (conflicts of interest)."		
Commissions and issue price:	Price to public	Agent's commissions	Proceeds to issuer
Per security	\$10	\$0.30 ⁽¹⁾	\$9.65
		\$0.05 ⁽²⁾	
Total	\$2,500,600	\$75,018 \$12,503	\$2,413,079
	nt for HSBC, will receive a fee of \$0.35 per \$10 stated princ Information About the Trigger Jump Securities – Additional		

The estimated initial value of the securities as of the pricing date is \$9.335 per security, which is less than the price to public. The market value of the securities at any time will reflect many factors and cannot be predicted with accuracy. See "Estimated initial value" above and "Risk Factors" beginning on page 5 of this document for additional information.

An investment in the securities involves certain risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 5 of this pricing supplement, page S-2 of the Equity Index Underlying Supplement and page S-1 of the prospectus supplement.

Neither the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved the securities, or determined that this pricing supplement or the accompanying Equity Index Underlying Supplement, prospectus supplement or prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

⁽²⁾ Of the amount per \$10 stated principal amount received by HSBC Securities (USA) Inc., acting as agent for HSBC, HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. will pay Morgan Stanley Wealth Management a structuring fee of \$0.05 for each security.



Principal at Risk Securities

You should read this document together with the related Equity Index Underlying Supplement, prospectus supplement and prospectus, each of which can be accessed via the hyperlinks below. Please also see "Additional Information about the Trigger Jump Securities" beginning on page 11 of this pricing supplement.

The Equity Index Underlying Supplement at: http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/83246/000114420415014327/v403626_424b2.htm

The prospectus at: http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/83246/000119312515078931/d884345d424b3.htm

The securities are not deposit liabilities or other obligations of a bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency of the United States or any other jurisdiction, and involve investment risks, including possible loss of the principal amount invested due to the credit risk of HSBC.



Principal at Risk Securities

Investment Summary

Trigger Jump Securities

Principal at Risk Securities

The Trigger Jump Securities Based on the Level of the EURO STOXX 50[®] Index, due February 3, 2022 (the "securities") can be used:

- As an alternative to direct exposure to the underlying index that provides a minimum positive return of 54% if the underlying index has appreciated or has not depreciated at all as of the valuation date, and offers an uncapped 1 to 1 participation in any increase in the level of the underlying index if the final level is greater than the initial level by more than 54%.
- To enhance returns and potentially outperform the underlying index in a moderately bullish scenario.
- To obtain limited protection against the loss of principal if the final level is less than the initial level, but only so long as the final level is greater than or equal to the trigger level.

The securities are exposed on a 1 to 1 basis to any percentage decline of the final level beyond the trigger level. Accordingly, investors may lose their entire initial investment in the securities.

Maturity:	Six years
Payment at maturity:	 If the final level is greater than or equal to the initial level: \$10 + the greater of (1) the upside payment and (2) the product of (a) \$10 and (b) the index performance factor If the final level is less than the initial level but greater than or equal to the trigger level: \$10 If the final level is less than the trigger level: \$10 + (\$10 x index performance factor)
Upside payment:	\$5.40 per security (54% of the stated principal amount).
Trigger level:	1,979.31, which is 65% of the initial level (rounded to two decimal places)
Interest:	None
Minimum payment at maturity:	None. Investors may lose their entire initial investment in the securities.

Key Investment Rationale

This six-year investment does not pay interest but offers a positive return of 54% if the final level on the valuation date is greater than or equal to the initial level. If the final level is less than the initial level, but greater than or equal to the trigger level, you will receive the stated principal amount of the securities. However, if the final level is less than the trigger level, the payment at maturity will be less than \$6.50 per \$10 in stated principal amount of the securities, and could be zero.

Accordingly, investors may lose their entire initial investment in the securities.

Upside Scenario	The final level is greater than or equal to the initial level. In this scenario, for each security, we will pay \$10 plus the greater of (1) the upside payment and (2) the product of (a) \$10 and (b) the index performance factor. The upside payment is \$5.40 per security (54% of the stated principal amount).
Par Scenario	The final level is less than the initial level but greater than or equal to the trigger level. In this scenario, the payment at maturity for each security will be equal to the stated principal amount of \$10 per security.
Downside Scenario	The final level is less than the trigger level. In this scenario, we will pay less than the stated principal amount of \$10 per security by an amount proportionate to the decrease in the level of the underlying index from the initial level (e.g., a 50% depreciation in the underlying index will result in the payment at maturity of \$5 per security). There is no minimum payment at maturity, and you could lose your entire investment.



Principal at Risk Securities

How the Trigger Jump Securities Work

Payoff Diagram

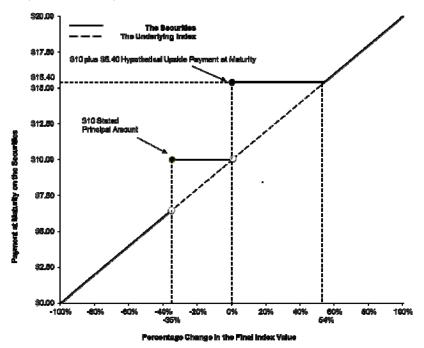
The payoff diagram below illustrates the payment at maturity on the securities for a range of hypothetical percentage changes in the underlying index. The diagram is based on the following terms:

Stated principal amount:	\$10 per security
Upside payment:	\$5.40 (54% of the stated principal amount)
Trigger level:	65% of the initial level
Minimum payment at maturity:	None

Trigger Jump Securities Payoff Diagram

How it works

- **Upside Scenario**: If the final level is **greater than or equal to** the initial level, the payment at maturity on the securities is \$10 plus the greater of (1) the upside payment and (2) the product of (a) \$10 and (b) the index performance factor. Under the terms of the securities, an investor would receive a payment at maturity equal to \$15.40 per security if the final level is equal to the initial level or greater than the initial level by no more than 54%, and would receive \$10 plus an amount that represents a 1 to 1 participation in any increase in the level of the underlying index if the final level is greater than the initial level by more than 54%.
- Par Scenario: If the final level is less than the initial level but greater than or equal to the trigger level, an investor would receive the stated principal amount of \$10 per security at maturity.
- **Downside Scenario:** If the final level is **less than** the trigger level, the payment at maturity will be less than the stated principal amount of \$10 per security by an amount that is proportionate to the percentage decrease in the final level from the initial level. For example, if the underlying index decreased by 50%, the payment at maturity would be \$5.00 per security (50% of the stated principal amount). There is no minimum payment at maturity on the securities, and you could lose your entire investment.





Principal at Risk Securities

Risk Factors

We urge you to read the section "Risk Factors" on page S-2 in the accompanying prospectus supplement and on page S-1 of the Equity Index Underlying Supplement. Investing in the securities is not equivalent to investing directly in the components of the underlying index. You should understand the risks of investing in the securities and should reach an investment decision only after careful consideration, with your advisors, of the suitability of the securities in light of your particular financial circumstances and the information set forth in this pricing supplement and the accompanying Equity Index Underlying Supplement, prospectus supplement and prospectus.

In addition to the risks discussed below, you should review "Risk Factors" in the accompanying prospectus supplement and Equity Index Underlying Supplement, including the explanation of risks relating to the securities described in the following sections of the Equity Index Underlying Supplement:

- "— Risks Relating to All Note Issuances" in the prospectus supplement; and
- "- General Risks Related to Indices" in the Equity Index Underlying Supplement.

You will be subject to significant risks not associated with conventional fixed-rate or floating-rate debt securities.

- The securities do not pay interest or guarantee any return of principal. The terms of the securities differ from those of ordinary debt securities in that the securities do not pay interest or guarantee payment of any of the principal amount at maturity. At maturity, you will receive for each \$10 stated principal amount of securities that you hold, an amount in cash based on the final level of the underlying index. If the final level is less than the trigger level, you will receive for each security that you hold a payment at maturity that is less than the stated principal amount of each security by an amount proportionate to the decrease in the closing level of the underlying index from the initial level, and in this scenario, you will lose a significant portion or all of your investment. You may lose up to 100% of the stated principal amount of the securities.
- The market price of the securities will be influenced by many unpredictable factors. Many factors will influence the value of the securities in the secondary market and the price at which HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. may be willing to purchase or sell the securities in the secondary market, including: the value, volatility and dividend yield, as applicable, of the underlying index and the its component securities, interest and yield rates, time remaining to maturity, geopolitical conditions and economic, financial, political and regulatory or judicial events, the composition of the underlying index and changes in the constituent securities of the underlying index and any actual or anticipated changes in our credit ratings or credit spreads. Generally, the longer the time remaining to maturity, the more the market price of the securities will be affected by the other factors described above. The level of the underlying index may be, and has recently been, volatile, and we can give you no assurance that the volatility will lessen. You may receive less, and possibly significantly less, than the stated principal amount per security if you sell your securities prior to maturity.
- Investing in the securities is not equivalent to investing in components of the underlying index. Investing in the securities is not equivalent to investing in the component securities of the underlying index. Investors in the securities will not have voting rights or rights to receive dividends or other distributions or any other rights with respect to the securities comprising the underlying index.
- The amount payable on the securities is not linked to the level of the underlying index at any time other than the valuation date. The final level will be based on the closing level of the underlying index on the valuation date, subject to postponement for non-trading days and certain market disruption events. Even if the level of the underlying index increases prior to the valuation date (or does not decrease below the trigger level) but then decreases by the valuation date, the payment at maturity will be less, and may be significantly less, than it would have been had the payment at maturity been linked to the level of the underlying index prior to the valuation date. Although the actual level of the underlying index on the stated maturity date or at other times during the term of the securities may be higher than the final level, the payment at maturity will be based solely on the closing level of the underlying index on the valuation date.
- Risks associated with non-U.S. companies. The value of the SX5E depends upon the stocks of non-U.S. companies companies located within the Eurozone, and thus involve risks associated with the home countries of those non-U.S. companies, some of which are and have been experiencing economic stress. The prices of these non-U.S. stocks may be affected by political, economic, financial and social factors in the home country of



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each applicable company, including changes in that country's government, economic and fiscal policies, currency exchange laws or other laws or restrictions, which could affect the value of the Trigger Jump Securities. These foreign securities may have less liquidity and could be more volatile than many of the securities traded in U.S. or other securities markets. Direct or indirect government intervention to stabilize the relevant foreign securities markets, as well as cross shareholdings in foreign companies, may affect trading levels or prices and volumes in those markets. The other special risks associated with foreign securities may include, but are not limited to: less liquidity and smaller market capitalizations; less rigorous regulation of securities markets; different accounting and disclosure standards; governmental interference; currency fluctuations; higher inflation; and social, economic and political uncertainties. These factors may adversely affect the performance of the SX5E and, as a result, the value of the Trigger Jump Securities.

- The securities will not be adjusted for changes in exchange rates. Although the equity securities comprising the underlying index are traded in euro, and the securities are denominated in U.S. dollars, the underlying index and the amount payable on the securities at maturity, if any, will not be adjusted for changes in the exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and the currencies in which these non-U.S. equity securities are denominated. Changes in exchange rates, however, may reflect changes in the Eurozone economy that in turn may affect the value of the underlying index, and therefore the securities.
- Adjustments to the underlying index could adversely affect the value of the securities. STOXX, the publisher of the underlying index, may add, delete or substitute the stocks comprising the underlying index. In addition, the publisher of the underlying index may make other methodological changes that could change the level of the underlying index. Further, the publisher of the underlying index may discontinue or suspend calculation or publication of the underlying index at any time. Any such actions could affect the value of and the return on the securities.
- Credit risk of HSBC USA Inc. The securities are senior unsecured debt obligations of the Issuer, HSBC, and are not, either directly or indirectly, an obligation of any third party. As further described in the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus, the securities will rank on par with all of the other unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations of HSBC, except such obligations as may be preferred by operation of law. Any payment to be made on the securities depends on the ability of HSBC to satisfy its obligations as they come due. As a result, the actual and perceived creditworthiness of HSBC may affect the market value of the securities and, in the event HSBC were to default on its obligations, you may not receive the amounts owed to you under the terms of the securities and could lose your entire investment.
- The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange and secondary trading may be limited. The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange. Therefore, there may be little or no secondary market for the securities. HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. may, but is not obligated to, make a market in the securities. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the securities easily. Because we do not expect that other broker dealers will participate significantly in the secondary market for the securities, the price at which you may be able to trade your securities is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. is willing to transact. If, at any time, HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. were to cease making a market in the securities, it is likely that there would be no secondary market for the securities. Accordingly, you should be willing to hold your securities to maturity.



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- The estimated initial value of the securities, which was determined by us on the pricing date, is less than the price to public and may differ from the market value of the securities in the secondary market, if any. The estimated initial value of the securities was calculated by us on the pricing date and is less than the price to public. The estimated initial value reflects our internal funding rate, which is the borrowing rate we pay to issue market-linked securities, as well as the mid-market value of the embedded derivatives in the securities. This internal funding rate is typically lower than the rate we would pay when we issue conventional fixed or floating rate debt securities. As a result of the difference between our internal funding rate and the rate we would use when we issue conventional fixed or floating rate debt securities, the estimated initial value of the securities may be lower if it were based on the prices at which our fixed or floating rate debt securities trade in the secondary market. In addition, if we were to use the rate we use for our conventional fixed or floating rate debt issuances, we would expect the economic terms of the securities to be more favorable to you. We determined the value of the embedded derivatives in the securities by reference to our or our affiliates' internal pricing models. These pricing models consider certain assumptions and variables, which can include volatility and interest rates. Different pricing models and assumptions could provide valuations for the securities that are different from our estimated initial value. These pricing models rely in part on certain forecasts about future events, which may prove to be incorrect. The estimated initial value does not represent a minimum price at which we or any of our affiliates would be willing to purchase your securities in the secondary market (if any exists) at any time.
- The price of your securities in the secondary market, if any, immediately after the pricing date will be less than the price to public. The price to public takes into account certain costs. These costs include the underwriting discount, our affiliates' projected hedging profits (which may or may not be realized) for assuming risks inherent in hedging our obligations under the securities, and the costs associated with structuring and hedging our obligations under the securities. These costs, except for the underwriting discount, will be used or retained by us or one of our affiliates. If you were to sell your securities in the secondary market, if any, the price you would receive for your securities may be less than the price you paid for them because secondary market prices will not take into account these costs. The price of your securities in the secondary market, if any, at any time after issuance will vary based on many factors, including the level of the underlying index and changes in market conditions, and cannot be predicted with accuracy. The securities are not designed to be short-term trading instruments, and you should, therefore, be able and willing to hold the securities to maturity. Any sale of the securities prior to maturity could result in a loss to you.
- If HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. were to repurchase your securities immediately after the original issue date, the price you receive may be higher than the estimated initial value of the securities. Assuming that all relevant factors remain constant after the original issue date, the price at which HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. may initially buy or sell the securities in the secondary market, if any, and the value that we may initially use for customer account statements, if we provide any customer account statements at all, may exceed the estimated initial value on the pricing date for a temporary period expected to be approximately 3 months after the original issue date. This temporary price difference may exist because, in our discretion, we may elect to effectively reimburse to investors a portion of the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the securities and other costs in connection with the securities that we will no longer expect to incur over the term of the securities. We will make such discretionary election and determine this temporary reimbursement period on the basis of a number of factors, including the tenor of the securities and any agreement we may have with the distributors of the securities. The amount of our estimated costs which we effectively reimburse to investors in this way may not be allocated ratably throughout the reimbursement period, and we may discontinue such reimbursement at any time or revise the duration of the reimbursement period after the original issue date of the securities based on changes in market conditions and other factors that cannot be predicted.



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- Hedging and trading activity by our affiliates could potentially affect the value of the securities. One or more of our affiliates and/or third party dealers have carried out and will continue to carry out hedging activities related to the securities (and possibly to other instruments linked to the underlying index or its component securities), including trading in the component securities as well as in other instruments related to the underlying index. As a result, these entities may be unwinding or adjusting hedge positions during the term of the securities, and the hedging strategy may involve greater and more frequent dynamic adjustments to the hedge as the valuation date approaches. Some of our affiliates also trade the component securities and other financial instruments related to the underlying index on a regular basis as part of their general broker-dealer and other businesses. Any of these hedging or trading activities on or prior to the pricing date could have increased the initial level of the underlying index, and, therefore, could have increased the level at or above which the underlying index must close on the valuation date so that investors do not suffer a significant loss on their initial investment in the securities. Such hedging or trading activities during the term of the securities, including on the valuation date, could adversely affect the level of the underlying index during the term of the securities, including on the valuation date and, accordingly, the amount of cash an investor will receive at maturity, if any.
- The calculation agent, which is HSBC or one of its affiliates, will make determinations with respect to the securities. As calculation agent, HSBC or one of its affiliates determined the initial level and the trigger level and will determine the final level, including whether the level of the underlying index has decreased to below the trigger level, and will calculate the amount of cash, if any, you will receive at maturity. Moreover, certain determinations made by HSBC or one of its affiliates in its capacity as calculation agent, may require it to exercise discretion and make subjective judgments such as with respect to the occurrence or non-occurrence of market disruption events and the selection of a successor index or the calculation of the final level in the event of a discontinuance of the underlying index. These determinations, which may be subjective, may adversely affect the payout to you at maturity, if any. Although the calculation agent has made and will make all determinations and will take all action in relation to the securities in good faith, it should be noted that such discretion could have an impact (positive or negative) on the value of your securities. The calculation agent is under no obligation to consider your interests as a holder of the securities in taking any actions, including the determination of the initial level, that might affect the value of your securities.
- The securities are not insured or guaranteed by any governmental agency of the United States or any other jurisdiction. The securities are not deposit liabilities or other obligations of a bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency or program of the United States or any other jurisdiction. An investment in the securities is subject to the credit risk of HSBC, and in the event that HSBC is unable to pay its obligations as they become due, you may not receive the full payment at maturity of the securities.
- The U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the securities are uncertain. For a discussion of certain of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of your investment in the securities, please see the discussion under "Additional Information About the Trigger Jump Securities Additional Provisions Tax considerations" herein, and the discussion under "U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus supplement.



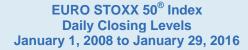
Principal at Risk Securities

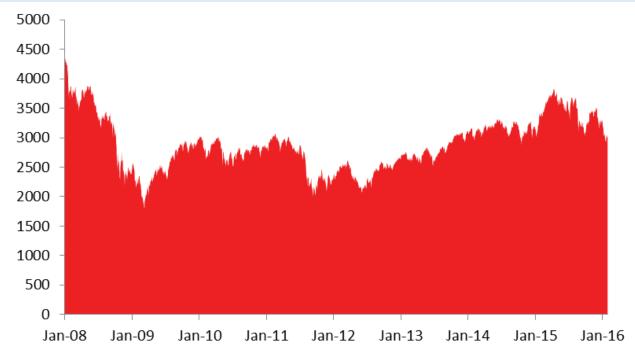
The EURO STOXX 50[®] Index

The underlying index is composed of 50 stocks from the Eurozone (Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Spain) portion of the STOXX Europe 600 Supersector indices contain the 600 largest stocks traded on the major exchanges of 18 European countries and are organized into the following 19 Supersectors: automobiles & parts; banks; basic resources; chemicals; construction & materials; financial services; food & beverage; health care; industrial goods & services; insurance; media; oil & gas; personal & household goods; real estate; retail; technology; telecommunications; travel & leisure and utilities.

For more information about the EURO STOXX 50[®] Index, see "The EURO 50[®] Index" beginning on page S-11 of the accompanying Equity Index Underlying Supplement.

The following graph sets forth the historical performance of the EURO STOXX 50® Index based on the daily historical closing levels from January 1, 2008 through January 29, 2016. The closing level for the EURO STOXX 50® Index on January 29, 2016 was 3,045.09. We obtained the closing levels below from the Bloomberg Professional® service. We have not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of the information obtained from the Bloomberg Professional® service. The historical levels of the EURO STOXX 50® Index should not be taken as an indication of future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the level of the EURO STOXX 50® Index on the valuation date.







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Additional Information About the Trigger Jump Securities

Please read this information in conjunction with the other terms set forth in this document.

Additional Provisions

Closing level: The official closing level of the underlying index on any scheduled trading day, as determined by the

calculation agent based upon the value displayed on Bloomberg Professional® service page "SX5E <INDEX>," or any successor page on the Bloomberg Professional® service or any successor service, as

applicable.

CUSIP: 40434K214 ISIN: US40434K2143

Minimum ticketing size: \$1,000 / 100 securities

Tax considerations:

There is no direct legal authority as to the proper tax treatment of the securities, and therefore significant aspects of the tax treatment of the securities are uncertain as to both the timing and character of any inclusion in income in respect of the securities. Under one approach, the securities could be treated as pre-paid executory contracts with respect to the underlying index. We intend to treat the securities consistent with this approach. Pursuant to the terms of the securities, you agree to treat the securities under this approach for all U.S. federal income tax purposes. Subject to the limitations described therein, and based on certain factual representations received from us, in the opinion of our special U.S. tax counsel, Morrison & Foerster LLP, it is reasonable to treat the securities as pre-paid executory contracts with respect to the underlying index. Pursuant to this approach, we do not intend to report any income or gain with respect to the securities prior to maturity or an earlier sale or exchange and we intend to treat any gain or loss upon maturity or an earlier sale or exchange as long-term capital gain or loss, provided that you have held the securities for more than one year at such time for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

In Notice 2008-2, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") and the Treasury Department requested comments as to whether the purchaser of certain securities (which may include the securities) should be required to accrue income during its term under a mark-to-market, accrual or other methodology, whether income and gain on such a security or contract should be ordinary or capital, and whether foreign holders should be subject to withholding tax on any deemed income accrual. Accordingly, it is possible that regulations or other guidance could provide that a U.S. holder (as defined in the accompanying prospectus supplement) of a security is required to accrue income in respect of the security prior to the receipt of payments under the security or its earlier sale or exchange. Moreover, it is possible that any such regulations or other guidance could treat all income and gain of a U.S. holder in respect of a security as ordinary income (including gain on a sale or exchange). Finally, it is possible that a non-U.S. holder (as defined in the accompanying prospectus supplement) of a security could be subject to U.S. withholding tax in respect of a security. It is unclear whether any regulations or other guidance would apply to the securities (possibly on a retroactive basis). Prospective investors are urged to consult with their tax advisors regarding Notice 2008-2 and the possible effect to them of the issuance of regulations or other guidance that affects the U.S. federal income tax treatment of the securities.

We will not attempt to ascertain whether any of the entities whose stock is included in the underlying index would be treated as a passive foreign investment company ("PFIC") or United States real property holding corporation ("USRPHC"), both as defined for U.S. federal income tax purposes. If one or more of the entities whose stock is included in the underlying index were so treated, certain adverse U.S. federal income tax consequences might apply. You should refer to information filed with the SEC and other authorities by the entities whose stock is included in the underlying index and consult your tax advisor regarding the possible consequences to you if one or more of the entities whose stock is included in the underlying index is or becomes a PFIC or a USRPHC.

Under current law, while the matter is not entirely clear, individual non-U.S. holders, and entities whose property is potentially includible in those individuals' gross estates for U.S. federal estate tax purposes (for example, a trust funded by such an individual and with respect to which the individual has retained certain interests or powers), should note that, absent an applicable treaty benefit, the securities are likely to be treated as U.S. situs property, subject to U.S. federal estate tax. These individuals and entities should consult their own tax advisors regarding the U.S. federal estate tax consequences of investing in the securities.

Recently finalized Treasury Regulations provide that withholding on "dividend equivalent" payments (as discussed in the accompanying prospectus supplement), if any, will not apply to securities issued before January 1, 2017. Additionally, the IRS has announced that withholding under the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (as discussed in the accompanying prospectus supplement) on payments of gross proceeds from a sale or redemption of the securities will only apply to payments made after December



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31, 2018.

For a further discussion of U.S. federal income tax consequences related to the securities, see the section "U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

Calculation agent:

Events of default and acceleration:

HSBC USA Inc., or one of its affiliates.

If the securities have become immediately due and payable following an event of default (as defined in the accompanying prospectus) with respect to the securities, the calculation agent will determine the accelerated payment due and payable at maturity in the same general manner as described in this pricing supplement. In that case, the scheduled trading day preceding the date of acceleration will be used as the valuation date for purposes of determining the final level. If a market disruption event exists with respect to the underlying index on that scheduled trading day, then the accelerated valuation date will be postponed for up to five scheduled trading days (in the same manner used for postponing the originally scheduled final valuation date). The accelerated maturity date will also be postponed by an equal number of business days.

Supplemental plan of distribution (conflicts of interest):

If the securities have become immediately due and payable following an event of default, you will not be entitled to any additional payments with respect to the securities. For more information, see "Description of Debt Securities—Senior Debt Securities—Events of Default" in the accompanying prospectus. Pursuant to the terms of a distribution agreement, HSBC Securities (USA) Inc., an affiliate of HSBC, will purchase the securities from HSBC for distribution to Morgan Stanley Wealth Management. HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. will act as agent for the securities and will receive a fee of \$0.35 per \$10 stated principal amount and will pay Morgan Stanley Wealth Management a fixed sales commission of \$0.30 for each security they sell. Of the amount per \$10 stated principal amount received by HSBC Securities (USA) Inc., acting as agent for HSBC, HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. will pay Morgan Stanley Wealth Management a structuring fee of \$0.05 for each security.

In addition, HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. or another of its affiliates or agents may use this pricing supplement in market-making transactions after the initial sale of the securities, but is under no obligation to do so and may discontinue any market-making activities at any time without notice. See "Supplemental Plan of Distribution" on page S-59 in the prospectus supplement.



Principal at Risk Securities

Where you can find more information:

This pricing supplement relates to an offering of securities linked to the underlying index. The purchaser of the securities will acquire a senior unsecured debt security of HSBC USA Inc. Although the offering of securities relates to the underlying index, you should not construe that fact as a recommendation as to the merits of acquiring an investment linked to the underlying index or any component security included in the underlying index or as to the suitability of an investment in the securities.

HSBC has filed a registration statement (including a prospectus, a prospectus supplement and Equity Index Underlying Supplement) with the SEC for the offering to which this pricing supplement relates. Before you invest, you should read the prospectus, prospectus supplement and Equity Index Underlying Supplement in that registration statement and other documents HSBC has filed with the SEC for more complete information about HSBC and this offering. You may get these documents for free by visiting EDGAR on the SEC's web site at www.sec.gov. Alternatively, HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. or any dealer participating in this offering will arrange to send you the prospectus, prospectus supplement and Equity Index Underlying Supplement if you request them by calling toll-free 1-866-811-8049.

You may access these documents on the SEC web site at www.sec.gov as follows:

The Equity Index Underlying Supplement at:

http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/83246/000114420415014327/v403626_424b2.htm

The prospectus supplement at:

http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/83246/000114420415014311/v403645_424b2.htm

The prospectus at:

http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/83246/000119312515078931/d884345d424b3.htm

Validity of the securities:

In the opinion of Morrison & Foerster LLP, as counsel to the Issuer, when this pricing supplement has been attached to, and duly notated on, the master note that represents the securities pursuant to the Senior Indenture referred to in the prospectus supplement dated March 5, 2015, and issued and paid for as contemplated herein, the securities offered by this pricing supplement will be valid, binding and enforceable obligations of the Issuer, entitled to the benefits of the Senior Indenture, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency and similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, concepts of reasonableness and equitable principles of general applicability (including, without limitation, concepts of good faith, fair dealing and the lack of bad faith). This opinion is given as of the date hereof and is limited to the laws of the State of New York, the Maryland General Corporation Law (including the statutory provisions, all applicable provisions of the Maryland Constitution and the reported judicial decisions interpreting the foregoing) and the federal laws of the United States of America. This opinion is subject to customary assumptions about the trustee's authorization, execution and delivery of the Senior Indenture and the genuineness of signatures and to such counsel's reliance on the Issuer and other sources as to certain factual matters, all as stated in the legal opinion dated March 5, 2015, which has been filed as Exhibit 5.3 to the Issuer's registration statement on Form S-3 dated March 5, 2015.