

Discussion and Reconciliation of NonGAAP Financial Measures

March 31, 2019

(Unaudited)

Adjusted Fixed Charge Coverage Adjusted EBITDAre divided by Fixed Charges. Adjusted Fixed Charge Coverage is a supplemental measure of liquidity and our ability to meet interest payments on our outstanding debt and pay dividends to our preferred stockholders, if applicable. Our various debt agreements contain covenants that require us to maintain ratios similar to Adjusted Fixed Charge Coverage, and credit rating agencies utilize similar ratios in evaluating and determining the credit rating on certain of our debt instruments. Adjusted Fixed Charge Coverage is subject to the same limitations and qualifications as Adjusted EBITDAre and Fixed Charges.

Cash Operating Expenses Cash Operating Expenses represents property level operating expenses (which exclude transition costs) after eliminating the effects of straight-line rents, lease termination fees, actuarial reserves for insurance claims that have been incurred but not reported, and the impact of deferred community fee expense.

Cash Real Estate Revenues Cash Real Estate Revenues represents rental and related revenues, resident fees and services and income from DFLs after eliminating the effects of straight-line rents, DFL non-cash interest, amortization of market lease intangibles, lease termination fees and the impact of deferred community fee income.

Consolidated Debt The carrying amount of bank line of credit and term loans, senior unsecured notes, mortgage debt and other debt, as reported in our consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Gross Assets The carrying amount of total assets, excluding investments in and advances to our unconsolidated JVs, after adding back accumulated depreciation and amortization, as reported in our consolidated financial statements. Consolidated Gross Assets is a supplemental measure of our financial position, which, when used in conjunction with debt-related measures, enables both management and investors to analyze our leverage and to compare our leverage to that of other companies.

Consolidated Secured Debt Mortgage and other debt secured by real estate, as reported in our consolidated financial statements.

Debt Investments Loans secured by a direct interest in real estate and mezzanine loans.

Direct Financing Lease ("DFL") Lease for which future minimum lease payments are recorded as a receivable and the difference between the future minimum lease payments and the estimated residual values less the cost of the properties is recorded as unearned income. Unearned income is deferred and amortized to income over the lease terms to provide a constant yield.

EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre EBITDAre, or EBITDA for Real Estate, is a supplemental performance measure defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") and intended for real estate companies. It represents earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, gains or losses from sales of depreciable property (including gains or losses on change in control), and impairment charges (recoveries) related to depreciable property. Adjusted EBITDAre is defined as EBITDAre excluding impairments (recoveries) related to non-depreciable assets, transaction-related items, prepayment costs (benefits) associated with early retirement or payment of debt, severance and related charges, litigation costs (recoveries), casualty-related charges (recoveries), stock compensation expense and foreign currency remeasurement losses (gains), and is adjusted to include our share of CCRC non-refundable entrance fees received. EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre important supplemental measures to net income (loss) because they provide an additional manner in which to evaluate our operating performance and serve as additional indicators of our ability service our debt obligations. Net income (loss) is the most directly comparable U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") measure to EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre.

Enterprise Debt Consolidated Debt plus our pro rata share of total debt from our unconsolidated JVs. Enterprise Debt is a supplemental measure of our financial position, which enables both management and investors to analyze our leverage and to compare our leverage to that of other companies. Our pro rata share information is calculated by applying our actual ownership percentage for the period and excludes debt funded by us to our JVs. Our pro rata share of total debt from our unconsolidated JVs is not intended to reflect our actual liability or ability to access assets should there be a default under any or all such loans or a liquidation of the JVs.

Enterprise Gross Assets Consolidated Gross Assets plus our pro rata share of total gross assets from our unconsolidated JVs, after adding back accumulated depreciation and amortization. Enterprise Gross Assets is a supplemental measure of our financial position, which, when used in conjunction with debt-related measures, enables both management and investors to analyze our leverage and to compare our leverage to that of other companies.

Enterprise Secured Debt Consolidated Secured Debt plus our pro rata share of mortgage debt from our unconsolidated JVs. Enterprise Secured Debt is a supplemental measure of our financial position, which enables both management and investors to analyze our leverage and to compare our leverage to that of other companies. Our pro rata share of Enterprise Secured Debt from our unconsolidated JVs is not intended to reflect our actual liability or ability to access assets should there be a default under any or all such loans or a liquidation of the JVs.

Entrance Fee Certain of our communities have residency agreements which require the resident to pay an upfront entrance fee prior to taking occupancy at the community. For net income, NOI and NAREIT FFO, the non-refundable portion of the entrance fee is recorded as deferred entrance fee revenue and amortized over the estimated stay of the resident based on an actuarial valuation. For Cash NOI and FAD, the non-refundable entrance fees ("NREFs") are recognized upon receipt, net of a reserve for statutory refunds due to early terminations. The refundable portion of a resident's entrance fee is generally refundable within a certain number



of months or days following contract termination or upon the sale of the unit. All refundable amounts due to residents at any time in the future are classified as liabilities.

Financial Leverage Enterprise Debt divided by Enterprise Gross Assets. Financial Leverage is a supplemental measure of our financial position, which enables both management and investors to analyze our leverage and to compare our leverage to that of other companies. Our pro rata share information is calculated by applying our actual ownership percentage for the period and excludes debt funded by us to our JVs. Our pro rata share of total debt from our unconsolidated JVs is not intended to reflect our actual liability or ability to access assets should there be a default under any or all such loans or a liquidation of the JVs.

Fixed Charges Total interest expense plus capitalized interest plus preferred stock dividends (if applicable). Fixed Charges also includes our pro rata share of the interest expense plus capitalized interest plus preferred stock dividends (if applicable) of our unconsolidated JVs. Fixed Charges is a supplemental measure of our interest payments on outstanding debt and dividends to preferred stockholders for purposes of presenting Fixed Charge Coverage and Adjusted Fixed Charge Coverage. Fixed Charges is subject to limitations and qualifications, as, among other things, it does not include all contractual obligations.

Funds Available for Distribution ("FAD") FAD is defined as FFO as adjusted after excluding the impact of the following: (i) amortization of deferred compensation expense, (ii) amortization of deferred financing costs, net, (iii) straight-line rents, (iv) deferred income taxes, (v) amortization of acquired market lease intangibles, net, (vi) non-cash interest related to DFLs and lease incentive amortization (reduction of straight-line rents), (vii) actuarial reserves for insurance claims that have been incurred but not reported, and (viii) deferred revenues, excluding amounts amortized into rental income that are associated with tenant funded improvements owned/recognized by us and up-front cash payments made by tenants to reduce their contractual rents. Also, FAD: (i) is computed after deducting recurring capital expenditures, including second generation leasing costs and second generation tenant and capital improvements, and (ii) includes lease restructure payments and adjustments to compute our share of FAD from our unconsolidated joint ventures and those related to CCRC non-refundable entrance fees. Certain prior period amounts in the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures Reconciliation" below for FAD have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. More specifically, recurring capital expenditures, including second generation leasing costs and second generation tenant and capital improvements ("FAD capital expenditures") excludes our share from unconsolidated joint ventures (reported in "other FAD adjustments"). Adjustments for joint ventures are calculated to reflect our pro-rata share of both our consolidated and unconsolidated joint ventures. We reflect our share of FAD for unconsolidated joint ventures by applying our actual ownership percentage for the period to the applicable reconciling items on an entity by entity basis. We reflect our share for consolidated joint ventures in which we do not own 100% of the equity by adjusting our FAD to remove the third party ownership share of the applicable reconciling items based on actual ownership percentage for the applicable periods (reported in "other FAD adjustments"). See FFO for further disclosure regarding our use of pro-rata share information and its limitations. Other REITs or real estate companies may use different methodologies for calculating FAD, and accordingly, our FAD may not be comparable to those reported by other REITs. Although our FAD computation may not be comparable to that of other REITs, management believes FAD provides a meaningful supplemental measure of our performance and is frequently used by analysts, investors, and other interested parties in the evaluation of our performance as a REIT. We believe FAD is an alternative run-rate earnings measure that improves the understanding of our operating results among investors and makes comparisons with: (i) expected results, (ii) results of previous periods and (iii) results among REITs more meaningful. FAD does not represent cash generated from operating activities determined in accordance with GAAP and is not necessarily indicative of cash available to fund cash needs as it excludes the following items which generally flow through our cash flows from operating activities: (i) adjustments for changes in working capital or the actual timing of the payment of income or expense items that are accrued in the period, (ii) transaction-related costs, (iii) litigation settlement expenses, (iv) severancerelated expenses and (v) actual cash receipts from interest income recognized on loans receivable (in contrast to our FAD adjustment to exclude non-cash interest and depreciation related to our investments in direct financing leases). Furthermore, FAD is adjusted for recurring capital expenditures, which are generally not considered when determining cash flows from operations or liquidity. FAD is a non-GAAP supplemental financial measure and should not be considered as an alternative to net income (loss) determined in accordance with GAAP.

Funds From Operations ("FFO") FFO encompasses NAREIT FFO and FFO as adjusted, each of which is described in detail below. We believe FFO applicable to common shares, diluted FFO applicable to common shares, and diluted FFO per common share are important supplemental non-GAAP measures of operating performance for a REIT. Because the historical cost accounting convention used for real estate assets utilizes straight-line depreciation (except on land), such accounting presentation implies that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values instead have historically risen and fallen with market conditions, presentations of operating results for a REIT that use historical cost accounting for depreciation could be less informative. The term FFO was designed by the REIT industry to address this issue.

NAREIT FFO. FFO, as defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"), is net income (loss) applicable to common shares (computed in accordance with GAAP), excluding gains or losses from sales of depreciable property, including any current and deferred taxes directly associated with sales of depreciable property, impairments of, or related to, depreciable real estate, plus real estate and other real estate-related depreciation and amortization, and adjustments to compute our share of NAREIT FFO and FFO as adjusted (see below) from joint ventures. Adjustments for joint ventures are calculated to reflect our pro-rata share of both our consolidated and unconsolidated joint ventures. We reflect our share of NAREIT FFO for unconsolidated joint ventures by applying our actual ownership percentage for the period to the applicable reconciling items on an entity by entity basis. For consolidated joint ventures in which we do not own 100%, we reflect our share of the equity by adjusting our NAREIT FFO to remove the third party ownership share of the applicable reconciling items based on actual ownership percentage



for the applicable periods. Our pro-rata share information is prepared on a basis consistent with the comparable consolidated amounts, is intended to reflect our proportionate economic interest in the operating results of properties in our portfolio and is calculated by applying our actual ownership percentage for the period. We do not control the unconsolidated joint ventures, and the pro-rata presentations of reconciling items included in NAREIT FFO do not represent our legal claim to such items. The joint venture members or partners are entitled to profit or loss allocations and distributions of cash flows according to the joint venture agreements, which provide for such allocations generally according to their invested capital.

The presentation of pro-rata information has limitations, which include, but are not limited to, the following: (i) the amounts shown on the individual line items were derived by applying our overall economic ownership interest percentage determined when applying the equity method of accounting and do not necessarily represent our legal claim to the assets and liabilities, or the revenues and expenses and (ii) other companies in our industry may calculate their pro-rata interest differently, limiting the usefulness as a comparative measure. Because of these limitations, the pro-rata financial information should not be considered independently or as a substitute for our financial statements as reported under GAAP. We compensate for these limitations by relying primarily on our GAAP financial statements, using the pro-rata financial information as a supplement.

NAREIT FFO does not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP, is not necessarily indicative of cash available to fund cash needs and should not be considered an alternative to net income (loss). We compute NAREIT FFO in accordance with the current NAREIT definition; however, other REITs may report NAREIT FFO differently or have a different interpretation of the current NAREIT definition from ours.

FFO as adjusted. In addition, we present NAREIT FFO on an adjusted basis before the impact of non-comparable items including, but not limited to, transaction-related items, impairments (recoveries) of non-depreciable assets, losses (gains) from the sale of non-depreciable assets, severance and related charges, prepayment costs (benefits) associated with early retirement or payment of debt, litigation costs (recoveries), casualty-related charges (recoveries), foreign currency remeasurement losses (gains) and changes in tax legislation ("FFO as adjusted"). Transaction-related items include transaction expenses and gains/charges incurred as a result of mergers and acquisitions and lease amendment or termination activities. Prepayment costs (benefits) associated with early retirement of debt include the write-off of unamortized deferred financing fees, or additional costs, expenses, discounts, makewhole payments, penalties or premiums incurred as a result of early retirement or payment of debt. Management believes that FFO as adjusted provides a meaningful supplemental measurement of our FFO run-rate and is frequently used by analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of our performance as a REIT. At the same time that NAREIT created and defined its FFO measure for the REIT industry, it also recognized that "management of each of its member companies has the responsibility and authority to publish financial information that it regards as useful to the financial community." We believe stockholders, potential investors and financial analysts who review our operating performance are best served by an FFO run-rate earnings measure that includes certain other adjustments to net income (loss), in addition to adjustments made to arrive at the NAREIT defined measure of FFO. FFO as adjusted is used by management in analyzing our business and the performance of our properties, and we believe it is important that stockholders, potential investors and financial analysts understand this measure used by management. We use FFO as adjusted to: (i) evaluate our performance in comparison with expected results and results of previous periods, relative to resource allocation decisions, (iii) evaluate the performance of our management, (iii) budget and forecast future results to assist in the allocation of resources, (iv) assess our performance as compared with similar real estate companies and the industry in general and (v) evaluate how a specific potential investment will impact our future results. Other REITs or real estate companies may use different methodologies for calculating an adjusted FFO measure, and accordingly, our FFO as adjusted may not be comparable to those reported by other REITs.

HCP's Share of Unconsolidated Joint Ventures ("JVs") HCP's pro rata share information is prepared on a basis consistent with the comparable consolidated amounts by applying our actual ownership percentage for the period, and is intended to reflect our proportionate economic interest in the financial position and operating results of properties in our portfolio.

Investment and Portfolio Investment Represents: (i) the carrying amount of real estate assets and intangibles, after adding back accumulated depreciation and amortization, and (ii) the carrying amount of DFLs and Debt Investments. Portfolio Investment also includes our pro rata share of the real estate assets and intangibles held in our unconsolidated JVs, presented on the same basis as Investment, less the value attributable to refundable Entrance Fee liabilities. Investment and Portfolio Investment exclude land held for development.

Net Debt Enterprise Debt less the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents as reported in our consolidated financial statements and our pro rata share of cash and cash equivalents from our unconsolidated JVs. Consolidated Debt is the most directly comparable GAAP measure to Net Debt. Net Debt is a supplemental measure of our financial position, which enables both management and investors to analyze our leverage and to compare our leverage to that of other companies.

Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDAre Net Debt divided by Adjusted EBITDAre is a supplemental measure of our ability to decrease our debt. Because we may not be able to use our cash to reduce our debt on a dollar-for-dollar basis, this measure may have material limitations.

Net Operating Income from Continuing Operations ("NOI") and Cash NOI NOI and Adjusted NOI are non-U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") supplemental financial measures used to evaluate the operating performance of real estate. NOI is defined as real estate revenues (inclusive of rental and related revenues, resident fees and services, and income from direct financing leases), less property level operating expenses (which exclude transition costs); NOI excludes all other financial



statement amounts included in net income (loss). Management believes NOI provides relevant and useful information because it reflects only income and operating expense items that are incurred at the property level and presents them on an unlevered basis. Adjusted NOI is calculated as NOI after eliminating the effects of straight-line rents, DFL non-cash interest, amortization of market lease intangibles, termination fees, actuarial reserves for insurance claims that have been incurred but not reported, and the impact of deferred community fee income and expense. Adjusted NOI is oftentimes referred to as "Cash NOI." NOI and Adjusted NOI exclude our share of income (loss) generated by unconsolidated joint ventures, which is recognized in equity income (loss) from unconsolidated joint ventures in the consolidated statements of operations. We use NOI and Adjusted NOI to make decisions about resource allocations, to assess and compare property level performance, and to evaluate our same property portfolio ("SPP"), as described below. We believe that net income (loss) is the most directly comparable GAAP measure to NOI and Adjusted NOI. NOI and Adjusted NOI should not be viewed as alternative measures of operating performance to net income (loss) as defined by GAAP since they do not reflect various excluded items. Further, our definitions of NOI and Adjusted NOI may not be comparable to the definitions used by other REITs or real estate companies, as they may use different methodologies for calculating NOI and Adjusted NOI.

Operating expenses generally relate to leased medical office and life science properties and SHOP facilities. We generally recover all or a portion of our leased medical office and life science property expenses through tenant recoveries. We present expenses as operating or general and administrative based on the underlying nature of the expense.

Portfolio Income Cash NOI plus interest income plus our pro rata share of Cash NOI from our unconsolidated JVs.

Real Estate Revenues Includes rental related revenues, tenant recoveries, resident fees and services and income from DFLs.

Revenue Per Occupied Room ("REVPOR") SHOP The 3-month average Cash Real Estate Revenues per occupied unit for the most recent period available. REVPOR SHOP excludes newly completed assets under lease-up, assets sold, acquired or transitioned to a new operating structure (such as triple-net to SHOP) during the relevant period, assets in redevelopment, and assets that experienced a casualty event that significantly impacted operations. REVPOR SHOP is a non-GAAP supplemental financial measure used to evaluate the revenue-generating capacity and profit potential of our SHOP assets independent of fluctuating occupancy rates. It is also used in comparison against industry and competitor statistics, if known, to evaluate the quality of our SHOP assets.

RIDEA A structure whereby a taxable REIT subsidiary is permitted to rent a healthcare facility from its parent REIT and hire an independent contractor to operate the facility.

Same Property Portfolio SPP NOI and Adjusted (Cash) NOI information allows us to evaluate the performance of our property portfolio under a consistent population by eliminating changes in the composition of our consolidated portfolio of properties. SPP NOI excludes certain non-property specific operating expenses that are allocated to each operating segment on a consolidated basis.

Properties are included in SPP once they are stabilized for the full period in both comparison periods. Newly acquired operating assets are generally considered stabilized at the earlier of lease-up (typically when the tenant(s) control(s) the physical use of at least 80% of the space) or 12 months from the acquisition date. Newly completed developments and redevelopments are considered stabilized at the earlier of lease-up or 24 months from the date the property is placed in service. Properties that experience a change in reporting structure, such as a transition from a triple-net lease to a RIDEA reporting structure, are considered stabilized after 12 months in operations under a consistent reporting structure. A property is removed from SPP when it is classified as held for sale, sold, placed into redevelopment, experiences a casualty event that significantly impacts operations or changes its reporting structure (such as triple-net to SHOP).

Secured Debt Ratio Enterprise Secured Debt divided by Enterprise Gross Assets. Secured Debt Ratio is a supplemental measure of our financial position, which enables both management and investors to analyze our leverage and to compare our leverage to that of other companies. Our pro rata share information is calculated by applying our actual ownership percentage for the period and excludes debt funded by us to our JVs. Our pro rata share of Total Secured Debt from our unconsolidated JVs is not intended to reflect our actual liability or ability to access assets should there be a default under any or all such loans or a liquidation of the JVs.

Segments Our portfolio is comprised of investments in the following healthcare segments: (i) senior housing triple-net, (ii) senior housing operating portfolio ("SHOP"), (iii) life science (iv) medical office and (v) other non-reportable segments ("Other").



Funds From Operations

	Three Mont March			
		2019		2018
Net income (loss) applicable to common shares	\$	61,029	\$	39,841
Real estate related depreciation and amortization		131,951		143,250
Real estate related depreciation and amortization on unconsolidated joint ventures		15,077		17,388
Real estate related depreciation and amortization on noncontrolling interests and other		(4,920)		(2,543)
Other real estate-related depreciation and amortization		2,085		1,296
Loss (gain) on sales of real estate, net		(8,044)		(20,815)
Loss (gain) upon consolidation of real estate, net ⁽¹⁾		_		41,017
Impairments (recoveries) of depreciable real estate, net		8,858		_
NAREIT FFO applicable to common shares		206,036		219,434
Distributions on dilutive convertible units and other		1,795		_
Diluted NAREIT FFO applicable to common shares	\$	207,831	\$	219,434
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted NAREIT FFO		483,671		469,695
Impact of adjustments to NAREIT FFO:				
Transaction-related items	\$	5,889	\$	1,942
Other impairments (recoveries) and losses (gains), net ⁽²⁾		_		(3,298)
Severance and related charges ⁽³⁾		_		8,738
Litigation costs (recoveries)		128		406
Foreign currency remeasurement losses (gains)		(28)		130
Total adjustments	_	5,989		7,918
FFO as adjusted applicable to common shares		212,025	_	227,352
Distributions on dilutive convertible units and other		1,780		1,711
Diluted FFO as adjusted applicable to common shares	\$	213,805	\$	229,063
			_	
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted FFO as adjusted		483,671		474,363
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.13	\$	0.08
Depreciation and amortization		0.30		0.34
Loss (gain) on sales of real estate, net		(0.02)		(0.04)
Loss (gain) upon consolidation of real estate, net ⁽¹⁾		_		0.09
Impairments (recoveries) of depreciable real estate, net		0.02		_
Diluted NAREIT FFO per common share	\$	0.43	\$	0.47
Transaction-related items		0.01		_
Other impairments (recoveries) and losses (gains), net ⁽²⁾		_		(0.01)
Severance and related charges ⁽³⁾		_		0.02
Diluted FFO as adjusted per common share	\$	0.44	\$	0.48
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Funds Available for Distribution

	Three Mon Marc	
	2019	2018
FFO as adjusted applicable to common shares	\$ 212,025	\$ 227,352
Amortization of deferred compensation ⁽⁴⁾	3,590	3,420
Amortization of deferred financing costs	2,699	3,336
Straight-line rents	(6,246)	(10,686)
FAD capital expenditures	(19,220)	(19,118)
Lease restructure payments	288	299
CCRC entrance fees ⁽⁵⁾	3,496	3,027
Deferred income taxes	(3,732)	(2,140)
Other FAD adjustments ⁽⁶⁾	(1,429)	(3,754)
FAD applicable to common shares	191,471	201,736
Distributions on dilutive convertible units and other	1,794	_
Diluted FAD applicable to common shares	\$ 193,265	\$ 201,736
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted FAD	483,671	469,695

⁽¹⁾ For the three months ended March 31, 2018, represents the loss on consolidation of seven U.K. care homes.



⁽²⁾ For the three months ended March 31, 2018, represents the impairment recovery of our Tandem Health Care mezzanine loan.

⁽³⁾ For the three months ended March 31, 2018, primarily relates to the departure of our former Executive Chairman, which consisted of \$6 million of cash severance and \$3 million of equity award vestings.

⁽⁴⁾ Excludes amounts related to the acceleration of deferred compensation for restricted stock units that vested upon the departure of certain former employees, which have already been excluded from FFO as adjusted in severance and related charges.

⁽⁵⁾ Represents our 49% share of non-refundable entrance fees, as the fees are collected by our CCRC JV, net of reserves and CCRC JV entrance fee amortization.

⁽⁶⁾ Primarily includes our share of FAD capital expenditures from unconsolidated joint ventures, partially offset by noncontrolling interests' share of FAD capital expenditures from consolidated joint ventures.

HCP's Share of Unconsolidated Joint Venture NAREIT FFO, FFO as Adjusted and FAD

Three Months Ended March 31, 2019

	Total	C	CRC JV	Other IOP JVs	U.K. JV	Medical Office	Rei	maining
Equity income (loss) from unconsolidated joint ventures	\$ (863)	\$	(2,096)	\$ (489)	\$ 1,295	\$ 208	\$	219
Real estate related depreciation and amortization	 15,077		11,806	1,263	1,756	196		56
NAREIT FFO	\$ 14,214	\$	9,710	\$ 774	\$ 3,051	\$ 404	\$	275
Transaction-related items	151		151	_		_		
FFO as adjusted	\$ 14,365	\$	9,861	\$ 774	\$ 3,051	\$ 404	\$	275
FAD adjustments	1,938		2,159	(20)	(185)	(18)		2
FAD	\$ 16,303	\$	12,020	\$ 754	\$ 2,866	\$ 386	\$	277



Projected Future Operations⁽¹⁾

	Full Year 2019				
	Low		High		
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.45	\$	0.51		
Real estate related depreciation and amortization	1.14		1.14		
Real estate related depreciation and amortization on unconsolidated joint ventures	0.11		0.11		
Real estate related depreciation and amortization on noncontrolling interests and other	(0.04)		(0.04)		
Other real estate-related depreciation and amortization	0.01		0.01		
Loss (gain) on sales of real estate, net	(0.02)		(0.02)		
Impairments (recoveries) of depreciable real estate, net	0.02		0.02		
Diluted NAREIT FFO per common share	\$ 1.67	\$	1.73		
Transaction-related items	0.02		0.02		
Litigation costs (recoveries)	 0.01		0.01		
Diluted FFO as adjusted per common share	\$ 1.70	\$	1.76		

⁽¹⁾ The foregoing projections reflect management's view as of May 1, 2019 of current and future market conditions, including assumptions with respect to rental rates, occupancy levels, development items, and the earnings impact of the events referenced in our earnings press release for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 that was issued on May 1, 2019. However, these projections do not reflect the impact of unannounced future transactions, except as described herein, other impairments or recoveries, the future bankruptcy or insolvency of our operators, lessees, borrowers or other obligors, the effect of any future restructuring of our contractual relationships with such entities, gains or losses on marketable securities, ineffectiveness related to our cash flow hedges, or larger than expected litigation settlements and expenses related to existing or future litigation matters. Our actual results may differ materially from the projections set forth above. The aforementioned ranges represent management's best estimates based upon the underlying assumptions as of May 1, 2019. Except as otherwise required by law, management assumes no, and hereby disclaims any, obligation to update any of the foregoing projections as a result of new information or new or future developments.

HCP's Share of Unconsolidated Joint Venture NAREIT FFO and Cash NOI

	Full Year 2019					
		Low		High		
Equity income (loss) from unconsolidated joint ventures	\$	(9,000)	\$	(2,000)		
Real estate related depreciation and amortization		57,000		58,000		
NAREIT FFO	\$	48,000	\$	56,000		
Adjustments to NAREIT FFO ⁽¹⁾		13,000		13,000		
Total NOI	\$	61,000	\$	69,000		
Non-cash adjustments to NOI ⁽²⁾		14,000		14,000		
Total Cash NOI	\$	75,000	\$	83,000		

⁽¹⁾ Includes interest and general and administrative expenses.



⁽²⁾ Includes our 49% share of non-refundable Entrance Fees as the fees are collected by our CCRC JV, net of reserves and CCRC JV Entrance Fee amortization.

Projected SPP Cash NOI(1)(2)

	For the projected full year 2019 (low)		For the projected full year 2019 (high)		For the year ended December 31, 2018	
Cash NOI	\$ 1,084	\$	1,102	\$	1,119	
Interest income	10		10		10	
Cash NOI plus interest income	1,093		1,112		1,130	
Interest income	(10)		(10)		(10)	
Non-cash adjustments to cash NOI ⁽³⁾	13		13		12	
NOI	 1,096		1,115		1,131	
Non-SPP NOI	(257)		(263)		(300)	
SPP NOI	839		852		831	
Non-cash adjustments to SPP NOI ⁽³⁾	(7)		(7)		(8)	
SPP cash NOI	\$ 833	\$	845	\$	823	
Addback adjustments ⁽⁴⁾	263		269		309	
Other income and expenses ⁽⁵⁾	28		32		965	
Costs and expenses ⁽⁶⁾	(879)		(876)		(967)	
Other impairments (recoveries), net	(9)		(9)		(55)	
Net income (loss)	\$ 236	\$	262	\$	1,073	
Projected SPP Cash NOI change for full year 2019	1.25%		2.75%			

⁽¹⁾ The foregoing projections reflect management's view as of May 1, 2019 of current and future market conditions, including assumptions with respect to rental rates, occupancy levels, development items, and the earnings impact of the events referenced in our earnings press release for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 that was issued on May 1, 2019. However, these projections do not reflect the impact of unannounced future transactions, except as described herein, other impairments or recoveries, the future bankruptcy or insolvency of our operators, lessees, borrowers or other obligors, the effect of any future restructuring of our contractual relationships with such entities, gains or losses on marketable securities, ineffectiveness related to our cash flow hedges, or larger than expected litigation settlements and expenses related to existing or future litigation matters. Our actual results may differ materially from the projections set forth above. The aforementioned ranges represent management's best estimates based upon the underlying assumptions as of May 1, 2019. Except as otherwise required by law, management assumes no, and hereby disclaims any, obligation to update any of the foregoing projections as a result of new information or new or future developments.

- (2) Does not foot due to rounding and adjustments made to SPP high and low ranges reported by segment.
- (3) Represents straight-line rents, DFL non-cash interest, amortization of market lease intangibles, net, the deferral of community fees, net of amortization, management contract termination expense, actuarial reserves for insurance claims that have been incurred but not reported and lease termination fees.
- (4) Represents non-SPP NOI and non-cash adjustments to SPP NOI.
- (5) Represents interest income, gain (loss) on sales of real estate, net, other income (expense), net, income taxes benefit (expense) and equity income (loss) from unconsolidated joint ventures.
- (6) Represents interest expense, depreciation and amortization, general and administrative, transaction costs and loss on debt extinguishments.



Enterprise Gross Assets and Portfolio Investment

March 31, 2019

			-	, =			
	Senior Housing Triple-net	SHOP	Life Science	Medical Office	Other	Corporate Non- segment	Total
Consolidated total assets	\$ 2,010,608	\$ 2,256,491	\$ 3,977,389	\$ 3,659,325	\$ 875,908	\$ 119,780	\$12,899,501
Investments in and advances to unconsolidated JVs	_	_	_	_	(531,966)	_	(531,966)
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	618,026	465,247	730,916	1,232,641	99,017	_	3,145,847
Consolidated Gross Assets	\$ 2,628,634	\$ 2,721,738	\$ 4,708,305	\$ 4,891,966	\$ 442,959	\$ 119,780	\$15,513,382
HCP's share of unconsolidated JV gross assets	_	_	_	_	1,430,040	_	1,430,040
Enterprise Gross Assets	\$ 2,628,634	\$ 2,721,738	\$ 4,708,305	\$ 4,891,966	\$1,872,999	\$ 119,780	\$16,943,422
Land held for development	_	_	(98,451)	(974)	_	_	(99,425)
Fully depreciated real estate and intangibles	100,734	77,741	309,466	406,365	9,579	_	903,885
Non-real estate related assets ⁽¹⁾	(147,309)	(144,488)	(193,896)	(308,116)	(281,837)	(119,780)	(1,195,426)
Real estate intangible liabilities	(37,081)	(8,599)	(64,100)	(91,295)	(4,871)	_	(205,946)
Portfolio Investment	\$ 2,544,978	\$ 2,646,392	\$ 4,661,324	\$ 4,897,946	\$1,595,870	\$ —	\$16,346,510
Investment by Type:							
Wholly-owned	\$ 2,544,978	\$ 2,646,392	\$ 4,661,324	\$ 4,897,946	\$ 426,975	\$ —	\$15,177,615
HCP's share of unconsolidated JVs					1,168,895		1,168,895
Portfolio Investment	\$ 2,544,978	\$ 2,646,392	\$ 4,661,324	\$ 4,897,946	\$1,595,870	<u>\$</u>	\$16,346,510

⁽¹⁾ Includes straight-line rent payables and receivables, net of reserves; lease commissions - 2nd generation, net of amortization; cash and restricted cash; HCP's share of the value attributable to refundable Entrance Fee liabilities for the CCRC JV; operating lease right-of-use assets; and other assets.



Real Estate Revenue

	Three Months Ended									
	ı	March 31, 2018		June 30, 2018	Se	ptember 30, 2018	De	cember 31, 2018	N	March 31, 2019
Senior housing triple-net	\$	74,289	\$	70,713	\$	67,487	\$	63,602	\$	58,892
SHOP		144,670		138,352		137,044		127,909		126,181
Life science		99,622		101,031		98,040		96,371		94,473
Medical office ⁽¹⁾		133,220		134,574		139,566		140,015		142,195
Other ⁽¹⁾		21,031		23,434		12,650		12,664		12,700
Real Estate Revenue	\$	472,832	\$	468,104	\$	454,787	\$	440,561	\$	434,441
Senior housing triple-net		(1,878)		993		569		2,436		435
SHOP		(2,352)		(1,652)		771		41		968
Life science		(3,770)		(2,251)		(1,453)		(2,178)		(2,491)
Medical office ⁽¹⁾		(2,850)		(2,540)		(2,181)		(2,506)		(2,710)
Other ⁽¹⁾		(531)		(480)		188		194		194
Non-cash adjustments to Real Estate Revenues	\$	(11,381)	\$	(5,930)	\$	(2,106)	\$	(2,013)	\$	(3,604)
Senior housing triple-net		72,411		71,706		68,056		66,038		59,328
SHOP		142,318		136,700		137,815		127,950		127,149
Life science		95,852		98,780		96,587		94,193		91,982
Medical office ⁽¹⁾		130,370		132,034		137,385		137,509		139,485
Other ⁽¹⁾		20,500		22,954		12,838		12,858		12,895
Cash Real Estate Revenues	\$	461,451	\$	462,174	\$	452,681	\$	438,548	\$	430,839
Senior housing triple-net		(19,498)		(15,932)		(12,348)		(7,573)		(5,132)
SHOP		(72,131)		(66,574)		(68,281)		(58,935)		(56,605)
Life science		(27,564)		(28,962)		(24,115)		(21,531)		(19,101)
Medical office ⁽¹⁾		(14,122)		(14,253)		(17,136)		(19,459)		(19,374)
Other ⁽¹⁾		(7,918)		(10,274)		_		_		_
Non-SPP total Cash Real Estate Revenues	\$	(141,233)	\$	(135,995)	\$	(121,880)	\$	(107,498)	\$	(100,212)
Senior housing triple-net		52,913		55,774		55,708		58,465		54,196
SHOP		70,187		70,126		69,534		69,015		70,544
Life science		68,288		69,818		72,472		72,662		72,881
Medical office ⁽¹⁾		116,248		117,781		120,249		118,050		120,111
Other ⁽¹⁾		12,582		12,680		12,838		12,858		12,895
Cash Real Estate Revenues - SPP	\$	320,218	\$	326,179	\$	330,801	\$	331,050	\$	330,627

⁽¹⁾ During the first quarter of 2019, two facilities were reclassified from other non-reportable segments to the medical office segment. Accordingly, all prior period segment information has been recast to conform to the current period presentation.



Operating Expenses

	Three Months Ended									
	N	larch 31, 2018	•	June 30, 2018	Se	ptember 30, 2018	De	cember 31, 2018	N	larch 31, 2019
Senior housing triple-net	\$	1,045	\$	791	\$	840	\$	941	\$	993
SHOP		101,746		101,767		106,182		104,617		96,948
Life science		21,809		22,732		23,668		23,534		21,992
Medical office ⁽¹⁾		47,878		48,528		50,478		48,219		48,987
Other ⁽¹⁾		74		48		40		102		7
Operating expenses	\$	172,552	\$	173,866	\$	181,208	\$	177,413	\$	168,927
Senior housing triple-net		(13)		(13)		35		(14)		(129)
SHOP		(745)		(1,528)		(606)		(3,189)		(184)
Life science		(19)		(17)		(13)		(13)		(13)
Medical office ⁽¹⁾		(918)		(708)		(817)		(945)		(939)
Other ⁽¹⁾		_		_		_		_		1
Non-cash adjustments to operating expenses	\$	(1,695)	\$	(2,266)	\$	(1,401)	\$	(4,161)	\$	(1,264)
Senior housing triple-net		1,032		778		875		927		864
SHOP		101,001		100,239		105,576		101,428		96,764
Life science		21,790		22,715		23,655		23,521		21,979
Medical office ⁽¹⁾		46,960		47,820		49,661		47,274		48,048
Other ⁽¹⁾		74		48		40		102		8
Cash Operating Expenses	\$	170,857	\$	171,600	\$	179,807	\$	173,252	\$	167,663
Senior housing triple-net		(954)		(718)		(810)		(839)		(790)
SHOP		(54,251)		(52,308)		(57,423)		(52,044)		(47,863)
Life science		(6,464)		(6,337)		(6,107)		(6,134)		(5,527)
Medical office ⁽¹⁾		(7,278)		(7,279)		(7,615)		(7,748)		(7,736)
Other ⁽¹⁾		(80)		(31)		(32)		(76)		(1)
Non-SPP operating expenses	\$	(69,027)	\$	(66,673)	\$	(71,987)	\$	(66,841)	\$	(61,917)
Senior housing triple-net		78		60		65		88		74
SHOP		46,750		47,931		48,153		49,384		48,901
Life science		15,326		16,378		17,548		17,387		16,452
Medical office ⁽¹⁾		39,682		40,541		42,046		39,526		40,312
Other ⁽¹⁾		(6)		17		8		26		7
Cash Operating Expenses - SPP	\$	101,830	\$	104,927	\$	107,820	\$	106,411	\$	105,746

⁽¹⁾ During the first quarter of 2019, two facilities were reclassified from other non-reportable segments to the medical office segment. Accordingly, all prior period segment information has been recast to conform to the current period presentation.



EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre

	Months Ended ch 31, 2019
Net income (loss)	\$ 64,990
Interest expense	49,327
Income tax expense (benefit)	(3,458)
Depreciation and amortization	131,951
Other depreciation and amortization	2,797
Loss (gain) on sales of real estate, net	(8,044)
Impairments (recoveries) of depreciable real estate, net	8,858
HCP's share of unconsolidated JV:	
Interest expense	4,250
Income tax expense (benefit)	145
Depreciation and amortization	15,077
Other JV adjustments	(427)
EBITDAre	\$ 265,466
Transaction-related items	5,889
Litigation costs (recoveries)	128
Amortization of deferred compensation	3,590
Foreign currency remeasurement losses (gains)	(28)
CCRC entrance fees	3,496
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$ 278,541

Adjusted Fixed Charge Coverage

	 onths Ended h 31, 2019
Interest expense	\$ 49,327
Capitalized interest	8,369
HCP's share of unconsolidated JV interest expense and capitalized interest	4,313
Fixed Charges	\$ 62,009
Adjusted Fixed Charge Coverage	 4.5x



Enterprise Debt and Net Debt

	Mai	ch 31, 2019
Bank line of credit ⁽¹⁾	\$	276,500
Term loans		_
Senior unsecured notes		5,260,622
Mortgage debt		137,525
Other debt		89,223
Consolidated Debt	\$	5,763,870
HCP's share of unconsolidated JV mortgage debt		333,836
HCP's share of unconsolidated JV other debt		170,715
Enterprise Debt	\$	6,268,421
Cash and cash equivalents		(120,117)
HCP's share of unconsolidated JV cash and cash equivalents		(26,473)
Net Debt	\$	6,121,831

Financial Leverage

	March 31, 2019
Enterprise Debt	\$ 6,268,42
Enterprise Gross Assets	16,943,42
Financial Leverage	37.0

Secured Debt Ratio

	Mar	ch 31, 2019
Mortgage debt	\$	137,525
HCP's share of unconsolidated JV mortgage debt		333,836
Enterprise Secured Debt	\$	471,361
Enterprise Gross Assets		16,943,422
Secured Debt Ratio		2.8%

Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDAre

	Months Ended ch 31, 2019
Net Debt	\$ 6,121,831
Adjusted EBITDAre	1,114,164 ⁽²⁾
Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDAre	5.5x

⁽¹⁾ Includes £55 million translated into USD.



⁽²⁾ Represents the current quarter Adjusted EBITDAre multiplied by a factor of four.

Segment Cash NOI, Portfolio Income and SPP

Total Consolidated

Three Months Ended									
March 31, 2018		June 30, 2018		September 30, 2018		December 31, 2018		March 31, 2019	
\$	43,237	\$	92,928	\$	102,926	\$	834,383	\$	64,990
	(6,365)		(1,447)		(1,236)		(1,358)		(1,713)
	75,102		73,038		63,486		54,717		49,327
	143,250		143,292		132,198		130,759		131,951
	29,175		22,514		23,503		21,510		21,355
	2,195		2,404		4,489		1,684		4,518
	(20,815)		(46,064)		(95,332)		(763,774)		(8,044)
	_		13,912		5,268		36,080		8,858
	40,407		(1,786)		(1,604)		(50,333)		(3,133)
	_		_		43,899		263		_
	(5,336)		(4,654)		(4,929)		(2,935)		(3,458)
	(570)		101		911		2,152		863
\$	300,280	\$	294,238	\$	273,579	\$	263,148	\$	265,514
	(9,686)		(3,662)		(703)		2,148		(2,338)
\$	290,594	\$	290,576	\$	272,876	\$	265,296	\$	263,176
	6,365		1,447		1,236		1,358		1,713
	21,737		19,867		23,302		21,466		21,400
\$	318,696	\$	311,890	\$	297,414	\$	288,120	\$	286,289
	(6,365)		(1,447)		(1,236)		(1,358)		(1,713)
	(21,737)		(19,867)		(23,302)		(21,466)		(21,400)
	9,686		3,662		703		(2,148)		2,338
	(77,085)		(71,820)		(49,957)		(39,511)		(37,452)
\$	223,195	\$	222,418	\$	223,622	\$	223,637	\$	228,062
	(4,807)		(1,166)		(641)		1,002		(3,180)
\$	218,388	\$	221,252	\$	222,981	\$	224,639	\$	224,882
	\$ \$ \$	2018 \$ 43,237 (6,365) 75,102 143,250 29,175 2,195 (20,815) — 40,407 — (5,336) (570) \$ 300,280 (9,686) \$ 290,594 6,365 21,737 \$ 318,696 (6,365) (21,737) 9,686 (77,085) \$ 223,195 (4,807)	\$ 43,237 \$ (6,365) 75,102 143,250 29,175 2,195 (20,815) — 40,407 — (5,336) (570) \$ 300,280 \$ (9,686) \$ 290,594 \$ 6,365 21,737 \$ 318,696 \$ (6,365) (21,737) 9,686 (77,085) \$ 223,195 \$ (4,807)	March 31, 2018 June 30, 2018 \$ 43,237 \$ 92,928 (6,365) (1,447) 75,102 73,038 143,250 143,292 29,175 22,514 2,195 2,404 (20,815) (46,064) — 13,912 40,407 (1,786) — (5,336) (4,654) (570) 101 \$ 300,280 \$ 294,238 (9,686) (3,662) \$ 290,594 \$ 290,576 6,365 1,447 21,737 19,867 \$ 318,696 \$ 311,890 (6,365) (1,447) (21,737) (19,867) 9,686 3,662 (77,085) (71,820) \$ 223,195 \$ 222,418 (4,807) (1,166)	March 31, 2018 June 30, 2018 Se \$ 43,237 \$ 92,928 \$ (6,365) (1,447) 75,102 73,038 143,250 143,292 29,175 22,514 2,195 2,404 (20,815) (46,064) — 13,912 40,407 (1,786) — (5,336) (4,654) (570) 101 \$ 300,280 \$ 294,238 \$ (9,686) (3,662) \$ \$ 290,594 \$ 290,576 \$ 6,365 1,447 21,737 19,867 \$ 318,696 \$ 311,890 \$ (6,365) (1,447) (21,737) (19,867) 9,686 3,662 (77,085) (71,820) \$ 223,195 \$ 222,418 \$ (4,807) (1,166)	March 31, 2018 June 30, 2018 September 30, 2018 \$ 43,237 \$ 92,928 \$ 102,926 (6,365) (1,447) (1,236) 75,102 73,038 63,486 143,250 143,292 132,198 29,175 22,514 23,503 2,195 2,404 4,489 (20,815) (46,064) (95,332) — 13,912 5,268 40,407 (1,786) (1,604) — — 43,899 (5,336) (4,654) (4,929) (570) 101 911 \$ 300,280 \$ 294,238 \$ 273,579 (9,686) (3,662) (703) \$ 290,594 \$ 290,576 \$ 272,876 6,365 1,447 1,236 21,737 19,867 23,302 \$ 318,696 \$ 311,890 \$ 297,414 (6,365) (1,447) (1,236) (21,737) (19,867) (23,302) 9,686 3,662 703 <td>March 31, 2018 June 30, 2018 September 30, 2018 Degree 2018 \$ 43,237 \$ 92,928 \$ 102,926 \$ (6,365) (1,447) (1,236) (1,236) 75,102 73,038 63,486 63,486 143,250 143,292 132,198 29,175 22,514 23,503 2,195 2,404 4,489 (20,815) (46,064) (95,332) 6,268 40,407 (1,786) (1,604) 6,389 6,3369 (4,654) (4,929) (5,336) (4,654) (4,929) 911 911 911 \$ 300,280 \$ 294,238 \$ 273,579 \$ (9,686) (3,662) (703) \$ 290,594 \$ 290,576 \$ 272,876 \$ 6,365 1,447 1,236 21,737 19,867 23,302 \$ 318,696 311,890 \$ 297,414 \$ (6,365) (1,447) (1,236) (21,737) (19,867) (23,302) 9,686 3,662 703 <t< td=""><td>March 31, 2018 June 30, 2018 September 30, 2018 December 31, 2018 \$ 43,237 \$ 92,928 \$ 102,926 \$ 834,383 (6,365) (1,447) (1,236) (1,358) 75,102 73,038 63,486 54,717 143,250 143,292 132,198 130,759 29,175 22,514 23,503 21,510 2,195 2,404 4,489 1,684 (20,815) (46,064) (95,332) (763,774) — 13,912 5,268 36,080 40,407 (1,786) (1,604) (50,333) — — 43,899 263 (5,336) (4,654) (4,929) (2,935) (570) 101 911 2,152 \$ 300,280 \$ 294,238 \$ 273,579 \$ 263,148 (9,686) (3,662) (703) 2,148 \$ 290,594 \$ 290,576 \$ 272,876 \$ 265,296 6,365 1,447 1,236 1,358 21,737</td><td>March 31, 2018 June 30, 2018 September 30, 2018 December 31, 2018 N \$ 43,237 \$ 92,928 \$ 102,926 \$ 834,383 \$ (6,365) (1,447) (1,236) (1,358) 75,102 73,038 63,486 54,717 143,250 143,292 132,198 130,759 29,175 22,514 23,503 21,510 2,195 2,404 4,489 1,684 (20,815) (46,064) (95,332) (763,774) — 13,912 5,268 36,080 40,407 (1,786) (1,604) (50,333) — — 43,899 263 (5,336) (4,654) (4,929) (2,935) (570) 101 911 2,152 \$ 300,280 \$ 294,238 \$ 273,579 \$ 263,148 (9,686) (3,662) (703) 2,148 \$ 290,594 \$ 290,576 \$ 272,876 \$ 265,296 \$ \$ 318,696 311,890 \$ 297,41</td></t<></td>	March 31, 2018 June 30, 2018 September 30, 2018 Degree 2018 \$ 43,237 \$ 92,928 \$ 102,926 \$ (6,365) (1,447) (1,236) (1,236) 75,102 73,038 63,486 63,486 143,250 143,292 132,198 29,175 22,514 23,503 2,195 2,404 4,489 (20,815) (46,064) (95,332) 6,268 40,407 (1,786) (1,604) 6,389 6,3369 (4,654) (4,929) (5,336) (4,654) (4,929) 911 911 911 \$ 300,280 \$ 294,238 \$ 273,579 \$ (9,686) (3,662) (703) \$ 290,594 \$ 290,576 \$ 272,876 \$ 6,365 1,447 1,236 21,737 19,867 23,302 \$ 318,696 311,890 \$ 297,414 \$ (6,365) (1,447) (1,236) (21,737) (19,867) (23,302) 9,686 3,662 703 <t< td=""><td>March 31, 2018 June 30, 2018 September 30, 2018 December 31, 2018 \$ 43,237 \$ 92,928 \$ 102,926 \$ 834,383 (6,365) (1,447) (1,236) (1,358) 75,102 73,038 63,486 54,717 143,250 143,292 132,198 130,759 29,175 22,514 23,503 21,510 2,195 2,404 4,489 1,684 (20,815) (46,064) (95,332) (763,774) — 13,912 5,268 36,080 40,407 (1,786) (1,604) (50,333) — — 43,899 263 (5,336) (4,654) (4,929) (2,935) (570) 101 911 2,152 \$ 300,280 \$ 294,238 \$ 273,579 \$ 263,148 (9,686) (3,662) (703) 2,148 \$ 290,594 \$ 290,576 \$ 272,876 \$ 265,296 6,365 1,447 1,236 1,358 21,737</td><td>March 31, 2018 June 30, 2018 September 30, 2018 December 31, 2018 N \$ 43,237 \$ 92,928 \$ 102,926 \$ 834,383 \$ (6,365) (1,447) (1,236) (1,358) 75,102 73,038 63,486 54,717 143,250 143,292 132,198 130,759 29,175 22,514 23,503 21,510 2,195 2,404 4,489 1,684 (20,815) (46,064) (95,332) (763,774) — 13,912 5,268 36,080 40,407 (1,786) (1,604) (50,333) — — 43,899 263 (5,336) (4,654) (4,929) (2,935) (570) 101 911 2,152 \$ 300,280 \$ 294,238 \$ 273,579 \$ 263,148 (9,686) (3,662) (703) 2,148 \$ 290,594 \$ 290,576 \$ 272,876 \$ 265,296 \$ \$ 318,696 311,890 \$ 297,41</td></t<>	March 31, 2018 June 30, 2018 September 30, 2018 December 31, 2018 \$ 43,237 \$ 92,928 \$ 102,926 \$ 834,383 (6,365) (1,447) (1,236) (1,358) 75,102 73,038 63,486 54,717 143,250 143,292 132,198 130,759 29,175 22,514 23,503 21,510 2,195 2,404 4,489 1,684 (20,815) (46,064) (95,332) (763,774) — 13,912 5,268 36,080 40,407 (1,786) (1,604) (50,333) — — 43,899 263 (5,336) (4,654) (4,929) (2,935) (570) 101 911 2,152 \$ 300,280 \$ 294,238 \$ 273,579 \$ 263,148 (9,686) (3,662) (703) 2,148 \$ 290,594 \$ 290,576 \$ 272,876 \$ 265,296 6,365 1,447 1,236 1,358 21,737	March 31, 2018 June 30, 2018 September 30, 2018 December 31, 2018 N \$ 43,237 \$ 92,928 \$ 102,926 \$ 834,383 \$ (6,365) (1,447) (1,236) (1,358) 75,102 73,038 63,486 54,717 143,250 143,292 132,198 130,759 29,175 22,514 23,503 21,510 2,195 2,404 4,489 1,684 (20,815) (46,064) (95,332) (763,774) — 13,912 5,268 36,080 40,407 (1,786) (1,604) (50,333) — — 43,899 263 (5,336) (4,654) (4,929) (2,935) (570) 101 911 2,152 \$ 300,280 \$ 294,238 \$ 273,579 \$ 263,148 (9,686) (3,662) (703) 2,148 \$ 290,594 \$ 290,576 \$ 272,876 \$ 265,296 \$ \$ 318,696 311,890 \$ 297,41



Senior Housing Triple-Net

	 Three Months Ended								
	March 31, 2018		June 30, 2018		September 30, 2018		December 31, 2018		larch 31, 2019
Net income (loss)	\$ 50,738	\$	18,752	\$	47,627	\$	67,827	\$	44,184
Interest expense	600		607		599		598		589
Depreciation and amortization	21,906		21,251		18,884		17,564		16,683
Impairments (recoveries), net	_		6,273		_		_		_
Loss (gain) on sales of real estate, net	_		23,039		(463)		(23,328)		(3,557)
NOI	\$ 73,244	\$	69,922	\$	66,647	\$	62,661	\$	57,899
Adjustment to NOI	(1,865)		1,006		534		2,450		564
Cash NOI	\$ 71,379	\$	70,928	\$	67,181	\$	65,111	\$	58,463
Interest income	_		_		_		_		_
HCP's share of unconsolidated JVs	_		_		_		_		_
Portfolio Income	\$ 71,379	\$	70,928	\$	67,181	\$	65,111	\$	58,463
Interest income	_		_		_		_		_
HCP's share of unconsolidated JVs	_		_		_		_		_
Adjustment to NOI	1,865		(1,006)		(534)		(2,450)		(564)
Non-SPP NOI	(17,776)		(14,470)		(10,886)		(5,577)		(1,938)
SPP NOI	\$ 55,468	\$	55,452	\$	55,761	\$	57,084	\$	55,961
Non-cash adjustment to SPP NOI	(2,633)		262		(118)		1,293		(1,839)
SPP cash NOI	\$ 52,835	\$	55,714	\$	55,643	\$	58,377	\$	54,122
		_							

SHOP

		Three Months Ended								
		March 31, 2018		June 30, 2018		September 30, 2018		December 31, 2018		larch 31, 2019
Net income (loss)	\$	35,123	\$	55,845	\$	9,903	\$	(19,145)	\$	8,971
Interest expense		988		990		688		659		663
Depreciation and amortization		27,628		28,002		25,166		23,609		24,086
Impairments (recoveries), net		_		_		5,268		32,802		_
Loss (gain) on sales of real estate, net		(20,815)		(48,252)		(10,163)		(14,633)		(4,487)
NOI	\$	42,924	\$	36,585	\$	30,862	\$	23,292	\$	29,233
Adjustment to NOI		(1,607)		(124)		1,378		3,230		1,152
Cash NOI	\$	41,317	\$	36,461	\$	32,240	\$	26,522	\$	30,385
Interest income		_		_		_		_		_
HCP's share of unconsolidated JVs		_		_		_		_		_
Portfolio Income	\$	41,317	\$	36,461	\$	32,240	\$	26,522	\$	30,385
Interest income		_		_		_		_		_
HCP's share of unconsolidated JVs		_		_		_		_		_
Adjustment to NOI		1,607		124		(1,378)		(3,230)		(1,152)
Non-SPP NOI		(19,610)		(14,773)		(10,471)		(4,827)		(7,758)
SPP NOI	\$	23,314	\$	21,812	\$	20,391	\$	18,465	\$	21,475
Non-cash adjustment to SPP NOI		123		383		990		1,166		169
SPP cash NOI	\$	23,437	\$	22,195	\$	21,381	\$	19,631	\$	21,644
	_					-				



Life Science

Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 June 30, 2018 December 31, 2018 March 31, 2019 September 30, 120,442 Net income (loss) \$ 41,650 35,311 763,666 36,162 Interest expense 83 80 78 76 73 36,080 Depreciation and amortization 35,269 34,432 34,699 36,246 Impairments (recoveries), net 7,639 Loss (gain) on sales of real estate, net (80,580)(725,604)NOI \$ 77,813 \$ 78,299 \$ 74,372 72,837 72,481 (3,751)Adjustment to NOI (2,233)(1,439)(2,165)(2,478)Cash NOI 76,066 70,672 70,003 \$ 74,062 \$ \$ 72,933 \$ \$ Interest income HCP's share of unconsolidated JVs Portfolio Income \$ 74,062 \$ 76,066 \$ 72,933 \$ 70,672 \$ 70.003 Interest income HCP's share of unconsolidated JVs 3.751 2.233 1.439 2.478 Adjustment to NOI 2.165 Non-SPP NOI (24,086)(24,441)(18,853)(16,988)(15,606)SPP NOI \$ 53,727 \$ 53,858 \$ 55,519 \$ 55,849 \$ 56,875 Non-cash adjustment to SPP NOI (765)(418)(595)(574)(446)SPP cash NOI 52,962 53,440 54,924 55,275 56,429

Medical Office(1)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2018 March 31, 2019 March 31, 2018 September 30, December 31, \$ 38,024 37,829 40,897 39,042 31,138 Net income (loss) Interest expense 120 119 117 118 111 48,098 Depreciation and amortization 47,198 51,977 53.163 53,101 Impairments (recoveries), net 8,858 (3,903)Loss (gain) on sales of real estate, net (527)NOI \$ 85.342 \$ 86.046 \$ 89,088 91,796 93,208 Adjustment to NOI (1,932)(1,831)(1,364)(1,561)(1,771)Cash NOI 83,410 \$ 84,215 \$ 87,724 \$ 90,235 91,437 Interest income HCP's share of unconsolidated JVs 87,724 Portfolio Income \$ 83,410 \$ 84,215 \$ 90,235 91,437 \$ \$ Interest income HCP's share of unconsolidated JVs Adjustment to NOI 1,932 1,831 1,364 1,561 1,771 Non-SPP NOI (9,777)(7,073)(7,294)(12, 195)(12, 151)79,311 SPP NOI \$ 78.269 \$ 78.752 \$ \$ 79.601 \$ 81,057 Non-cash adjustment to SPP NOI (1,703)(1,258)(1,512)(1,108)(1,077)SPP cash NOI \$ 76,566 77,240 78,203 78,524 79,799



Other⁽¹⁾

Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 March 31, 2018 June 30, 2018 September 30, 2018 December 31, 2018 Net income (loss) \$ (23,841) \$ 34,169 \$ 11,419 56,619 11,708 (1,447)(1,236)Interest income (6,365)(1,358)(1,713)Interest expense 728 742 Depreciation and amortization 10,438 10,672 1,724 1,835 1,739 Impairments (recoveries), net 3,278 Loss (gain) on sales of real estate, net (20,851)(223)318 Other expense (income), net 40,567 (50,171)Equity loss (income) from unconsolidated JVs (570)101 911 2,152 863 NOI \$ 20,957 \$ 23,386 \$ 12,610 \$ 12,562 \$ 12,693 Adjustment to NOI 195 (531)(480)188 194 \$ 20,426 22,906 \$ 12,798 12,756 \$ 12,888 Cash NOI Interest income 6,365 1,447 1,236 1,358 1,713 HCP's share of unconsolidated JVs 21,737 19,867 23,302 21,466 21,400 Portfolio Income 48,528 44,220 \$ 37,336 35,580 36,001 (6,365)(1,236)(1,358)Interest income (1,447)(1,713)HCP's share of unconsolidated JVs (21,737)(19,867)(23,302)(21,466)(21,400)Adjustment to NOI 531 480 (188)(194)(195)Non-SPP NOI (8.540)(10.842)30 76 **SPP NOI** \$ 12,417 12,544 \$ 12,640 \$ 12,638 \$ 12,694 Non-cash adjustment to SPP NOI 171 119 190 194 194 **SPP cash NOI** 12,588 12,663 \$ 12,830 \$ 12,832 12,888

Corporate Non-Segment

Three Months Ended March 31, June 30, September 30, December 31, March 31, Net income (loss) (98,457) \$ (88,978)\$ (127, 362)(73,626)(67, 173)72,583 Interest expense 70,500 62,004 53,266 47,891 General and administrative 29,175 22.514 23,503 21,510 21,355 Transaction costs 2,195 2,404 4,489 1,684 4,518 Other expense (income), net (1,786)(1,604)(160)(162)(3,133)Loss on debt extinguishments 43.899 263 Income tax expense (benefit) (5,336)(4,654)(4,929)(2.935)(3,458)NOI \$



⁽¹⁾ During the first quarter of 2019, two facilities were reclassified from other non-reportable segments to the medical office segment. Accordingly, all prior period segment information has been recast to conform to the current period presentation.

REVPOR SHOP

Three Months Ended June 30, 2018 March 31, March 31, September 30, December 31, 2018 2018 2018 2019 **REVPOR SHOP** Real Estate Revenues \$ 144,670 \$ 138.352 \$ 137.044 \$ 127.909 \$ 126,181 Adjustments to real estate revenues (2,352)(1,652)771 41 968 Cash Real Estate Revenues \$ 142,318 \$ 136,700 \$ 137,815 \$ 127,950 \$ 127,149 Other adjustments to REVPOR SHOP(1) (2,527)(20, 136)(25,055)(28,998)(21,714)**REVPOR SHOP revenues** \$ 139,791 116,564 112,760 \$ 98,952 105,436 Average occupied units/month 9,648 9,193 7,664 11,452 7,745 REVPOR SHOP per month(2) \$ 4,069 4,027 4,089 4,259 \$ \$ \$ \$ 4,586 SPP REVPOR SHOP **REVPOR SHOP revenues** \$ 139,791 \$ 116,564 \$ 112,760 98,952 \$ 105,436 Change in reporting structure⁽³⁾ (13,206)(19,377)(29,722)Other non-SPP cash real estate (69,604)(46,438)(30,020)(5,169)revenues (10,560)SPP REVPOR SHOP revenues 70,187 \$ 69,534 \$ 69,015 70,544 \$ 70,126 \$ SPP average occupied units/month 5,684 5,614 5,577 5,579 5,493 SPP REVPOR SHOP per month(2) \$ 4,116 \$ 4,163 \$ 4,156 \$ 4,281 4,123 \$



⁽¹⁾ Includes revenue for newly completed facilities under lease-up, facilities acquired or transitioned to new operators during the relevant period, assets in redevelopment, and assets that experienced a casualty event that significantly impacted operations.

⁽²⁾ Represents the current quarter REVPOR divided by a factor of three.

⁽³⁾ Represents revenues for assets that transitioned from senior housing triple-net to SHOP during the year-over-year comparison period.