## EDGAR Submission Header Summary

| Submission Type | 10-Q |
| :---: | :---: |
| Live File | on |
| Return Copy | on |
| Submission Contact | Victoria A. Faw |
| Submission Contact Phone Number | 304-769-1112 |
| Exchange | NASD |
| Confirming Copy | off |
| Filer CIK | 0000726854 |
| Filer CCC | xxxxxxxx |
| Period of Report | 06/30/12 |
| Smaller Reporting Company | off |
| Notify via Filing website Only | off |
| Emails | vikki.faw@cityholding.com |
| Documents |  |
| 10-Q | form10-q20120630.htm |
|  | CHCO Form 10-Q, 2nd Quarter 2012 earnings |
| GRAPHIC | chcologo.jpg |
|  | CHCO logo |
| EX-31.a | ex31-a.htm |
|  | Exhibit 31(a), Section 302 Certification of Charles R. Hageboeck |
| EX-31.b | ex31-b.htm |
|  | Exhibit 31(b), Section 302 Certification of David L. Bumgarner |
| EX-32.a | ex32-a.htm |
|  | Exhibit 32(a), Section 906 Certification of Charles R. Hageboeck |
| EX-32.b | ex32-b.htm |
|  | Exhbiit 32(b), Section 906 Certification of David L. Bumgarner |
| EX-101.INS | chco-20120630.xml |
|  | XBRL Instance Document |
| EX-101.SCH | chco-20120630.xsd |
|  | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema |
| EX-101.CAL | chco-20120630_cal.xml |
|  | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase |
| EX-101.DEF | chco-20120630_def.xml |
|  | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase |
| EX-101.LAB | chco-20120630_lab.xml |
|  | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase |
| EX-101.PRE | chco-20120630_pre.xml |
|  | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase |
| 10-Q | submissionpdf.pdf |
|  | Printable copy of CHCO Form 10-Q, 2nd Quarter 2012 earnings and exhibits |

[^0]
## UNITED STATES

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

 Washington, D.C. 20549
## FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)
[X] QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

$$
\text { For The Quarterly Period Ended June 30, } 2012
$$

## OR

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For The Transition Period From $\qquad$ To $\qquad$ -

Commission File number 0-11733

CITY HOLDING COMPANY
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

| West Virginia <br> (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) | $\frac{55-0619957}{\text { (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) }}$ <br> 25 Gatewater Road <br> Charleston, West Virginia <br> (Address of principal executive offices) |
| :---: | :---: |
| (Zip Code) |  |

(304) 769-1100
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
 period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes
[X] No

## [ ]

 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes
[X] No
[ ]
 filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer [ ] Accelerated filer [X]

Non-accelerated filer [ ] Smaller reporting company [ ]
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Yes
[ ] No
[X]
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practical date.
Common stock, \$2.50 Par Value - 14,820,633 shares as of August 3, 2012.

## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including statements in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Result of Operations are, or may be deemed to be, forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information involves risks and uncertainties that could result in the Company's actual results differing from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: (1) the Company may incur additional loan loss provision due to negative credit quality trends in the future that may lead to a deterioration of asset quality; (2) the Company may incur increased charge-offs in the future; (3) the Company could have adverse legal actions of a material nature; (4) the Company may face competitive loss of customers; (5) the Company may be unable to manage its expense levels; (6) the Company may have difficulty retaining key employees; (7) changes in the interest rate environment may have results on the Company's operations materially different from those anticipated by the Company's market risk management functions; (8) changes in general economic conditions and increased competition could adversely affect the Company's operating results; (9) changes in other regulations and government policies affecting bank holding companies and their subsidiaries, including changes in monetary policies, could negatively impact the Company's operating results; (10) the Company may experience difficulties growing loan and deposit balances; (11) the current economic environment poses significant challenges for us and could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations; (12) continued deterioration in the financial condition of the U.S. banking system may impact the valuations of investments the Company has made in the securities of other financial institutions resulting in either actual losses or other than temporary impairments on such investments; and (13) the effects of the Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act") recently adopted by the United States Congress. Forward-looking statements made herein reflect management's expectations as of the date such statements are made. Such information is provided to assist stockholders and potential investors in understanding current and anticipated financial operations of the Company and is included pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date such statements are made.

Index

## City Holding Company and Subsidiaries

| PARTI | Financial Information | Pages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item 1. | Financial Statements (Unaudited). | 4-31 |
|  | Consolidated Balance Sheets - June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011. |  |
|  | Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income - Three and Six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. |  |
|  | Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity - Six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. |  |
|  | Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows - Six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. |  |
|  | Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - June 30, 2012. |  |
| Item 2. | Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. | 32-46 |
| Item 3. | Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk. | 46 |
| Item 4. | Controls and Procedures. | 47 |
| PART II | Other Information |  |
| Item 1. | Legal Proceedings. | 49 |
| Item 1A. | Risk Factors. | 49 |
| Item 2. | Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds. | 49 |
| Item 3. | Defaults Upon Senior Securities. | 49 |
| Item 4. | Mine Safety Disclosures | 49 |
| Item 5. | Other Information. | 49 |
| Item 6. | Exhibits. | 49 |
| Signatures |  | 50 |

## PART I, ITEM 1 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <br> Consolidated Balance Sheets <br> City Holding Company and Subsidiaries <br> (in thousands)



See notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)
City Holding Company and Subsidiaries
(in thousands, except earnings per share data)

|  | Three months Ended June 30 |  |  |  | Six months Ended June 30 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012 |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  | 2011 |  |
| Interest Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest and fees on loans | \$ | 23,143 | \$ | 23,352 | \$ | 46,210 | \$ | 47,090 |
| Interest on investment securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taxable |  | 3,943 |  | 4,513 |  | 7,907 |  | 9,055 |
| Tax-exempt |  | 368 |  | 445 |  | 755 |  | 907 |
| Interest on federal funds sold |  | 12 |  | 13 |  | 23 |  | 26 |
| Total Interest Income |  | 27,466 |  | 28,323 |  | 54,895 |  | 57,078 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest Expense |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest on deposits |  | 3,383 |  | 5,568 |  | 7,051 |  | 11,279 |
| Interest on short-term borrowings |  | 77 |  | 77 |  | 150 |  | 149 |
| Interest on long-term debt |  | 165 |  | 158 |  | 333 |  | 315 |
| Total Interest Expense |  | 3,625 |  | 5,803 |  | 7,534 |  | 11,743 |
| Net Interest Income |  | 23,841 |  | 22,520 |  | 47,361 |  | 45,335 |
| Provision for loan losses |  | 1,675 |  | 1,286 |  | 3,625 |  | 2,372 |
| Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses |  | 22,166 |  | 21,234 |  | 43,736 |  | 42,963 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-interest Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total investment securities impairment losses |  | (606) |  | - |  | (606) |  | - |
| Noncredit impairment losses recognized in other comprehensive income |  | 302 |  | - |  | 302 |  | - |
| Net investment securities impairment losses |  | (304) |  | - |  | (304) |  | - |
| Gain on sale of investment securities |  | 832 |  | 3,128 |  | 801 |  | 3,128 |
| Net investment securities gain |  | 528 |  | 3,128 |  | 497 |  | 3,128 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service charges |  | 9,649 |  | 9,855 |  | 18,739 |  | 18,909 |
| Insurance commissions |  | 1,347 |  | 1,504 |  | 3,343 |  | 3,125 |
| Trust and investment management fee income |  | 942 |  | 730 |  | 1,749 |  | 1,483 |
| Bank owned life insurance |  | 766 |  | 745 |  | 1,489 |  | 1,503 |
| Other income |  | 558 |  | 575 |  | 1,091 |  | 1,051 |
| Total Non-interest Income |  | 13,790 |  | 16,537 |  | 26,908 |  | 29,199 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-interest Expense |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries and employee benefits |  | 10,668 |  | 10,183 |  | 20,913 |  | 20,095 |
| Occupancy and equipment |  | 1,978 |  | 1,921 |  | 3,913 |  | 4,027 |
| Depreciation |  | 1,109 |  | 1,140 |  | 2,195 |  | 2,276 |
| FDIC insurance expense |  | 394 |  | 932 |  | 779 |  | 1,884 |
| Advertising |  | 675 |  | 628 |  | 1,319 |  | 1,308 |
| Bankcard expenses |  | 694 |  | 633 |  | 1,314 |  | 1,134 |
| Postage, delivery, and statement mailings |  | 488 |  | 510 |  | 1,036 |  | 1,064 |
| Office supplies |  | 396 |  | 452 |  | 851 |  | 991 |
| Legal and professional fees |  | 421 |  | 3,511 |  | 738 |  | 3,980 |
| Telecommunications |  | 387 |  | 417 |  | 776 |  | 846 |
| Repossessed asset losses (gains), net of expenses |  | 650 |  | (7) |  | 771 |  | 191 |
| Merger related costs |  | 4,042 |  | - |  | 4,177 |  | - |
| Other expenses |  | 2,861 |  | 2,592 |  | 5,496 |  | 4,974 |
| Total Non-interest Expense |  | 24,763 |  | 22,912 |  | 44,278 |  | 42,770 |
| Income Before Income Taxes |  | 11,193 |  | 14,859 |  | 26,366 |  | 29,392 |
| Income tax expense |  | 3,780 |  | 5,029 |  | 8,924 |  | 9,947 |
| Net Income Available to Common Shareholders | \$ | 7,413 | \$ | 9,830 | \$ | 17,442 | \$ | 19,445 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total comprehensive income | \$ | 6,673 | \$ | 9,897 | \$ | 18,872 | \$ | 20,104 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average common shares outstanding |  | 14,680 |  | 15,120 |  | 14,676 |  | 15,244 |
| Effect of dilutive securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee stock options |  | 79 |  | 73 |  | 84 |  | 78 |
| Shares for diluted earnings per share |  | 14,759 |  | 15,193 |  | 14,760 |  | 15,322 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic earnings per common share | \$ | 0.50 | \$ | 0.65 | \$ | 1.18 | \$ | 1.27 |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$ | 0.50 | \$ | 0.64 | \$ | 1.17 | \$ | 1.26 |
| Dividends declared per common share | \$ | 0.35 | \$ | 0.34 | \$ | 0.70 | \$ | 0.68 |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)
City Holding Company and Subsidiaries
SIX monthi Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011
(in thousands)

|  | Common Stock |  | Capital Surplus |  | Retained Earnings |  | Treasury Stock |  | Accumulated <br> Other <br> Comprehensive <br> Income (Loss) |  | Total Shareholders' Equity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balances at December 31, 2010 | \$ | 46,249 | \$ | 103,057 | \$ | 270,905 | \$ | $(102,853)$ | \$ | $(2,497)$ | \$ | 314,861 |
| Net income |  |  |  |  |  | 19,445 |  |  |  |  |  | 19,445 |
| Other comprehensive income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 659 |  | 659 |
| Cash dividends declared (\$0.68 per share) |  |  |  |  |  | $(10,319)$ |  |  |  |  |  | $(10,319)$ |
| Stock-based compensation expense, net |  |  |  | (119) |  |  |  | 784 |  |  |  | 665 |
| Exercise of 5,476 stock options |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | 153 |  |  |  | 153 |
| Purchase of 447,524 treasury shares |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $(15,085)$ |  |  |  | $(15,085)$ |
| Balances at June 30, 2011 | \$ | 46,249 | \$ | 102,938 | \$ | 280,031 | \$ | $(117,001)$ | \$ | $(1,838)$ | \$ | 310,379 |


|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

## Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

City Holding Company and Subsidiaries
(in thousands)

|  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |

[^1]Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
June 30, 2012

## NOTE A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements, which are unaudited, include all of the accounts of City Holding Company ("the Parent Company") and its wholly-owned subsidiaries



 estimates and develop assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and related footnotes. Actual results could differ from management's estimates.

The consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2011 has been derived from audited financial statements included in the Company's 2011 Annual Report to Shareholders. Certain information
 should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the 2011 Annual Report of the Company

Certain amounts in the financial statements have been reclassified. Such reclassifications had no impact on shareholders' equity or net income for any period.

## Note B - Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2011-04, "Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurements and


 04 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05, "Comprehensive Income (Topic 220) - Presentation of Comprehensive Income." ASU 2011-05 amends Topic 220, "Comprehensive Income," to



 below. The adoption of ASU No. 2011-05 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In September 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-08, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350) - Testing Goodwill for Impairment." Under this ASU, an entity has the option to first

 effective for the Company's reporting period that began on January 1, 2012. The adoption of ASU No. 2011-08 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Table of Contents
In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-12, "Comprehensive Income (Topic 220) - Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05." This ASU defers the changes in ASU No. 2011-05 that relate to the presentation of reclassification adjustments. ASU No. 2011-12 allows entities to continue to report reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income consistent with the presentation requirements in effect prior to ASU No. 2011-05. All other requirements in ASU No. 2011-05 are not affected. ASU No. 2011-12 is effective for the Company's reporting period that began on January 1, 2012. The adoption of ASU No. 2011-12 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

## NOTE C - ACQUISITIONS

On May 31, 2012, the Company acquired $100 \%$ of the outstanding common and preferred stock of Virginia Savings Bancorp, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary, Virginia Savings Bank (collectively, "VSB"). As a result of this acquisition, the Company acquired five branches which expanded its footprint into Virginia. At the time of closing, VSB had assets of $\$ 132$ million, loans of $\$ 82$ million, deposits of $\$ 120$ million and shareholders' equity of $\$ 11$ million.

The total transaction was valued at $\$ 12.4$ million, consisting of cash of $\$ 4.7$ million and approximately 240,000 shares of common stock valued at $\$ 7.7$ million. The common stock was valued based on the closing price of $\$ 32.18$ for the Company's common shares on May 31, 2012. The preliminary purchase price has been allocated as follows:

|  |  | 1,2012 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consideration: |  |  |
| Cash | \$ | 4,672 |
| Common stock |  | 7,723 |
|  | \$ | 12,395 |
|  |  |  |
| Identifiable assets: |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 25,060 |
| Investment securities |  | 14,082 |
| Loans |  | 73,448 |
| Premises and equipment |  | 5,158 |
| Other assets |  | 8,860 |
| Total identifiable assets |  | 126,608 |
|  |  |  |
| Identifiable liabilities: |  |  |
| Deposits |  | 122,721 |
| Other liabilities |  | 698 |
| Total identifiable liabilities |  | 123,419 |
|  |  |  |
| Net identifiable assets |  | 3,189 |
| Goodwill |  | 8,014 |
| Core deposit intangible |  | 1,192 |
|  | \$ | 12,395 |

In determining the estimated fair value of the acquired loans, management considered several factors, such as estimated future credit losses, estimated prepayments, remaining lives of the acquired loans, estimated value of the underlying collateral and the net present value of the cash flows expected to be received. For smaller loans not specifically reviewed, management grouped the loans into their respective homogeneous loan pool and applied a loss estimate accordingly. Acquired loans are accounted for using one of the two following standards:
(1) ASC Topic 310-20 is used to value loans that do not have evidence of credit quality deterioration. For these loans, the difference between the fair value of the loan and the amortized cost of the loan would be amortized or accreted into income using the interest method.
(2) ASC Topic 310-30 is used to value loans that have evidence of credit quality deterioration. For these loans, the expected cash flows that exceed the fair value of the loan represent the accretable yield, which is recognized as interest income on a level-yield basis over the expected cash flow periods of the loans.
The non-accretable difference represents the difference between the contractually required principal and interest payments and the cash flows expected to be collected based upon management's estimation. Subsequent decreases in the expected cash flows will require the Company to evaluate the need for additions to the Company's allowance for loan losses. Subsequent increases in the expected cash flows will result in a reversal of the provision for loan losses to the extent of prior charges with a corresponding adjustment to the accretable yield, which will result in the recognition of additional interest income over the remaining lives of the loans. The accretabe difference represents the difference between the expected cash flows and the net present value of expected cash flows. This difference is accreted into earnings using the level-yield method over the expected cash flow periods of the loans. In determining the net present value of expected cash flows, management used various discount rates based upon the risk characteristics for each loan type.

Table of Contents
The following table presents the loans acquired in conjunction with the VSB acquisition:

|  | $\mathbf{M a y ~ 3 1 , \mathbf { 2 0 1 2 }}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
|  |  |
| Contractually required principal and interest | $\$$ |
| Contractual cash flows not expected to be collected (non-accretable difference) | 11,049 |
| Expected cash flows | $(3,734)$ |
| Interest component of expected cash flows (accretable difference) | 7,315 |
| Estimated fair value of purchased credit impaired loans acquired | $(675)$ |
| Estimated fair value of performing loans acquired | 6,640 |
| Estimated fair value of loans acquired | $\mathbf{\$}$ |

The fair values of non-time deposits approximated their carrying value at the acquisition date. For time deposits, the fair values were estimated based on discounted cash flows, using interest rates that are currently being offered compared to the contractual interest rates. Based on this analysis, management recorded a premium on time deposits acquired of $\$ 2.3$ million, which is being amortized over ten years.

The Company believes that the customer relationships with the deposits acquired have an intangible value. In connection with the acquisition, the Company recorded a core deposit intangible

 table presents a rollforward of the Company's intangible assets from the beginning of the year:

|  | Intangible <br> Assets |
| :--- | :---: |
| Balance, January 1, 2012 | $\$$ |
| Core deposit intangible acquired in conjunction with the acquisition of VSB | 1,274 |
| Amortization expense | 1,192 |
| Balance, June 30, 2012 | $(208)$ |

Under GAAP, management has up to twelve months following the date of the acquisition to finalize the fair values of acquired assets and liabilities. The measurement period ends as soon as the


 beginning of the year:

|  | Goodwill |
| :--- | ---: |
| Balance, January 1, 2012 | $\$ 84,890$ |
| Goodwill acquired in conjunction with the acquisition of VSB | 8,014 |
| Balance, June 30, 2012 |  |



 approximately $\$ 25.3$ million.

## Table of Contents

## Note D -Investments

The aggregate carrying and approximate market values of securities follow. Fair values are based on quoted market prices, where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on quoted market prices of comparable financial instruments.

| (In thousands) | June 30, 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | December 31, 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AmortizedCost |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Gross } \\ \text { Unrealized } \\ \text { Gains } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Gross } \\ \text { Unrealized } \\ \text { Losses } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Estimated <br> Fair Value |  | AmortizedCost |  | Gross Unrealized Gains |  | Gross Unrealized Losses |  | $\underset{\text { Value }}{\text { Estimated Fair }}$ |  |
| Securities available-for-sale: U.S. Treasuries and U.S. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| government agencies | \$ | 5,332 | \$ | 118 | \$ | - | \$ | 5,450 | \$ | 5,868 | \$ | 173 | \$ | - | \$ | 6,041 |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions |  | 52,197 |  | 1,755 |  | 19 |  | 53,933 |  | 55,262 |  | 1,561 |  | 21 |  | 56,802 |
| Mortgage-backed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. government |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| agencies |  | 239,859 |  | 7,119 |  | 24 |  | 246,954 |  | 220,815 |  | 6,966 |  | 168 |  | 227,613 |
| Private label |  | 4,080 |  | 44 |  | 28 |  | 4,096 |  | 5,117 |  | 45 |  | 6 |  | 5,156 |
| Trust preferred |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| securities |  | 50,668 |  | 448 |  | 3,988 |  | 47,128 |  | 48,951 |  | 941 |  | 4,735 |  | 45,157 |
| Corporate securities |  | 14,203 |  | 162 |  | 830 |  | 13,535 |  | 16,226 |  | 160 |  | 1,988 |  | 14,398 |
| Total Debt Securities |  | 366,339 |  | 9,646 |  | 4,889 |  | 371,096 |  | 352,239 |  | 9,846 |  | 6,918 |  | 355,167 |
| Marketable equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| securities |  | 4,105 |  | 231 |  | 321 |  | 4,015 |  | 4,318 |  | - |  | 465 |  | 3,853 |
| Investment funds |  | 1,724 |  | 56 |  | . |  | 1,780 |  | 1,724 |  | 39 |  | - |  | 1,763 |
| Total Securities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Available-for-Sale | \$ | 372,168 | \$ | 9,933 | \$ | 5,210 |  | 376,891 | \$ | 358,281 | \$ | 9,885 | \$ | 7,383 | \$ | 360,783 |


| (In thousands) | June 30, 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | December 31, 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amortized Cost |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Gross } \\ \text { Unrealized } \\ \text { Gains } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Gross } \\ \text { Unrealized } \\ \text { Losses } \end{gathered}$ |  | Estimated <br> Fair Value |  | Amortized Cost |  | Gross Unrealized Gains |  | Gross Unrealized Losses |  | Estimated FairValue |  |
| Securities held-to-maturity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trust preferred securities | \$ | 19,319 | \$ | 504 | \$ | 196 | \$ | 19,627 | \$ | 23,458 | \$ | 675 | \$ | 710 | \$ | 23,423 |
| Total Securities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Held-to-Maturity | \$ | 19,319 | \$ | 504 | \$ | 196 | \$ | 19,627 | \$ | 23,458 | \$ | 675 | \$ | 710 | \$ | 23,423 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other investment securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-marketable equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Securities | \$ | 11,686 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 11,686 | \$ | 11,934 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 11,934 |
| Total Other Investment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Securities | \$ | 11,686 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 11,686 | \$ | 11,934 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | $\underline{11,934}$ |

Securities with limited marketability, such as stock in the Federal Reserve Bank or the Federal Home Loan Bank, are carried at cost and are reported as non-marketable equity securities in the table above

Certain investment securities owned by the Company were in an unrealized loss position (i.e., amortized cost basis exceeded the estimated fair value of the securities) as of June 30 , 2012 and December 31, 2011. The following table shows the gross unrealized losses and fair value of the Company's investments aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011.

| (In thousands) | June 30, 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Less Than Twelve Months |  |  |  | Twelve Months or Greater |  |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
|  | Estimated Fair Value |  | Unrealized Loss |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Estimated Fair } \\ \text { Value } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Unrealized Loss |  | Estimated Fair Value |  | Unrealized Loss |  |
| Securities available-for-sale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions | \$ | 2,522 | \$ | 17 | \$ | 266 | \$ | 2 | \$ | 2,788 | \$ | 19 |
| Mortgage-backed securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. government agencies |  | 31 |  | - |  | 3,607 |  | 24 |  | 3,638 |  | 24 |
| Private label |  | 2,606 |  | 28 |  | - |  | - |  | 2,606 |  | 28 |
| Trust preferred securities |  | 7,670 |  | 115 |  | 5,430 |  | 3,873 |  | 13,100 |  | 3,988 |
| Corporate securities |  |  |  | - |  | 5,867 |  | 830 |  | 5,867 |  | 830 |
| Marketable equity securities |  | 1,374 |  | 321 |  | - |  | - |  | 1,374 |  | 321 |
| Total | \$ | 14,203 | \$ | 481 | \$ | 15,170 | \$ | 4,729 | \$ | 29,373 | \$ | 5,210 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Securities held-to-maturity: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trust preferred securities | \$ | 991 | \$ | 4 | \$ | 3,199 | \$ | 192 | \$ | 4,190 | \$ | 196 |


| (In thousands) | December 31, 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Less Than Twelve Months |  |  |  | Twelve Months or Greater |  |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
|  | Estimated Fair Value |  | Unrealized Loss |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Estimated Fair } \\ \text { Value } \end{gathered}$ |  | Unrealized Loss |  | Estimated Fair Value |  | Unrealized Loss |  |
| Securities available-for-sale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions | \$ | 992 | \$ | 11 | \$ | 394 | \$ | 10 | \$ | 1,386 | \$ | 21 |
| Mortgage-backed securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| US Government agencies |  | - |  | - |  | 4,333 |  | 168 |  | 4,333 |  | 168 |
| Private label |  | 3,236 |  | 6 |  | - |  | - |  | 3,236 |  | 6 |
| Trust preferred securities |  | 6,724 |  | 520 |  | 5,402 |  | 4,215 |  | 12,126 |  | 4,735 |
| Corporate securities |  | 1,791 |  | 241 |  | 4,941 |  | 1,747 |  | 6,732 |  | 1,988 |
| Marketable equity securities |  | 3,810 |  | 465 |  | - |  | - |  | 3,810 |  | 465 |
| Total | \$ | 16,553 | \$ | 1,243 | \$ | 15,070 | \$ | 6,140 | \$ | 31,623 | \$ | 7,383 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Securities held-to-maturity: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trust preferred securities | \$ | 4,823 | \$ | 212 | \$ | 8,219 | \$ | 498 | \$ | 13,042 | \$ | 710 |

Marketable equity securities consist of investments made by the Company in equity positions of various community banks. Included within this portfolio are meaningful (2-5\%) ownership positions in the following community bank holding companies: Community Financial Corporation; Eagle Financial Services, Inc.; First National Corporation; and First United Corporation

During the first six months of 2012, the Company recorded $\$ 0.3$ million in credit-related net investment impairment losses. The charges deemed to be other-than-temporary were related to pooled bank trust preferred securities with a remaining book value of $\$ 3.3$ million at June 30, 2012. During 2011, the Company recorded $\$ 1.3$ million in credit-related net investment impairment losses. The charges deemed to be other-than-temporary were related to pooled bank trust preferred securities ( $\$ 0.4$ million credit-related net impairment losses for the full year) with a remaining book value of $\$ 3.4$ million at December 31, 2011, and community bank and bank holding company equity positions ( $\$ 0.9$ million credit-related net impairment losses for the full year) with a remaining book value of $\$ 3.9$ million at December 31, 2011. The credit-related net impairment charges related to the pooled bank trust preferred securities were based on the Company's quarterly reviews of its investment securities for indications of losses considered to be other than temporary. Based on management's assessment of the securities the Company owns, the seniority position of the securities within the pools, the level of defaults and deferred payments within the pools, management concluded that credit-related impairment charges of $\$ 0.4$ million on the pooled bank trust preferred securities were appropriate for the year ending December 31, 2011. During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company recognized $\$ 0.9$ million of credit-related net impairment charges on the Company's equity positions due to the length of time and extent to which the market value of these securities have been below the Company's cost basis. As a result of these factors, the Company does not expect the market value of these securities to recover in the near future.

## Table of Content.

Declines in the fair value of held-to-maturity and available-for-sale securities below their cost that are deemed to be other-than-temporary would be reflected in earnings as realized losses. In







 condition of each respective regional community bank for any indications of financial weakness.

Management has the ability and intent to hold the securities classified as held to maturity until they mature, at which time the Company will receive full value for the securities. Furthermore, as of




 resulting loss recognized in net income in the period of the other-than-temporary impairment is identified, while any noncredit loss will be recognized in other comprehensive income.



 "Investments-Debt and Equity Securities". There is a risk that continued collateral deterioration could cause the Company to recognize additional OTTI charges in earnings in the future.

When evaluating pooled trust preferred securities for OTTI, the Company determines a credit related portion and a noncredit related portion. The credit related portion is recognized in earnings



 worthiness of the underlying issuers and determination of the likelihood of defaults of the underlying collateral.

The Company utilizes a third party model to compute the present value of expected cash flows which considers the structure and term of each of the five respective pooled trust preferred









 recognized in other comprehensive income.

The following table presents a progression of the credit loss component of OTTI on debt and equity securities recognized in earnings during the six months ended June 30 , 2012 and for the year

 credit impairment) or if there is additional credit impairment on a security that was credit impaired in previous periods.

| (In thousands) | Debt Securities |  | Equity Securities |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance at January 1, 2011 | \$ | 20,893 | \$ | 5,130 | \$ | 26,023 |
| Additions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Initial credit impairment |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Additional credit impairment |  | 355 |  | 918 |  | 1,273 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Called |  | (638) |  | - |  | (638) |
| Balance December 31, 2011 |  | 20,610 |  | 6,048 |  | 26,658 |
| Additions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Initial credit impairment |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Additional credit impairment |  | 304 |  | - |  | 304 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sold |  | - |  | (786) |  | (786) |
| Balance June 30, 2012 | \$ | 20,914 | \$ | 5,262 | \$ | 26,176 |

The following table presents additional information about the Company's trust preferred securities with a credit rating of below investment grade as of June 30, 2012:
(Dollars in thousands)


The amortized cost and estimated fair value of debt securities at June 30, 2012, by contractual maturity, are shown in the following table. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities
 on their contractual maturity.

| (In thousands) | Cost |  | Estimated Fair Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Securities Available-for-Sale |  |  |  |  |
| Due in one year or less | \$ | 8,374 | \$ | 8,344 |
| Due after one year through five years |  | 38,693 |  | 39,656 |
| Due after five years through ten years |  | 46,229 |  | 47,485 |
| Due after ten years |  | 273,043 |  | 275,611 |
|  | \$ | 366,339 | \$ | $\underline{\text { 371,096 }}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Securities Held-to-Maturity |  |  |  |  |
| Due in one year or less | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Due after one year through five years |  | - |  | - |
| Due after five years through ten years |  | - |  | - |
| Due after ten years |  | 19,319 |  | 19,627 |
|  | \$ | 19,319 | \$ | 19,627 |

 gains from investment security transactions during the three and six months ended June 30,2011 . The specific identification method is used to determine the cost basis of securities sold.

The carrying value of securities pledged to secure public deposits and for other purposes as required or permitted by law approximated $\$ 208$ million and $\$ 204$ million at June 30 , 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

## Note E-LOANS

The following summarizes the Company's major classifications for loans:

| (In thousands) | June 30, 2012 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2011 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Residential real estate | \$ | 997,016 | \$ | 929,788 |
| Home equity - junior liens (including lines of credit) |  | 143,400 |  | 141,797 |
| Commercial and industrial |  | 116,288 |  | 130,899 |
| Commercial real estate |  | 768,176 |  | 732,146 |
| Consumer |  | 37,383 |  | 35,845 |
| DDA overdrafts |  | 3,326 |  | 2,628 |
| Gross loans |  | 2,065,589 |  | 1,973,103 |
| Allowance for loan losses |  | $(19,452)$ |  | $(19,409)$ |
| Net loans | \$ | 2,046,137 | \$ | 1,953,694 |

Construction loans of $\$ 11.9$ million and $\$ 9.2$ million are included within residential real estate loans at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 , respectively. Construction loans of $\$ 18.5$ million and

 construction loans. Adequate consideration has been given to these loans in establishing the Company's allowance for loan losses.

The composition of loans acquired in the VSB acquisition outstanding at June 30, 2012 is as follows:

|  | June 30, 2012 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Residential real estate | \$ | 41,942 |
| Home equity - junior liens (including lines of credit) |  | 3,082 |
| Commercial and industrial |  | 2,531 |
| Commercial real estate |  | 21,226 |
| Consumer |  | 3,198 |
| Gross loans | \$ | 71,979 |

Management systematically monitors the loan portfolio and the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses on a quarterly basis to provide for probable losses inherent in the portfolio. Management assesses the risk in each loan type based on historical trends, the general economic environment of its local markets, individual loan performance and other relevant factors.

Individual credits are selected throughout the year for detailed loan reviews, which are utilized by management to assess the risk in the portfolio and the adequacy of the allowance. Due to the nature of commercial lending, evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance as it relates to these types of loan types is often based more upon specific credit reviews, with consideration given to the potential impairment of certain credits and historical loss rates, adjusted for economic conditions and other inherent risk factors.

A loan acquired and accounted for under ASC Topic 310-30 is reported as an accruing loan and a performing asset.
The following summarizes the activity in the allowance for loan loss, by portfolio segment, for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. The following also presents the balance in the allowance for loan loss disaggregated on the basis of the Company's impairment measurement method and the related recorded investment in loans, by portfolio segment, as of June 30,2012 and December $31,2011$.


## Table of Contents

## Credit Quality Indicators

All commercial loans within the portfolio are subject to internal risk grading. All non-commercial loans are evaluated based on payment history. The Company's internal risk ratings for
 sheet yields, ratios and leverage, cash flow spread and coverage, prior history, capability of management, market position/industry, potential impact of changing economic, legal, regulatory or
 internal loan review process. Based on an individual loan's risk grade, estimated loss percentages are applied to the outstanding balance of the loan to determine the amount of probable loss.

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information regarding the customer's debt service ability, capacity, overall collateral position along with other economic

 pass/watch. Loans rated special mention, substandard or doubtful are reviewed at least quarterly. The Company uses the following definitions for its risk ratings

## Risk Rating

| Exceptional | Loans classified as exceptional are secured with liquid collateral conforming to the internal loan policy. Loans rated within this category pose minimal risk of loss to the bank and the risk grade within this pool of loans is generally updated on an annual basis. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Good | Loans classified as good have similar characteristics that include a strong balance sheet, satisfactory debt service coverage ratios, strong management and/or guarantors, and little exposure to economic cycles. Loans within this category are generally reviewed on an annual basis. Loans in this category generally have a low chance of loss to the bank. |
| Acceptable | Loans classified as acceptable have acceptable liquidity levels, adequate debt service coverage ratios, experienced management, and have average exposure to economic cycles. Loans within this category generally have a low risk of loss to the bank. |
| Pass/watch | Loans classified as pass/watch have erratic levels of leverage and/or liquidity, cash flow is volatile and the borrower is subject to moderate economic risk. A borrower in this category poses a low to moderate risk of loss to the bank. |
| Special mention | Loans classified as special mention have a potential weakness(es) that deserves management's close attention. The potential weakness could result in deterioration of the loan repayment or the bank's credit position at some future date. A loan rated in this category poses a moderate loss risk to the bank. |
| Substandard | Loans classified as substandard reflect a customer with a well defined weakness that jeopardizes the liquidation of the debt. Loans in this category have the possibility that the bank will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected and the bank's collateral value is weakened by the financial deterioration of the borrower. |
| Doubtful | Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristics that make collection of the full contract amount highly improbable. Loans rated in this category are most likely to cause the bank to have a loss due to a collateral shortfall or a negative capital position. |

The following presents loans by the Company's credit quality indicators, by class, as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011:

| (In thousands) | Commercial and industrial |  | Commercial realestate |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Residential real } \\ \text { estate } \end{gathered}$ |  | Home equity |  | Consumer |  | DDA overdrafts |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June 30, 2012: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Risk Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exceptional | \$ | 3,364 | \$ | 1,825 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - | \$ | 5,189 |
| Good |  | 6,209 |  | 104,033 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 110,242 |
| Acceptable |  | 69,666 |  | 436,010 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 505,676 |
| Pass/watch |  | 34,031 |  | 173,810 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 207,841 |
| Special mention |  | 1,036 |  | 15,337 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 16,373 |
| Substandard |  | 1,982 |  | 36,933 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 38,915 |
| Doubtful |  | - |  | 228 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 228 |
| Total | \$ | 116,288 | , | 768,176 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 884,464 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Payment Activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Performing |  |  |  |  | \$ | 692,334 | \$ | 444,983 | \$ | 37,367 | \$ | 3,323 | \$ | 1,178,007 |
| Non-performing |  |  |  |  |  | 2,184 |  | 915 |  | 16 |  | 3 |  | 3,118 |
| Total |  |  |  |  | \$ | 694,518 | \$ | 445,898 | \$ | 37,383 | \$ | 3,326 | \$ | 2,065,589 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December 31, 2011: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Risk Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exceptional | \$ | 4,220 | S | 42 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - | \$ | 4,262 |
| Good |  | 6,728 |  | 107,718 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 114,446 |
| Acceptable |  | 93,077 |  | 411,721 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 504,798 |
| Pass/watch |  | 25,246 |  | 161,598 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 186,844 |
| Special mention |  | 470 |  | 16,802 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 17,272 |
| Substandard |  | 1,037 |  | 34,265 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 35,302 |
| Doubtful |  | 121 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 121 |
| Total | \$ | 130,899 | \$ | $\underline{732,146}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 863,045 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Payment Activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Performing |  |  |  |  | \$ | 637,586 | \$ | 431,199 | \$ | 35,845 | \$ | 2,616 |  | 1,107,246 |
| Non-performing |  |  |  |  |  | 999 |  | 1,801 |  | - |  | 12 |  | 2,812 |
| Total |  |  |  |  | \$ | 638,585 | \$ | 433,000 | \$ | 35,845 | \$ | 2,628 | \$ | 1,973,103 |






 principal balance and related accrued interest, and the loan is in the process of collection.

 current, has performed in accordance with the contractual terms for a reasonable period of time, and the ultimate collectability of the total contractual principal and interest is no longer in doubt.
 loans are generally subject to charge-off when the loan becomes 120 days past due, depending on the estimated fair value of the collateral less cost to dispose, versus the outstanding loan
 and open-end consumer loans are generally charged off when the loan becomes 180 days past due.

The following presents an aging analysis of the Company's accruing and non-accruing loans, by class, as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011:

| (In thousands) | Commercial and industrial |  | Commercial real estate |  | Residential real estate |  | Home equity |  | Consumer |  | DDA overdrafts |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June 30, 2012: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $30-59$ days past due ${ }^{(1)}$ | \$ | 540 | \$ | 3,315 | \$ | 4,247 | \$ | 1,668 | \$ | 59 | \$ | 352 | \$ | 10,181 |
| $60-89$ days past due ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | - |  | 1,183 |  | 1,222 |  | 166 |  | 15 |  | 9 |  | 2,595 |
| Over 90 days past due (1) |  | - |  | 1,627 |  | 106 |  | 30 |  | 16 |  | 3 |  | 1,782 |
| Non-accrual |  | 341 |  | 18,422 |  | 2,078 |  | 885 |  | - |  | - |  | 21,726 |
|  |  | 881 |  | 24,547 |  | 7,653 |  | 2,749 |  | 90 |  | 364 |  | 36,284 |
| Current |  | 115,407 |  | 743,629 |  | 686,865 |  | 443,149 |  | 37,293 |  | 2,962 |  | 2,029,305 |
| Total | \$ | 116,288 | \$ | 768,176 | \$ | 694,518 | \$ | 445,898 | \$ | 37,383 | \$ | 3,326 | \$ | 2,065,589 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December 31, 2011: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $30-59$ days past due | \$ | 1,243 | \$ | 576 | \$ | 4,912 | \$ | 1,906 | \$ | 133 | \$ | 883 | \$ | 9,653 |
| $60-89$ days past due |  | - |  | 2,839 |  | 408 |  | 228 |  | 5 |  | 14 |  | 3,494 |
| Over 90 days past due |  | - |  | - |  | 42 |  | 112 |  | - |  | 12 |  | 166 |
| Non-accrual |  | 375 |  | 18,930 |  | 957 |  | 1,689 |  | - |  | - |  | 21,951 |
|  |  | 1,618 |  | 22,345 |  | 6,319 |  | 3,935 |  | 138 |  | 909 |  | 35,264 |
| Current |  | 129,281 |  | 709,801 |  | 632,266 |  | 429,065 |  | 35,707 |  | 1,719 |  | 1,937,839 |
| Total | \$ | 130,899 | \$ | 732,146 | \$ | 638,585 | \$ | 433,000 | \$ | 35,845 | \$ | 2,628 | \$ | 1,973,103 |

 asset. Included in the 30-59 day, 60-89 day and over 90 day categories above are $\$ 0.2$ million, $\$ 1.1$ million and $\$ 1.6$ million, respectively, of such loans at June 30,2012 .

## Table of Contents

Impaired Loans

The following presents the Company's impaired loans, by class, as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011

| (In thousands) | Commercial and industrial |  | Commercial real estate |  | Residential real estate |  | Home equity |  | Consumer |  | DDA overdrafts |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June 30, 2012: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With no related allowance recorded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recorded investment | \$ | - | \$ | 2,791 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 2,791 |
| Unpaid principal |  | - |  | 6,986 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 6,986 |
| balance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With an allowance recorded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recorded investment | \$ | 340 | \$ | 15,632 | \$ | 2,184 | \$ | 916 | \$ | 10 | \$ | 2 | \$ | 19,084 |
| Unpaid principal |  | 340 |  | 15,632 |  | 2,184 |  | 916 |  | 10 |  | 2 |  | 19,084 |
| balance |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| Related allowance |  | 42 |  | 1,921 |  | 270 |  | 113 |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 2,349 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December 31, 2011: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With no related allowance recorded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recorded investment | \$ | 78 | \$ | 2,840 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 2,918 |
| Unpaid principal |  | 78 |  | 6,036 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 6,114 |
| balance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With an allowance recorded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recorded investment | \$ | 297 | \$ | 16,090 | \$ | 1,000 | \$ | 1,801 | \$ | - | \$ | 12 | \$ | 19,200 |
| Unpaid principal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| balance |  | 297 |  | 16,090 |  | 1,000 |  | 1,801 |  | - |  | 12 |  | 19,200 |
| Related allowance |  | 53 |  | 3,044 |  | 139 |  | 240 |  | - |  | 12 |  | 3,488 |

The following table presents information related to the average recorded investment and interest income recognized on the Company's impaired loans, by class, for the six months ended June 30 , 2012 and 2011:

| (In thousands) | Commercial and industrial |  | Commercial real estate |  | Residential real estate |  | Home equity |  | Consumer |  | DDA overdrafts |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June 30, 2012: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With no related allowance recorded <br> Average recorded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| investment | \$ | - | \$ | 4,337 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 4,337 |
| Interest income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| recognized |  | - |  | 85 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 85 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With an allowance recorded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average recorded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| investment | \$ | 184 | \$ | 14,409 | \$ | 936 | \$ | 1,657 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 17,186 |
| Interest income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| recognized |  | 5 |  | 298 |  | 22 |  | 20 |  | - |  | - |  | 345 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June 30, 2011: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With no related allowance recorded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average recorded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| investment | \$ | - | \$ | 12,047 | \$ | 479 | \$ | 1,047 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 13,573 |
| Interest income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| recognized |  | - |  | 206 |  | 15 |  | 5 |  | - |  | - |  | 226 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With an allowance recorded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average recorded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| investment | \$ | 129 | \$ | 17,166 | \$ | 700 | \$ | 314 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 18,309 |
| Interest income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| recognized |  | - |  | 157 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 157 |

## Table of Contents

Approximately $\$ 0.4$ million and $\$ 0.1$ million of interest income would have been recognized during the six months ended June 30 , 2012 and 2011 , if such loans had been current in accordance with their original terms. There were no commitments to provide additional funds on non-accrual, impaired or other potential problem loans at June $30,2012$.

Loan Modifications

The Company's policy on loan modifications typically does not allow for modifications that would be considered a concession from the Company. However, when there is a modification, the




 modification.

At June 30, 2012, the Company's TDRs totaled less than $\$ 0.4$ million. There was no material difference between the pre-modification and post-modification balances. The impact on the allowance for loan losses was insignificant. There were no TDRs that defaulted during the three or six months ended June 30, 2012

## Note G - Previously Securitized Loans

Between 1997 and 1999, the Company completed six securitization transactions involving approximately $\$ 760$ million in $125 \%$ of fixed rate, junior-lien underlying mortgages. The Company

 within the loan portfolio.



 respectively, of interest income from its previously securitized loans.

## Note H - Long-TERM Debt

The components of long-term debt are summarized below:
December 31, 2011
Junior subordinated debentures owed
to City Holding Capital Trust III, due
2038 , interest at a rate of $3.97 \%$ and
$3.85 \%$, respectively
to City Holding Capital Trust III, due
38 , interest at a rate of $3.97 \%$ and
$3.85 \%$, respectively


 for which the Company is not the primary beneficiary. Accordingly, the accounts of the trusts are not included in the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Distributions on the Debentures are cumulative and will be payable quarterly at an interest rate of $3.50 \%$ over the three month LIBOR rate, reset quarterly. Interest payments are due in

 pre-defined events.
 to expenses and liabilities with the trust pursuant to which it agreed, on a subordinated basis, to pay any costs, expenses or liabilities of the trust other than those arising under the trust preferred

 business trusts qualify as Tier 1 capital for the Company under current Federal Reserve Board guidelines.

## Note I - Derivative Instruments

As of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the Company has derivative financial instruments not included in hedge relationships. These derivatives consist of interest rate swaps used for interest rate management purposes and derivatives executed with commercial banking customers to facilitate their interest rate management strategies.

The following table summarizes the fair value of these derivative instruments at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011:

|  | December |
| :--- | :---: |
|  | June 30, |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ |

The following table summarizes the change in fair value of these derivative instruments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 :

| Three Months Ended | Six Months Ended |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| June 30, | June 30, |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | 2011 | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ |  |

Change in Fair Value:
Other income \$

## Note J - Employee Benefit Plans

During 2003, shareholders approved the City Holding Company 2003 Incentive Plan ("the Plan"). Employees, directors and individuals who provide service to the Company (collectively, "Plan





 the individual agreement.

Each award from the Plan is evidenced by an award agreement that specifies the option price, the duration of the option, the number of shares to which the option pertains, and such other

 years. Upon a change-in-control of the Company, as defined in the Plan, all outstanding options and awards shall immediately vest.

Stock Options
A summary of the Company's stock option activity and related information is presented below for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

|  | 2012 |  |  | 2011 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Options | eighted-Average Exercise Price |  | Options | Weighted- <br> Average <br> Exercise Price |  |
| Outstanding at January 1 | 293,817 | \$ | 33.95 | 287,393 | \$ | 33.64 |
| Granted | 16,876 |  | 35.39 | 16,000 |  | 35.09 |
| Exercised | $(16,899)$ |  | 28.87 | $(5,476)$ |  | 28.00 |
| Forfeited | $(1,500)$ |  | 34.73 | - |  |  |
| Outstanding at June 30 | 292,294 | \$ | 34.32 | 297,917 | \$ | 33.83 |

Additional information regarding stock options outstanding and exercisable at June 30 , 2012, is provided in the following table:

| Ranges of Exercise Prices | No. of Options Outstanding | Weighted- <br> Average <br> Exercise Price |  | Weighted- <br> Average <br> Remaining Contractual Life (Months) | Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands) |  | No. of Options Currently Exercisable | WeightedAverage Exercise Price of Options Currently Exercisable |  | Weighted- <br> Average <br> Remaining Contractual Life (Months) | Aggregate Intrinsic Value of Options Currently Exercisable (in thousands) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ 26.62-\$33.90 | 167,918 | \$ | 31.82 | 45 | \$ | 318 | 116,584 | \$ | 32.57 | 29 | \$ | 135 |
| \$ 35.09-\$40.88 | 124,376 |  | 37.70 | 68 |  | - | 69,000 |  | 38.11 | 49 |  |  |
|  | 292,294 | \$ | 34.32 | 55 | \$ | 318 | 185,584 |  | 34.63 | 36 | \$ | 135 |

Proceeds from stock option exercises were $\$ 0.5$ million and less than $\$ 0.2$ million during the six months ended June 30,2012 and 2011, respectively. Shares issued in connection with stock option exercises are issued from available treasury shares. If no treasury shares are available, new shares are issued from available authorized shares. During the six months ended June 30 , 2012 and 2011 all shares issued in connection with stock option exercises and restricted stock awards were issued from available treasury stock.

The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised was less than $\$ 0.2$ million and $\$ 0.1$ million during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.
Stock-based compensation expense was approximately $\$ 0.1$ million for both the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. Unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to stock options approximated $\$ 0.5$ million at June 30 , 2012. At such date, the weighted-average period over which this unrecognized expense was expected to be recognized was 1.7 years.

The fair value of the options is estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The following weighted average assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of options granted during the six months ended June 30:

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | 2011 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | $\mathbf{2 . 5 1 \%}$ | $3.07 \%$ |
| Risk-free interest rate | $\mathbf{3 . 9 0 \%}$ | $3.88 \%$ |  |
| Expected dividend yield | $\mathbf{4 8 . 4 0 \%}$ | $41.12 \%$ |  |
| Volatility factor | $\mathbf{5 . 0}$ years | 8.0 years |  |

## Restricted Shares

The Company records compensation expense with respect to restricted shares in an amount equal to the fair value of the common stock covered by each award on the date of grant. The restricted shares awarded become fully vested after various periods of continued employment from the respective dates of grant. The Company is entitled to an income tax deduction in an amount equal to the taxable income reported by the holders of the restricted shares when the restrictions are released and the shares are issued. Compensation is being charged to expense over the respective vesting periods.

## Table of Contents

Restricted shares are forfeited if officers and employees terminate prior to the lapsing of restrictions. The Company records forfeitures of restricted stock as treasury share repurchases and any


 $\$ 2.7$ million at June 30, 2012. At June 30, 2012, this unrecognized expense is expected to be recognized over 5.0 years based on the weighted average-life of the restricted shares.

A summary of the Company's restricted shares activity and related information is presented below for the six months ended June 30:


## Benefit Plans





 approximated $\$ 0.3$ million for both the six months ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011

The Company also maintains a defined benefit pension plan ("the Defined Benefit Plan") that covers approximately 300 current and former employees. The Defined Benefit Plan was frozen in 1999
 contributions of approximately $\$ 0.2$ million and $\$ 0.1$ million to the Defined Benefit Plan during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011 , respectively.

The following table presents the components of the net periodic pension cost of the Defined Benefit Plan:

|  | Three months ended June 30 |  | Six months ended June 30 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (In thousands) | 2012 |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  | 2011 |  |
| Components of net periodic cost: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest cost | \$ | 159 | \$ | 162 | \$ | 318 | \$ | 324 |
| Expected return on plan assets |  | (202) |  | (203) |  | (404) |  | (406) |
| Net amortization and deferral |  | 174 |  | 137 |  | 348 |  | 274 |
| Net Periodic Pension Cost | \$ | 131 | \$ | 96 | \$ | 262 | \$ | 192 |

## note K - Commitments and Contingencies







 reflected in the balance sheet. The table below presents a summary of the contractual obligations of the Company resulting from significant commitments:

| (In thousands) | June 30, 2012 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2011 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commitments to extend credit: |  |  |  |  |
| Home equity lines | \$ | 158,774 | \$ | 143,856 |
| Commercial real estate |  | 23,933 |  | 29,995 |
| Other commitments |  | 158,724 |  | 185,602 |
| Standby letters of credit |  | 19,775 |  | 20,110 |
| Commercial letters of credit |  | 404 |  | 412 |

 credit policies. Collateral is obtained based on management's credit assessment of the customer. Management does not anticipate any material losses as a result of these commitments.

City National Bank is currently in a civil action pending in the Circuit Court of Kanawha County, West Virginia, in a case styled Thomas Casto v. City National Bank, N.A ("Casto"). This

 covenant of good faith and fair dealing and created an unjust enrichment to City National Bank.

In February 2012, City National Bank and the plaintiffs' attorneys in the Casto case submitted an Amended Preliminary Motion to Approve Settlement to the Kanawha County Circuit Court. This


 2011, the Company had accrued for this probable loss. During the first quarter of 2012, the Company deposited the funds into a qualified settlement fund.

 or that no material actions may be presented in the future.

The following table sets forth the computation of total comprehensive income:


## Note M - Earnings per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

| (In thousands, except per share data) | Three months ended June 30 2012 |  | 2011 |  | Six months ended June 30 2012 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Distributed earnings allocated to common stock | \$ | 5,146 | \$ | 5,092 | \$ | 10,291 | \$ | 10,184 |
| Undistributed earnings allocated to common stock |  | 2,208 |  | 4,669 |  | 7,011 |  | 9,123 |
| Net earnings allocated to common shareholders | \$ | 7,354 | \$ | 9,761 | \$ | 17,302 | \$ | $\underline{\text { 19,307 }}$ |
| Average shares outstanding |  | 14,680 |  | 15,120 |  | 14,676 |  | 15,244 |
| Effect of dilutive securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee stock options |  | 79 |  | 73 |  | 84 |  | 78 |
| Shares for diluted earnings per share |  | 14,759 |  | 15,193 |  | 14,760 |  | 15,322 |
| Basic earnings per share | \$ | 0.50 | \$ | 0.65 | \$ | 1.18 | \$ | 1.27 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$ | 0.50 | \$ | 0.64 | \$ | 1.17 | \$ | 1.26 |

Options to purchase approximately 208,900 and 133,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price between $\$ 32.93$ and $\$ 40.88$ and between $\$ 33.54$ and $\$ 40.88$ per share were outstanding during the second quarter of 2012 and the second quarter of 2011, respectively, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the options' exercise price was greater than the average market price of the common shares and therefore, the effect would have been anti-dilutive.

## Note $\mathbf{N}$-Fair Value Measurements

Fair value of an asset or liability is the price that would be received to sell that asset or paid to transfer that liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC Topic 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy for valuation inputs that gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. The fair value hierarchy is as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) or identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.
Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, and other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The Company bases fair value of assets and liabilities on quoted market prices, prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, and other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data. If such information is not available, fair value is based upon internally developed models that primarily use, as inputs, observable marketbased parameters. Valuation adjustments may be made to ensure that financial instruments are recorded at fair value. These adjustments may include amounts to reflect counterparty credit quality and the Company's creditworthiness, among other things, as well as unobservable parameters. Any such valuation adjustments are applied consistently over time. The Company's valuation methodologies may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. While management believes the company's valuation methodologies are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date. Furthermore, the reported fair value amounts have not been comprehensively revalued since the presentation dates, and therefore, estimates of fair value after the balance sheet date may differ significantly from the amount presented herein. A more detailed description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy, is set forth below.
Financial Assets and Liabilities
The Company used the following methods and significant assumptions to estimate fair value for financial assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis.
Securities Available for Sale. Securities available for sale are reported at fair value utilizing Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 inputs. The fair value of securities available for sale is determined by utilizing a market approach by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges (other than forced or distressed transactions) that occur in sufficient volume or matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique used widely in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities. If such measurements are unavailable, the security is classified as Level 3. Significant judgment is required to make this determination.

The Company utilizes a third party pricing service provider to value its Level 1 and Level 2 investment securities. Annually, the Company obtains an independent auditor's report from its third party pricing service provider regarding its controls over investment securities. Although no control deficiencies were noted, the report did contain caveats and disclaimers regarding the pricing information, such as the Company should review fair values for reasonableness. On a quarterly basis, the Company selects a sample of its debt securities and reprices those securities with a third party that is independent of the primary pricing service provider to verify the reasonableness of the fair values.

The Company has determined that its pooled trust preferred securities should be priced using Level 3 inputs in accordance with ASC Topic 820 and guidance issued by the SEC. The Company has determined that there are few observable transactions and market quotations available for pooled trust preferred securities and they are not reliable for purposes of determining fair value at June 30 , 2012. Due to these circumstances, the Company has elected to utilize an income valuation approach produced by a third party pricing source. This third party model utilizes deferral and default probabilities for the underlying issuers, estimated prepayment rates and assumes no future recoveries of any defaults or deferrals. The Company then compares the values provided by the third party model with other external sources. At such time as there are observable transactions or quoted prices that are associated with an orderly and active market for pooled trust preferred securities, the Company will incorporate such market values in its estimate of fair values for these securities.

Derivatives. Derivatives are reported at fair value utilizing Level 2 inputs. The Company utilizes a market approach by obtaining dealer quotations to value its customer interest rate swaps. The Company's derivatives are included within its Other Assets and Other Liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Table of Contents
The Company may be required, from time to time, to measure certain financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. Financial assets measured at fair value on a

 December 31, 2011:

| (in thousands) | Total |  | Level 1 |  | Level 2 |  | Level 3 |  | Total Gains (Losses) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June 30, 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recurring fair value measurements |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Government agencies | \$ | 5,450 | \$ | - | \$ | 5,450 | \$ | - |  |  |
| Obligations of state and political |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| subdivisions |  | 53,933 |  | - |  | 53,933 |  | - |  |  |
| Mortgage-backed securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Government agencies |  | 246,954 |  | - |  | 246,954 |  | - |  |  |
| Private label |  | 4,096 |  | - |  | 4,096 |  | - |  |  |
| Trust preferred securities |  | 47,128 |  | - |  | 45,085 |  | 2,043 |  |  |
| Corporate securities |  | 13,535 |  | - |  | 13,535 |  | - |  |  |
| Marketable equity securities |  | 4,015 |  | 4,015 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| Investment funds |  | 1,780 |  | 1,780 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| Derivative assets |  | 14,073 |  | - |  | 14,073 |  | - |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Derivative liabilities |  | 14,073 |  | - |  | 14,073 |  | - |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonrecurring fair value measurements |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Impaired loans | \$ | 21,875 | \$ | - | \$ | 21,523 | \$ | 352 | \$ | 244 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December 31, 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recurring fair value measurements |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Government agencies | \$ | 6,041 | \$ | - | \$ | 6,041 | \$ | - |  |  |
| Obligations of states and political |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| subdivisions |  | 56,802 |  | - |  | 56,802 |  | - |  |  |
| Mortgage-backed securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Government agencies |  | 227,613 |  | - |  | 227,613 |  | - |  |  |
| Private label |  | 5,156 |  | - |  | 5,156 |  | - |  |  |
| Trust preferred securities |  | 45,157 |  | - |  | 43,175 |  | 1,982 |  |  |
| Corporate securities |  | 14,398 |  | - |  | 14,398 |  | - |  |  |
| Marketable equity securities |  | 3,853 |  | 3,853 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| Investment funds |  | 1,763 |  | 1,763 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| Derivative assets |  | 11,541 |  | - |  | 11,541 |  | - |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Derivative liabilities |  | 11,541 |  | - |  | 11,541 |  | - |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonrecurring fair value measurements |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Impaired loans | \$ | 22,118 | \$ | - | \$ | 21,743 | \$ | 375 | \$ | 2,701 |

The table below presents a reconcilement of the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 ) for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

| (In thousands) | Six months Ended June 30, 20122011 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beginning balance | \$ | 1,982 | \$ | 2,504 |
| Impairment losses on investment securities |  | - |  | - |
| Included in other comprehensive income |  | 61 |  | 911 |
| Transfers into Level 3 |  | - |  | - |
| Ending Balance | \$ | 2,043 | \$ | 3,415 |

The Company utilizes a third party model to compute the present value of expected cash flows which considers the structure and term of each of the five respective pooled trust preferred







 deferring or in default will cure such positions by June 2013.

## Table of Contents

The table below presents the Company's Level 2 financial assets and liabilities measured on a nonrecurring basis, which solely relates to impaired loans that were remeasured and reported at fair
 six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, the Company had no Level 3 financial assets and liabilities that were measured on a nonrecurring basis.

| (In thousands) | Six months ended June 30 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012 |  | 2011 |  |
|  | Level 2 |  | Level 2 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Carrying value of impaired loans before allocations | \$ | 5,258 | \$ | 18,077 |
| Specific valuation allowance allocations |  | (650) |  | $(3,805)$ |
| Fair value | \$ | 4,608 | \$ | 14,272 |


 depends upon the marketability of the underlying collateral. During the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, collateral discounts ranged from $20 \%$ to $30 \%$.

Non-Financial Assets and Liabilities
 estate owned ("OREO"), which is measured at the lower of cost or fair value, and goodwill and other intangible assets, which are measured at fair value for impairment assessments.

The table below presents OREO that was remeasured and reported at fair value during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

| (In thousands) | Six months ended June 30, $2012 \quad 2011$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OREO remeasured at initial recognition: |  |  |  |  |
| Carrying value of foreclosed assets prior to remeasurement | \$ | 2,358 | \$ | 3,794 |
| Charge-offs recognized in the allowance for loan losses |  | (857) |  | (759) |
| Fair value | \$ | 1,501 | \$ | 3,035 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| OREO remeasured subsequent to initial recognition: |  |  |  |  |
| Carrying value of foreclosed assets prior to remeasurement | \$ | 1,594 | \$ | 119 |
| Write-downs included in other non-interest expense |  | (596) |  | (26) |
| Fair value | \$ | 998 | \$ | 93 |

ASC Topic 825 "Financial Instruments" as amended, requires disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not recognized in the balance sheet, for which it is



 estimating fair value for financial instruments:

## Table of Content.

Securities Held to Maturity: The fair value of securities held-to-maturity are generally based on quoted market prices or matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique used widely in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities

Net loans: The fair value of the loan portfolio is estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using the current interest rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers for the
 future cash flows were projected based on contractual cash flows, adjusted for estimated prepayments.

Time deposits: The fair values of time deposits were estimated using discounted cash flow analyses. The discount rates used were based on rates currently offered for deposits with similar


Long-term debt: The fair value of long-term borrowings is estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on the Company's current incremental borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements and market conditions of similar debt instruments.

Commitments and letters of credit: The fair values of commitments are estimated based on fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into consideration the remaining terms

 estimated fair values and carrying values have not been reflected in the table below.

The following table represents the estimates of fair value of financial instruments as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011. This table excludes financial instruments for which the carrying

 estimate of fair value due to these products having no stated maturity.

| (In thousands) | Carrying <br> Amount | Fair Value | Level 1 |  | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June 30, 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Securities held-to-maturity | 19,319 | 19,627 |  | - | 19,627 | - |
| Net loans | 2,046,137 | 2,093,704 |  | - | - | 2,093,704 |
| Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Time deposits | 931,278 | 945,472 |  | - | 945,472 | - |
| Long-term debt | 16,495 | 16,459 |  | - | 16,459 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December 31, 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Securities held-to-maturity | 23,458 | 23,423 |  | - | 23,423 | - |
| Net loans | 1,953,694 | 1,991,335 |  | - | - | 1,991,335 |
| Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Time deposits | 885,596 | 898,972 |  | - | 898,972 | - |
| Long-term debt | 16,495 | 16,456 |  | - | 16,456 | - |

## Item 2 - Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

## Critical Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Company conform with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and require management to make estimates and develop assumptions that affect the amounts






 most subject to revision as new information becomes available.

Pages 38-42 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q provide management's analysis of the Company's allowance for loan losses and related provision. The allowance for loan losses is maintained



 loans.




 2011. The Company and its subsidiaries state income tax returns are open to audit under the statute of limitations for the years ended December 31,2008 through 2011.

On a quarterly basis, the Company performs a review of investment securities to determine if any unrealized losses are other-than-temporarily impaired. Management considers the following,











## Financial Summary

## Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 vs. 2011

The Company reported consolidated net income of $\$ 17.4$ million, or $\$ 1.17$ per diluted common share, for the six months ended June 30 , 2012 , compared to $\$ 19.4$ million, or $\$ 1.26$ per diluted common


 $1.46 \%$ and a return on average equity of $12.7 \%$.

The Company's net interest income for the first six months of 2012 increased $\$ 2.0$ million compared to the first six months of 2011 (see Net Interest Income). The Company recorded a provision for

 ended June 30, 2012 increased \$1.5 million from the six months ended June 30, 2011.

## Three Months Ended June 30, 3012 vs. 2011




 return on assets of $1.44 \%$ and a return on average equity of $12.5 \%$.


 second quarter ended June 30, 2012 increased $\$ 1.9$ million from the second quarter ended June 30, 2011.

## Net Interest Income

Six months Ended June 30, 2012 vs. 2011
The Company's tax equivalent net interest income increased $\$ 2.0$ million, or $4.2 \%$, from $\$ 45.8$ million during the first six months of 2011 to $\$ 47.8$ million during the first six months of 2012 . This

 Company's reported net interest margin increased from $3.86 \%$ for the six months ended June 30, 2011 to $3.94 \%$ for the six months ended June $30,2012$.

## Table of Contents

Three Months Ended June 30, 3012 vs. 2011
The Company's tax equivalent net interest income increased $\$ 1.3$ million, or $5.6 \%$, from $\$ 22.8$ million for the second quarter of 2011 to $\$ 24.0$ million for the second quarter of 2012 . This increase is


 2011 to $3.91 \%$ for the quarter ended June 30, 2012.

## Table One

Average Balance Sheets and Net Interest Income
(In thousands)

(1) For purposes of this table, non-accruing loans have been included in average balances and loan fees, which are immaterial, have been included in interest income.
(2) Interest income includes $\$ 0$ and $\$ 632$ from interest rate floors for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively.
 and June 30, 2011, respectively.
(4) Includes the Company's consumer and DDA overdrafts loan categories.
(5) Effective January 1, 2012, there is no carrying value of the Company's previously securities loans.
(6) Computed on a fully federal tax-equivalent basis assuming a tax rate of approximately $35 \%$.

Table of Contents
Table Two
Rate/Volume Analysis of Changes in Interest Income and Interest Expense
(In thousands)

(1) Fully federal taxable equivalent using a tax rate of approximately $35 \%$.

Table Three
Average Balance Sheets and Net Interest Income
(In thousands)

(1) For purposes of this table, non-accruing loans have been included in average balances and loan fees, which are immaterial, have been included in interest income.
(2) Interest income includes $\$ 0$ and $\$ 154$ from interest rate floors for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively.
(3) Includes the Company's commercial and industrial and commercial real estate loan categories. Interest income includes $\$ 0$ and $\$ 242$ from interest rate floors for the three months ended June 30 , 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively
(4) Includes the Company's consumer and DDA overdrafts loan categories
(5) Effective January 1, 2012, there is no carrying value of the Company's previously securities loans.
(6) Computed on a fully federal tax-equivalent basis assuming a tax rate of approximately $35 \%$.

Table of Contents
Table Four
Rate/Volume Analysis of Changes in Interest Income and Interest Expense
(In thousands)

|  |  Three months ended June 30, <br> 2012 vs. 2011 <br> Increase (Decrease) <br> Due to Change In: <br> Rate Net <br> Volume Ren  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interest-earning assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loan portfolio |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential real estate | \$ | 766 | \$ | $(1,169)$ | \$ | (403) |
| Commercial, financial, and agriculture |  | 929 |  | (627) |  | 302 |
| Installment loans to individual |  | - |  | (101) |  | (101) |
| Previously securitized loans |  | (751) |  | 744 |  | (7) |
| Total loans |  | 944 |  | $(1,153)$ |  | (209) |
| Securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taxable |  | (705) |  | 135 |  | (570) |
| Tax-exempt ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | (123) |  | 4 |  | (119) |
| Total securities |  | (828) |  | 139 |  | (689) |
| Federal funds sold |  | (4) |  | 3 |  | (1) |
| Total interest-earning assets | \$ | 112 | \$ | $(1,011)$ | \$ | $\stackrel{(899)}{ }$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest-bearing liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest-bearing demand deposits | \$ | 22 | \$ | (92) | \$ | (70) |
| Savings deposits |  | 38 |  | (127) |  | (89) |
| Time deposits |  | (337) |  | $(1,689)$ |  | $(2,026)$ |
| Short-term borrowings |  | 1 |  | (1) |  | - |
| Long-term debt |  | - |  | 7 |  | 7 |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities | \$ | (276) | \$ | $(1,902)$ | \$ | (2,178) |
| Net Interest Income | \$ | 388 | \$ | 891 | \$ | 1,279 |

(1) Fully federal taxable equivalent using a tax rate of approximately $35 \%$.

## Loans

The composition of the Company's loan portfolio as of the dates indicated follows:
Table five
Loan Portfolio

| (In thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { June 30, } \\ 2012 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2011 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { June 30, } \\ 2011 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Residential real estate | \$ | 997,016 | \$ | 929,788 | \$ | 902,846 |
| Home equity - junior liens (including lines of credit) |  | 143,400 |  | 141,797 |  | 140,024 |
| Commercial and industrial |  | 116,288 |  | 130,899 |  | 121,149 |
| Commercial real estate |  | 768,176 |  | 732,146 |  | 693,959 |
| Consumer |  | 37,383 |  | 35,845 |  | 36,626 |
| DDA overdrafts |  | 3,326 |  | 2,628 |  | 2,415 |
| Previously securitized loans |  | - |  | - |  | 325 |
| Total loans | \$ | 2,065,589 | \$ | 1,973,103 | \$ | 1,897,344 |

Loan balances increased $\$ 92.5$ million from December 31, 2011 to June 30, 2012, with the acquisition of VSB contributing $\$ 72.0$ million. Residential real estate loans increased $\$ 67.2$ million, or $7.2 \%$, from $\$ 929.8$ million at December 31, 2011 to $\$ 997.0$ million at June 30, 2012, with the acquisition of VSB contributing $\$ 41.9$ million. Residential real estate loans primarily consist of: (i) single-family $1,3,5$ and 10 year adjustable rate mortgages with terms that amortize the loans over periods from 15-30 years and (ii) home equity loans secured by first liens. The Company's mortgage products do not include sub-prime, interest only, or option adjustable rate mortgage products. The Company's home equity loans are underwritten differently than 1-4 family residential mortgages with typically less documentation but lower loan-to-value ratios. Home equity loans consist of lines of credit, short-term fixed amortizing loans and non-purchase adjustable rate loans. At June 30 , 2012, $\$ 11.9$ million of the residential real estate loans were for properties under construction.

Junior lien home equity loans increased $\$ 1.6$ million during the first six months of 2012 to $\$ 143.4$ million at June 30, 2012, with the acquisition of VSB contributing $\$ 3.1$ million. Junior lien home equity loans consist of lines of credit, short term fixed amortizing loans, and non-purchase adjustable rate loans with second lien positions.

Commercial real estate loans increased $\$ 36.1$ million, or $4.9 \%$, from $\$ 732.1$ million at December 31, 2011 to $\$ 768.2$ million at June 30, 2012, with the acquisition of VSB contributing $\$ 21.2$ million. At June 30, 2012, $\$ 18.5$ million of the commercial real estate loans were for commercial properties under construction. Offsetting the increase in commercial real estate loans was a decrease in commercial and industrial loans ("C\&I") of $\$ 14.6$ million, to $\$ 116.3$ million at June 30, 2012. This decrease was primarily due to: (i) the Company elected to exit from its participation in a C\&I loan that, when originated, was a local company, but over time had become a "Shared National Credit" and would have yielded less than $1.50 \%$ going forward and (ii) a large C\&I customer sold their business and paid off their outstanding loan balance of $\$ 9$ million, offset slightly by $\$ 2.5$ million in C\&I loans acquired in the VSB acquisition.

Consumer loans increased $\$ 1.6$ million, or $4.3 \%$, from $\$ 35.8$ million at December 31 , 2011 to $\$ 37.4$ million at June 30,2012 , with the acquisition of VSB contributing $\$ 3.2$ million. The consumer loan portfolio primarily consists of new and used automobile loans, personal loans secured by cash and cash equivalents, unsecured revolving credit products, and other similar types of credit facilities. allowance and Provision for Loan Losses

Management systematically monitors the loan portfolio and the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses ("ALLL") on a quarterly basis to provide for probable losses inherent in the portfolio. Management assesses the risk in each loan type based on historical trends, the general economic environment of its local markets, individual loan performance, and other relevant factors. Individual credits are selected throughout the year for detailed loan reviews, which are utilized by management to assess the risk in the portfolio and the adequacy of the allowance. Due to the nature of commercial lending, evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance as it relates to these loan types is often based more upon specific credit review, with consideration given to the potential impairment of certain credits and historical loss rates, adjusted for general economic conditions and other inherent risk factors. Conversely, due to the homogeneous nature of the real estate and installment portfolios, the portions of the allowance allocated to those portfolios are primarily based on prior loss history of each portfolio, adjusted for general economic conditions and other inherent risk factors.

## Table of Contents

In evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses, management considers both quantitative and qualitative factors. Quantitative factors include actual repayment characteristics and
 pricing or underwriting, seasoning of the portfolio, and general economic conditions.

The allowance not specifically allocated to individual credits is generally determined by analyzing potential exposure and other qualitative factors that could negatively impact the adequacy of
 such as unemployment, overall economic conditions, concentrations of credit, loan growth, classified and impaired loan trends, staffing, adherence to lending policies, and loss trends.

Determination of the allowance for loan losses is subjective in nature and requires management to periodically reassess the validity of its assumptions. Differences between actual losses and estimated losses are assessed such that management can timely modify its evaluation model to ensure that adequate provision has been made for risk in the total loan portfolio.


 produces a provision and allowance for loan losses that is directionally consistent with changes in asset quality and loss experience.

The Company had net charge-offs of $\$ 3.6$ million and $\$ 1.7$ million for the first six months of 2012 and 2011, respectively. Net charge-offs in the first six months of 2012 consisted primarily of net

 collateral position, although no assurances of any such recoveries can be made at this time.

 between $\$ 1$ and $\$ 5$ billion), as of the most recently reported quarter ended March 31, 2012.
 30, 2012.
 decrease was primarily due to a charge-off relating to a specific borrower filing bankruptcy that had previously been considered in establishing the allowance.

The allowance related to the commercial and industrial loan portfolio remained flat at $\$ 0.6$ million at June 30, 2012 (see Table Eight).
The allowance allocated to the residential real estate portfolio (see Table Eight) increased $\$ 0.2$ million from $\$ 3.6$ million at December 31, 2011 to $\$ 3.8$ million at June 30 , 2012.

The allowance allocated to the home equity loan portfolio (see Table Eight) increased $\$ 0.1$ million from $\$ 2.8$ million at December 31, 2011 to $\$ 2.9$ million at June 30 , 2012.
The allowance allocated to the consumer loan portfolio (see Table Eight) increased $\$ 0.1$ million to $\$ 0.2$ million at June 30, 2012
The allowance allocated to overdraft deposit accounts (see Table Eight) increased modestly from $\$ 0.7$ million at December 31, 2011 to $\$ 0.8$ million at June 30 , 2012.
Based on the Company's analysis of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses and in consideration of the known factors utilized in computing the allowance, management believes that the
 balances including the composition of the loan portfolio, changes in loan quality and loss experience trends, and recoveries of previously charged-off loans, among other factors.

Table six
Analysis of the Allowance for Loan Losses

| (In thousands) | $\begin{array}{lr}\text { Six months ended June 30, } \\ 2012 & 2011\end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year ended } \\ \text { December 31, } \\ 2011 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$ | 19,409 | \$ | 18,224 | \$ | 18,224 |
| Charge-offs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial and industrial |  | 117 |  | 75 |  | 522 |
| Commercial real estate |  | 2,015 |  | 200 |  | 1,989 |
| Residential real estate |  | 494 |  | 927 |  | 1,367 |
| Home equity |  | 856 |  | 405 |  | 1,089 |
| Consumer |  | 95 |  | 58 |  | 164 |
| DDA overdrafts |  | 710 |  | 826 |  | 1,712 |
| Total charge-offs |  | 4,287 |  | 2,491 |  | 6,843 |
| Recoveries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial and industrial |  | 2 |  | 6 |  | 23 |
| Commercial real estate |  | 97 |  | 28 |  | 1,981 |
| Residential real estate |  | 7 |  | 18 |  | 29 |
| Home equity |  | 11 |  | 5 |  | 7 |
| Consumer |  | 64 |  | 49 |  | 136 |
| DDA overdrafts |  | 524 |  | 733 |  | 1,252 |
| Total recoveries |  | 705 |  | 839 |  | 3,428 |
| Net charge-offs |  | 3,582 |  | 1,652 |  | 3,415 |
| Provision for loan losses |  | 3,625 |  | 2,372 |  | 4,600 |
| Balance at end of period | \$ | 19,452 | \$ | 18,944 | \$ | $\xrightarrow{19,409}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| As a Percent of Average Total Loans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net charge-offs (annualized) |  | (0.36) \% |  | (0.18)\% |  | 0.18\% |
| Provision for loan losses (annualized) |  | 0.36\% |  | 0.25\% |  | 0.24\% |
| As a Percent of Non-Performing Loans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Allowance for loan losses |  | 88.92\% |  | 81.08\% |  | 87.76\% |

## Table seven

| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | As of June 30, |  |  |  | As of December <br> 31, <br> 2011 |  |
|  | 2012 |  | 2011 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-accrual loans | \$ | 21,726 | \$ | 23,178 | \$ | 21,951 |
| Accruing loans past due 90 days or more |  | 149 |  | 188 |  | 166 |
| Total non-performing loans |  | 21,875 |  | 23,366 |  | 22,117 |
| Total other real estate owned |  | 8,697 |  | 7,999 |  | 7,948 |
| Total non-performing assets | \$ | 30,572 | \$ | 31,365 | \$ | 30,065 |

The average recorded investment in impaired loans during the six months ended June 30,2012 and 2011 was $\$ 21.5$ million and $\$ 31.9$ million, respectively. The Company recognized approximately $\$ 0.4$ million of interest income received in cash on non-accrual and impaired loans for the six month periods ended June 30,2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively. Approximately $\$ 0.4$ million and $\$ 0.1$ million of interest income would have been recognized during the six month periods ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively, if such loans had been current in accordance with their original terms. There were no commitments to provide additional funds on non-accrual, impaired, or other potential problem loans at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011. The Company recognized interest income of $\$ 0.4$ million using the accrual method of income recognition during the time period the loans were impaired for the six month periods ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively.

Interest on loans is accrued and credited to operations based upon the principal amount outstanding. The accrual of interest income is generally discontinued when a loan becomes 90 days past due as to principal or interest unless the loan is well collateralized and in the process of collection. When interest accruals are discontinued, interest credited to income in the current year that is unpaid and deemed uncollectible is charged to operations. Prior-year interest accruals that are unpaid and deemed uncollectible are charged to the allowance for loan losses, provided that such amounts were specifically reserved.

## Table of Contents

Information pertaining to impaired loans is included in the following table:

| (In thousands) | $2012{ }^{\text {As of J }}$ |  | ne 30, 2011 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { As of December } \\ 31, \\ 2011 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Impaired loans with a valuation allowance | \$ | 19,084 | \$ | 20,233 | \$ | 19,200 |
| Impaired loans with no valuation allowance |  | 2,791 |  | 13,574 |  | 2,918 |
| Total impaired loans | \$ | 21,875 | \$ | 33,807 | \$ | 22,118 |
| Allowance for loan losses allocated to impaired loans | \$ | 2,349 | \$ | 4,393 | \$ | 3,488 |

## Table eight

Allocation of the Allowance For Loan Losses

| (In thousands) | $2012{ }^{\text {As of J }}$ |  | As of June 30, | 2011 | $\begin{gathered} \text { As of December } \\ 31, \\ 2011 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial and industrial | \$ | 585 | \$ | 944 | \$ | 590 |
| Commercial real estate |  | 11,089 |  | 10,023 |  | 11,666 |
| Residential real estate |  | 3,824 |  | 4,302 |  | 3,591 |
| Home equity |  | 2,937 |  | 2,677 |  | 2,773 |
| Consumer |  | 228 |  | 90 |  | 88 |
| DDA overdrafts |  | 789 |  | 908 |  | 701 |
| Allowance for Loan Losses | \$ | 19,452 | \$ | 18,944 | \$ | 19,409 |

## Previously Securitized Loans



 and $\$ 1.7$ million, respectively, of interest income on its previously securitized loans.

Non-Interest Income and Non-Interest Expense

## Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 vs. 2011

Non-Interest Income: During 2012, the Company sold certain equity positions related to community banks and bank holding companies and realized a $\$ 0.8$ million gain. This gain was partially




 to the six months ended June 30, 2011.

Non-Interest Expense: During 2012, the Company completed its acquisition of Virginia Savings Bancorp, Inc. and recognized $\$ 4.2$ million of acquisition and integration expenses. In comparison,

 by lower FDIC insurance expense of $\$ 1.1$ million due to a change in the assessment base methodology.

## Table of Content

Income Tax Expense: The Company's effective income tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was $33.8 \%$ compared to $33.6 \%$ for the year ended December 31 , 2011, and $33.8 \%$ for the six months ended June 30, 2011. The effective rate is based upon the Company's expected tax rate for the year ending December 31, 2012

## Three Months Ended June 30, 2012 vs. 2011

Non-Interest Income: Exclusive of the net investment gain discussed above, non-interest income decreased $\$ 0.1$ million to $\$ 13.3$ million in the second quarter of 2012 as compared to $\$ 13.4$ million

 2012 and $\$ 0.1$ million due to the acquisition of Virginia Savings Bancorp, Inc.

Non-Interest Expense: During the second quarter of 2012, the Company completed its acquisition of Virginia Savings Bancorp, Inc. and recognized $\$ 4.0$ million of acquisition and integration




 expense as a result of a change in assessment base methodology.

Income Tax Expense: The Company's effective income tax rate for the second quarter of 2012 was $33.8 \%$ compared to $33.6 \%$ for the year ended December 31 , 2011 , and $33.8 \%$ for the second quarter of 2011. The effective rate is based upon the Company's expected tax rate for the year ending December 31, 2012.

## Risk Management

Market risk is the risk of loss due to adverse changes in current and future cash flows, fair values, earnings or capital due to adverse movements in interest rates and other factors, including


 Company's loan portfolio and interest paid on its deposit accounts

The Company's Asset and Liability Committee ("ALCO") has been delegated the responsibility of managing the Company's interest-sensitive balance sheet accounts to maximize earnings while

 positions are monitored.

In order to measure and manage its interest rate risk, the Company uses an asset/liability management and simulation software model to periodically update the interest sensitivity position of the
 analyses quantify the effects of various interest rate scenarios on projected net interest income.

The Company's policy objective is to avoid negative fluctuations in net income or the economic value of equity of more than $15 \%$ within a 12 -month period, assuming an immediate parallel
 economic value of equity. Due to the current Federal Funds target rate of 25 basis points, the Company has chosen not to reflect a decrease of 25 basis points from current rates in its analysis.

The following table summarizes the sensitivity of the Company's net income to various interest rate scenarios. The results of the sensitivity analyses presented below differ from the results used

 scenarios such as shown by the following:

| Immediate <br> Basis Point Change <br> in Interest Rates | Implied Federal Funds <br> Rate Associated with <br> Change in Interest Rates | Estimated Increase <br> (Decrease) in <br> Net Income Over 12 <br> Months | Estimated Increase <br> (Decrease) in <br> Economic Value of <br> Equity |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June 30, 2012: |  | $\mathbf{4 . 2 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{+ 2 2 . 2 \%}$ |
| $\mathbf{+ 4 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{+ 1 5 . 9}$ | $\mathbf{+ 9 . 8}$ |
| $\mathbf{+ 3 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{+ 2 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{+ 1 9 . 6 \%}$ |
| $\mathbf{+ 2 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 2 5}$ |  | $\mathbf{+ 1 6 . 5}$ |
| $\mathbf{+ 1 0 0}$ |  | $+16.0 \%$ | $\mathbf{+ 4 . 8}$ |
| December 31, 2011: | $4.25 \%$ | +10.4 | $+20.3 \%$ |
| +400 | 3.25 | +5.6 | +16.4 |
| +200 | 2.25 | +0.8 | +11.2 |
|  | 1.25 |  | +5.1 |




 an increase or decrease in rates compared to what would otherwise occur if rates remain stable.

Based upon the estimates above, the Company believes that its net income is positively correlated with increasing rates as compared to the level of net income the Company would expect if interest rates remain flat.

## LIQUIDITY

The Company evaluates the adequacy of liquidity at both the Parent Company level and at the banking subsidiary level. At the Parent Company level, the principal source of cash is dividends

 Bank could pay dividends up to $\$ 19.9$ million plus net profits for the remainder of 2012 , as defined by statute, up to the dividend declaration date without prior regulatory permission.

The Parent Company used cash obtained from the dividends received primarily to: (1) pay common dividends to shareholders, (2) remit interest payments on the Company's junior subordinated debentures, and (3) fund repurchase of the Company's common shares.




 dividends from City National Bank will be adequate to satisfy its funding and cash needs over the next twelve months.

Excluding the interest and dividend payments discussed above, the Parent Company has no significant commitments or obligations in years after 2012 other than the repayment of its $\$ 16.5$ million
 Parent Company will be able to obtain the necessary cash, either through dividends obtained from City National Bank or the issuance of other debt, to fully repay the debentures at their maturity.








 financing if necessary.

The Company manages its asset and liability mix to balance its desire to maximize net interest income against its desire to minimize risks associated with capitalization, interest rate volatility, and



 Company's total assets.

As illustrated in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, the Company generated $\$ 23.2$ million of cash from operating activities during the first six months of 2012 , primarily from interest



 $\$ 51.4$ million.

## Table of Contents

CAPITAL RESOURCES
During the first six months of 2012, Shareholders' Equity increased $\$ 9.5$ million, or $3.0 \%$, from $\$ 311.1$ million at December 31,2011 to $\$ 320.6$ million at June 30 , 2012 . This increase was primarily due to net income of $\$ 17.4$ million, partially offset by dividends declared of $\$ 10.3$ million and common stock purchases of $\$ 7.9$ million.


 an additional 455,000 shares from time to time depending on market conditions under the authorization.


 Bank must maintain total capital, Tier I capital, and leverage ratios of $10.0 \%, 6.0 \%$, and $5.0 \%$, respectively.

The Company's regulatory capital ratios for both City Holding and City National Bank as illustrated in the following table:

|  | Minimum | Well- <br> Capitalized | Actual |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { June 30, } \\ 2012 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { December 31, } \\ 2011 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| City Holding: |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 8.0\% | 10.0\% | 13.4\% | 14.1\% |
| Tier I Risk-based | 4.0 | 6.0 | 12.5 | 13.1 |
| Tier I Leverage | 4.0 | 5.0 | 9.7 | 10.2 |
| City National Bank: |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 8.0\% | 10.0\% | 12.4\% | 13.0\% |
| Tier I Risk-based | 4.0 | 6.0 | 11.5 | 12.0 |
| Tier I Leverage | 4.0 | 5.0 | 9.0 | 9.3 |



 shown above. As of June 30, 2012, management believes that City Holding and City National Bank meet all capital adequacy requirements
Item 3 - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk
The information called for by this item is provided under the caption "Risk Management" under Item 2-Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

## item 4 - Controls and Procedures

Pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company carried out an evaluation, with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined under Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information relating to the Company required to be included in the Company's periodic SEC filings. There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2012 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

## Table of Contents

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

City National Bank is currently in a civil action pending in the Circuit Court of Kanawha County, West Virginia, in a case styled Thomas Casto v. City National Bank, N.A ("Casto"). This putative class action asserts that the plaintiffs, and others similarly situated, were wrongfully assessed overdraft fees in connection with City National Bank accounts. The plaintiffs alleged that City National Bank's policy of posting debit and check transactions from high to low order was in violation of the West Virginia Consumer Credit and Protection Act, constituted a breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing and created an unjust enrichment to City National Bank.
In February 2012, City National Bank and the plaintiffs' attorneys in the Casto case submitted an Amended Preliminary Motion to Approve Settlement to the Kanawha County Circuit Court. This motion asked the Court to approve a settlement in which City National Bank will pay the eligible members of the class a total of $\$ 3.366$ million and will forgive and release $\$ 3.5$ million in account balances of accounts of former customers who are no longer customers of the bank, but left overdrawn accounts. The amounts were increased from the initial Preliminary Motion for Approval due to a systems error in harvesting information regarding City National Bank's customers. The Court has approved the settlement and the Company anticipates that the case will be closed by the end of 2012. At December 31, 2011, the Company had accrued for this probable loss. During the first quarter of 2012, the Company deposited the funds into a qualified settlement fund.
In addition, the Company is engaged in various legal actions that it deems to be in the ordinary course of business. As these legal actions are resolved, the Company could realize positive and/or negative impact to its financial performance in the period in which these legal actions are ultimately decided. There can be no assurance that current actions will have immaterial results, either positive or negative, or that no material actions may be presented in the future.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.
There have been no material changes to the factors disclosed in Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.
The following table sets forth information regarding the Company's common stock repurchases transacted during the quarter:

|  | Period | Total Number Of Shares Purchased |  | Average Price Paid per Share | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans Or Programs (a) | Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April 1 - April 30, 2012 |  | 35,000 | \$ | 33.29 | 35,000 | 569,023 |
| May 1 - May 31, 2012 |  | 35,200 |  | 32.49 | 35,200 | 533,823 |
| June 1 - June 30, 2012 |  | 79,335 |  | 31.94 | 79,335 | 454,488 |

(a) On July 27, 2011, the Company announced that the Board of Directors rescinded the October 2009 share repurchase program and announced that it had authorized the Company to buy back up to $1,000,000$ shares of its common stock, in open market transactions, at prices that are accretive to continuing shareholders. No timetable was placed on the duration of this share repurchase program.

| Item 3. | Defaults Upon Senior Securities. | None. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Item 4. | Mine Safety Disclosures | None. |
| Item 5. | Other Information. | None. |

Item 6.

| Exhibits. <br> (a) Exhibits |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 31(a) | Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for Charles R. Hageboeck |
| 31(b) | Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for David L. Bumgarner |
| 32(a) | Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for Charles R. Hageboeck |
| 32(b) | Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for David L. Bumgarner |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document* |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema* |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase* |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase* |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase* |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase* |

 Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and otherwise are not subject to liability

SIGNATURES
Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized

## City Holding Company

## (Registrant)

/s/ Charles R. Hageboeck
Charles R. Hageboeck
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)
/s/ David L. Bumgarner
David L. Bumgarner
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

## I, Charles R. Hageboeck, certify that

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2012 of City Holding Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or such persons performing the equivalent functions):
(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2012
/s/ Charles R. Hageboeck
Charles R. Hageboeck
President and Chief Executive Officer

## CERTIFICATION

I, David L. Bumgarner, certify that

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2012 of City Holding Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15 (e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or such persons performing the equivalent functions):
(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2012
/s/ David L. Bumgarner
David L. Bumgarner
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

## 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,

## AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

## SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002



(1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.
/s/ Charles R. Hageboeck
Charles R. Hageboeck
President and Chief Executive Officer
Date: August 9, 2012

 incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act.

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,

## AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

## SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of City Holding Company (the "Company") for the period ending June 30, 2012 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, David L. Bumgarner, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to $\S 906$ of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 , that:
(1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.
/s/ David L. Bumgarner
David L. Bumgarner
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
Date: August 9, 2012
This certification is being furnished as required by Rule 13a-14(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act or otherwise subject to the liability of that Section. This certification shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act.


[^0]:    Module and Segment References

[^1]:    See notes to consolidated financial statements.

