UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM	10-Q
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(One)		
[X]	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
	For the quarterly period e	nded June 29, 2002
	OR	
[]	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
	For the transition period from _	to
	1-6112 (Commission File Nun	nber)
	NORTEK, I	
	(Exact name of registrant as specif	
	(Exact name of registrant as specif Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of	05-0314991 (I.R.S. Employer

days. Yes [X] No [] The number of shares of Common Stock outstanding as of July 26, 2002 was 10,493,143. The number of shares of Special Common Stock outstanding as of July 26, 2002 was 509,948.

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

A4-	June 29, <u>2002</u>	Dec. 31, 2001
Assets	(Amounts in	,
Current Assets:	(Unau	aitea)
Unrestricted Cook and each agriculants	\$ 112,759	¢ 150.520
Cash and cash equivalents	. ,	\$ 159,529
Marketable securities available for sale	142,763	96,238
Restricted Cook investments and marketable accurities at east		
Cash, investments and marketable securities at cost,	22 (04	4.260
which approximates market	23,684	4,360
Accounts receivable, less allowances	271 407	217 (22
of \$12,364,000 and \$10,492,000	271,407	216,622
Inventories	00.002	70.200
Raw materials	80,803	70,209
Work in process	19,399	20,127
Finished goods	100,058	89,365
	200,260	<u>179,701</u>
Prepaid expenses	13,048	9,911
Other current assets	14,460	13,003
Prepaid income taxes	45,600	45,465
Assets of discontinued operations		14,951
Total current assets	823,981	739,780
Property and Equipment, at Cost:		
Land	14,378	14,244
Buildings and improvements	133,512	131,770
Machinery and equipment	361,733	<u>348,687</u>
	509,623	494,701
Less accumulated depreciation	235,414	214,436
Total property and equipment, net	274,209	280,265
Other Assets:		
Goodwill, less accumulated amortization		
of \$89,653,000 and \$89,246,000	557,024	557,949
Intangible assets, less accumulated amortization	337,021	551,515
of \$30,691,000 and \$27,373,000	111,922	114,442
Unamortized deferred debt expense	17,438	18,861
Restricted investments and marketable securities held	17,430	10,001
by pension trusts	74,923	73,595
Other	47,066	45,012
Oulei	808,373	809,859
	\$1,906,563	\$1,829,904
	$\frac{1,700,303}{}$	<u>\$1,049,904</u>

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

	June 29, <u>2002</u> (Amounts in a	,
Liabilities and Stockholders' Investment	(,
Current Liabilities:		
Notes payable and other short-term obligations	\$ 8,296	\$ 6,248
Current maturities of long-term debt	47,775	58,202
Accounts payable	152,771	127,348
Accrued expenses and taxes, net	191,965	163,513
Liabilities of discontinued operations		3,369
Total current liabilities	400,807	358,680
Other Liabilities		
Deferred income taxes	48,851	49,727
Other	153,665	159,414
	202,516	209,141
Notes, Mortgage Notes and Obligations		
Payable, Less Current Maturities	987,459	990,770
Stockholders' Investment:		
Preference stock, \$1 par value; authorized		
7,000,000 shares, none issued		
Common stock, \$1 par value; authorized		
40,000,000 shares; 18,869,617 and		
18,829,199 shares issued	18,870	18,829
Special common stock, \$1 par value;		
authorized 5,000,000 shares; 801,578		
and 813,783 shares issued	802	814
Additional paid-in capital	210,804	210,214
Retained earnings	231,166	192,866
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(34,175)	(39,725)
Less treasury common stock at cost,		
8,377,935 and 8,377,935 shares	(109,616)	(109,616)
treasury special common stock	4	,
at cost, 290,169 and 290,136 shares	<u>(2,070)</u>	(2,069)
Total stockholders' investment	315,781	271,313
	<u>\$1,906,563</u>	<u>\$1,829,904</u>

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands except per share amounts)

	For T <u>Three Mont</u> June 29,	
	<u>2002</u>	2001
	(Unaua	lited)
Net Sales	<u>\$522,206</u>	<u>\$494,994</u>
Costs and Expenses:		
Cost of products sold	362,791	361,442
Selling, general and administrative expense	96,442	73,734
Amortization of goodwill and intangible assets	1,487	5,617
	460,720	440,793
Operating earnings	61,486	54,201
Interest expense	(24,223)	(25,694)
Investment income	1,937	1,993
Earnings from continuing operations before provision	20.200	20.500
for income taxes	39,200	30,500
Provision for income taxes	15,700 22,500	<u>13,400</u>
Earnings from continuing operations	23,500	17,100
Earnings from discontinued operations Net earnings	4,200 \$ 27,700	2,600 \$ 19,700
Net earnings	<u>\$ 27,700</u>	<u>\$ 19,700</u>
Earnings Per Share of Common Stock:		
Earnings from continuing operations:		
Basic	<u>\$ 2.14</u>	<u>\$ 1.56</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 2.02</u>	<u>\$ 1.53</u>
Earnings from discontinued operations:		
Basic	\$.38	<u>\$.24</u>
Diluted	<u>\$.36</u>	<u>\$.23</u>
Net earnings:	Φ 2.52	Φ 100
Basic	\$ 2.52 \$ 2.38	\$ 1.80 \$ 1.76
Diluted	<u>\$ 2.38</u>	<u>\$ 1.76</u>
Weighted Average Number of Shares:	10.007	10.025
Basic Diluted	10,997	10,925
Diluted	<u>11,656</u>	<u>11,204</u>

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands except per share amounts)

	For The Six Months Ended June 20 June 3		
	June 29, <u>2002</u>	June 30, <u>2001</u>	
	(Unaud		
Net Sales	<u>\$951,297</u>	\$890,227	
Costs and Expenses:			
Cost of products sold	672,897	656,150	
Selling, general and administrative expense	175,974	144,880	
Amortization of goodwill and intangible assets	2,992	11,266	
	851,863	812,296	
Operating earnings	99,434	77,931	
Interest expense	(48,390)	(51,032)	
Investment income	<u>3,656</u>	4,201	
Earnings from continuing operations before provision for income taxes	54,700	31,100	
Provision for income taxes	21,700	13,700	
Earnings from continuing operations	$\frac{21,700}{33,000}$	$\frac{15,700}{17,400}$	
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations	5,300	(100)	
Net earnings	\$ 38,300	\$ 17,300	
Farmings (Lass) Par Share of Common Stock.			
Earnings (Loss) Per Share of Common Stock: Earnings from continuing operations:			
Basic	<u>\$ 3.00</u>	<u>\$ 1.59</u>	
Diluted	<u>\$ 2.87</u>	<u>\$ 1.56</u>	
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations:			
Basic	<u>\$.48</u>	<u>\$ (.01)</u>	
Diluted	<u>\$.47</u>	<u>\$ (.01</u>)	
Net earnings:	A A A A	.	
Basic	\$ 3.48	\$ 1.58	
Diluted No. 14 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	<u>\$ 3.34</u>	<u>\$ 1.55</u>	
Weighted Average Number of Shares:	10.000	10.000	
Basic Diluted	10,988	10,920	
Diluted	<u>11,482</u>	<u>11,182</u>	

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Amounts in thousands)

	For the		
	Six Months Ended		
	June 29,	June 30,	
	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	
	(Unaua	lited)	
Cash Flows from operating activities:			
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$33,000	\$ 17,400	
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations	5,300	(100)	
Net earnings	38,300	17,300	
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to cash:			
Depreciation and amortization expense	22,324	28,917	
Non-cash interest expense	1,191	2,117	
Gain on the sale of a discontinued business	(5,400)		
Changes in certain assets and liabilities, net of effects from	() ,		
acquisitions and dispositions:			
Accounts receivable, net	(50,948)	(50,150)	
Inventories	(18,506)	(29,672)	
Prepaids and other current assets	(983)	(10,780)	
Net assets of discontinued operations	(1,761)	(2,453)	
Accounts payable	21,888	39,835	
Accrued expenses and taxes	16,917	18,936	
Long-term assets, liabilities and other, net	(669)	(1,636)	
Total adjustments to net earnings	(15,947)	(4,886)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	22,353	12,414	

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Amounts in thousands)
(Continued)

		or the <u>nths Ended</u> June 30, 2001
		audited)
Cash Flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	\$ (10,272)	\$ (25,608)
Purchase of investments and marketable securities	(194,976)	(54,201)
Proceeds from the sale of investments and marketable securities	148,451	8,118
Proceeds from the sale of a discontinued business	20,816	
Funds held in escrow for the redemption, in July 2001, of the		
9 7/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2004 including redemption		
premium and accrued interest		(215,060)
Change in restricted cash and investments	(20,652)	(4,457)
Other, net	<u> </u>	2,440
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(56,618</u>)	(288,768)
Cash Flows from financing activities:		
Sale of 9 7/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2011		241,800
Change in borrowings, net	(13,123)	(4,414)
Other, net	618	319
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(12,505)	237,705
Net decrease in unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	(46,770)	(38,649)
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	159,529	130,689
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	<u>\$ 112,759</u>	<u>\$ 92,040</u>
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Interest paid	<u>\$ 46,688</u>	<u>\$ 46,753</u>
Income taxes paid, net	<u>\$ 13,263</u>	<u>\$ 1,980</u>

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' INVESTMENT FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Common <u>Stock</u>	Special Common <u>Stock</u>	Addi- tional Paid in <u>Capital</u>	Retained Earnings (Unac	Treasury <u>Stock</u> udited)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Comprehensive <u>Income</u>
Balance, March 31, 2001	\$18,772	\$821	\$209,113	\$182,466	\$(111,684)	\$(23,876)	\$
Net earnings				19,700			19,700
Other comprehensive				,			,
income:							
Currency translation adjustment						1,202	1,202
Unrealized appreciation in the fair value of market- able securities						14	14
Comprehensive income							\$20,916
1,744 shares of special common stock converted into 1,744							
shares of common stock	2	(2)					
1,087 shares of common stock issued upon exercise of							
stock options	1		130				
53 shares of treasury							
stock acquired	<u></u>				<u></u>	<u></u>	
Balance, June 30, 2001	<u>\$18,775</u>	<u>\$819</u>	<u>\$209,243</u>	<u>\$202,166</u>	<u>\$(111,684</u>)	<u>\$(22,660</u>)	

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' INVESTMENT FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

		Special	Addi- tional			Accumulated Other	
	Common	Common	Paid in	Retained	Treasury	Comprehensive	Comprehensive
	Stock	Stock	<u>Capital</u>	Earnings	Stock	Income (Loss)	Income
				(Una	uudited)		
Balance, March 30, 2002	\$18,845	\$813	\$210,517	\$203,466	\$(111,686)	\$(40,621)	\$
Net earnings				27,700			27,700
Other comprehensive income:							
Currency translation adjustment						6,422	6,422
Unrealized appreciation in the fair							
value of marketable securities						24	24
Comprehensive income							<u>\$34,146</u>
11,116 shares of special common stock							
converted into 11,116 shares							
of common stock	11	(11)					
13,380 shares of common stock							
issued upon exercise of stock options	14		287				
Balance, June 29, 2002	<u>\$18,870</u>	<u>\$802</u>	<u>\$210,804</u>	<u>\$231,166</u>	<u>\$(111,686)</u>	<u>\$(34,175)</u>	

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' INVESTMENT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Common <u>Stock</u>	Special Common <u>Stock</u>	Addi- tional Paid in <u>Capital</u>	Retained Earnings (Una	Treasury <u>Stock</u> udited)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Balance, December 31, 2000	\$18,753	\$828	\$208,813	\$184,866	\$(111,682)	\$(19,367)	\$
Net earnings				17,300			17,300
Other comprehensive income (loss):							
Currency translation adjustment						(3,306)	(3,306)
Unrealized appreciation in the fair value of market-							
able securities						13	13
Comprehensive income						13	\$14,007
8,634 shares of							<u>*, *</u>
special common stock converted into 8,634							
shares of common stock	9	(9)					
13,254 shares of common stock issued upon		• •					
exercise of stock options	13		430				
66 shares of treasury							
stock acquired	<u></u>		<u></u>		(2)	<u></u>	
Balance, June 30, 2001	<u>\$18,775</u>	<u>\$819</u>	<u>\$209,243</u>	<u>\$202,166</u>	<u>\$(111,684</u>)	<u>\$(22,660)</u>	

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' INVESTMENT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Snecial				Accumulated Other	
Common Stock	Common Stock	Paid in Capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Comprehensive <u>Income</u>
			(Una	uaitea)		
\$18,829	\$814	\$210,214	\$192,866	\$(111,685)	\$(39,725)	\$
			38,300			38,300
					5,526	5,526
					24	24
						<u>\$43,850</u>
12	(12)					
29		590				
	_==			(1)	<u></u>	
<u>\$18,870</u>	<u>\$802</u>	<u>\$210,804</u>	<u>\$231,166</u>	<u>\$(111,686</u>)	<u>\$(34,175</u>)	
	\$18,829 12 29	Stock Stock \$18,829 \$814 12 (12) 29	Common Stock Special Common Stock tional Paid in Capital \$18,829 \$814 \$210,214 12 (12) 29 590	Common Stock Common Stock Paid in Capital Retained Earnings (Under Capital) \$18,829 \$814 \$210,214 \$192,866 38,300	Common Stock Special Common Stock tional Paid in Capital Retained Earnings Treasury Stock (Unaudited) \$18,829 \$814 \$210,214 \$192,866 (Unaudited) \$(111,685) 38,300 12 (12) 29 590 (1)	Common Stock Special Common Stock tional Paid in Stock Retained Earnings (Unaudited) Treasury Stock (Unaudited) Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) \$18,829 \$814 \$210,214 \$192,866 (Unaudited) \$(111,685) \$(39,725) 5,526 24

- The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements (the "Unaudited Financial (A) Statements") presented have been prepared by Nortek, Inc. and include the accounts of Nortek, Inc., and all of its wholly-owned subsidiaries (the "Company") after elimination of intercompany accounts and transactions, without audit and, in the opinion of management, reflect all adjustments of a normal recurring nature necessary for a fair statement of the interim periods presented. Although certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been omitted, the Company believes that the disclosures included are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. Effective in the third quarter of 2001, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" ("SFAS No. 144") and accordingly the presentation for all periods, including the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2001 has been reclassified to conform with the new standard. See Notes C and K. It is suggested that these Unaudited Financial Statements be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes included in the Company's latest annual report on Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").
- (B) On June 20, 2002, the Company and Nortek Holdings, Inc. and K Holdings, Inc. ("K Holdings"), an affiliate of Kelso & Company, L.P. ("Kelso") entered into an Agreement and Plan of Recapitalization (the "Recapitalization Agreement"), which is subject to the satisfactory completion by all parties of the terms and conditions outlined in the Recapitalization Agreement, including the approval of the Company's shareholders, the availability of certain financing and other customary conditions.

The Company and Kelso have received notice that the waiting period has expired under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976 in connection with the proposed acquisition.

In connection with the solicitation of proxies with respect to the special meeting of stockholders of the Company concerning the proposed transaction, the Company will file with the SEC, and will furnish to security holders of the Company, a proxy statement, which security holders are advised to read as it will contain important information.

Pursuant to the Recapitalization Agreement each publicly owned outstanding share, with the exception of certain shares owned by certain members of management of the Company, will be acquired for \$46 per share in cash by K Holdings in partnership with certain members of management, including Richard L. Bready, the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company (the "Recapitalization"). The Recapitalization transaction is valued at approximately \$1.6 billion based upon the \$46 per share price and the assumption or refinancing of the Company's outstanding indebtedness at the completion of the Recapitalization. The Company's Board of Directors, based upon the recommendation of a Special Committee of disinterested directors, has approved the Recapitalization. Morgan Stanley & Co. served as financial advisor to the Special

Committee and delivered its opinion that the \$46 per share consideration to be received by the Company's public shareholders is fair from a financial point of view.

The Company believes the Recapitalization will be accounted for as a purchase in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 141, "Business Combinations" ("SFAS No. 141"), which will result in a new valuation for the assets and liabilities of the Company upon the completion of the Recapitalization.

During the first six months of 2002, the Company has expensed approximately \$5,200,000 (included in selling, general and administrative expenses) related to the Recapitalization transaction, primarily for fees and expenses, related to legal and investment advice, incurred by the Special Committee of the Company's Board of Directors in their evaluation of the fairness of the transaction. Under certain circumstances, including the subsequent acceptance by the Company of a superior acquisition offer or a change in recommendation by the Company against the Recapitalization, the Company may be liable to Kelso and K Holdings for additional fees and expenses in the range of approximately \$0 to \$24,000,000 cash in the event that the Recapitalization transaction is not consummated.

In connection with the Recapitalization, Kelso has received a financing commitment, subject to certain terms and conditions including the completion of the Recapitalization, from a bank for a senior unsecured term loan facility not to exceed \$955 million (the "Bridge Facility"). The Bridge Facility may be used to finance the purchase of the Company's 8 7/8% Senior Notes due 2008, 9 1/4% Senior Notes due 2007, 9 1/8% Senior Notes due 2007 and 9 7/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2011 (collectively, the "Existing Notes") to the extent that the Existing Notes are tendered for payment under change in control provisions in the Existing Notes respective indentures and are not otherwise repurchased or refinanced. It is expected that any borrowings under the Bridge Facility, if any, would subsequently either be paid off or refinanced with new debt.

On July 25, 2002, the Company entered into a \$200,000,000 Senior Secured Credit Facility (the "Senior Secured Credit Facility"), which is syndicated among several banks. The Senior Secured Credit Facility is secured by substantially all of the Company's accounts receivable and inventory, as well as certain intellectual property rights, and permits borrowings up to the lesser of \$200,000,000 or the total of 85% of eligible accounts receivable, as defined, and 50% of eligible inventory, as defined. The outstanding principal balances under the Senior Secured Credit Facility accrue interest at the Company's option at either LIBOR plus a margin ranging from 2.0% to 2.5% or the banks' prime rate plus a margin ranging from 0.5% to 1.0% depending upon the excess available borrowing capacity, as defined, and the timing of the borrowing as the margin rates will be adjusted quarterly. The Senior Secured Credit Facility includes customary limitations and covenants, but does not require the Company to maintain any financial covenant unless excess available borrowing capacity, as defined, is less than \$40,000,000 in which case the Company would be required to maintain, on a trailing four quarter basis, a minimum level of \$175,000,000 of earnings before interest, taxes,

depreciation and amortization, as defined. The Senior Secured Credit Facility permits the Company to enter into the Recapitalization provided certain conditions are met. On July 25, 2002, proceeds from the Senior Secured Credit Facility were used to refinance the remaining approximately \$42,700,000 due on the Ply Gem credit facility and provide for letters of credit totaling approximately \$24,800,000, which were previously issued under the Ply Gem credit facility. This transaction resulted in approximately \$19,400,000 of restricted cash, investments and marketable securities recorded in current assets in the accompanying balance sheet at June 29, 2002, related to letter of credit requirements under the Ply Gem credit facility, being reclassified as unrestricted in July 2002. In addition, the Company refinanced approximately \$3,800,000 of subsidiary debt.

(C) SFAS No. 141 requires all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001 to be accounted for using the purchase method.

On January 1, 2002, the Company adopted SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFAS No. 142"). This statement applies to goodwill and intangible assets acquired after June 30, 2001, as well as goodwill and intangible assets previously acquired. Under this statement, goodwill and intangible assets determined to have an indefinite useful life are no longer amortized, instead these assets are evaluated for impairment on an annual basis and whenever events or business conditions warrant. All other intangible assets will continue to be amortized over their remaining estimated useful lives and are evaluated for impairment in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 144. In addition, SFAS No. 142 requires additional disclosures with respect to each major intangible asset class relative to gross and net carrying amounts, accumulated amortization, amortization expense, weighted-average amortization periods and residual value assumptions, if any. SFAS No. 142 also requires that the estimated aggregate amortization expense for each of the five succeeding years be disclosed. The adoption of SFAS No. 142 did not result in any material changes to the Company's accounting for intangible assets. Additional disclosures will be required in the Company's 2002 annual report on Form 10-K to be filed with the SEC, along with the transitional disclosures provided in the tables below.

The table that follows presents the major components of intangible assets as of December 31, 2001:

	Gross Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Accumulated Amortization (Amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)	Net Intangible <u>Assets</u>
Trademarks	\$ 107,300	\$(13,918)	\$ 93,382
Patents	22,584	(3,342)	19,242
Other	11,931	(10,113)	1,818
	<u>\$ 141,815</u>	<u>\$(27,373)</u>	<u>\$114,442</u>

As of December 31, 2001, the estimated annual intangible asset amortization expense for each of the succeeding five years aggregates approximately \$28,041,000 as follows:

Year Ended	Annual Amortizatio				
December 31,	Expense				
(Amounts in thousands)					
(U	naudited)				
2002	\$6,068				
2003	5,939				
2004	5,535				
2005	5,270				
2006	5,229				

The Company has preliminarily evaluated the carrying value of goodwill and determined that no impairment exists and therefore no impairment loss will be required to be recorded in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements as a result of adopting SFAS No. 142 on January 1, 2002. Impairment charges, if any, associated with the initial adoption will be retroactively recorded as a cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle in the first quarter of 2002. Thereafter, any additional goodwill impairment charges will be included in income from continuing operations unless they relate to a discontinued operation. SFAS No. 142 also requires additional disclosures with respect to goodwill by reportable segment for changes in goodwill balances, impairment losses, if any, including the methodology for determination, and the amount of goodwill included in the gain or loss on disposal of a reporting unit.

Goodwill amortization included in operating earnings in the second quarter and first half of 2001 was approximately \$4,102,000 and \$8,269,000, as determined under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States in effect in the year 2001.

The tables that follow presents earnings from continuing operations, net earnings and the related earnings per share for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2001, as adjusted to reflect the elimination of goodwill amortization expense and the related income tax impact:

	For the Three June 30 Earnings from Continuing	
	Operations	Net Earnings
	(In thousands except	
	(Unat	udited)
As reported in the accompanying condensed		
consolidated statement of operations	\$17,100	\$19,700
Eliminate goodwill amortization expense	4,102	4,102
Eliminate related tax impact	<u>(102</u>)	<u>(102</u>)
As adjusted	<u>\$21,100</u>	<u>\$23,700</u>
As Adjusted Earnings per Share:		
Basic	\$ 1.93	\$ 2.17
Diluted	<u>\$ 1.88</u>	<u>\$ 2.12</u>
	For the Six M	Ionths Ended
	For the Six M	
	June 3	
	<u>June 30</u> Earnings from	
	June 3	<u>0, 2001</u>
	<u>June 30</u> Earnings from Continuing	0, 2001 <u>Net Earnings</u>
	June 30 Earnings from Continuing Operations (In thousands except)	<u>Net Earnings</u>
As reported in the accompanying condensed	June 30 Earnings from Continuing Operations (In thousands except)	Net Earnings per share amounts)
consolidated statement of operations	June 30 Earnings from Continuing Operations (In thousands except) (Unat	Net Earnings per share amounts) udited) \$17,300
consolidated statement of operations Eliminate goodwill amortization expense	June 30 Earnings from Continuing Operations (In thousands except (Unat	Net Earnings per share amounts) udited) \$17,300 8,269
consolidated statement of operations Eliminate goodwill amortization expense Eliminate related tax impact	June 30 Earnings from Continuing Operations (In thousands except (Unat	Net Earnings per share amounts) udited) \$17,300 8,269 (169)
consolidated statement of operations Eliminate goodwill amortization expense Eliminate related tax impact As adjusted	June 30 Earnings from Continuing Operations (In thousands except (Unat	Net Earnings per share amounts) udited) \$17,300 8,269
consolidated statement of operations Eliminate goodwill amortization expense Eliminate related tax impact As adjusted As Adjusted Earnings per Share:	June 30 Earnings from Continuing Operations (In thousands except (Unat	Net Earnings per share amounts) udited) \$17,300 8,269 (169) \$25,400
consolidated statement of operations Eliminate goodwill amortization expense Eliminate related tax impact As adjusted	June 30 Earnings from Continuing Operations (In thousands except (Unat	Net Earnings per share amounts) udited) \$17,300 8,269 (169)

SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations" ("SFAS No. 143") addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated asset retirement costs. SFAS No. 143 requires that the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation be recognized in the period in which it is incurred if a reasonable estimate of fair value can be made. The associated asset retirement costs are capitalized as part of the carrying amount of the long-lived asset. SFAS No. 143 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002 with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting SFAS No. 143 on its consolidated financial statements.

SFAS No. 144 addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets and does not apply to goodwill or intangible assets that are not being amortized and certain other long-lived assets. This Statement supersedes SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of", and the accounting and reporting provisions of APB Opinion No. 30 "Reporting the Results of Operations - Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions" ("APB 30"), for the disposal of a segment of a business (as previously defined in that Opinion). This Statement also amends ARB No. 51, "Consolidated Financial Statements", to eliminate the exception to consolidation for a subsidiary for which control is likely to be temporary. SFAS No. 144 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001 with early adoption encouraged. The Company adopted SFAS No. 144 in the third quarter of 2001 and applied this accounting standard as of January 1, 2001. Adoption of this accounting standard did not result in any material changes in net earnings from accounting standards previously applied. Adoption of this standard did result in the accounting for the gain (loss) on the sale of certain businesses and their related operating results as discontinued operations (see Note K).

SFAS No. 145 "Rescission of FASB Statements No. 4, 44 and 64 Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13 and Technical Corrections" ("SFAS No. 145"), was issued in April 2002 and addresses the reporting of gains and losses resulting from the extinguishment of debt, accounting for sale-leaseback transactions and rescinds or amends other existing authoritative pronouncements. SFAS No. 145 requires that any gain or loss on extinguishment of debt that does not meet the criteria of APB 30 for classification as an extraordinary item shall not be classified as extraordinary and shall be included in earnings from continuing operations. The provisions of this statement related to the extinguishment of debt are effective for financial statements issued in fiscal years beginning after May 15, 2002 with early application encouraged. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting SFAS No. 145 on its consolidated financial statements.

- (D) In the first quarter of 2001, the Company adopted SFAS No. 133 "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities", as amended ("SFAS No. 133"), by recording an approximate \$800,000 liability in its balance sheet at March 31, 2001, representing the fair value of the Company's interest rate collar agreement. As a result, interest expense includes a non-cash reduction in interest expense of approximately \$350,000 (\$.02 per share, net of tax) and \$800,000 (\$.04 per share, net of tax) for the second quarter and first half of 2002, respectively, and a non-cash charge to interest expense of approximately \$75,000 and \$875,000 (\$.05 per share, net of tax) for the second quarter and first half of 2001, respectively.
- (E) Comprehensive income included in stockholders' investment was \$34,146,000 and \$43,850,000 for the second quarter and first half ended June 29, 2002, respectively, and \$20,916,000 and \$14,007,000 for the second quarter and first half ended June 30, 2001, respectively. Currency translation adjustment gains of \$6,422,000 and \$5,526,000 were included in comprehensive income in the second quarter and first half of 2002, respectively, and currency translation adjustment gains of \$1,202,000 and currency translation losses of \$3,306,000 were included in comprehensive income in the second quarter and first half of 2001, respectively.
- (F) Acquisitions are accounted for as purchases and, accordingly, have been included in the Company's consolidated results of operations since the acquisition date. Purchase price allocations are subject to refinement until all pertinent information regarding the acquisitions is obtained.
- In the second quarter and first half of 2002, a \$4,400,000 charge to operating earnings (G) was recorded and is included in selling, general and administrative expenses relating to an incentive earned by certain of the Company's officers under the Company's 1999 Equity Performance Plan. In addition, as discussed in Note B, the Company has recorded expenses of approximately \$5,200,000 in selling, general and administrative expenses in the second quarter and first half of 2002 related to fees and expenses associated with the Recapitalization of the Company. In the second quarter and first half of 2001, the Company expensed approximately \$1,500,000 and \$2,200,000, respectively, of manufacturing costs incurred in connection with the start up of a residential air conditioning facility and a vinyl fence and decking facility. Also, in the second guarter and first half of 2001, the Company expensed approximately \$1,600,000 and \$2,100,000, respectively, of third party fees and expenses associated with the Company's material procurement strategy. Approximately \$1,100,000 and \$1,400,000 of these fees and expenses were charged to the Residential Building Products Segment, \$400,000 and \$600,000 to the Air Conditioning and Heating Products Segment and \$100,000 to the Windows, Doors and Siding Products Segment in the second quarter and first half of 2001, respectively. In the first half of 2002, the Company did not incur any direct expense or third party fees associated with this material procurement strategy. The Company estimates that it has realized benefits associated with this material procurement strategy of between \$5,000,000 and \$7,000,000 in the second quarter of 2002 as compared to the second guarter of 2001 and between \$7,000,000 and

\$10,000,000 in the first half of 2002 as compared to the first half of 2001. The Company recorded in operating earnings, a non-taxable gain of approximately \$2,400,000 (\$.22 per share) and \$3,200,000 (\$.29 per share) in the second quarter and first half of 2001, respectively, from net death benefit insurance proceeds related to life insurance maintained on former managers. In the second quarter of 2001, the Company also incurred certain duplicative net interest expense as discussed in Note I.

(H) The Company's Board of Directors has authorized a number of programs to purchase shares of the Company's Common and Special Common Stock. The most recent of these programs was announced on May 4, 2000, to purchase up to 1,000,000 shares of the Company's Common and Special Common Stock in open market or negotiated transactions, subject to market conditions, cash availability and provisions of the Company's outstanding debt instruments. As of July 26, 2002, the Company has purchased approximately 461,000 shares of its Common and Special Common Stock for approximately \$9,200,000 under this program and accounted for such purchases as treasury stock.

At July 26, 2002, approximately \$138,000,000 was available for the payment of cash dividends, stock purchases or other restricted payments as defined under the terms of the Company's most restrictive indentures related to such payments.

(I) In June 2001, the Company sold \$250,000,000 principal amount of its 9 7/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2011 ("9 7/8% Notes") at a slight discount. Net proceeds from the sale of the 9 7/8% Notes, after deducting underwriting commissions and expenses amounted to approximately \$241,800,000 and a portion of such proceeds was used to redeem, on July 12, 2001, \$204,822,000 principal amount of the Company's 9 7/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2004 (which notes were called for redemption on June 13, 2001), and pay approximately \$2,900,000 of redemption premium and approximately \$7,400,000 of accrued interest. As a result of this redemption, the Company recorded an extraordinary loss of approximately \$5,500,000 (\$.32 per share, net of tax) in the third quarter of 2001 under then existing accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. As discussed in Note C, SFAS No. 145 provides new guidance with respect to the classification of gains or losses on debt extinguishments once adopted. In the second quarter of 2001, the Company incurred approximately \$800,000 (\$.05 per share, net of tax) of duplicative interest expense, net of interest income, since the redemption of the 9 7/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2004 did not occur on the same day as the financing.

(J) Basic earnings per share amounts have been computed using the weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding during each period. Special Common Stock is treated as the equivalent of Common Stock in determining earnings per share results. Diluted earnings per share amounts have been computed using the weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares and the dilutive potential common and special common shares outstanding during each period.

A reconciliation between basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing operations is as follows:

	Th Months 1	ree Ended	Six Months Ended		
	June 29,	June 30,	June 29,	June 30,	
	<u>2002</u> (In th	2001 housands except	2002 t per share amou	<u>2001</u> unts)	
Earnings from continuing					
operations	<u>\$23,500</u>	<u>\$17,100</u>	<u>\$33,000</u>	<u>\$17,400</u>	
Basic EPS:					
Basic common shares	<u>10,997</u>	10,925	10,988	10,920	
Basic EPS	<u>\$ 2.14</u>	<u>\$ 1.56</u>	<u>\$ 3.00</u>	<u>\$ 1.59</u>	
Diluted EPS:					
Basic common shares	10,997	10,925	10,988	10,920	
Plus: Impact of stock					
options	659	<u>279</u>	<u>494</u>	<u>262</u>	
Diluted common shares	<u>11,656</u>	<u>11,204</u>	<u>11,482</u>	<u>11,182</u>	
Diluted EPS	\$ 2.02	\$ 1.53	<u>\$ 2.87</u>	\$ 1.56	

(K) On April 2, 2002, the Company's Ply Gem Industries, Inc. ("Ply Gem") subsidiary sold the capital stock of its subsidiary Hoover, for approximately \$20,816,000 of net cash proceeds and recorded a pre-tax gain of approximately \$5,400,000 (\$.37 per share, net of tax benefit from the utilization of a capital loss carry forward of \$.15 per share) in the second quarter of 2002. The operating results of Hoover were previously included in Other in the Company's segment reporting. Approximately \$8,500,000 of the cash proceeds was used to pay down outstanding debt under the Company's Ply Gem credit facility in the second quarter of 2002.

On September 21, 2001, the Company sold the capital stock of Peachtree Doors and Windows, Inc. ("Peachtree") and SNE Enterprises, Inc. ("SNE"), subsidiaries of Ply Gem, for approximately \$45,000,000 in cash, and recorded a pre-tax loss on the sale of approximately \$34,000,000 (\$1.79 per share, net of tax) in the third quarter of 2001, including the write off of approximately \$11,700,000 of unamortized intangible assets. Peachtree and SNE were previously part of the Windows, Doors and Siding Products Segment. A portion of the cash proceeds was used to pay down approximately \$20,500,000 of outstanding debt under the Company's Ply Gem credit facility.

The sale of these subsidiaries and their related operating results have been excluded from earnings from continuing operations and are classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

The following is a summary of the results of discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 29, 2002 and June 30, 2001:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 29 ,	June 30,	June 29,	June 30,
	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
		(Amounts in	thousands)	
		(Una	udited)	
Net Sales	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$103,800</u>	<u>\$17,700</u>	<u>\$175,800</u>
Earnings (loss) before income taxes		4,100	1,800	(1,000)
Income tax provision (benefit)		1,500	700	(900)
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations		2,600	1,100	(100)
Gain on sale of discontinued operations net of tax provision of \$1,200,000 Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations	4,200 \$4,200	<u></u> <u>\$ 2,600</u>	4,200 \$ 5,300	<u></u> <u>\$ (100)</u>
Depreciation and amortization expense	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,376</u>	<u>\$ 216</u>	\$ 2,630

The table that follows presents a breakdown of the major components of assets and liabilities of discontinued operations at December 31, 2001:

	Dec. 31, 2001
	(Amounts in thousands)
Assets:	(Unaudited)
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 1,566
Inventories, net	7,815
Property and equipment, net	5,157
Other assets	413
Total assets of discontinued operations	<u>\$14,951</u>
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 2,153
Accrued expenses	986
Deferred income taxes	230
Total liabilities of discontinued operations	<u>\$ 3,369</u>

(L) The Company has three reportable segments: the Residential Building Products Segment; the Air Conditioning and Heating Products Segment; and the Windows, Doors and Siding Products Segment. In the tables below, Other includes corporate related items, intersegment eliminations and certain income and expense items not allocated to reportable segments or separately set forth.

On April 2, 2002, the Company sold the capital stock of Hoover. On September 21, 2001, the Company sold the capital stock of Peachtree and SNE. Accordingly, the results of Hoover, which were previously part of the Other Segment and Peachtree and SNE, which were previously part of the Windows, Doors and Siding Products Segment, have been excluded from earnings from continuing operations and classified separately as discontinued operations for all periods presented (see Notes C and K). Accordingly the segment information presented below excludes Hoover, Peachtree and SNE for all periods.

The Company evaluates segment performance based on operating earnings before allocations of corporate overhead costs. The income statement impact of all purchase accounting adjustments, including goodwill and intangible asset amortization, is included in the operating earnings of the applicable segment. Intersegment net sales and eliminations were not material for any of the periods presented.

Summarized financial information for the Company's reportable segments is presented in the tables that follow for the three months ended June 29, 2002 and June 30, 2001:

	Three		Six	
	Months	Months Ended		Ended
	June 29, 2002	June 30, 2001	June 29, 2002	June 30 2001
N. (C.)		(Amounts in	thousands)	
Net Sales:	¢102 066	¢161 452	\$2.62 OF7	\$205.22 <i>6</i>
Residential building products Air conditioning and heating products	\$183,966 190,168	\$161,453 189,194	\$363,957 337,979	\$325,336 326,536
Windows, doors and siding products	148,072	144,347	249,361	238,355
Consolidated net sales	\$522,206	\$494,994	\$951,297	\$890,227
Operating Earnings (Loss):				
Residential building products	\$ 31,460	\$ 20,987	\$ 59,338	\$ 41,771
Air conditioning and heating products	23,770	23,121	37,325	32,125
Windows, doors and siding products	28,666	17,049	35,675	16,957
Special Committee fees and expenses	(5,200)		(5,200)	
1999 equity incentive plan	(4,400)	2 400	(4,400)	2 200
Gain on death benefit life insurance Other	(12.910)	2,400	(22.204)	3,200
Consolidated operating earnings	(12,810) 61,486	(9,356) 54,201	(23,304) 99,434	<u>(16,122)</u> 77,931
	01,400	34,201	77,434	11,931
Unallocated:	(24.222)	(25 (04)	(49.200)	(51.022)
Interest expense Investment income	(24,223) 1,937	(25,694)	(48,390)	(51,032)
Earnings from continuing operations before	1,937	1,993	3,656	4,201
provision for income taxes	\$ 39,200	\$ 30,500	<u>\$ 54,700</u>	<u>\$ 31,100</u>
Depreciation and Amortization:				
Residential building products	\$ 3,889	\$ 5,795	\$ 8,057	\$ 11,526
Air conditioning and heating products	3,193	3,106	6,499	6,344
Windows, doors and siding products	3,811	5,430	7,469	10,730
Other	148	161	299	317
Consolidated depreciation and				
amortization expense	<u>\$ 11,041</u>	<u>\$ 14,492</u>	<u>\$ 22,324</u>	<u>\$ 28,917</u>
Amortization of Goodwill included in				
Depreciation and Amortization				
Expense:	Ф	Ф. 1.02.6	Ф	Φ 2.720
Residential building products	\$	\$ 1,836	\$	\$ 3,720
Air conditioning and heating products		346		709
Windows, doors and siding products Consolidated goodwill amortization		1,920		3,840
expense		4,102		\$ 8,269
-				<u>φ 0,202</u>
Capital Expenditures: Residential building products	\$ 2,182	\$ 4,002	\$ 3,639	\$ 7,125
Air conditioning and heating products	1,881	5,306	2,597	8,270
Windows, doors and siding products	1,477	2,547	3,639	10,181
Other	390	23	397	32
Consolidated capital expenditures	\$ 5,930	\$ 11,878	\$ 10,272	\$ 25,608
<u> </u>				

(M) The Company provides income taxes on an interim basis based upon the estimated annual effective income tax rate. The following reconciles the federal statutory income tax rate to the estimated effective tax rate of approximately 39.7% and 44.1% for the first six months of 2002 and 2001, respectively.

_	Six Months Ended		
	June 29,	June 30,	
	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	
Income tax provision at the federal statutory rate	35.0%	35.0%	
Net Change from federal statutory rate:			
Amortization not deductible for income tax purposes		7.6	
Non-taxable gain on life insurance proceeds		(1.5)	
State income taxes, net of federal income tax effect	1.5	1.6	
Tax effect resulting from foreign activities	1.8	2.5	
Other, net	1.4	<u>(1.1</u>)	
Income tax provision at estimated effective rate	<u>39.7</u> %	<u>44.1</u> %	

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND OUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

The Company is a diversified manufacturer of residential and commercial building products, operating within three principal segments: the Residential Building Products Segment, the Air Conditioning and Heating Products Segment and the Windows, Doors and Siding Products Segment. In the results of operations presented below, Other includes corporate related items, intersegment eliminations and certain income and expense not allocated to reportable segments or separately set forth. Through its principal segments, the Company manufactures and sells, primarily in the United States, Canada and Europe, a wide variety of products for the residential and commercial construction, manufactured housing and the do-it-yourself ("DIY") and professional remodeling and renovation markets. (As used in this report, the terms "Company" and "Nortek" refer to Nortek, Inc., together with its subsidiaries, unless the context indicates otherwise. Such terms as "Company" and "Nortek" are used for convenience only and are not intended as a precise description of any of the separate corporations, each of which manages its own affairs.)

The Residential Building Products Segment manufactures and distributes built-in products primarily for the residential new construction and DIY and professional remodeling and renovation markets. The principal products sold by the segment include, kitchen range hoods, built-in exhaust fans (such as bath fans and fan, heater and light combination units) and indoor air quality products. The Air Conditioning and Heating Products Segment manufactures and sells heating, ventilating and air conditioning systems ("HVAC") for custom-designed commercial applications and for residential, light commercial and manufactured structures. The Windows, Doors and Siding Products Segment, principally manufactures and distributes: (i) vinyl siding, skirting, soffit and accessories, (ii) vinyl and composite windows, (iii) vinyl patio and steel entry doors, (iv) vinyl blocks, vents, shutters, sunrooms, fencing, railing and decking and (v) aluminum trim coil, soffit and accessories for use in the residential construction and DIY and professional renovation markets.

On April 2, 2002, the Company's Ply Gem Industries, Inc. ("Ply Gem") subsidiary sold the capital stock of its subsidiary Hoover Treated Wood Products, Inc. ("Hoover") and recorded a pre-tax gain of approximately \$5,400,000 in relation to the sale of Hoover in the second quarter of 2002 as part of earnings from discontinued operations. On September 21, 2001, the Company sold the capital stock of Peachtree Doors and Windows, Inc. ("Peachtree") and SNE Enterprises, Inc. ("SNE"), subsidiaries of Ply Gem. (See Note K of the Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein).

In October 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" ("SFAS No. 144"). SFAS No. 144 addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets and does not apply to goodwill or intangible assets that are not being amortized and certain other long-lived assets. This Statement supersedes SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of", and the accounting and reporting provisions of APB Opinion No. 30 "Reporting the Results of Operations – Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions"

OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

("APB 30"), for the disposal of a segment of a business (as previously defined in that Opinion). This Statement also amends ARB No. 51, "Consolidated Financial Statements", to eliminate the exception to consolidation for a subsidiary for which control is likely to be temporary. SFAS No. 144 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001 with early adoption encouraged. The Company adopted SFAS No. 144 in the third quarter of 2001 and applied this accounting standard as of January 1, 2001. Adoption of this standard resulted in the accounting for the gain on the sale of Hoover in the second quarter of 2002, the loss on the sale of Peachtree and SNE in the third quarter of 2001 and the reclassification of operating results as discontinued operations for the operating results of Hoover, which were previously included in Other in the Company's segment reporting, and Peachtree and SNE, which were previously included in the Windows, Doors and Siding Segment. Accordingly the results of Hoover, Peachtree and SNE have been excluded from earnings from continuing operations and are classified separately as discontinued operations for all periods presented. (See Notes C and K of the Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein).

The Company's discussion and analysis of its financial condition and results of operations are based upon the Company's Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Certain of the Company's accounting policies require the application of judgment in selecting the appropriate assumptions for calculating financial estimates. By their nature, these judgments are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty. The Company periodically evaluates the judgments and estimates used for its critical accounting policies to ensure that such judgments and estimates are reasonable for its interim and year-end reporting requirements. These judgments and estimates are based on the Company's historical experience, current trends and information available from other sources, as appropriate. If different conditions result from those assumptions used in the Company's judgments, the results could be materially different from the Company's estimates. The Company's critical accounting policies include:

- Revenue Recognition and Related Expenses
- Inventory Valuation
- Prepaid Income Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities
- Goodwill
- Pensions and Post Retirement Health Benefits
- Insurance Liabilities
- Contingencies

Further detail regarding the Company's critical accounting policies can be found in the consolidated financial statements and the notes included in the Company's latest annual report on Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

Results of Operations

The tables that follow present the unaudited net sales from continuing operations, operating earnings from continuing operations and depreciation and amortization expense from continuing operations for the Company's principal segments for the second quarter ended June 29, 2002 and June 30, 2001, the dollar amount and percentage change of such results as compared to the prior comparable period and the percentage to net sales of operating earnings and depreciation and amortization expense for the second quarter ended June 29, 2002 and June 30, 2001:

	Second Quarter Ended		Change in Second Quarter 2002		
	June 29,	June 30,	-	red to 2001	
	*	2001	\$	<u>%</u>	
	<u>2002</u>	(Dollar amounts		<u></u>	
Not Calor		(Donar amounts	in inousunus)		
Net Sales:	¢192 066	¢161 452	¢ 22 512	13.9%	
Residential Building Products	\$183,966	\$161,453	\$ 22,513 974		
Air Conditioning and Heating Products	190,168	189,194 144,347		.5 2.6	
Windows, Doors and Siding Products	148,072 \$522,206	\$494,994	3,725 \$ 27,212	2.6 5.5%	
On and in Francisco and and	<u>\$322,200</u>	<u>\$454,554</u>	<u> </u>	3.370	
Operating Earnings (Loss):	¢ 21 460	¢ 20.007	¢ 10 472	40.00/	
Residential Building Products	\$ 31,460	\$ 20,987	\$ 10,473 649	49.9% 2.8	
Air Conditioning and Heating Products	23,770	23,121		2.8 68.1	
Windows, Doors and Siding Products Special Committee fees and expenses	28,666	17,049	11,617	08.1 *	
	(5,200)		(5,200)	*	
1999 equity incentive plan Gain on death benefit life insurance	(4,400)	2,400	(4,400)	*	
Other	(12.910)		(2,400)		
Offici	(12,810) \$ 61,486	(9,356) \$ 54,201	(3,454) \$ 7,285	(36.9) 13.4%	
	<u>\$ 01,480</u>	<u>\$ 54,201</u>	<u>\$ 1,263</u>	13.470	
Depreciation and Amortization Expense:					
Residential Building Products	\$ 3,889	\$ 5,795	\$ (1,906)	(32.9)%	
Air Conditioning and Heating Products	3,193	3,106	87	2.8	
Windows, Doors and Siding Products	3,811	5,430	(1,619)	(29.8)	
Other	148	<u>161</u>	(13)	(8.1)	
	<u>\$11,041</u>	<u>\$ 14,492</u>	<u>\$ (3,451</u>)	(23.8)%	
Operating Earnings Margin:					
Residential Building Products	17.1%	13.0%			
Air Conditioning and Heating Products	12.5	12.2			
Windows, Doors and Siding Products	19.4	11.8			
Consolidated	11.8%	10.9%			
Depreciation and Amortization					
Expense as a % of Net Sales:					
Residential Building Products	2.1%	3.6%			
Air Conditioning and Heating Products	1.7	1.6			
Windows, Doors and Siding Products	2.6	3.8			
Consolidated	2.1%	2.9%			

^{*} Not meaningful

OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

The tables that follow present the unaudited net sales from continuing operations, operating earnings from continuing operations and depreciation and amortization expense from continuing operations for the Company's principal segments for the six months ended June 29, 2002 and June 30, 2001, the dollar amount and percentage change of such results as compared to the prior comparable period and the percentage to net sales of operating earnings and depreciation and amortization expense for the six months ended June 29, 2002 and June 30, 2001:

			Change in	
	Six Months Ended		First Six Months 2002	
	June 29,	June 30,	as Compared to 200	
	2002	2001	\$	%
		(Dollar amounts	in thousands)	
Net Sales:				
Residential Building Products	\$363,957	\$325,336	\$ 38,621	11.9%
Air Conditioning and Heating Products	337,979	326,536	11,443	3.5
Windows, Doors and Siding Products	249,361	238,355	11,006	4.6
•	\$951,297	\$890,227	<u>\$61,070</u>	6.9%
Operating Earnings (Loss):				
Residential Building Products	\$59,338	\$41,771	\$ 17,567	42.1%
Air Conditioning and Heating Products	37,325	32,125	5,200	16.2
Windows, Doors and Siding Products	35,675	16,957	18,718	110.4
Special Committee fees and expenses	(5,200)		(5,200)	*
1999 equity incentive plan	(4,400)		(4,400)	*
Gain on death benefit life insurance		3,200	(3,200)	*
Other	(23,304)	<u>(16,122)</u>	<u>(7,182</u>)	(44.5)
	<u>\$99,434</u>	<u>\$77,931</u>	<u>\$ 21,503</u>	27.6%
Depreciation and Amortization Expense:				
Residential Building Products	\$ 8,057	\$11,526	\$ (3,469)	(30.1)%
Air Conditioning and Heating Products	6,499	6,344	155	2.4
Windows, Doors and Siding Products	7,469	10,730	(3,261)	(30.4)
Other	299	317	(18)	(5.7)
	\$22,324	\$28,917	\$ (6,593)	(22.8)%
Operating Earnings Margin:	<u> </u>			,
Residential Building Products	16.3%	12.8%		
Air Conditioning and Heating Products	11.0	9.8		
Windows, Doors and Siding Products	14.3	7.1		
Consolidated	10.5%	8.8%		
Depreciation and Amortization				
Expense as a % of Net Sales:				
Residential Building Products	2.2%	3.5%		
Air Conditioning and Heating Products	1.9	1.9		
Windows, Doors and Siding Products	3.0	4.5		
Consolidated	2.3%	3.2%		
	,	- / -		

^{*} Not meaningful

OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

The tables that follow set forth, for the periods presented, (a) certain unaudited consolidated operating results, (b) the change in the amount and the percentage change of such results as compared to the prior comparable period, (c) the percentage which such results bear to net sales, and (d) the change of such percentages as compared to the prior comparable period. The results of operations for the second quarter ended June 29, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for any other interim period or the full year.

	Second Qua	arter Ended	Chang Second Qua	-
	June 29,	June 30,	as Compared to 2001	
	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
	(Dolla	ar amounts in mi	llions)	
Net sales	\$522.2	\$495.0	\$ 27.2	5.5%
Cost of products sold	362.8	361.5	(1.3)	(.4)
Selling, general and administrative expense	96.4	73.7	(22.7)	(30.8)
Amortization of goodwill and intangible assets	1.5	5.6	4.1	73.2
Operating earnings	61.5	54.2	7.3	13.5
Interest expense	(24.2)	(25.7)	1.5	5.8
Investment income	1.9	2.0	<u>(.1</u>)	(5.0)
Earnings from continuing operations before			, ,	, ,
provision for income taxes	39.2	30.5	8.7	28.5
Provision for income taxes	<u>15.7</u>	13.4	(2.3)	(17.2)
Earnings from continuing operations	23.5	17.1	6.4	37.4
Earnings from discontinued operations	4.2	2.6	1.6	61.5
Net earnings	\$ 27.7	\$ 19.7	\$ 8.0	40.6%

_		Change in Percentage for the Second
June 29, <u>2002</u>	June 30, <u>2001</u>	Quarter 2002 as Compared to 2001
100.0%	100.0%	%
69.5	73.0	3.5
18.4	14.9	(3.5)
3	<u> </u>	8
11.8	11.0	.8
(4.7)	(5.2)	.5
4	4	
7.5	6.2	1.3
3.0	2.7	(.3)
4.5	3.5	1.0
8		3
<u>5.3</u> %	<u>4.0</u> %	<u>1.3</u> %
	Second Qua June 29, 2002 100.0% 69.5 18.4 3 11.8 (4.7) 4 7.5 30 4.5 8	2002 2001 100.0% 100.0% 69.5 73.0 18.4 14.9

Change in

OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

The tables that follow set forth, for the periods presented, (a) certain unaudited consolidated operating results, (b) the change in the amount and the percentage change of such results as compared to the prior comparable period, (c) the percentage which such results bear to net sales, and (d) the change of such percentages as compared to the prior comparable period. The results of operations for the six months ended June 29, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for any other interim period or the full year.

			Change in		
	Six Months Ended		First Six Months 2002		
	June 29, June 30,		as Compared to 2001		
	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>	
	(Dollar amounts in millions)				
Net sales	\$951.3	\$890.2	\$ 61.1	6.9%	
Cost of products sold	672.9	656.1	(16.8)	(2.6)	
Selling, general and administrative expense	176.0	144.9	(31.1)	(21.5)	
Amortization of goodwill and intangible assets	3.0	11.3	8.3	73.5	
Operating earnings	99.4	77.9	21.5	27.6	
Interest expense	(48.4)	(51.0)	2.6	5.1	
Investment income	3.7	4.2	<u>(.5</u>)	(11.9)	
Earnings from continuing operations before					
provision for income taxes	54.7	31.1	23.6	75.9	
Provision for income taxes	21.7	13.7	<u>(8.0)</u>	(58.4)	
Earnings from continuing operations	33.0	17.4	15.6	89.7	
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations	5.3	(.1)	5.4	*	
Net earnings	\$ 38.3	<u>\$ 17.3</u>	<u>\$ 21.0</u>	121.4%	

^{*} not meaningful

	Percentage of Net Sales Six Months Ended		Percentage for the First	
	June 29, <u>2002</u>	June 30, 2001	Six Months 2002 as Compared to 2001	
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	%	
Cost of products sold	70.7	73.7	3.0	
Selling, general and administrative expense	18.5	16.3	(2.2)	
Amortization of goodwill and intangible assets	3	1.3	1.0	
Operating earnings	10.5	8.7	1.8	
Interest expense	(5.1)	(5.7)	.6	
Investment income	0.4	0.5	(.1)	
Earnings from continuing operations before				
provision for income taxes	5.8	3.5	2.3	
Provision for income taxes	2.3	1.5	(.8)	
Earnings from continuing operations	3.5	2.0	1.5	
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations	5	(.1)		
Net earnings	<u>4.0</u> %	<u>1.9</u> %	<u>2.1</u> %	

Change in

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

Consolidated net sales increased approximately \$27,200,000 or 5.5% for the second quarter of 2002 as compared to the second quarter of 2001 and increased approximately \$61,100,000 or 6.9% for the first six months of 2002 as compared to the first six months of 2001. Excluding the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, consolidated net sales increased approximately \$25,900,000 or 5.2% for the second quarter of 2002 as compared to the second quarter of 2001 and approximately \$62,400,000 or 7.0% for the first six months of 2002 as compared to the first six months of 2001. These increases are summarized by segment as follows:

	Increase in net sales			
	Second Quarter 2002 As compared to 2001		Six Months 2002 As compared to 2001	
_				
<u>-</u>	Amount	%	Amount	%
Residential Building Products	\$21,400,000	13.3%	\$39,100,000	12.0%
Air Conditioning and Heating Products	600,000	0.3	11,800,000	3.6
Windows, Doors and Siding Products	3,900,000	2.7	11,500,000	4.8
	<u>\$25,900,000</u>	5.2%	<u>\$62,400,000</u>	7.0%

Overall, increases in sales levels in the second quarter and first six months of 2002 reflect continued strength in new home construction and remodeling markets and favorable weather conditions. The increase in net sales volume in the Residential Building Products Segment was, in part, the result of steady new home construction and strong remodeling business, increases in average unit sales prices of range hoods due to changes in product mix and increased sales of garage door openers. The increase in net sales in the Air Conditioning and Heating Products Segment, was principally as a result of increased sales volume of HVAC products to the residential site built market, partially offset by the general slowdown in commercial construction activity which reduced the level of shipments of the Company's commercial HVAC products and lower sales to the manufactured housing market in the second quarter and first six months of 2002 as continued softness is being experienced by this industry. The trend of lower levels of orders and shipments of commercial HVAC products is expected to continue for the balance of 2002. The increase in net sales in the Windows, Doors and Siding Products Segment was principally due to strong new construction and remodeling activity, as well as favorable weather conditions, which created increased volume for vinyl siding, fencing and decking products.

Cost of products sold, as a percentage of net sales, decreased from approximately 73.0% in the second quarter of 2001 to approximately 69.5% in the second quarter of 2002 and decreased from approximately 73.7% in the first half of 2001 to approximately 70.7% in the first half of 2002. Material costs represented approximately 43.5% and 46.9% of net sales for the second quarter of 2002 and 2001, respectively and represented approximately 43.7% and 46.4% of net sales for the first half of 2002 and 2001, respectively. Material costs as a percent of net sales have decreased primarily due to increased net sales levels and decreases in product costs including lower costs achieved from the Company's material procurement strategy as discussed

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

further below. Included in cost of products sold was approximately \$1,500,000 in the second guarter of 2001 and \$2,200,000 in the first six months of 2001 of costs incurred in the start-up of a residential HVAC manufacturing facility and a vinyl fence and decking facility. Excluding the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates in 2002 and the costs incurred in the startup of facilities in 2001, cost of products sold as a percentage of net sales decreased from approximately 72.7% in the second guarter of 2001 to approximately 69.4% in the second quarter of 2002 and from approximately 73.5% in the first six months of 2001 to approximately 70.7% in the first six months of 2002. These decreases in the percentages in the second guarter and first six months of 2002 principally resulted from reductions realized in the cost of certain purchased materials and component parts, in part, due to lower prices and the effect of lower costs from cost reduction measures, particularly PVC resin for vinyl siding products, implemented in 2001. The Company also realized slightly lower prices on steel products between these periods but expects that the price of steel in the second half of 2002 will be higher than prices paid in 2001 and the first half of 2002. The Company estimates that the impact of higher steel prices could be approximately \$4,000,000 to \$7,000,000 over the second half of 2002. In addition, increased sales volume of HVAC products to residential site built customers in the Air Conditioning and Heating Products Segment, increased average unit sales prices of range hoods due to changes in product mix toward higher priced units in the Residential Building Product Segment and increased sales volume of vinyl siding products in the Window. Doors and Siding Products Segment, all without a proportionate increase in cost were also a factor. In 2002 the Company estimates that it has realized benefits associated with its material procurement strategy of between \$5,000,000 and \$7,000,000 in the second quarter of 2002 as compared to the second guarter of 2001 and between \$7,000,000 and \$10,000,000 in the first six months of 2002 as compared to the first six months of 2001. This strategy is expected to result in approximately \$15,000,000 in annualized savings when fully implemented. Cost savings estimated to be achieved from this strategy over the second half of 2002 are expected to be partially offset by increases in steel prices as noted above. Overall, changes in the cost of products sold as a percentage of net sales for one period as compared to another period may reflect a number of factors including changes in the relative mix of products sold, the effect of changes in sales prices, material costs and changes in productivity levels.

Selling, general and administrative expense as a percentage of net sales, increased from approximately 14.9% in the second quarter of 2001 to approximately 18.4% in the second quarter of 2002 and from approximately 16.3% in the first six months of 2001 to approximately 18.5% in the first six months of 2002. Selling, general and administrative expense in the second quarter and first six months of 2002 included approximately \$4,400,000 relating to an incentive expensed and paid to certain of the Company's officers under the Company's 1999 Equity Performance Plan and approximately \$5,200,000 expensed for fees and expenses associated with the Recapitalization of the Company. (See Liquidity and Capital Resources for a discussion of the Recapitalization). Selling, general and administrative expense in the second quarter and first six months of 2001 was reduced by approximately \$2,400,000 and \$3,200,000, respectively, related to a non-taxable gain from net death benefit insurance proceeds related to life insurance maintained on former managers and approximately \$1,600,000 and \$2,100,000, respectively, of third party fees and expenses related to the Company's material procurement strategy. All of the above amounts are set forth separately in the segment data except the third party fees and

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

expenses related to the Company's material procurement strategy. Approximately \$1,100,000 and \$1,400,000 of the material procurement fees and expenses were charged to the Residential Building Products Segment, \$400,000 and \$600,000 to the Air Conditioning and Heating Products Segment and \$100,000 to the Windows, Doors and Siding Products Segment, in the second quarter and first six months of 2001, respectively. Excluding the effect of the incentive earned by certain of the Company's officers under the Company's 1999 Equity Performance Plan, the fees and expenses associated with the Recapitalization of the Company, the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and the net death benefit proceeds and expenses related to the Company's material procurement strategy in 2001, selling, general and administrative expense increased from approximately 15.1% as a percentage of net sales in the second quarter of 2001 to approximately 16.6% in the second quarter of 2002 and from approximately 16.4% as a percentage of net sales in the first six months of 2001 to approximately 17.5% in first six months of 2002.

Amortization of goodwill and intangible assets, as a percentage of net sales, decreased from approximately 1.1% in the second quarter of 2001 to approximately .3% in the second quarter of 2002 and from approximately 1.3% in the first six months of 2001 to approximately .3% in the first six months of 2002. Beginning January 1, 2002, goodwill is no longer being amortized by the Company in accordance with the adoption of SFAS No. 142. Amortization of goodwill was approximately \$4,102,000 for the second quarter of 2001 and \$8,269,000 for the first six months of 2001, as determined under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States in effect in the year 2001 (see below).

Consolidated operating earnings increased approximately \$7,300,000 from approximately \$54,200,000 in the second quarter of 2001 to approximately \$61,500,000 in the second quarter of 2002 and approximately \$21,500,000 from approximately \$77,900,000 in the first half of 2001 to approximately \$99,400,000 in the first half of 2002 as a result of the factors discussed above.

Consolidated operating earnings have been reduced by depreciation and amortization expense (other than amortization of deferred debt expense and debt discount) of approximately \$11,041,000 and \$14,492,000 for the second quarter of 2002 and 2001 respectively and \$22,324,000 and \$28,917,000 for the first half of 2002 and 2001, respectively.

OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

Excluding the effect of (a) the approximate \$4,400,000 relating to an incentive earned by certain of the Company's officers under the Company's 1999 Equity Performance Plan in the second quarter and first half of 2002, (b) the approximate \$5,200,000 of fees and expenses associated with the Recapitalization of the Company in the second quarter and first half of 2002, (c) approximately \$100,000 of higher operating earnings from the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates in the second quarter of 2002 and approximately \$100,000 of lower operating earnings from the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates in the first half of 2002, (d) the approximate \$1,600,000 and \$2,100,000 of third party fees and expenses associated with the Company's material procurement strategy incurred in the second quarter and first half of 2001, respectively, (e) the approximate \$2,400,000 and \$3,200,000 non-taxable gain from net death benefit insurance proceeds in the second quarter and first half of 2001, respectively, and (f) the approximate \$1,500,000 and \$2,200,000 of costs incurred in the start-up of a residential HVAC manufacturing facility and a vinyl fence and decking facility in the second quarter and first half of 2001, respectively, operating earnings increased approximately \$16,100,000 from approximately \$54,900,000 in the second quarter of 2001 to \$71,000,000 in the second guarter of 2002 and increased approximately \$30,100,000 from approximately \$79,000,000 in the first half of 2001 to \$109,100,000 in the first half of 2002 and is summarized below:

_	Increase (decrease) in operating earnings			
	Second Quarter 2002 As compared to 2001		Six Months 2002 As compared to 2001	
-	Amount	%	Amount	%
Residential Building Products	\$ 9,300,000	42.1%	\$16,200,000	37.5%
Air Conditioning and Heating Products	(1,100,000)	(4.4)	2,600,000	7.5
Windows, Doors and Siding Products	11,400,000	65.7	18,500,000	107.2
Other	(3,500,000)	(37.4)	(7,200,000)	(44.7)
	\$16,100,000	29.3%	\$30,100,000	38.1%

The increase in operating earnings in the Residential Building Products Segment was primarily as a result of increased sales volume due to continued strength in the first half of 2002 in new home construction and remodeling markets, favorable weather conditions, increases in average unit sales prices of range hoods due to changes in product mix and increased sales of garage door openers. The increase in operating earnings in the Air Conditioning and Heating Products Segment in the first half of 2002 was principally due to increased sales volume of HVAC products to customers serving the residential site built market. The decrease in operating earnings in the Air Conditioning and Heating Products Segment in the second quarter was principally due to the softness in the commercial sector. The increase in operating earnings in the Windows, Doors and Siding Products Segment in 2002 was principally due to an increase in earnings from vinyl siding and related products which benefited from reduced material costs as a result of price and cost improvements and higher sales volume as compared to 2001. Overall,

OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

all three segments have begun to realize benefits associated with the Company's material procurement strategy.

Operating earnings of foreign operations, consisting primarily of the results of operations of the Company's Canadian and European subsidiaries, were approximately 6.0% and 5.4% of operating earnings (before corporate overhead) in the second quarter of 2002 and 2001, respectively and approximately 6.9% and 5.3% of operating earnings (before corporate overhead) in the first half of 2002 and 2001, respectively. Sales and earnings derived from international markets are subject to the risks of currency fluctuations.

Interest expense in the second quarter of 2002 decreased approximately \$1,500,000 or approximately 5.8% as compared to the second quarter of 2001 and approximately \$2,600,000 or approximately 5.1% in the first six months of 2002 as compared to the first six months of 2001, primarily as a result of duplicative interest expense of approximately \$1,100,000 in the second quarter and first six months of 2001 associated with the redemption of the Company's 9 7/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2004. See Note I of the Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein. The adoption of SFAS No. 133 resulted in an approximate \$350,000 non-cash reduction in interest expense in the second quarter of 2002 compared to a \$75,000 increase in the second quarter of 2001 and an approximate \$800,000 reduction to interest expense in the first six months of 2002 compared to an approximate \$875,000 non-cash charge to interest expense for the first six months of 2001 (see Note D of the Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein) partially offset by increased borrowings associated with plant expansion during the second quarter and first six months ended June 30, 2001 (see Note G of the Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein).

Investment income decreased approximately \$100,000 or 5% in the second quarter of 2002, as compared to the second quarter of 2001 and approximately \$500,000 or 11.9% in the first half of 2002, as compared to the first half of 2001 primarily as a result of lower investment income rates. Included in investment income was approximately \$650,000 and \$1,300,000 in the second quarter and first half of 2002, respectively and \$400,000 and \$900,000 in the second quarter and first half of 2001, respectively, related to restricted investments and marketable securities held by pension trusts.

The provision for income taxes from continuing operations was approximately \$15,700,000 for the second quarter of 2002 as compared to approximately \$13,400,000 for the second quarter of 2001 and approximately \$21,700,000 for the first six months of 2002 as compared to approximately \$13,700,000 for the first six months of 2001. The income tax rates differed from the United States Federal statutory rate of 35% principally as a result of the effect of foreign income tax on foreign source income, state income tax provisions and non-deductible amortization expense (for tax purposes) in 2001. Beginning January 1, 2002, goodwill and intangible assets determined to have an indefinite life are no longer being amortized (non-deductible for tax purposes). (See Note M of the Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein.)

OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

The table that follows presents a summary of the operating results of discontinued operations for the second quarter and first six months ended June 29, 2002 and June 30, 2001. (See Notes C and K of the Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein.)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 29,	June 30,	June 29,	June 30,
	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
		(Amounts i	n thousands)	
	(Unaudited)			
Net Sales	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$103,800</u>	<u>\$17,700</u>	<u>\$175,800</u>
Earnings (loss) before income taxes		4,100	1,800	(1,000)
Income tax provision (benefit)		1,500	700	<u>(900)</u>
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations		2,600	1,100	(100)
Gain on sale of discontinued operations net				
of tax provision of \$1,200,000	4,200		4,200	
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations	<u>\$4,200</u>	<u>\$ 2,600</u>	<u>\$ 5,300</u>	<u>\$ (100)</u>
Depreciation and amortization expense	\$	<u>\$ 1,376</u>	<u>\$ 216</u>	\$ 2,630

SFAS No. 141, "Business Combinations" ("SFAS No. 141") requires all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001 to be accounted for using the purchase method.

On January 1, 2002, the Company adopted SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFAS No. 142"). This statement applies to goodwill and intangible assets acquired after June 30, 2001, as well as goodwill and intangible assets previously acquired. Under this statement, goodwill and intangible assets determined to have an indefinite useful life are no longer amortized, instead these assets are evaluated for impairment on an annual basis and whenever events or business conditions warrant. All other intangible assets will continue to be amortized over their remaining estimated useful lives and are evaluated for impairment in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 144. In addition, SFAS No. 142 requires additional disclosures with respect to each major intangible asset class relative to gross and net carrying amounts, accumulated amortization, amortization expense, weighted-average amortization periods and residual value assumptions, if any. SFAS No. 142 also requires that the estimated aggregate amortization expense for each of the five succeeding years be disclosed. The adoption of SFAS No. 142 did not result in any material changes to the Company's accounting for intangible assets and additional disclosures will be required in the Company's 2002 annual report on Form 10-K to be filed with the SEC, which include the transitional disclosures contained in Note C of the Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein.

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

The Company has preliminarily evaluated the carrying value of goodwill and determined that no impairment exists and therefore no impairment loss will be required to be recorded in the Company's consolidated financial statements as a result of adopting SFAS No. 142 on January 1, 2002. Impairment charges, if any, associated with the initial adoption will be retroactively recorded as a cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle in the first quarter of 2002. Thereafter, any additional goodwill impairment charges will be included in income from continuing operations unless they relate to a discontinued operation. SFAS No. 142 also requires additional disclosures with respect to goodwill by reportable segment for changes in goodwill balances, impairment losses, if any, including the methodology for determination, and the amount of goodwill included in the gain or loss on disposal of a reporting unit.

Goodwill amortization included in operating earnings in the second quarter and first six months of 2001 was approximately \$4,102,000 and \$8,269,000, respectively, as determined under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States in effect in the year 2001. As adjusted diluted earnings per share from continuing operations for the second quarter and first six months ended June 30, 2001 would have been approximately \$1.88 per share and \$2.28 per share, respectively, excluding the after tax effect of goodwill amortization. (See Note C of the Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein.)

SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations" ("SFAS No. 143") addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated asset retirement costs. SFAS No. 143 requires that the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation be recognized in the period in which it is incurred if a reasonable estimate of fair value can be made. The associated asset retirement costs are capitalized as part of the carrying amount of the long-lived asset. SFAS No. 143 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002 with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting SFAS No. 143 on its consolidated financial statements.

SFAS No. 144 addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets and does not apply to goodwill or intangible assets that are not being amortized and certain other long-lived assets. This Statement supersedes SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of", and the accounting and reporting provisions of APB 30, for the disposal of a segment of a business (as previously defined in that Opinion). This Statement also amends ARB No. 51, "Consolidated Financial Statements", to eliminate the exception to consolidation for a subsidiary for which control is likely to be temporary. SFAS No. 144 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001 with early adoption encouraged. The Company adopted SFAS No. 144 in the third quarter of 2001 and applied this accounting standard as of January 1, 2001. Adoption of this accounting standard did not result in any material changes in net earnings from accounting standards previously applied. Adoption of this standard did result in the accounting for the gain (loss) on the sale of certain businesses and their related operating results as discontinued operations. (See Note K of the Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein.)

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

(Continued)

SFAS No. 145, "Rescission of FASB Statements No. 4, 44 and 64 Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13 and Technical Corrections" ("SFAS No. 145") was issued in April 2002 and addresses the reporting of gains and losses resulting from the extinguishment of debt, accounting for sale-leaseback transactions and rescinds or amends other existing authoritative pronouncements. SFAS No. 145 requires that any gain or loss on extinguishment of debt that does not meet the criteria of APB 30 for classification as an extraordinary item shall not be classified as extraordinary and shall be included in earnings from continuing operations. The provisions of this statement related to the extinguishment of debt are effective for financial statements issued in fiscal years beginning after May 15, 2002 with early application encouraged. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting SFAS No. 145 on its consolidated financial statements.

Comprehensive income included in stockholders' investment was \$43,850,000 at June 29, 2002 and \$14,007,000 at June 30, 2001. Currency translation adjustment gains of \$6,422,000 and \$5,526,000 were included in comprehensive income in the second quarter and first half of 2002, respectively, and currency translation adjustment gains of \$1,202,000 and currency translation losses of \$3,306,000 were included in comprehensive income in the second quarter and first half of 2001, respectively. (See Note E of the Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein.)

Liquidity and Capital Resources

On June 20, 2002, the Company and Nortek Holdings, Inc. and K Holdings, Inc. ("K Holdings"), an affiliate of Kelso & Company, L.P. ("Kelso") entered into an Agreement and Plan of Recapitalization (the "Recapitalization Agreement"), which is subject to the satisfactory completion by all parties of the terms and conditions outlined in the Recapitalization Agreement, including the approval of the Company's shareholders, the availability of certain financing and other customary conditions.

The Company and Kelso have received notice that the waiting period has expired under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976 in connection with the proposed acquisition.

In connection with the solicitation of proxies with respect to the special meeting of stockholders of the Company concerning the proposed transaction, the Company will file with the SEC, and will furnish to security holders of the Company, a proxy statement, which security holders are advised to read as it will contain important information.

Pursuant to the Recapitalization Agreement each publicly owned outstanding share, with the exception of certain shares owned by certain members of management of the Company, will be acquired for \$46 per share in cash by K Holdings in partnership with certain members of management, including Richard L. Bready, the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company (the "Recapitalization"). The Recapitalization transaction is valued at approximately \$1.6 billion based upon the \$46 per share price and the assumption or refinancing of the Company's outstanding indebtedness at the completion of the Recapitalization. The Company's

OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

Board of Directors, based upon the recommendation of a Special Committee of disinterested directors, has approved the Recapitalization. Morgan Stanley & Co. served as financial advisor to the Special Committee and delivered its opinion that the \$46 per share consideration to be received by the Company's public shareholders is fair from a financial point of view.

The Company believes the Recapitalization will be accounted for as a purchase in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 141, which will result in a new valuation for the assets and liabilities of the Company upon the completion of the Recapitalization.

During the first six months of 2002, the Company expensed approximately \$5,200,000 (included in selling, general and administrative expenses) related to the Recapitalization transaction, primarily for fees and expenses, related to legal and investment advice, incurred by the Special Committee of the Company's Board of Directors in their evaluation of the fairness of the transaction. Under certain circumstances, including the subsequent acceptance by the Company of a superior acquisition offer or a change in recommendation by the Company against the Recapitalization, the Company may be liable to Kelso and K Holdings for additional fees and expenses in the range of approximately \$0 to \$24,000,000 in the event that the Recapitalization transaction is not consummated.

In connection with the Recapitalization, Kelso has received a financing commitment, subject to certain terms and conditions including the completion of the Recapitalization, from a bank for a senior unsecured term loan facility not to exceed \$955 million (the "Bridge Facility"). The Bridge Facility may be used to finance the purchase of the Company's 8 7/8% Senior Notes due 2008, 9 1/4% Senior Notes due 2007, 9 1/8% Senior Notes due 2007 and 9 7/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2011 (collectively the "Existing Notes") to the extent that the Existing Notes are tendered for payment under change in control provisions in the Existing Notes respective indentures and are not otherwise repurchased or refinanced. It is expected that any borrowings under the Bridge Facility, if any, would subsequently either be paid off or refinanced with new debt.

On July 25, 2002, the Company entered into a \$200,000,000 Senior Secured Credit Facility (the "Senior Secured Credit Facility"), which is syndicated among several banks. The Senior Secured Credit Facility is secured by substantially all of the Company's accounts receivable and inventory, as well as certain intellectual property rights, and permits borrowings up to the lesser of the \$200,000,000 or the total of 85% of eligible accounts receivable, as defined, and 50% of eligible inventory, as defined. The outstanding principal balances under the Senior Secured Credit Facility accrue interest at the Company's option at either LIBOR plus a margin ranging from 2.0% to 2.5% or the banks' prime rate plus a margin ranging from 0.5% to 1.0% depending upon the excess available borrowing capacity, as defined, and the timing of the borrowing as the margin rates will be adjusted quarterly. The Senior Secured Credit Facility includes customary limitations and covenants, but does not require the Company to maintain any financial covenant unless excess available borrowing capacity, as defined, is less than \$40,000,000 in which case the Company would be required to maintain, on a trailing four quarter basis, a minimum level of \$175,000,000 of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, as defined. The Senior Secured Credit Facility permits the Company to enter into the Recapitalization provided

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certain conditions are met. On July 25, 2002, proceeds from the Senior Secured Credit Facility were used to refinance the remaining approximately \$42,700,000 due on the Ply Gem credit facility and provide for letters of credit totaling approximately \$24,800,000, which were previously issued under the Ply Gem credit facility. This transaction resulted in approximately \$19,400,000 of restricted cash, investments and marketable securities recorded in current assets in the accompanying balance sheet at June 29, 2002, related to letter of credit requirements under the Ply Gem credit facility, being reclassified as unrestricted in July 2002. In addition, the Company refinanced approximately \$3,800,000 of subsidiary debt.

The Company is highly leveraged and expects to continue to be highly leveraged for the foreseeable future. The Company had consolidated debt at June 29, 2002, of approximately \$1,043,530,000 consisting of (i) \$56,071,000 of short-term borrowings and current maturities of long-term debt, (ii) \$47,703,000 of notes, mortgage notes and other indebtedness, (iii) \$209,466,000 of 8 7/8% Senior Notes due 2008 ("8 7/8% Notes"), (iv) \$308,431,000 of 9 1/8% Senior Notes due 2007 ("9 1/8% Notes"), (v) \$174,408,000 of 9 1/4% Senior Notes due 2007 ("9 1/4% Notes") and (vi) \$247,451,000 of 9 7/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2011 ("9 7/8% Notes").

The indentures and other agreements governing the Company and its subsidiaries' indebtedness (including the indentures for the 8 7/8% Notes, the 9 1/8% Notes, the 9 1/4% Notes and the 9 7/8% Notes and the Senior Secured Credit Facility) contain certain restrictive financial and operating covenants including covenants that restrict the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to complete acquisitions, pay dividends, incur indebtedness, make investments, sell assets and take certain other corporate actions.

The Company expects to meet its cash flow requirements through fiscal 2002 from cash generated from operations, existing cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities, utilization of the Company's Senior Secured Credit Facility and may include mortgage, capital lease or other financings. As of June 29, 2002, approximately \$42,700,000 was due under the Company's Ply Gem credit facility and is included in current maturities of long-term debt at June 29, 2002. As discussed above, the Ply Gem credit facility was refinanced in July 2002 under the Senior Secured Credit Facility. As of June 29, 2002, approximately \$30,400,000 of letters of credit had been issued as additional security for approximately \$29,000,000 of industrial revenue bonds and capital leases outstanding (included in notes, mortgage notes and obligations payable in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at June 29, 2002), relating to several of the Company's manufacturing facilities.

In connection with the Recapitalization the Company expects to utilize approximately \$175,000,000 of its cash for the purchase of the Company's Common and Special Common stock and fees and expenses. Under certain circumstances, including the subsequent acceptance by the Company of a superior acquisition offer or a change in recommendation by the Company against the Recapitalization, the Company may instead be liable to Kelso and K Holdings for additional fees and expenses in the range of approximately \$0 to \$24,000,000 in cash in the event that the Recapitalization transaction is not consummated.

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At June 29, 2002, the Company had consolidated unrestricted cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities of approximately \$255,522,000 as compared to approximately \$255,767,000 at December 31, 2001. The Company's debt to equity ratio was approximately 3.3:1 at June 29, 2002 as compared to approximately 3.9:1 at December 31, 2001. The change in the ratio was primarily due to a decrease in indebtedness and an increase in stockholders' investment, primarily as a result of net earnings for the second quarter of 2002 as well as favorable changes in the cumulative amount of currency translation adjustments.

The Company's ability to pay interest on or to refinance its indebtedness depends on the Company's future performance, working capital levels and capital structure, which are subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative, regulatory and other factors which may be beyond its control. There can be no assurance that the Company will generate sufficient cash flow from the operation of its subsidiaries or that future financings will be available on acceptable terms or in amounts sufficient to enable the Company to service or refinance its indebtedness, or to make necessary capital expenditures.

The Company has evaluated and expects to continue to evaluate possible acquisition transactions and possible dispositions of certain of its businesses on an ongoing basis and at any given time may be engaged in discussions or negotiations with respect to possible acquisitions or dispositions.

The Company and its subsidiaries have entered into a number of operating lease obligations and have guaranteed certain obligations of various third parties. No significant changes in these obligations have occurred since December 31, 2001. See the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 for amounts outstanding at December 31, 2001.

Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents decreased from approximately \$159,529,000 at December 31, 2001 to approximately \$112,759,000 at June 29, 2002. Marketable securities available for sale increased from approximately \$96,238,000 at December 31, 2001 to approximately \$142,763,000 at June 29, 2002. The Company's investment in marketable securities at June 29, 2002 consisted primarily of federal agency discount notes, treasury bills and bank issued money market instruments. The Company has classified as restricted in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet certain investments and marketable securities that are not fully available for use in its operations. At June 29, 2002, approximately \$98,607,000 (of which \$23,684,000 is included in current assets) of cash, investments and marketable securities is held in pension trusts or is held as collateral for insurance and letter of credit requirements. As noted above, approximately \$19,400,000 of restricted cash at June 29, 2002, became unrestricted in July 2002 in connection with entering into the Senior Secured Credit Facility.

Capital expenditures were approximately \$10,272,000 in the first half of 2002 compared to approximately \$25,608,000 in the first half of 2001. Capital expenditures were approximately \$41,400,000 for the year ended December 31, 2001 and are expected to range between approximately \$40,000,000 and \$45,000,000 in 2002.

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AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

The Company's Board of Directors has authorized a number of programs to purchase shares of the Company's Common and Special Common Stock. The most recent of these programs was announced on May 4, 2000, and allows the Company to purchase up to 1,000,000 shares of the Company's Common and Special Common Stock in open market or negotiated transactions, subject to market conditions, cash availability and provisions of the Company's outstanding debt instruments. As of July 26, 2002, the Company has previously purchased approximately 461,000 shares of its Common and Special Common Stock under this program for approximately \$9,200,000 and accounted for such share purchases as treasury stock.

At July 26, 2002, approximately \$138,000,000 was available for the payment of cash dividends, stock purchases or other restricted payments as defined under the terms of the Company's most restrictive Indenture. (See Note H of the Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein.)

The Company's working capital increased from approximately \$381,100,000 at December 31, 2001 to approximately \$423,200,000 at June 29, 2002 while the Company's current ratio remained the same at 2:1, principally as a result of the factors described below.

Accounts receivable increased approximately \$54,785,000 or approximately 25.3%, between December 31, 2001 and June 29, 2002, while net sales increased approximately \$93,729,000 or approximately 21.9% in the second guarter of 2002 as compared to the fourth guarter of 2001. The rate of change in accounts receivable in certain periods may be different than the rate of change in sales in such periods principally due to the timing of net sales. Increases or decreases in net sales near the end of any period generally result in significant changes in the amount of accounts receivable on the date of the balance sheet at the end of such period, as was the situation on June 29, 2002 as compared to December 31, 2001. The Company has not experienced any significant overall changes in credit terms, collection efforts, credit utilization or delinquency in accounts receivable in 2002.

Inventories increased approximately \$20,559,000 or approximately 11.4%, between December 31, 2001 and June 29, 2002.

Accounts payable increased approximately \$25,423,000 or approximately 20.0%, between December 31, 2001 and June 29, 2002.

OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents decreased approximately \$46,770,000 from December 31, 2001 to June 29, 2002, principally as a result of the following:

	Condensed Consolidated Cash Flows(*)
Operating Activities:	Cash Flows()
Cash flow from operations, net	\$ 56,415,000
Increase in accounts receivable, net	(50,948,000)
Increase in inventories	(18,506,000)
Increase in prepaids and other current assets	(983,000)
Increase in net assets of discontinued operations	(1,761,000)
Increase in accounts payable	21,888,000
Increase in accrued expenses and taxes	16,917,000
Investing Activities:	-,,-
Capital expenditures	(10,272,000)
Purchases of marketable securities, net	(46,525,000)
Proceeds from the sale of a discontinued business	20,816,000
Increase in restricted cash and investments	(20,652,000)
Financing Activities:	(-, ,)
Payment of borrowings, net	(13,123,000)
Other, net	(36,000)
,	\$(46,770,000)

(*) Prepared from the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 29, 2002. (See the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein.)

The impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates on cash was not material and has been included in other, net.

Inflation, Trends and General Considerations

The Company has evaluated and expects to continue to evaluate possible acquisition transactions and the possible dispositions of certain of its businesses on an ongoing basis and at any given time may be engaged in discussions or negotiations with respect to possible acquisitions or dispositions.

The demand for the Company's products is seasonal, particularly in the Northeast and Midwest regions of the United States where inclement weather during the winter months usually reduces the level of building and remodeling activity in both the home improvement and new construction markets. The Company's lower sales levels usually occur during the first and fourth quarters. Since a high percentage of the Company's manufacturing overhead and operating expenses are relatively fixed throughout the year, operating income and net earnings tend to be lower in quarters with lower sales levels. In addition, the demand for cash to fund the working capital of the Company's subsidiaries is greater from late in the first quarter until early in the fourth quarter.

OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

On August 9, 2002, the Company filed, under a Form 8-K, with the SEC, the Statements under Oath of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer (the "Statements") required by the SEC's June 27, 2002 Order No. 4-460. The Statements covered the Company's 2001 Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001 and all of the Company's reports on Form 10-Q, reports on Form 8-K and all definitive proxy materials filed with the SEC subsequent to the filings of the Form 10-K (collectively the "Filings") prior to August 9, 2002. No changes or amendments to the Filings were required in connection with the issuance of the Statements.

Market Risk

As discussed more specifically below, the Company is exposed to market risks related to changes in interest rates, foreign currencies and commodity pricing. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments, except on a limited basis, to hedge certain economic exposures. The Company does not enter into derivative financial instruments or other financial instruments for trading purposes.

There have been no significant changes in market risk from the December 31, 2001 disclosures included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K.

A. Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates primarily through its investing and borrowing activities. In addition, the Company's ability to finance future acquisition transactions may be impacted if the Company is unable to obtain appropriate financing at acceptable interest rates.

The Company's investing strategy, to manage interest rate exposure, is to invest in short-term, highly liquid investments and marketable securities. Short-term investments primarily consist of federal agency discount notes, treasury bills and bank issued money market instruments with original maturities of 90 days or less.

The Company manages its borrowing exposure to changes in interest rates by optimizing the use of fixed rate debt with extended maturities. In addition, the Company has set a substantial portion of its variable rate debt by entering into an interest rate collar transaction to lock in the interest rate between a floor of 5.76% and a cap of 7%. As discussed above, the debt related to the collar agreement was repaid in July 2002 and the collar agreement will expire in August 2002.

B. Foreign Currency Risk

The Company's results of operations are affected by fluctuations in the value of the U.S. dollar as compared to the value of currencies in foreign markets primarily related to changes in the Euro, the Canadian Dollar and the British Pound. In the second quarter and first six months of 2002, the net impact of foreign currency changes was not material to the Company's financial

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condition or results of operations. The impact of foreign currency changes related to translation resulted in an increase in stockholders' investment of approximately \$6,422,000 in the second quarter and \$5,526,000 in the first six months of 2002. The Company manages its exposure to foreign currency exchange risk principally by trying to minimize the Company's net investment in foreign assets through the use of strategic short and long-term borrowings at the foreign subsidiary level. The Company generally does not enter into derivative financial instruments to manage foreign currency exposure. At June 29, 2002, the Company did not have any significant outstanding foreign currency hedging contracts.

Effective January 1, 2002, the Euro became the legal currency used within a number of European countries. The introduction of the Euro has not had any material effect on the Company's subsidiaries operating or doing business in those countries where the Euro is now the legal currency. The Company does not expect that the transition to the Euro in certain European countries will have any material future effects on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

C. Commodity Pricing Risk

The Company is subject to significant market risk with respect to the pricing of its principal raw materials, which include, among others, steel, copper, packaging material, plastics, resins, glass, wood and aluminum. If prices of these raw materials were to increase dramatically, the Company may not be able to pass such increases on to its customers and, as a result, gross margins could decline significantly. The Company manages its exposure to commodity pricing risk by continuing to diversify its product mix, strategic buying programs and vendor partnering.

The Company generally does not enter into derivative financial instruments to manage commodity-pricing exposure. At June 29, 2002, the Company did not have any outstanding commodity forward contracts.

On March 5, 2002, the United States government imposed tariffs and quotas on a wide range of steel imports for a three-year period. Many of the Company's products are made from steel or contain steel parts. While the Company has certain contracts in place which set the price of steel purchases, not all purchases are covered by contract and the contracts do not extend through the period the quotas and tariffs are imposed. Price changes resulting from the imposition of these quotas and tariffs is expected to impact gross profit, net earnings and cash flows of the Company (see discussion in Results of operations – Cost of products sold contained herein).

NORTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 29, 2002 AND THE SECOND QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 (Continued)

Forward-Looking Statements

This document contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. When used in this discussion and throughout this document, words, such as "intends," "plans," "estimates," "believes," "anticipates" and "expects" or similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are based on the Company's current plans and expectations and involve risks and uncertainties, over which the Company has no control, that could cause actual future activities and results of operations to be materially different from those set forth in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual future activities and operating results to differ include the availability and cost of certain raw materials, (including, among others, steel, copper, packaging materials, plastics, resins, glass, wood and aluminum) and purchased components, the level of domestic and foreign construction and remodeling activity affecting residential and commercial markets, interest rates, employment, inflation, foreign currency fluctuations, consumer spending levels, exposure to foreign economies, the rate of sales growth, price, and product and warranty liability claims. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. The Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to the Company or persons acting on its behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements. Readers are also urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made by the Company, in this document, as well as the Company's periodic reports on Forms 10-K, 10-Q and 8-K, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

At the Annual Meeting of Stockholders held on May 2, 2002 the following actions were taken by the following votes:

Proposal 1: Election of Director

				Broker
<u>Name</u>	<u>For</u>	<u>Against</u>	Withheld	Non-Votes

Class III (for a term expiring at the 2005 Annual Meeting)

Director elected by the holders of Common Stock voting separately as a class --

William I. Kelly 8,990,514 -- 242,324 --

Director elected by holders of Common Stock and Special Common Stock voting separately as a single class --

J. Peter Lyons 13,426,632 -- 283,346 --

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

- (a) Exhibits:
 - 10.1 \$200,000,000 Loan and Security Agreement dated as of July 25, 2002 among Nortek, Inc., certain of its subsidiaries, certain banks, Fleet Capital Corporation Individually, and as Administrative Agent and Fleet Capital Canada Corporation, Individually and as Canadian Agent.
 - 99.1 Sarbanes-Oxley Act Certification
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K.

June 24, 2002, Item 5, Other

June 28, 2002, Item 4, Changes in Registrant's Certifying Accountant

August 9, 2002, Item 9, Regulation FD Disclosure

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrar	t has dul	y
caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly auth	orized.	

NORTEK, INC. (Registrant)

Almon C. Hall, Vice President, Controller and Chief Financial Officer

August 13, 2002 (Date)