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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Part I – Financial Information
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share information)	June 30, 2004	December 31, 2003
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (includes \$98.2 million and \$80.8 million on deposit with a related party at 2004 and 2003, respectively)	\$ 141,930	122,874
Restricted cash (includes \$7.2 million and \$7.6 million on deposit with a related party at 2004 and 2003, respectively)	7,276	7,679
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts and billing adjustments of \$7.8 million and \$9.8 million at 2004 and 2003, respectively	117,407	120,646
Deferred income tax assets	-	401
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	26,316	22,764
Total current assets	292,929	274,364
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$148.9 million and \$136.9 million at 2004 and 2003, respectively	259,866	232,076
Computer software, net of accumulated amortization of \$228.0 million and \$202.3 million at 2004 and 2003, respectively	238,974	258,090
Contract acquisition costs, net	118,750	125,472
Equity investments	63,228	66,708
Goodwill, net	29,626	29,626
Other assets	27,466	14,900
Total assets	\$ 1,030,839	1,001,236

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Consolidated Balance Sheets (continued)
(Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share information)	June 30, 2004	December 31, 2003
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 27,426	17,549
Accrued salaries and employee benefits	18,757	32,562
Current portion of obligations under capital leases and software obligations	1,064	15,231
Billings in excess of costs and profit on uncompleted contracts	1,407	17,573
Deferred income tax liabilities	6,658	-
Other current liabilities (includes \$6.5 million and \$4.3 million payable to related parties at 2004 and 2003, respectively)	85,614	64,056
Total current liabilities	140,926	146,971
Obligations under capital leases and software obligations, excluding current portion	3,178	29,748
Deferred income tax liabilities	91,423	88,544
Total liabilities	235,527	265,263
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary	3,574	3,439
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock - \$.10 par value. Authorized 600,000 shares; 197,587 and 197,504 issued at 2004 and 2003, respectively; 196,849 and 196,815 outstanding at 2004 and 2003, respectively	19,759	19,750
Additional paid-in capital	42,716	41,574
Accumulated other comprehensive income	10,876	8,314
Treasury stock (shares of 738 and 689 at 2004 and 2003, respectively)	(13,573)	(12,426)
Retained earnings	731,960	675,322
Total shareholders' equity	791,738	732,534
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 1,030,839	1,001,236

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Consolidated Statements of Income
(Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share information)	Three months ended June 30,	
	2004	2003
Revenues:		
Electronic payment processing services (includes \$5.2 million and \$4.4 million from related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	\$ 191,863	177,306
Other services (includes \$1.5 million and \$1.8 million from related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	41,827	25,755
Revenues before reimbursable items	233,690	203,061
Reimbursable items (includes \$2.4 million and \$2.2 million from related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	55,932	54,638
Total revenues	289,622	257,699
Expenses:		
Salaries and other personnel expense	82,224	83,600
Net occupancy and equipment expense	66,153	50,407
Other operating expenses (includes \$2.3 million and \$2.2 million to related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	37,701	24,312
Loss (gain) on disposal of equipment, net	340	(13)
Expenses before reimbursable items	186,418	158,306
Reimbursable items	55,932	54,638
Total expenses	242,350	212,944
Operating income	47,272	44,755
Nonoperating income (expense):		
Interest income (includes \$141 and \$255 from related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	537	1,230
Interest expense	(39)	(17)
(Loss) gain on foreign currency translation, net	(30)	1,788
Total nonoperating income	468	3,001
Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in income of joint ventures	47,740	47,756
Income taxes	18,471	18,108
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary's net income	(67)	(142)
Equity in income of joint ventures	6,684	4,800
Net income	\$ 35,886	34,306
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.18	0.17
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.18	0.17
Weighted average common shares outstanding	196,846	196,703
Increase due to assumed issuance of shares related to stock options outstanding	329	505
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding	197,175	197,208

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Consolidated Statements of Income
(Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share information)	Six months ended June 30,	
	2004	2003
Revenues:		
Electronic payment processing services (includes \$9.5 million and \$8.9 million from related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	\$ 375,619	345,132
Other services (includes \$2.9 million and \$3.3 million from related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	82,675	50,808
Revenues before reimbursable items	458,294	395,940
Reimbursable items (includes \$4.6 million and \$4.7 million from related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	116,564	113,112
Total revenues	574,858	509,052
Expenses:		
Salaries and other personnel expense	170,086	159,696
Net occupancy and equipment expense	124,164	102,027
Other operating expenses (includes \$4.6 million and \$4.5 million to related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	72,252	46,329
Loss (gain) on disposal of equipment, net	378	(35)
Expenses before reimbursable items	366,880	308,017
Reimbursable items	116,564	113,112
Total expenses	483,444	421,129
Operating income	91,414	87,923
Nonoperating income (expense):		
Interest income (includes \$317 and \$485 from related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	1,042	1,881
Interest expense	(782)	(30)
(Loss) gain on foreign currency translation, net	(101)	1,162
Total nonoperating income	159	3,013
Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in income of joint ventures	91,573	90,936
Income taxes	35,226	33,622
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary's net income	(160)	(260)
Equity in income of joint ventures	12,260	8,988
Net income	\$ 68,447	66,042
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.35	0.34
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.35	0.33
Weighted average common shares outstanding	196,845	196,875
Increase due to assumed issuance of shares related to stock options outstanding	350	368
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding	197,195	197,243

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

(in thousands)	Six months ended June 30,	
	2004	2003
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 68,447	66,042
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary's net income	160	260
Loss (gain) on foreign currency translation, net	101	(1,162)
Equity in income of joint ventures	(12,260)	(8,988)
Depreciation and amortization	52,781	45,597
Impairment of developed software	10,059	-
Recoveries of bad debt expenses and billing adjustments	(1,373)	(97)
Charges for transaction processing	4,865	2,164
Deferred income tax expense	9,938	8,178
Loss (gain) on disposal of equipment, net	378	(35)
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts receivable	4,950	(11,335)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(17,645)	(2,050)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable	10,759	4,596
Accrued salaries and employee benefits	(13,811)	(19,179)
Billings in excess of costs and profit on uncompleted contracts	(16,166)	28,472
Other current liabilities	11,272	(1,799)
Net cash provided by operating activities	112,455	110,664
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(39,334)	(107,432)
Additions to licensed computer software from vendors	(14,001)	(20,000)
Additions to internally developed computer software	(3,703)	(9,033)
Proceeds from disposal of equipment	8	66
Cash acquired in acquisition	-	4,442
Cash used in acquisition	-	(36,000)
Dividends received from joint ventures	15,876	5,278
Contract acquisition costs	(3,283)	(13,379)
Net cash used in investing activities	(44,437)	(176,058)

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued)
(Unaudited)

(in thousands)	Six months ended June 30,	
	2004	2003
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Purchases of common stock	(1,188)	(9,485)
Proceeds from long-term debt borrowings	-	20,234
Principal payments on capital lease obligations and software obligations	(42,039)	(52)
Dividends paid on common stock	(7,873)	(6,897)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	1,192	637
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(49,908)	4,437
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	946	(39)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,056	(60,996)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	122,874	109,171
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 141,930	48,175
Cash paid for interest	\$ 782	30
Cash paid for income taxes (net of refunds)	\$ 17,667	25,906

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements represent the accounts of Total System Services, Inc.[®] (TSYS[®] or the Company); its wholly owned subsidiaries, Columbus Depot Equipment CompanySM (CDECSM), Columbus Productions, Inc.SM (CPI), TSYS Canada, Inc.SM (TSYS Canada), TSYS Total Debt Management, Inc. (TDM), ProCard, Inc. (ProCard), TSYS Japan Co., Ltd. (Japan Co.), Enhancement Services Corporation (ESC) and TSYS Technology Center, Inc. (TTC); and its majority owned foreign subsidiary, GP Network Corporation (GP Net).

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and do not include all information and footnotes necessary for a fair presentation of financial position, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of financial position and results of operations for the periods covered by this report have been included. The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's summary of significant accounting policies, consolidated financial statements and related notes appearing in the Company's 2003 annual report previously filed on Form 10-K. Results of interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the year.

Note 2 - Supplementary Balance Sheet Information

Cash and cash equivalent balances are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	<u>June 30, 2004</u>	<u>December 31, 2003</u>
Cash and cash equivalents in domestic accounts	\$ 98,184	80,812
Cash and cash equivalents in foreign accounts	43,746	42,062
Total	<u>\$ 141,930</u>	<u>122,874</u>

The Company maintains accounts denominated in U.S. dollars, Euros, British Pounds Sterling (BPS), Canadian dollars and Japanese Yen.

Significant components of prepaid expenses and other current assets are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	<u>June 30, 2004</u>	<u>December 31, 2003</u>
Prepaid expenses	\$ 13,440	11,667
Supplies	4,114	3,544
Other	8,762	7,553
Total	<u>\$ 26,316</u>	<u>22,764</u>

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Significant components of contract acquisition costs, net of accumulated amortization, are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2004	December 31, 2003
Payments for processing rights, net	\$ 78,704	84,448
Conversion costs, net	40,046	41,024
Total	<u>\$ 118,750</u>	<u>125,472</u>

Amortization related to payments for processing rights, which is recorded as a reduction of revenues, was \$3.4 million for both the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, amortization related to payments for processing rights was \$6.8 million and \$6.3 million, respectively.

Amortization expense related to conversion costs, which is recorded in other operating expenses, was \$2.8 million and \$1.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, amortization expense related to conversion costs was \$5.5 million and \$2.8 million, respectively.

Significant components of other current liabilities are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2004	December 31, 2003
Accrued expenses	\$ 22,067	16,879
Customer postage deposits	10,671	11,519
Deferred revenues	12,316	11,639
Client liabilities	6,985	7,804
Transaction processing provisions	8,269	5,091
Dividends payable	7,874	3,936
Other	17,432	7,188
Total	<u>\$ 85,614</u>	<u>64,056</u>

Note 3 - Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income for TSYS consists of net income and foreign currency translation adjustments recorded as a component of shareholders' equity.

Comprehensive income for the three months ended June 30 is as follows:

(in thousands)	2004	2003
Net income	\$ 35,886	\$ 34,306
Other comprehensive income:		
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	632	2,785
Comprehensive income	<u>\$ 36,518</u>	<u>\$ 37,091</u>

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Comprehensive income for the six months ended June 30 is as follows:

(in thousands)	2004	2003
Net income	\$ 68,447	\$ 66,042
Other comprehensive income:		
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	<u>2,562</u>	<u>1,623</u>
Comprehensive income	<u>\$ 71,009</u>	<u>\$ 67,665</u>

The income tax effects allocated to and the cumulative balance of accumulated other comprehensive income are as follows:

(in thousands)	Balance at December 31, 2003	Pretax amount	Tax effect	Balance at June 30, 2004
Foreign currency translation adjustments	<u>\$8,314</u>	<u>3,962</u>	<u>(1,400)</u>	<u>\$10,876</u>

Note 4 – Segment Reporting and Major Customers

The Company reports selected information about operating segments in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 131 (SFAS No. 131). The Company's segment information reflects the information that the chief operating decision makers (CODMs) use to make resource allocation and strategic decisions. The CODMs at TSYS consist of the chairman of the board, the chief executive officer, the president and the three senior executive vice presidents.

In the fourth quarter of 2003, the Company revised its segment information to reflect the information that the CODMs use to make resource allocations and strategic decisions. The revision moved TSYS Canada from international-based services into the domestic-based services. TSYS Canada provides processing services only to TSYS.

Through online accounting and electronic payment processing systems, Total System Services, Inc. provides electronic payment processing and other related services to card-issuing institutions in the United States, Mexico, Canada, Honduras, Europe and the Caribbean. The reportable units are segmented based upon geographic locations. Domestic-based services include electronic payment processing services and other services provided from the United States. Domestic-based services segment includes the financial results of TSYS, excluding its foreign branch offices, and including the following subsidiaries: CDEC, CPI, TSYS Canada, TDM, ProCard, ESC and TTC. TSYS' share of the equity earnings of its Vital joint venture is included in domestic-based services. International-based services include electronic payment processing and other services provided outside the United States. International-based services include the financial results of GP Net, Japan Co. and TSYS' branch offices in Europe and Japan. TSYS' share of the equity earnings of its TSYS de México joint venture is included in international-based services.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Operating Segments (in thousands)	Domestic-based services	International-based services	Consolidated
At June 30, 2004			
Identifiable assets	\$ 1,018,751	161,591	\$ 1,180,342
Intersegment eliminations	(149,503)	-	(149,503)
Total assets	\$ 869,248	161,591	\$ 1,030,839
At December 31, 2003			
Identifiable assets	\$ 994,822	139,028	\$ 1,133,850
Intersegment eliminations	(132,614)	-	(132,614)
Total assets	\$ 862,208	139,028	\$ 1,001,236
Three Months Ended June 30, 2004			
Segment total revenue	\$ 262,113	27,511	\$ 289,624
Intersegment revenue	(2)	-	(2)
Total revenue	\$ 262,111	27,511	\$ 289,622
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 23,484	3,187	\$ 26,671
Segment operating income	\$ 40,498	6,774	\$ 47,272
Income taxes	\$ 15,934	2,537	\$ 18,471
Equity in income of joint ventures	\$ 6,366	318	\$ 6,684
Net income	\$ 31,401	4,485	\$ 35,886
Three Months Ended June 30, 2003			
Segment total revenue	\$ 237,849	19,852	\$ 257,701
Intersegment revenue	(2)	-	(2)
Total revenue	\$ 237,847	19,852	\$ 257,699
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 20,958	2,537	\$ 23,495
Segment operating income	\$ 41,015	3,740	\$ 44,755
Income taxes	\$ 16,799	1,309	\$ 18,108
Equity in income of joint ventures	\$ 4,550	250	\$ 4,800
Net income	\$ 31,672	2,634	\$ 34,306
Six Months Ended June 30, 2004			
Segment total revenue	\$ 522,734	52,129	\$ 574,863
Intersegment revenue	(5)	-	(5)
Total revenue	\$ 522,729	52,129	\$ 574,858
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 46,763	6,018	\$ 52,781
Segment operating income	\$ 80,071	11,343	\$ 91,414
Income taxes	\$ 31,096	4,130	\$ 35,226
Equity in income of joint ventures	\$ 11,567	693	\$ 12,260
Net income	\$ 60,845	7,602	\$ 68,447

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Operating Segments (continued) (in thousands)	Domestic-based services	International-based services	Consolidated
Six Months Ended June 30, 2003			
Segment total revenue	\$ 470,968	38,087	\$ 509,055
Intersegment revenue	(3)	-	(3)
Total revenue	<u>\$ 470,965</u>	<u>38,087</u>	<u>\$ 509,052</u>
Depreciation and amortization	<u>\$ 40,577</u>	<u>5,020</u>	<u>\$ 45,597</u>
Segment operating income	<u>\$ 82,051</u>	<u>5,872</u>	<u>\$ 87,923</u>
Income taxes	<u>\$ 31,716</u>	<u>1,906</u>	<u>\$ 33,622</u>
Equity in income of joint ventures	<u>\$ 8,492</u>	<u>496</u>	<u>\$ 8,988</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 62,037</u>	<u>4,005</u>	<u>\$ 66,042</u>

Revenues for domestic-based services include electronic payment processing and other services provided from the United States to clients domiciled in the United States or other countries. Revenues from international-based services include electronic payment processing and other services provided outside the United States to clients domiciled mainly outside the United States.

The following geographic area data represent revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, based on the domicile of customers.

(in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
United States	\$ 237.2	209.0	474.3	417.6
Canada*	21.3	19.2	41.0	35.1
Europe	24.2	17.0	45.5	32.4
Mexico	2.9	9.1	5.8	17.1
Japan	3.4	2.9	6.9	5.7
Other	0.6	0.5	1.4	1.2
Totals	<u>\$ 289.6</u>	<u>257.7</u>	<u>574.9</u>	<u>509.1</u>

The following table reconciles geographic revenues to revenues by reporting segment for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, based on the domicile of customers.

(in millions)	Domestic-based services		International-based services	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
United States	\$ 237.2	209.0	-	-
Canada*	21.3	19.2	-	-
Europe	0.1	-	24.1	17.0
Mexico	2.9	9.1	-	-
Japan	-	-	3.4	2.9
Other	0.6	0.5	-	-
Totals	<u>\$ 262.1</u>	<u>237.8</u>	<u>27.5</u>	<u>19.9</u>

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table reconciles geographic revenues to revenues by reporting segment for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, based on the domicile of customers.

(in millions)	Domestic-based services		International-based services	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
United States	\$ 474.3	417.6	-	-
Canada*	41.0	35.1	-	-
Europe	0.2	-	45.3	32.4
Mexico	5.8	17.1	-	-
Japan	-	-	6.9	5.7
Other	1.4	1.2	-	-
Totals	\$ 522.7	471.0	52.2	38.1

* These revenues include those generated from the Caribbean accounts owned by a Canadian institution.

The Company maintains property and equipment in the United States, Europe, Japan and Canada. The following geographic area data represent net property and equipment balances by region:

(in millions)	At June 30, 2004	At December 31, 2003
United States	\$ 204.9	192.7
Europe	53.0	37.2
Japan	1.8	2.0
Canada	0.2	0.2
Totals	\$ 259.9	232.1

Major Customers

For the three months ended June 30, 2004, the Company had two major customers which accounted for approximately 27.9%, or \$80.7 million, of total revenues. For the three months ended June 30, 2003, TSYS had two major customers that accounted for 30.2%, or \$77.7 million, of total revenues. Revenues from major customers for the periods reported are attributable to the domestic-based services segment.

Revenue (in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,					
	2004			2003		
	Dollars	% of Total Revenues		Dollars	% of Total Revenues	
Customer One	\$ 54.9	19.0 %	\$	49.2	19.1 %	\$
Customer Two	25.8	8.9		28.5	11.1	
Totals	\$ 80.7	27.9 %	\$	77.7	30.2 %	\$

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

For the six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company had two major customers which accounted for approximately 28.0%, or \$161.0 million, of total revenues. For the six months ended June 30, 2003, TSYS had two major customers that accounted for 30.1%, or \$153.0 million, of total revenues. Revenues from major customers for the periods reported are attributable to the domestic-based services segment.

Revenue (in millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2004			2003		
	Dollars	% of Total Revenues		Dollars	% of Total Revenues	
Customer One	\$ 107.2	18.6 %		\$ 96.0	18.9 %	
Customer Two	53.8	9.4		57.0	11.2	
Totals	\$ 161.0	28.0 %		\$ 153.0	30.1 %	

Note 5 – Stock-Based Compensation

The Company maintains stock-based compensation plans for purposes of incenting and retaining employees. The Company accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 (APB No. 25), “Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees,” and related Interpretations. Under APB No. 25, TSYS does not recognize compensation expense for a stock option grant if the exercise price is equal to or greater than the fair market value of the common stock on the grant date.

The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123 (SFAS No. 123), “Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation,” to stock-based employee compensation granted in the form of TSYS and Synovus Financial Corp. (Synovus) stock options.

(in thousands, except per share data)	June 30, 2004	June 30, 2003
Net income, as reported	\$ 35,886	\$ 34,306
Stock-based employee compensation expense determined under the fair value based method for all awards, net of related income tax effects	1,182	1,222
Net income, as adjusted	\$ 34,704	\$ 33,084
Earnings per share:		
Basic – as reported	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.17
Basic – as adjusted	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.17
Diluted – as reported	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.17
Diluted – as adjusted	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.17

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123 to stock-based employee compensation granted in the form of TSYS and Synovus stock options.

(in thousands, except per share data)	June 30, 2004	June 30, 2003
Net income, as reported	\$ 68,447	\$ 66,042
Stock-based employee compensation expense determined under the fair value based method for all awards, net of related income tax effects	2,509	2,475
Net income, as adjusted	<u>\$ 65,938</u>	<u>\$ 63,567</u>
Earnings per share:		
Basic – as reported	\$ <u>0.35</u>	\$ 0.34
Basic – as adjusted	\$ <u>0.33</u>	\$ 0.32
Diluted – as reported	\$ <u>0.35</u>	\$ 0.33
Diluted – as adjusted	<u>\$ 0.33</u>	<u>\$ 0.32</u>

Note 6 – Long-Term Debt

On June 30, 2003, TSYS obtained a \$45.0 million long-term line of credit from a banking affiliate of Synovus. The line is an automatic draw down facility. The interest rate for the line of credit is the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 150 basis points. In addition, there is a charge of 15 basis points on any funds unused. The line of credit is unsecured and includes covenants requiring the Company to maintain certain minimum financial ratios. At June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, TSYS did not have an outstanding balance on the line of credit.

On March 31, 2004, the Company paid in full the obligations that were in effect on December 31, 2003 related to licensed mainframe software.

Note 7 - Supplementary Cash Flow Information

Cash used for contract acquisition costs for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003 are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2004	June 30, 2003
Conversion costs	\$ 3,283	\$ 10,379
Payments for processing rights	-	3,000
Total	<u>\$ 3,283</u>	<u>\$ 13,379</u>

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Note 8 – Acquisition

On April 28, 2003, TSYS completed the acquisition of Enhancement Services Corporation (ESC) for \$36.0 million in cash. The Company has allocated approximately \$26.0 million to goodwill, approximately \$8.2 million to intangibles and the remaining amount to the net assets acquired. ESC provides targeted loyalty consulting and travel, as well as gift card and merchandise reward programs to more than 40 national and regional financial institutions in the United States. The Company believes the acquisition of ESC enhances TSYS' processing services by adding distinct value differentiation for TSYS and its clients. ESC operates as a separate subsidiary of TSYS.

Presented below are the pro forma consolidated results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2003 as though the acquisition of ESC had occurred on January 1, 2003.

(in thousands, except per share data)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2003	Six Months Ended June 30, 2003
Revenues	\$ 261,884	517,431
Net income	34,224	66,556
Basic earnings per share	0.17	0.34
Diluted earnings per share	0.17	0.34

Note 9 – Subsequent Event: Clarity Payment Solutions, Inc. Acquisition

On August 3, 2004, TSYS announced the acquisition of Clarity Payment Solutions, Inc. (Clarity) for \$53.0 million. The Company has started the process of completing the purchase price allocation to the respective assets acquired and liabilities assumed. It is expected that such purchase price allocation will be completed in the third quarter of 2004. Clarity is a leading provider of prepaid card solutions that utilize the Visa, MasterCard, EFT and ATM networks for Fortune 500 companies as well as domestic and international financial institutions. TSYS has merged its existing prepaid division with Clarity and has branded the combined entity as TSYS Prepaid, Inc.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial
Condition and Results of Operations

Financial Overview

Total System Services, Inc.'s (TSYS' or The Company's) revenues are derived from providing electronic payment processing and related services to financial and nonfinancial institutions, generally under long-term processing contracts. TSYS' services are provided primarily through the Company's cardholder systems, TS2 and TS1, to financial institutions and other organizations throughout the United States, Mexico, Canada, Honduras, the Caribbean and Europe. The Company currently offers merchant services to financial institutions and other organizations in Japan through its majority owned subsidiary, GP Network Corporation (GP Net). TSYS also provides back-end processing services for its joint venture, Vital Processing Services L.L.C. (Vital), to support merchant processing in the United States.

Due to the somewhat seasonal nature of the credit card industry, TSYS' revenues and results of operations have generally increased in the fourth quarter of each year because of increased transaction and authorization volumes during the traditional holiday shopping season. Furthermore, growth or declines in card portfolios of existing clients, the conversion of cardholder accounts of new clients to the Company's processing platforms, and the loss of cardholder accounts impact the results of operations from period to period. Another factor which may affect TSYS' revenues and results of operations from time to time, is the sale by a client of its business, its card portfolio or a segment of its accounts to a party which processes cardholder accounts internally or uses another third-party processor. Consolidation in either the financial services or retail industries, a change in the economic environment in the retail sector, or a change in the mix of payments between cash and cards could favorably or unfavorably impact TSYS' financial position, results of operations and cash flows in the future.

A significant amount of the Company's revenues is derived from long-term contracts with large clients, including certain major customers. Processing contracts with large clients, representing a significant portion of the Company's total revenues, generally provide for discounts on certain services based on the size and activity of clients' portfolios. Therefore, electronic payment processing revenues and the related margins are influenced by the client mix relative to the size of client card portfolios, as well as the number and activity of individual cardholder accounts processed for each client. Consolidation among financial institutions has resulted in an increasingly concentrated client base, which results in a changing client mix toward larger clients and increasing pressure on the Company's net profit margins.

Based upon available market share data that includes cards processed in-house, the Company believes it has a 20% market share of the domestic consumer card processing arena; an 83% share of the Visa and MasterCard domestic commercial card processing market; a 15% share of the domestic retail card processing market; and a 4% market share of the U.S. off-line debit processing market. The Company believes it has significant growth opportunities as in-house processors and issuers processed by competitors realize the potential for reduced costs and better portfolio performance offered through TSYS' processing solutions.

Financial Overview (continued)

The Company provides services to its clients including processing consumer, retail, commercial, debit and stored value cards, as well as student loan account processing. Consumer cards include Visa and MasterCard credit cards as well as American Express cards. Retail cards include private label and gift cards. Commercial cards include purchasing cards, corporate cards and fleet cards for employees. Government services/EBT accounts on file consist mainly of student loan processing accounts. Debit/Stored value accounts include debit cards and stored value cards. The tables on page 23 summarize TSYS' accounts on file (AOF) information as of June 30, 2004 and 2003.

Significant highlights occurring during 2004 include:

- The Company announced it is in exclusive negotiations with J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. to provide processing services for the 87 million cardmembers of Chase Card Services.
- Payments remaining under the Company's software obligations at December 31, 2003 were extinguished early in March 2004.
- Accounts on file processed on TSYS' systems increased 9.4% to 287.0 million at June 30, 2004, compared to 262.5 million at June 30, 2003.
- TSYS' board of directors approved a doubling of the quarterly dividend to \$0.04 per share from \$0.02 per share.

Consolidation among financial institutions, particularly in the area of credit card operations continued to be the major industry development occurring in 2003 and the first half of 2004. In 2003, Circuit City sold its Visa and MasterCard portfolio to FleetBoston Financial (FleetBoston); Sears' credit card business was sold to Citigroup, Inc.; and, Bank of America announced it was acquiring FleetBoston. In 2004, Circuit City sold its private label card business to Bank One; and, J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. (Chase) and Bank One merged. TSYS is currently in negotiations with both Bank of America and Chase, respectively, in regards to TSYS providing processing services to Bank of America's acquired portfolios and the combined portfolios of Bank One and Chase. TSYS' management continually monitors the status of the Sears portfolio. The impact of the mergers of Chase and Bank One, as well as Bank of America and FleetBoston, on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of TSYS cannot be determined at this time.

Financial Review

This Financial Review provides a discussion of critical accounting policies, related party transactions, and off-balance sheet arrangements. This Financial Review also discusses the results of operations, financial condition, liquidity and capital resources of TSYS and outlines the factors that have affected its recent earnings, as well as those factors that may affect its future earnings.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows are impacted by the accounting policies the Company has adopted. In order to get a full understanding of the Company's financial statements, one must have a clear understanding of the accounting policies employed.

Factors that could affect the Company's future operating results and cause actual results to vary materially from expectations include, but are not limited to, lower than anticipated growth from existing customers, an inability to attract new customers and grow internationally, loss of one of the Company's major customers or other significant clients, an inability to grow through acquisitions or successfully

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates (continued)

integrate acquisitions, an inability to control expenses, technology changes, financial services consolidation, change in regulatory mandates, a decline in the use of cards as a payment mechanism, a decline in the financial stability of the Company's clients and uncertain economic conditions. Negative developments in these or other risk factors could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

The Company has prepared the accompanying consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In preparing financial statements, it is necessary for management to make assumptions and estimates affecting the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and related notes. These estimates and assumptions are developed based upon all information available. Actual results could differ from estimated amounts.

For a detailed discussion regarding the Company's critical accounting policies and estimates, see "Item 7: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003. There have been no material changes to the Company's critical accounting policies, estimates and assumptions or the judgments affecting the application of those estimates and assumptions in 2004.

Related Party Transactions

The Company provides electronic payment processing and other services to its parent company, Synovus Financial Corp. (Synovus), and its affiliates, and for Vital Processing Services L.L.C. (Vital). The services are performed under contracts that are similar to its contracts with other customers. The Company believes the terms and conditions of transactions between the Company and these related parties are comparable to those which could have been obtained in transactions with unaffiliated parties. The Company's margins with respect to related party transactions are comparable to margins recognized in transactions with unrelated third parties. The amounts related to these transactions are disclosed on the face of TSYS' consolidated financial statements.

Lease Guarantee

To assist Vital in leasing its corporate facility, the Company and Visa U.S.A. (Visa) are guarantors, jointly and severally, for the lease payments on Vital's Tempe, Arizona facility. The lease on the facility expires in July 2007. The total future minimum lease payments remaining at June 30, 2004 is \$4.5 million. If Vital fails to perform its obligations with regard to the lease, TSYS and Visa will be required to perform in the same manner and to same extent as is required by Vital.

Line of Credit

On June 30, 2003, TSYS obtained a \$45.0 million long-term line of credit from a banking affiliate of Synovus. The line is an automatic draw down facility. The interest rate for the line of credit is the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 150 basis points. In addition, there is a charge of 15 basis points on any funds unused. The line of credit is unsecured and includes covenants requiring the Company to maintain certain minimum financial ratios. At June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, TSYS did not have an outstanding balance on the line of credit. As the LIBOR rate changes, TSYS will be subject to interest rate risk.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Operating Leases: As a method of funding its operations, TSYS employs noncancelable operating leases for computer equipment, software and facilities. These leases allow the Company to provide the latest technology while avoiding the risk of ownership because of potential rapid technological obsolescence. Neither the assets nor obligations related to these leases are included on the balance sheet.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth certain income statement captions as a percentage of total revenues and the percentage increases or decreases in those items for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003:

	Percentage of Total Revenues		Percentage Change in Dollar Amounts
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004 vs. 2003</u>
Revenues:			
Electronic payment processing services	66.2 %	68.8 %	8.2 %
Other services	14.5	<u>10.0</u>	62.4
Revenues before reimbursable items	80.7	78.8	15.1
Reimbursable items	19.3	<u>21.2</u>	2.4
Total revenues	100.0	<u>100.0</u>	12.4
Expenses:			
Salaries and other personnel expense	28.4	32.4	(1.6)
Net occupancy and equipment expense	22.8	19.6	31.2
Other operating expenses	13.2	<u>9.4</u>	55.1
Expenses before reimbursable items	64.4	61.4	17.8
Reimbursable items	19.3	<u>21.2</u>	2.4
Total expenses	83.7	<u>82.6</u>	13.8
Operating income	16.3	17.4	5.6
Nonoperating income	0.2	<u>1.1</u>	nm
Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in income of joint ventures	16.5	18.5	0.0
Income taxes	6.3	7.0	2.0
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary's net income	(0.1)	(0.1)	52.9
Equity in income of joint ventures	2.3	<u>1.9</u>	39.3
Net income	12.4 %	<u>13.3</u> %	4.6 %

nm = not meaningful

Results of Operations (continued)

The following table sets forth certain income statement captions as a percentage of total revenues and the percentage increases or decreases in those items for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003:

	Percentage of Total Revenues		Percentage Change in Dollar Amounts
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004 vs. 2003</u>
Revenues:			
Electronic payment processing services	65.3 %	67.8 %	8.8 %
Other services	14.4	10.0	62.7
Revenues before reimbursable items	79.7	77.8	15.7
Reimbursable items	20.3	22.2	3.1
Total revenues	100.0	100.0	12.9
Expenses:			
Salaries and other personnel expense	29.6	31.4	6.5
Net occupancy and equipment expense	21.6	20.0	21.7
Other operating expenses	12.6	9.1	56.0
Expenses before reimbursable items	63.8	60.5	19.1
Reimbursable items	20.3	22.2	3.1
Total expenses	84.1	82.7	14.8
Operating income	15.9	17.3	4.0
Nonoperating income	0.0	0.6	nm
Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in income of joint ventures	15.9	17.9	0.7
Income taxes	6.1	6.6	4.8
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary's net income	(0.0)	(0.1)	38.5
Equity in income of joint ventures	2.1	1.8	36.4
Net income	11.9 %	13.0 %	3.6 %

nm = not meaningful

Revenues

Total revenues increased \$31.9 million and \$65.8 million, or 12.4% and 12.9%, respectively, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, compared to the same periods in 2003. The increase in revenues for 2004 includes increases of \$2.8 million and \$5.8 million related to the effects of currency translation of its foreign-based subsidiaries and branches. Excluding reimbursable items, revenues increased \$30.6 million and \$62.4 million, or 15.1% and 15.7%, respectively, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, compared to the same periods in 2003.

Results of Operations (continued)

Accounts on File (AOF) Data (in millions):

AOF

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>% Change</u>
At June 30,	287.0	262.5	9.4
QTD Average	285.0	260.7	9.4
YTD Average	281.6	256.4	9.8

AOF by Portfolio Type

	<u>June 30, 2004</u>		<u>June 30, 2003</u>		<u>% Change</u>
	AOF	%	AOF	%	
Consumer	152.0	52.9	145.0	55.2	4.8
Retail	86.5	30.2	82.6	31.5	4.8
Commercial	22.9	8.0	20.3	7.7	13.0
Debit/stored value	14.6	5.1	6.7	2.6	117.8
Government services/EBT	11.0	3.8	7.9	3.0	39.4
Total	287.0	100.0	262.5	100.0	9.4

AOF by Geographic Area

	<u>June 30, 2004</u>		<u>June 30, 2003</u>		<u>% Change</u>
	AOF	%	AOF	%	
Domestic	240.1	83.7	217.3	82.8	10.5
International	46.9	16.3	45.2	17.2	3.7
Total	287.0	100.0	262.5	100.0	9.4

Note: The accounts on file distinction between domestic and international is based on the geographic domicile of processing clients.

Activity in AOF

	<u>June 2003 to June 2004</u>	<u>June 2002 to June 2003</u>
Beginning balance	262.5	226.7
Internal growth of existing clients	29.6	23.8
New clients	6.6	21.5
Purges/Sales	(7.4)	(9.4)
Deconversions	(4.3)	(0.1)
Ending balance	287.0	262.5

Electronic Payment Processing Services

Electronic payment processing revenues are generated primarily from charges based on the number of accounts on file, transactions and authorizations processed, statements mailed, credit bureau reports, cards embossed and mailed, and other processing services for cardholder accounts on file. Cardholder accounts on file include active and inactive consumer credit, retail, debit, stored value, student loan and commercial card accounts. Due to the number of cardholder accounts processed by TSYS and the expanding use of cards as well as increases in the scope of services offered to clients, revenues relating to electronic payment processing services have continued to grow. Revenues from

Results of Operations (continued)

electronic payment processing services increased \$14.6 million, or 8.2%, for the three months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, compared to the same period in 2003. Revenues from electronic payment processing services increased \$30.5 million, or 8.8%, for the six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, compared to the same period in 2003.

On March 3, 2003, the Company announced that Bank One had selected TSYS to upgrade its credit card processing. Under the long-term software licensing and services agreement, TSYS is to provide electronic payment processing services to Bank One's credit card accounts for at least two years starting in 2004 (excluding statement and card production services). Following the provision of processing services, TSYS is to license a modified version of its TS2 consumer and commercial software to Bank One through a perpetual license with a six-year payment term. The Company uses the percentage-of-completion accounting method for its agreement with Bank One and recognizes revenues in proportion to costs incurred. TSYS' revenues from Bank One were approximately 5.1% of total revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

On January 14, 2004, J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. (Chase) and Bank One announced an agreement to merge. On January 20, 2004, Circuit City announced an agreement to sell its private-label credit card business to Bank One. TSYS has a long-term agreement with Circuit City Stores, Inc. (Circuit City) until April 2006. On July 1, 2004, Bank One and Chase merged under the name of Chase.

On July 7, 2004, the Company and Chase announced that they were engaged in exclusive negotiations for the Company to provide processing services for the combined Bank One and Chase card portfolios. Both companies expect to reach a definitive agreement in the near future. Though no definitive agreement has been signed by the Company and Chase covering the combined portfolio and no conversion schedule has been agreed upon for the preexisting Chase portfolio, the Company continues to provide processing services for the Circuit City private label portfolio for Chase and is proceeding with the scheduled conversion of the Bank One portfolio to TSYS, with such conversion scheduled to take place in the third and fourth quarters of 2004. The impact of the yet unsigned definitive agreement between the Company and Chase for the combined Bank One and Chase portfolios on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of TSYS cannot be determined at this time. However, the earnings per share contribution from the previously signed Bank One agreement is expected to range from \$0.03 to \$0.04 in 2004, and to exceed \$0.04 per share on an annual basis beginning in 2005 through the payment term of the license.

In October 2003, Circuit City announced that it had sold its Visa and MasterCard portfolio, which includes credit card receivables and related cash reserves, to FleetBoston. On March 31, 2004, Bank of America merged with FleetBoston. TSYS has been informed by Bank of America that TSYS will continue to process the Circuit City portfolio acquired by FleetBoston, and that FleetBoston will be converting its card portfolio to TSYS in March 2005.

TSYS anticipates that it will execute an amendment to its processing agreement with Bank of America to encompass the processing of the FleetBoston portfolio, including the Circuit City portfolio acquired by FleetBoston. The impact of the yet unsigned amendment between the Company and Bank of America on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of TSYS cannot be determined at this time.

Results of Operations (continued)

In July 2003, Sears and Citigroup announced an agreement for the sale by Sears to Citigroup of the Sears credit card and financial services businesses. Sears and Citigroup are both clients of TSYS, and TSYS considers its relationships with both companies to be very positive. TSYS and Sears are parties to a 10-year agreement, which was renewed in January of 2000, under which TSYS provides transaction processing for more than 83.0 million Sears accounts. For the six months ended June 30, 2004, TSYS' revenues from the TSYS/Sears agreement represented 5.7% of TSYS' consolidated revenues. The agreement includes provisions for termination for convenience prior to its expiration upon the payment of a termination fee. The TSYS/Sears agreement also grants to Sears the one-time right to market test TSYS' pricing and functionality after May 1, 2004. Potential results of such market test, in which TSYS would be a participant, include continuation of the processing agreement under its existing terms, continuation of the processing agreement under mutually agreed modified terms, or termination of the processing agreement after May 1, 2006 without a termination fee. The impact of the transaction between Sears and Citigroup on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of TSYS cannot be determined at this time.

TSYS provides processing services to its clients worldwide and plans to continue to expand its service offerings internationally in the future.

Total revenues from clients based in Mexico were \$2.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2004, a 68.7% decrease compared to the \$9.1 million for the same period last year. Total revenues from clients based in Mexico were \$5.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2004, a 66.0% decrease compared to the \$17.1 million for the same period last year. During 2003, the Company's largest client in Mexico notified TSYS that the client would be utilizing its internal global platform and deconverted in the fourth quarter of 2003. This client represented approximately 70% of TSYS' revenues from Mexico. Another Mexican client notified the Company of its intentions to utilize its internal global platform and to deconvert in mid-2004. This client represented approximately 21% of TSYS' revenues from Mexico prior to the deconversion of TSYS' largest client in Mexico. As a result, management expects that electronic payment processing revenues for 2004 from Mexico will decrease significantly when compared to electronic payment processing revenues from Mexico for 2003.

The Company's electronic payment processing services revenues are also impacted by the use of optional value added products and services of TSYS' processing systems. Value added products and services are optional features to which each client can choose to subscribe in order to potentially increase the financial performance of its portfolio. Value added products and services include: risk management tools and techniques, such as credit evaluation, fraud detection and prevention, and behavior analysis tools; and revenue enhancement tools and customer retention programs, such as loyalty programs and bonus rewards. These revenues can increase or decrease over time as clients subscribe to or cancel these services.

For the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, value added products and services represented 12.9% and 13.9%, respectively, of total revenues. Revenues from these products and services, which include some reimbursable items paid to third-party vendors, increased 3.7%, or \$1.3 million, for the three months ended June 30, 2004 compared to the same period last year.

Results of Operations (continued)

For the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, value added products and services represented 13.3% and 14.0%, respectively, of total revenues. Revenues from these products and services increased 6.9%, or \$4.9 million, for the six months ended June 30, 2004 compared to the same period last year.

Revenues associated with ProCard are included in electronic payment processing services. These services include providing customized, Internet, Intranet and client/server software solutions for commercial card management programs. Revenues from these services increased 19.5% to \$7.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2004, compared to \$5.9 million for the same period last year. For the six months ended June 30, 2004, revenues from these services increased 20.9% to \$13.3 million compared to \$11.0 million for the same period last year.

Other Services

Revenues from other services consist primarily of revenues generated by TSYS' wholly owned subsidiaries. Revenues from other services increased \$16.1 million, or 62.4%, for the three months ended June 30, 2004, compared to the same period in 2003. Revenues from other services increased \$31.9 million, or 62.7%, for the six months ended June 30, 2004, compared to the same period in 2003. Other service revenues increased primarily as a result of increased debt collection services performed by TSYS Total Debt Management, Inc. and the revenues associated with Enhancement Services Corporation (ESC).

On April 28, 2003, TSYS completed the acquisition of ESC for \$36.0 million in cash. ESC provides targeted loyalty consulting and travel, as well as gift card and merchandise reward programs to more than 40 national and regional financial institutions in the United States. The Company believes the acquisition of ESC enhances TSYS processing services by adding distinct value differentiation for TSYS and its clients. For the three months ended June 30, 2004, TSYS' revenues include \$4.7 million related to ESC's revenues and are included in other services, compared to \$3.1 million for the same period in 2003. For the six months ended June 30, 2004, TSYS' revenues include \$9.6 million of ESC's revenues, compared to \$3.1 million for the same period in 2003.

Major Customers

A significant amount of the Company's revenues is derived from long-term contracts with large clients, including certain major customers. For the three months ended June 30, 2004, the Company had two major customers. The major customers for the three months ended June 30, 2004 accounted for approximately 27.9%, or \$80.7 million, of total revenues. For the three months ended June 30, 2003, TSYS had two major customers that accounted for 30.2%, or \$77.7 million, of total revenues.

For the six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company had two major customers. The major customers for the six months ended June 30, 2004 accounted for approximately 28.0%, or \$161.0 million, of total revenues. For the six months ended June 30, 2003, TSYS had two major customers that accounted for 30.1%, or \$153.0 million, of total revenues. The loss of one of the Company's major customers, or other significant clients, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Results of Operations (continued)

Reimbursable Items

Reimbursable items increased \$1.3 million, or 2.4%, for the three months ended June 30, 2004, as compared to the same period last year. Reimbursable items increased \$3.5 million, or 3.1%, for the six months ended June 30, 2004, as compared to the same period last year. The majority of reimbursable items relates to the Company's domestic-based clients and is primarily costs associated with postage.

Operating Expenses

Total expenses increased 13.8% and 14.8% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2003. The increases in expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 includes an increase of \$2.1 million and \$4.6 million, respectively, related to the effects of currency translation of its foreign-based subsidiaries and branches. Excluding reimbursable items, total expenses increased 17.8% and 19.1% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2003. The increases in operating expenses are attributable to changes in each of the expense categories as described below.

Salaries and other personnel expenses decreased \$1.4 million, or 1.6%, for the three months ended June 30, 2004 compared to the same period in 2003. For the six months ended June 30, 2004, salaries and other personnel expenses increased \$10.4 million, or 6.5%, compared to the same period in 2003. The change in employment expenses is associated with the normal salary increases and related benefits, as well as lower levels of employment costs categorized as software development and contract acquisition costs. These increases were offset with a reduction in the accrual for performance-based incentive benefits. The number of employees decreased at June 30, 2004 when compared to June 30, 2003 as a result of the workforce reduction announced in February 2004.

Employee Data:

<u>(Full-time Equivalents)</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>% Change</u>
At June 30,	5,519	5,543	(0.4)
QTD Average	5,504	5,421	1.5
YTD Average	5,564	5,370	3.6

During the second quarter of 2003, TSYS added approximately 220 employees associated with the ESC acquisition and the creation of a wholly-owned subsidiary named TSYS Technology Center, Inc. (TTC) in Boise, Idaho. Initially employing 77 team members, the TTC team members will support technology efforts throughout TSYS, including government services, customer care, programming, and systems development.

Results of Operations (continued)

Net occupancy and equipment expense increased \$15.7 million, or 31.2%, for the three months ended June 30, 2004 over the same period in 2003. For the six months ended June 30, 2004, net occupancy and equipment expense increased \$22.1 million, or 21.7%, over the same period in 2003. Due to rapidly changing technology in computer equipment, TSYS' equipment needs are met to a large extent through operating leases. Computer equipment and software rentals, which represent the largest component of net occupancy and equipment expense, increased approximately \$3.2 million and \$3.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2003. Depreciation and amortization increased \$1.9 million and \$3.4 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2003, mainly the result of increased amortization of licensed computer software from vendors. Repairs and maintenance expenses increased \$175,000 and \$4.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, compared to the same periods last year.

During the second quarter of 2004, the Company decided to change its approach for entry into the Asia-Pacific market. As a result, the Company recognized a \$10.1 million charge to net occupancy and equipment expense for the write-off of the double-byte software development project. The \$10.1 million impairment charge is reflected in the domestic-based services segment.

Other operating expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 increased \$13.4 million and \$25.9 million, or 55.1% and 56.0%, respectively, as compared to the same periods in 2003. Other operating expenses include, among other things, amortization of conversion costs, professional advisory fees and court costs associated with its debt collection business. The Company's amortization of conversion costs increased \$1.3 million and \$2.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, as compared to the same periods last year. As a result of a new debt-collection agreement with an existing client signed in the third quarter of 2003, the Company recognized \$8.2 million and \$18.0 million of attorney court costs and commissions in operating expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, that it expects to recover in future periods. The Company anticipates that these debt collection costs will continue.

Other operating expenses also include charges for processing errors, contractual commitments and bad debt expense. As described in the Critical Accounting Policies section in the 2003 Form 10-K, management's evaluation of the adequacy of its transaction processing reserves and allowance for doubtful accounts is based on a formal analysis which assesses the probability of losses related to contractual contingencies, processing errors and uncollectible accounts. Increases and decreases in transaction processing provisions and charges for bad debt expense are reflected in other operating expenses. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company's transaction processing expenses increased \$2.2 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2003.

Operating Income

Operating income remained fairly stable for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, over the same periods in 2003. The Company's operating profit margin for the three months ended June 30, 2004 was 16.3%, compared to 17.4% for the same period last year. The Company's operating profit margin for the six months ended June 30, 2004 was 15.9%, compared to 17.3% for the same period last year. The margins for 2004 decreased when compared to the same periods in 2003 mainly as a result of the impact of the new debt collections agreement by TDM, the

Results of Operations (continued)

impairment charge for the double-byte project, reduction in the accrual for performance-based incentive benefits and the decrease in revenues from clients in Mexico.

Management believes that reimbursable items distort operating profit margin as defined by generally accepted accounting principles. Management evaluates the Company's operating performance based upon operating margin excluding reimbursable items. Management believes that operating profit margin excluding reimbursable items is more useful because reimbursable items do not impact profitability as the Company receives reimbursement for expenses incurred on behalf of its clients. Excluding reimbursable items, the Company's operating profit margin for the three months ended June 30, 2004 was 20.2%, compared to 22.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2003; for the six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company's operating margin excluding reimbursables was 19.9%, compared to 22.2% for the same period last year.

Below is the reconciliation between reported operating margin and adjusted operating margin excluding reimbursable items for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
Operating income (a)	\$ 47,272	44,755	91,414	87,923
Total revenues (b)	\$ 289,622	257,699	574,858	509,052
Operating margin (as reported) (a)/(b)	16.3%	17.4%	15.9%	17.3%
Revenue before reimbursable items (c)	\$ 233,690	203,061	458,294	395,940
Adjusted operating margin (a)/(c)	20.2 %	22.0%	19.9%	22.2%

Nonoperating Income (Expense)

Interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2004 was \$537,000, a decrease of \$693,000, compared to \$1.2 million for the same period in 2003. Interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2004 was \$1.0 million, a decrease of approximately \$900,000, compared to \$1.9 million for the same period in 2003. The decrease is related to less cash available to invest.

Interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2004 was \$39,000, an increase of \$22,000, compared to \$17,000 for the same period in 2003. Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2004 was \$782,000, an increase of \$752,000, compared to \$30,000 for the same period in 2003. The increase is the result of the interest expense related to the Company's software obligations. On March 31, 2004, TSYS paid the remaining obligations for mainframe software licenses. As a result, quarterly interest expense for the remainder of 2004 will decrease as compared to the first quarter of 2004.

The Company records foreign currency translation adjustments on foreign-denominated balance sheet accounts. The Company maintains several cash accounts denominated in foreign currencies, primarily in Euros and British Pounds Sterling (BPS). As the Company translates the foreign-denominated cash balances into US dollars, the translated cash balance is adjusted upward or downward depending upon the foreign currency exchange movements. The upward or downward adjustment is recorded as a gain or loss on foreign currency translation in the Company's statements of income. As those cash accounts have increased, the upward or downward adjustments have increased. The majority

Results of Operations (continued)

of the translation loss of \$30,000 and \$101,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, relates to the translation of cash accounts. The balance of the Company's foreign-denominated cash accounts subject to risk of translation gains or losses at June 30, 2004 was approximately \$1.9 million, the majority of which is denominated in BPS.

Income Taxes

TSYS' effective income tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2004 was 34.2%, compared to 34.7% for the same period in 2003. TSYS' effective income tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2004 was 34.2%, compared to 33.9% for the same period in 2003. The increase in the effective income tax rates for the six months ended June 30, 2004, as compared to the same period in 2003, is the result of a change in credits expected to be realized. The calculation of the effective tax rate is income taxes divided by TSYS' pretax income adjusted for minority interest in consolidated subsidiary's net income and equity earnings of the Vital joint venture. The Company expects its effective income tax rate for 2004 to be approximately 34%.

Equity in Income of Joint Ventures

TSYS' share of income from its equity in joint ventures was \$6.7 million and \$4.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. TSYS' share of income from its equity in joint ventures was \$12.3 million and \$9.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The increase for the quarter is primarily attributable to the improvement in Vital's operating results as a result of increased volumes.

Vital Processing Services L.L.C. (Vital)

Vital, a limited liability company, is a merchant processing joint venture of TSYS and Visa U.S.A. ("VISA"). The company is a leader in providing integrated end-to-end electronic transaction processing services primarily to large financial institutions and other merchant acquirers. Vital processes all payment forms including credit, debit, electronic benefit transfer and check truncation for merchants of all sizes across a wide array of retail market segments. Vital's unbundled products and services include: authorization and capture of electronic transactions; clearing and settlement of electronic transactions; information reporting services related to electronic transactions; merchant billing services; and point of sale terminal sales and service. Vital's products and services are marketed to merchant acquirers through a direct sales force, which concentrates on developing long-term relationships with existing and prospective clients.

The Company considers Vital to be an integral part of its overall processing operations and an important part of its overall market strategy. Prior to forming the joint venture, TSYS performed back-end merchant processing services for its clients. The revenues and expenses associated with merchant processing were included in operating profits. In the ordinary course of business, TSYS, which still owns the merchant processing software, provides back-end processing services to Vital. For the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, TSYS generated \$5.9 million and \$5.3 million of revenue from Vital, respectively. For each of the six month periods ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, TSYS generated \$11.0 million of revenue from Vital, respectively.

During the three months ended June 30, 2004, the Company's equity in income of joint ventures related to Vital was \$6.4 million, a 39.9% increase, or \$1.8 million, compared to \$4.6 million for the same period last year. During the six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company's equity in income of

Results of Operations (continued)

joint ventures related to Vital was \$11.6 million, a 36.2% increase, or \$3.1 million, compared to \$8.5 million for the same period last year.

The following is a summary of Vital's consolidated statements of income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
Revenues before reimbursable items	\$62,102	56,029	124,480	112,449
Total revenues	70,743	62,953	140,680	125,496
Operating income	11,434	8,708	22,729	17,207
Net income*	11,539	8,847	22,977	17,483

*Vital is a limited liability company and is taxed in a manner similar to a partnership; therefore, net income related to Vital does not include income tax expense

Vital provides products and services through its merchant services offerings. The company's revenues are primarily generated from charges based on: the number of transactions processed; the number of merchant accounts on its systems; the number of reports provided (electronic and paper) to acquirers and merchants; and the sale and service of point of sale terminal equipment. Revenues generated by these activities depend upon a number of factors, such as demand for and price of Vital's services, the technological competitiveness of its product offerings, its reputation for providing timely and reliable service, competition within the industry, and general economic conditions.

Processing contracts with large clients, representing a significant portion of the company's total revenues, generally provide for discounts on certain services based on the volume of transactions processed by the client. Transaction volumes are influenced by both the number and type of merchants. The growth or loss of merchants impacts the results of operations from period to period. Operating results may also be significantly impacted by a customer who sells all, or a portion of, its merchant acquiring business. Consolidation among financial institutions has resulted in an increasingly concentrated client base, which results in revenues being concentrated in a small number of customers.

Vital's revenues increased \$7.8 million, or 12.4%, for the three months ended June 30, 2004 compared to the same period in 2003. Vital's revenues increased \$15.2 million, or 12.1%, for the six months ended June 30, 2004 compared to the same period in 2003. The increases in 2004, as compared to the same periods in 2003, included increases of \$1.7 million and \$3.2 million in reimbursable items for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively. The remaining increase was primarily the result of increases in the number of transactions processed and revenues associated with the Company's terminal deployment business.

Vital's major expense items include salaries and other personnel expense and cost of network and telecommunication expenses. Salaries and other personnel expense consists of the cost of personnel who develop and maintain processing applications, operate computer networks and provide customer

Results of Operations (continued)

support; wages and related expenses paid to sales personnel; and costs associated with non-revenue producing customer support functions, administrative employees and management.

Other expenses consist primarily of the cost of network telecommunications capability; transaction processing systems including depreciation and amortization, maintenance and other system costs; third party service providers including TSYS and VISA; and terminal equipment cost of sales. Vital has agreements with both TSYS and VISA to provide key services related to its business. Vital is dependent on both TSYS and VISA to perform on their obligations under these agreements. Vital's results of operation could be significantly impacted by material changes in the terms and conditions of the agreements with TSYS and VISA, changes in performance standards and the financial condition of both TSYS and VISA.

Vital, as a limited liability company, is treated similar to a partnership for income tax purposes. As a result, no provision for current or deferred income taxes has been made in Vital's financial statements. Vital's taxable income or loss is reportable on the tax returns of its owners based on their proportionate interest in Vital.

TSYS de México

The Company has a joint venture with a number of Mexican banks and records its 49% ownership in the joint venture using the equity method of accounting. The operation, Total System Services de México, S.A. de C.V. (TSYS de México), prints statements and provides card-issuing support services to the joint venture clients.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company's equity in income of joint ventures related to TSYS de México was \$318,000 and \$693,000, respectively, representing a 27.5% and 39.7% increase, or \$68,000 and \$197,000, compared to \$250,000 and \$496,000, respectively, for the same periods last year.

TSYS pays TSYS de México a processing support fee for certain client relationship and network services that TSYS de México has assumed from TSYS. TSYS paid TSYS de México a processing support fee of \$45,600 and \$183,600 for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. TSYS paid TSYS de México a processing support fee of \$108,300 and \$379,900 for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. This processing support fee decreased as a result of the deconversion of TSYS' largest client in Mexico.

Net Income

Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2004 increased 4.6% to \$35.9 million, or basic and diluted earnings per share of \$0.18, compared to \$34.3 million, or basic and diluted earnings per share of \$0.17, for the same period in 2003. Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2004 increased 3.6% to \$68.4 million, or basic and diluted earnings per share of \$0.35, compared to \$66.0 million, or basic earnings per share of \$0.34 and diluted earnings per share of \$0.33, for the same period in 2003.

Results of Operations (continued)

Net Profit Margin

The Company's net profit margin for the three months ended June 30, 2004 was 12.4%, compared to 13.3% for the same period last year. The Company's net profit margin for the six months ended June 30, 2004 was 11.9%, compared to 13.0% for the same period last year.

Management believes that reimbursable items distort net profit margin as defined by generally accepted accounting principles. Management evaluates the Company's operating performance based upon net margin excluding reimbursable items. Management believes that net profit margin excluding reimbursable items is more useful because reimbursable items do not impact profitability as the Company receives reimbursement for expenses incurred on behalf of its clients.

Excluding reimbursable items, the Company's net profit margin for the three months ended June 30, 2004 was 15.4%, compared to 16.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2003. Excluding reimbursable items, the Company's net profit margin for the six months ended June 30, 2004 was 14.9%, compared to 16.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2003.

Below is the reconciliation between reported net profit margin and adjusted net profit margin excluding reimbursable items for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
Net income (a)	\$ 35,886	34,306	68,447	66,042
Total revenues (b)	\$ 289,622	257,699	574,858	509,052
Net profit margin (as reported) (a)/(b)	12.4%	13.3%	11.9%	13.0%
Revenue before reimbursable items (c)	\$ 233,690	203,061	458,294	395,940
Adjusted net profit margin (a)/(c)	15.4%	16.9%	14.9%	16.7%

Projected Outlook for 2004 and 2005

TSYS expects its 2004 earnings per share (EPS) to exceed its 2003 EPS by 5-7% and its revenues (excluding reimbursables) to exceed its 2003 revenues by 11-13%. The forecast does not include any revenues or expenses associated with signing and converting any new major clients and does not include the effect of any potential changes to relationships with certain large clients.

TSYS anticipates 10-15% growth in EPS in 2005, based on the following assumptions: revenue before reimbursables items increasing between 10-12%, driven by 6-9% growth in revenue from existing electronic payment processing clients, no significant client losses occurring through 2005 and Vital's earnings growing by at least 5%.

Financial Position, Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows detail the Company's cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities. TSYS' primary method of funding its operations and growth has been cash generated from current operations and the use of leases and the occasional use of borrowed funds to supplement financing of capital expenditures.

Financial Position, Liquidity and Capital Resources (continued)

Cash Flows From Operating Activities

TSYS' main source of funds is derived from operating activities, specifically net income. During the six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company generated \$112.5 million in cash from operating activities compared to \$110.7 million for the same period last year. The cash from operating activities for 2004 included refunds of \$11.8 million from taxing authorities for overpayment of taxes for prior years. The cash from operating activities for 2003 included a payment from Bank One. On March 3, 2003, the Company announced that Bank One selected TSYS to upgrade its credit card processing. As part of that agreement, the Company received a \$30 million payment from Bank One, which is included in billings in excess of costs and profit on uncompleted contracts on the balance sheet.

Cash Flows From Investing Activities

The major uses of cash for investing activities have been the addition of property and equipment, the internal development and purchase of computer software and investments in contract acquisition costs associated with the servicing of new and existing clients. The major source of funds from investing activities is the dividend payment from its joint ventures. The Company used \$44.4 million in cash for investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2004, compared to \$176.1 million for the same period in 2003.

Property and Equipment

Capital expenditures for property and equipment during the three month periods ended June 30, 2004 and 2003 were \$19.8 million and \$102.4 million, respectively. For the six month period ended June 30, 2004, capital expenditures for property and equipment were \$39.3 million compared to \$107.4 million during the same period last year. On July 30, 2003, the Company announced the groundbreaking for a new TSYS data center in Knaresborough, England. The 47,000 square-foot facility will replace the current center in Harrogate, England. It is being built on three acres and includes 15,000 square feet of office space. The new data center is estimated to cost approximately £20 million and should be completed by the end of the third quarter of 2004.

On April 30, 2003, the Company provided written notice that it intended to terminate its lease agreement with a special purpose entity for the Company's corporate campus. On June 30, 2003, the Company terminated the lease arrangement and purchased the corporate campus for \$93.5 million through a combination of cash and long-term debt financing through a banking affiliate of Synovus.

Licensed Computer Software from Vendors

Expenditures for licensed computer software from vendors were \$6.6 million and \$8.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Expenditures for licensed computer software from vendors for the six months ended June 30, 2004 were \$14.0 million, compared to \$20.0 million for the same period in 2003. These additions relate to annual site licenses for mainframe processing systems whose fees are based upon a measure of TSYS' computer processing capacity, commonly referred to as millions of instructions per second or MIPS.

Financial Position, Liquidity and Capital Resources (continued)

Software Development Costs

Additions to capitalized software development costs, including enhancements to and development of TS2 processing systems, were \$1.7 million and \$5.1 million for the three month periods ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Additions to capitalized software development costs for the six months ended June 30, 2004 were \$3.7 million, compared to \$9.0 million for the same period in 2003. The decline in the amount capitalized as software development costs in 2004, as compared to 2003, is the result of several projects being completed in 2003.

The following is a summary of the additions to software development costs by project for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively:

Software Development Projects (in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
TSYS ProphIT	\$ 0.6	3.5	1.6	6.8
Integrated Payments	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.4
Double Byte	-	0.1	-	0.5
Other Capitalized Software Development Costs	1.0	1.2	1.6	1.3
Total	\$ 1.7	5.1	3.7	9.0

The Company continues to develop TSYS ProphITSM, a Web-based process management system that provides direct access to account information and other system interfaces to help streamline an organization's business processes. TSYS ProphIT is currently being offered to TSYS' processing clients with general release of the core platform having occurred in the fourth quarter of 2003. Continued development of TSYS ProphIT provides increased and enhanced functionality to the core platform, to include additional customer service functions. The Company capitalized approximately \$0.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2004, bringing the total amount capitalized for 2004 to \$1.6 million on TSYS ProphIT. The Company has invested a total of \$29.9 million since the project began.

The Company is developing its Integrated Payments Platform supporting the online and offline debit and stored value markets, which will give clients access to all national and regional networks, EBT programs, ATM driving and switching services for online debit processing. The Company capitalized approximately \$132,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2004, bringing the total capitalized in 2004 to \$521,000 on these additional systems. The Company has invested a total of \$8.2 million since the project began. The Company expects to complete the system in phases.

Due to the complexity of the differences between the English language and Asian languages, computer systems require two bytes to store an Asian character compared to one byte in the English language. With the opening of a branch office in Japan to facilitate its marketing of card processing services, TSYS began modifying its current TS2 system to be able to accommodate language and currency differences with Asia, commonly referred to as the "double byte project." The Company had invested a total of \$10.1 million since the project began.

Financial Position, Liquidity and Capital Resources (continued)

As discussed earlier, during the second quarter of 2004, the Company decided to change its approach for entry into the Asia-Pacific market. As a result, the Company recognized a \$10.1 million impairment charge in net occupancy and equipment expense for the write-off of the double-byte software development project. The \$10.1 million impairment charge is reflected in the domestic-based services segment.

Dividends Received from Joint Ventures

During the six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company received a dividend payment of \$15.0 million from its Vital joint venture, and the Company received a dividend payment of \$0.9 million from TSYS de Mexico. During the six months ended June 30, 2003, the Company received \$5.3 million in dividend payments from its joint ventures.

Contract Acquisition Costs

TSYS makes cash payments for processing rights, third-party development costs and other direct salary related costs in connection with converting new customers to the Company's processing systems. The Company's investments in contract acquisition costs were \$1.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2004, bringing the total for 2004 to \$3.3 million, compared to \$13.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2003. The Company had a cash payment for processing rights of \$3.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2003. Conversion cost additions were \$3.3 million and \$10.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Cash Flows From Financing Activities

The major use of cash for financing activities has been the principal payments on capital lease and software obligations, the payment of dividends and the purchase of stock under the stock repurchase plan as described below. The main source of cash from financing activities has been the occasional use of borrowed funds. Net cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2004 was \$49.9 million mainly as a result of the payments related to the software obligations, and to a lesser extent, the purchases of common stock and payments of dividends. Financing activities provided \$4.4 million in cash for the six months ended June 30, 2003 primarily the result of proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt.

Software Obligations

On March 31, 2004, the Company paid in full the obligations related to licensed mainframe software. The effective interest rates related to the software obligations were well above current market rates.

Stock Repurchase Plan

On April 15, 2003, TSYS announced that its board had approved a stock repurchase plan to purchase up to 2 million shares, which represents slightly more than five percent of the shares of TSYS stock held by shareholders other than Synovus. The shares may be purchased from time to time over the next two years and will depend on various factors including price, market conditions, acquisitions and the general financial position of TSYS. Repurchased shares will be used for general corporate purposes. For the first six months of 2004, the Company purchased 52,200 shares at an average cost of \$22.76 per share. Since the plan was announced, the Company has purchased 577,491 shares at an average cost of \$19.07 per share.

Financial Position, Liquidity and Capital Resources (continued)

Dividends

Dividends on common stock of \$3.9 million were paid during the three months ended June 30, 2004, bringing the total for 2004 to \$7.9 million. On April 15, 2004, the Company announced it would double its quarterly dividend from \$0.02 to \$0.04 per share, payable on July 1, 2004.

Foreign Exchange

TSYS operates internationally and is subject to potentially adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates. Since December 2000, TSYS has not entered into foreign exchange forward contracts to reduce its exposure to foreign currency rate changes.

Impact of Inflation

Although the impact of inflation on its operations cannot be precisely determined, the Company believes that by controlling its operating expenses, and by taking advantage of more efficient computer hardware and software, it can minimize the impact of inflation.

Working Capital

TSYS may seek additional external sources of capital in the future. The form of any such financing will vary depending upon prevailing market and other conditions and may include short-term or long-term borrowings from financial institutions or the issuance of additional equity and/or debt securities such as industrial revenue bonds. However, there can be no assurance that funds will be available on terms acceptable to TSYS. Management expects that TSYS will continue to be able to fund a significant portion of its capital expenditure needs through internally generated cash in the future, as evidenced by TSYS' current ratio of 2.1:1. At June 30, 2004, TSYS had working capital of \$152.0 million compared to \$127.4 million at December 31, 2003.

Legal Proceedings

The Company has received notification from the United States Attorneys' Office for the Northern District of California that the United States Department of Justice is investigating whether the Company and/or one of its large credit card processing clients violated the False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. §§3729-33, in connection with mailings made on behalf of the client from July 1997 through November 2001. The subject matter of the investigation relates to the U.S. Postal Service's Move Update Requirements. In general, the Postal Service's Move Update Requirements are designed to reduce the volume of mail that is returned to sender as undeliverable as addressed. In effect, these requirements provide, among other things, various procedures that may be utilized to maintain the accuracy of mailing lists in exchange for discounts on postal rates. The Company has received a subpoena from the Office of the Inspector General of the U.S. Postal Service, and has produced documents responsive to the subpoena, and expects to provide further documentation to the government in connection with this investigation. The Company intends to fully cooperate with the Department of Justice in the investigation, and there can be no assurance as to the timing or outcome of the investigation, including whether the investigation will result in any criminal or civil fines, penalties, judgments or treble damage or other claims against the Company. The Company is not in a position to estimate whether or not any loss may arise out of this investigation. As a result, no reserve or accrual has been recorded in the Company's financial statements relating to this matter.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

The Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, contains a discussion of recently issued accounting standards and the expected impact on our financial statements. There have been no accounting standards issued since then that are expected to have a material impact on the financial statements of the Company.

On March 31, 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued an Exposure Draft titled "Share-Based Payment, an amendment of FASB Statements No. 123 and 95," that addresses accounting for equity based compensation arrangements. The proposed Statement would eliminate the ability to account for share-based compensation transactions using Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" and replace some of the existing requirements under FASB No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." The proposed statement would require that such arrangements are accounted for using a fair-value-based method of accounting and the related cost expensed over the corresponding service period. The issuance of a final statement in the same format as the exposure draft would have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations. It is anticipated that the final statement will be issued in the fourth quarter of 2004 and may be effective for the first quarter of 2005.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this filing which are not statements of historical fact constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act (the Act). These forward-looking statements include, among others, TSYS' belief with respect to its current market share and its growth opportunities, TSYS' expectation with respect to the impact of the Bank One contract on its earnings per share growth for 2004 and 2005 and thereafter through the payment term of the license, TSYS' expectation that it will reach a definitive agreement with JPMorgan Chase in the near future, TSYS' scheduled conversion of the Bank One portfolio, TSYS' anticipated execution of an amendment to its processing agreement with Bank of America to encompass the processing of the FleetBoston portfolio, TSYS' expected growth in earnings per share and revenues for 2004, TSYS' expected growth in earnings per share for 2005, the expected cost and completion date for TSYS' new data center located in England, any matter that may arise out of the United States Department of Justice's investigation, and the assumptions underlying such statements, including, with respect to TSYS' expected growth in earnings per share for 2005, an increase in revenues before reimbursable items of 10-12%, a 6-9% growth in revenues from existing electronic payment processing clients, Vital Processing Services growing earnings by at least 5% and no significant client losses through 2005. In addition, certain statements in future filings by TSYS with the Securities and Exchange Commission, in press releases, and in oral and written statements made by or with the approval of TSYS which are not statements of historical fact constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Act. Examples of forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: (i) projections of revenue, income or loss, earnings or loss per share, the payment or nonpayment of dividends, capital structure and other financial items; (ii) statements of plans and objectives of TSYS or its management or Board of Directors, including those relating to products or services; (iii) statements of future economic performance; and (iv) statements of assumptions underlying such statements. Words such as "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "targeted," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements.

Forward-Looking Statements (continued)

Prospective investors are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, and that actual results may differ materially from those contemplated by such forward-looking statements. A number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements in this filing. Many of these factors are beyond TSYS' ability to control or predict. The factors include, but are not limited to: (i) TSYS and JPMorgan Chase are not able to satisfactorily conclude negotiations with respect to a definitive agreement; (ii) TSYS does not convert the Bank One card portfolio as scheduled; (iii) revenues are lower than anticipated; (iv) revenues from TSYS' existing customers are lower than anticipated; (v) Vital's earnings are lower than anticipated; (vi) adverse developments with respect to TSYS' sub-prime or retail clients; (vii) lower than anticipated internal growth rates for TSYS' existing clients; (viii) TSYS' inability to control expenses and increase market share; (ix) TSYS' inability to successfully bring new products to market, including, but not limited to stored value products, e-commerce products, loan processing products and other processing services; (x) the inability of TSYS to grow its business through acquisitions or successfully integrate acquisitions; (xi) TSYS' inability to increase the revenues derived from international sources; (xii) adverse developments with respect to entering into contracts with new clients and retaining current clients; (xiii) the merger of TSYS clients with entities that are not TSYS clients or the sale of portfolios by TSYS clients to entities that are not TSYS clients, including the acquisition by Citigroup of the Sears portfolio and the merger of FleetBoston with Bank of America; (xiv) TSYS' inability to anticipate and respond to technological changes, particularly with respect to ecommerce; (xv) adverse developments with respect to the successful conversion of clients; (xvi) the absence of significant changes in foreign exchange spreads between the United States and the countries TSYS transacts business in, to include Mexico, United Kingdom, Japan, Canada and the European Union; (xvii) changes in consumer spending, borrowing and saving habits, including the mix of payments between cash and cards; (xviii) changes in laws, regulations, credit card association rules or other industry standards affecting TSYS' business which require significant product redevelopment efforts; (xix) the effect of changes in accounting policies and practices as may be adopted by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or the Securities and Exchange Commission; (xx) the costs and effects of litigation or adverse facts and developments relating thereto; (xxi) adverse developments with respect to the credit card industry in general; (xxii) TSYS' inability to successfully manage any impact from slowing economic conditions or consumer spending; (xxiii) the occurrence of catastrophic events that would impact TSYS' or its major customers' operating facilities, communications systems and technology, or that has a material negative impact on current economic conditions or levels of consumer spending; (xxiv) successfully managing the potential both for patent protection and patent liability in the context of rapidly developing legal framework for expansive software patent protection; (xxv) hostilities increase in the Middle East or elsewhere; and (xxvi) overall market conditions.

Such forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which such statements are made, and TSYS undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Item 3 – Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

TSYS is exposed to foreign exchange risk because it has assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses denominated in foreign currencies including the Euro, British Pound, Mexican Peso, Canadian Dollar and Japanese Yen. These currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at current exchange rates, except for revenues, costs and expenses, and net income, which are translated at the average exchange rates for each reporting period. Net exchange gains or losses resulting from the translation of assets and liabilities of TSYS' foreign operations, net of tax, are accumulated in a separate section of shareholders' equity titled accumulated other comprehensive income or loss. The amount of other comprehensive income for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003 was \$632,000 and \$2.8 million, respectively. The amount of other comprehensive income for the six months ended June 30, 2004 was \$2.6 million compared to \$1.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2003. Currently, TSYS does not use financial instruments to hedge its exposure to exchange rate changes.

The carrying value of the net assets of its foreign operations in Europe, Mexico, Canada and Japan was approximately (in U.S. dollars) \$138.0 million, \$3.9 million, \$433,000 and \$11.4 million, respectively, at June 30, 2004.

The Company also records foreign currency translation adjustments associated with other balance sheet accounts. The Company maintains several cash accounts denominated in foreign currencies, primarily in Euros and British Pound Sterling (BPS). As the Company translates the foreign-denominated cash balances into US dollars, the translated cash balance is adjusted upward or downward depending upon the foreign currency exchange movements. The upward or downward adjustment is recorded as a gain or loss on foreign currency translation in the Company's statements of income. As those cash accounts have increased, the upward or downward adjustments have increased. The majority of the translation loss of \$101,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2004 relates to the translation of cash accounts. The balance of the foreign-denominated cash accounts subject to risk of translation gains or losses at June 30, 2004 was approximately \$1.9 million, the majority of which is denominated in BPS.

The following represents the potential effect on income before income taxes of hypothetical shifts in the foreign currency exchange rate between the BPS and the U.S. dollar of plus or minus 100 basis points, 500 basis points and 1,000 basis points based on the foreign-denominated cash account balance at June 30, 2004.

		Effect of Basis Point Change					
		Increase in basis point of			Decrease in basis point of		
		100	500	1,000	100	500	1,000
(in thousands)							
Effect on income before income taxes	\$	(19)	(96)	(192)	19	96	192

The foreign currency risks associated with other currencies is not significant.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.

Item 3 – Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

TSYS is also exposed to interest rate risk associated with the investing of available cash and the use of long-term debt associated with its line of credit as discussed below. TSYS invests available cash in conservative short-term instruments and is primarily subject to changes in the short-term interest rates.

In connection with the purchase of the campus, TSYS obtained a \$45.0 million long-term line of credit from a banking affiliate of Synovus. The line is an automatic draw down facility. The interest rate for the line of credit is the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 150 basis points. In addition, there is a charge of 15 basis points on any funds unused. As the LIBOR rate changes, TSYS will be subject to interest rate risk. At June 30, 2004, TSYS did not have an outstanding balance on the line of credit.

Concentration of Credit Risk

TSYS works to maintain a large and diverse client base across various industries to minimize the credit risk of any one client to TSYS' accounts receivable amounts. In addition, TSYS performs ongoing credit evaluations of its certain clients' and certain suppliers' financial condition. TSYS does, however, have two major customers that account for a large portion of its revenues, which subject it to credit risk.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.

Item 4 –Controls and Procedures

We have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report as required by Rule 13a-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer. Based on this evaluation, these officers have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information relating to TSYS (including its consolidated subsidiaries) required to be included in our periodic Securities and Exchange Commission filings. No change in TSYS' internal control over financial reporting occurred during the period covered by this report that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Part II - Other Information

Item 2 – Changes in Securities, Use of Proceeds and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table sets forth information regarding the Company’s purchases of its common stock on a monthly basis during the three months ended June 30, 2004:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
				1,422,509
April 2004	-	-	-	1,422,509
May 2004	-	-	-	1,422,509
June 2004	-	-	-	1,422,509
Total	-	\$-.-		

In April 2003, the Company announced a plan to purchase up to 2.0 million shares of its common stock from time to time and at various prices over the ensuing two years. During the six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company repurchased 52,200 shares of its common stock at an average price of \$22.76. Over the course of the plan, through June 30, 2004, the Company has repurchased 577,491 shares of its common stock at a cost of \$11,013,106, or an average cost of \$19.07 per share.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Part II - Other Information

Item 4 - Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The annual shareholders' meeting of Total System Services, Inc. was held April 15, 2004. There were two proposals voted on at the meeting.

Proposal I voted on at the meeting was the election of seven directors. Following is a tabulation of votes for each nominee:

NOMINEE	VOTES FOR	WITHHELD AUTHORITY TO VOTE
Sidney E. Harris	185,763,992	2,121,274
Alfred W. Jones III	187,636,078	249,188
Mason H. Lampton	187,630,682	254,584
John T. Turner	187,588,401	296,865
M. Troy Woods	187,586,400	298,866
James D. Yancey	187,588,099	297,167
Rebecca K. Yarbrough	186,855,939	1,029,327

Proposal II voted on at the meeting was the ratification of the appointment of KPMG LLP as the Independent Auditor. Following is a tabulation of votes:

FOR	184,928,994
AGAINST	2,847,608
ABSTAIN	108,664

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Part II - Other Information

Item 6 - Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

a) Exhibits

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

b) Forms 8-K since the previous Form 10-Q filing.

1. The report dated July 7, 2004 included the following event:

On July 7, 2004, Total System Services, Inc. ("Registrant") issued a press release announcing that it is in exclusive negotiations with J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. to provide processing services for the 87 million cardmembers of Chase Card Services.

2. The report dated July 20, 2004 included the following event:

On July 20, 2004, Total System Services, Inc. ("Registrant") issued a press release and held an investor call and webcast to disclose financial results for the first six months ended June 30, 2004.

**TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.

Date: August 6, 2004

by: /s/ Philip W. Tomlinson

Philip W. Tomlinson
Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 6, 2004

by: /s/ James B. Lipham

James B. Lipham
Chief Financial Officer

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Exhibit Index

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
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