### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

(Mark one)	FORM	I 10-Q
Commission File Number: 1-9109	* *	
	For the quarterly period en	
□ TRAN		· · ·
For the transition period from		to
	Commission File	Number: 1-9109
Florida	`	•
		(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	880 Carillon Parkway, St.	Petersburg, Florida 33716
	(Address of principal execu	utive offices) (Zip Code)
	<del>-,</del>	
(Former nan		
Indicate by check mark whether the Exchange Act of 1934 during the p	e registrant (1) has filed all reporeceding 12 months (or for s	ports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such
Interactive Data File required to be	submitted and posted pursuan	nt to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (232.405 of this chapter) during
reporting company. See the definit		
Large accelerated filer ⊠		Accelerated filer □
Non-accelerated filer □		Smaller reporting company □
Indicate by check mark whether the Yes □ No ⊠	e registrant is a shell company	y (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Indicate the number of shares outsta	anding of each of the registra	nt's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

140,747,875 shares of common stock as of February 3, 2014

### RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2013

### INDEX

	_	PAGE
PART I.	FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1.	Financial Statements (Unaudited)	<u>3</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition as of December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)	<u>3</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income for the three months ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (Unaudited)	<u>5</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for the three months ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (Unaudited)	<u>6</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (Unaudited)	<u>7</u>
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)	9
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>59</u>
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	<u>87</u>
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	<u>96</u>
PART II.	OTHER INFORMATION	<u>96</u>
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	<u>96</u>
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	<u>97</u>
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	<u>98</u>
Item 3.	Defaults upon Senior Securities	<u>98</u>
Item 5.	Other Information	<u>98</u>
Item 6.	Exhibits	<u>99</u>
	Signatures	<u>100</u>

### PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION (Unaudited)

	Decen	nber 31, 2013	Septem	ber 30, 2013
A constant		(in tho	usands)	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,801,952	\$	2,596,616
Assets segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets		2,592,164	<u> </u>	4,064,827
Securities purchased under agreements to resell and other collateralized financings		638,893		709,120
Financial instruments, at fair value:		,		,
Trading instruments		453,046		579,705
Available for sale securities		659,537		698,844
Private equity investments		209,977		216,391
Other investments		259,062		248,512
Derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions		209,438		250,341
Receivables:				
Brokerage clients, net		1,899,057		1,983,340
Stock borrowed		134,706		146,749
Bank loans, net		9,312,762		8,821,201
Brokers-dealers and clearing organizations		88,697		243,101
Loans to financial advisors, net		412,566		409,080
Other		417,485		407,329
Deposits with clearing organizations		127,028		126,405
Prepaid expenses and other assets		639,603		611,425
Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities		268,786		272,096
Property and equipment, net		241,109		244,416
Deferred income taxes, net		198,997		195,160
Goodwill and identifiable intangible assets, net		359,630		361,464
Total assets	\$	21,924,495	\$	23,186,122

(continued on next page)

## RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION (Unaudited)

(continued from previous page)

	Dec	ember 31, 2013	Sept	ember 30, 2013
		(\$ in th	ousand	ls)
Liabilities and equity:				
Trading instruments sold but not yet purchased, at fair value	\$	216,553	\$	220,656
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		345,701		300,933
Derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions, at fair value		209,438		250,341
Payables:				
Brokerage clients		4,189,121		5,942,843
Stock loaned		250,752		354,377
Bank deposits		10,005,438		9,295,371
Brokers-dealers and clearing organizations		73,401		109,611
Trade and other		608,611		630,344
Other borrowings		78,767		84,076
Accrued compensation, commissions and benefits		574,777		741,787
Loans payable of consolidated variable interest entities		52,738		62,938
Corporate debt		1,193,610		1,194,508
Total liabilities		17,798,907		19,187,785
Commitments and contingencies (see Note 16)				
Equity				
Preferred stock; \$.10 par value; authorized 10,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding -0- shares		_		_
Common stock; \$.01 par value; authorized 350,000,000 shares; issued 145,286,113 at December 31, 2013 and 144,559,772 at September 30, 2013		1,436		1,429
Additional paid-in capital		1,171,989		1,136,298
Retained earnings		2,728,175		2,635,026
Treasury stock, at cost; 5,086,328 common shares at December 31, 2013 and 5,002,666 common shares at September 30, 2013		(125,069)		(120,555)
Accumulated other comprehensive income		5,545		10,726
Total equity attributable to Raymond James Financial, Inc.		3,782,076		3,662,924
Noncontrolling interests		343,512		335,413
Total equity		4,125,588		3,998,337
Total liabilities and equity	\$	21,924,495	\$	23,186,122

## RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Thr	ee months en	ded De	cember 31,	
		2013	2012		
	(in th	ousands, excep	t per sh	are amounts)	
Revenues: Securities commissions and fees	\$	782,180	<b>P</b>	738,584	
Investment banking	Φ	79,797	Ф	84,870	
-		93,414		62,070	
Investment advisory fees		117,093		123,126	
Interest Account and service fees		93,574		88,451	
Net trading profit		18,151		9,339	
Other		24,565		31,069	
Total revenues		1,208,774		1,137,509	
Interest expense	_	25,372		28,021	
Net revenues	_	1,183,402		1,109,488	
Non-interest expenses:					
Compensation, commissions and benefits		804,945		762,548	
Communications and information processing		61,854		60,366	
Occupancy and equipment costs		39,685		39,478	
Clearance and floor brokerage		9,954		10,168	
Business development		32,244		30,629	
Investment sub-advisory fees		11,799		8,050	
Bank loan loss provision		1,636		2,923	
Acquisition related expenses		_		17,382	
Other		42,473		30,777	
Total non-interest expenses		1,004,590		962,321	
Income including noncontrolling interests and before provision for income taxes		178,812		147,167	
Provision for income taxes		62,291		53,273	
Net income including noncontrolling interests		116,521		93,894	
Net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(112)		8,020	
Net income attributable to Raymond James Financial, Inc.	\$	116,633	\$	85,874	
Net income per common share – basic	\$	0.83	\$	0.62	
Net income per common share – diluted	\$	0.81	\$	0.61	
Weighted-average common shares outstanding – basic		139,089		136,524	
Weighted-average common and common equivalent shares outstanding – diluted		142,597		138,694	
Net income attributable to Raymond James Financial, Inc.	\$	116,633	\$	85,874	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: <sup>(1)</sup>		-,			
Change in unrealized losses on available for sale securities and non-credit portion of other-than- temporary impairment losses		1,094		10,138	
Change in currency translations and net investment hedges		(6,275)		(3,686)	
Total comprehensive income	\$	111,452	\$	92,326	
Other-than-temporary impairment:					
	ø	1 504	¢	2.254	
Total other-than-temporary impairment, net	\$	1,584	\$	3,354	
Portion of pre-tax recoveries recognized in other comprehensive income	•	(1,611)	•	(3,739)	
Net impairment losses recognized in other revenue	\$	(27)	\$	(385)	

<sup>(1)</sup> All components of other comprehensive income, net of tax, are attributable to Raymond James Financial, Inc.

## RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

				ecember 31,
				2012
		(in thousands, o	except unts)	per share
Common stock, par value \$.01 per share:				
Balance, beginning of year	\$	1,429	\$	1,404
Other issuances		7		13
Balance, end of period		1,436		1,417
Additional paid-in capital:				
Balance, beginning of year		1,136,298		1,030,288
Employee stock purchases		3,391		3,273
Exercise of stock options and vesting of restricted stock units, net of forfeitures		7,460		18,542
Restricted stock, stock option and restricted stock unit expense		19,148		17,154
Excess tax benefit from share-based payments		5,923		2,071
Other		(231)		252
Balance, end of period		1,171,989		1,071,580
Retained earnings:				
Balance, beginning of year		2,635,026		2,346,563
Net income attributable to Raymond James Financial, Inc.		116,633		85,874
Cash dividends declared		(23,188)		(19,466
Other		(296)		(410)
Balance, end of period		2,728,175		2,412,561
Treasury stock:				
Balance, beginning of year		(120,555)		(118,762)
Purchases/surrenders		(1,850)		(6,899
Exercise of stock options and vesting of restricted stock units, net of forfeitures		(2,664)		4,005
Balance, end of period		(125,069)		(121,656)
Accumulated other comprehensive income: <sup>(1)</sup>				
Balance, beginning of year	\$	10,726	\$	9,447
Net change in unrealized losses on available for sale securities and non-credit portion of other-than- temporary impairment losses, net of tax		1,094		10,138
Net change in currency translations and net investment hedges, net of tax		(6,275)		(3,686
Balance, end of period		5,545		15,899
Total equity attributable to Raymond James Financial, Inc.	\$	3,782,076	\$	3,379,801
Noncontrolling interests				
Noncontrolling interests:	Φ	225 412	¢	411 242
Balance, beginning of year	\$	335,413		411,342
Net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests  Capital contributions		(112) 11,682		8,020
Distributions  Distributions		,		13,281
Consolidation of acquired entity (2)		(8,345)		(9,972
		4.074		7,592
Other  Delivery and of region		4,874		(482)
Balance, end of period	¢	343,512	¢	429,781
Total equity	\$	4,125,588	\$	3,809,582

<sup>(1)</sup> All components of other comprehensive income, net of tax, are attributable to Raymond James Financial, Inc.

<sup>(2)</sup> On December 24, 2012, we acquired a 45% interest in ClariVest Asset Management, LLC, see Notes 1 and 3 for discussion.

## RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

Zols Hows from operating activities:         Net income attributable to Raymond James Financial, Inc.         \$ 116,633         \$ 8,887           Net finesome attributable to Raymond James Financial, Inc.         \$ 116,632         \$ 8,887           Net finesome including noncontrolling interests         \$ 116,521         \$ 9,894           Adjustments to reconcile net income including noncontrolling interests to net cash provided by operating activities:         \$ 16,609         \$ 16,418           Deferred income taxes         \$ 16,609         \$ 16,418           Deferred income taxes         \$ (4,343)         \$ 2,104           Premium and discount amortization on available for sale securities and unrealized/realized gain on other investments         \$ (6,664)         \$ (5,51)           Provisions for loan losses, legal proceedings, bad debts and other accruals         \$ 2,55         3,954           Share-based compensation expense         \$ 2,85         3,455           Net change in:         \$ (8,685)         3,455           Assests segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets         \$ 1,472,663         \$ (637,306)           Securities purchased under agreements to resell and other collateralized financings, net of securities sold under agreements to resell and other collateralized financings, net of \$ 114,995         \$ (3,909)           Stock loaned, net of stock borrowed         \$ (1,958)		Three months ended Decem			ecember 31,
Cash flows from operating activities:         \$ 116,633         \$ 85,874           Net (toes) income attributable to noncontrolling interests         (112)         8,020           Net income including noncontrolling interests         116,521         93,894           Adjustments to reconcile net income including noncontrolling interests to net cash provided by operating activities:         16,609         16,418           Deferred income taxes         (4,343)         2,104           Premium and discount amortization on available for sale securities and unrealized/realized gain on other investments         (6,664)         (4,501)           Provisions for loan losses, legal proceedings, bad debts and other accruals         5,265         3,954           Share-based compensation expense         20,876         1,773           Other         (8,685)         3,455           Net change in:         1,472,663         (637,306)           Securities purchased under agreements to result and other collateralized financings, net of securities oble under agreements to result and other collateralized financings, net of securities oble under agreements to result and other collateralized financings, net of p1,582         (129,825)           Stock loaned, net of stock borrowed         (91,582)         (129,825)           (Loans provided to) repayments of loans, to financial advisors, net         (7,058)         2,196           Brokerage client receivables and			2013		2012
Net income attributable to Raymond James Financial, Inc.         \$ 116,633         \$ 8,85,84           Net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests         (112)         9,309           Adjustments to reconcile net income including noncontrolling interests to net cash provided by operating activities:         116,609         16,418           Defered income taxes         (4,343)         2,104           Premium and discount amortization on available for sale securities and unrealized/realized gain on other investments         (6,664)         (4,501)           Provisions for loan losses, legal proceedings, bad debts and other accruals         5,265         3,954           Share-based compensation expense         20,876         17,783           Other         (86,685)         3,455           Net change in:         1,472,663         (637,306)           Securities purchased under agreements to result and other segregated assets         1,472,663         (637,306)           Stock loaned, net of stock borrowed         (91,582)         (129,825)           (Loans provided to) repayments of loans, to financial advisors, net         (7,058)         2,196           Brokerage client receivables and other accounts receivable, net         228,526         228,526           Trading instruments, et         (117,067)         (27,780)           Prepaid expenses and other assets         <			(in thou	sands	s)
Net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests         (112)         8,020           Net income including noncontrolling interests         116,521         93,894           Adjustments to reconcile net income including noncontrolling interests to net cash provided by operating activities:	•	Ф	116 622	Φ	05.074
Net income including noncontrolling interests  Adjustments to reconcile net income including noncontrolling interests to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization  16,609  16,418  Deferred income taxes  4,343)  2,104  Premium and discount amortization on available for sale securities and unrealized/realized gain on other investments  6,664)  (4,501)  Provisions for loan losses, legal proceedings, bad debts and other accruals  5,265  3,954  Share-based compensation expense  20,876  17,783  Other  Assets segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets  Net change in:  Assets segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets  Sccurities purchased under agreements to result and other collateralized financings, net of securities sold under agreements to repurchase  Stock loaned, net of stock borrowed  (19,582)  (10,ans provided to) repayments of loans, to financial advisors, net  (7,058)  21,96  Brokerage client receivables and other accounts receivable, net  228,526  225,982  Trading instruments, net  117,067  (27,780)  Prepaid expenses and other assets  Accrued compensation, commissions and benefits  Proceeds from sales of securitizations and loans held for sale, net of purchases and originations of loans held for sale  Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements  (5,923)  (20,711)  Net cash provided to) perating activities:  Additions to property and equipment  (12,691)  (18,935)  Increase in bank loans, net  (388,879)  (427,886)  Proceeds from siles of loans held for investment, net of sales  Proceeds from siles of loans held for investment  Additions to property and equipment  (12,691)  (18,935)  Increase in bank loans, net  (388,879)  (427,886)  Proceeds from siles of loans held for investment, net of sales  Proceeds from siles of loans held for investment and redemptions  (388,879)  (427,886)  Proceeds from siles of loans held for investments, net of sales  Proceeds from siles of loans held for investments in of sales  Proceeds from sal		\$	,	\$	
Adjustments to reconcile net income including noncontrolling interests to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization  Deferred income taxes  (4,343)  2,104  Premium and discount amortization on available for sale securities and unrealized/realized gain on other investments  Frovisions for loan losses, legal proceedings, bad debts and other accruals  5,265  3,954  Share-based compensation expense  Other  Assets segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets  Assets segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets  Securities purchased under agreements to resell and other collateralized financings, net of securities sold under agreements to resell and other collateralized financings, net of securities of under agreements to repurchase  (14,925)  Stock loaned, net of stock borrowed  (10,ans provided to) repayments of loans, to financial advisors, net  (11,067)  Brokerage client receivables and other accounts receivable, net  117,067  117,0	· ,				
Depreciation and amortization   16,609   16,418	Net income including noncontrolling interests		116,521		93,894
Deferred income taxes					
Premium and discount amortization on available for sale securities and unrealized/realized gain on other investments  Provisions for loan losses, legal proceedings, bad debts and other accruals  5,265  3,954  Share-based compensation expense  Other  Assets segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets  Net change in:  Assets segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets  1,472,663  Securities purchased under agreements to resell and other collateralized financings, net of securities sold under agreements to repurchase  Stock loaned, net of stock borrowed  (Loans provided to) repayments of loans, to financial advisors, net  7,058  Brokerage client receivables and other accounts receivable, net  117,067  Prepaid expenses and other assets  Accrued compensation, commissions and benefits  Proceeds from sales of securitizations and loans held for sale, net of purchases and originations of loans held for sale  Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements  (5,923)  (2,071)  Net cash provided by operating activities  Additions to property and equipment  (12,691)  (18,935)  Increase in bank loans, net  (588,879)  427,886)  Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment  Proceeds from sales of loans held for investments, net of sales  Proceeds from sales of loans held for investments, net of sales  Proceeds from sales of loans held for investments, net of sales  Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment, net of sales  Proceeds from sales of loans held for investments, net of sales  Proceeds from sales of loans held for sale securities  (14,821)  Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales  Proceeds from sales of loans held for sale securities  (1,306)  (26)  Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions  51,060  35,144  Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities  Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of	Depreciation and amortization		16,609		16,418
gain on other investments         (6,664)         (4,501)           Provisions for loan losses, legal proceedings, bad debts and other accruals         5,265         3,954           Share-based compensation expense         20,876         17,783           Other         (8,685)         3,455           Net change in:	Deferred income taxes		(4,343)		2,104
Share-based compensation expense         20,876         17,783           Other         (8,685)         3,455           Net change in:         (637,306)           Assets segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets         1,472,663         (637,306)           Securities purchased under agreements to resell and other collateralized financings, net of securities sold under agreements to repurchase         114,995         (8,309)           Stock loaned, net of stock borrowed         (91,582)         (129,825)           (Loans provided to) repayments of loans, to financial advisors, net         (7,058)         2,196           Brokerage client receivables and other accounts receivable, net         228,526         225,982           Trading instruments, net         117,067         (27,780)           Prepaid expenses and other assets         6,767         (46,978)           Brokerage client payables and other accounts payable         (1,812,395)         958,958           Accrued compensation, commissions and benefits         (168,328)         (154,518)           Proceeds from sales of securitizations and loans held for sale, net of purchases and originations of loans held for sale         22,205         (75,467)           Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements         (5,923)         (2,071)           Net cash provided by operating activities         (585,			(6,664)		(4,501)
Other         (8,685)         3,455           Net change in:	Provisions for loan losses, legal proceedings, bad debts and other accruals		5,265		3,954
Net change in:  Assets segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets  1,472,663 (637,306)  Securities purchased under agreements to resell and other collateralized financings, net of securities sold under agreements to repurchase  114,995 (8,309)  Stock loaned, net of stock borrowed (91,582) (129,825)  (Loans provided to) repayments of loans, to financial advisors, net (7,058) 2,196  Brokerage client receivables and other accounts receivable, net 228,526 225,982  Trading instruments, net 117,067 (27,780)  Prepaid expenses and other assets 6,767 (46,978)  Brokerage client payables and other accounts payable (1,812,395) 958,958  Accrued compensation, commissions and benefits (168,328) (154,518)  Proceeds from sales of securitizations and loans held for sale, net of purchases and originations of loans held for sale  Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements (5,923) (2,071)  Net cash provided by operating activities  Additions to property and equipment (12,691) (18,935)  Increase in bank loans, net (585,879) (427,886)  Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment 57,973 40,815  Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales (14,821) (4,422)  Purchases of available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions 51,060 35,144  Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities 10,000 didated variable interest entities, net of	Share-based compensation expense		20,876		17,783
Assets segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets  Securities purchased under agreements to resell and other collateralized financings, net of securities sold under agreements to repurchase  Stock loaned, net of stock borrowed  (Loans provided to) repayments of loans, to financial advisors, net  (T,058)  Clay,825)  (Loans provided to) repayments of loans, to financial advisors, net  (T,058)  Brokerage client receivables and other accounts receivable, net  228,526  225,982  Trading instruments, net  Prepaid expenses and other assets  Accrued compensation, commissions and benefits  (1,812,395)  Proceeds from sales of securitizations and loans held for sale, net of purchases and originations of loans held for sale  Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements  (5,923)  Cash flows from investing activities:  Additions to property and equipment  (12,691)  Increase in bank loans, net  (585,879)  Acquards of private equity and other investment, net of sales  Proceeds from sales of loans held for sale securities  Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions  Proceeds from sales of oavailable for sale securities  Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions  Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities  Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of	Other		(8,685)		3,455
Securities purchased under agreements to resell and other collateralized financings, net of securities sold under agreements to repurchase  Stock loaned, net of stock borrowed  (91,582) (Loans provided to) repayments of loans, to financial advisors, net  (7,058) (Loans provided to) repayments of loans, to financial advisors, net  Brokerage client receivables and other accounts receivable, net  228,526 225,982 Trading instruments, net  117,067 (27,780) Prepaid expenses and other assets  6,767 (46,978) Brokerage client payables and other accounts payable  Recrued compensation, commissions and benefits  Proceeds from sales of securitizations and loans held for sale, net of purchases and originations of loans held for sale  Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements  (5,923) (2,071) Net cash provided by operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities:  Additions to property and equipment  (12,691) Increase in bank loans, net  (585,879) 40,815 Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales  Proceeds from sales of or available for sale securities  Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions  51,060 35,144 Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities  Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of	Net change in:				
securities sold under agreements to repurchase  Stock loaned, net of stock borrowed  (91,582) (Loans provided to) repayments of loans, to financial advisors, net  (7,058) (Loans provided to) repayments of loans, to financial advisors, net  Brokerage client receivables and other accounts receivable, net  228,526  225,982  Trading instruments, net  117,067  27,780)  Prepaid expenses and other assets  6,767  (46,978)  Brokerage client payables and other accounts payable  (1,812,395)  958,958  Accrued compensation, commissions and benefits  (168,328)  Proceeds from sales of securitizations and loans held for sale, net of purchases and originations of loans held for sale  Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements  (5,923)  Net cash provided by operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities:  Additions to property and equipment  (12,691)  Increase in bank loans, net  (585,879)  Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment  proceeds from sales of loans held for investments, net of sales  (14,821)  Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales  (14,821)  Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions  11,306	Assets segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets		1,472,663		(637,306)
(Loans provided to) repayments of loans, to financial advisors, net  Brokerage client receivables and other accounts receivable, net  228,526 225,982 Trading instruments, net  117,067 (27,780) Prepaid expenses and other assets 6,767 (46,978) Brokerage client payables and other accounts payable Accrued compensation, commissions and benefits Proceeds from sales of securitizations and loans held for sale, net of purchases and originations of loans held for sale Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements (5,923) Cash flows from investing activities:  Additions to property and equipment Increase in bank loans, net (585,879) Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales Purchases of available for sale securities Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions Increase in bank so of available for sale securities Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of	Securities purchased under agreements to resell and other collateralized financings, net of securities sold under agreements to repurchase		114,995		(8,309)
Brokerage client receivables and other accounts receivable, net 228,526 225,982 Trading instruments, net 117,067 (27,780) Prepaid expenses and other assets 6,767 (46,978) Brokerage client payables and other accounts payable (1,812,395) 958,958 Accrued compensation, commissions and benefits (168,328) (154,518) Proceeds from sales of securitizations and loans held for sale, net of purchases and originations of loans held for sale (5,923) (2,071) Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements (5,923) (2,071) Net cash provided by operating activities (5,923) (2,071) Net cash flows from investing activities:  Additions to property and equipment (12,691) (18,935) Increase in bank loans, net (585,879) (427,886) Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment (5,923) (427,886) Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales (14,821) (4,422) Purchases of available for sale securities (1,306) (26) Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions (1,006) (35,144) Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities (1,306) (3,06) Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of	Stock loaned, net of stock borrowed		(91,582)		(129,825)
Trading instruments, net         117,067         (27,780)           Prepaid expenses and other assets         6,767         (46,978)           Brokerage client payables and other accounts payable         (1,812,395)         958,958           Accrued compensation, commissions and benefits         (168,328)         (154,518)           Proceeds from sales of securitizations and loans held for sale, net of purchases and originations of loans held for sale         22,205         (75,467)           Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements         (5,923)         (2,071)           Net cash provided by operating activities         16,516         237,989           Cash flows from investing activities:         40ditions to property and equipment         (12,691)         (18,935)           Increase in bank loans, net         (585,879)         (427,886)           Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment         57,973         40,815           Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales         (14,821)         (4,422)           Purchases of available for sale securities         (1,306)         (26)           Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions         51,060         35,144           Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities         370         —           Investments in real estate partnerships held	(Loans provided to) repayments of loans, to financial advisors, net		(7,058)		2,196
Prepaid expenses and other assets Brokerage client payables and other accounts payable Cash flows from investing activities:  Additions to property and equipment Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment Proceeds from sales of securitizations and loans held for sale, net of purchases and originations of loans held for sale Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements (5,923) (2,071) Net cash provided by operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities:  Additions to property and equipment (12,691) Increase in bank loans, net (585,879) Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales (14,821) Purchases of available for sale securities (1,306) Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of	Brokerage client receivables and other accounts receivable, net		228,526		225,982
Brokerage client payables and other accounts payable Accrued compensation, commissions and benefits (168,328) (154,518) Proceeds from sales of securitizations and loans held for sale, net of purchases and originations of loans held for sale Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements (5,923) (2,071) Net cash provided by operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities:  Additions to property and equipment (12,691) Increase in bank loans, net (585,879) Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment Proceeds from sales of loans held for investments, net of sales Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales (14,821) Purchases of available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of	Trading instruments, net		117,067		(27,780)
Accrued compensation, commissions and benefits  Proceeds from sales of securitizations and loans held for sale, net of purchases and originations of loans held for sale  Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements  Net cash provided by operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities:  Additions to property and equipment  Increase in bank loans, net  Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment  Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales  Purchases of available for sale securities  Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions  Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of	Prepaid expenses and other assets		6,767		(46,978)
Proceeds from sales of securitizations and loans held for sale, net of purchases and originations of loans held for sale  Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements  Net cash provided by operating activities  Net cash provided by operating activities  Additions to property and equipment  Increase in bank loans, net  Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment  Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales  Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions  Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of	Brokerage client payables and other accounts payable		(1,812,395)		958,958
of loans held for sale  Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements  Net cash provided by operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities:  Additions to property and equipment  Increase in bank loans, net  Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment  Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales  Purchases of available for sale securities  Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions  Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of	Accrued compensation, commissions and benefits		(168,328)		(154,518)
Net cash provided by operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities:  Additions to property and equipment (12,691) (18,935)  Increase in bank loans, net (585,879) (427,886)  Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment 57,973 40,815  Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales  Purchases of available for sale securities (1,306) (26)  Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions 51,060 35,144  Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities 370 —  Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of	Proceeds from sales of securitizations and loans held for sale, net of purchases and originations of loans held for sale		22,205		(75,467)
Cash flows from investing activities:  Additions to property and equipment (12,691) (18,935)  Increase in bank loans, net (585,879) (427,886)  Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment 57,973 40,815  Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales  Purchases of available for sale securities (14,821) (4,422)  Purchases of available for sale securities (11,306) (26)  Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions 51,060 35,144  Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities 370 —  Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of	Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements		(5,923)		(2,071)
Additions to property and equipment (12,691) (18,935) Increase in bank loans, net (585,879) (427,886) Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment 57,973 40,815 Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales (14,821) (4,422) Purchases of available for sale securities (1,306) (26) Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions 51,060 35,144 Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities 370 — Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of	Net cash provided by operating activities		16,516		237,989
Additions to property and equipment (12,691) (18,935) Increase in bank loans, net (585,879) (427,886) Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment 57,973 40,815 Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales (14,821) (4,422) Purchases of available for sale securities (1,306) (26) Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions 51,060 35,144 Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities 370 — Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of	Cash flows from investing activities:				
Increase in bank loans, net  Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment  Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales  Purchases of available for sale securities  Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions  To sale securities  To sale	The state of the s		(12,691)		(18 935)
Proceeds from sales of loans held for investment 57,973 40,815  Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales (14,821) (4,422)  Purchases of available for sale securities (1,306) (26)  Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions 51,060 35,144  Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities 370 —  Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of	* * * * *				
Purchases of private equity and other investments, net of sales  Purchases of available for sale securities  (1,306)  Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions  51,060  35,144  Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities  370  Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of					
Purchases of available for sale securities (1,306) (26)  Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions 51,060 35,144  Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities 370 —  Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of					
Available for sale securities maturations, repayments and redemptions 51,060 35,144  Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities 370 —  Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of					
Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities  Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of					
Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities, net of			-		
other investing activity			_		(864)
Business acquisition, net of cash acquired — (6,450)			_		(6,450)
Net cash used in investing activities \$ (505,294) \$ (382,624)		\$	(505,294)	\$	

(continued on next page)

Non-cash transfers of loans to other real estate owned

## RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

### (continued from previous page)

Three months ended December 31, 2013 2012 (in thousands) Cash flows from financing activities: \$ Proceeds from borrowed funds, net \$ 367 132,000 Repayments of borrowed funds, net (6,621)(129,150)Repayments of borrowings by consolidated variable interest entities which are real estate (10,956)partnerships (11,344)Proceeds from capital contributed to and borrowings of consolidated variable interest entities which are real estate partnerships 11,666 13,224 10,598 26,849 Exercise of stock options and employee stock purchases Increase in bank deposits 710,067 346,952 Purchase of treasury stock (5,028)(8,271)(20,280)(17,968)Dividends on common stock Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements 5,923 2,071 695,736 354,363 Net cash provided by financing activities Currency adjustment: Effect of exchange rate changes on cash (1,622)(2,041)205,336 207,687 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,980,020 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 2,596,616 2,801,952 2,187,707 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash paid for interest 24,448 27,093 \$ 10,650 Cash paid for income taxes 78,074 \$

\$

989

596

# RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) December 31, 2013

### NOTE 1 – INTRODUCTION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

### **Description of business**

Raymond James Financial, Inc. ("RJF") is a financial holding company headquartered in Florida whose broker-dealer subsidiaries are engaged in various financial service businesses, including the underwriting, distribution, trading and brokerage of equity and debt securities and the sale of mutual funds and other investment products. In addition, other subsidiaries of RJF provide investment management services for retail and institutional clients, corporate and retail banking, and trust services. As used herein, the terms "we," "our" or "us" refer to RJF and/or one or more of its subsidiaries.

### **Basis of presentation**

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of RJF and its consolidated subsidiaries that are generally controlled through a majority voting interest. We consolidate all of our 100% owned subsidiaries. In addition we consolidate any variable interest entity ("VIE") in which we are the primary beneficiary. Additional information on these VIEs is provided in Note 2 on pages 120 - 122 in the section titled, "Evaluation of VIEs to determine whether consolidation is required" as presented in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2013, as filed with the United States ("U.S.") Securities and Exchange Commission (the "2013 Form 10-K") and in Note 9 herein. When we do not have a controlling interest in an entity, but we exert significant influence over the entity, we apply the equity method of accounting. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

### Accounting estimates and assumptions

Certain financial information that is normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") but not required for interim reporting purposes has been condensed or omitted. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect, in the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial position and results of operations for the interim periods presented.

The nature of our business is such that the results of any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis and the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our 2013 Form 10-K. To prepare condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP, we must make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and could have a material impact on the condensed consolidated financial statements.

### Fiscal year 2013 Acquisition

On December 24, 2012, we completed our acquisition of a 45% interest in ClariVest Asset Management, LLC ("ClariVest"), an acquisition that bolsters our platform in the large-cap investment objective. See Note 3 for additional information.

### Adoption of new accounting guidance

In December 2011, and further amended in January 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued new guidance requiring additional disclosures regarding the nature of an entity's rights of setoff and related arrangements associated with its financial instruments and derivative instruments. Specifically, this new guidance requires additional information about derivatives, repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements, and securities borrowing and securities lending transactions that are either offset or subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement. This new guidance is first effective for our quarter ended December 31, 2013. See Note 14 for these additional disclosures.

In February 2013, the FASB issued new guidance intended to improve the reporting of reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI"). The new guidance requires us to report the effect of significant reclassifications out of AOCI on the respective line items in net income if the amount being reclassified is required under GAAP to be reclassified in its entirety to net income. For other amounts that are not required under GAAP to be reclassified in their entirety to net income in the same reporting period, we are required to cross-reference other disclosures required under GAAP that provide additional detail about those amounts. This new guidance is first effective for our quarter ended December 31, 2013. See Note 17 for these additional disclosures.

### Significant subsidiaries

As of December 31, 2013, our significant subsidiaries, all wholly owned, include: Raymond James & Associates, Inc. ("RJ&A") a domestic broker-dealer carrying client accounts, Raymond James Financial Services, Inc. ("RJFS") an introducing domestic broker-dealer, Raymond James Financial Services Advisors, Inc. ("RJFSA") a registered investment advisor, Raymond James Ltd. ("RJ Ltd.") a broker-dealer headquartered in Canada, Eagle Asset Management, Inc. ("Eagle"), and Raymond James Bank, N.A. ("RJ Bank"), a national bank.

In mid-February 2013, the client accounts of Morgan Keegan & Company, Inc. (a broker-dealer hereinafter referred to as "MK & Co."), a subsidiary which we had considered in certain prior periods to be a significant subsidiary, were transferred to RJ&A pursuant to our strategy to integrate the operations of MK & Co. and MK Holding, Inc. and certain of its affiliates (collectively referred to hereinafter as "Morgan Keegan") into our own. RJF acquired Morgan Keegan from Regions Financial Corporation ("Regions") on April 2, 2012 (the "Closing Date").

### NOTE 2 – UPDATE OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of our significant accounting policies is included in Note 2 on pages 104 - 122 of our 2013 Form 10-K. There have been no significant changes in our significant accounting policies since September 30, 2013.

### Brokerage client receivables, loans to financial advisors and allowance for doubtful accounts

As more fully described in Note 2, page 112, of our 2013 Form 10-K, we have certain financing receivables that arise from businesses other than our banking business. Specifically, we offer loans to financial advisors and certain key revenue producers, primarily for recruiting and retention purposes. We present the outstanding balance of loans to financial advisors on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition, net of their applicable allowances for doubtful accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts balance associated with all of our loans to financial advisors is \$2.7 million and \$2.8 million at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, respectively. Of the December 31, 2013 loans to financial advisors, the portion of the balance associated with financial advisors who are no longer affiliated with us, after consideration of the allowance for doubtful accounts, is approximately \$3.4 million.

### Reclassifications

As more fully described in Note 1 page 104, and Note 28 page 187, of our 2013 Form 10-K, effective September 30, 2013 we implemented changes in our reportable segments. These segment changes had no effect on the historical financial results of operations. Prior period segment balances impacted by this change have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. See Note 23 for presentation of segment information.

Certain other prior period amounts, none of which are material, have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

### **NOTE 3 – ACQUISITIONS**

### Acquisitions during fiscal year 2013

On December 24, 2012, (the "ClariVest Acquisition Date") we completed our acquisition of a 45% interest in ClariVest. On the ClariVest Acquisition Date, we paid approximately \$8.8 million in cash to the sellers for our interest. A computation based upon the actual earnings of ClariVest during the one year period since the ClariVest Acquisition Date has been performed and an estimate of the additional contingent consideration owed to the sellers has been reflected in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

As a result of certain protective rights we have under the operating agreement with ClariVest, we are consolidating ClariVest in our financial statements as of the ClariVest Acquisition Date. In addition, a put and call agreement was entered into on the ClariVest Acquisition Date that provides our Eagle subsidiary with various paths to majority ownership in ClariVest, the timing of which would depend upon the financial results of ClariVest's business and the tenure of existing ClariVest management. The results of operations of ClariVest have been included in our results prospectively since December 24, 2012. For the purposes of certain acquisition related financial reporting requirements, the ClariVest acquisition is not considered to be material to our overall financial condition.

See Note 10 for information regarding the identifiable intangible assets we recorded as a result of the ClariVest acquisition.

### **Acquisition related expense**

Acquisition related expenses are recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income and include certain incremental expenses arising from our acquisitions. Acquisition related expenses in the current period are no longer material for separate disclosure since our integration of Morgan Keegan was substantially complete as of September 30, 2013. In the prior year period, we incurred the following acquisition related expense:

	ree months ended ecember 31, 2012
	(in thousands)
Information systems integration and conversion costs (1)	\$ 12,164
Financial advisory fees	1,176
Occupancy and equipment costs (2)	566
Severance (3)	399
Temporary services	214
Legal	24
Other integration costs	2,839
Total acquisition related expense	\$ 17,382

- (1) Includes equipment costs related to the disposition of information systems equipment, and temporary services incurred specifically related to the information systems conversion.
- (2) Includes lease costs associated with the abandonment of certain facilities resulting from the Morgan Keegan acquisition.
- (3) Represents all costs associated with eliminating positions as a result of the Morgan Keegan acquisition, partially offset by the favorable impact arising from the forfeiture of any unvested accrued benefits.

### NOTE 4 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ASSETS SEGREGATED PURSUANT TO REGULATIONS, AND DEPOSITS WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS

Our cash equivalents include money market funds or highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, other than those used for trading purposes. For discussion of our accounting policies regarding assets segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets, see Note 2 on page 106 of our 2013 Form 10-K.

Our cash and cash equivalents, assets segregated pursuant to regulations or other segregated assets, and deposits with clearing organization balances are as follows:

	De	cember 31, 2013	Sep	tember 30, 2013
		(in thou	(sands	)
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Cash in banks	\$	2,799,832	\$	2,593,890
Money market fund investments		2,120		2,726
Total cash and cash equivalents (1)		2,801,952		2,596,616
Cash segregated pursuant to federal regulations and other segregated assets (2)		2,592,164		4,064,827
Deposits with clearing organizations (3)		127,028		126,405
	\$	5,521,144	\$	6,787,848

- (1) The total amounts presented include cash and cash equivalents of \$1.07 billion and \$1.02 billion as of December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, respectively, which are either held directly by RJF or are otherwise invested by one of our subsidiaries on behalf of RJF, and are available without restrictions.
- (2) Consists of cash maintained in accordance with Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. RJ&A as a broker-dealer carrying client accounts, is subject to requirements related to maintaining cash or qualified securities in segregated reserve accounts for the exclusive benefit of its' clients. Additionally, RJ Ltd. is required to hold client Registered Retirement Savings Plan funds in trust.
- (3) Consists of deposits of cash and cash equivalents or other short-term securities held by other clearing organizations or exchanges.

### NOTE 5 – FAIR VALUE

For a discussion of our valuation methodologies for assets, liabilities measured at fair value, and the fair value hierarchy, see Note 2, pages 107 - 111, in our 2013 Form 10-K.

There have been no material changes to our valuation methodologies since our year ended September 30, 2013.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring and nonrecurring basis are presented below:

December 31, 2013	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) (1)		Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) (1)		Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Netting adjustments <sup>(2)</sup>		nlance as of ecember 31, 2013
A				(in	thousands)			
Assets at fair value on a recurring basis:	•							
Trading instruments:	ф 20	¢.	112 210	φ		¢.	¢.	112 240
Municipal and provincial obligations	\$ 38	\$	113,310	\$	_	\$ —	\$	113,348
Corporate obligations	1,959		61,822		_	_		63,781
Government and agency obligations	7,260		95,883		_	_		103,143
Agency mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") and collateralized mortgage obligations ("CMOs")	2,209		96,446		_	_		98,655
Non-agency CMOs and asset-backed securities ("ABS")	_		6,702		13	_		6,715
Total debt securities	11,466		374,163		13	_		385,642
Derivative contracts	_		83,457		_	(61,464)		21,993
Equity securities	25,930		3,591		35	_		29,556
Other	1,405		10,251		4,199	_		15,855
Total trading instruments	38,801		471,462		4,247	(61,464)		453,046
Available for sale securities:								
Agency MBS and CMOs	_		310,162		_	_		310,162
Non-agency CMOs	_		126,598		46	_		126,644
Other securities	2,151		_		_	_		2,151
Auction rate securities ("ARS"):					(2)			
Municipals	_		_		108,458 (3)	_		108,458
Preferred securities			_		112,122			112,122
Total available for sale securities	2,151		436,760		220,626			659,537
Private equity investments					209,977 (4)			209,977
Other investments (5)	254,840		2,273		1,949	_		259,062
Derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions	_		209,438		_	_		209,438
Other assets			_		15			15
Total assets at fair value on a recurring basis	\$ 295,792	\$	1,119,933	\$	436,814	\$ (61,464)	\$	1,791,075
Assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis: (6)								
Bank loans, net:								
Impaired loans	\$ —	\$	40,520	\$	50,760	\$ —	\$	91,280
Loans held for sale <sup>(7)</sup>			15,330					15,330
Total bank loans, net			55,850		50,760			106,610
Other real estate owned ("OREO")(8)	_		180		_	_		180
Total assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis	\$ —	\$	56,030	\$	50,760	<u>\$</u>	\$	106,790

(continued on next page)

December 31, 2013	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) (1)	in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) (1) (Level 2) (1) (Significant unobservable inputs inputs (Level 3) adjustmen		unobservable inputs (Level 3)		unobservable inputs Nett		ance as of cember 31, 2013
			(contin	ued	from previous page	e)		
Liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis:  Trading instruments sold but not yet purchased:	•		(4333		F	-,		
Municipal and provincial obligations	\$ 584	\$	731	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 1,315
Corporate obligations	12		15,910		_		_	15,922
Government obligations	137,369		_		_		_	137,369
Agency MBS and CMOs	2		_				_	2
Total debt securities	137,967		16,641		_			154,608
Derivative contracts	_		69,348		_		(64,025)	5,323
Equity securities	56,555		67					56,622
Total trading instruments sold but not yet purchased	194,522		86,056		_		(64,025)	216,553
Derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions	_		209,438				_	209,438
Trade and other payables:								
Derivative contracts	_		4,744					4,744
Other liabilities			_		1,417			1,417
Total trade and other payables			4,744		1,417			6,161
Total liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis	\$ 194,522	\$	300,238	\$	1,417	\$	(64,025)	\$ 432,152

- (1) We had no transfers of financial instruments from Level 1 to Level 2 during the three months ended December 31, 2013. We had no transfers of financial instruments from Level 2 to Level 1 during the three months ended December 31, 2013. Our policy is that the end of each respective quarterly reporting period determines when transfers of financial instruments between levels are recognized.
- (2) Where permitted, we have elected to net derivative receivables and derivative payables and the related cash collateral received and paid when a legally enforceable master netting agreement exists (see Note 14 for additional information regarding offsetting financial instruments).
- (3) Includes \$56 million of Jefferson County, Alabama Limited Obligation School Warrants ARS.
- (4) Of the total private equity investments, the weighted-average portion we own is approximately 41%. Effectively, the economics associated with the portions of these investments we do not own become a component of noncontrolling interests on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition, and amounted to approximately \$56 million of the total as of December 31, 2013.
- (5) Other investments include \$189 million of financial instruments that are related to MK & Co.'s obligations to perform under certain of its historic deferred compensation plans (see Note 2 page 119, and Note 23, page 176, of our 2013 Form 10-K for further information regarding these plans).
- (6) Goodwill fair value measurements are classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, which are generally determined using unobservable inputs. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the annual impairment analysis.
- (7) Includes individual loans classified as held for sale, which were recorded at a fair value lower than cost.
- (8) Represents the fair value of foreclosed properties which were measured at a fair value subsequent to their initial classification as OREO. The recorded value in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition is net of the estimated selling costs.
- (9) Primarily comprised of forward commitments to purchase GNMA (as hereinafter defined) MBS arising from our fixed income public finance operations (see Note 16 for additional information regarding these commitments) and to a much lesser extent, other certain commitments.

September 30, 2013	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) (1)		Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) (1)		Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	ad	Netting justments <sup>(2)</sup>		nlance as of otember 30, 2013
Assets at fair value on a recurring basis:				(in	thousands)				
Trading instruments:	•								
Municipal and provincial obligations	\$ 10	\$	202,816	\$	_	\$	_	\$	202,826
Corporate obligations	833	Ψ	59,573	Ψ	<u> </u>	Ψ	_	Ψ	60,406
Government and agency obligations	6,408		106,988		_		_		113,396
Agency MBS and CMOs	155		92,994		<u> </u>		_		93,149
Non-agency CMOs and ABS	_		16,957		14		_		16,971
Total debt securities	7,406	_	479,328	_	14				486,748
Derivative contracts	7,100		89,633		_		(61,524)		28,109
Equity securities	48,749		4,231		35		(01,321)		53,015
Other	1,413		6,464		3,956		_		11,833
Total trading instruments	57,568	_	579,656	_	4,005		(61,524)	_	579,705
Available for sale securities:									
Agency MBS and CMOs	_		326,029		_		_		326,029
Non-agency CMOs	_		128,943		78		_		129,021
Other securities	2,076		_		_		_		2,076
ARS:					(3)				
Municipals	_		_		130,934 (3)		_		130,934
Preferred securities					110,784				110,784
Total available for sale securities	2,076	_	454,972	_	241,796	_		_	698,844
Private equity investments	_		_		216,391		_		216,391
Other investments (5)	241 627		2 279						
	241,627		2,278		4,607				248,512
Derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions	_		250,341		_		_		250,341
Other receivables	_		_		2,778 (6)		_		2,778
Other assets	_		_		15		_		15
Total assets at fair value on a recurring basis	\$ 301,271	\$	1,287,247	\$	469,592	\$	(61,524)	\$	1,996,586
Assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis: (7)					_				
Bank loans, net									
Impaired loans	_		33,187		59,868		_		93,055
Loans held for sale <sup>(8)</sup>	_		28,119		· —		_		28,119
Total bank loans, net	_		61,306		59,868				121,174
OREO <sup>(9)</sup>	_		209		· —		_		209
Total assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis	\$ —	\$	61,515	\$	59,868	\$		\$	121,383
								_	

(continued on next page)

September 30, 2013	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) (1)	 Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) (1)	_	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	ad	Netting justments <sup>(2)</sup>	nlance as of ptember 30, 2013
		(continu	`	from previous page	)		
Liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis:							
Trading instruments sold but not yet purchased:							
Municipal and provincial obligations	\$ 165	\$ 1,612	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	_	\$ 1,777
Corporate obligations	30	9,081		_		_	9,111
Government obligations	169,816	_		_		_	169,816
Agency MBS and CMOs	3,068	_		<u> </u>			3,068
Total debt securities	173,079	10,693					183,772
Derivative contracts	_	74,920		_		(69,279)	5,641
Equity securities	31,151	92				<u> </u>	31,243
Total trading instruments sold but not yet purchased	204,230	85,705		_		(69,279)	220,656
Derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions	_	250,341		_		_	250,341
Trade and other payables:							
Derivative contracts	_	714		_		_	714
Other liabilities		_		60			60
Total trade and other payables		714		60			774
Total liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis	\$ 204,230	\$ 336,760	\$	60	\$	(69,279)	\$ 471,771

- (1) We had \$860 thousand transfers of financial instruments from Level 1 to Level 2 during the year ended September 30, 2013. These transfers were a result of a decrease in availability and reliability of the observable inputs utilized in the respective instruments' fair value measurement. We had \$401 thousand in transfers of financial instruments from Level 2 to Level 1 during the year ended September 30, 2013. These transfers were a result of an increase in availability and reliability of the observable inputs utilized in the respective instruments' fair value measurement. Our policy is that the end of each respective quarterly reporting period determines when transfers of financial instruments between levels are recognized.
- (2) Where permitted, we have elected to net derivative receivables and derivative payables and the related cash collateral received and paid when a legally enforceable master netting agreement exists (see Note 14 for additional information regarding offsetting financial instruments).
- (3) Includes \$54 million of Jefferson County, Alabama Limited Obligation School Warrants ARS and \$25 million of Jefferson County, Alabama Sewer Revenue Refunding Warrants ARS.
- (4) Of the total private equity investments, the weighted-average portion we own is approximately 41%. Effectively, the economics associated with the portions of these investments we do not own become a component of noncontrolling interests on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition, and amounted to approximately \$63 million of the total as of September 30, 2013.
- (5) Other investments include \$176 million of financial instruments that are related to obligations to perform under certain of MK & Co.'s historic deferred compensation plans (see Note 2 page 119, and Note 23, page 176, of our 2013 Form 10-K for further information regarding these plans).
- (6) Primarily comprised of forward commitments to purchase GNMA (as hereinafter defined) MBS arising from our fixed income public finance operations (see Note 20, page 171, of our 2013 Form 10-K for additional information).
- (7) Goodwill fair value measurements are classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, which are generally determined using unobservable inputs. See Note 13, pages 155 157, of our 2013 Form 10-K for additional information regarding the annual impairment analysis and our methods of estimating the fair value of reporting units that have an allocation of goodwill, including the key assumptions.
- (8) Includes individual loans classified as held for sale, which were recorded at a fair value lower than cost.
- (9) Represents the fair value of foreclosed properties which were measured at a fair value subsequent to their initial classification as OREO. The recorded value in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition is net of the estimated selling costs.

### **Index**

The adjustment to fair value of the nonrecurring fair value measures for the three months ended December 31, 2013 resulted in a \$104 thousand reversal of provision for loan losses and \$214 thousand in other losses. The adjustment to fair value of the nonrecurring fair value measures for the three months ended December 31, 2012 resulted in \$1.6 million in additional provision for loan losses and \$114 thousand in other losses.

### Changes in Level 3 recurring fair value measurements

The realized and unrealized gains and losses for assets and liabilities within the Level 3 category presented in the tables below may include changes in fair value that were attributable to both observable and unobservable inputs.

Additional information about Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis is presented below:

Three months ended December 31, 2013 Level 3 assets at fair value (in thousands)

								I	ina	ncial asset	s										lia	nancial ibilities
		Tra	ding i	nstrun	nent	s		Avail	able	for sale se	ecuri	ties	1	Private equity	, oth	er investm	ents a	and other	ass	ets	1	yables- trade and other
	No age CM & AI	ncy Os		uity rities	_ (	Other	age	on- ency MOs		ARS – inicipals	pre	ARS - eferred urities		Private equity vestments		Other restments		Other eivables		ther		Other abilities
Fair value September 30, 2013	\$	14	\$	35	\$	3,956	\$	78	\$	130,934	\$ 1	10,784	\$	216,391	\$	4,607	\$	2,778	\$	15	\$	(60)
Total gains (losses) f period:	for the																					
Included in earnings		_		(1)		(169)		(27)		5,521		_		4,768 (1)		25		(2,778)		_		(1,357)
Included in other comprehensive income		_		_		_		15		(911)		1,338		_		_		_		_		_
Purchases and contributions		_		1		7,263		_		_		_		4,015		63		_		_		_
Sales		_		_		(6,851)		_		(370)		_		(7,076)		(2,698)		_		_		_
Redemptions by issuer		_		_		_		_		(26,716)		_		_		_		_		_		_
Distributions		(1)		_		_		(20)		_		_		(8,121)		(48)		_		_		_
Transfers: (2)																						
Into Level 3		—		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Out of Level 3													_		_				_	_	_	
Fair value December 31, 2013	\$	13	\$	35	\$	4,199	\$	46	\$	108,458	\$ 1	12,122	\$	209,977	\$	1,949	\$		\$	15	\$	(1,417)
Change in unrealized gains (losses) for the period included in earnings (or changes in net assets) for assets held at the end of the reporting period	\$	20	\$	_	\$	(169)	\$	(27)	\$	(911)	\$	1,338	\$	2,277	\$	176	\$	_	\$		\$	(1,357)

- (1) Primarily results from valuation adjustments of certain private equity investments. Since we only own a portion of these investments, our share of the net valuation adjustments resulted in a gain of \$4.4 million which is included in net income attributable to RJF (after noncontrolling interests). The noncontrolling interests' share of the net valuation adjustments was a gain of approximately \$400 thousand.
- (2) Our policy is that the end of each respective quarterly reporting period determines when transfers of financial instruments between levels are recognized.

### Three months ended December 31, 2012 Level 3 assets at fair value (in thousands)

Financial assets													
		Trading	instruments		Availa	and other	Payables- trade and other						
	Municipal & provincial obligations	Non- agency CMOs & ABS	Equity securities	Other	Non- agency CMOs	ARS – municipals	ARS - preferred securities	Private equity investments	Other investments	Other liabilities			
Fair value September 30, 2012	\$ 553	\$ 29	\$ 6	\$ 5,850	\$ 249	\$ 123,559	\$ 110,193	\$ 336,927	\$ 4,092	\$ (98)			
Total gains (losses)	for the period:												
Included in earnings	_	(8)	5	(31)	(335)	23	1,164	3,388 (1)	36	_			
Included in other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	223	9,961	1,606	_	_	_			
Purchases, and contributions	_	_	44	1,273	_	_	25	3,593	_	_			
Sales	(553)	) —	(36)	(3)	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Redemptions by issuer	_	_	_	_	_	(225)	(8,012)	_	_	_			
Distributions	_	(3)	_	(638)	(12)	_	_	(14,141)	(5)	_			
Transfers: (2)													
Into Level 3	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Out of Level 3	_				_					_			
Fair value December 31, 2012	<u> </u>	\$ 18	\$ 19	\$ 6,451	\$ 125	\$ 133,318	\$ 104,976	\$ 329,767	\$ 4,123	\$ (98)			
Change in unrealized gains (losses) for the period included in earnings (or changes in net assets) for assets held at the end of the reporting period	s —	\$ 18	\$ 3	\$ (31)	\$ (335)	\$ 9,961	\$ 1,606	\$ 3,388 (1)	\$ 76	s —			

- (1) Primarily results from valuation adjustments of certain private equity investments. Since we only own a portion of these investments, our share of the net valuation adjustments resulted in a gain of \$1.8 million which is included in net income attributable to RJF (after noncontrolling interests). The noncontrolling interests' share of the net valuation adjustments was a gain of approximately \$1.6 million.
- (2) Our policy is that the end of each respective quarterly reporting period determines when transfers of financial instruments between levels are recognized.

As of December 31, 2013, 8.2% of our assets and 2% of our liabilities are instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis categorized as Level 3 as of December 31, 2013 represent 24.4% of our assets measured at fair value. In comparison, as of December 31, 2012, 11.7% and 3.4% of our assets and liabilities, respectively, represented instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis categorized as Level 3 as of December 31, 2012 represented 22.3% of our assets measured at fair value. The balances of our level 3 assets have decreased compared to December 31, 2012 primarily as a result of an April 2013 sale of Albion Medical Holdings, Inc., which was one of our indirect investments within our private equity portfolio, and the sale or redemption of a portion of our ARS portfolio, partially offset by valuation increases in the private equity portfolio. Level 3 instruments as a percentage of total financial instruments increased by 2% as compared to December 31, 2012. Total financial instruments at December 31, 2013, primarily trading instruments, derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions, and other investments which are not level 3 financial instruments have decreased as compared to both September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, impacting the calculation of Level 3 assets as a percentage of total financial instruments.

### <u>Index</u>

Gains and losses included in earnings are presented in net trading profit and other revenues in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income as follows:

For the three months ended December 31, 2013	trading rofit	Other revenues
	 (in thousar	ids)
Total (losses) gains included in revenues	\$ (170) \$	6,152
Change in unrealized (losses) gains for assets held at the end of the reporting period	\$ (149) \$	1,496

For the three months ended December 31, 2012	rading ofit		her nues
	(in thou	sands)	
Total (losses) gains included in revenues	\$ (34)	\$	4,276
Change in unrealized (losses) gains for assets held at the end of the reporting period	\$ (10)	\$	14,696

### Quantitative information about level 3 fair value measurements

The significant assumptions used in the valuation of level 3 financial instruments are as follows (the table that follows includes the significant majority of the financial instruments we hold that are classified as level 3 measures):

Fair value at December 31, Level 3 financial 2013 (in thousands)		Valuation technique(s)	Unobservable input	Range (weighted-average)	
Recurring measureme	ents:				
Available for sale secur ARS:	rities:				
Municipals	\$	108,458	Discounted cash flow	Average discount rate <sup>(a)</sup>	3.17% - 9.12% (6.60%)
				Average interest rates applicable to future interest income on the securities <sup>(b)</sup>	0.84% - 7.94% (3.89%)
				Prepayment year <sup>(c)</sup>	2016 - 2023 (2020)
Preferred securities	\$	112,122	Discounted cash flow	Average discount rate <sup>(a)</sup>	3.12% - 5.18% (4.34%)
				Average interest rates applicable to future interest income on the securities <sup>(b)</sup>	1.51% - 2.79% (2.09%)
				Prepayment year <sup>(c)</sup>	2014 - 2018 (2018)
Private equity investments:	\$	37,849	Income or market approach:		
			Scenario 1 - income approach - discounted cash flow	Discount rate <sup>(a)</sup>	14% - 15% (14%)
				Terminal growth rate of cash flows	3% - 3% (3%)
				Terminal year	2014 - 2015 (2014)
			Scenario 2 - market approach - market multiple method	EBITDA Multiple <sup>(d)</sup>	4.75 - 7.00 (5.39)
				Projected EBITDA growth <sup>(e)</sup>	16.3% - 16.3% (16.3%)
				Weighting assigned to outcome of scenario 1/ scenario 2	86%/14%
	\$	172,128	Transaction price or other investment-specific events <sup>(f)</sup>	Not meaningful <sup>(f)</sup>	Not meaningful <sup>(f)</sup>
Nonrecurring measurements:					
Impaired loans: residential	\$	25,693	Discounted cash flow	Prepayment rate	0 - 12 yrs. (7.99 yrs.)
Impaired loans: corporate	\$	25,067	Appraisal, discounted cash flow, or distressed enterprise value <sup>(g)</sup>	Not meaningful <sup>(g)</sup>	Not meaningful <sup>(g)</sup>

The text of the footnotes in the above table are on the following page.

The text of the footnotes to the table on the previous page are as follows:

- (a) Represents discount rates used when we have determined that market participants would take these discounts into account when pricing the investments.
- (b) Future interest rates are projected based upon a forward interest rate curve, plus a spread over such projected base rate that is applicable to each future period for each security within this portfolio segment. The interest rates presented represent the average interest rate over all projected periods for securities within the portfolio segment.
- (c) Assumed year of at least a partial redemption of the outstanding security by the issuer.
- (d) Represents amounts used when we have determined that market participants would use such multiples when pricing the investments.
- (e) Represents the projected growth in earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") utilized in the valuation as compared to the prior periods reported EBITDA.
- (f) Certain direct private equity investments are valued initially at the transaction price until either our annual review, significant transactions occur, new developments become known, or we receive information from the fund manager that allows us to update our proportionate share of net assets, when any of which indicate that a change in the carrying values of these investments is appropriate.
- (g) The valuation techniques used for the impaired corporate loan portfolio as of December 31, 2013 were appraisals less selling costs for the collateral dependent loans, and either discounted cash flows or distressed enterprise value for the remaining impaired loans that are not collateral dependent.

### Qualitative disclosure about unobservable inputs

For our recurring fair value measurements categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, the sensitivity of the fair value measurement to changes in significant unobservable inputs and interrelationships between those unobservable inputs are described below:

### Auction rate securities:

One of the significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of auction rate securities presented within our available for sale securities portfolio relates to judgments regarding whether the level of observable trading activity is sufficient to conclude markets are active. Where insufficient levels of trading activity are determined to exist as of the reporting date, then management's assessment of how much weight to apply to trading prices in inactive markets versus management's own valuation models could significantly impact the valuation conclusion. The valuation of the securities impacted by changes in management's assessment of market activity levels could be either higher or lower, depending upon the relationship of the inactive trading prices compared to the outcome of management's internal valuation models.

The future interest rate and maturity assumptions impacting the valuation of the auction rate securities are directly related. As short-term interest rates rise, due to the variable nature of the penalty interest rate provisions embedded in most of these securities in the event auctions fail to set the security's interest rate, then a penalty rate that is specified in the security increases. These penalty rates are based upon a stated interest rate spread over what is typically a short-term base interest rate index. Management estimates that at some level of increase in short-term interest rates, issuers of the securities will have the economic incentive to refinance (and thus prepay) the securities. Therefore, the short-term interest rate assumption directly impacts the input related to the timing of any projected prepayment. The faster and steeper short-term interest rates rise, the earlier prepayments will likely occur and the higher the fair value of the security.

### Private equity investments:

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of private equity investments relate to the financial performance of the investment entity and the market's required return on investments from entities in industries in which we hold investments. Significant increases (or decreases) in our investment entities' future economic performance will have a directly proportional impact on the valuation results. The value of our investment moves inversely with the market's expectation of returns from such investments. Should the market require higher returns from industries in which we are invested, all other factors held constant, our investments will decrease in value. Should the market accept lower returns from industries in which we are invested, all other factors held constant, our investments will increase in value.

### **Index**

### Fair value option

The fair value option is an accounting election that allows the reporting entity to apply fair value accounting for certain financial assets and liabilities on an instrument by instrument basis. As of December 31, 2013, we have elected not to choose the fair value option for any of our financial assets or liabilities not already recorded at fair value.

### Other fair value disclosures

Many, but not all, of the financial instruments we hold are recorded at fair value in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. Refer to Note 5, pages 136 - 137, of our 2013 Form 10-K for discussion of the methods and assumptions we apply to the determination of fair value of our financial instruments that are not otherwise recorded at fair value.

The estimated fair values by level within the fair value hierarchy and the carrying amounts of our financial instruments that are not carried at fair value are as follows:

	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)			Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)		Significant nobservable inputs (Level 3)	tal estimated fair value	Carrying amount
December 31, 2013					(iı	n thousands)		
Financial assets:								
Bank loans, net <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	_	\$	79,633	\$	9,067,928	\$ 9,147,561	\$ 9,206,151
Financial liabilities:								
Bank deposits	\$	_	\$	9,682,359	\$	328,146	\$ 10,010,505	\$ 10,005,438
Other borrowings	\$	_	\$	78,767	\$	_	\$ 78,767	\$ 78,767
Corporate debt	\$	350,000	\$	945,394	\$	_	\$ 1,295,394	\$ 1,193,610
September 30, 2013								
Financial assets:								
Bank loans, net(1)	\$	_	\$	83,012	\$	8,614,755	\$ 8,697,767	\$ 8,700,027
Financial liabilities:								
Bank deposits	\$	_	\$	8,981,996	\$	320,196	\$ 9,302,192	\$ 9,295,371
Other borrowings	\$	_	\$	84,076	\$	_	\$ 84,076	\$ 84,706
Corporate debt	\$	352,520	\$	951,628	\$	_	\$ 1,304,148	\$ 1,194,508

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes all impaired loans and loans held for sale which have been recorded at fair value in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, respectively.

### NOTE 6 - TRADING INSTRUMENTS AND TRADING INSTRUMENTS SOLD BUT NOT YET PURCHASED

	 Decembe	r 31	1, 2013	 Septembe	r 30,	0, 2013	
	Trading struments		Instruments sold but not yet purchased	Trading instruments	SC	struments old but not t purchased	
Municipal and provincial obligations	\$ 113,348	\$	1,315	\$ 202,826	\$	1,777	
Corporate obligations	63,781		15,922	60,406		9,111	
Government and agency obligations	103,143		137,369	113,396		169,816	
Agency MBS and CMOs	98,655		2	93,149		3,068	
Non-agency CMOs and ABS	6,715		_	16,971		_	
Total debt securities	385,642		154,608	486,748		183,772	
Derivative contracts (1)	21,993		5,323	28,109		5,641	
Equity securities	29,556		56,622	53,015		31,243	
Other	15,855		_	11,833		_	
Total	\$ 453,046	\$	216,553	\$ 579,705	\$	220,656	

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the derivative contracts held for trading purposes. These balances do not include all derivative instruments since the derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions are included on their own line item on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. See Note 13 for further information regarding all of our derivative transactions, and see Note 14 for additional information regarding offsetting financial instruments.

See Note 5 for additional information regarding the fair value of trading instruments and trading instruments sold but not yet purchased.

### NOTE 7 – AVAILABLE FOR SALE SECURITIES

Available for sale securities are comprised of MBS and CMOs owned by RJ Bank and ARS owned by one of our non-broker-dealer subsidiaries. Refer to the discussion of our available for sale securities accounting policies, including the fair value determination process, on Note 2 pages 108 - 110 in our 2013 Form 10-K.

During the three months ended December 31, 2013, certain ARS were redeemed by their issuer or sold in market transactions. Altogether, such transactions resulted in proceeds of \$27.1 million and a gain of \$5.5 million in three months ended December 31, 2013 which is recorded in other revenues on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income. During the three month period ended December 31, 2012, ARS with an aggregate par value of approximately \$8.2 million were redeemed by their issuer at par, or sold at amounts approximating their par value pursuant to tender offers, resulting in a gain of \$1.2 million which is recorded in other revenues on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income.

The amortized cost and fair values of available for sale securities are as follows:

	C	ost basis	Gross unrealized gains			Gross unrealized losses	Fair value
				(in tho	ısaı	nds)	
<u>December 31, 2013</u>							
Available for sale securities:							
Agency MBS and CMOs	\$	311,636	\$	628	\$	(2,102)	\$ 310,162
Non-agency CMOs (1)		137,884		13		(11,253)	126,644
Other securities		1,575		576		<u> </u>	2,151
Total RJ Bank available for sale securities		451,095		1,217		(13,355)	438,957
Auction rate securities:							
Municipal obligations		103,806		5,704		(1,052)	108,458
Preferred securities		104,808		7,314			112,122
Total auction rate securities		208,614		13,018		(1,052)	220,580
Total available for sale securities	\$	659,709	\$	14,235	\$	(14,407)	\$ 659,537
<b>September 30, 2013</b>							
Available for sale securities:							
Agency MBS and CMOs	\$	326,858	\$	707	\$	(1,536)	\$ 326,029
Non-agency CMOs (2)		142,169		4		(13,152)	129,021
Other securities		1,575		501		_	2,076
Total RJ Bank available for sale securities		470,602		1,212		(14,688)	457,126
Auction rate securities:							
Municipal obligations		125,371		6,831		(1,268)	130,934
Preferred securities		104,808		5,976		_	110,784
Total auction rate securities		230,179		12,807		(1,268)	241,718
Total available for sale securities	\$	700,781	\$	14,019	\$	(15,956)	\$ 698,844

<sup>(1)</sup> As of December 31, 2013, the non-credit portion of other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") recorded in AOCI was \$9.5 million (before taxes).

See Note 5 for additional information regarding the fair value of available for sale securities.

<sup>(2)</sup> As of September 30, 2013, the non-credit portion of OTTI recorded in AOCI was \$11.1 million (before taxes).

The contractual maturities, amortized cost, carrying values and current yields for our available for sale securities are as presented below. Since RJ Bank's available for sale securities are backed by mortgages, actual maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to prepay obligations without prepayment penalties. Expected maturities of ARS may differ significantly from contractual maturities, as issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	Within	one year		ter one but vithin five years	v	ter five but vithin ten years	After ten years			Total
A TOTAL MDS & CMOT					(\$ ir	n thousands)				
Agency MBS & CMOs: Amortized cost	¢		\$	11,233	\$	52.045	<b>C</b>	240 250	\$	211 626
	\$	_	Э	11,233	Э	52,043	\$	248,358 246,751	Э	311,636
Carrying value		_		0.31%		0.44%		1.10%		310,162 0.96%
Weighted-average yield		_		0.31%		0.44%		1.10%		0.96%
Non-agency CMOs:										
Amortized cost	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	137,884	\$	137,884
Carrying value		_		_		_		126,644		126,644
Weighted-average yield		_		_		_		2.58%		2.58%
Other securities:										
Amortized cost	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,575	\$	1,575
Carrying value	Ф	<del>_</del>	Ф	<del></del>	Ф	<del>-</del>	Ф	2,151	Ф	2,151
Weighted-average yield						<u>—</u>		2,131		2,131
weighted-average yield		_		_		<u>—</u>		<u> </u>		_
Sub-total agency MBS & CMOs	s, non-agenc	v CMOs, a	nd otl	her securities:						
Amortized cost	\$		\$	11,233	\$	52,045	\$	387,817	\$	451,095
Carrying value		_		11,257		52,154		375,546		438,957
Weighted-average yield		_		0.31%		0.44%		1.59%		1.42%
Auction rate securities:										
Municipal obligations										
Amortized cost	\$	_	\$	1,925	\$	3,659	\$	98,222	\$	103,806
Carrying value	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,965	Ψ	3,801	Ψ	102,692	Ψ	108,458
Weighted-average yield		_		0.20%		0.26%		0.43%		0.42%
8										
Preferred securities:										
Amortized cost	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	104,808	\$	104,808
Carrying value		_		_		_		112,122		112,122
Weighted-average yield		_		_		_		0.23%		0.23%
Sub-total auction rate securiti	es:									
Amortized cost	\$	_	\$	1,925	\$	3,659	\$	203,030	\$	208,614
Carrying value		_		1,965		3,801		214,814		220,580
Weighted-average yield		_		0.20%		0.26%		0.33%		0.33%
Total available for sale securities:	:									
Amortized cost	\$	_	\$	13,158	\$	55,704	\$	590,847	\$	659,709
Carrying value		_		13,222		55,955		590,360		659,537
Weighted-average yield		_		0.29%		0.43%		1.14%		1.06%

The gross unrealized losses and fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time the individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, are as follows:

	 December 31, 2013												
	Less than	nonths		12 month	IS (	or more	Total						
	stimated iir value	Ţ	Unrealized losses		Estimated fair value		Unrealized losses		Estimated fair value		Unrealized losses		
					(in tho	us	ands)						
Agency MBS and CMOs	\$ 153,116	\$	(1,576)	\$	21,674	\$	(526)	\$	174,790	\$	(2,102)		
Non-agency CMOs	5,560		(422)		115,995		(10,831)		121,555		(11,253)		
ARS municipal obligations	 2,763		(276)		18,439		(776)		21,202		(1,052)		
Total	\$ 161,439	\$	(2,274)	\$	156,108	\$	(12,133)	\$	317,547	\$	(14,407)		

 September 30, 2013												
Less than	12 r	nonths		12 month	s oı	more	Total					
	Ţ	Unrealized losses		Estimated fair value		Unrealized losses		Estimated fair value		Unrealized losses		
				(in tho	usai	nds)						
\$ 157,580	\$	(1,150)	\$	22,940	\$	(386)	\$	180,520	\$	(1,536)		
4,906		(556)		123,139		(12,596)		128,045		(13,152)		
771		(100)		19,747		(1,168)		20,518		(1,268)		
\$ 163,257	\$	(1,806)	\$	165,826	\$	(14,150)	\$	329,083	\$	(15,956)		
f	Estimated fair value  \$ 157,580	Estimated fair value  \$ 157,580 \$ 4,906	fair value         losses           \$ 157,580         \$ (1,150)           4,906         (556)           771         (100)	Estimated fair value         Unrealized losses           \$ 157,580         \$ (1,150)           4,906         (556)           771         (100)	Less than 12 months         12 month           Estimated fair value         Unrealized losses         Estimated fair value           \$ 157,580         \$ (1,150)         \$ 22,940           4,906         (556)         123,139           771         (100)         19,747	Less than 12 months         12 months of Estimated fair value           Estimated fair value         Unrealized losses         Estimated fair value           \$ 157,580         \$ (1,150)         \$ 22,940         \$ 4,906         \$ 123,139           771         (100)         19,747         \$ 19,747         \$ 19,747         \$ 19,747	Less than 12 months         12 months or more           Estimated fair value         Unrealized losses         Estimated fair value         Unrealized losses           (in thousands)           \$ 157,580         \$ (1,150)         \$ 22,940         \$ (386)           4,906         (556)         123,139         (12,596)           771         (100)         19,747         (1,168)	Less than 12 months         12 months or more           Estimated fair value         Unrealized losses         Estimated fair value         Unrealized losses           \$ 157,580         \$ (1,150)         \$ 22,940         \$ (386)           4,906         (556)         123,139         (12,596)           771         (100)         19,747         (1,168)	Less than 12 months         12 months or more         To Estimated fair value         Unrealized fair value         Estimated fair value         Unrealized fair value         Estimated fair value           (in thousands)           \$ 157,580         \$ (1,150)         \$ 22,940         \$ (386)         \$ 180,520           4,906         (556)         123,139         (12,596)         128,045           771         (100)         19,747         (1,168)         20,518	Less than 12 months         12 months or more         Total           Estimated fair value         Unrealized fair value         Estimated fair value         Unrealized fair value         Estimated fair value           (in thousands)           \$ 157,580         \$ (1,150)         \$ 22,940         \$ (386)         \$ 180,520         \$ 4,906         \$ (556)         123,139         (12,596)         128,045         \$ 771         (100)         19,747         (1,168)         20,518         \$ 20,518         \$ 20,518         \$ 20,518         \$ 22,518         \$ 23,518         \$ 20,518		

The reference point for determining when securities are in a loss position is the reporting period end. As such, it is possible that a security had a fair value that exceeded its amortized cost on other days during the period.

### Agency MBS and CMOs

The Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA"), the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC"), as well as the Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA"), guarantee the contractual cash flows of the agency MBS and CMOs. At December 31, 2013, of the 35 of our U.S. government-sponsored enterprise MBS and CMOs in an unrealized loss position, 23 were in a continuous unrealized loss position for less than 12 months and 12 were for 12 months or more. We do not consider these securities other-than-temporarily impaired due to the guarantee provided by FNMA, FHLMC, and GNMA as to the full payment of principal and interest, and the fact that we have the ability and intent to hold these securities to maturity.

### **Non-agency CMOs**

All individual non-agency securities are evaluated for OTTI on a quarterly basis. Only those non-agency CMOs whose amortized cost basis we do not expect to recover in full are considered to be other than temporarily impaired as we have the ability and intent to hold these securities to maturity. To assess whether the amortized cost basis of non-agency CMOs will be recovered, RJ Bank performs a cash flow analysis for each security. This comprehensive process considers borrower characteristics and the particular attributes of the loans underlying each security. Loan level analysis includes a review of historical default rates, loss severities, liquidations, prepayment speeds and delinquency trends. In addition to historical details, home prices and the economic outlook are considered to derive the assumptions utilized in the discounted cash flow model to project security specific cash flows, which factors in the amount of credit enhancement specific to the security. The difference between the present value of the cash flows expected and the amortized cost basis is the credit loss and is recorded as OTTI.

The significant assumptions used in the cash flow analysis of non-agency CMOs are as follows:

	December	31, 2013
	Range	Weighted- average (1)
Default rate	0% - 29.8%	8.84%
Loss severity	0% - 77.1%	42.47%
Prepayment rate	1.5% - 45.7%	9.50%

(1) Represents the expected activity for the next twelve months.

At December 31, 2013, 24 of the 25 non-agency CMOs were in a continuous unrealized loss position; 21 of which were in that position for 12 months or more and three were in a continuous unrealized loss position for less than 12 months. Based on the expected cash flows derived from the model utilized in our analysis, we expect to recover all unrealized losses not already recorded in earnings on our non-agency CMOs. However, it is possible that the underlying loan collateral of these securities will perform worse than current expectations, which may lead to adverse changes in the cash flows expected to be collected on these securities and potential future OTTI losses. As residential mortgage loans are the underlying collateral of these securities, the unrealized losses at December 31, 2013 reflect the uncertainty in the markets for these instruments.

### **ARS**

Our cost basis in the ARS we hold is the fair value of the securities in the period in which we acquired them. Only those ARS whose amortized cost basis we do not expect to recover in full are considered to be other-than-temporarily impaired as we have the ability and intent to hold these securities to maturity.

Within our municipal ARS holdings, we hold Jefferson County, Alabama Limited Obligation School Warrants ARS ("Jeff Co. Schools ARS"). As of September 30, 2013, we also held Jefferson County, Alabama Sewer Revenue Refunding Warrants ARS ("Jeff Co. Sewers ARS"). During the three months ended December 31, 2013, the Jefferson County, Alabama voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 9 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Alabama was resolved. As a result of the resolution of this matter, Jefferson County redeemed the Jeff Co. Sewers ARS. We received \$26.5 million in proceeds from the redemption and realized a \$5.5 million gain during the three months ended December 31, 2013 which is a component of other revenues on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income. The Jeff Co. Schools ARS were not impacted by the resolution of the Jefferson County, Alabama bankruptcy matter and therefore remain in our ARS portfolio as of December 31, 2013.

Within our ARS preferred securities, we analyze the credit ratings associated with each security as an indicator of potential credit impairment. As of December 31, 2013 and including subsequent ratings changes, all of the ARS preferred securities were rated investment grade by at least one rating agency.

### Other-than-temporarily impaired securities

Although there is no intent to sell either our ARS or our non-agency CMOs and it is not more likely than not that we will be required to sell these securities, we do not expect to recover the entire amortized cost basis of certain securities within these portfolios.

Changes in the amount of OTTI related to credit losses recognized in other revenues on available for sale securities are as follows:

	Thre	Three months ended December 2013 2012				
		2013	2012			
		(in tho	usands	)		
Amount related to credit losses on securities we held at the beginning of the period	\$	28,217	\$	27,581		
Additional increases to the amount related to credit loss for which an OTTI was previously recognized		27		385		
Amount related to credit losses on securities we held at the end of the period	\$	28,244	\$	27,966		

### NOTE 8 – BANK LOANS, NET

Bank client receivables are comprised of loans originated or purchased by RJ Bank and include commercial and industrial ("C&I") loans, commercial and residential real estate loans, as well as consumer loans. These receivables are collateralized by first or second mortgages on residential or other real property, other assets of the borrower, or are unsecured.

For a discussion of our accounting policies regarding bank loans and allowances for losses, including the policies regarding loans held for investment, loans held for sale, off-balance sheet loan commitments, nonperforming assets, troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs"), impaired loans, the allowance for loan losses and reserve for unfunded lending commitments, and loan charge-off policies, see Note 2 pages 112 – 116 in our 2013 Form 10-K.

We segregate our loan portfolio into five loan portfolio segments: C&I, commercial real estate ("CRE"), CRE construction, residential mortgage and consumer. These portfolio segments also serve as the portfolio loan classes for purposes of credit analysis, except for residential mortgage loans which are further disaggregated into residential first mortgage and residential home equity classes.

The following table presents the balances for both the held for sale and held for investment loan portfolios as well as the associated percentage of each portfolio segment in RJ Bank's total loan portfolio:

	J	December 31,	2013	September 30,	2013
		Balance	%	Balance	%
			(\$ in tho	ousands)	
Loans held for sale, net <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	95,219	1%	\$ 110,292	1%
Loans held for investment:					
Domestic:					
C&I loans		4,620,206	49%	4,439,668	50%
CRE construction loans		55,352	1%	38,964	_
CRE loans		1,141,956	12%	1,075,986	12%
Residential mortgage loans		1,763,413	19%	1,743,787	20%
Consumer loans		665,621	7%	554,210	6%
Foreign:					
C&I loans		898,101	9%	806,337	9%
CRE construction loans		42,714	_	21,876	_
CRE loans		206,662	2%	207,060	2%
Residential mortgage loans		1,854	_	1,863	_
Consumer loans		1,740	_	1,595	_
Total loans held for investment		9,397,619		8,891,346	
Net unearned income and deferred expenses		(41,952)		(43,936)	
Total loans held for investment, net <sup>(1)</sup>		9,355,667		8,847,410	
Total loans held for sale and investment		9,450,886	100%	8,957,702	100%
Allowance for loan losses		(138,124)		(136,501)	
Bank loans, net	\$	9,312,762		\$ 8,821,201	

Net of unearned income and deferred expenses, which includes purchase premiums, purchase discounts, and net deferred origination fees and
costs.

RJ Bank originated or purchased \$292.9 million and \$381.7 million of loans held for sale during the three months ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. There were proceeds from the sale of held for sale loans of \$59.8 million and \$60.4 million for the three months ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, resulting in net gains of \$83 thousand and \$1.2 million, respectively. Unrealized losses recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income to reflect the loans held for sale at the lower of cost or market value were \$95 thousand and \$114 thousand for the three months ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The following table presents purchases and sales of any loans held for investment by portfolio segment:

		Thr	ee n	nonths en	ded 1	December	31,				
		20	13		2012						
	P	urchases		Sales	Pι	ırchases		Sales			
				ds)							
C&I loans	\$	127,330	\$	60,973	\$	39,273	\$	16,539			
Residential mortgage loans		27,595		_		2,410		_			
Total	\$	154,925	\$	60,973	\$	41,683	\$	16,539			

The following table presents the comparative data for nonperforming loans held for investment and total nonperforming assets:

	Decem	ber 31, 2013	Septe	mber 30, 2013
		(\$ in tho	usands	s)
Nonaccrual loans:				
C&I loans	\$	_	\$	89
CRE loans		25,068		25,512
Residential mortgage loans:				
First mortgage loans		72,168		75,889
Home equity loans/lines		387		468
Total nonaccrual loans		97,623		101,958
Real estate owned and other repossessed assets, net:				
Residential first mortgage		2,863		2,434
Total nonperforming assets, net	\$	100,486	\$	104,392
Total nonperforming assets, net as a % of RJ Bank total assets		0.89%		0.99%

The table of nonperforming assets above excludes \$10.8 million and \$10.2 million, as of December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, respectively, of residential TDRs which were returned to accrual status in accordance with our policy. There are no accruing loans which are 90 days past due as of December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013.

As of December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, RJ Bank had no outstanding commitments on nonperforming loans.

The gross interest income related to the nonperforming loans reflected in the previous table, which would have been recorded had these loans been current in accordance with their original terms, totaled \$887 thousand and \$1.2 million for the three months ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The interest income recognized on nonperforming loans was \$569 thousand and \$424 thousand for the three months ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The following table presents an analysis of the payment status of loans held for investment:

	30-59 days			60-89 days		90 days or more		Total past due	(	Current <sup>(1)</sup>	Total loans held for investment (2)		
				(in thousands)									
<b>As of December 31, 2013:</b>													
C&I loans	\$	132	\$	_	\$		\$	132	\$	5,518,175	\$	5,518,307	
CRE construction loans		_		_		_		_		98,066		98,066	
CRE loans				_		10,337		10,337		1,338,281		1,348,618	
Residential mortgage loans:													
First mortgage loans		4,055		3,246		41,591		48,892		1,692,195		1,741,087	
Home equity loans/lines		23		16		371		410		23,770		24,180	
Consumer loans										667,361		667,361	
Total loans held for investment, net	\$	4,210	\$	3,262	\$	52,299	\$	59,771	\$	9,337,848	\$	9,397,619	
												_	
As of September 30, 2013:													
C&I loans	\$	135	\$	_	\$		\$	135	\$	5,245,870	\$	5,246,005	
CRE construction loans		_		_		_		_		60,840		60,840	
CRE loans		_		_		17		17		1,283,029		1,283,046	
Residential mortgage loans:													
First mortgage loans		4,756		2,068		43,004		49,828		1,673,619		1,723,447	
Home equity loans/lines		_		_		372		372		21,831		22,203	
Consumer loans		_		_		_		_		555,805		555,805	
Total loans held for investment, net	\$	4,891	\$	2,068	\$	43,393	\$	50,352	\$	8,840,994	\$	8,891,346	

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$42.4 million and \$55.5 million of nonaccrual loans at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, respectively, which are performing pursuant to their contractual terms.

The following table provides a summary of RJ Bank's impaired loans:

		De	cember 31, 201	13		<b>September 30, 2013</b>							
	Gross recorded investment		Unpaid principal balance		Allowance for losses		Gross recorded nvestment	pri	npaid incipal ilance		lowance or losses		
					(in thou	usan	ds)						
Impaired loans with allowance for loan loss	ses: <sup>(1)</sup>												
C&I loans	\$ -	- :	\$ —	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_		
CRE loans	1	7	26		1		17		26		1		
Residential mortgage loans:													
First mortgage loans	50,60	6	73,469		6,404		52,624		77,240		6,646		
Home equity loans/lines	3	6	74		4		36		74		4		
Total	50,65	9	73,569		6,409		52,677		77,340		6,651		
Impaired loans without allowance for loan l	losses:(2)												
C&I loans	-	-	_		_		89		94		_		
CRE loans	25,05	1	45,054		_		25,495		45,229		_		
Residential - first mortgage loans	21,97	9	33,734		<u> </u>		21,445		32,617		_		
Total	47,03	0	78,788				47,029		77,940				
Total impaired loans	\$ 97,68	9	\$ 152,357	\$	6,409	\$	99,706	\$	155,280	\$	6,651		

<sup>(1)</sup> Impaired loan balances have had reserves established based upon management's analysis.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes any net unearned income and deferred expenses.

<sup>(2)</sup> When the discounted cash flow, collateral value or market value equals or exceeds the carrying value of the loan, then the loan does not require an allowance. These are generally loans in process of foreclosure that have already been adjusted to fair value.

The preceding table includes \$2.1 million CRE, and \$37.6 million residential first mortgage TDR's at December 31, 2013, and \$2.2 million CRE and \$36.6 million residential first mortgage TDR's at September 30, 2013.

The average balance of the total impaired loans and the related interest income recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income are as follows:

Three months ended December 31,								
	2013		2012					
	(in tho	usands	s)					
\$	59	\$	19,250					
	25,195		8,276					
	72,359		80,991					
	36		128					
\$	97,649	\$	108,645					
_								
\$	626	\$	326					
	_		1					
\$	626	\$	327					
	\$	\$ 59 25,195 72,359 36 \$ 97,649	\$ 59 \$ 25,195 \$ 72,359 \$ 36 \$ 97,649 \$ \$ 626 \$ —					

During the three months ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, RJ Bank granted concessions to borrowers having financial difficulties, for which the resulting modification was deemed a TDR. All of the concessions granted for first mortgage residential loans were generally interest rate reductions, interest capitalization, principal forbearance, amortization and maturity date extensions, or release of liability ordered under chapter 7 bankruptcy not reaffirmed by the borrower. The table below presents the TDRs that occurred during the respective periods presented:

	Number of contracts	0	Pre- nodification utstanding recorded nvestment	•	Post- modification outstanding recorded investment
		(\$ i	n thousands)		
Three months ended December 31, 2013					
Residential – first mortgage loans	8	\$	1,885	\$	1,997
Three months ended December 31, 2012					
Residential – first mortgage loans	47	\$	16,123	\$	16,071

During the three months ended December 31, 2013, there were no residential first mortgage TDRs for which there was a payment default and for which the respective loan was modified as a TDR within the 12 months prior to the default. At December 31, 2012 there were two residential first mortgage TDRs with a recorded investment of \$291 thousand, for which there was a payment default and for which the respective loan was modified as a TDR within the 12 months prior to the default.

As of December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, RJ Bank had no outstanding commitments on TDRs.

The credit quality of RJ Bank's loan portfolio is summarized monthly by management using the standard asset classification system utilized by bank regulators for the residential mortgage and consumer loan portfolios and internal risk ratings, which correspond to the same standard asset classifications for the C&I, CRE construction, and CRE loan portfolios. These classifications are divided into three groups: Not Classified (Pass), Special Mention, and Classified or Adverse Rating (Substandard, Doubtful and Loss) and are defined as follows:

<u>Pass</u> – Loans which are well protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor (or guarantors, if any) or by the fair value, less costs to acquire and sell, of any underlying collateral in a timely manner.

<u>Special Mention</u> – Loans which have potential weaknesses that deserve management's close attention. These loans are not adversely classified and do not expose RJ Bank to sufficient risk to warrant an adverse classification.

<u>Substandard</u> – Loans which are inadequately protected by the current sound worth and paying capacity of the obligor or by the collateral pledged, if any. Loans with this classification are characterized by the distinct possibility that RJ Bank will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

<u>Doubtful</u> – Loans which have all the weaknesses inherent in loans classified as substandard with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full highly questionable and improbable on the basis of currently known facts, conditions and values.

<u>Loss</u> – Loans which are considered by management to be uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance on RJ Bank's books as an asset, without establishment of a specific valuation allowance or charge-off, is not warranted. RJ Bank does not have any loan balances within this classification as in accordance with its accounting policy, loans, or a portion thereof considered to be uncollectible, are charged-off prior to the assignment of this classification.

RJ Bank's credit quality of its held for investment loan portfolio is as follows:

							Residentia	l m	ortgage			
	C&I	CRE construction		CRE		First mortgage		Home equity		Consumer		Total
						(in thousands)						
<b>December 31, 2013</b>												
Pass	\$ 5,328,633	\$	98,066	\$	1,323,155	\$	1,645,922	\$	23,778	\$	667,361	\$ 9,086,915
Special mention (1)	121,729		_		193		20,263		15		_	142,200
Substandard (1)	67,945		_		23,128		74,902		387		_	166,362
Doubtful (1)	_		_		2,142		_		_		_	2,142
Total	\$ 5,518,307	\$	98,066	\$	1,348,618	\$	1,741,087	\$	24,180	\$	667,361	\$ 9,397,619
<b>September 30, 2013</b>												
Pass	\$ 5,012,786	\$	60,840	\$	1,257,130	\$	1,627,090	\$	21,582	\$	555,805	\$ 8,535,233
Special mention (1)	139,159		_		195		18,912		150		_	158,416
Substandard (1)	94,060		_		23,524		77,446		470		_	195,500
Doubtful (1)	_				2,197		_		_		_	2,197
Total	\$ 5,246,005	\$	60,840	\$	1,283,046	\$	1,723,448	\$	22,202	\$	555,805	\$ 8,891,346

(1) Loans classified as special mention, substandard or doubtful are all considered to be "criticized" loans.

The credit quality of RJ Bank's performing residential first mortgage loan portfolio is additionally assessed utilizing updated loan-to-value ("LTV") ratios. RJ Bank further segregates all of its performing residential first mortgage loan portfolio with higher reserve percentages allocated to the higher LTV loans. Current LTVs are updated using the most recently available information (generally on a one quarter lag) and are estimated based on the initial appraisal obtained at the time of origination, adjusted using relevant market indices for housing price changes that have occurred since origination. The value of the homes could vary from actual market values due to changes in the condition of the underlying property, variations in housing price changes within current valuation indices and other factors.

The table below presents the most recently available update of the performing residential first mortgage loan portfolio summarized by current LTV. The amounts in the table represent the entire loan balance:

	E	Salance <sup>(1)</sup>
	(in	thousands)
LTV range:		
LTV less than 50%	\$	404,647
LTV greater than 50% but less than 80%		740,806
LTV greater than 80% but less than 100%		263,416
LTV greater than 100%, but less than 120%		47,273
LTV greater than 120% but less than 140%		10,420
LTV greater than 140%		2,289
Total	\$	1,468,851

(1) Excludes loans that have full repurchase recourse for any delinquent loans.

Changes in the allowance for loan losses of RJ Bank by portfolio segment are as follows:

		Loans held for investment										
	C&I			CRE construction		CRE		esidential ortgage	Consumer			Total
			(in thousands)									
<b>Three months ended December 31, 2013:</b>												
Balance at beginning of year:	\$	95,994	\$	1,000	\$	19,266	\$	19,126	\$	1,115	\$	136,501
Provision (benefit) for loan losses		902		655		929		(1,061)		211		1,636
Net (charge-offs)/recoveries:												
Charge-offs		(40)		_		_		(209)		_		(249)
Recoveries		4		_		80		444		12		540
Net (charge-offs)/recoveries		(36)				80		235		12		291
Foreign exchange translation adjustment		(231)		(8)		(65)		_				(304)
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$	96,629	\$	1,647	\$	20,210	\$	18,300	\$	1,338	\$	138,124

	Loans held for investment											
	C&I		CRE construction		CRE		Residential mortgage		Consumer			Total
						(in thous	sand	(s)				
Three months ended December 31, 2012:												
Balance at beginning of year:	\$	92,409	\$	739	\$	27,546	\$	26,138	\$	709	\$	147,541
Provision (benefit) for loan losses		3,736		139		(844)		(226)		118		2,923
Net charge-offs:												
Charge-offs		(90)		_		_		(3,208)		_		(3,298)
Recoveries		_		_		544		369		5		918
Net charge-offs		(90)		_		544		(2,839)		5		(2,380)
Foreign exchange translation adjustment		(45)		(4)		(14)						(63)
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$	96,010	\$	874	\$	27,232	\$	23,073	\$	832	\$	148,021

The following table presents, by loan portfolio segment, RJ Bank's recorded investment and related allowance for loan losses:

	Loans held for investment										
		C&I	CRE construction			CRE		Residential mortgage	Consumer		Total
						(\$ in thousands)					
<u>December 31, 2013</u>											
Allowance for loan losses:											
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1	\$	2,417	\$	_	\$ 2,418
Collectively evaluated for impairment		96,629		1,647		20,209		15,883		1,338	135,706
Total allowance for loan losses	\$	96,629	\$	1,647	\$	20,210	\$	18,300	\$	1,338	\$ 138,124
(1)											
Recorded investment:(1)											
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$	_	\$	_	\$	25,068	\$	37,615	\$	_	\$ 62,683
Collectively evaluated for impairment		5,518,307		98,066		1,323,550		1,727,652		667,361	9,334,936
Total recorded investment	\$	5,518,307	\$	98,066	\$	1,348,618	\$	1,765,267	\$	667,361	\$ 9,397,619
C											
September 30, 2013 Allowance for loan losses:											
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1	\$	2,379	\$	_	\$ 2,380
Collectively evaluated for impairment		95,994		1,000		19,265		16,747		1,115	134,121
Total allowance for loan losses	\$	95,994	\$	1,000	\$	19,266	\$	19,126	\$	1,115	\$ 136,501
(1)											
Recorded investment: (1)											
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$	89	\$	_	\$	25,512	\$	36,648	\$		\$ 62,249
Collectively evaluated for impairment		5,245,916		60,840		1,257,534		1,709,002		555,805	8,829,097
Total recorded investment	\$	5,246,005	\$	60,840	\$	1,283,046	\$	1,745,650	\$	555,805	\$ 8,891,346
			_		=		=		_		

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes any net unearned income and deferred expenses.

RJ Bank had no recorded investment in loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality as of either December 31, 2013 or September 30, 2013.

The reserve for unfunded lending commitments, included in trade and other payables on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition, was \$9.8 million and \$9.3 million at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, respectively.

### **NOTE 9 – VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES**

A VIE requires consolidation by the entity's primary beneficiary. We evaluate all of the entities in which we are involved to determine if the entity is a VIE and if so, whether we hold a variable interest and are the primary beneficiary.

We hold variable interests in the following VIE's: Raymond James Employee Investment Funds I and II (the "EIF Funds"), a trust fund established for employee retention purposes ("Restricted Stock Trust Fund"), certain low-income housing tax credit funds ("LIHTC Funds"), various other partnerships and limited liability companies ("LLCs") involving real estate ("Other Real Estate Limited Partnerships and LLCs"), certain new market tax credit funds ("NMTC Funds"), and certain funds formed for the purpose of making and managing investments in securities of other entities ("Managed Funds").

Refer to Note 2 pages 120 - 122 in our 2013 Form 10-K for a description of our principal involvement with VIEs and the accounting policies regarding the determinations of whether we are deemed to be the primary beneficiary of any VIEs which we hold a variable interest. Other than as described below, as of December 31, 2013 there have been no significant changes in either the nature of our involvement with, or the accounting policies associated with the analysis of VIEs as described in the 2013 Form 10-K.

Raymond James Tax Credit Funds, Inc. ("RJTCF"), a wholly owned subsidiary of RJF, is the managing member or general partner in LIHTC Funds having one or more investor members or limited partners. These LIHTC Funds are organized as limited partnerships or LLCs for the purpose of investing in a number of project partnerships, which are limited partnerships or LLCs that in turn purchase and develop low-income housing properties qualifying for tax credits.

### VIEs where we are the primary beneficiary

Of the VIEs in which we hold an interest, we have determined that the EIF Funds, the Restricted Stock Trust Fund and certain LIHTC Funds require consolidation in our financial statements as we are deemed the primary beneficiary of those VIEs. The aggregate assets and liabilities of the entities we consolidate are provided in the table below.

	 Aggregate assets (1)	A lia	ggregate bilities <sup>(1)</sup>
	 (in tho	s)	
<u>December 31, 2013</u>			
LIHTC Funds	\$ 203,786	\$	54,161
Guaranteed LIHTC Fund (2)	81,038		_
Restricted Stock Trust Fund	13,435		6,679
EIF Funds	 6,573		_
Total	\$ 304,832	\$	60,840
<u>September 30, 2013</u>			
LIHTC Funds	\$ 208,634	\$	78,055
Guaranteed LIHTC Fund (2)	81,712		_
Restricted Stock Trust Fund	13,075		6,710
EIF Funds	 7,588		_
Total	\$ 311,009	\$	84,765

- Aggregate assets and aggregate liabilities differ from the consolidated carrying value of assets and liabilities due to the elimination of
  intercompany assets and liabilities held by the consolidated VIE.
- (2) In connection with one of the multi-investor tax credit funds in which RJTCF is the managing member, RJTCF has provided the investor members with a guaranteed return on their investment in the fund (the "Guaranteed LIHTC Fund"). See Note 16 for additional information regarding this commitment.

The following table presents information about the carrying value of the assets, liabilities and equity of the VIEs which we consolidate and are included within our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. The noncontrolling interests presented in this table represent the portion of these net assets which are not ours.

	December 31, 2013			ember 30, 2013		
		(in the	usands)			
Assets:						
Assets segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets	\$	10,710	\$	11,857		
Receivables, other		5,800		5,763		
Investments in real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities		268,786		272,096		
Trust fund investment in RJF common stock (1)		13,433		13,073		
Prepaid expenses and other assets		8,127		8,230		
Total assets	\$	306,856	\$	311,019		
Liabilities and equity:						
Trade and other payables	\$	7,236	\$	1,428		
Intercompany payables		6,663		6,390		
Loans payable of consolidated variable interest entities (2)		52,738		62,938		
Total liabilities		66,637		70,756		
RJF equity		6,164		6,175		
Noncontrolling interests		234,055		234,088		
Total equity		240,219		240,263		
Total liabilities and equity	\$	306,856	\$	311,019		

- (1) Included in treasury stock in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.
- (2) Comprised of several non-recourse loans. We are not contingently liable under any of these loans.

The following table presents information about the net income (loss) of the VIEs which we consolidate, and is included within our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income. The noncontrolling interests presented in this table represent the portion of the net loss from these VIEs which is not ours.

	Three months ended December 31,							
		2013		2012				
		(in thou	isands	<u> </u>				
Revenues:								
Interest	\$	_	\$	3				
Other		184		1,515				
Total revenues		184		1,518				
Interest expense		787		1,049				
Net revenues (expense)		(603)		469				
Non-interest expenses		8,966		4,691				
Net loss including noncontrolling interests		(9,569)		(4,222)				
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		(9,558)		(4,253)				
Net income (loss) attributable to RJF	\$	(11)	\$	31				

Low-income housing tax credit funds

RJTCF is the managing member or general partner in approximately 87 separate low-income housing tax credit funds having one or more investor members or limited partners, 75 of which are determined to be VIEs and 12 of which are determined not to be VIEs. RJTCF has concluded that it is the primary beneficiary of eight non-guaranteed LIHTC Fund VIEs and accordingly, consolidates these funds. In addition, RJTCF consolidates the one Guaranteed LIHTC Fund VIE it sponsors (see Note 16 for further discussion of the guarantee obligation as well as other RJTCF commitments). RJTCF also consolidates seven of the funds it determined not to be VIEs.

### VIEs where we hold a variable interest but we are not the primary beneficiary

Low-income housing tax credit funds

RJTCF does not consolidate the LIHTC Fund VIEs that it determines it is not the primary beneficiary of. Our risk of loss is limited to our investments in, advances to, and receivables due from these funds.

New market tax credit funds

One of our affiliates is the managing member of seven NMTC Funds and as discussed in Note 2 on page 122 of our 2013 Form 10-K, this affiliate is not deemed to be the primary beneficiary of these NMTC Funds and, therefore, they are not consolidated. Our risk of loss is limited to our receivables due from these funds.

Other real estate limited partnerships and LLCs

We have a variable interest in several limited partnerships involved in various real estate activities in which a subsidiary is either the general partner or a limited partner. As discussed in Note 2 on page 122 of our 2013 Form 10-K, we have determined that we are not the primary beneficiary of these VIEs. Accordingly, we do not consolidate these partnerships or LLCs. The carrying value of our investment in these partnerships or LLCs represents our risk of loss.

Aggregate assets, liabilities and risk of loss

The aggregate assets, liabilities, and our exposure to loss from those VIEs in which we hold a variable interest, but concluded we are not the primary beneficiary, are provided in the table below.

	December 31, 2013							<b>September 30, 2013</b>						
	Aggregate assets		Aggregate liabilities		Our risk of loss		Aggregate assets		Aggregate liabilities			Our risk of loss		
	(in thous							ousands)						
LIHTC Funds	\$	2,625,931	\$	749,905	\$	16,198	\$	2,532,457	\$	762,346	\$	14,387		
NMTC Funds		140,510		123		13		140,499		278		13		
Other Real Estate Limited Partnerships and LLCs		29,647		36,377		205		30,240		35,512		212		
Total	\$	2,796,088	\$	786,405	\$	16,416	\$	2,703,196	\$	798,136	\$	14,612		

### VIEs where we hold a variable interest but we are not required to consolidate

Managed Funds

As described in Note 2 on page 122 of our 2013 Form 10-K, we have subsidiaries which serve as the general partner of the Managed Funds, which we determined to be VIEs that we are not required to consolidate since these funds satisfy the conditions for deferral of the determination of who is the primary beneficiary and therefore, the obligation to consolidate.

The aggregate assets, liabilities, and our exposure to loss from Managed Funds in which we hold a variable interest as of the dates indicated are provided in the table below:

	 D		<b>September 30, 2013</b>								
	Aggregate assets		Aggregate liabilities		Our risk of loss		Aggregate assets		Aggregate liabilities		Our risk of loss
	 				(in tho	usand	<u>s)</u>				
Managed Funds	\$ 55,454	\$	1	\$	207	\$	56,321	\$	1,415	\$	202

#### NOTE 10 - GOODWILL AND IDENTIFIABLE INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The following are our goodwill and net identifiable intangible asset balances as of the dates indicated:

	Decem	ber 31, 2013	Septe	ember 30, 2013					
		(in thousands)							
Goodwill	\$	295,486	\$	295,486					
Identifiable intangible assets, net		64,144		65,978					
Total goodwill and identifiable intangible assets, net	\$	359,630	\$	361,464					

Our goodwill and identified intangible assets result from various acquisitions, see Note 13 on pages 155 - 159 in our 2013 Form 10-K for a discussion of the components of our goodwill balance and additional information regarding our identifiable intangible assets. See the discussion of our intangible assets and goodwill accounting policies in Note 2 on pages 117 - 118 of our 2013 Form 10-K.

#### Goodwill

The following summarizes our goodwill by segment, along with the activity, as of the dates indicated:

	Seg	t			
	 Private client group		Capital narkets		Total
		(in t	thousands)	)	
Three months ended December 31, 2013					
Goodwill as of beginning of period	\$ 174,584	\$	120,902	\$	295,486
Impairment losses	 _				_
Goodwill as of December 31, 2013	\$ 174,584	\$	120,902	\$	295,486
Three months ended December 31, 2012					
Goodwill as of beginning of period	\$ 173,317	\$	126,794	\$	300,111
Adjustments to prior year additions (1)	1,267		1,041		2,308
Impairment losses	 _				
Goodwill as of December 31, 2012	\$ 174,584	\$	127,835	\$	302,419

(1) The goodwill adjustment in the prior year period arose from a change in a tax election pertaining to whether assets acquired and liabilities assumed are written-up to fair value for tax purposes. This election is made on an entity-by-entity basis, and during the period indicated, our assumption regarding whether we would make such election changed for one of the Morgan Keegan entities we acquired. The offsetting balance associated with this adjustment to goodwill was the net deferred tax asset.

We performed our latest annual goodwill impairment testing during the quarter ended March 31, 2013, evaluating the balances as of December 31, 2012. See pages 156 - 157 of our 2013 Form 10-K for information regarding the outcome of our evaluations. No events have occurred since September 30, 2013 that would cause us to update our latest annual impairment testing.

# Identifiable intangible assets, net

The following summarizes our identifiable intangible asset balances by segment, net of accumulated amortization, and activity for the periods indicated:

	Segment								
		Private ent group	- ·· <b>I</b> · ···		Asset management		R	J Bank	Total
					(ir	thousands)			
For the three months ended December 31, 2013									
Net identifiable intangible assets as of September 30, 2013	\$	9,191	\$	43,474	\$	12,329	\$	984	\$ 65,978
Additions		_		_		_		71	71
Amortization expense		(156)		(1,375)		(333)		(41)	(1,905)
Impairment losses		_		_		_		_	_
Net identifiable intangible assets as of December 31, 2013	\$	9,035	\$	42,099	\$	11,996	\$	1,014	\$ 64,144
For the three months ended December 31, 2012									
Net identifiable intangible assets as of September 30, 2012	\$	9,829	\$	51,306	\$		\$		\$ 61,135
Additions		_		_		13,329 (1)		_	13,329
Amortization expense		(165)		(2,208)		_		_	(2,373)
Impairment losses		_		_		_		_	_
Net identifiable intangible assets as of December 31, 2012	\$	9,664	\$	49,098	\$	13,329	\$		\$ 72,091

<sup>(1)</sup> The additions in the prior year period are directly attributable to the customer list asset associated with our first quarter fiscal year 2013 acquisition of a 45% interest in ClariVest (see Note 3 for additional information). Since we are consolidating ClariVest, the amount represents the entire customer relationship intangible asset associated with the acquisition transaction; the amount shown is unadjusted by the 55% share of ClariVest attributable to others. The estimated useful life associated with this addition is approximately 10 years.

Identifiable intangible assets by type are presented below:

	_	December	r 31, 2	2013		September 30, 2013					
		Gross carrying value			c	Gross arrying value	Accumulated amortization				
	carrying value         Accumulated amortization         carrying value           (in thousands)           \$ 65,957         \$ (9,977)         \$ 65,957           2,000         (2,000)         2,000										
Customer relationships	\$	65,957	\$	(9,977)	\$	65,957	\$	(8,663)			
Trade name		2,000		(2,000)		2,000		(2,000)			
Developed technology		11,000		(3,850)		11,000		(3,300)			
Non-compete agreements		1,000		(1,000)		1,000		(1,000)			
Mortgage servicing rights		1,156		(142)		1,085		(101)			
Total	\$	81,113	\$	(16,969)	\$	81,042	\$	(15,064)			

## **NOTE 11 – BANK DEPOSITS**

Bank deposits include Negotiable Order of Withdrawal ("NOW") accounts, demand deposits, savings and money market accounts and certificates of deposit. The following table presents a summary of bank deposits including the weighted-average rate:

	 Decembe	r 31, 2013		Septembe	er 30, 2013	
	Balance	Weighted- average rate <sup>(1)</sup>		Balance	Weighted- average rate <sup>(1)</sup>	
		(\$ in the	usa	ands)		
Bank deposits:						
NOW accounts	\$ 8,976	0.01%	\$	7,003	0.01%	
Demand deposits (non-interest-bearing)	5,126	_		8,555	_	
Savings and money market accounts	9,668,257	0.02%		8,966,439	0.02%	
Certificates of deposit	 323,079	1.94%		313,374	1.96%	
Total bank deposits <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 10,005,438	0.08%	\$	9,295,371	0.09%	

- (1) Weighted-average rate calculation is based on the actual deposit balances at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, respectively.
- (2) Bank deposits exclude affiliate deposits of approximately \$7 million and \$6 million at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, respectively.

RJ Bank's savings and money market accounts in the table above consist primarily of deposits that are cash balances swept from the investment accounts maintained at RJ&A. These balances are held in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insured bank accounts through the Raymond James Bank Deposit Program ("RJBDP") administered by RJ&A.

Scheduled maturities of certificates of deposit are as follows:

		Decembe	r 31, 201	13		Septembe	r 30,	2013
	great	minations er than or to \$100,000		ominations han \$100,000	gre	nominations eater than or al to \$100,000	_	Denominations s than \$100,000
				(in tho	usands)			
Three months or less	\$	6,934	\$	6,437	\$	7,343	\$	8,540
Over three through six months		4,388		6,058		5,908		6,264
Over six through twelve months		15,903		17,019		9,459		13,976
Over one through two years		26,104		36,395		31,123		37,918
Over two through three years		43,616		33,449		33,404		27,873
Over three through four years		34,501		24,254		47,822		35,270
Over four through five years		51,823		16,198		36,574		11,900
Total	\$	183,269	\$	139,810	\$	171,633	\$	141,741

Interest expense on deposits is summarized as follows:

	Three	months en	(in thousands) 1,548 \$ 1,66				
		2013		2012			
		(in tho	usands	5)			
Certificates of deposit	\$	1,548	\$	1,663			
Money market, savings and NOW accounts		397		813			
Total interest expense on deposits	\$	1,945	\$	2,476			

#### **NOTE 12 – OTHER BORROWINGS**

The following table details the components of other borrowings:

	Decem	ber 31, 2013	Sept	ember 30, 2013		
		September 30, 2013				
Other borrowings:						
Borrowings on secured lines of credit (1)	\$	78,767	\$	84,076		
Borrowings on unsecured lines of credit (2)		_		_		
Total other borrowings	\$	78,767	\$	84,076		

(1) Other than a \$5 million borrowing outstanding on the Regions Credit Facility (as hereinafter defined) as of December 31, 2013, any borrowings on secured lines of credit are day-to-day and are generally utilized to finance certain fixed income securities.

A subsidiary of RJF (the "Borrower") is a party to a Revolving Credit Agreement (the "Regions Credit Facility") with Regions Bank, an Alabama banking corporation (the "Lender"). The Regions Credit Facility provides for a revolving line of credit from the Lender to the Borrower and is subject to a guarantee in favor of the Lender provided by RJF. The proceeds from any borrowings under the line will be used for working capital and general corporate purposes. The obligations under the Regions Credit Facility are secured by, subject to certain exceptions, all of the present and future ARS owned by the Borrower (the "Pledged ARS"). The amount of any borrowing under the Regions Credit Facility cannot exceed the lesser of 70% of the value of the Pledged ARS, or \$100 million. The maximum amount available to borrow under the Regions Credit Facility was \$100 million as of December 31, 2013, the outstanding borrowings were \$5 million on such date. The Regions Credit Facility bears interest at a variable rate which is 2.75% in excess of LIBOR, and expires on April 2, 2015.

(2) Any borrowings on unsecured lines of credit are day-to-day and are generally utilized for cash management purposes.

RJ Bank had no advances outstanding from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta ("FHLB") as of either December 31, 2013 or September 30, 2013.

As of December 31, 2013, there were other collateralized financings outstanding in the amount of \$346 million. As of September 30, 2013, there were other collateralized financings outstanding in the amount of \$301 million. These other collateralized financings are included in securities sold under agreements to repurchase on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. These financings are collateralized by non-customer, RJ&A-owned securities. See Note 14 for additional information regarding offsetting asset and liability balances.

## **NOTE 13 – DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

The significant accounting policies governing our derivative financial instruments, including our methodologies for determining fair value, are described in Note 2 on pages 110 - 111 of our 2013 Form 10-K.

#### Derivatives arising from our fixed income business operations

We enter into derivatives contracts as part of our fixed income operations in either over-the-counter market activities, or through "matched book" activities. Each of these activities are described further below.

We enter into interest rate swaps and futures contracts either as part of our fixed income business to facilitate customer transactions, to hedge a portion of our trading inventory, or to a limited extent for our own account. The majority of these derivative positions are executed in the over-the-counter market with financial institutions (the "OTC Derivatives Operations"). Cash flows related to the interest rate contracts arising from the OTC Derivative Operations are included as operating activities (the "trading instruments, net" line) on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

Either Raymond James Financial Products, LLC or Raymond James Capital Services, LLC (collectively referred to as the Raymond James matched book swap subsidiaries or "RJSS") enter into derivative transactions (primarily interest rate swaps) with customers. In these activities, we do not use derivative instruments for trading or hedging purposes. For every derivative transaction RJSS enters into with a customer, RJSS enters into an offsetting transaction with terms that mirror the customer transaction with a credit support provider who is a third party financial institution. Due to this "pass-through" transaction structure, RJSS has completely mitigated the market and credit risk related to these derivative contracts and therefore, the ultimate credit and market risk resides with the third party financial institution. RJSS only has credit risk related to its uncollected derivative transaction fee revenues. As a result of the structure of these transactions, we refer to the derivative contracts we enter into as a result of these operations as our offsetting "matched book" derivative operations (the "Offsetting Matched Book Derivatives Operations").

Any collateral required to be exchanged under the contracts arising from the Offsetting Matched Book Derivatives Operations is administered directly by the customer and the third party financial institution. RJSS does not hold any collateral, or administer any collateral transactions, related to these instruments. We record the value of each derivative position arising from the Offsetting Matched Book Derivatives Operations at fair value, as either an asset or offsetting liability, presented as "derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions," as applicable, on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

The receivable for uncollected derivative transaction fee revenues of RJSS is \$7 million and \$8 million at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, respectively, and is included in other receivables on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

None of the derivatives described above arising from either our OTC Derivatives Operations or our Offsetting Matched Book Derivatives Operations are designated as fair value or cash flow hedges.

## Derivatives arising from RJ Bank's business operations

A Canadian subsidiary of RJ Bank conducts operations directly related to RJ Bank's Canadian corporate loan portfolio. U.S. subsidiaries of RJ Bank utilize forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge RJ Bank's foreign currency exposure due to its non-U.S. dollar net investment. Cash flows related to these derivative contracts are classified within operating activities in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

## Description of the collateral we hold related to derivative contracts

Where permitted, we elect to net-by-counterparty certain derivative contracts entered into in our OTC Derivatives Operations and by RJ Bank's U.S. subsidiaries. Certain of these contracts contain a legally enforceable master netting arrangement that allows for netting of all derivative transactions with each counterparty and, therefore, the fair value of those derivative contracts are netted by counterparty in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. The credit support annex related to the interest rate swaps and certain forward foreign exchange contracts allow parties to the master agreement to mitigate their credit risk by requiring the party which is out of the money to post collateral. We accept collateral in the form of cash or other marketable securities. As we elect to net-by-counterparty the fair value of derivative contracts arising from our OTC Derivatives Operations, we also net-by-counterparty any cash collateral exchanged as part of those derivative agreements. Refer to Note 14 for additional information regarding offsetting asset and liability balances.

This cash collateral is recorded net-by-counterparty at the related fair value. The cash collateral included in the net fair value of all open derivative asset positions arising from our OTC Derivatives Operations aggregates to a net liability of \$11 million at December 31, 2013 and \$13 million at September 30, 2013. The cash collateral included in the net fair value of all open derivative liability positions from our OTC Derivatives Operations aggregates to a net asset of \$14 million and \$22 million at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, respectively. Our maximum loss exposure under the interest rate swap contracts arising from our OTC Derivatives Operations at December 31, 2013 is \$22 million.

RJ Bank provides to counterparties for the benefit of its U.S. subsidiaries, a guarantee of payment in the event of the subsidiaries' default under forward foreign exchange contracts. Due to this RJ Bank guarantee and the short-term nature of these derivatives, RJ Bank's U.S. subsidiaries are not required to post collateral and do not receive collateral with respect to certain derivative contracts with the respective counterparties. RJ Bank's maximum loss exposure under the forward foreign exchange contracts at December 31, 2013 is \$5 million.

#### Derivative balances included in our financial statements

See the table below for the notional and fair value amounts of both the asset and liability derivatives.

					Asset de	rivatives				
		)ece	mber 31, 201	3	'	9	Septe	ember 30, 201	3	
	Balance sheet location		Notional amount		Fair value <sup>(1)</sup>	Balance sheet location		Notional amount		Fair value <sup>(1)</sup>
					(in tho	usands)				
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:										
Interest rate contracts (2)	Trading instruments	\$	2,698,822	\$	83,457	Trading instruments	\$	2,407,387	\$	89,633
Interest rate contracts (3)	Derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions	\$	1,944,408	\$	209,438	Derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions	\$	1,944,408	\$	250,341

Liab	ilii	ty d	leriva	tives
------	------	------	--------	-------

		Dece	mber 31, 201	3		S	epte	ember 30, 201	13	
	Balance sheet location		Notional amount		Fair value <sup>(1)</sup>	Balance sheet location		Notional amount		Fair value <sup>(1)</sup>
					(in tho	usands)				
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:										
Forward foreign exchange contracts	Trade and other payables	\$	640,936	\$	4,236	Trade and other payables	\$	655,828	\$	637
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:										
Interest rate contracts (2)	Trading instruments sold	\$	2,343,053	\$	69,348	Trading instruments sold	\$	2,420,531	\$	74,920
Interest rate contracts (3)	Derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions	\$	1,944,408	\$	209,438	Derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions	\$	1,944,408	\$	250,341
Forward foreign exchange contracts	Trade and other payables	\$	77,097	\$	508	Trade and other payables	\$	79,588	\$	77

- (1) The fair value in this table is presented on a gross basis before netting of cash collateral and before any netting by counterparty according to our legally enforceable master netting arrangements. The fair value in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition is presented net. See Note 14 for additional information regarding offsetting asset and liability balances.
- (2) These contracts arise from our OTC Derivatives Operations.
- (3) These contracts arise from our Offsetting Matched Book Derivatives Operations.

Gains recognized on forward foreign exchange derivatives in AOCI totaled \$11.6 million, net of income taxes, for the three months ended December 31, 2013 (see Note 17 for additional information). There was no hedge ineffectiveness and no components of derivative gains or losses were excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness for the three months ended December 31, 2013.

Gains recognized on forward foreign exchange derivatives in AOCI totaled \$3 million, net of income taxes, for the three months ended December 31, 2012. There was no hedge ineffectiveness and no components of derivative gains or losses were excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness for the three months ended December 31, 2012.

See the table below for the impact of the derivatives not designated as hedging instruments on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income:

	Location of gain (loss)	Amo	Amount of gain (loss) on de recognized in incom					
		Thi	ree months en	ded I	December 31,			
	Location of gain (loss) recognized on derivatives in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income		2013		2012			
			(in thousands)					
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:								
Interest rate contracts (1)	Net trading profit	\$	649	\$	194			
Interest rate contracts (2)	Other revenues	\$	20	\$	190			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	Other revenues	\$	2,281	\$	374			

- (1) These contracts arise from our OTC Derivatives Operations.
- (2) These contracts arise from our Offsetting Matched Book Derivatives Operations.

## Risks associated with, and our risk mitigation related to, our derivative contracts

We are exposed to credit losses in the event of nonperformance by the counterparties to forward foreign exchange derivative agreements as well as the interest rate contracts associated with our OTC Derivatives Operations. Where we are subject to credit exposure, we perform a credit evaluation of counterparties prior to entering into derivative transactions and we monitor their credit standings. Currently, we anticipate that all of the counterparties will be able to fully satisfy their obligations under those agreements. For our OTC Derivatives Operations, we may require collateral from counterparties in the form of cash deposits or other marketable securities to support certain of these obligations as established by the credit threshold specified by the agreement and/or as a result of monitoring the credit standing of the counterparties.

We are exposed to interest rate risk related to the interest rate derivative agreements arising from our OTC Derivatives Operations. We are also exposed to foreign exchange risk related to our forward foreign exchange derivative agreements. We monitor exposure in our derivative agreements daily based on established limits with respect to a number of factors, including interest rate, foreign exchange spot and forward rates, spread, ratio, basis and volatility risks. These exposures are monitored both on a total portfolio basis and separately for each agreement for selected maturity periods.

Certain of the derivative instruments arising from our OTC Derivatives Operations and from RJ Bank's forward foreign exchange contracts contain provisions that require our debt to maintain an investment grade rating from one or more of the major credit rating agencies. If our debt were to fall below investment grade, we would be in breach of these provisions, and the counterparties to the derivative instruments could request immediate payment or demand immediate and ongoing overnight collateralization on our derivative instruments in liability positions. The aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments with such credit-risk-related contingent features that are in a liability position at December 31, 2013 is \$5.8 million, for which we have posted collateral of \$3.1 million in the normal course of business. If the credit-risk-related contingent features underlying these agreements were triggered on December 31, 2013, we would have been required to post an additional \$2.7 million of collateral to our counterparties.

Our only exposure to credit risk in the Offsetting Matched Book Derivatives Operations is related to our uncollected derivative transaction fee revenues. We are not exposed to market risk as it relates to these derivative contracts due to the "pass-through" transaction structure more fully described above.

# NOTE 14 – DISCLOSURE OF OFFSETTING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following table presents information about the financial and derivative instruments that are offset or subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or other similar agreement as of the dates indicated:

					Staten		Statement of Fin		Gross amounts not offset in the Statement of Financial Condition			
	of	ross amounts f recognized assets (liabilities)	offset in the presented Statement of Statemen Financial Financ		Net amounts esented in the Statement of Financial Condition	Financial instruments ousands)		Cash collateral received (paid)			Net amount	
As of December 31, 2013:						(in tho	usan	usj				
Assets												
Securities purchased under agreements to resell and other collateralized financings	\$	638,893	\$	_	\$	638,893	\$	(658,203)	\$	_	\$	(19,310)
Derivatives - interest rate contracts <sup>(1)</sup>		83,457		(61,464)		21,993		(6,240)		_		15,753
Derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions		209,438		_		209,438		(209,438) (2)		_		_
Stock borrowed		134,706		_		134,706		_		(132,278)		2,428
Total assets	\$	1,066,494	\$	(61,464)	\$	1,005,030	\$	(873,881)	\$	(132,278)	\$	(1,129)
Liabilities												
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$	(345,701)	\$	_	\$	(345,701)	\$	360,954	\$	_	\$	15,253
Derivatives - interest rate contracts <sup>(1)</sup>		(69,348)		64,025		(5,323)		_		_		(5,323)
Derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions		(209,438)		_		(209,438)		209,438 (2)		_		_
Derivatives - forward foreign exchange contracts <sup>(3)</sup>		(4,744)		_		(4,744)		_		_		(4,744)
Stock loaned		(250,752)				(250,752)				242,865		(7,887)
Total liabilities	\$	(879,983)	\$	64,025	\$	(815,958)	\$	570,392	\$	242,865	\$	(2,701)
As of September 30, 2013:												
Assets												
Securities purchased under agreements to resell and other collateralized financings	\$	709,120	\$	_	\$	709,120	\$	(725,935)	\$	_	\$	(16,815)
Derivatives - interest rate contracts <sup>(1)</sup>		89,633		(61,524)		28,109		(6,409)		_		21,700
Derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions		250,341		_		250,341		(250,341) (2)		_		_
Stock borrowed		146,749				146,749		<u> </u>		(143,108)		3,641
Total assets	\$	1,195,843	\$	(61,524)	\$	1,134,319	\$	(982,685)	\$	(143,108)	\$	8,526
Liabilities												
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$	(300,933)	\$	_	\$	(300,933)	\$	313,548	\$	_	\$	12,615
Derivatives - interest rate contracts <sup>(1)</sup>		(74,920)		69,279		(5,641)		_		_		(5,641)
Derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions		(250,341)		_		(250,341)		250,341 <sup>(2)</sup>		_		_
Derivatives - forward foreign exchange contracts <sup>(3)</sup>		(714)				(714)						(714)
Stock loaned		(354,377)		_		(354,377)				342,096		(12,281)
Total liabilities	\$	(981,285)	\$	69,279	\$	(912,006)	\$	563,889	\$	342,096	\$	(6,021)

The text of the footnotes in the above table are on the following page.

The text of the footnotes to the table on the previous page are as follows:

- (1) Derivatives interest rate contracts are included in Trading instruments on our condensed consolidated statements of financial condition. See Note 13 for additional information.
- (2) Although these derivative arrangements do not meet the definition of a master netting arrangement as specified by GAAP, the nature of the agreement with the third party intermediary include terms that are similar to a master netting agreement, thus we present the offsetting amounts net in the table above. See Note 13 for further discussion of the "pass through" structure of the derivative instruments associated with Offsetting Matched Book Derivatives Operations.
- (3) Derivatives forward foreign exchange contracts are included in Trade and other payables on our condensed consolidated statements of financial condition. See Note 13 for additional information.

For financial statement purposes, we do not offset our repurchase agreements or securities borrowing, securities lending transactions and certain of our derivative instruments because the conditions for netting as specified by GAAP are not met. Our repurchase agreements, securities borrowing and securities lending transactions and certain of our derivative instruments are transacted under master agreements that are widely used by counterparties and that may allow for net settlements of payments in the normal course as well as offsetting of all contracts with a given counterparty in the event of bankruptcy or default of one of the two parties to the transaction. Although not offset on the condensed consolidated statements of financial position, these transactions are included in the preceding table.

#### **NOTE 15 – INCOME TAXES**

For discussion of income tax matters, see Note 2 page 120, and Note 19 pages 167-169, in our 2013 Form 10-K.

For the three months ended December 31, 2013, our effective income tax rate was 34.8%, which approximates our effective income tax rate for fiscal year 2013.

The effective income tax rate for the three months ended December 31, 2013 is lower than the 38.3% effective income tax rate for three months ended December 31, 2012. The current period effective income tax rate was favorably impacted primarily by the recognition of prior year state tax refunds which resulted from a change in state tax filing position. The current period effective income tax rate also benefited from an increase in our non-taxable income, which includes gains associated with our corporate owned life insurance portfolio.

As of December 31, 2013, we have not experienced significant changes in our unrecognized tax benefits balances as of September 30, 2013.

## NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND GUARANTEES

## Commitments and contingencies

In the normal course of business we enter into underwriting commitments. As of December 31, 2013, RJ&A had no open transactions involving such commitments. Transactions involving such commitments of RJ Ltd. that were recorded and open at December 31, 2013, were approximately \$1 million in Canadian currency ("CDN").

We utilize client marginable securities to satisfy deposits with clearing organizations. At December 31, 2013, we had client margin securities valued at \$207 million pledged with a clearing organization to meet our requirement of \$144 million.

As part of our recruiting efforts, we offer loans to prospective financial advisors and certain key revenue producers primarily for recruiting and/or retention purposes (see Note 2 page 112 in our 2013 Form 10-K for a discussion of our accounting policies governing these transactions). These commitments are contingent upon certain events occurring, including, but not limited to, the individual joining us and, in most circumstances, require them to meet certain production requirements. As of December 31, 2013 we had made commitments, to either prospects that have accepted our offer, or recently recruited producers, of approximately \$34.9 million that have not yet been funded.

As of December 31, 2013, RJ Bank had not settled purchases of \$76.1 million in syndicated loans. These loan purchases are expected to be settled within 90 days.

On October 9, 2013, RJ Bank entered into a forward-starting advance transaction with the FHLB to borrow \$25 million from the FHLB on October 13, 2015. Once funded, this borrowing will bear interest at the rate of 3.4% and will mature on October 13, 2020.

See Note 21 for additional information regarding RJ Bank's commitments to extend credit and other credit-related off-balance sheet financial instruments such as standby letters of credit and loan purchases.

We have committed a total of \$126.6 million, in amounts ranging from \$200 thousand to \$29.7 million, to 50 different independent venture capital or private equity partnerships. As of December 31, 2013, we have invested \$103.3 million of the committed amounts and have received \$76.3 million in distributions. We also control the general partner in seven internally sponsored private equity limited partnerships to which we have committed \$69.6 million. As of December 31, 2013, we have invested \$48.9 million of the committed amounts and have received \$39.1 million in distributions.

RJF has committed to lend to RJTCF, or guarantee obligations in connection with RJTCF's low-income housing development/ rehabilitation and syndication activities, amounts aggregating up to \$170 million upon request, subject to certain limitations as well as annual review and renewal. At December 31, 2013, RJTCF has \$33 million in outstanding cash borrowings and \$82 million in unfunded commitments outstanding against this aggregate commitment. RJTCF borrows from RJF in order to make investments in, or fund loans or advances to, either partnerships which purchase and develop properties qualifying for tax credits ("Project Partnerships") or LIHTC Funds. Investments in Project Partnerships are sold to various LIHTC Funds, which have third party investors, and for which RJTCF serves as the managing member or general partner. RJTCF typically sells investments in Project Partnerships to LIHTC Funds within 90 days of their acquisition, and the proceeds from the sales are used to repay RJTCF's borrowings from RJF. RJTCF may also make short-term loans or advances to Project Partnerships, or to LIHTC Funds.

A subsidiary of RJ Bank has committed \$31.8 million as an investor member in a low-income housing tax credit fund in which a subsidiary of RJTCF is the managing member. As of December 31, 2013, the RJ Bank subsidiary has invested \$4.7 million of the committed amount.

At December 31, 2013, the approximate market values of collateral received that we can repledge were:

	Source	es of collateral
	(in	thousands)
Securities purchased under agreements to resell and other collateralized financings	\$	658,203
Securities received in securities borrowed vs. cash transactions		132,278
Collateral received for margin loans		1,410,184
Securities received as collateral related to derivative contracts		6,240
Total	\$	2,206,905

Certain collateral was repledged. At December 31, 2013, the approximate market values of this portion of collateral and financial instruments that we own and pledged were:

	Uses of collateral and trading securities		
	(in t	thousands)	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$	360,954	
Securities delivered in securities loaned vs. cash transactions		242,865	
Securities pledged as collateral under secured borrowing arrangements		98,659	
Collateral used for deposits at clearing organizations		225,211	
Total	\$	927,689	

Refer to Note 14 for additional information regarding offsetting asset and liability balances related to certain of the collateral balances reflected in the tables above.

As a part of our fixed income public finance operations, RJ&A enters into forward commitments to purchase GNMA MBS. The MBS securities are issued on behalf of various state and local housing finance agencies ("HFA") and consist of the mortgages originated through their lending programs. RJ&A's forward GNMA MBS purchase commitment arises at the time of the loan reservation for a borrower in the HFA lending program (these loan reservations fix the terms of the mortgage, including the interest rate and maximum principal amount). The underlying terms of the GNMA MBS purchase, including the price for the MBS security (which is dependent upon the interest rates associated with the underlying mortgages) are also fixed at loan reservation. At December 31, 2013, RJ&A had approximately \$199 million principal amount of outstanding forward MBS purchase commitments which are expected to be purchased by RJ&A over the following 90 days. Upon acquisition of the MBS security, RJ&A typically sells such security in open market transactions as part of its fixed income operations. Given that the actual principal amount of the MBS security is not fixed and determinable at the date of RJ&A's commitment to purchase, these forward MBS purchase commitments do not meet the definition of a derivative instrument. In order to hedge the market interest rate risk to which RJ&A would otherwise be exposed between the date of the commitment and the date of sale of the MBS in the market, RJ&A enters into to be announced ("TBA") security contracts with investors for generic MBS securities at specific rates and prices to be delivered on settlement dates in the future. These TBA securities are accounted for at fair value and are included in Agency MBS securities in the table of assets and liabilities measured at fair value included in Note 5, and at December 31, 2013 aggregate to a net asset having a fair value of \$1 million. The estimated fair value of the purchase commitment at December 31, 2013 is a liability of \$1 million, which is included in trade and other payables on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

As a result of the extensive regulation of the financial holding companies, banks, broker-dealers and investment advisory entities, RJF and a number of its subsidiaries are subject to regular reviews and inspections by regulatory authorities and self-regulatory organizations. The reviews can result in the imposition of sanctions for regulatory violations, ranging from non-monetary censure to fines and, in serious cases, temporary or permanent suspension from conducting business. In addition, from time to time regulatory agencies and self-regulatory organizations institute investigations into industry practices, which can also result in the imposition of such sanctions. See Note 20 for additional information regarding regulatory capital requirements applicable to RJF and certain of its broker-dealer subsidiaries.

#### Guarantees

RJ Bank provides to its affiliate, Raymond James Capital Services, Inc. ("RJ Cap Services"), on behalf of certain corporate borrowers, a guarantee of payment in the event of the borrower's default for exposure under interest rate swaps entered into with RJ Cap Services. At December 31, 2013, the exposure under these guarantees is \$5.3 million, which was underwritten as part of RJ Bank's corporate credit relationship with such borrowers. The outstanding interest rate swaps at December 31, 2013 have maturities ranging from August 2014 through May 2019. RJ Bank records an estimated reserve for its credit risk associated with the guarantee of these client swaps, which was insignificant as of December 31, 2013. The estimated total potential exposure under these guarantees is \$9.6 million at December 31, 2013.

RJ Bank guarantees the forward foreign exchange contract obligations of its U.S. subsidiaries. See Note 13 for additional information regarding these derivatives.

RJF guarantees interest rate swap obligations of RJ Cap Services. See Note 13 for additional information regarding interest rate swaps.

We have from time to time authorized performance guarantees for the completion of trades with counterparties in Argentina. At December 31, 2013, there were no such outstanding performance guarantees.

In March 2008, RJF guaranteed an \$8 million letter of credit issued for settlement purposes that was requested by the Capital Markets Board ("CMB") for a joint venture we were at one time affiliated with in the country of Turkey. While our Turkish joint venture ceased operations in December 2008, the CMB has not released this letter of credit. The issuing bank has instituted an action seeking payment of its fees on the underlying letter of credit and to confirm that the guarantee remains in effect.

RJF has guaranteed the Borrower's performance under the Regions Credit Facility. See further discussion of this borrowing in Note 12.

RJF guarantees the existing mortgage debt of RJ&A of approximately \$44.7 million.

RJTCF issues certain guarantees to various third parties related to Project Partnerships whose interests have been sold to one or more of the funds in which RJTCF is the managing member or general partner. In some instances, RJTCF is not the primary guarantor of these obligations which aggregate to a cumulative maximum obligation of approximately \$1.7 million as of December 31, 2013.

RJF has guaranteed RJTCF's performance to various third parties on certain obligations arising from RJTCF's sale and/or transfer of units in one of its fund offerings ("Fund 34"). Under such arrangements, RJTCF has provided either: (1) certain specific performance guarantees including a provision whereby in certain circumstances, RJTCF will refund a portion of the investors' capital contribution, or (2) a guaranteed return on their investment. Under the performance guarantees, the conditions which would result in a payment by RJTCF not being required to be made under the guarantees have been satisfied, and neither RJF nor RJTCF have any further obligations under such guarantees. Further, based upon its most recent projections and performance of Fund 34, RJTCF does not anticipate that any future payments will be owed to these third parties under the guarantee of the return on investment. Under the guarantee of returns, should the underlying LIHTC project partnerships held by Fund 34 fail to deliver a certain amount of tax credits and other tax benefits over the next eight years, RJTCF is obligated to provide the investor with a specified return. A \$32.3 million financing asset is included in prepaid expenses and other assets, and a related \$32.3 million liability is included in trade and other payables on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition as of December 31, 2013. The maximum exposure to loss under this guarantee is the undiscounted future payments due to investors for the return on and of their investment, and approximates \$35.5 million at December 31, 2013.

## Legal matter contingencies

#### Indemnification from Regions

On the Closing Date RJF completed its acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding shares of Morgan Keegan. The terms of the stock purchase agreement provide that Regions will indemnify RJF for losses incurred in connection with legal proceedings pending as of the closing date or commenced after the closing date and related to pre-closing matters as well as any cost of defense pertaining thereto (see Note 3 on page 124 of our 2013 Form 10-K for a discussion of the indemnifications provided to RJF by Regions). All of the Morgan Keegan matters described below are subject to such indemnification provisions. Management estimates the range of potential liability of all such matters subject to indemnification, including the cost of defense, to be from \$30 million to \$220 million. Any loss arising from such matters, after consideration of the applicable annual deductible, if any, will be borne by Regions. As of December 31, 2013, a receivable from Regions of approximately \$1 million is included in other receivables, an indemnification asset of approximately \$165 million is included in other assets, and a liability for potential losses of approximately \$164 million is included within trade and other payables, all of which are reflected on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition pertaining to the matters described below and the related indemnification from Regions. The amount included within trade and other payables is the amount within the range of potential liability related to such matters which management estimates is more likely than any other amount within such range. Through December 31, 2013, Regions has reimbursed us over \$28 million for costs we incurred in excess of the accrued liability amounts for legal matters subject to indemnification included in the final Closing Date tangible net book value computation.

#### Morgan Keegan matters subject to indemnification

In July 2006, MK & Co. and a former MK & Co. analyst were named as defendants in a lawsuit filed by a Canadian insurance and financial services company, Fairfax Financial Holdings, and its American subsidiary in the Circuit Court of Morris County, New Jersey. Plaintiffs made claims under a civil Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations ("RICO") statute, for commercial disparagement, tortious interference with contractual relationships, tortious interference with prospective economic advantage and common law conspiracy. Plaintiffs alleged that defendants engaged in a multi-year conspiracy to publish and disseminate false and defamatory information about plaintiffs to improperly drive down plaintiff's stock price, so that others could profit from short positions. Plaintiffs alleged that defendants' actions damaged their reputations and harmed their business relationships. Plaintiffs alleged a number of categories of damages they sustained, including lost insurance business, lost financings and increased financing costs, increased audit fees and directors and officers insurance premiums and lost acquisitions, and have requested monetary damages. On May 11, 2012, the trial court ruled that New York law applied to plaintiff's RICO claims, therefore the claims were not subject to treble damages. On June 27, 2012, the trial court dismissed plaintiffs' tortious interference with prospective relations claim, but allowed other claims to go forward. A jury trial was set to begin on September 10, 2012. Prior to its commencement the court dismissed the remaining claims with prejudice. Plaintiffs have appealed the court's rulings.

#### Index

Certain of the Morgan Keegan entities, along with Regions, have been named in class-action lawsuits filed in federal and state courts on behalf of shareholders of Regions and investors who purchased shares of certain mutual funds in the Regions Morgan Keegan Fund complex (the "Regions Funds"). The Regions Funds were formerly managed by Morgan Asset Management ("MAM"), an entity which was at one time a subsidiary of one of the Morgan Keegan affiliates, but an entity which was not part of our Morgan Keegan acquisition (see further information regarding the Morgan Keegan acquisition in Note 3 on pages 123 - 124 of our 2013 Form 10-K). The complaints contain various allegations, including claims that the Regions Funds and the defendants misrepresented or failed to disclose material facts relating to the activities of the funds. In August 2013, the United States District Court for the Western District of Tennessee approved the settlement of the class action and the derivative action regarding the closed end funds for \$62 million and \$6 million, respectively. No class has been certified. Certain of the shareholders in the funds and other interested parties have entered into arbitration proceedings and individual civil claims, in lieu of participating in the class action lawsuits.

The SEC and states of Missouri and Texas are investigating alleged securities law violations by MK & Co. in the underwriting and sale of certain municipal bonds. An enforcement action was brought by the Missouri Secretary of State in April 2013, seeking monetary penalties and other relief. In November 2013, the state dismissed this enforcement action and refiled the same claims as a civil action in the Circuit Court for Boone County, Missouri. A civil action was brought by institutional investors of the bonds on March 19, 2012, seeking a return of their investment and unspecified compensatory and punitive damages. A class action was brought on behalf of retail purchasers of the bonds on September 4, 2012, seeking unspecified compensatory and punitive damages. These actions are in the early stages. These matters are subject to the indemnification agreement with Regions.

Prior to the Closing Date, Morgan Keegan was involved in other litigation arising in the normal course of its business. On all such matters, RJF is subject to indemnification from Regions pursuant to the terms of the stock purchase agreement as summarized above.

#### Other matters

We are a defendant or co-defendant in various lawsuits and arbitrations incidental to our securities business as well as other corporate litigation. We are contesting the allegations in these cases and believe that there are meritorious defenses in each of these lawsuits and arbitrations. In view of the number and diversity of claims against us, the number of jurisdictions in which litigation is pending and the inherent difficulty of predicting the outcome of litigation and other claims, we cannot state with certainty what the eventual outcome of pending litigation or other claims will be. Refer to Note 2 on page 118 of our 2013 Form 10-K for a discussion of our criteria for establishing a range of possible loss related to such matters. Excluding any amounts subject to indemnification from Regions related to pre-Closing Date Morgan Keegan matters discussed above, as of December 31, 2013, management currently estimates the aggregate range of possible loss is from \$0 to an amount of up to \$6 million in excess of the accrued liability (if any) related to these matters. In the opinion of management, based on current available information, review with outside legal counsel, and consideration of the accrued liability amounts provided for in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements with respect to these matters, ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse impact on our financial position or cumulative results of operations. However, resolution of one or more of these matters may have a material effect on the results of operations in any future period, depending upon the ultimate resolution of those matters and upon the level of income for such period.

#### NOTE 17 – ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Accumulated other comprehensive income

The following table presents the after-tax changes in each component of accumulated other comprehensive income for the three months ended December 31, 2013:

	lo avail	ealized ss on able for sale urities	Net currency translations and net investment hedges (1)	Total
			(in thousands)	
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income as of September 30, 2013	\$	(1,276)	\$ 12,002	\$ 10,726
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		3,364	(6,275)	(2,911)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income		(2,270)		(2,270)
Net other comprehensive income (loss) for the period		1,094	(6,275)	(5,181)
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income as of December 31, 2013	\$	(182)	\$ 5,727	\$ 5,545

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes net gains (losses) recognized on forward foreign exchange derivatives associated with hedges of RJ Bank's foreign currency exposure due to it's non-U.S. dollar net investments (see Note 13 for additional information on these derivatives).

#### Reclassifications out of AOCI

The following table presents the income statement line items impacted by reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income during the three months ended December 31, 2013:

Accumulated other comprehensive income components:	amount from accu	e (decrease) in is reclassified imulated other ensive income	Affected line items in income statement
		nonths ended ber 31, 2013	
	(in tl	housands)	
Available for sale securities: (1)			
Auction rate securities	\$	$(3,719)^{(2)}$	Other revenue
RJ Bank available for sale securities		27	Other revenue
		(3,692)	Total before tax
		1,422	Provision for income taxes
Total reclassifications for the period	\$	(2,270)	Net of tax

- (1) See Note 7 for additional information regarding the available for sale securities, and Note 5 for additional fair value information regarding these securities.
- (2) For the three months ended December 31, 2013, other revenues include a realized gain on the redemption or sale of ARS in the amount of \$5.5 million (see Note 7 for further information). The amount presented in the above table represents the reversal out of AOCI associated with such ARS' redeemed or sold. The net of such realized gain and this reversal out of AOCI represents the net effect of such redemptions and sales activities on other comprehensive income ("OCI") for the period, on a pre-tax basis.

All of the components of other comprehensive income (loss) described above, net of tax, are attributable to RJF.

## NOTE 18 - INTEREST INCOME AND INTEREST EXPENSE

The components of interest income and interest expense are as follows:

	Three months ended December					
		2013	2012			
		(in tho	usands	isands)		
<u>Interest income:</u>						
Margin balances	\$	17,787	\$	16,164		
Assets segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets		4,630		4,085		
Bank loans, net of unearned income		81,209		87,310		
Available for sale securities		1,923		2,217		
Trading instruments		4,528		5,850		
Stock loan		1,873		1,391		
Loans to financial advisors		1,656		1,360		
Corporate cash and all other		3,487		4,749		
Total interest income	\$	117,093	\$	123,126		
Interest expense:						
Brokerage client liabilities	\$	431	\$	548		
Retail bank deposits		1,945		2,476		
Trading instruments sold but not yet purchased		868		798		
Stock borrow		492		504		
Borrowed funds		972		1,314		
Senior notes		19,010		19,066		
Interest expense of consolidated VIEs		787		1,049		
Other		867		2,266		
Total interest expense		25,372		28,021		
Net interest income		91,721		95,105		
Less: provision for loan losses		(1,636)		(2,923)		
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	\$	90,085	\$	92,182		

# **NOTE 19 – SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION**

We have one share-based compensation plan for our employees, Board of Directors and non-employees (comprised of independent contractor financial advisors). The 2012 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2012 Plan"), permits us to grant share-based and cash-based awards designed to be exempt from the limitation on deductible compensation under Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code. In our 2013 Form 10-K, our share-based compensation accounting policies are described in Note 2, page 119. Other information relating to our employee and Board of Director share-based awards are outlined in our 2013 Form 10-K in Note 23, pages 175 – 179, while Note 24, pages 179 – 181, discusses our non-employee share-based awards. For purposes of this report, we have combined our presentation of both our employee and Board of Director share-based awards with our non-employee share-based awards, both of which are described below.

# Stock option awards

Expense and income tax benefits related to our stock option awards granted to employees, members of our Board of Directors and independent contractor financial advisors are presented below:

	Three months ended December 31,					
	2013			2012		
		(in tho	usands	s)		
Total share-based expense	\$	3,733	\$	3,248		
Income tax benefits related to share-based expense		795		394		

For the three months ended December 31, 2013, we realized \$321 thousand of excess tax benefits related to our stock option awards.

During the three months ended December 31, 2013 we granted 933,950 stock options to employees and 55,500 stock options were granted to our independent contractor financial advisors. During the three months ended December 31, 2013, no stock options were granted to outside directors.

Unrecognized pre-tax expense for stock option awards granted to employees, directors and independent contractor financial advisors, net of estimated forfeitures, and the remaining period over which the expense will be recognized as of December 31, 2013 are presented below:

		ecognized ax expense	Remaining weighted- average period
	(in t	housands)	(in years)
Employees and directors	\$	26,982	3.6
Independent contractor financial advisors		2,050	3.7

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of stock option awards granted to employees for the three months ended December 31, 2013 is \$16.17.

The fair value of each option grant awarded to our independent contractor financial advisors is estimated on the date of grant and periodically revalued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The weighted-average fair value for unvested options granted to independent contractor financial advisors as of December 31, 2013 is \$23.47.

#### Restricted stock and stock unit awards

Expense and income tax benefits related to our restricted equity awards (which include restricted stock and restricted stock units) granted to employees, members of our Board of Directors and independent contractor financial advisors are presented below:

	Thre	Three months ended December 31,				
	2013			2012		
	(in thousands)					
Total share-based expense	\$	16,635	\$	14,044		
Income tax benefits related to share-based expense		5,916		4,920		

For the three months ended December 31, 2013, we realized \$5.6 million of excess tax benefits related to our restricted equity awards.

During the three months ended December 31, 2013, we granted 923,289 restricted stock units to employees; no restricted stock units were granted to outside directors. We granted no restricted stock units to independent contractor financial advisors during the three months ended December 31, 2013.

Unrecognized pre-tax expense for restricted equity awards granted to employees, directors and independent contractor financial advisors, net of estimated forfeitures, and the remaining period over which the expense will be recognized as of December 31, 2013 are presented below:

		ecognized ax expense	Remaining weighted- average period
	(in th	nousands)	(in years)
Employees and directors	\$	115,913	3.0
Independent contractor financial advisors		234	1.8

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of restricted stock unit awards granted to employees for the three months ended December 31, 2013 is \$48.44.

The fair value of each restricted equity awards granted to our independent contractor financial advisors is valued on the date of grant and periodically revalued at the current stock price. The fair value for unvested restricted equity awards granted to independent contractor financial advisors as of December 31, 2013 is \$51.90.

#### NOTE 20 - REGULATIONS AND CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

For a discussion of the various regulations and capital requirements applicable to certain of our businesses and subsidiaries, see Note 25, pages 181-184, of our 2013 Form 10-K.

RJF, as a financial holding company, and RJ Bank, are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by bank regulators. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on our and RJ Bank's financial results. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, RJF and RJ Bank must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of our assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. RJF's and RJ Bank's capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings, and other factors.

RJF and RJ Bank are required to maintain minimum amounts and ratios of total and Tier 1 capital (as defined in the regulations) to risk-weighted assets (as defined), and Tier 1 capital to average assets (as defined). RJF and RJ Bank each calculate the Total Capital and Tier I Capital ratios in order to assess compliance with both regulatory requirements and their internal capital policies in addition to providing a measure of underutilized capital should these ratios become excessive. Capital levels are continually monitored to assess both RJF and RJ Bank's capital position. At current capital levels, RJF and RJ Bank are each categorized as "well capitalized" under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action.

To be categorized as "well capitalized," RJF must maintain total risk-based, Tier 1 risk-based, and Tier 1 leverage ratios as set forth in the table below.

_	Actu	ıal	Requirement f		To be well capitalized under prompt corrective action provisions			
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio		
_			(\$ in thous	ands)				
RJF as of December 31, 2013:								
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	3,573,614	20.4%	\$ 1,401,417	8.0%	\$ 1,751,772	10.0%		
Tier I capital (to risk-weighted assets)	3,419,341	19.5%	701,403	4.0%	1,052,105	6.0%		
Tier I capital (to adjusted assets)	3,419,341	15.2%	899,827	4.0%	1,124,783	5.0%		
RJF as of September 30, 2013:								
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	3,445,136	19.8%	\$ 1,391,974	8.0%	\$ 1,739,968	10.0%		
Tier I capital (to risk-weighted assets)	3,294,595	18.9%	697,269	4.0%	1,045,903	6.0%		
Tier I capital (to adjusted assets)	3,294,595	14.5%	908,854	4.0%	1,136,067	5.0%		

The increase in RJF's Total capital (to risk-weighted assets) and Tier I capital (to risk-weighted assets) at December 31, 2013 compared to September 30, 2013 was the result of positive earnings during the three month period ended December 31, 2013 offset by an increase in market risk equivalent assets. The increase in RJF's Tier I capital (to adjusted assets) ratio at December 31, 2013 compared to September 30, 2013 was primarily due to earnings during the three month period ended December 31, 2013 as well as a decrease in average segregated assets.

To be categorized as "well capitalized," RJ Bank must maintain minimum total risk-based, Tier I risk-based, and Tier I leverage ratios as set forth in the table below.

		Actual				Requirement for capital adequacy purposes			To be well capitalized under prompt corrective action provisions		
	1	Amount	F	Ratio		Amount	Ratio	)		Amount	Ratio
						(\$ in tho	usands)				
RJ Bank as of December 31, 2013:											
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$	1,271,878		12.7%	\$	802,736		8.0%	\$	1,003,419	10.0%
Tier I capital (to risk-weighted assets)		1,145,913		11.4%		401,368		4.0%		602,052	6.0%
Tier I capital (to adjusted assets)		1,145,913		10.7%		429,319		4.0%		536,648	5.0%
RJ Bank as of September 30, 2013:	Ф	1 224 260		12.00/	Ф	750.007		0.00/	¢	040.745	10.00/
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$	1,234,268		13.0%	<b>3</b>	758,996		8.0%	\$	948,745	10.0%
Tier I capital (to risk-weighted assets)		1,115,113		11.8%		379,498		4.0%		569,247	6.0%
Tier I capital (to adjusted assets)		1,115,113		10.4%		430,154		4.0%		537,692	5.0%

The decrease in RJ Bank's Total capital (to risk-weighted assets) ratio and Tier I capital (to risk-weighted assets) ratio at December 31, 2013 compared to September 30, 2013 were primarily due to corporate loan growth during the three month period ended December 31, 2013. The increase in RJ Bank's Tier I Capital (to adjusted assets) ratio at December 31, 2013 compared to September 30, 2013 was due to an increase in earnings and lower average assets.

Certain of our broker-dealer subsidiaries are subject to the requirements of the Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

The net capital position of our wholly owned broker-dealer subsidiary RJ&A is as follows:

	As of				
	<b>December 31, 2013</b>		September 30, 2		
	(\$ in thousands)				
Raymond James & Associates, Inc.:					
(Alternative Method elected)					
Net capital as a percent of aggregate debit items		26.77%		23.14%	
Net capital	\$	488,864	\$	435,343	
Less: required net capital		(36,517)		(37,625)	
Excess net capital	\$	452,347	\$	397,718	

The net capital position of our wholly owned broker-dealer subsidiary RJFS is as follows:

	As of			
Decem	ber 31, 2013	September 30, 2013		
(in thousands)				
\$	13,947	\$	18,103	
	(250)		(250)	
\$	13,697	\$	17,853	
	_	December 31, 2013 (in thou	December 31, 2013   Septem (in thousands)	

The risk adjusted capital of RJ Ltd. is as follows (in Canadian dollars):

		As of			
	Decemb	December 31, 2013 Septem		September 30, 2013	
	(in thousands)			s)	
Raymond James Ltd.:					
Risk adjusted capital before minimum	\$	65,716	\$	52,777	
Less: required minimum capital		(250)		(250)	
Risk adjusted capital	\$	65,466	\$	52,527	

At December 31, 2013, all of our other active regulated domestic and international subsidiaries are in compliance with and met all capital requirements.

## NOTE 21 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE SHEET RISK

For a discussion of our financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk, see Note 26 pages 184 - 186, of our 2013 Form 10-K.

RJ Bank has outstanding at any time a significant number of commitments to extend credit and other credit-related off-balance sheet financial instruments such as standby letters of credit and loan purchases, which then extend over varying periods of time. These arrangements are subject to strict credit control assessments and each customer's credit worthiness is evaluated on a case-by-case basis. Fixed-rate commitments, if any, are also subject to market risk resulting from fluctuations in interest rates and RJ Bank's exposure is limited to the replacement value of those commitments. A summary of commitments to extend credit and other credit-related off-balance sheet financial instruments outstanding follows:

	<b>December 31, 2013</b>			
	(in	thousands)		
Standby letters of credit	\$	112,261		
Open end consumer lines of credit		931,554		
Commercial lines of credit		1,811,392		
Unfunded loan commitments		344,765		

Because many lending commitments expire without being funded in whole or part, the contract amounts are not estimates of RJ Bank's actual future credit exposure or future liquidity requirements. RJ Bank maintains a reserve to provide for potential losses related to the unfunded lending commitments. See Note 8 for further discussion of this reserve for unfunded lending commitments.

RJ Ltd. is subject to foreign exchange risk primarily due to financial instruments denominated in U.S. dollars that may be impacted by fluctuation in foreign exchange rates. In order to mitigate this risk, RJ Ltd. enters into forward foreign exchange contracts. The fair value of these contracts is not significant. As of December 31, 2013, forward contracts outstanding to buy and sell U.S. dollars totaled CDN \$1.7 million and CDN \$1.4 million, respectively. Additionally, as of December 31, 2013, RJ Ltd. held an outstanding forward contract to buy Euro's totaling CDN \$1.1 million. RJ Bank is also subject to foreign exchange risk related to its net investment in a Canadian subsidiary. See Note 13 for information regarding how RJ Bank utilizes net investment hedges to mitigate a significant portion of this risk.

As a part of our fixed income public finance operations, RJ&A enters into forward commitments to purchase GNMA MBS. See Note 16 for information on these commitments. We utilize TBA security contracts to hedge our interest rate risk associated with these commitments. We are subject to loss if the timing of, or the actual amount of, GNMA MBS securities differs significantly from the term and notional amount of the TBA security contracts we enter into.

#### **NOTE 22 – EARNINGS PER SHARE**

The following table presents the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three months ended December 31			cember 31,
	2013			2012
	(in the	ousands, excep	t per sl	hare amounts)
Income for basic earnings per common share:				
Net income attributable to RJF	\$	116,633	\$	85,874
Less allocation of earnings and dividends to participating securities (1)		(884)		(1,204)
Net income attributable to RJF common shareholders	\$	115,749	\$	84,670
Income for diluted earnings per common share:				
Net income attributable to RJF	\$	116,633	\$	85,874
Less allocation of earnings and dividends to participating securities (1)		(866)		(1,190)
Net income attributable to RJF common shareholders	\$	115,767	\$	84,684
Common shares:				
Average common shares in basic computation		139,089		136,524
Dilutive effect of outstanding stock options and certain restricted stock units		3,508		2,170
Average common shares used in diluted computation		142,597		138,694
Earnings per common share:				
Basic	\$	0.83	\$	0.62
Diluted	\$	0.81	\$	0.61
Stock options and certain restricted stock units excluded from weighted-average diluted common shares because their effect would be antidilutive		560		503

(1) Represents dividends paid during the period to participating securities plus an allocation of undistributed earnings to participating securities. Participating securities represent unvested restricted stock and certain restricted stock units and amounted to weighted-average shares of 1.1 million and 1.9 million for the three months ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Dividends paid to participating securities amounted to \$150 thousand and \$251 thousand for the three months ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Undistributed earnings are allocated to participating securities based upon their right to share in earnings if all earnings for the period had been distributed.

Dividends per common share declared and paid are as follows:

	Three months ended December 31,				
		2013		2012	
Dividends per common share - declared	\$	0.16	\$	0.14	
Dividends per common share - paid	\$	0.14	\$	0.13	

#### **NOTE 23 – SEGMENT ANALYSIS**

We currently operate through the following five business segments: "Private Client Group;" "Capital Markets;" "Asset Management;" RJ Bank; and our "Other" segment, which includes our principal capital and private equity activities as well as various corporate overhead costs of RJF including the interest cost on our public debt and the acquisition and integration costs associated with our acquisitions, most significantly Morgan Keegan. The business segments are based upon factors such as the services provided and the distribution channels served and are consistent with how we assess performance and determine how to allocate our resources throughout our subsidiaries. For a further discussion of our business segments, see Note 28, pages 187-190, of our 2013 Form 10-K.

Information concerning operations in these segments of business is as follows:

	Three months ended December 31			
	2013			2012
		(in thou	ısands	)
Revenues:				
Private Client Group	\$	779,196	\$	714,302
Capital Markets		244,993		255,073
Asset Management		96,016		65,629
RJ Bank		83,873		92,050
Other		20,089		25,459
Intersegment eliminations		(15,393)		(15,004)
Total revenues <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	1,208,774	\$	1,137,509
Income (loss) excluding noncontrolling interests and before provision for income taxes:				
Private Client Group	\$	71,510	\$	53,450
Capital Markets		33,445		29,253
Asset Management		31,836		20,943
RJ Bank		57,058		67,943
Other (2)		(14,925)		(32,442)
Pre-tax income excluding noncontrolling interests		178,924		139,147
Add: net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(112)		8,020
Income including noncontrolling interests and before provision for income taxes	\$	178,812	\$	147,167

- (1) No individual client accounted for more than ten percent of total revenues in any of the periods presented.
- (2) For the three months ended December 31, 2012, the Other segment includes acquisition related expenses pertaining to our acquisitions (primarily related to our Morgan Keegan acquisition, see Note 1 for additional information) in the amount of \$17.4 million. For the three months ended December 31, 2013, acquisition related expenses are no longer material for separate disclosure as our Morgan Keegan integration activities were substantially complete as of September 30, 2013.

	Thr	Three months ended December 31,			
		2013	2012		
		(in thousands)			
Net interest income (expense):					
Private Client Group	\$	23,450	\$	21,562	
Capital Markets		1,848		2,098	
Asset Management		29		24	
RJ Bank		82,114		87,746	
Other		(15,720)		(16,325)	
Net interest income	\$	91,721	\$	95,105	
Asset Management RJ Bank Other	\$	29 82,114 (15,720)	\$	24 87,746 (16,325)	

The following table presents our total assets on a segment basis:

	Dece	December 31, 2013		ember 30, 2013		
		(in thousands)				
Total assets:						
Private Client Group (1)	\$	6,015,398	\$	7,649,030		
Capital Markets (2)		2,281,431		2,548,663		
Asset Management		157,030		149,436		
RJ Bank		11,242,053		10,489,524		
Other		2,228,583		2,349,469		
Total	\$	21,924,495	\$	23,186,122		
			_			

- (1) Includes \$174 million of goodwill at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013.
- (2) Includes \$121 million of goodwill at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013.

We have operations in the United States, Canada, Europe and joint ventures in Latin America. Substantially all long-lived assets are located in the United States. Revenues and income before provision for income taxes and excluding noncontrolling interests, classified by major geographic areas in which they are earned, are as follows:

	Three months ended December 31,			
	2013			2012
	(in thou			ds)
Revenues:				
United States	\$	1,088,095	\$	1,039,023
Canada		88,114		72,415
Europe		24,996		20,889
Other		7,569		5,182
Total	\$	1,208,774	\$	1,137,509
Pre-tax income excluding noncontrolling interests:				
United States	\$	166,606	\$	137,006
Canada		11,546		4,539
Europe		199		(69)
Other		573		(2,329)
Total	\$	178,924	\$	139,147

Our total assets, classified by major geographic area in which they are held, are presented below:

	<b>December 31, 2013</b>		Sept	ember 30, 2013	
		(in thousands)			
Total assets:					
United States (1)	\$	20,118,105	\$	21,154,293	
Canada <sup>(2)</sup>		1,717,139		1,965,648	
Europe		39,393		26,415	
Other		49,858		39,766	
Total	\$	21,924,495	\$	23,186,122	

- (1) Includes \$262 million of goodwill at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013.
- (2) Includes \$33 million of goodwill at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013.

# ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is intended to help the reader understand the results of our operations and financial condition. This MD&A is provided as a supplement to, and should be read in conjunction with, our condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements. Where "NM" is used in various percentage change computations, the computed percentage change has been determined not to be meaningful.

#### Factors Affecting "Forward-Looking Statements"

Certain statements made in this report on Form 10-Q may constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include information concerning future strategic objectives, business prospects, anticipated savings, financial results (including expenses, earnings, liquidity, cash flow and capital expenditures), industry or market conditions, demand for and pricing of our products, acquisitions and divestitures, anticipated results of litigation and regulatory developments or general economic conditions. In addition, words such as "believes," "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "estimates," "projects," "forecasts," and future or conditional verbs such as "will," "may," "could," "should," and "would," as well as any other statement that necessarily depends on future events, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees, and they involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Although we make such statements based on assumptions that we believe to be reasonable, there can be no assurance that actual results will not differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. We caution investors not to rely unduly on any forward-looking statements and urge you to carefully consider the risks described in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") from time to time, including our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and subsequent Form 10-Q's, which are available on www.raymondjames.com and the SEC website at www.sec.gov. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which that statement is made. We expressly disclaim any obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances that occur after the date on which the statement is made.

## **Executive overview**

We operate as a financial services and bank holding company. Results in the businesses in which we operate are highly correlated to the general overall strength of U.S. economic conditions and, more specifically, to the direction of the U.S. equity and fixed income markets, the corporate and mortgage lending markets and commercial and residential credit trends. Overall market conditions, interest rates, economic, political and regulatory trends, and industry competition are among the factors which could affect us and which are unpredictable and beyond our control. These factors affect the financial decisions made by market participants which include investors, borrowers, and competitors, impacting their level of participation in the financial markets. These factors also impact the level of public offerings, trading profits, interest rate volatility and asset valuations, or a combination thereof. In turn, these decisions affect our business results.

## Quarter ended December 31, 2013 compared with the quarter ended December 31, 2012

We achieved record net revenues of \$1.18 billion for the quarter, a 7% increase compared to the prior year quarter, and a 5% increase compared to the preceding quarter. Total client assets under administration were a record \$446.5 billion at December 31, 2013, up 5% compared to the preceding quarter and a 15% increase over the prior year level. The increase in assets under administration as compared to the preceding quarter is attributable primarily to market appreciation. Non-interest expenses increased \$42 million, or 4%, compared to the prior year quarter, and \$40 million, or 4% compared to the preceding quarter. The increases are primarily due to the increase in compensation, commissions and benefits expenses which were partially offset by a decrease in acquisition related expenses. Acquisition and integration related expenses in the current year quarter are no longer material for separate reporting since our integration of Morgan Keegan was substantially complete as of September 30, 2013. The combination of record revenues and overall expense control helped us achieve our targeted 15% pre-tax margin during the quarter.

Our pre-tax income increased \$40 million, or 29%, compared to the prior year quarter. After excluding the acquisition related and other one-time expenses we incurred in the prior period, our pre-tax income increased \$22 million, or 14%, compared to the prior year quarter (a non-GAAP measure)<sup>(1)</sup>, and decreased \$5 million, or 3%, compared to the preceding quarter (a non-GAAP measure).<sup>(1)</sup>

(1) Refer to the discussion and reconciliation of the GAAP results to the non-GAAP results in the "Reconciliation of the GAAP results to the non-GAAP measures" section of this MD&A.

A summary of the most significant matters impacting our financial results as compared to the prior year quarter, are as follows:

- Our Private Client Group segment generated record net revenues of \$777 million, an 9% increase over the prior year, while pre-tax income increased 34% to a record \$72 million. The increase in revenues is primarily attributable to increased securities commissions and fee revenues, predominately arising from fee-based accounts. Commission expenses increased in proportion to the increase in corresponding revenues while all other components of non-interest expenses increased in total by a modest 2%. Client assets under administration of the Private Client Group increased 14.3% over the prior year, to a record \$422.9 billion at December 31, 2013.
- The Capital Markets segment realized a \$4 million, or 14%, increase in pre-tax income to \$33 million, reflecting favorable levels of investment banking activity including a significant increase in activity in Canada. Institutional equity sales commissions also increased significantly. In contrast, we experienced a significant decrease in institutional fixed income commission revenues due to the uncertainty in the markets over interest rates. We continued to generate reasonable trading profits in our fixed income operations which partially mitigated the impact of the lower fixed income commission revenues.
- Our Asset Management segment generated record net revenues of \$96 million and an \$11 million, or 52%, increase in pre-tax income compared to the prior year. Assets under discretionary management increased 30% from the prior year, to a record \$61 billion as of December 31, 2013. Strong net inflows of client assets, market appreciation, and performance fees earned as a result of positive net performance from certain of our managed funds (a portion of which is attributable to noncontrolling interests) all contributed to the increase in revenues and pre-tax income.
- RJ Bank generated \$57 million in pre-tax income, an \$11 million, or 16%, decrease compared to the prior year. The
  decrease resulted primarily from a decrease in net interest margin, partially offset by an increase in average loans
  outstanding. The credit characteristics of the loan portfolio continued to reflect the positive impact of improved economic
  conditions.
- Activities in our Other segment resulted in a pre-tax loss that was \$18 million less than the prior year quarter, most significantly because effective in the current quarter, we no longer separately report acquisition and integration related costs since our integration of Morgan Keegan was substantially complete as of September 30, 2013.
- Our effective tax rate for the current year period was 34.8%, a decrease from the 38.3% effective tax rate in the prior year period, and approximately equal to the fiscal year 2013 effective rate. Our effective tax rate for the current period benefited from the recognition of certain state tax refunds and strong gains in our Company Owned Life Insurance portfolio compared to the prior year period (such gains are not subject to tax and thus benefit the effective tax rate).

On December 10, 2013, the final Volcker Rule, mandated as part of the Dodd-Frank Act, was issued which prohibits banks from proprietary trading and limits commercial banks and their affiliates with respect to investing in hedge funds and other private equity investments. Based upon our review and current understanding of the newly issued rules, our expectation that the legislation will not have a significant direct impact on our operations as a whole is unchanged. However, because some of the regulations have yet to be adopted by various regulatory agencies, the specific impact on some of our businesses remains uncertain.

#### **Segments**

We currently operate through the following five business segments: Private Client Group (or "PCG"); Capital Markets; Asset Management; RJ Bank; and Other (which consists of our principal capital and private equity activities as well as various corporate overhead costs of RJF including the interest cost on our public debt and the acquisition and integration costs associated with our acquisitions, most significantly Morgan Keegan).

As more fully described in Note 2 on page 104, and Note 28 on page 187, of our 2013 Form 10-K, effective September 30, 2013 we implemented changes in our reportable segments. These segment changes had no effect on the historical financial results of operations. Prior period segment balances impacted by this change have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

The following table presents our consolidated and segment gross revenues, net revenues, and pre-tax income (loss), the latter excluding noncontrolling interests, for the periods indicated:

	Three months ended December 3			
	2013	2012	% change	
Total company				
Revenues	\$ 1,208,774	\$ 1,137,509	6 %	
Net revenues	1,183,402	1,109,488	7 %	
Pre-tax income excluding noncontrolling interests	178,924	139,147	29 %	
Private Client Group				
Revenues	779,196	714,302	9 %	
Net revenues	776,669	710,330	9 %	
Pre-tax income	71,510	53,450	34 %	
Capital Markets				
Revenues	244,993	255,073	(4)%	
Net revenues	241,642	250,782	(4)%	
Pre-tax income	33,445	29,253	14 %	
Asset Management				
Revenues	96,016	65,629	46 %	
Net revenues	96,013	65,628	46 %	
Pre-tax income	31,836	20,943	52 %	
RJ Bank				
Revenues	83,873	92,050	(9)%	
Net revenues	81,928	89,422	(8)%	
Pre-tax income	57,058	67,943	(16)%	
Other				
Revenues	20,089	25,459	(21)%	
Net revenues	820	5,845	(86)%	
Pre-tax loss	(14,925)		54 %	
Intersegment eliminations				
Revenues	(15,393)	(15,004)	(3)%	
Net revenues	(13,670)		(9)%	

#### Reconciliation of the GAAP results to the non-GAAP measures

We believe that the non-GAAP measures provide useful information by excluding material items that may not be indicative of our core operating results and that the GAAP and the non-GAAP measures should be considered together. There are no non-GAAP adjustments in the December 31, 2013 quarter, as we no longer separately report acquisition and integration related costs since our integration of Morgan Keegan was substantially complete as of the end of the preceding quarter. The non-GAAP adjustments impacting the prior periods presented include one-time acquisition and integration costs (primarily associated with our Morgan Keegan acquisition), net of applicable taxes. Refer to the footnotes to the table below for further explanation.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the GAAP basis to the non-GAAP measures for the prior year period which included non-GAAP adjustments:

	Three months ended December 31, 2012					
	exc	in thousands, cept per share amounts)				
Net income attributable to RJF, Inc GAAP basis	\$	85,874				
Non-GAAP adjustments:						
Acquisition related expenses (1)		17,382				
Tax effect of non-GAAP adjustment (2)		(6,656)				
Net income attributable to RJF, Inc Non-GAAP basis	\$	96,600				
Non-GAAP earnings per common share:						
Non-GAAP basic	\$	0.70				
Non-GAAP diluted	\$	0.69				
Average equity - GAAP basis (3)	\$	3,324,370				
Average equity - non-GAAP basis (4)	\$	3,322,744				
Return on equity for the quarter (annualized)		10.3%				
Return on equity for the quarter - non-GAAP basis (annualized) (5)		11.6%				

- (1) The non-GAAP adjustment adds back to pre-tax income one-time acquisition and integration expenses associated with acquisitions that were incurred during the period.
- (2) The non-GAAP adjustment reduces net income for the income tax effect of the pre-tax non-GAAP adjustment, utilizing the effective tax rate in such period to determine the current tax expense.
- (3) Computed by adding the total equity attributable to RJF, Inc. as of the date indicated plus the prior quarter-end total, divided by two.
- (4) The calculation of non-GAAP average equity includes the impact on equity of the non-GAAP adjustments described in the table above.
- (5) Computed by utilizing the net income attributable to RJF, Inc.-non-GAAP basis and the average equity-non-GAAP basis. See footnotes (3) and (4) above for the calculation of average equity-non-GAAP basis.

#### Net interest analysis

We have certain assets and liabilities, not only held in our RJ Bank segment but also held in our PCG and Capital Markets segments, which are subject to changes in interest rates; these changes in interest rates have an impact on our overall financial performance. Given the relationship of our interest sensitive assets to liabilities held in each of these segments, an increase in short-term interest rates would result in an overall increase in our net earnings (we currently have more assets than liabilities with a yield that would be affected by a change in short-term interest rates). A gradual increase in short-term interest rates would have the most significant favorable impact on our PCG and RJ Bank segments (refer to the table in Item 3 - Interest Rate Risk in this Form 10-Q, which presents an analysis of RJ Bank's estimated net interest income over a 12 month period based on instantaneous shifts in interest rates using the asset/liability model applied by RJ Bank).

Based upon our latest analysis performed as of September 30, 2013, we estimate that a 100 basis point instantaneous rise in short-term interest rates could result in an increase in our pre-tax income in the range of approximately \$140 million to \$170 million over a twelve month period. Approximately half of such an increase would be attributable to account and service fee revenues (resulting from an increase in the fees generated in lieu of interest income from our multi-bank sweep program with unaffiliated banks and the discontinuance of money market fee waivers) which are reported in the PCG segment, and the remaining portion of the increase attributable to net interest income reported in both our PCG and RJ Bank segments. This estimate is based on static balances as of September 30, 2013 and conservative assumptions related to interest rates earned by clients on their cash balances in various interest rate environments. The actual amount of any increase we would realize in the future will ultimately be based on a number of factors including but not limited to, the actual change in balances, the rapidity and magnitude of the increase in interest rates, the competitive landscape at such time, and the returns on comparable investments which will factor into the interest rates we pay on client cash balances. The vast majority of any incremental benefit to pre-tax income from a rise in short-term interest rates would be expected to arise from the first 100 basis point increase, as we presume that a significant portion of any further incremental increase in short-term interest rates would be passed along to clients, and thus such additional interest revenues and interest sensitive fees would be offset by increases of similar amounts in our interest expense.

## Quarter ended December 31, 2013 compared with the quarter ended December 31, 2012 – Net interest

The following table presents our consolidated average interest-earning asset and liability balances, interest income and expense balances, and the average yield/cost, for the periods indicated:

	Three months ended December 31,											
	2013						2012					
		Average balance <sup>(1)</sup>	Interest inc./exp.		Average yield/cost	Average balance <sup>(1)</sup>		Interest inc./exp.		Average yield/cost		
					(\$ in the	usa	nds)					
Interest-earning assets:												
Margin balances	\$	1,756,537	\$	17,787	4.05%	\$	1,835,454	\$	16,164	3.52%		
Assets segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets		3,921,450		4,630	0.47%		3,055,819		4,085	0.53%		
Bank loans, net of unearned income <sup>(2)</sup>		9,145,365		81,209	3.55%		8,303,983		87,310	4.21%		
Available for sale securities		694,538		1,923	1.11%		739,689		2,217	1.20%		
Trading instruments <sup>(3)</sup>		544,705		4,528	3.33%		890,971		5,850	2.63%		
Stock loan		341,470		1,873	2.19%		355,819		1,391	1.56%		
Loans to financial advisors <sup>(3)</sup>		405,567		1,656	1.63%		437,730		1,360	1.24%		
Corporate cash and all other <sup>(3)</sup>		2,634,341		3,487	0.53%		2,677,098		4,749	0.71%		
Total	\$	19,443,973	\$	117,093	2.41%	\$	18,296,563	\$	123,126	2.69%		
Interest-bearing liabilities:												
Brokerage client liabilities	\$	5,180,449		431	0.03%	\$	4,372,834	\$	548	0.05%		
Bank deposits <sup>(2)</sup>		9,486,644		1,945	0.08%		8,738,284		2,476	0.11%		
Trading instruments sold but not yet purchased <sup>(3)</sup>		214,952		868	1.62%		249,551		798	1.28%		
Stock borrow		96,447		492	2.04%		139,200		504	1.45%		
Borrowed funds		281,677		972	1.38%		346,187		1,314	1.52%		
Senior notes		1,148,877		19,010	6.62%		1,148,689		19,066	6.64%		
Loans payable of consolidated variable interest entities <sup>(3)</sup>		59,538		787	5.29%		78,271		1,049	5.36%		
Other <sup>(3)</sup>		342,400		867	1.01%		367,934		2,266	2.46%		
Total	\$	16,810,984	\$	25,372	0.60%	\$	15,440,950	\$	28,021	0.73%		
Net interest income			\$	91,721				\$	95,105			

- (1) Represents average daily balance, unless otherwise noted.
- See Results of Operations RJ Bank in this MD&A for further information.
- (3) Average balance is calculated based on the average of the end of month balances for each month within the period.

Net interest income decreased \$3 million, or 4%, compared to the prior year quarter. Net interest income is earned primarily by our PCG and RJ Bank segments, which are discussed separately below.

Net interest income in the PCG segment increased \$2 million, or 9%, primarily resulting from the increase in margin interest rates we implemented as of October 1, 2013, partially offset by decreased client margin balances.

The RJ Bank segment's net interest income decreased \$6 million, or 6%, primarily as a result of a decrease in net interest margin. Refer to the discussion of the specific components of RJ Bank's net interest income in the RJ Bank section of this MD&A.

Interest income earned on our available for sale securities portfolio decreased from the prior year period due to a slight decrease in yields on the portfolio and lower investment balances as compared to the prior year quarter.

Interest income earned on our trading instruments decreased from the prior year period due to decreased trading security inventory levels (see Note 6 of our Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q for additional information on our trading instruments).

## **Results of Operations – Private Client Group**

The following table presents consolidated financial information for our PCG segment for the periods indicated:

	Three months ended December 31,					
	2013	% change	2012			
		(\$ in thousands)				
Revenues:						
Securities commissions and fees:						
Equities	\$ 78,602	7 % \$	73,181			
Fixed income products	20,401	(16)%	24,353			
Mutual funds	164,686	14 %	144,662			
Fee-based accounts	287,137	18 %	242,568			
Insurance and annuity products	84,652	2 %	83,318			
New issue sales credits	22,029	(20)%	27,455			
Sub-total securities commissions and fees	657,507	10 %	595,537			
Interest	25,977	2 %	25,534			
Account and service fees:						
Client account and service fees	38,021	(11)%	42,694			
Mutual fund and annuity service fees	46,176	20 %	38,383			
Client transaction fees	4,649	21 %	3,851			
Correspondent clearing fees	812	16 %	703			
Account and service fees – all other	74	14 %	65			
Sub-total account and service fees	89,732	5 %	85,696			
Other	5,980	(21)%	7,535			
Total revenues	779,196	9 %	714,302			
Interest expense	2,527	(36)%	3,972			
Net revenues	776,669	9 %	710,330			
Net revenues	770,009	9 /0	/10,550			
Non-interest expenses:						
Sales commissions	475,843	10 %	431,749			
Admin & incentive compensation and benefit costs	121,606	1 %	120,320			
Communications and information processing	37,501	(2)%	38,359			
Occupancy and equipment	28,937	_	28,821			
Business development	20,297	15 %	17,626			
Clearance and other	20,975	5 %	20,005			
Total non-interest expenses	705,159	7 %	656,880			
Pre-tax income	\$ 71,510	34 % \$	53,450			
Margin on net revenues	9.2%	ó	7.5%			

Through our PCG segment, we provide securities transaction and financial planning services to client accounts through the branch office systems of our broker-dealer subsidiaries located throughout the United States, Canada and the United Kingdom. Our financial advisors offer a broad range of investments and services, including both third party and proprietary products, and a variety of financial planning services. We charge sales commissions or asset-based fees for investment services we provide to our PCG clients based on established schedules. Our financial advisors offer a number of professionally managed load mutual funds, as well as a selection of no-load mutual funds.

Net interest revenue in the PCG segment is generated by customer balances, predominately the earnings on margin loans and assets segregated pursuant to regulations, less interest paid on customer cash balances ("Client Interest Program"). The PCG segment earns a fee (in lieu of interest revenue) from the RJBDP, a program where clients' cash deposits in their brokerage accounts are re-deposited through a third party service into interest-bearing deposit accounts at a number of banks. The RJBDP enables clients to obtain up to \$2.5 million in individual FDIC deposit insurance coverage (\$5 million for joint accounts) while earning competitive rates for their cash balances. The portion of this fee paid by RJ Bank is eliminated in the intersegment eliminations.

The PCG segment includes the results of our securities lending business, in which we borrow and lend securities from and to other broker-dealers, financial institutions, and other counterparties, generally as an intermediary. The net revenues of the securities lending business are the interest spreads generated from these activities.

The success of the PCG segment is dependent upon the quality of our products, services, financial advisors and support personnel including our ability to attract, retain and motivate a sufficient number of these associates. We face competition for qualified associates from major financial services companies, including other brokerage firms, insurance companies, banking institutions and discount brokerage firms. We currently offer several affiliation alternatives for financial advisors ranging from the traditional branch setting, under which the financial advisors are our employees and we incur the costs associated with operating the branch, to the independent contractor model, under which the independent contractor financial advisor is responsible for all of their own direct costs. Accordingly, the independent contractor financial advisors are paid a larger percentage of commissions. By offering alternative models to potential and existing financial advisors, we are able to effectively compete with a wide variety of other brokerage firms for qualified financial advisors, as financial advisors can choose the model that best suits their practice and profile.

Revenues of the PCG segment are correlated with total PCG client assets under administration, which include assets in feebased accounts (a majority of which is included in our asset management programs), and the overall U.S. equities markets. PCG client asset balances are as follows as of the dates indicated:

	ember 31, 2013	Sej	ptember 30, 2013	 June 30, 2013	M	arch 31, 2013	De	cember 31, 2012	Sep	otember 30, 2012
				(in bil	lions	s)				
Total PCG assets under administration	\$ 422.9	\$	402.6	\$ 387.3	\$	388.2	\$	370.0	\$	367.7
PCG assets in fee-based accounts	\$ 151.2	\$	139.9	\$ 131.8	\$	129.2	\$	118.6	\$	115.7

Total PCG assets under administration increased 5% compared to the preceding quarter ended September 30, 2013 and were up 14% over December 31, 2012. Total PCG assets in fee-based accounts increased 8% compared to the preceding quarter ended September 30, 2013 and were up 27% compared to December 31, 2012. Increased client assets under administration typically result in higher fee-based account revenues and mutual fund and annuity service fees. Improved equity markets not only result in increased assets under administration, but also generally lead to more client activity and therefore improved financial advisor productivity resulting from increased commission revenues and transaction fees. Higher client cash balances generally lead to increased interest income and account fee revenues, depending upon spreads realized in our Client Interest Program and RJBDP.

The following table presents a summary of PCG financial advisors as of the dates indicated:

	Employees	Independent contractors	December 31, 2013 total	September 30, 2013 total	December 31, 2012 total (1)
RJ&A	2,430		2,430	2,443	1,604
MK & Co. (2)	_	_	_	_	869
Raymond James Financial Services, Inc.	_	3,279	3,279	3,275	3,215
Raymond James Ltd.	177	218	395	406	428
Raymond James Investment Services Limited ("RJIS")		74	74	73	65
Total financial advisors	2,607	3,571	6,178	6,197	6,181

- (1) As of September 30, 2013 we refined the criteria to determine our financial advisor population. The counts have been revised from those previously reported in order to present the information on a consistent basis through the application of our current criteria.
- (2) We acquired MK & Co. on April 2, 2012. We successfully integrated the PCG operations of Morgan Keegan onto the RJ&A platform in mid-February 2013. At that time, 863 financial advisors of MK & Co. became RJ&A financial advisors.

## Quarter ended December 31, 2013 compared with the quarter ended December 31, 2012 – Private Client Group

Net revenues increased \$66 million, or 9%, while pre-tax income increased \$18 million, or 34%. PCG's pre-tax margin on net revenues increased to 9.2% as compared to the prior year quarter's 7.5%.

Securities commissions and fees increased \$62 million, or 10%. Client assets under administration of \$422.9 billion increased \$52.9 billion or 14% compared to December 31, 2012. The year over year increase in client assets was driven by the equity market conditions in the U.S., which were generally improved as compared to the prior year. The most significant increases in these revenues arose from fee-based accounts, which increased \$45 million, or 18%, and commissions on mutual fund products which increased \$20 million, or 14%, partially offset by a \$4 million, or 16% decrease in commissions on fixed income products. Commission earnings on fixed income products decreased due to the sluggishness in the fixed income markets resulting from the uncertain interest rate environment.

Account and service fees increased \$4 million, or 5%. Mutual fund and annuity service fees increased \$8 million, or 20%, primarily as a result of an increase in mutual fund omnibus fees, education and marketing support ("EMS") fees, and no-transaction-fee ("NTF") program revenues, all of which are paid to us by the mutual fund companies whose products we distribute. During the past year we implemented changes in the data sharing arrangements with many mutual fund companies, converting from a networking to an omnibus arrangement. The fees earned from omnibus arrangements are greater than those under networking arrangements in order to compensate us for the additional reporting requirements performed by the broker-dealer under omnibus arrangements. In addition, effective with our mid-February 2013 platform integration, the former Morgan Keegan client mutual fund investments became eligible for our omnibus and EMS programs. Partially offsetting the above, client account and service fees decreased \$5 million, or 11% primarily resulting from a decrease in fees earned in lieu of interest earnings from the RJBDP. Although cash balances in this program increased, the fee earnings on such balances decreased as certain contracts with third parties renewed during the current period at lower rates.

Total segment revenues increased 9%. The portion of total segment revenues that we consider to be recurring is approximately 69% at December 31, 2013, an increase from 65% at December 30, 2012. Recurring commission and fee revenues include asset based fees, trailing commissions from mutual funds and variable annuities/insurance products, mutual fund service fees, fees earned on funds in our multi-bank sweep program, and interest. Assets in fee-based accounts as of December 31, 2013 were \$151.2 billion, an increase of 8% over the balances as of September 30, 2013, and up 27% as compared to the \$118.6 billion as of December 31, 2012.

PCG net interest increased \$2 million, or 9%, primarily resulting from an increase in margin interest rates, partially offset by decreased client margin balances. Client margin balances decreased 6% as compared to December 31, 2012 levels, partially due to the popularity of the securities based lending product offered by RJ Bank. Although the average client cash balances over the quarter have increased compared to the December 31, 2012 quarter levels, given the extremely low rate of interest we earn and pay on client cash balances as a result of the interest rate environment, this increase in client cash balances has only had a nominal impact on our net interest revenues.

Non-interest expenses increased \$48 million, or 7%, over the prior year quarter. Sales commission expense increased \$44 million, or 10%, consistent with the 10% increase in commission and fee revenues. Business development expenses increased \$3 million, or 15%, primarily due to increases in advertising, recruiting and conference costs.

# Results of Operations - Capital Markets

The following table presents consolidated financial information for our Capital Markets segment for the periods indicated:

	Three months ended December 31,					
		2013	% change	2012		
	(\$ in thousands)					
Revenues:						
Institutional sales commissions:						
Equity	\$	65,645	17 % \$	9		
Fixed income		65,068	(29)%	91,903		
Sub-total institutional sales commissions		130,713	(12)%	147,813		
Equity underwriting fees		18,751	(16)%	22,452		
Mergers & acquisitions and advisory fees		41,059	(6)%	43,811		
Fixed income investment banking		10,833	(23)%	14,157		
Tax credit funds syndication fees		9,159	115 %	4,269		
Investment advisory fees		5,446	58 %	3,438		
Trading profit		16,601	108 %	7,996		
Interest		5,199	(19)%	6,389		
Other		7,232	52 %	4,748		
Total revenues		244,993	(4)%	255,073		
Interest expense		3,351	(22)%	4,291		
Net revenues		241,642	(4)%	250,782		
Non-interest expenses:						
Sales commissions		51,838	(15)%	61,334		
Admin & incentive compensation and benefit costs		113,190	_	113,046		
Communications and information processing		16,890	4 %	16,201		
Occupancy and equipment		8,666	(2)%	8,874		
Business development		8,114	(20)%	10,113		
Losses of real estate partnerships held by consolidated variable interest entities		8,596	160 %	3,306		
Clearance and all other		11,444	(18)%	14,035		
Total non-interest expenses		218,738	(4)%	226,909		
Income before taxes and including noncontrolling interests		22,904	(4)%	23,873		
Noncontrolling interests		(10,541)	_	(5,380)		
Pre-tax income excluding noncontrolling interests	\$	33,445	14 %	5 29,253		

The Capital Markets segment consists primarily of equity and fixed income products and services. The activities include institutional sales and trading in the U.S., Canada and Europe; management of and participation in public offerings; financial advisory services, including private placements and merger and acquisition services; public finance activities; and the syndication and related management of investment partnerships designed to yield returns in the form of low-income housing tax credits to institutions. We provide securities brokerage services to institutions with an emphasis on the sale of U.S. and Canadian equities and fixed income products. Institutional sales commissions for both equity and fixed income products are driven primarily through trade volume, resulting from a combination of participation in public offerings, general market activity, and by the Capital Markets group's ability to find attractive investment opportunities and promote those opportunities to potential and existing clients. Revenues from investment banking activities are driven principally by our role in the offering and the number and dollar value of the transactions with which we are involved. This segment also includes trading of taxable and tax-exempt fixed income products, as well as equity securities in the OTC and Canadian markets. This trading involves the purchase of securities from, and the sale of securities to, our clients as well as other dealers who may be purchasing or selling securities for their own account or acting as agent for their clients. Profits and losses related to this trading activity are primarily derived from the spreads between bid and ask prices, as well as market trends for the individual securities during the period we hold them. This segment also includes the results of the operations we conduct in Latin American countries including Argentina and Uruguay.

## Quarter ended December 31, 2013 compared with the quarter ended December 31, 2012 - Capital Markets

Net revenues decreased \$9 million, or 4%, while pre-tax income in the Capital Markets segment increased \$4 million, or 14%.

Institutional equity sales commissions increased \$10 million, or 17%, resulting from both favorable equity markets throughout the current year quarter, and an active new issue market environment especially early in the quarter.

Institutional fixed income sales commissions decreased \$27 million, or 29%, primarily due to the uncertainty in the markets over interest rates. Trading results were solid and steady over the quarter, resulting in a \$9 million improvement over the prior year quarter. These trading profits are based primarily on fixed income securities. These favorable trading results were achieved even as we continued to maintain relatively lower balances of trading securities in response to the market uncertainty (refer to Note 6 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q for information on our levels of trading instruments held at period end). Comparisons of the current period trading profits to the prior year quarter are favorable due to the relatively low trading profit level in the prior year quarter as a result of adverse conditions in the municipal fixed income markets during that period.

Merger and acquisitions and advisory fees revenue decreased \$3 million, or 6%, as compared to the prior year. The current year activity was strong in both our domestic and Canadian operations. Comparisons to the prior year are impacted by what was an especially strong level of activity in the prior year due to an acceleration of domestic capital markets activities in advance of then anticipated tax law changes.

The number of lead and co-managed underwritings and the related revenue during the current period decreased in our U.S. operations as compared to the prior year quarter. Partially offsetting the U.S. decline, capital markets activities in our Canadian operations improved significantly compared to the prior year.

Tax credit fund syndication fee revenues increased by \$5 million, or 115%, due to a significant increase in the volume of tax credit fund partnership interests sold during the current year period as compared to the prior year.

Non-interest expenses decreased \$8 million, or 4%, compared to the prior year quarter. Sales commission expense decreased \$9 million, or 15%, which is directly correlated to the 12% decrease in overall institutional sales commission revenues. Administrative and incentive compensation and benefit expense were relatively unchanged as compared to the prior year. Decreases in domestic administrative expenses resulting from staff reductions primarily in our fixed income operations that occurred during periods since the prior year quarter were offset by increases in incentive compensation expense primarily associated with the higher volume of capital markets activities in our Canadian operations. Clearance and other expense decreased \$3 million, or 18%, primarily resulting from a decrease in other expense.

Losses of real estate partnerships held by consolidated VIEs result directly from the consolidation of certain low-income housing tax credit funds, and reflects an increase of \$5 million, or 160%, over the prior period. Since we only hold an insignificant interest in these consolidated funds, nearly all of these losses are attributable to others and are therefore included in the offsetting noncontrolling interests. Refer to Note 9 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q for further information on the consolidation of VIEs.

Noncontrolling interests includes the impact of consolidating certain low-income housing tax credit funds, which impacts other revenue, interest expense, and the losses of real estate partnerships held by consolidated VIEs (as described in the preceding paragraph), reflecting the portion of these consolidated entities which we do not own. Total segment expenses attributable to others increased by \$5 million as compared to the prior year quarter, which is consistent with the increase in losses of real estate partnerships held by consolidated VIEs noted above.

#### Results of Operations – Asset Management

The following table presents consolidated financial information for our Asset Management segment for the periods indicated:

	Three months ended December 31,						
	200	13	% change		2012		
		(§	in thousands	)			
Revenues:							
Investment advisory fees	\$	82,995	51%	\$	54,951		
Other		13,021	22%		10,678		
Total revenues		96,016	46%		65,629		
Expenses:							
Admin & incentive compensation and benefit costs		28,507	31%		21,703		
Communications and information processing		5,100	35%		3,771		
Occupancy and equipment		1,107	16%		951		
Business development		2,678	35%		1,984		
Investment sub-advisory fees		10,334	44%		7,176		
Other		12,279	44%		8,500		
Total expenses		60,005	36%		44,085		
Income before taxes and including noncontrolling interests		36,011	67%		21,544		
Noncontrolling interests		4,175			601		
Pre-tax income excluding noncontrolling interests	\$	31,836	52%	\$	20,943		

The Asset Management segment includes the operations of Eagle, the Eagle Family of Funds, the asset management operations of RJ&A, Raymond James Trust, N. A. ("RJT"), and other fee-based programs. The majority of the revenues for this segment are generated by the investment advisory fees related to asset management services provided for individual and institutional investment portfolios, along with mutual funds. Investment advisory fees are earned on assets held in managed or non-managed programs. These fees are computed based on balances either at the beginning of the quarter, the end of the quarter, or average daily assets. Asset balances are impacted by both the performance of the market and the new sales and redemptions of client accounts/funds. Rising markets have historically had a positive impact on investment advisory fee revenues as existing accounts increase in value, and individuals and institutions may commit incremental funds in rising markets.

#### Managed Programs

As of December 31, 2013, approximately 82% of investment advisory fees recorded in this segment are earned from assets held in managed programs. Of these revenues, approximately 55% of our investment advisory fees recorded in a quarter are determined based on balances at the beginning of a quarter, approximately 30% are based on balances at the end of the quarter and the remaining 15% are computed based on average assets throughout the quarter.

The following table reflects fee-billable assets under discretionary management in managed programs at the dates indicated:

	December 31, 2013		Sep	September 30, 2013		December 31, 2012		tember 30, 2012
				(in millions)				
Assets under discretionary management:								
Eagle Asset Management, Inc. (1)	\$	29,478	\$	27,886	\$	23,687	\$	19,986
Raymond James Consulting Services		12,156		11,385		9,407		9,443
Unified Managed Accounts ("UMA")		5,778		4,962		3,067		2,855
Freedom Accounts & other managed programs		17,992		16,555		12,268		11,884
Sub-total assets under discretionary management		65,404		60,788		48,429		44,168
Less: Assets managed for affiliated entities		(4,899)		(4,799)		(4,235)		(4,185)
Sub-total net assets under discretionary management		60,505		55,989		44,194		39,983
Morgan Keegan managed fee-based assets (2)						2,333		2,801
Total assets under discretionary management	\$	60,505	\$	55,989	\$	46,527	\$	42,784

- (1) For all periods after December 24, 2012, includes the assets under management of ClariVest.
- (2) Revenues generated from the Closing Date of the Morgan Keegan acquisition through mid-February 2013 (the platform conversion date to RJ&A) arising from assets in what were during such time MK & Co. managed fee-based programs, were included in the PCG segment. These assets were managed by unaffiliated portfolio managers.

The following table summarizes the activity impacting the fee-billable assets under discretionary management in managed programs (excluding activity in assets managed for affiliated entities and MK & Co. managed fee-based assets for the periods prior to the conversion of MK & Co. accounts to the RJ&A platform) for the periods indicated:

	Three months ended December 31,						
		2013		2012			
		)					
Assets under management at beginning of period	\$	60,788	\$	44,168			
Net inflows of client assets		1,233		954			
Net market appreciation in asset values		3,383		194			
Inflow resulting from ClariVest acquisition (1)		_		3,113			
Assets under management at end of period	\$	65,404	\$	48,429			

(1) Eagle acquired a 45% interest in ClariVest on December 24, 2012.

## Non-Managed Programs

As of December 31, 2013, approximately 18% of investment advisory fees revenue recorded in this segment are earned for administrative services on assets held in non-managed programs and all such investment advisory fees are determined based on balances at the beginning of the quarter.

The following table reflects fee-billable assets under management in non-managed programs at the dates indicated:

	December 31, 2013		Sep	September 30, 2013		December 31, 2012		tember 30, 2012
				(in mi	llion	s)		
Passport	\$	35,258	\$	32,121	\$	28,742	\$	28,405
Ambassador		33,271		30,043		17,332		16,772
Other non-managed fee-based assets		2,669		2,517		3,115		3,191
Sub-total assets under management		71,198		64,681		49,189		48,368
Less: Assets managed for affiliated entities		(214)		(173)		(95)		(88)
Sub-total net assets under management		70,984		64,508		49,094		48,280
Morgan Keegan non-managed fee-based assets (1)						6,810		6,772
Total assets under management	\$	70,984	\$	64,508	\$	55,904	\$	55,052

(1) Revenues generated from the Closing Date of the Morgan Keegan acquisition through mid-February 2013 (the platform conversion date to RJ&A) arising from assets in what were during such time MK & Co. managed fee-based programs, were included in the PCG segment. These assets were managed by unaffiliated portfolio managers.

The following table summarizes the activity impacting the fee-billable financial assets under management in non-managed programs (excluding activity in MK & Co. non-managed fee-based assets for the periods prior to the conversion of MK & Co. accounts to the RJ&A platform) for the periods indicated:

	Three months ended December 31,					
		2013	2012			
		(in mi	llions)			
Assets under management at beginning of period	\$	64,681	\$	48,368		
Net inflows of client assets		2,660		847		
Net market appreciation (depreciation) in asset values		3,857		(26)		
Assets under management at end of period	\$	71,198	\$	49,189		

(1) Certain assets in non-managed accounts, predominately comprised of cash balances, are excluded from the calculation of the account value for fee billing purposes. The assets under management balances presented have been revised from the amounts initially reported to reflect only billable assets and to present such balances on a consistent basis with those reported as of December 31, 2013.

## Quarter ended December 31, 2013 compared with the quarter ended December 31, 2012 - Asset Management

Pre-tax income in the Asset Management segment increased \$11 million, or 52%, over the prior year quarter.

Investment advisory fee revenue increased by \$28 million, or 51%, over the prior year quarter primarily generated by an increase in assets under management and performance fees earned from certain managed funds. Performance fees, which are earned from managed funds for exceeding certain performance targets, increased nearly \$9 million over the amount earned in the prior year quarter.

Total assets under discretionary management in managed programs have increased \$14 billion, or 30%, since December 31, 2012 resulting from a combination of net inflows of client assets and net market appreciation.

Total assets under management in non-managed programs have increased \$15 billion, or 27%, since December 31, 2012 resulting from net inflows of client assets and net market appreciation.

Other revenue increased by \$2 million, or 22%, primarily resulting from an increase in fee income generated by our RJT subsidiary reflecting a 16% increase in RJT client assets as compared to the prior year, to \$3.1 billion at December 31, 2013.

Expenses increased by approximately \$16 million, or 36%, primarily resulting from a \$7 million, or 31%, increase in administrative and performance based incentive compensation, a \$3 million, or 44%, increase in investment sub-advisory fees, and a \$4 million, or 44%, increase in other expenses. The increase in administrative and performance based incentive compensation is a result of: the combination of increases in performance compensation which is directly related to the increase in investment advisory fee revenues and the performance fees earned during the period; increases in salary expenses resulting from the addition of ClariVest; and annual increases and additions to staff associated with our operations. The increase in investment sub-advisory fee expense is directly related to the increase in advisory fees paid to the external managers associated with certain assets included within the UMA and Raymond James Consulting Services programs. The increase in other expense is primarily due to increases in the costs incurred so that certain funds sponsored by Eagle are available as investment choices on the platforms of other broker-dealers and increases in expenses of RJT resulting from the increase in client assets.

Noncontrolling interests includes the impact of the consolidation of certain subsidiary investment advisors and other subsidiaries. Total segment net income attributable to others increased by \$4 million as compared to the prior year quarter since certain of the current period performance fees were earned by certain of these subsidiaries, and therefore a portion is attributable to others.

## Results of Operations - RJ Bank

The following table presents consolidated financial information for RJ Bank for the periods indicated:

	Three months ended December 31,							
		2013	% change		2012			
		(\$	in thousand	s)				
Revenues:								
Interest income	\$	84,059	(7)%	\$	90,374			
Interest expense		(1,945)	(26)%		(2,628)			
Net interest income		82,114	(6)%		87,746			
Other (loss) income		(186)	(111)%		1,676			
Net revenues		81,928	(8)%		89,422			
Non-interest expenses:		_						
Compensation and benefits		6,282	30 %		4,828			
Communications and information processing		685	2 %		670			
Occupancy and equipment		306	14 %		268			
Loan loss provision		1,636	(44)%		2,923			
FDIC insurance premiums		2,082	43 %		1,456			
Affiliate deposit account servicing fees		8,463	21 %		6,971			
Other		5,416	24 %		4,363			
Total non-interest expenses		24,870	16 %		21,479			
Pre-tax income	\$	57,058	(16)%	\$	67,943			

RJ Bank is a national bank, regulated by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency ("OCC"), the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the "Fed"), and the FDIC. RJ Bank provides corporate, residential and consumer loans, as well as FDIC insured deposit accounts, to clients of our broker-dealer subsidiaries and to the general public. RJ Bank is active in corporate loan syndications and participations, and also purchases commercial loans in the secondary market. Residential mortgage loans are originated and held for investment or sold in the secondary market. RJ Bank generates revenue principally through the interest income earned on loans and investments, which is offset by the interest expense it pays on client deposits and on its borrowings.

The tables below present certain credit quality trends for corporate loans and residential/consumer loans:

	Three	Three months ended December 31,							
	2	2013		2012					
		(in thous							
Net loan recoveries/(charge-offs):									
C&I loans	\$	(36)	\$	(90)					
CRE loans		80		544					
Residential/mortgage loans		235		(2,839)					
Consumer loans		12		5					
Total	\$	291	\$	(2,380)					

	Dec	cember 31, 2013	September 30, 2013 usands)		
Allowance for loan losses:		(III tilot	usunus)		
Loans held for investment:					
C&I loans	\$	96,629	\$ 95,99		
CRE construction loans		1,647	1,00		
CRE loans		20,210	19,26		
Residential/mortgage loans		18,300	19,12		
Consumer loans		1,338	1,11		
Total	\$	138,124	\$ 136,50		
Nonperforming assets: Nonperforming loans:					
C&I loans	\$	_	\$ 8		
CRE loans		25,068	25,51		
Residential mortgage loans:					
Residential mortgage loans		72,168	75,88		
Home equity loans/lines		387	46		
Total nonperforming loans		97,623	101,95		
Other real estate owned:					
Residential first mortgage loans		2,863	2,43		
Total other real estate owned		2,863	2,43		
Total nonperforming assets	\$	100,486	\$ 104,39		
Total loans:					
Loans held for sale, net <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	95,219	\$ 110,29		
Loans held for investment:					
C&I loans		5,518,307	5,246,00		
CRE construction loans		98,066	60,84		
CRE loans		1,348,618	1,283,04		
Residential mortgage loans		1,765,267	1,745,65		
Consumer loans		667,361	555,80		
Net unearned income and deferred expenses		(41,952)	(43,93		
Total loans held for investment		9,355,667	8,847,41		
Total loans	\$	9,450,886	\$ 8,957,70		

<sup>(1)</sup> Net of unearned income and deferred expenses.

The following table presents RJ Bank's allowance for loan losses by loan category:

December 31, 2013         September 30, 2013           Loan category as a % of total loans receivable         Loan category as a % of total loans receivable         Allowance         Image: Cecivable receivable receivable           Loans held for sale         \$ —         1%         \$ —         1%           C&I loans         81,450         49%         81,733         50%           CRE construction loans         981         1%         674         —           CRE loans         17,493         12%         16,566         12%           Residential mortgage loans         18,292         19%         19,117         20%           Consumer loans         1,335         7%         1,112         6%           Foreign loans         18,573         11%         17,299         11%           Total         \$ 138,124         100%         \$ 136,501         100%		As of										
Allowance         category as a % of total loans receivable         Allowance         Cs in thousands           Loans held for sale         \$ —         1%         \$ —         1%           C&I loans         81,450         49%         81,733         50%           CRE construction loans         981         1%         674         —           CRE loans         17,493         12%         16,566         12%           Residential mortgage loans         18,292         19%         19,117         20%           Consumer loans         1,335         7%         1,112         6%           Foreign loans         18,573         11%         17,299         11%			December	r 31, 2013		September	r 30, 2013					
Loans held for sale       \$ —       1% \$ —       1%         C&I loans       81,450       49%       81,733       50%         CRE construction loans       981       1%       674       —         CRE loans       17,493       12%       16,566       12%         Residential mortgage loans       18,292       19%       19,117       20%         Consumer loans       1,335       7%       1,112       6%         Foreign loans       18,573       11%       17,299       11%		Al	llowance	category as a % of total loans	A	llowance	category as a % of total loans					
C&I loans       81,450       49%       81,733       50%         CRE construction loans       981       1%       674       —         CRE loans       17,493       12%       16,566       12%         Residential mortgage loans       18,292       19%       19,117       20%         Consumer loans       1,335       7%       1,112       6%         Foreign loans       18,573       11%       17,299       11%			(\$ in thousands)									
CRE construction loans       981       1%       674       —         CRE loans       17,493       12%       16,566       12%         Residential mortgage loans       18,292       19%       19,117       20%         Consumer loans       1,335       7%       1,112       6%         Foreign loans       18,573       11%       17,299       11%	Loans held for sale	\$	_	1%	\$	_	1%					
CRE loans       17,493       12%       16,566       12%         Residential mortgage loans       18,292       19%       19,117       20%         Consumer loans       1,335       7%       1,112       6%         Foreign loans       18,573       11%       17,299       11%	C&I loans		81,450	49%		81,733	50%					
Residential mortgage loans       18,292       19%       19,117       20%         Consumer loans       1,335       7%       1,112       6%         Foreign loans       18,573       11%       17,299       11%	CRE construction loans		981	1%		674	_					
Consumer loans         1,335         7%         1,112         6%           Foreign loans         18,573         11%         17,299         11%	CRE loans		17,493	12%		16,566	12%					
Foreign loans 18,573 11% 17,299 11%	Residential mortgage loans		18,292	19%		19,117	20%					
	Consumer loans		1,335	7%		1,112	6%					
Total \$\\\ \\$ 138,124 \\ \\ \ 100\% \\ \\$ 136,501 \\ \ \ 100\%	Foreign loans		18,573	11%		17,299	11%					
	Total	\$	138,124	100%	\$	136,501	100%					

# Information on foreign assets held by RJ Bank:

Changes in the allowance for loan losses with respect to loans RJ Bank has made to borrowers who are not domiciled in the U.S. are as follows:

	Thr	Three months ended December 31,					
		2013		2012			
		ls)					
Allowance for loan losses attributable to foreign loans, beginning of period:	\$	17,299	\$	7,955			
Provision for loan losses - foreign loans		1,578		1,579			
Foreign exchange translation adjustment		(304)		(63)			
Allowance for loan losses attributable to foreign loans, end of period	\$	18,573	\$	9,471			

Cross-border outstandings represent loans (including accrued interest), interest-bearing deposits with other banks, and any other monetary assets which are denominated in a currency other than the U.S. dollar. The following table sets forth the country where RJ Bank's total cross-border outstandings exceeded 1% of total RJF assets as of each respective period:

	 Banks	C	&I loans	CRE construction loans		CF	RE loans	Residential mortgage loans		onsumer loans	Fotal cross- border tstandings <sup>(1)</sup>
December 31, 2013						(in	thousand	s)			
December 51, 2015											
Canada	\$ 28,786	\$	362,930	\$	20,189	\$	50,096	\$	1,010	\$ _	\$ 463,011
<b>September 30, 2013:</b>											
Canada	\$ 44,196	\$	352,221	\$	8,093	\$	63,456	\$	1,013	\$ 48	\$ 469,027

(1) Excludes any hedged, non-U.S. currency amounts.

# Quarter ended December 31, 2013 compared with the quarter ended December 31, 2012 - RJ Bank

Pre-tax income generated by the RJ Bank segment decreased \$11 million, or 16%. The decrease in pre-tax income was primarily attributable to a \$7 million, or 8% decrease in net revenues, a \$5 million, or 25%, increase in non-interest expenses (excluding provision for loan losses), offset by a decrease of \$1 million, or 44%, in the provision for loan losses. The \$7 million decline in net revenues was attributable to a \$6 million decrease in net interest income and a \$2 million decrease in other revenues.

Net interest income decreased \$6 million, primarily as a result of a decrease in the net interest margin offset by a \$824 million increase in average interest-earning banking assets. The yield on interest-earning banking assets decreased to 3.11% from 3.62% primarily due to a decline in the loan portfolio yield, which decreased to 3.49% from 4.13% due primarily to a reduction in the corporate loan portfolio yield resulting from tightened spreads and the refinancing of existing loans at lower rates. In addition, there was a decline in the residential mortgage loan portfolio yield resulting from adjustable rate loans resetting at lower rates and lower rates on new production. Primarily as a result of the decrease in the yield of the average interest-earning assets, the net interest margin decreased to 3.04% from 3.52%. The increase in average interest-earning banking assets was primarily driven by an \$841 million increase in average loans.

Corresponding to the increase in average interest-earning banking assets, average interest-bearing banking liabilities increased \$791 million to \$9.6 billion.

The decrease in other income as compared to the prior year was primarily due to \$1 million in additional foreign currency losses and a \$1 million decrease in income from the sale of held for sale loans.

The reduction in provision for loan losses resulted from a significant decrease in corporate criticized loans, the favorable resolution of corporate problem loans, lower LTV ratios in the residential mortgage loan portfolio, and a reduction in delinquent residential mortgage loans. These credit characteristics reflected the positive impact from improved economic conditions. Net loan charge-offs decreased \$3 million, or 112%, to a \$291 thousand recovery, which was primarily attributable to improved credit characteristics within the residential mortgage loan portfolio.

The \$5 million increase in non-interest expenses (excluding provision for loan losses) as compared to the prior year was primarily attributable to a \$2 million, or 21%, increase in affiliate deposit account servicing fees resulting from increased deposit balances, a \$1 million, or 30%, increase in compensation and benefits related to staff additions, and a \$1 million or 43% increase in FDIC insurance premiums.

The following table presents average balance, interest income and expense, the related interest yields and rates, and interest spreads for RJ Bank for the periods indicated:

Three months ended December 31,									
	2013		2012						
Average balance	Interest inc./exp.	Average yield/ cost	Average balance	Interest inc./exp.	Average yield/ cost				
		(\$ in the	ousands)						
\$ 139,152	\$ 822	2.34%	\$ 168,642	\$ 970	2.28%				
4,423,807	42,809	3.81%	4,548,688	51,955	4.49%				
23,124	321	5.43%	27,619	411	5.82%				
1,115,246	8,489	2.98%	852,673	7,170	3.29%				
1,748,444	13,041	2.92%	1,693,108	13,384	3.09%				
594,357	4,288	2.82%	370,547	2,902	3.06%				
880,414	9,172	4.08%	509,216	6,632	5.10%				
35,520	416	4.59%	20,755	346	6.53%				
181,727	1,820	3.92%	109,387	3,507	12.55% (2				
1,857	15	3.07%	1,668	16	3.73%				
1,717	16	3.74%	1,680	17	3.87%				
9,145,365	81,209	3.49%	8,303,983	87,310	4.13%				
319,501	689	0.86%	341,165	735	0.86%				
140,638	906	2.58%	163,379	1,155	2.83%				
939,242	655	0.27%	909,950	594	0.26%				
79,761	600	2.99%	82,473	580	2.79%				
10,624,507	\$ 84,059	3.11%	9,800,950	\$ 90,374	3.62%				
(137,554)			(148,081)						
(11,838)			(15,303)						
250,500			286,830						
101,108			123,446						
\$10,725,615			\$ 9,924,396						
(continued or	n next page)								
	\$ 139,152 4,423,807 23,124 1,115,246 1,748,444 594,357 880,414 35,520 181,727 1,857 1,717 9,145,365 319,501 140,638 939,242 79,761 10,624,507 (137,554) (11,838) 250,500 101,108 \$10,725,615	Average balance Interest inc./exp.  \$ 139,152 \$ 822  4,423,807 42,809 23,124 321 1,115,246 8,489 1,748,444 13,041 594,357 4,288  880,414 9,172 35,520 416 181,727 1,820 1,857 15 1,717 16 9,145,365 81,209 319,501 689 140,638 906 939,242 655 79,761 600 10,624,507 \$ 84,059  (137,554) (11,838) 250,500 101,108	Average balance         Interest inc./exp.         Average yield/cost           \$ 139,152         \$ 822         2.34%           \$ 139,152         \$ 822         2.34%           \$ 139,152         \$ 822         2.34%           \$ 1,115,246         8,489         2.98%           \$ 1,748,444         13,041         2.92%           \$ 880,414         9,172         4.08%           \$ 35,520         416         4.59%           \$ 1,857         15         3.07%           \$ 1,717         16         3.74%           \$ 9,145,365         81,209         3.49%           \$ 319,501         689         0.86%           \$ 140,638         906         2.58%           \$ 939,242         655         0.27%           \$ 79,761         600         2.99%           \$ 10,624,507         \$ 84,059         3.11%           \$ (137,554)         (11,838)         250,500           \$ 101,108         \$ 10,725,615	Average balance         Interest inc./exp.         Average yield/cost         Average balance           \$ 139,152         \$ 822         2.34%         \$ 168,642           4,423,807         42,809         3.81%         4,548,688           23,124         321         5.43%         27,619           1,115,246         8,489         2.98%         852,673           1,748,444         13,041         2.92%         1,693,108           594,357         4,288         2.82%         370,547           880,414         9,172         4.08%         509,216           35,520         416         4.59%         20,755           181,727         1,820         3.92%         109,387           1,857         15         3.07%         1,668           1,717         16         3.74%         1,680           9,145,365         81,209         3.49%         8,303,983           319,501         689         0.86%         341,165           140,638         906         2.58%         163,379           939,242         655         0.27%         909,950           79,761         600         2.99%         82,473           10,624,507         \$ 84,059<	New Part				

		2013	months cho	2012				
	Average balance	Interest inc./exp.	Average yield/ cost	Average balance	Interest inc./exp.	Average yield/ cost		
		(co		previous page)				
			(\$ in tho	usands)				
Interest-bearing banking liabilities:								
Deposits:								
Certificates of deposit	\$ 320,037	\$ 1,548	1.92%	\$ 317,468	\$ 1,663	2.08%		
Money market, savings, and NOW accounts	9,166,607	397	0.02%	8,420,816	813	0.04%		
FHLB advances and other	94,116		_	51,704	152	1.17%		
Total interest-bearing banking liabilities	9,580,760	1,945	0.08%	8,789,988	2,628	0.12%		
Non-interest-bearing banking liabilities	30,303			82,769				
Total banking liabilities	9,611,063			8,872,757				
Total banking shareholders' equity	1,114,552			1,051,639				
Total banking liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$10,725,615			\$9,924,396				
Excess of interest-earning banking assets over interest-bearing banking liabilities/net interest income	\$ 1,043,747	\$ 82,114		\$1,010,962	\$ 87,746			
Bank net interest:								
Spread			3.03%			3.50%		
Margin (net yield on interest-earning banking assets)			3.04%			3.52%		
Ratio of interest-earning banking assets to interest-bearing banking liabilities			110.89%			111.50%		
Annualized return on average:								
Total banking assets			1.37%			1.72%		
Total banking shareholders' equity			13.17%			16.27%		
Average equity to average total banking assets			10.39%			10.60%		

Three months ended December 31,

<sup>(1)</sup> Nonaccrual loans are included in the average loan balances. Payment or income received on corporate nonaccrual loans are applied to principal. Income on other nonaccrual loans is recognized on a cash basis. Fee income on loans included in interest income for the three months ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 was \$8 million and \$14 million, respectively.

<sup>(2)</sup> The CRE yield was positively impacted by a loan payoff with a significant unearned discount.

Increases and decreases in interest income and interest expense result from changes in average balances (volume) of interest-earning banking assets and liabilities, as well as changes in average interest rates. The following table shows the effect that these factors had on the interest earned on RJ Bank's interest-earning assets and the interest incurred on its interest-bearing liabilities. The effect of changes in volume is determined by multiplying the change in volume by the previous period's average yield/cost. Similarly, the effect of rate changes is calculated by multiplying the change in average yield/cost by the previous year's volume. Changes applicable to both volume and rate have been allocated proportionately.

	т	201	13 compa	ded Decei	12	31,
	Volu		•	crease) du ate	ie to	Total
	7 0141			usands)		10111
Interest revenue:			`	ŕ		
Interest-earning banking assets:						
Loans, net of unearned income:						
Loans held for sale - all domestic	\$	(170)	\$	22	\$	(148)
Loans held for investment:						
Domestic:						
C&I loans	(	(1,426)		(7,720)		(9,146)
CRE construction loans		(67)		(23)		(90)
CRE loans		2,208		(889)		1,319
Residential mortgage loans		437		(780)		(343)
Consumer loans		1,753		(367)		1,386
Foreign:						
C&I loans		4,834		(2,294)		2,540
CRE construction loans		246		(176)		70
CRE loans		2,319		(4,006)		(1,687)
Residential mortgage loans		2		(3)		(1)
Consumer loans		—		(1)		(1)
Agency MBS		(46)		_		(46)
Non-agency CMOs		(161)		(88)		(249)
Money market funds, cash and cash equivalents		19		42		61
FHLB stock, FRB stock, and other		(19)	_	39		20
Total interest-earning banking assets		9,929		(16,244)		(6,315)
Interest expense:						
Interest-bearing banking liabilities:						
Deposits:						
Certificates of deposit		13		(128)		(115)
Money market, savings and NOW accounts		72		(488)		(416)
FHLB advances and other		124		(276)		(152)
Total interest-bearing banking liabilities		209		(892)		(683)
Change in net interest income	\$	9,720	\$	(15,352)	\$	(5,632)

#### Results of Operations - Other

The following table presents consolidated financial information for the Other segment for the periods indicated:

	Three months ended December 31,							
	2013 % change				2012			
	(\$ in thousands)							
Revenues:								
Interest income	\$	3,549	8 %	\$	3,289			
Investment advisory fees		283	(22)%		361			
Other		16,257	(25)%		21,809			
Total revenues		20,089	(21)%		25,459			
Interest expense		19,269	(2)%		19,614			
Net revenues		820	(86)%		5,845			
Non-interest expenses:								
Compensation and other		9,491	17 %		8,106			
Acquisition related expenses			NM		17,382			
Total non-interest expenses		9,491	(63)%		25,488			
Loss before taxes and including noncontrolling interests		(8,671)	56 %		(19,643)			
Noncontrolling interests		6,254			12,799			
Pre-tax loss excluding noncontrolling interests	\$	(14,925)	54 %	\$	(32,442)			

This segment includes our principal capital and private equity activities as well as various corporate overhead costs of RJF including the interest cost on our public debt, and the acquisition and integration costs associated with our acquisitions including, most significantly, Morgan Keegan.

Quarter ended December 31, 2013 compared with the quarter ended December 31, 2012 - Other

The pre-tax loss generated by this segment decreased by approximately \$18 million, or 54%.

Other revenues in this segment decreased approximately \$6 million. The decrease is primarily attributable to approximately \$9 million in prior year period revenues associated with a dividend we received on our indirect investment in Albion Medical Holdings, Inc. ("Albion"), an investment which was sold in April 2013 and therefore such revenues did not recur in the current period. We realized decreases in revenues earned from the remaining portion of our private equity portfolio (other than Albion) of approximately \$1 million compared to the prior year period. Partially offsetting these decreases, we realized a \$5 million increase in the current period in the gain on redemptions or sales of ARS as compared to the prior year period, most notably arising from the current period redemption of Jefferson County Alabama Sewer Revenue Refunding Warrants ARS.

Acquisition related expenses in the current period are no longer material for separate disclosure since our integration of Morgan Keegan was substantially complete as of September 30, 2013. The acquisition related expenses incurred in the prior year period were primarily comprised of expenses associated with the integration of Morgan Keegan's operations into our own (see Note 3 of our Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q for additional information on the components of the prior year period expense).

The portion of revenue attributable to noncontrolling interests decreased by nearly \$7 million compared to the prior year period. Of the prior year period Albion dividend received, approximately \$7 million related to the portion of that investment which we did not own.

#### Certain statistical disclosures by bank holding companies

As a financial holding company, we are required to provide certain statistical disclosures by bank holding companies pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Industry Guide 3. Certain of those disclosures are as follows for the periods indicated:

	For the three months	ended December 31,
	2013	2012
RJF return on assets (1)	2.1%	1.6%
RJF return on equity (2)	12.5%	10.3%
Equity to assets (3)	18.0%	17.2%
Dividend payout ratio <sup>(4)</sup>	19.8%	23.0%

- (1) Computed as net income attributable to RJF for the period indicated, divided by average assets (the sum of total assets at the beginning and end of the period, divided by two) the product of which is then annualized.
- (2) Computed by utilizing the net income attributable to RJF for the period indicated, divided by the average equity attributable to RJF (which is computed by adding the total equity attributable to RJF as of the date indicated plus the immediately preceding September 30 amount for the respective period, divided by two). The result is then annualized.
- (3) Computed as average equity (the sum of total equity at the beginning and end of the period, divided by two), divided by average assets (the sum of total assets at the beginning and end of the period, divided by two).
- (4) Computed as dividends declared per common share during the period as a percentage of diluted earnings per common share.

Refer to the RJ Bank section of this MD&A and the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q for the other required disclosures.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Liquidity is essential to our business. The primary goal of our liquidity management activities is to ensure adequate funding to conduct our business over a range of market environments.

Senior management establishes our liquidity and capital policies. These policies include senior management's review of shortand long-term cash flow forecasts, review of monthly capital expenditures, the monitoring of the availability of alternative sources
of financing, and the daily monitoring of liquidity in our significant subsidiaries. Our decisions on the allocation of capital to our
business units consider, among other factors, projected profitability and cash flow, risk and impact on future liquidity needs. Our
treasury departments assist in evaluating, monitoring and controlling the impact that our business activities have on our financial
condition, liquidity and capital structure as well as maintain our relationships with various lenders. The objectives of these policies
are to support the successful execution of our business strategies while ensuring ongoing and sufficient liquidity.

Liquidity is provided primarily through our business operations and financing activities. Financing activities could include bank borrowings, repurchase agreement transactions or additional capital raising activities under our "universal" shelf registration statement.

Cash provided by operating activities during the three months ended December 31, 2013 was \$17 million. Cash generated by successful operating results over the period resulted in a \$140 million increase. Significant changes in various other asset and liability balances which impact cash include: a \$1.5 billion decrease in assets segregated pursuant to regulations and other segregated assets, which results in an increase in cash. Brokerage client payables and other accounts payable decreased \$1.8 billion which results in an offsetting decrease in cash. Both of these activities are largely the result of a decrease in client cash deposits, refer to the discussion of the impact of an increase in the capacity to re-deposit client cash with unaffiliated banks who participate in our RJBDP, as described in the statement of financial condition analysis that follows within this Item 2, for more information regarding these activities. Other significant activities that impacted operating cash during the current period include: a decrease in brokerage client and other receivables which resulted in an increase of \$229 million in operating cash. A decrease in trading instruments held which resulted in an increase of \$117 million in operating cash. An increase in securities sold under agreements to repurchase, net of securities purchased under agreements to resell, resulted in a \$115 million increase in operating cash. Partially offsetting these activities which resulted in increases of cash, decreases in cash resulted from the following activities: we used \$168 million in operating cash as the accrued compensation, commissions and benefits decreased partially resulting from the annual payment of certain incentive awards. A decrease in the stock loaned, net of stock borrowed balances resulted in a \$92 million use of operating cash. All other components of operating activities combined to net a \$16 million increase in operating cash.

Investing activities resulted in the use of \$505 million of cash during the three months ended December 31, 2013. The primary investing activity was the use of \$586 million in cash to fund an increase in bank loans. We received proceeds from the maturation, repayment, redemption or sale of securities in our available for sale security portfolio of \$50 million, net of purchases of additional securities. All other components of investing activities combined to net a \$31 million increase in cash.

Financing activities provided \$696 million of cash during the three months ended December 31, 2013. Increases in RJ Bank deposits provided \$710 million, while we received \$11 million in cash upon the exercise of stock options and employee stock purchases. We used \$20 million in payment of dividends to our shareholders. All other components of financing activities combined to net a \$5 million use of cash.

We believe our existing assets, most of which are liquid in nature, together with funds generated from operations and committed and uncommitted financing facilities, should provide adequate funds for continuing operations at current levels of activity.

#### **Sources of Liquidity**

Approximately \$1.07 billion of our total December 31, 2013 cash and cash equivalents (a portion of which is invested on behalf of the parent company by RJ&A) was available to us without restrictions. The cash and cash equivalents held were as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents:	December 31, 2013					
	(in t	housands)				
RJF	\$	276,387				
$RJ&A^{(1)}$		967,778				
RJ Bank		1,255,655				
Other subsidiaries		302,132				
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,801,952				

(1) RJF has loaned \$815 million to RJ&A as of December 31, 2013, which RJ&A has invested on behalf of RJF in cash and cash equivalents.

In addition to the liquidity on hand described above, we have other various potential sources of liquidity which are described below.

Liquidity Available from Subsidiaries

Liquidity is principally available to the parent company from RJ&A and RJ Bank.

RJ&A is required to maintain net capital equal to the greater of \$1 million or 2% of aggregate debit balances arising from customer transactions. Covenants in RJ&A's committed secured financing facilities require its net capital to be a minimum of 10% of aggregate debit balances. At December 31, 2013, RJ&A exceeded both the minimum regulatory and its financing covenants net capital requirements. At that date, RJ&A had excess net capital of approximately \$452 million, of which approximately \$215 million is available for dividend while still maintaining its desired net capital ratio of 15% of aggregate debit items. There are also limitations on the amount of dividends that may be declared by a broker-dealer without Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") approval.

RJ Bank may pay dividends to the parent company without prior approval by its regulator as long as the dividend does not exceed the sum of RJ Bank's current calendar year and the previous two calendar years' retained net income, and RJ Bank maintains its targeted capital to risk-weighted assets ratios. During the three months ended December 31, 2013, RJ Bank made \$25 million in dividend payments to RJF, and RJF made \$20 million in capital contributions to RJ Bank. RJ Bank had approximately \$18 million of capital in excess of the amount it would need as of December 31, 2013 to maintain its targeted total capital to risk-weighted assets ratio of 12.5%.

Liquidity available to us from our subsidiaries, other than RJ&A and RJ Bank, is relatively insignificant and in certain instances may be subject to regulatory requirements.

#### Borrowings and Financing Arrangements

The following table presents our domestic financing arrangements with third party lenders that we generally utilize to finance a portion of our fixed income securities trading instruments held, and the outstanding balances related thereto, as of December 31, 2013:

	Committed secured <sup>(1)</sup>			Uncommitte	d se	cured <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Uncommitted unsecured (			cured <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Total			
	inancing amount		tstanding palance			inancing Outstanding balance		Financing amount	Outstanding balance					
					(\$ in thousands)									
RJ&A	\$ 400,000	\$	45,000	\$ 1,750,000	\$	221,366	\$	350,000	\$	_	\$ 2,500,000	\$	266,366	
RJ Securities, Inc.	100,000		5,000	_		_		_		_	100,000		5,000	
RJF	_		_	_		_		100,000		_	100,000		_	
Total	\$ 500,000	\$	50,000	\$ 1,750,000	\$	221,366	\$	450,000	\$		\$ 2,700,000	\$	271,366	
Total number of agreements	4			6				7			17			

- (1) Our ability to borrow is dependent upon compliance with the conditions in the various committed loan agreements and collateral eligibility requirements.
- (2) Lenders are under no contractual obligation to lend to us under uncommitted credit facilities.

The committed domestic financing arrangements are in the form of either tri-party repurchase agreements or a secured line of credit. The uncommitted domestic financing arrangements are in the form of secured lines of credit, secured bilateral or tri-party repurchase agreements, or unsecured lines of credit.

We maintain three unsecured settlement lines of credit available to our Argentine joint venture in the aggregate amount of \$13 million. Of the aggregate amount, one settlement line for \$9 million is guaranteed by RJF. There were no borrowings outstanding on any of these lines of credit as of December 31, 2013.

RJ Bank has \$979 million in immediate credit available from the FHLB on December 31, 2013 and total available credit of 30% of total assets, with the pledge of additional collateral to the FHLB. On October 9, 2013, RJ Bank entered into a forward-starting advance transaction with the FHLB to borrow \$25 million from the FHLB on October 13, 2015. Once funded, this borrowing will bear interest at the rate of 3.4%, and will mature on October 13, 2020.

RJ Bank is eligible to participate in the Fed's discount-window program; however, RJ Bank does not view borrowings from the Fed as a primary means of funding. The credit available in this program is subject to periodic review and may be terminated or reduced at the discretion of the Fed.

From time to time we purchase short-term securities under agreements to resell ("Reverse Repurchase Agreements") and sell securities under agreements to repurchase ("Repurchase Agreements"). We account for each of these types of transactions as collateralized financings with the outstanding balances on the Repurchase Agreements included in securities sold under agreements to repurchase. At December 31, 2013, collateralized financings outstanding in the amount of \$346 million are included in securities sold under agreements to repurchase on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. Of this total, outstanding balances on the committed and uncommitted Repurchase Agreements (which are reflected in the table of domestic financing arrangements above) were \$45 million and \$148 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2013. Such financings are generally collateralized by non-customer, RJ&A owned securities. The required market value of the collateral associated with the committed secured facilities ranges from 102% to 133% of the amount financed.

The average daily balance outstanding during the five most recent successive quarters, the maximum month-end balance outstanding during the quarter and the period end balances for Repurchase Agreements and Reverse Repurchase Agreements of RJF are as follows:

		Rep	urcl	nase transact	ions		Reverse repurchase transactions						
For the quarter ended:	l	rage daily palance tstanding	o	Maximum month-end balance outstanding during the quarter		End of period balance outstanding		Average daily balance outstanding		Maximum month-end balance outstanding during the quarter		End of period balance outstanding	
				_		(in thou	ısand	s)					
December 31, 2013	\$	328,867	\$	363,845	\$	345,701	\$	642,940	\$	658,244	\$	638,893	
September 30, 2013		267,984		300,933		300,933		643,422		709,120		709,120	
June 30, 2013		335,497		397,398		248,382		689,219		744,084		578,147	
March 31, 2013		287,797		397,712		397,712		585,824		742,498		623,966	
December 31, 2012		377,775		459,567		373,290		647,885		753,041		598,579	

At December 31, 2013, in addition to the financing arrangements described above, we had corporate debt of \$1.2 billion. The balance is comprised of \$350 million outstanding on our 6.90% senior notes due 2042, \$249 million outstanding on our 5.625% senior notes due 2024, \$300 million outstanding on our 8.60% senior notes due August 2019, \$250 million outstanding on our 4.25% senior notes due April 2016 and \$45 million outstanding on a 5.7% mortgage loan for our home-office complex.

Our current senior long-term debt ratings are:

Rating Agency	Rating	Outlook
Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P")	BBB	Stable
Moody's Investors Services ("Moody's")	Baa2	Stable

The S&P rating and outlook reflected above are as presented in their December, 2013 report.

The Moody's rating and outlook reflected above are as presented in their January, 2014 report.

Our current long-term debt ratings depend upon a number of factors including industry dynamics, operating and economic environment, operating results, operating margins, earnings trends and volatility, balance sheet composition, liquidity and liquidity management, our capital structure, our overall risk management, business diversification and our market share, and competitive position in the markets in which we operate. Deteriorations in any of these factors could impact our credit ratings. Any rating downgrades could increase our costs in the event we were to pursue obtaining additional financing.

Should our credit rating be downgraded prior to a public debt offering it is probable that we would have to offer a higher rate of interest to bond holders. A downgrade to below investment grade may make a public debt offering difficult to execute on terms we would consider to be favorable. One of our committed secured financing agreements having a maximum borrowing in the amount of \$100 million, includes as an event of default, the failure of RJF as a guarantor of the repayment of the loan, to maintain an investment grade rating on its unsecured senior debt. Otherwise, none of our credit agreements contain a condition or event of default related to our credit ratings. A downgrade below investment grade could also result in the termination of certain derivative contracts and the counterparties to the derivative instruments could request immediate payment or demand immediate and ongoing overnight collateralization on our derivative instruments in liability positions (see Note 13 of our Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q for additional information). A credit downgrade could create a reputational issue and could also result in certain counterparties limiting their business with us, result in negative comments by analysts and potentially impact investor perception of us, and resultantly impact our stock price and/or our clients' perception of us.

# Other sources of liquidity

We own life insurance policies which are utilized to fund certain non-qualified deferred compensation plans and other employee benefit plans. The policies which we could readily borrow against have a cash surrender value of approximately \$203 million as of December 31, 2013 and we are able to borrow up to 90%, or \$183 million of the December 31, 2013 total, without restriction. There are no borrowings outstanding against any of these policies as of December 31, 2013.

On May 24, 2012 we filed a "universal" shelf registration statement with the SEC to be in a position to access the capital markets if and when necessary or perceived by us to be opportune.

See the "contractual obligations, commitments and contingencies" section below for information regarding our commitments.

Potential impact of Morgan Keegan matters subject to indemnification by Regions on our liquidity

As more fully described in Note 3 on pages 123 - 124 of our 2013 Form 10-K, on January 11, 2012, RJF entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement ("SPA") to acquire all of the issued and outstanding shares of Morgan Keegan from Regions. On April 2, 2012, we completed the purchase transaction. Under the terms of the SPA, in addition to customary indemnity for breaches of representations and warranties and covenants, the SPA also provides that Regions will indemnify RJF for losses incurred in connection with any litigation or similar matter related to pre-closing actions. As a result of these indemnifications, we do not anticipate the resolution of any pre-Closing Date Morgan Keegan litigation matters to negatively impact our liquidity (see Note 16 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, and Part II Item 1 - Legal Proceedings, in this Form 10-Q for further information regarding the indemnifications and the nature of the pre-Closing Date matters).

#### Statement of financial condition analysis

The assets on our condensed consolidated statement of financial condition consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents (a large portion of which is segregated for the benefit of customers), receivables including bank loans, financial instruments held for either trading purposes or as investments, and other assets. A significant portion of our assets are liquid in nature, providing us with flexibility in financing our business. Total assets of \$21.9 billion at December 31, 2013 are approximately \$1.3 billion, or 5%, less than our total assets as of September 30, 2013. The decrease in total assets at December 31, 2013 compared to September 30, 2013 is primarily the result of the following activities: a \$1.5 billion decrease in segregated assets pursuant to federal regulations, which results from an increase during the current period in the capacity of the unaffiliated banks who participate in our RJBDP to accept client cash balances under the program. With the increase in RJBDP capacity, we increased the client cash balances redeposited with such unaffiliated banks, which reduces the amount of client cash balances carried on our financial statements. Receivables from brokers-dealers and clearing organizations decreased \$154 million as certain receivable balances associated with our broker-dealer subsidiaries in the normal course of their businesses which were outstanding as of September 30, 2013 were settled during the current period and did not recur. Trading instrument asset levels decreased \$127 million as we reduced inventory levels, primarily of municipal and provincial fixed income securities, in response to the uncertain interest rate markets. Brokerage client receivables, primarily consisting of client margin balances, decreased \$84 million. Securities purchased under agreements to resell and other collateralized financings decreased \$70 million. The investment balance associated with our available for sale securities portfolio decreased \$39 million primarily as a result of redemptions and maturations of certain securities in the portfolio. Derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions decreased by \$41 million (refer to the decrease in the offsetting liability related to these derivative instruments described in the discussion of the change in liabilities below). Partially offsetting the decreases in assets described above, net bank loans receivable increased \$492 million due to growth of RJ Bank's net loan portfolio during the period. Cash and cash equivalents also increased \$205 million, refer to the discussion of the various sources and uses of cash during the period in the preceding liquidity and capital resources section of this MD&A.

As of December 31, 2013, our liabilities of \$17.8 billion were \$1.4 billion, or 7% less than our liabilities as of September 30, 2013. The decrease in liabilities at December 31, 2013 compared to September 30, 2013 is primarily due to the following: a \$1.8 billion decrease in payables to clients, which occurred due to the increase in capacity with unaffiliated banks in our RJBDP program and the resultant increase in client cash balances that were re-deposited with unaffiliated banks, which reduces the amount of client cash balances carried on our financial statements (refer to the related decrease in segregated assets pursuant to federal regulations discussed in the preceding paragraph). Accrued compensation, commissions and benefits decreased \$167 million largely as a result of the annual payment of incentive compensation awards during the current period. Stock loan balances decreased \$104 million due to decreased stock loan/stock borrow activities during the current period. Derivative instruments associated with offsetting matched book positions decreased by \$41 million. Partially offsetting the decreases, bank deposit liabilities increased \$710 million, reflecting increased deposits at RJ Bank.

#### Contractual obligations, commitments and contingencies

As of December 31, 2013 there have been no material changes in our contractual obligations other than in the ordinary course of business since September 30, 2013. See Note 16 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q, and the contractual obligations, commitments and contingencies section of Item 7, page 70, of our 2013 Form 10-K, for additional information.

#### Regulatory

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the description of the regulatory framework applicable to the financial services industry and relevant to us as described in the Regulation section of Item 1 on pages 10 - 13 of our 2013 Form 10-K, and the Regulatory section on page 71 of our 2013 Form 10-K.

RJ&A, MK & Co., RJFS, Eagle Fund Distributors, Inc. and Raymond James (USA) Ltd. all had net capital in excess of minimum requirements as of December 31, 2013.

RJ Ltd. was not in Early Warning Level 1 or Level 2 as of or during the three months ended December 31, 2013.

As part of the legislation known as the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform & Consumer Protection Act ("Dodd-Frank Act"), congress adopted a ban on proprietary trading and restricted investment in hedge funds and private equity by commercial banks and their affiliates, the so-called "Volcker Rule." On December 10, 2013, the SEC adopted a final version of the Volcker Rule. The final Volcker Rule prohibits banks from proprietary trading and restricts the investment in hedge funds and private equity funds by commercial banks and their affiliates. Further, the Dodd-Frank Act directed the Fed to impose enhanced prudential requirements on non-bank institutions identified as systemically important that are engaged in such activities. Congress did exempt certain permitted activities of banks, their affiliates, and non-bank institutions identified as systemically important, such as market making, hedging, securitization, and risk management. The final Volcker Rule broadly limits bank ownership in hedge funds and private equity funds to three percent of Tier I capital, although the exact application of such limit to RJF's investment portfolio is subject to further analysis. Institutions can be granted up to a seven year timeframe to become compliant with certain of the final Volcker Rule regulations. The final rules will become effective on April 1, 2014. The conformance period has been extended until July 21, 2015. We are in the process of evaluating the impact these final rules will have on our business operations. Based upon our analysis and understanding of the rules to-date, we don't expect these rules to have a significant adverse impact on the nature of our businesses or operations.

We currently invest in selected private equity and merchant banking investments. As a financial holding company, the magnitude of such investments will be subject to certain limitations. At our current investment levels, we do not anticipate having to make any otherwise unplanned divestitures of these investments in order to comply with regulatory limits; however, the amount of future investments may be limited in order to maintain compliance within regulatory specified levels. We are still reviewing the details contained in the recently finalized Volcker Rule to assess its impact on these operations.

RJF and RJ Bank are subject to various regulatory and capital requirements. Under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, RJF and RJ Bank met the requirements to be categorized as "well capitalized" as of December 31, 2013. One of RJ Bank's U.S. subsidiaries is an agreement corporation and is subject to regulation by the Fed. As of December 31, 2013, this RJ Bank subsidiary met the capital adequacy guideline requirements.

See Note 20 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q for further information on regulatory and capital requirements.

Other aspects of the Dodd-Frank Act which are not previously discussed above, have the potential to impact certain of our current business operations, including, but not limited to, their impact on RJ Bank which is discussed in the Item 1 Business, Regulation section in our 2013 Form 10-K referred to above. Because of the nature of our business and our business practices, we do not expect the Dodd-Frank Act to have a significant direct impact on our operations as a whole. However, because some of the regulations have yet to be adopted by various regulatory agencies, the specific impact on some of our businesses remains uncertain.

# Critical accounting estimates

The condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP. For a description of our accounting policies, see Note 2 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements on pages 104 - 122 of our 2013 Form 10-K, as well as Note 2 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q. We believe that of our significant accounting estimates, those described below involve a high degree of judgment and complexity. These estimates and assumptions affect the amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements. Due to their nature, estimates involve judgment based upon available information. Actual results or amounts could differ from estimates and the difference could have a material impact on the condensed consolidated financial statements. Therefore, understanding these critical accounting estimates is important in understanding the reported results of our operations and our financial position.

#### Valuation of financial instruments, investments and other assets

The use of fair value to measure financial instruments, with related gains or losses recognized in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income, is fundamental to our financial statements and our risk management processes. See Note 2 pages 106 - 111 of our 2013 Form 10-K for a discussion of our fair value accounting policies regarding financial instruments owned and financial instruments sold but not yet purchased. Since September 30, 2013, we have not implemented any material changes in the accounting policies described therein during the period covered by this report.

"Trading instruments" and "available for sale securities" are reflected in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition at fair value or amounts that approximate fair value. Unrealized gains and losses related to these financial instruments are reflected in our net income or our other comprehensive income, depending on the underlying purpose of the instrument.

As of December 31, 2013, 8.2% of our total assets and 2% of our total liabilities are instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

Financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis categorized as Level 3 amount to \$437 million as of December 31, 2013 and represent 24.4% of our assets measured at fair value. Our ARS positions comprise \$221 million, or 50%, and our private equity investments comprise \$210 million, or 48%, of the Level 3 assets as of December 31, 2013. Level 3 assets represent 10.6% of total equity as of December 31, 2013.

Financial instruments which are liabilities categorized as Level 3 amount to \$1.4 million as of December 31, 2013 and represent less than 1% of liabilities measured at fair value.

See Notes 5, 6, 7 and 14 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q for additional information on our financial instruments.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill involves the application of significant management judgment. For a discussion of our goodwill as of September 30, 2013, see the Goodwill section in Item 7 on pages 76 - 77 of our 2013 Form 10-K.

We perform goodwill testing on an annual basis or when an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying value. We have elected December 31 as our annual goodwill impairment evaluation date. We performed our latest annual goodwill impairment testing during the quarter ended March 31, 2013, evaluating the balances as of December 31, 2012. See Note 13 on pages 156 - 157 of our Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in our 2013 Form 10-K for information regarding the outcome of our evaluations. No events have occurred since September 30, 2013 that would cause us to update our latest annual impairment testing.

### Loss provisions

Refer to the discussion of loss provisions in Item 7 on pages 77 -78 of our 2013 Form 10-K.

RJ Bank provides an allowance for loan losses which reflects our continuing evaluation of the probable losses inherent in the loan portfolio. See Note 8 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q for additional information.

At December 31, 2013, the amortized cost of all RJ Bank loans was \$9.5 billion and an allowance for loan losses of \$138 million was recorded against that balance. The total allowance for loan losses is equal to 1.46% of the amortized cost of the loan portfolio.

The uncertainty of the real estate and credit markets continues to influence the complexity involved in estimating the losses inherent in RJ Bank's loan portfolio. If our underlying assumptions and judgments prove to be inaccurate, the allowance for loan losses could be insufficient to cover actual losses. In such an event, any losses would result in a decrease in our net income as well as a decrease in the level of regulatory capital at RJ Bank.

#### **Income taxes**

For a description of the significant assumptions, judgments and interpretations associated with the accounting for income taxes, see the income taxes section of Item 7 on page 78 of our 2013 Form 10-K.

#### Effects of recently issued accounting standards, and accounting standards not yet adopted

In March 2013, the FASB issued new guidance intended to clarify the applicable guidance for the release of the cumulative translation adjustment when either an entity ceases to have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or involving an equity method investment that is a foreign entity. The new guidance is intended to resolve the diversity in current practice in the accounting for the release of the cumulative translation adjustment into net income for sales or transfers of a controlling financial interest that is in a foreign entity. This new guidance is first effective for our financial report covering the quarter ended December 31, 2014, however early adoption is permitted as long as an entity that adopts the guidance early applies the new guidance as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. To the extent that we have any future transactions with our foreign entities that fall within the scope of this clarifying guidance, we will evaluate the option of adopting this guidance early. Given that this guidance applies to entity specific transactions, we are unable to estimate the financial impact, if any, this clarifying guidance may have on our financial position or results of operations.

In June 2013, the FASB issued new guidance intended to amend the scope, measurement and disclosure requirements for investment companies. The new guidance is intended to change the approach to the investment company assessment, clarify the characteristics of an investment company, require an investment company to measure noncontrolling ownership interests in other investment companies at fair value and requires additional disclosures about the investment company. This new guidance is first effective for our financial report covering the quarter ending December 31, 2014, early adoption is prohibited. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this new guidance will have on our financial position and results of operations.

In January 2014, the FASB issued new guidance which allows investors in Low Income Housing Tax Credit programs that meet specified conditions to present the net tax benefits (net of amortization of the cost of the investment) within income tax expense. The cost of the investments that meet the specified conditions will be amortized in proportion to (and over the same period as) the total expected tax benefits, including tax credits and other tax benefits as they are realized on the tax return. This new guidance is first effective for our financial report covering the quarter ending December 31, 2015, early adoption is permitted. Based upon the nature of our investments in LIHTC programs, we will not meet the specified conditions which allow for election of this accounting treatment and therefore this new guidance will have no impact on our financial position and results of operations.

In January 2014, the FASB issued new guidance which clarifies when banks and similar institutions (creditors) should reclassify mortgage loans collateralized by residential real estate properties from the loan portfolio to OREO. This guidance defines when an in-substance repossession or foreclosure has occurred and when a creditor is considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan. This new guidance is first effective for our financial report covering the quarter ending December 31, 2015, early adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this new guidance will have on our financial position and results of operations.

# **Off-Balance Sheet arrangements**

For information regarding our off-balance sheet arrangements, see Note 21 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q, and Note 26 pages 184 - 186 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in our 2013 Form 10-K.

#### **Effects of inflation**

For information regarding the effects of inflation on our business, see the Effects of Inflation section of Item 7 on page 79 of our 2013 Form 10-K.

### Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

#### RISK MANAGEMENT

For a description of our risk management policies, including a discussion of our primary market risk exposures, which include interest rate risk and equity price risk, as well as a discussion of our foreign exchange risk, credit risk including a discussion of our loan underwriting policies and risk monitoring processes applicable to RJ Bank, liquidity risk, operational risk, and regulatory and legal risk and a discussion of how these exposures are managed, refer to Item 7A pages 80 - 94 in our 2013 Form 10-K.

#### Market risk

Market risk is our risk of loss resulting from changes in interest rates and security prices. We have exposure to market risk primarily through our broker-dealer and banking operations. See page 80 of our 2013 Form 10-K for discussion of how we manage our market risk.

See Notes 5 and 6 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q for information regarding the fair value of trading inventories associated with our broker-dealer client facilitation, market-making and proprietary trading activities in addition to RJ Bank's securitizations. See Note 7 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q for information regarding the fair value of available for sale securities.

#### Interest rate risk

We are exposed to interest rate risk as a result of our trading inventories (primarily comprised of fixed income instruments) in our capital markets segment, as well as our RJ Bank operations. See pages 80 - 83 of our 2013 Form 10-K for discussion of how we manage our interest rate risk.

#### Trading activities

We monitor, on a daily basis, the Value-at-Risk ("VaR") for all of our trading portfolios. VaR is an appropriate statistical technique for estimating potential losses in trading portfolios due to typical adverse market movements over a specified time horizon with a suitable confidence level.

We apply the Fed's Market Risk Rule ("MRR") for the purpose of calculating our capital ratios. The MRR requires us to extend the calculation of VaR for all of our trading portfolios, including equity and derivative instruments.

To calculate VaR, we use historical simulation. This approach assumes that historical changes in market conditions are representative of future changes. The simulation is based upon daily market data for the previous twelve months. VaR is reported at a 99% confidence level based on a one-day time horizon. This means that we could expect to incur losses greater than those predicted by the VaR estimates only once in every 100 trading days, or about 2.5 times a year on average over the course of time.

We have chosen the historical period of twelve months to be representative of the current interest rate and equity markets. We utilize stress testing to complement our VaR analysis so as to measure risk under historical and hypothetical adverse scenarios. VaR results are indicative of relatively recent changes in general interest rates and equity markets and are not designed to capture historical stress periods beyond the twelve month historical period. Back testing procedures performed include comparing projected VaR results to regulatory-defined daily trading losses, which excludes fees, commissions, reserves, net interest income, and intraday trading, as required by the MRR. We then verify that the number of times that regulatory-defined daily trading losses exceed VaR is consistent with our expectations at a 99% confidence level. During the three months ended December 31, 2013, the reported regulatory-defined daily loss in our trading portfolios did not exceed the predicted VaR on any trading day.

Should markets suddenly become more volatile, actual trading losses may exceed VaR results presented on a single day and might accumulate over a longer time horizon, such as a number of consecutive trading days. Accordingly, management applies additional controls including position limits, a daily review of trading results, review of the status of aged inventory, independent controls on pricing, monitoring of concentration risk, and review of issuer ratings, as well as stress testing. During volatile markets we may choose to pare our trading inventories to reduce risk.

The following table sets forth the high, low, and daily average VaR for all of our trading portfolios, including fixed income, equity, and derivative instruments, as of the period and dates indicated:

	 Three months ended December 31, 2013						VaR at			
	High		Low		Daily Average		December 31, 2013		ptember 30, 2013	
				(i	n thousands	s)				
Daily VaR	\$ 2,126	\$	1,009	\$	1,408	\$	1,157	\$	1,471	

The modeling of the risk characteristics of trading positions involves a number of assumptions and approximations. While management believes that its assumptions and approximations are reasonable, there is no uniform industry methodology for estimating VaR, and different assumptions or approximations could produce materially different VaR estimates. As a result, VaR statistics are more reliable when used as indicators of risk levels and trends within a firm than as a basis for inferring differences in risk-taking across firms.

Separately, RJF provides additional market risk disclosures to comply with the "Risk-Based Capital Guidelines: Market Risk" rule released by the Fed, the OCC and the FDIC. The results of the application of this market risk capital rule, also known Basel 2.5, are available on our website under "Our Company - Financial Reports - Market Risk Rule Disclosure" within 45 days after the end of each of our reporting periods (the information on our website is not incorporated by reference into this report).

As a part of our fixed income public finance operations, RJ&A enters into forward commitments to purchase GNMA MBS. The MBS securities are issued on behalf of various state and local HFA's and consist of the mortgages originated through their lending programs. RJ&A's forward GNMA MBS purchase commitment arises at the time of the loan reservation for a borrower in the HFA lending program (these loan reservations fix the terms of the mortgage, including the interest rate and maximum principal amount). The underlying terms of the GNMA MBS purchase, including the price for the MBS security (which is dependent upon the interest rates associated with the underlying mortgages) are also fixed at loan reservation. Upon acquisition of the MBS security, RJ&A typically sells such security in open market transactions as part of its fixed income operations. In order to hedge the interest rate risk to which RJ&A would otherwise be exposed between the date of the commitment and the date of sale of the MBS in the market, RJ&A enters into TBA security contracts with investors for generic MBS securities at specific rates and prices to be delivered on settlement dates in the future. See Note 16 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q for additional information regarding these activities and the related balances outstanding as of December 31, 2013.

#### Banking operations

RJ Bank maintains an earning asset portfolio that is comprised of C&I, commercial and residential real estate, and consumer loans, as well as MBS, CMOs, Small Business Administration loan securitizations, deposits at other banks and other investments. Those earning assets are funded by RJ Bank's obligations to customers (i.e. customer deposits). Based on its current earning asset portfolio, RJ Bank is subject to interest rate risk. The current economic environment has led to an extended period of low market interest rates. As a result, the majority of RJ Bank's adjustable rate assets and liabilities have experienced a reduction in interest rate yields and costs that reflect these very low market interest rates. During the current period, RJ Bank has focused its interest rate risk analysis on the risk of market interest rates rising. RJ Bank analyzes interest rate risk based on forecasted net interest income, which is the net amount of interest received and interest paid, and the economic value of equity, both in a range of interest rate scenarios.

One of the objectives of RJ Bank's Asset Liability Management Committee is to manage the sensitivity of net interest income to changes in market interest rates. The methods used to measure this sensitivity are described on pages 82 - 83 of our 2013 Form 10-K. There were no material changes to these methods during the three months ended December 31, 2013.

The following table is an analysis of RJ Bank's estimated net interest income over a 12 month period based on instantaneous shifts in interest rates (expressed in basis points) using the asset/liability model applied by RJ Bank:

Instantaneous changes in rate	Net interest income	Projected change in net interest income
	(\$ in thousands)	
+300	\$389,138	10.28%
+200	\$385,472	9.24%
+100	\$383,373	8.65%
0	\$352,864	_
-100	\$330,604	(6.31)%

Refer to the Net Interest section of MD&A, in Item 2 of this Form 10-Q, for a discussion and estimate of the potential favorable impact on RJF's pre-tax income that could result from a 100 basis point instantaneous rise in short-term interest rates applicable to RJF's entire operations.

The following table presents the amount of RJ Bank's interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities expected to reprice, prepay or mature in each of the indicated periods at December 31, 2013:

	 Repricing opportunities							
	0 - 6 months	7	7 - 12 months		1 - 5 years		more years	
			(in tho	ısanc	ls)			
Interest-earning assets:								
Loans	\$ 8,347,244	\$	462,066	\$	408,576	\$	274,952	
Available for sale securities	231,322		20,066		118,364		79,768	
Other investments	 1,295,729		_		_		_	
Total interest-earning assets	9,874,295		482,132		526,940		354,720	
Interest-bearing liabilities:								
Transaction and savings accounts	9,684,119		_		_		_	
Certificates of deposit	 23,817		32,922		266,340		_	
Total interest-bearing liabilities	9,707,936		32,922		266,340			
Gap	166,359		449,210		260,600		354,720	
Cumulative gap	\$ 166,359	\$	615,569	\$	876,169	\$	1,230,889	

The following table shows the contractual maturities of RJ Bank's loan portfolio at December 31, 2013, including contractual principal repayments. This table does not, however, include any estimates of prepayments. These prepayments could shorten the average loan lives and cause the actual timing of the loan repayments to differ significantly from those shown in the following table:

	Due in								
	One year or less		>0	>One year – five years		> 5 years		Total	
				(in tho	usands	<u>s)</u>			
Loans held for sale	\$	_	\$	_	\$	86,223	\$	86,223	
Loans held for investment:									
C&I loans		67,032		3,363,249		2,088,026		5,518,307	
CRE construction loans		42,469		35,597		20,000		98,066	
CRE loans		140,300		1,034,545		173,773		1,348,618	
Residential mortgage loans		3,598		21,728		1,739,941		1,765,267	
Consumer loans		663,310		4,000		51		667,361	
Total loans held for investment		916,709		4,459,119		4,021,791		9,397,619	
Total loans	\$	916,709	\$	4,459,119	\$	4,108,014	\$	9,483,842	

The following table shows the distribution of the recorded investment of those RJ Bank loans that mature in more than one year between fixed and adjustable interest rate loans at December 31, 2013:

	Interest rate type						
	Fixed		Adjustable				Total <sup>(1)</sup>
			(i	n thousands)			
Loans held for sale	\$	4,795	\$	81,428		\$	86,223
Loans held for investment:							
C&I loans		1,724		5,449,551			5,451,275
CRE construction loans		_		55,597			55,597
CRE loans		69,337		1,138,981			1,208,318
Residential mortgage loans		264,399		1,497,270	(2)		1,761,669
Consumer loans		4,051		_			4,051
Total loans held for investment		339,511		8,141,399			8,480,910
Total loans	\$	344,306	\$	8,222,827		\$	8,567,133

- (1) Excludes any net unearned income and deferred expenses.
- (2) See the discussion within the "Risk Monitoring process" section of Item 3 in this Form 10-Q, for additional information regarding RJ Bank's interest-only loan portfolio and related repricing schedule.

## **Equity price risk**

We are exposed to equity price risk as a consequence of making markets in equity securities and the investment activities of RJ&A and RJ Ltd. RJ&A's broker-dealer activities are primarily client-driven, with the objective of meeting clients' needs while earning a trading profit to compensate for the risk associated with carrying inventory. RJ Ltd. has a proprietary trading business; the average aggregate inventory held for proprietary trading by RJ Ltd. during the three months ended December 31, 2013 was CDN \$8.8 million. We attempt to reduce the risk of loss inherent in our inventory of equity securities by monitoring those security positions constantly throughout each day and establishing position limits.

#### Foreign exchange risk

We are subject to foreign exchange risk due to: financial instruments denominated in U.S. dollars predominantly held by RJ Ltd., whose functional currency is the Canadian dollar, which may be impacted by fluctuation in foreign exchange rates; certain loans held by RJ Bank denominated in Canadian currency; and our investments in foreign subsidiaries.

In order to mitigate its portion of this risk, RJ Ltd. enters into forward foreign exchange contracts. The fair value of these contracts is nominal. As of December 31, 2013, RJ Ltd. held forward contracts to buy and sell U.S. dollars totaling CDN \$1.7 million, and CDN \$1.4 million, respectively. RJ Ltd. also held a forward contract to buy Euro's totaling \$1.1 million CDN at December 31, 2013. In addition, RJ Bank's U.S. subsidiaries hedge the foreign exchange risk related to their net investment in a Canadian subsidiary utilizing short-term, forward foreign exchange contracts. These derivative agreements are accounted for as net investment hedges in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. See Note 13 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q for further information regarding these derivative contracts.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss due to adverse changes in a borrower's, issuer's or counterparty's ability to meet its financial obligations under contractual or agreed upon terms. The nature and amount of credit risk depends on the type of transaction, the structure and duration of that transaction, and the parties involved. Credit risk is an integral component of the profit assessment of lending and other financing activities. See further discussion of our credit risk on pages 84 - 92 in our 2013 Form 10-K.

RJ Bank has substantial corporate and residential mortgage loan portfolios. A significant downturn in the overall economy, deterioration in real estate values or a significant issue within any sector or sectors where RJ Bank has a concentration could result in large provisions for loan losses and/or charge-offs.

Several factors were taken into consideration in evaluating the allowance for loan losses at December 31, 2013, including the risk profile of the portfolios, net charge-offs during the period, the level of nonperforming loans, and delinquency ratios. RJ Bank also considered the uncertainty related to certain industry sectors and the extent of credit exposure to specific borrowers within the portfolio. RJ Bank further stratified the performing residential mortgage loan portfolio based upon updated LTV estimates with higher reserve percentages allocated to the higher LTV loans. Finally, RJ Bank considered current economic conditions that might impact the portfolio. RJ Bank determined the allowance that was required for specific loan grades based on relative risk characteristics of the loan portfolio. On an ongoing basis, RJ Bank evaluates its methods for determining the allowance for each class of loans and makes enhancements it considers appropriate. There was no material change in RJ Bank's methodology for determining the allowance for loan losses during the three months ended December 31, 2013.

Changes in the allowance for loan losses of RJ Bank are as follows:

	Thr	ecember 31,			
		2013	2012		
		(\$ in the	ousan	ds)	
Allowance for loan losses, beginning of year	\$	136,501	\$	147,541	
Provision for loan losses		1,636		2,923	
Charge-offs:					
C&I loans		(40)		(90)	
Residential mortgage loans		(209)		(3,208)	
Total charge-offs		(249)		(3,298)	
Recoveries:					
C&I loans		4		_	
CRE loans		80		544	
Residential mortgage loans		444		369	
Consumer		12		5	
Total recoveries		540		918	
Net recoveries/(charge-offs)		291		(2,380)	
Foreign exchange translation adjustment		(304)		(63)	
Allowance for loan losses, end of period	\$	138,124	\$	148,021	
Allowance for loan losses to total bank loans outstanding		1.46%		1.72%	

The primary factors influencing the provision for loan losses during the period were a significant decrease in corporate criticized loans compared to the prior year, the favorable resolution of corporate problem loans, lower LTV ratios in the residential mortgage loan portfolio, and a reduction in delinquent residential mortgage loans. These credit characteristics reflected the positive impact from improved economic conditions. The allowance for loan losses decreased to \$138 million as of December 31, 2013 from \$148 million as of December 31, 2012 due to the improved credit characteristics of the loan portfolio and the charge-off of corporate loans that were fully reserved in prior periods.

The following table presents net loan charge-offs and the percentage of net loan charge-offs to the average outstanding loan balances by loan portfolio segment:

		Th	ree months en	ded 1	December	31,			
		20	13	2012					
	Net loan charge-off amount		charge-off outstanding charge-off		arge-off outstanding		% of avg. outstanding loans		
			nds)						
C&I loans	\$	(36)	_	\$	(90)	0.01%			
CRE loans		80	0.02%		544	0.23%			
Residential mortgage loans		235	0.05%		(2,839)	0.67%			
Consumer loans		12	0.01%		5	0.01%			
Total	\$	291	0.01%	\$	(2,380)	0.11%			

The level of charge-off activity is a factor that is considered in evaluating the potential for and severity of future credit losses. The 112% decline in net loan charge-offs for the current quarter as compared to prior year was primarily attributable to the net recovery on residential mortgage loans. Net loan charge-offs for the current quarter have been trending lower for both the residential mortgage and corporate loan portfolios compared to the prior year period.

The table below presents nonperforming loans and total allowance for loan losses:

	D	ecember	31, 2	2013	<b>September 30, 2013</b>				
	Nonperi		lo	llowance for an losses balance	Nonperforming loan balance		lo	llowance for oan losses balance	
				(in thou	ısands)				
Loans held for investment:									
C&I loans	\$	_	\$	(96,629)	\$	89	\$	(95,994)	
CRE construction loans		_		(1,647)		_		(1,000)	
CRE loans		25,068		(20,210)		25,512		(19,266)	
Residential mortgage loans		72,555		(18,300)		76,357		(19,126)	
Consumer loans				(1,338)		_		(1,115)	
Total	\$	97,623	\$	(138,124)	\$	101,958	\$	(136,501)	

The level of nonperforming loans is another indicator of potential future credit losses. The amount of nonperforming loans decreased during the three months ended December 31, 2013. This decrease was primarily due to a \$3.8 million decrease in nonperforming residential mortgage loans and a \$444 thousand decrease in nonperforming CRE loans. Included in nonperforming residential mortgage loans are \$59.2 million in loans for which \$34.4 million in charge-offs were previously recorded, resulting in less exposure within the remaining balance.

#### Loan underwriting policies

RJ Bank's underwriting policies for the major types of loans are described on page 89 of our 2013 Form 10-K. There was no material change in RJ Bank's underwriting policies during the three months ended December 31, 2013.

#### Risk monitoring process

The credit risk strategy component of ongoing risk monitoring and review processes at RJ Bank for all residential, consumer and corporate credit exposures are discussed on pages 89 - 92 of our 2013 Form 10-K. There were no material changes to those processes and policies during the three months ended December 31, 2013.

### Residential mortgage and consumer loans

We track and review many factors to monitor credit risk in RJ Bank's residential and consumer loan portfolios. The qualitative factors include, but are not limited to: loan performance trends, loan product parameters and qualification requirements, borrower credit scores, occupancy (i.e., owner occupied, second home or investment property), level of documentation, loan purpose, geographic concentrations, average loan size, and loan policy exceptions. These qualitative measures, while considered and reviewed in establishing the allowance for loan losses, have generally not resulted in any quantitative adjustments to RJ Bank's historical loss rates. In addition to historical loss rates, one other quantitative factor utilized for the performing residential mortgage loan portfolio is updated LTV ratios.

RJ Bank obtains the most recently available information (generally on a quarter lag) to estimate current LTV ratios on the individual loans in the performing residential mortgage loan portfolio. Current LTV ratios are estimated based on the initial appraisal obtained at the time of origination, adjusted using relevant market indices for housing price changes that have occurred since origination. The value of the homes could vary from actual market values due to change in the condition of the underlying property, variations in housing price changes within current valuation indices and other factors.

The current average estimated LTV is approximately 63% for the total residential mortgage loan portfolio. Residential mortgage loans with estimated LTVs between 100% and 120% represent only 3% of the residential mortgage loan portfolio and residential mortgage loans with updated LTVs in excess of 120% represent only 1% of the residential mortgage loan portfolio. Credit risk management utilizes this data in conjunction with delinquency statistics, loss experience and economic circumstances to establish appropriate allowance for loan losses for the residential mortgage loan portfolio, which is based upon an estimate for the probability of default and loss given default for each homogeneous class of loans.

The marketable collateral securing RJ Bank's securities-based loans within the consumer loan portfolio is monitored on a daily basis. Collateral adjustments are made by the borrower as necessary to ensure RJ Bank's loans are adequately secured, resulting in minimal credit risk.

Residential mortgage loan delinquency levels are elevated by historical standards at RJ Bank due to the economic downturn and the high level of unemployment, however, the levels have continued to improve during the current period. Our consumer loan portfolio has not experienced high levels of delinquencies to date. At December 31, 2013 there were no delinquent consumer loans.

At December 31, 2013, loans over 30 days delinquent (including nonperforming loans) decreased to 2.79% of residential mortgage loans outstanding, compared to 2.87% over 30 days delinquent at September 30, 2013. Additionally, our December 31, 2013 percentage compares favorably to the national average for over 30 day delinquencies of 8.61% as most recently reported by the Fed. RJ Bank's significantly lower delinquency rate as compared to its peers is the result of both our uniform underwriting policies and the lack of non-traditional loan products and subprime loans.

The following table presents a summary of delinquent residential mortgage loans:

		Delinquen	t res	sidential loan	s (ar	nount)		idential loans as tanding loan bala	
	30-	89 days	9	00 days or more			30-89 days	90 days or more	Total <sup>(1)</sup>
						(\$ in thou	ısands)		
<b>December 31, 2013</b>									
Residential Mortgage Loans:									
First mortgage loans	\$	7,301	\$	41,591	\$	48,892	0.42%	2.39%	2.81%
Home equity loans/lines		39		371		410	0.16%	1.52%	1.68%
Total residential mortgage loans	\$	7,340	\$	41,962	\$	49,302	0.42%	2.37%	2.79%
September 30, 2013									
Residential Mortgage Loans:	ø	6.024	Φ	12.004	Φ	40.929	0.40%	2.400/	2.900/
First mortgage loans	\$	6,824	\$	43,004	\$	49,828	0.40%	2.49%	2.89%
Home equity loans/lines				372		372		1.66%	1.66%
Total residential mortgage loans	\$	6,824	\$	43,376	\$	50,200	0.39%	2.48%	2.87%

(1) Comprised of loans which are two or more payments past due as well as loans in process of foreclosure.

To manage and limit credit losses, we maintain a rigorous process to manage our loan delinquencies. See pages 90 - 92 of our 2013 Form 10-K for a discussion of these processes. There have been no material changes to these processes during the three months ended December 31, 2013.

Credit risk is also managed by diversifying the residential mortgage portfolio. The geographic concentrations (top five states) of RJ Bank's one-to-four family residential mortgage loans are as follows:

Decem	ber 31, 2013	Septem	ber 30, 2013
	(\$ outstanding as a %	of RJ Bank total asse	ts)
2.9%	FL	3.0%	FL
2.3%	CA (1)	2.4%	CA (1)
1.1%	NY	1.2%	NY
0.8%	NJ	0.8%	NJ
0.6%	VA	0.7%	VA

(1) The concentration ratio for the state of California excludes 1.3% for December 31, 2013 and 1.4% for September 30, 2013 for loans purchased from a large investment grade institution that have full repurchase recourse for any delinquent loans.

Loans where borrowers may be subject to payment increases include adjustable rate mortgage loans with terms that initially require payment of interest only. Payments may increase significantly when the interest-only period ends and the loan principal begins to amortize. At December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, these loans totaled \$352 million and \$363 million, respectively, or approximately 20% of the residential mortgage portfolio for both periods. At December 31, 2013, the balance of amortizing, former interest-only, loans totaled \$335 million. The weighted average number of years before the remainder of the loans, which were still in their interest-only period at December 31, 2013, begins amortizing is 2.8 years. In the current interest rate environment, a large percentage of these loans were projected to adjust to a payment lower than the current payment. The outstanding balance of loans that were interest-only at origination and based on their contractual terms are scheduled to reprice are as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2013</b>	
	(in thousands)	
One year or less	\$	239,163
Over one year through two years		15,172
Over two years through three years		8,909
Over three years through four years		17,947
Over four years through five years		24,593
Over five years		45,933
Total outstanding residential interest-only loan balance	\$	351,717

A component of credit risk management for the residential portfolio is the LTV and borrower credit score at origination or purchase. The most recent LTV/FICO scores at origination of RJ Bank's residential first mortgage loan portfolio are as follows:

Residential first mortgage loan weighted-average LTV/FICO (1) December 31, 2013 September 30, 2013 66%/754

(1) At origination. Small group of local loans representing less than 1% of residential portfolio excluded.

### Corporate loans

Credit risk in RJ Bank's corporate loan portfolio is monitored on an individual loan basis, see page 92 of our 2013 Form 10-K for a discussion of our monitoring processes. There have been no material changes in these processes during the three months ended December 31, 2013.

At December 31, 2013, other than loans classified as nonperforming, there were two government-guaranteed loans totaling \$373 thousand that were delinquent greater than 30 days.

Credit risk is also managed by diversifying the corporate loan portfolio. RJ Bank's corporate loan portfolio does not contain a significant concentration in any single industry. The industry concentrations (top five categories) of RJ Bank's corporate loans are as follows:

D	ecember 31, 2013		September 30, 2013
(\$ outstanding as a % of RJ Bank total assets)			
3.8% Media com	munications	3.5%	Media communications
3.3% Business sy	stems and services	3.4%	Business systems and services
3.1% Automotive	e/transportation	3.3%	Automotive/transportation
3.1% Technology	/	3.1%	Pharmaceuticals
3.0% Pharmaceur	ticals	3.1%	Retail real estate

### Liquidity risk

See the section entitled "Liquidity and capital resources" in Item 2, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, in this Form 10-Q for information regarding our liquidity and how we manage liquidity risk.

#### **Operational risk**

Operational risk generally refers to the risk of loss resulting from our operations, including, but not limited to, business disruptions, improper or unauthorized execution and processing of transactions, deficiencies in our technology or financial operating systems and inadequacies or breaches in our control processes. See page 93 of our 2013 Form 10-K for a discussion of our operational risk and certain of our risk mitigation processes. There have been no material changes in such processes during the three months ended December 31, 2013.

As more fully described in the discussion of our business technology risks included in Item 1A:Risk Factors on page 22 - 23 for our 2013 Form 10-K, notwithstanding that we take protective measures and endeavor to modify them as circumstances warrant, our computer systems, software and networks may be vulnerable to spam attacks, unauthorized access, distributed denial of service attacks, computer viruses and other malicious code and other events that could have a security impact. If one or more of these events occur, this could jeopardize our, or our clients' or counterparties', confidential and other information processed, stored in, and transmitted through our computer systems and networks, or otherwise cause interruptions or malfunctions in our, our clients', our counterparties' or third parties' operations. To-date, we have not experienced any material losses relating to cyber attacks or other information security breaches, however, there can be no assurance that we will not suffer such losses in the future.

#### Regulatory and legal risk

Our regulatory and legal risks are described on pages 93 - 94 of our 2013 Form 10-K. There have been no material changes in our risk mitigation processes during the three months ended December 31, 2013.

#### Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Disclosure controls are procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act, such as this report, are recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls are also designed to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, as ours are designed to do, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(b) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that these disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

# **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2013 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. We intend to implement the new "Internal Control - Integrated Framework," issued in May 2013 by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission, for our first fiscal quarter in our fiscal year 2015, which commences on October 1, 2014, and which is prior to the new framework implementation deadline of December 31, 2014.

#### PART II

## Item 1. <u>LEGAL PROCEEDINGS</u>

The following information supplements and amends the disclosure set forth under Part I, Item 3 "Legal Proceedings" on page 29 - 31 of our 2013 Form 10-K.

#### **Indemnification from Regions**

As more fully described in Note 3 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements on pages 123 - 124 of our 2013 Form 10-K, the stock purchase agreement provides that Regions will indemnify RJF for losses incurred in connection with any legal proceedings pending as of the closing date or commenced after the closing date related to pre-closing matters. All of the pre-Closing Date Morgan Keegan matters described below are subject to such indemnification provisions. See Note 16 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q for additional information regarding Morgan Keegan's pre-Closing Date legal matter contingencies.

#### Pre-Closing Date Morgan Keegan matters (all of which are subject to indemnification by Regions)

There are no material changes in the matters as presented on page 29 - 31 of our 2013 Form 10-K.

#### Other matters unrelated to Morgan Keegan

We are a defendant or co-defendant in various lawsuits and arbitrations incidental to our securities business, matters which are unrelated to the pre-Closing Date activities of Morgan Keegan. We are contesting the allegations in these cases and believe that there are meritorious defenses in each of these lawsuits and arbitrations. In view of the number and diversity of claims against us, the number of jurisdictions in which litigation is pending and the inherent difficulty of predicting the outcome of litigation and other claims, we cannot state with certainty what the eventual outcome of pending litigation or other claims will be. In the opinion of management, based on current available information, review with outside legal counsel, and consideration of amounts provided for in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements with respect to these matters, ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse impact on our financial position or cumulative results of operations. However, resolution of one or more of these matters may have a material effect on the results of operations in any future period, depending upon the ultimate resolution of those matters and upon the level of income for such period.

See Note 16 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q for additional information regarding legal matter contingencies.

# ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

See Item 1A: Risk Factors, on pages 15 - 29 of our 2013 Form 10-K for a discussion of risk factors that impact our operations and financial results. There have been no material changes in the risk factors as discussed therein.

# ITEM 2. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED SHAREHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

The following table presents information on our purchases of our own stock, on a monthly basis, for the three months ended December 31, 2013:

	Number of shares purchased (1)	erage price per share
October 1, 2013 – October 31, 2013	11,890	\$ 43.16
November 1, 2013 – November 30, 2013	68,503	48.38
December 1, 2013 – December 31, 2013	24,774	48.48
First quarter	105,167	\$ 47.82

(1) We purchase our own stock in conjunction with a number of activities, each of which are described below. We do not have a formal stock repurchase plan. As of December 31, 2013, there is \$49.4 million remaining on the current authorization of our Board of Directors for open market share repurchases.

From time to time, our Board of Directors has authorized specific dollar amounts for repurchases at the discretion of our Board's Securities Repurchase Committee. The decision to repurchase securities is subject to cash availability and other factors. Historically we have considered such purchases when the price of our stock approaches 1.5 times book value. We did not purchase any of our shares in open market transactions during the three months ended December 31, 2013.

Share purchases for the trust fund that was established and funded to acquire our common stock in the open market and used to settle restricted stock units granted as a retention vehicle for certain employees of our wholly owned Canadian subsidiary (see Note 2 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements on page 121 of our 2013 Form 10-K, and Note 9 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q, for more information on this trust fund) amounted to 17,668 shares for a total of \$850 thousand, for the three months ended December 31, 2013.

We also repurchase shares when employees surrender shares as payment for option exercises or withholding taxes. During the three months ended December 31, 2013, there were 87,499 shares surrendered to us by employees for a total of \$4.2 million as payment for option exercises or withholding taxes.

RJF expects to continue paying cash dividends. However, the payment and rate of dividends on our common stock is subject to several factors including operating results, our financial requirements, regulatory capital restrictions applicable to RJF, and the availability of funds from our subsidiaries, including the broker-dealer subsidiaries, which may be subject to restrictions under regulatory capital rules of the SEC, FINRA and the Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada ("IIROC"). The availability of funds from subsidiaries may also be subject to restrictions contained in loan covenants of certain broker-dealer loan agreements; dividends to the parent from RJ Bank may be subject to restrictions by bank regulators. None of these restrictions have ever limited our past dividend payments. (See Note 20 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q for more information on regulatory capital levels of RJF, RJ Bank and our significant broker-dealer subsidiaries.)

# Item 3. <u>DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES</u>

None.

#### Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

#### Item 6. EXHIBITS

- 10.17.2 \* Amendment to Employment Agreement, dated as of December 2, 2013, by and between Raymond James Financial, Inc. and John C. Carson, Jr., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17.2 as filed with Form 8-K on December 4, 2013.
- 10.21.1 \* Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Notice and Agreement (time-based vesting) which amends and restates Mr. Reilly's award agreement issued in 2012 and will also be used for his subsequent award agreements, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21.1 as filed with Form 8-K on December 20, 2013.
- 10.21.2 \* Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Notice and Agreement (performance-based vesting) which amends and restates Mr. Reilly's award agreement issued in 2012 and will also be used for his subsequent award agreements, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21.2 as filed with Form 8-K on December 20, 2013.
- 10.22.1 \* Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Notice and Agreement (time-based vesting), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.22.1 as filed with Form 8-K on December 20, 2013.
- 10.22.2 \* Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Notice and Agreement (performance-based vesting), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.22.2 as filed with Form 8-K on December 20, 2013.
  - 10.23 \* Form of Stock Option Agreement under 2012 Stock Incentive Plan, as revised and approved on November 20, 2013, filed herewith.
  - 10.24 \* Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for Non-Bonus Award under 2012 Stock Incentive Plan, as revised and approved on November 20, 2013, filed herewith.
    - 11 Statement Re: Computation of per Share Earnings (the calculation of per share earnings is included in Part I, Item 1 in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Earnings Per Share) and is omitted here in accordance with Section (b)(11) of Item 601 of Regulation S-K).
    - 12 Statement of Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock Dividends, filed herewith.
  - 31.1 Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), filed herewith.
  - 31.2 Certification by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), filed herewith.
    - 32 Certification by Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, furnished herewith.
- \* Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement in which a director or named executive officer participates.

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

	RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL, INC.
	(Registrant)
Date: February 7, 2014	/s/ Paul C. Reilly
	Paul C. Reilly
	Chief Executive Officer
Date: February 7, 2014	/s/ Jeffrey P. Julien
	Jeffrey P. Julien
	Executive Vice President - Finance

Executive Vice President - Finance Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

# [FORM OF STOCK OPTION AGREEMENT (NON-CONTINGENT) – REVISED AND APPROVED ON NOVEMBER 20, 2013]

# RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL, INC.

# 2012 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN

# **NOTICE OF STOCK OPTION AWARD**

Grantee's Name and Address:

You (the "Grantee") have been granted an option to purchase shares of Common Stock, subject to the terms and conditions of this Notice of Stock Option Award (the "Notice"), the Raymond James Financial, Inc. 2012 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended from time to time (the "Plan") and the Stock Option Award Agreement (the "Option Agreement") attached hereto, as follows. Unless otherwise defined herein, the terms defined in the Plan shall have the same defined meanings in this Notice.

Date of Award

**Vesting Commencement Date** 

Exercise Price per Share \$

Total Number of Shares Subject to the Option (the "Shares")

Total Exercise Price \$

Type of Option: Incentive Stock Option

Non-Qualified Stock Option

Expiration Date: [Sixty-two (62) months] [Five (5) years]

Post-Termination Exercise Period: Forty-five (45) days

# Vesting Schedule:

Subject to the Grantee's Continuous Service and other limitations set forth in this Notice, the Plan and the Option Agreement, the Option may be exercised, in whole or in part, in accordance with the following schedule:

# [INSERT VESTING SCHEDULE]

Notwithstanding the Plan definition of "Continuous Service," the Grantee's Continuous Service shall be deemed terminated solely for purposes of further vesting in the event of a change in status from Employee to Independent Contractor, or vice versa. In that event, the portion of the Option that is not then vested shall immediately lapse. For the avoidance of doubt, the Grantee shall not be deemed to have terminated Continuous Service for purposes of the post-termination exercise provisions until a termination of "Continuous Service" under the Plan definition occurs.

In addition, the Award shall be subject to the following accelerated vesting provisions:

- In the event the Grantee's Continuous Service terminates due to death or Disability, 100% of the Shares subject to the Option shall become vested and exercisable immediately prior to such termination of Continuous Service.
- In the event of a Corporate Transaction or Change in Control, the Option will be subject to the terms and conditions of Section 11 of the Plan.

During any authorized leave of absence, the vesting of the Option as provided in the schedule set forth above shall be suspended and the duration of such suspension will parallel the duration of the leave of absence under the Company's then effective leave of absence policy. The Vesting Schedule of the Option shall be extended by the length of the suspension. Vesting of the Option shall resume upon the Grantee's termination of the leave of absence and return to service to the Company or a Related Entity.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company and the Grantee have executed this Notice and agree that the Option is to be governed by the terms and conditions of this Notice, the Plan, and the Option Agreement.

Raymond James Financial, Inc., a Florida corporation

THE GRANTEE ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT THE SHARES SUBJECT TO THE OPTION SHALL VEST, IF AT ALL, ONLY DURING THE PERIOD OF THE GRANTEE'S CONTINUOUS SERVICE (NOT THROUGH THE ACT OF BEING HIRED, BEING GRANTED THE OPTION OR ACQUIRING SHARES HEREUNDER). THE GRANTEE FURTHER ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT NOTHING IN THIS NOTICE, THE OPTION AGREEMENT, OR THE PLAN SHALL CONFER UPON THE GRANTEE ANY RIGHT WITH RESPECT TO FUTURE AWARDS OR CONTINUATION OF THE GRANTEE'S CONTINUOUS SERVICE, NOR SHALL IT INTERFERE IN ANY WAY WITH THE GRANTEE'S RIGHT OR THE RIGHT OF THE COMPANY OR RELATED ENTITY TO WHICH THE GRANTEE PROVIDES SERVICES TO TERMINATE THE GRANTEE'S CONTINUOUS SERVICE, WITH OR WITHOUT CAUSE, AND WITH OR WITHOUT NOTICE. THE GRANTEE ACKNOWLEDGES THAT UNLESS THE GRANTEE HAS A WRITTEN EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT WITH THE COMPANY TO THE CONTRARY, THE GRANTEE'S STATUS IS AT WILL.

# **Grantee Acknowledges and Agrees:**

The Grantee acknowledges receipt of a copy of the Plan and the Option Agreement, and represents that he or she is familiar with the terms and provisions thereof, and hereby accepts the Option subject to all of the terms and provisions hereof and thereof. The Grantee has reviewed this Notice, the Plan, and the Option Agreement in their entirety, has had an opportunity to obtain the advice of counsel prior to executing this Notice, and fully understands all provisions of this Notice, the Plan and the Option Agreement.

The Grantee further acknowledges that, from time to time, the Company may be in a "blackout period" and/or subject to applicable federal securities laws that could subject the Grantee to liability for engaging in any transaction involving the sale of the Company's Shares. The Grantee further acknowledges and agrees that, prior to the sale of any Shares acquired under this Award, it is the Grantee's responsibility to determine whether or not such sale of Shares will subject the Grantee to liability under insider trading rules or other applicable federal securities laws.

The Grantee understands that the Award is subject to the Grantee's consent to access this Notice, the Option Agreement, the Plan and the Plan prospectus (collectively, the "Plan Documents") in electronic form on the Company's intranet or such other website designated by the Company and communicated to the Grantee. By signing below and accepting the grant of the Award, the Grantee: (i) consents to access electronic copies (instead of receiving paper copies) of the Plan Documents via the Company's intranet or such other website designated by the Company and communicated to the Grantee if and when the Company begins providing the Plan Documents electronically; (ii) represents that the Grantee has access to paper copies of the Plan Documents; and (iii) acknowledges that the Grantee is familiar with and accepts the Award subject to the terms and provisions of the Plan Documents.

The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any Plan Documents by electronic means or request the Grantee's consent to participate in the Plan by electronic means. The Grantee hereby consents to receive such documents by electronic delivery and agrees to participate in the Plan through an on-line or electronic system if and when such system is established and maintained by the Company or a third party designated by the Company.

The Grantee hereby agrees that all questions of interpretation and administration relating to this Notice, the Plan and the Option Agreement shall be resolved by the Administrator in accordance with Section 14 of the Option Agreement. The Grantee further agrees that, in accordance with Section 15 of the Option Agreement, any claim, suit, action, or proceeding arising out of or relating to the Notice, the Plan or this Option Agreement shall be governed by and subject to the terms and conditions of the Arbitration Agreement entered into by and between the Grantee and the Company. The Grantee further agrees to notify the Company upon any change in the residence address indicated in this Notice.

Date:	
	Grantee's Signature
Grant Date:	
	Grantee's Printed Name
	Address
	City, State & Zip

# [FORM OF STOCK OPTION AGREEMENT (NON-CONTINGENT) – REVISED AND APPROVED ON NOVEMBER 20, 2013]

## RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL, INC. 2012 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN

# STOCK OPTION AWARD AGREEMENT

1. <u>Grant of Option</u>. Raymond James Financial, Inc., a Florida corporation (the "Company"), hereby grants to the Grantee (the "Grantee") named in the Notice of Stock Option Award (the "Notice"), an option (the "Option") to purchase the Total Number of Shares of Common Stock subject to the Option (the "Shares") set forth in the Notice, at the Exercise Price per Share set forth in the Notice (the "Exercise Price") subject to the terms and provisions of the Notice, this Stock Option Award Agreement (the "Option Agreement") and the Company's 2012 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended from time to time (the "Plan"), which are incorporated herein by reference. Unless otherwise defined herein, the terms defined in the Plan shall have the same defined meanings in this Option Agreement.

If designated in the Notice as an Incentive Stock Option, the Option is intended to qualify as an Incentive Stock Option as defined in Section 422 of the Code. However, notwithstanding such designation, the Option will qualify as an Incentive Stock Option under the Code only to the extent the \$100,000 dollar limitation of Section 422(d) of the Code is not exceeded. The \$100,000 limitation of Section 422(d) of the Code is calculated based on the aggregate Fair Market Value of the Shares subject to options designated as Incentive Stock Options which become exercisable for the first time by the Grantee during any calendar year (under all plans of the Company or any Parent or Subsidiary of the Company). For purposes of this calculation, Incentive Stock Options shall be taken into account in the order in which they were granted, and the Fair Market Value of the shares subject to such options shall be determined as of the grant date of the relevant option.

# 2. Exercise of Option.

- (a) <u>Right to Exercise</u>. The Option shall be exercisable during its term in accordance with the Vesting Schedule set out in the Notice and with the applicable provisions of the Plan and this Option Agreement. The Grantee shall be subject to reasonable limitations on the number of requested exercises during any monthly or weekly period as determined by the Administrator. In no event shall the Company issue fractional Shares.
- (b) Method of Exercise. The Option shall be exercisable by delivery of an exercise notice (a form of which is attached as Exhibit A) or by such other procedure as specified from time to time by the Administrator which shall state the election to exercise the Option, the whole number of Shares in respect of which the Option is being exercised, and such other provisions as may be required by the Administrator. The exercise notice shall be delivered in person, by certified mail, or by such other method (including electronic transmission) as determined from time to time by the Administrator to the Company accompanied by payment of the Exercise Price and all applicable income and employment taxes required to be withheld. The Option shall be deemed to be exercised upon receipt by the Company of such notice accompanied by the Exercise Price and all applicable withholding taxes.
- (c) <u>Taxes</u>. No Shares will be delivered to the Grantee or other person pursuant to the exercise of the Option until the Grantee or other person has made arrangements acceptable to the Administrator for the satisfaction of applicable income tax and employment tax withholding obligations, including, without limitation, such other tax obligations of the Grantee incident to the receipt of Shares. Upon exercise of the Option, the Company or the Grantee's employer may offset or withhold (from any

amount owed by the Company or the Grantee's employer to the Grantee) or collect from the Grantee or other person an amount sufficient to satisfy such tax withholding obligations. Furthermore, in the event of any determination that the Company has failed to withhold a sum sufficient to pay all withholding taxes due in connection with the Option, the Grantee agrees to pay the Company the amount of such deficiency in cash within five (5) days after receiving a written demand from the Company to do so, whether or not the Grantee is an employee of the Company at that time.

- (d) Section 16(b). Notwithstanding any provision of this Option Agreement to the contrary, other than termination of the Grantee's Continuous Service for Cause, if a sale within the applicable time periods set forth in Sections 5, 6, 7 or 8 herein of Shares acquired upon the exercise of the Option would subject the Grantee to suit under Section 16(b) of the Exchange Act, the Option shall remain exercisable until the earliest to occur of (i) the tenth (10th) day following the date on which a sale of such Shares by the Grantee would no longer be subject to such suit, (ii) the one hundred and ninetieth (190th) day after the Grantee's termination of Continuous Service, or (iii) the date on which the Option expires.
- 3. <u>Method of Payment</u>. Payment of the Exercise Price shall be made by any of the following, or a combination thereof, at the election of the Grantee; provided, however, that such exercise method does not then violate any Applicable Law:
- (a) cash through the Grantee's Raymond James brokerage account, which must contain sufficient funds or margin availability to cover the consideration to be paid for the Shares to be issued upon exercise of the Option;
- (b) surrender of Shares or delivery of a properly executed form of attestation of ownership of Shares as the Administrator may require which have a Fair Market Value on the date of surrender or attestation equal to the aggregate Exercise Price of the Shares as to which the Option is being exercised; or
- (c) if the Option is designated in the Notice as a Non-Qualified Stock Option, payment through a "net exercise" such that, without the payment of any funds, the Grantee may exercise the Option and receive the net number of Shares equal to (i) the number of Shares as to which the Option is being exercised, multiplied by (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is the Fair Market Value per Share (on such date as is determined by the Administrator) less the Exercise Price per Share, and the denominator of which is such Fair Market Value per Share (the number of net Shares to be received shall be rounded down to the nearest whole number of Shares).
- 4. <u>Restrictions on Exercise</u>. The Option may not be exercised if the issuance of the Shares subject to the Option upon such exercise would constitute a violation of any Applicable Laws. If the exercise of the Option within the applicable time periods set forth in Section 5, 6 and 7 of this Option Agreement is prevented by the provisions of this Section 4, the Option shall remain exercisable until one (1) month after the date the Grantee is notified by the Company that the Option is exercisable, but in any event no later than the Expiration Date set forth in the Notice.
- 5. <u>Termination or Change of Continuous Service</u>. In the event the Grantee's Continuous Service terminates, the Grantee may, but only during the Post-Termination Exercise Period, exercise the portion of the Option that was vested at the date of such termination (the "Termination Date"). The Post-Termination Exercise Period shall commence on the Termination Date. In no event, however, shall the Option be exercised later than the Expiration Date set forth in the Notice. With respect to any Incentive Stock Option that shall remain in effect after a change in status from Employee to Director or

Independent Contractor, such Incentive Stock Option shall cease to be treated as an Incentive Stock Option and shall be treated as a Non-Qualified Stock Option on the day three (3) months and one (1) day following such change in status. Except as provided in Sections 6 and 7 below, to the extent that the Option was unvested on the Termination Date, or if the Grantee does not exercise the vested portion of the Option within the Post-Termination Exercise Period, the Option shall terminate.

- 6. <u>Disability of Grantee</u>. In the event the Grantee's Continuous Service terminates as a result of his or her Disability, the Grantee may, but only within twelve (12) months commencing on the Termination Date (but in no event later than the Expiration Date), exercise the portion of the Option that was vested on the Termination Date; provided, however, that if such Disability is not a "disability" as such term is defined in Section 22(e)(3) of the Code and the Option is an Incentive Stock Option, such Incentive Stock Option shall cease to be treated as an Incentive Stock Option and shall be treated as a Non-Qualified Stock Option on the day three (3) months and one (1) day following the Termination Date. To the extent that the Option was unvested on the Termination Date, or if the Grantee does not exercise the vested portion of the Option within the time specified herein, the Option shall terminate. Section 22 (e)(3) of the Code provides that an individual is permanently and totally disabled if he or she is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months.
- 7. <u>Death of Grantee</u>. In the event of the termination of the Grantee's Continuous Service as a result of his or her death, the person who acquired the right to exercise the Option pursuant to Section 9 may exercise the portion of the Option that was vested at the date of termination within ninety (90) days commencing on the date of death (but in no event later than the Expiration Date). To the extent that the Option was unvested on the date of death, or if the vested portion of the Option is not exercised within the time specified herein, the Option shall terminate.
- 8. <u>Transferability of Option</u>. The Option may not be transferred in any manner other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution and may be exercised during the lifetime of the Grantee only by the Grantee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Grantee may designate one or more beneficiaries of the Grantee's Option in the event of the Grantee's death on a beneficiary designation form provided by the Administrator. Following the death of the Grantee, the Option, to the extent provided in Section 7, may be exercised (a) by the person or persons designated under the deceased Grantee's beneficiary designation or (b) in the absence of an effectively designated beneficiary, by the Grantee's legal representative or by any person empowered to do so under the deceased Grantee's will or under the then applicable laws of descent and distribution. The terms of the Option shall be binding upon the executors, administrators, heirs, successors and transferees of the Grantee.
- 9. <u>Term of Option</u>. The Option must be exercised no later than the Expiration Date set forth in the Notice or such earlier date as otherwise provided herein. After the Expiration Date or such earlier date, the Option shall be of no further force or effect and may not be exercised.
- 10. Recoupment Policy. Without limiting the generality of any other provision herein regarding the Grantee's understanding of and agreement to the terms and conditions of the Notice, the Option Agreement and the Plan, by signing the Notice, the Grantee specifically acknowledges that he or she has read and understands the Raymond James Financial, Inc. Compensation Recoupment Policy, as may be amended from time to time (the "Policy"), and agrees to the terms and conditions of the Policy, including but not limited to the forfeiture and recoupment provisions of Sections 2 and 3 of the Policy.

106

- 11. <u>Tax Consequences</u>. The Grantee may incur tax liability as a result of the Grantee's purchase or disposition of the Shares. THE GRANTEE SHOULD CONSULT A TAX ADVISER BEFORE EXERCISING THE OPTION OR DISPOSING OF THE SHARES.
- 12. Entire Agreement: Governing Law. The Notice, the Plan and this Option Agreement constitute the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede in their entirety all prior undertakings and agreements of the Company and the Grantee with respect to the subject matter hereof, and may not be modified adversely to the Grantee's interest except by means of a writing signed by the Company and the Grantee. Nothing in the Notice, the Plan and this Option Agreement (except as expressly provided therein) is intended to confer any rights or remedies on any persons other than the parties. The Notice, the Plan and this Option Agreement are to be construed in accordance with and governed by the internal laws of the State of Florida without giving effect to any choice of law rule that would cause the application of the laws of any jurisdiction other than the internal laws of the State of Florida to the rights and duties of the parties. Should any provision of the Notice, the Plan or this Option Agreement be determined to be illegal or unenforceable, such provision shall be enforced to the fullest extent allowed by law and the other provisions shall nevertheless remain effective and shall remain enforceable.
- 13. <u>Construction</u>. The captions used in the Notice and this Option Agreement are inserted for convenience and shall not be deemed a part of the Option for construction or interpretation. Except when otherwise indicated by the context, the singular shall include the plural and the plural shall include the singular. Use of the term "or" is not intended to be exclusive, unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 14. <u>Administration and Interpretation</u>. Any question or dispute regarding the administration or interpretation of the Notice, the Plan or this Option Agreement shall be submitted by the Grantee or by the Company to the Administrator. The resolution of such question or dispute by the Administrator shall be final and binding on all persons.
- 15. <u>Arbitration Agreement</u>. The Company, the Grantee, and the Grantee's assignees pursuant to Section 8 (the "parties") agree that any claim, suit, action, or proceeding arising out of or relating to the Notice, the Plan or this Option Agreement shall be governed by and subject to the terms and conditions of the Arbitration Agreement entered into by and between the Grantee and the Company.
- 16. <u>Notices</u>. Any notice required or permitted hereunder shall be given in writing and shall be deemed effectively given upon personal delivery, upon deposit for delivery by an internationally recognized express mail courier service or upon deposit in the United States mail by certified mail (if the parties are within the United States), with postage and fees prepaid, addressed to the other party at its address as shown in these instruments, or to such other address as such party may designate in writing from time to time to the other party.
  - 17. <u>Nature of Award</u>. In accepting the Option, the Grantee acknowledges and agrees that:
- (a) the Plan is established voluntarily by the Company, it is discretionary in nature, and it may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time, unless otherwise provided in the Plan and this Option Agreement;
- (b) the Option is voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future awards of Options, or benefits in lieu of Options, even if Options have been awarded repeatedly in the past;

- (c) all decisions with respect to future awards, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Company;
- (d) the Grantee's participation in the Plan shall not create a right to any employment with the Company or a Related Entity and shall not interfere with the ability of the Company or the employer to terminate the Grantee's employment relationship, if any, at any time;
- (e) in the event that the Grantee is not an employee of the Company or any Related Entity, the Option and the Grantee's participation in the Plan will not be interpreted to form an employment or service contract or relationship with the Company or any Related Entity;
- (f) the future value of the underlying Shares is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty;
- (g) in consideration of the Option, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of the Option or diminution in value of the Option or Shares acquired upon exercise of the Option, resulting from the Grantee's termination by the Company or any Related Entity (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of local labor laws) and in consideration of the grant of the Option, the Grantee irrevocably releases the Company and any Related Entity from any such claim that may arise; if, notwithstanding the foregoing, any such claim is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have arisen, then, by signing the Notice, the Grantee shall be deemed irrevocably to have waived his or her right to pursue or seek remedy for any such claim or entitlement;
- (h) in the event of the Grantee's Separation from Service (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), the Grantee's right to receive Awards under the Plan and to vest in such Awards, if any, will terminate effective as of the date that the Grantee is no longer providing services and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law (e.g., providing services would not include a period of "garden leave" or similar period pursuant to local law); furthermore, in the event of the Grantee's Separation from Service (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), the Committee shall have the exclusive discretion to determine when the Grantee is no longer providing services for purposes of this Option;
- (i) the Company is not providing any tax, legal or financial advice, nor is the Company making any recommendations regarding the Grantee's participation in the Plan or the Grantee's acquisition or sale of the underlying Shares; and
- (j) the Grantee is hereby advised to consult with the Grantee's own personal tax, legal and financial advisers regarding the Grantee's participation in the Plan before taking any action related to the Plan.

# 18. Data Privacy.

(a) The Grantee hereby explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of the Grantee's personal data as described in the Notice and this Option Agreement by and among, as applicable, the Grantee's employer, the Company and any Related Entity for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Grantee's participation in the Plan.

- (b) The Grantee understands that the Company and the Grantee's employer may hold certain personal information about the Grantee, including, but not limited to, the Grantee's name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any Shares or directorships held in the Company, details of all Options or any other entitlement to Shares awarded, canceled, vested, unvested or outstanding in the Grantee's favor, for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Plan ("Data").
- The Grantee understands that Data will be transferred to any third party assisting the Company with the implementation, administration and management of the Plan. The Grantee understands that the recipients of the Data may be located in the Grantee's country, or elsewhere, and that the recipients' country may have different data privacy laws and protections than the Grantee's country. The Grantee understands that the Grantee may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of the Data by contacting the Grantee's local human resources representative. The Grantee authorizes the Company and any other possible recipients which may assist the Company (presently or in the future) with implementing, administering and managing the Plan to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the sole purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Grantee's participation in the Plan. The Grantee understands that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage the Grantee's participation in the Plan. The Grantee understands that the Grantee may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing the Grantee's local human resources representative. The Grantee understands, however, that refusal or withdrawal of consent may affect the Grantee's ability to participate in the Plan. For more information on the consequences of the Grantee's refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, the Grantee understands that the Grantee may contact the Grantee's local human resources representative.
- 19. <u>Language</u>. If the Grantee has received this Option Agreement or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English and if the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control, unless otherwise prescribed by Applicable Law.

#### **END OF AGREEMENT**

# [FORM OF STOCK OPTION AGREEMENT (NON-CONTINGENT) – REVISED AND APPROVED ON NOVEMBER 20, 2013]

## EXHIBIT A

## RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL, INC. 2012 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN

## **EXERCISE NOTICE**

Raymond James Financial, Inc. Attention: Secretary 880 Carillon Pkwy P.O. Box 12749 St. Petersburg, FL 33716

1. <u>Exercise of Option</u> . Effective as of today,	, the undersigned (the
"Grantee") hereby elects to exercise the Grantee's option to purchase	shares of the
Common Stock (the "Shares") of Raymond James Financial, Inc. (the "Co	ompany") under and pursuant to
the Company's 2012 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended from time to time (	(the "Plan") and the
[ ] Incentive [ ] Non-Qualified Stock Option Award Agreement (the "Option Incentive [ ] Non-Qualified Stock Option Ince	ion Agreement") and Notice of
Stock Option Award (the "Notice") dated, U	nless otherwise defined herein,
the terms defined in the Plan shall have the same defined meanings in this	Exercise Notice.

- 2. <u>Representations of the Grantee</u>. The Grantee acknowledges that the Grantee has received, read and understood the Notice, the Plan and the Option Agreement and agrees to abide by and be bound by their terms and conditions.
- 3. Rights as Stockholder. Until the stock certificate evidencing such Shares is issued (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Company or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Company), no right to vote or receive dividends or any other rights as a stockholder shall exist with respect to the Shares, notwithstanding the exercise of the Option. The Company shall issue (or cause to be issued) such stock certificate promptly after the Option is exercised. No adjustment will be made for a dividend or other right for which the record date is prior to the date the stock certificate is issued, except as provided in Section 10 of the Plan.
- 4. <u>Delivery of Payment</u>. The Grantee herewith delivers to the Company the full Exercise Price for the Shares.
- 5. <u>Tax Consultation</u>. The Grantee understands that the Grantee may suffer adverse tax consequences as a result of the Grantee's purchase or disposition of the Shares. The Grantee represents that the Grantee has consulted with any tax consultants the Grantee deems advisable in connection with the purchase or disposition of the Shares and that the Grantee is not relying on the Company for any tax advice.
- 6. <u>Taxes</u>. The Grantee agrees to satisfy all applicable foreign, federal, state and local income and employment tax withholding obligations and herewith delivers to the Company the full amount of such obligations or has made arrangements acceptable to the Company to satisfy such obligations. In the case of an Incentive Stock Option, the Grantee also agrees, as partial consideration for the designation of the Option as an Incentive Stock Option, to notify the Company in writing within

thirty (30) days of any disposition of any shares acquired by exercise of the Option if such disposition occurs within two (2) years from the Date of Award or within one (1) year from the date the Shares were transferred to the Grantee.

- 7. <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. The Company may assign any of its rights under this Exercise Notice to single or multiple assignees, and this agreement shall inure to the benefit of the successors and assigns of the Company. This Exercise Notice shall be binding upon the Grantee and his or her heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.
- 8. <u>Construction</u>. The captions used in this Exercise Notice are inserted for convenience and shall not be deemed a part of this agreement for construction or interpretation. Except when otherwise indicated by the context, the singular shall include the plural and the plural shall include the singular. Use of the term "or" is not intended to be exclusive, unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 9. <u>Administration and Interpretation</u>. The Grantee hereby agrees that any question or dispute regarding the administration or interpretation of this Exercise Notice shall be submitted by the Grantee or by the Company to the Administrator. The resolution of such question or dispute by the Administrator shall be final and binding on all persons.
- 10. Governing Law; Severability. This Exercise Notice is to be construed in accordance with and governed by the internal laws of the State of Florida without giving effect to any choice of law rule that would cause the application of the laws of any jurisdiction other than the internal laws of the State of Florida to the rights and duties of the parties. Should any provision of this Exercise Notice be determined by a court of law to be illegal or unenforceable, such provision shall be enforced to the fullest extent allowed by law and the other provisions shall nevertheless remain effective and shall remain enforceable.
- 11. <u>Notices</u>. Any notice required or permitted hereunder shall be given in writing and shall be deemed effectively given upon personal delivery, upon deposit for delivery by an internationally recognized express mail courier service or upon deposit in the United States mail by certified mail (if the parties are within the United States), with postage and fees prepaid, addressed to the other party at its address as shown below beneath its signature, or to such other address as such party may designate in writing from time to time to the other party.
- 12. <u>Further Instruments</u>. The parties agree to execute such further instruments and to take such further action as may be reasonably necessary to carry out the purposes and intent of this agreement.
- 13. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. The Notice, the Plan and the Option Agreement are incorporated herein by reference and together with this Exercise Notice constitute the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede in their entirety all prior undertakings and agreements of the Company and the Grantee with respect to the subject matter hereof, and may not be modified adversely to the Grantee's interest except by means of a writing signed by the Company and the Grantee. Nothing in the Notice, the Plan, the Option Agreement and this Exercise Notice (except as expressly provided therein) is intended to confer any rights or remedies on any persons other than the parties.

Submitted by:	
GRANTEE:	
(Signature)	
Address:	

# [FORM OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT FOR NON-BONUS AWARD – REVISED AND APPROVED ON NOVEMBER 20, 2013]

# RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL, INC.

#### 2012 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN

## NOTICE OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD

Grantee's Name and Address:

You (the "Grantee") have been granted an award of Restricted Stock Units (the "Award"), subject to the terms and conditions of this Notice of Restricted Stock Unit Award (the "Notice"), the Raymond James Financial, Inc. 2012 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended from time to time (the "Plan") and the Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (the "Agreement") attached hereto, as follows. Unless otherwise provided herein, the terms in this Notice shall have the same meaning as those defined in the Plan.

Date of Award

**Vesting Commencement Date** 

Total Number of Restricted Stock Units Awarded (the "Units")

#### Restricted Period:

Provided that the Grantee does not incur a Separation from Service and subject to other limitations set forth in this Notice, the Agreement and the Plan, the Units will "vest" in accordance with the following schedule (the "Restricted Period"):

[Insert vesting schedule/Restricted Period].

Notwithstanding the Plan definition of "Separation from Service," the Grantee will also be deemed to incur a Separation from Service, and the then unvested Units shall be immediately forfeited, upon the Grantee's change in status from Employee to Independent Contractor, or vice versa, for any reason.

In addition, the Award shall be subject to the following accelerated vesting provisions:

- In the event of the Grantee's death or Disability, 100% of the unvested Units subject to the Award shall vest immediately prior to the Grantee's death or Disability and the Restricted Period will expire.
- In the event of a Corporate Transaction or Change in Control, the Units will be subject to the terms and conditions of Section 11 of the Plan.

For purposes of this Notice and the Agreement, the term "vest" shall mean, with respect to any Units, that such Units are no longer subject to forfeiture to the Company. If the Grantee would become vested in a fraction of a Unit, such Unit shall not vest until the Grantee becomes vested in the entire Unit.

In the event of the Grantee's change in status from Employee or Independent Contractor to Director, Employee or Independent Contractor, as applicable, the determination of whether such change in status results in a Separation from Service for purposes of Section 409A will be determined in accordance with Section 409A.

During any authorized leave of absence, the vesting of the Units as provided in the schedule set forth above shall be suspended (to the extent permitted under Section 409A) and the duration of such suspension will parallel the duration of the leave of absence under the Company's then effective leave of absence policy. The Restricted Period applicable to the Units shall be extended by the length of the suspension. Vesting of the Units shall resume upon the Grantee's termination of the leave of absence and return to service to the Company or a Related Entity; provided, however, that if the leave of absence exceeds six (6) months, and a return to service upon expiration of such leave is not guaranteed by statute or contract, then (a) the Grantee shall be deemed to have incurred a Separation from Service on the first date following such six-month period and (b) the Grantee will forfeit the Units that are unvested on the date of such separation. An authorized leave of absence shall include sick leave, military leave, or other bona fide leave of absence (such as temporary employment by the government). Notwithstanding the foregoing, with respect to a leave of absence due to any medically determinable physical or mental impairment of the Grantee that can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than six (6) months, where such impairment causes the Grantee to be unable to perform the duties of the Grantee's position of employment or substantially similar position of employment, a twenty-nine (29) month period of absence shall be substituted for such six (6) month period above.

Except as otherwise provided above or in Section 11 of the Plan, vesting shall cease upon the date the Grantee incurs a Separation from Service for any reason, any unvested Units held by the Grantee (and any dividend equivalents credited in respect of such Units) immediately upon such Separation from Service shall be forfeited and deemed reconveyed to the Company and the Company shall thereafter be the legal and beneficial owner of such reconveyed Units and shall have all rights and interest in or related thereto without further action by the Grantee.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company and the Grantee have executed this Notice and agree that the Award is to be governed by the terms and conditions of this Notice, the Plan, and the Agreement.

# **RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL, INC.** a Florida corporation

THE GRANTEE ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT THE UNITS SHALL VEST, IF AT ALL, ONLY DURING THE PERIOD THAT THE GRANTEE IS PROVIDING SERVICES TO THE COMPANY OR A RELATED ENTITY AND HAS NOT OTHERWISE INCURRED A SEPARATION FROM SERVICE OR AS OTHERWISE SPECIFICALLY PROVIDED HEREIN (NOT THROUGH THE ACT OF BEING HIRED, BEING GRANTED THIS AWARD OR ACQUIRING SHARES HEREUNDER). THE GRANTEE FURTHER ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT NOTHING IN THIS NOTICE, THE AGREEMENT, NOR IN THE PLAN, SHALL CONFER UPON THE GRANTEE ANY RIGHT WITH RESPECT TO CONTINUATION OF THE GRANTEE'S SERVICE, NOR SHALL IT INTERFERE IN ANY WAY WITH THE GRANTEE'S RIGHT OR THE COMPANY'S RIGHT TO TERMINATE THE GRANTEE AT ANY TIME, WITH OR WITHOUT CAUSE, AND WITH OR WITHOUT NOTICE. THE GRANTEE ACKNOWLEDGES THAT UNLESS THE GRANTEE HAS A WRITTEN EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT WITH THE COMPANY TO THE CONTRARY, THE GRANTEE'S STATUS IS AT WILL.

## **Grantee Acknowledges and Agrees:**

The Grantee acknowledges receipt of a copy of the Plan and the Agreement and represents that he or she is familiar with the terms and provisions thereof, and hereby accepts the Award subject to all of the terms and provisions hereof and thereof. The Grantee has reviewed this Notice, the Agreement and the Plan in their entirety, has had an opportunity to obtain the advice of counsel prior to executing this Notice and fully understands all provisions of this Notice, the Agreement and the Plan. The Grantee further agrees and acknowledges that this Award is a non-elective arrangement pursuant to Section 409A.

The Grantee further acknowledges that, from time to time, the Company may be in a "blackout period" and/or subject to applicable federal securities laws that could subject the Grantee to liability for engaging in any transaction involving the sale of the Company's Shares. The Grantee further acknowledges and agrees that, prior to the sale of any Shares acquired under this Award, it is the Grantee's responsibility to determine whether or not such sale of Shares will subject the Grantee to liability under insider trading rules or other applicable federal securities laws.

The Grantee understands that the Award is subject to the Grantee's consent to access this Notice, the Agreement, the Plan and the Plan prospectus (collectively, the "Plan Documents") in electronic form on the Company's intranet or such other website designated by the Company and communicated to the Grantee. By signing below and accepting the grant of the Award, the Grantee: (i) consents to access electronic copies (instead of receiving paper copies) of the Plan Documents via the Company's intranet or such other website designated by the Company and communicated to the Grantee if and when the Company begins providing the Plan Documents electronically; (ii) represents that the Grantee has access to paper copies of the Plan Documents; and (iii) acknowledges that the Grantee is familiar with and accepts the Award subject to the terms and provisions of the Plan Documents.

The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any Plan Documents by electronic means or request the Grantee's consent to participate in the Plan by electronic means. The Grantee hereby consents to receive such documents by electronic delivery and agrees to participate in the Plan through an on-line or electronic system if and when such system is established and maintained by the Company or a third party designated by the Company.

The Grantee hereby agrees that all questions of interpretation and administration relating to this Notice, the Plan and the Agreement shall be resolved by the Committee in accordance with Section 10 of the Agreement. The Grantee further agrees that, in accordance with Section 11 of the Agreement, any claim, suit, action, or proceeding arising out of or relating to the Notice, the Plan or this Agreement shall be governed by and subject to the terms and conditions of the Arbitration Agreement entered into by and between the Grantee and the Company. The Grantee further agrees to notify the Company upon any change in his or her residence address indicated in this Notice.

Date:	
	Grantee's Signature
	Grantee's Printed Name
	Address
	City, State & Zip

# [FORM OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT FOR NON-BONUS AWARD – REVISED AND APPROVED ON NOVEMBER 20, 2013]

## RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL, INC.

#### 2012 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN

# RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT

- 1. <u>Issuance of Units</u>. Raymond James Financial, Inc., a Florida corporation (the "Company"), hereby issues to the Grantee (the "Grantee") named in the Notice of Restricted Stock Unit Award (the "Notice") an award (the "Award") of the Total Number of Restricted Stock Units Awarded set forth in the Notice (the "Units"), subject to the Notice, this Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (the "Agreement") and the terms and provisions of the Raymond James Financial, Inc. 2012 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended from time to time (the "Plan"), which is incorporated herein by reference. Unless otherwise provided herein, the terms in this Agreement shall have the same meaning as those defined in the Plan.
- 2. <u>Transfer Restrictions</u>. The Units (and any dividend equivalents credited in respect of such Units) may not be transferred in any manner other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution.

## 3. Conversion of Units and Issuance of Shares.

- (a) <u>General</u>. Subject to Sections 3(b) and 3(c), one share of Common Stock shall be issuable for each Unit subject to the Award (the "Shares") upon vesting. Immediately thereafter, or as soon as administratively feasible, the Company will transfer the appropriate number of Shares to the Grantee after satisfaction of any required tax or other withholding obligations. Any fractional Unit remaining after the Award is fully vested shall be discarded and shall not be converted into a fractional Share. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Award is subject to Section 409A, the relevant number of Shares shall be issued in accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-3(d), as may be amended from time to time.
- (b) <u>Delay of Conversion</u>. The conversion of the Units into the Shares under Section 3(a) above, shall be delayed in the event the Company reasonably anticipates that the issuance of the Shares would constitute a violation of federal securities laws or other Applicable Law. If the conversion of the Units into the Shares is delayed by the provisions of this Section 3(b), the conversion of the Units into the Shares shall occur at the earliest date at which the Company reasonably anticipates issuing the Shares will not cause a violation of federal securities laws or other Applicable Law. For purposes of this Section 3(b), the issuance of Shares that would cause inclusion in gross income or the application of any penalty provision or other provision of the Code is not considered a violation of Applicable Law.
- (c) <u>Delay of Issuance of Shares</u>. To the extent necessary to comply with Section 409A(a)(2)(B)(i) of the Code (relating to payments made to certain "specified employees" of certain publicly traded companies), any Shares to which the Grantee would otherwise be entitled during the six (6) month period following the date of the Grantee's Separation from Service will be issuable on the first business day following the expiration of such six (6) month period, unless the Grantee dies

during such six (6) month period, in which case, the Shares will be issued to the Grantee's estate as soon as practicable following his or her death.

- 4. <u>Dividend Equivalents</u>. In the event the Company declares a cash or stock dividend on its Common Stock prior to the earlier of the date the Award is settled in full or terminates, dividend equivalents will be credited in respect of any outstanding Units. Such dividend equivalents may be paid in cash or converted as of the date the Restricted Period expires and lapses (the "Conversion Date") into Shares, the number of which shall be determined as follows: (1) if the Company declares and pays a cash dividend, the number of additional Shares that will be issuable upon the Conversion Date shall be equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (i) the aggregate amount or value of the dividends paid with respect to that number of Shares equal to the number of Units subject to the Award as of the date or dates the dividends were paid by the Company to the Company's shareholders by (ii) the Fair Market Value per Share on the Conversion Date, rounded down to the nearest whole Share; or (ii) or if the Company declares and pays a stock dividend, the number of additional Shares that will be issuable upon the Conversion Date shall be equal to the number of Shares distributed with respect to the Shares underlying the Units as of the date or dates the dividends were paid by the Company to the Company's shareholders, rounded down to the nearest whole Share. The dividend equivalents will be subject to all of the terms and conditions of the Award, including that the dividend equivalents will vest and become payable upon the same terms and at the same time as the Units to which they relate.
- 5. <u>Right to Shares</u>. Except as provided in Section 4, the Grantee shall not have any right in, to or with respect to any of the Shares (including any voting rights) issuable under the Award until the Award is settled by the issuance of such Shares to the Grantee.
- 6. Recoupment Policy. Without limiting the generality of any other provision herein regarding the Grantee's understanding of and agreement to the terms and conditions of the Notice, the Agreement and the Plan, by signing the Notice, the Grantee specifically acknowledges that he or she has read and understands the Raymond James Financial, Inc. Compensation Recoupment Policy, as may be amended from time to time (the "Policy"), and agrees to the terms and conditions of the Policy, including but not limited to the forfeiture and recoupment provisions of Sections 2 and 3 of the Policy.

# 7. Taxes.

- (a) <u>Tax Liability</u>. The Grantee is ultimately liable and responsible for all taxes owed by the Grantee in connection with the Award, regardless of any action the Company or any Related Entity takes with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with the Award. Neither the Company nor any Related Entity makes any representation or undertaking regarding the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with any aspect of the Award, including the grant, vesting, assignment, release or cancellation of the Units, the delivery of Shares, the subsequent sale of any Shares acquired upon vesting and the receipt of any dividends or dividend equivalents. The Company does not commit and is under no obligation to structure the Award to reduce or eliminate the Grantee's tax liability.
- (e.g., vesting) that the Company determines may result in any tax withholding obligation, whether United States federal, state, local or non-U.S., including any social insurance, employment tax, payment on account or other tax-related obligation (the "Tax Withholding Obligation"), the Grantee must arrange for the satisfaction of the minimum amount of such Tax Withholding Obligation through:

117

- (i) Share Withholding. If permissible under Applicable Law, the Company will, at the Grantee's election, withhold from those Shares otherwise issuable to the Grantee the whole number of Shares sufficient to satisfy the minimum applicable Tax Withholding Obligation. The Grantee acknowledges that the withheld Shares may not be sufficient to satisfy the Grantee's minimum Tax Withholding Obligation. Accordingly, the Grantee agrees that, prior to any event in connection with the Award that the Company determines may result in any Tax Withholding Obligation, the Grantee must arrange for the satisfaction of any amount of the Tax Withholding Obligation that is not satisfied by the withholding of Shares described above through his or her Raymond James brokerage account. Said brokerage account shall contain sufficient funds or margin availability to satisfy the portion of the Grantee's Tax Withholding Obligation that is not satisfied by the withholding of Shares, and the Grantee hereby authorizes and directs the Company or any Related Entity to debit his or her Raymond James brokerage account by such amount.
- (ii) By Other Means. If the Grantee does not elect to satisfy the Tax Withholding Obligation pursuant to Section 7(b)(i) above or Share withholding is not permissible under Applicable Law, the Grantee will arrange for the satisfaction of the Tax Withholding Obligation through his or her Raymond James brokerage account. Said brokerage account shall contain sufficient funds or margin availability to satisfy the Grantee's Tax Withholding Obligation, and the Grantee hereby authorizes and directs the Company or any Related Entity to debit his or her Raymond James brokerage account by such amount.
- 8. Entire Agreement; Governing Law. The Notice, the Plan and this Agreement constitute the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede in their entirety all prior undertakings and agreements of the Company and the Grantee with respect to the subject matter hereof, and, subject to Section 16, may not be modified adversely to the Grantee's interest except by means of a writing signed by the Company and the Grantee. These agreements are to be construed in accordance with and governed by the internal laws of the State of Florida without giving effect to any choice of law rule that would cause the application of the laws of any jurisdiction other than the internal laws of the State of Florida to the rights and duties of the parties. Should any provision of the Notice or this Agreement be determined to be illegal or unenforceable, the other provisions shall nevertheless remain effective and shall remain enforceable.
- 9. <u>Construction</u>. The captions used in the Notice and this Agreement are inserted for convenience and shall not be deemed a part of the Award for construction or interpretation. Except when otherwise indicated by the context, the singular shall include the plural and the plural shall include the singular. Use of the term "or" is not intended to be exclusive, unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 10. <u>Administration and Interpretation</u>. Any question or dispute regarding the administration or interpretation of the Notice, the Plan or this Agreement shall be submitted by the Grantee or by the Company to the Committee. The resolution of such question or dispute by the Committee shall be final and binding on all persons.
- 11. <u>Arbitration Agreement</u>. The Company, the Grantee, and the Grantee's assignees pursuant to Section 2 (the "parties") agree that any claim, suit, action, or proceeding arising out of or relating to the Notice, the Plan or this Agreement shall be governed by and subject to the terms and conditions of the Arbitration Agreement entered into by and between the Grantee and the Company.

118

- 12. <u>Notices</u>. Any notice required or permitted hereunder shall be given in writing and shall be deemed effectively given upon personal delivery, upon deposit for delivery by an internationally recognized express mail courier service or upon deposit in the United States mail by certified mail (if the parties are within the United States), with postage and fees prepaid, addressed to the other party at its address as shown in these instruments, or to such other address as such party may designate in writing from time to time to the other party.
  - 13. Nature of Award. In accepting the Award, the Grantee acknowledges and agrees that:
- (a) the Plan is established voluntarily by the Company, it is discretionary in nature, and it may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time, unless otherwise provided in the Plan and this Agreement;
- (b) the Award is voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future awards of Units, or benefits in lieu of Units, even if Units have been awarded repeatedly in the past;
- (c) all decisions with respect to future awards, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Company;
- (d) the Grantee's participation in the Plan shall not create a right to any employment with the Grantee's employer and shall not interfere with the ability of the Company or the employer to terminate the Grantee's employment relationship, if any, at any time;
- (e) in the event that the Grantee is not an employee of the Company or any Related Entity, the Award and the Grantee's participation in the Plan will not be interpreted to form an employment or service contract or relationship with the Company or any Related Entity;
- (f) the future value of the underlying Shares is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty;
- (g) in consideration of the Award, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of the Award or diminution in value of the Award or Shares acquired upon vesting of the Award, resulting from the Grantee's termination by the Company or any Related Entity (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of local labor laws) and in consideration of the grant of the Award, the Grantee irrevocably releases the Company and any Related Entity from any such claim that may arise; if, notwithstanding the foregoing, any such claim is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have arisen, then, by signing the Notice, the Grantee shall be deemed irrevocably to have waived his or her right to pursue or seek remedy for any such claim or entitlement;
- (h) in the event of the Grantee's Separation from Service (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), the Grantee's right to receive Awards under the Plan and to vest in such Awards, if any, will terminate effective as of the date that the Grantee is no longer providing services and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law (e.g., providing services would not include a period of "garden leave" or similar period pursuant to local law); furthermore, in the event of the Grantee's Separation from Service (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), the Committee shall have the exclusive discretion to determine when the Grantee is no longer providing services for purposes of this Award;

- (i) the Company is not providing any tax, legal or financial advice, nor is the Company making any recommendations regarding the Grantee's participation in the Plan or the Grantee's acquisition or sale of the underlying Shares; and
- (j) the Grantee is hereby advised to consult with the Grantee's own personal tax, legal and financial advisers regarding the Grantee's participation in the Plan before taking any action related to the Plan.

## 14. Data Privacy.

- (a) The Grantee hereby explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of the Grantee's personal data as described in the Notice and this Agreement by and among, as applicable, the Grantee's employer, the Company and any Related Entity for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Grantee's participation in the Plan.
- (b) The Grantee understands that the Company and the Grantee's employer may hold certain personal information about the Grantee, including, but not limited to, the Grantee's name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any Shares or directorships held in the Company, details of all Units or any other entitlement to Shares awarded, canceled, vested, unvested or outstanding in the Grantee's favor, for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Plan ("Data").
- The Grantee understands that Data will be transferred to any third party assisting the Company with the implementation, administration and management of the Plan. The Grantee understands that the recipients of the Data may be located in the Grantee's country, or elsewhere, and that the recipients' country may have different data privacy laws and protections than the Grantee's country. The Grantee understands that the Grantee may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of the Data by contacting the Grantee's local human resources representative. The Grantee authorizes the Company and any other possible recipients which may assist the Company (presently or in the future) with implementing, administering and managing the Plan to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the sole purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Grantee's participation in the Plan. The Grantee understands that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage the Grantee's participation in the Plan. The Grantee understands that the Grantee may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing the Grantee's local human resources representative. The Grantee understands, however, that refusal or withdrawal of consent may affect the Grantee's ability to participate in the Plan. For more information on the consequences of the Grantee's refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, the Grantee understands that the Grantee may contact the Grantee's local human resources representative.
- 15. <u>Language</u>. If the Grantee has received this Agreement or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English and if the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control, unless otherwise prescribed by Applicable Law.

16. Amendment and Delay to Meet the Requirements of Section 409A. The Grantee acknowledges that the Company, in the exercise of its sole discretion and without the consent of the Grantee, may amend or modify this Agreement in any manner and delay the issuance of any Shares issuable pursuant to this Agreement to the minimum extent necessary to meet the requirements of Section 409A as the Company deems appropriate or advisable. In addition, the Company makes no representation that the Award will comply with Section 409A and makes no undertaking to prevent Section 409A from applying to the Award or to mitigate its effects on any deferrals or payments made in respect of the Units. The Grantee is encouraged to consult a tax adviser regarding the potential impact of Section 409A.

#### END OF AGREEMENT

# **EXHIBIT 12**

# STATEMENT OF COMPUTATION OF RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES AND PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDENDS (in thousands, except ratio of earnings to fixed charges and preferred stock dividends)

	Three months ended December 31,			Year ended September 30,										
	2	2013		2012		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009
Earnings:														
Pre-tax income excluding noncontrolling interests	\$ 1	78,924	\$	139,147	\$	564,187	\$	471,525	\$	461,247	\$	361,908	\$	248,774
Fixed charges		32,813		35,519		140,708		115,992		84,557		81,250		75,369
Less: preferred stock dividends		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Earnings	\$ 2	211,737	\$	174,666	\$	704,895	\$	587,517	\$	545,804	\$	443,158	\$	324,143
Fixed charges:														
Interest expense	\$	25,023	\$	27,722	\$	109,159	\$	90,389	\$	65,351	\$	62,564	\$	56,921
Estimated interest portion within rental expense		7,441		7,498		30,337		24,623		18,727		18,399		18,416
Amortization of debt issuance cost		349		299		1,212		980		479		287		32
Preferred stock dividends		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total fixed charges	\$	32,813	\$	35,519	\$	140,708	\$	115,992	\$	84,557	\$	81,250	\$	75,369
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges and preferred stock dividends		6.45		4.92	_	5.01		5.07		6.45		5.45		4.30

We calculated our ratio of earnings to fixed charges and preferred stock dividends by adding pre-tax income excluding noncontrolling interests, plus fixed charges minus preferred stock dividends and dividing that sum by our fixed charges. Our fixed charges for this ratio consist of interest expense, the portion of our rental expense deemed to represent interest (calculated as one third of rental expense), amortization of debt issuance costs and preferred stock dividends.

#### **EXHIBIT 31.1**

#### **CERTIFICATIONS**

I, Paul C. Reilly, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Raymond James Financial, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 7, 2014

/s/ PAUL C. REILLY
Paul C. Reilly
Chief Executive Officer

#### **EXHIBIT 31.2**

#### **CERTIFICATIONS**

# I, Jeffrey P. Julien, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Raymond James Financial, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 7, 2014

/s/ JEFFREY P. JULIEN

Jeffrey P. Julien

Executive Vice President - Finance,

Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

# CERTIFICATION BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Raymond James Financial, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2013 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), we hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to our knowledge:

- The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934;
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

## /s/ PAUL C. REILLY

Paul C. Reilly Chief Executive Officer

February 7, 2014

## /s/ JEFFREY P. JULIEN

Jeffrey P. Julien
Executive Vice President - Finance,
Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

February 7, 2014