# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549

### **FORM 10-Q**

# [X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended	December 31, 2006
OR	
[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SEC EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	TION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
For the transition period from	to
Commission file no	umber 1-44
ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDI (Exact name of registrant as sp	
<b>Delaware</b> (State or other jurisdiction of	<b>41-0129150</b> (I. R. S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
4666 Faries Parkway Box 1470	
Decatur, Illinois	62525
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
(217) 424-5200 (Registrant's telephone number, inc	luding area code)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during period that the registrant was required to file such reportequirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No	the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large a accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer" and Exchange Act.	
Large Accelerated Filer X Accelerated Filer	Non-accelerated Filer
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell Exchange Act). Yes $\underline{\hspace{0.2cm}}$ No $\underline{\hspace{0.2cm}}$ No $\underline{\hspace{0.2cm}}$	l company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the

Common Stock, no par value – 652,729,207 shares (January 31, 2007)

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest

practicable date.

### PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (Unaudited)

### **Archer-Daniels-Midland Company**

## THREE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31.

	DECEMBER 31,		
	2006	2005	
	(In thousands, except		
	per share a	amounts)	
Net sales and other operating income	\$ 10,976,039	\$ 9,298,985	
Cost of products sold	10,068,119	8,515,517	
Gross Profit	907,920	783,468	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	298,211	294,392	
Other (income) expense – net	(19,018)	(17,628)	
Earnings Before Income Taxes	628,727	506,704	
Income taxes	187,459	139,027	
Net Earnings	\$ 441,268	\$ 367,677	
Average number of shares outstanding – basic	656,563	653,270	
Average number of shares outstanding – diluted	660,548	655,508	
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	<b>\$.67</b>	\$.56	
Dividends per common share	<b>\$.10</b>	\$.085	

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (Unaudited)

### **Archer-Daniels-Midland Company**

## SIX MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31.

	DECEMI	BER 31,
	2006	2005
	(In thousands, except	
	per share a	amounts)
Net sales and other operating income	\$20,422,961	\$17,925,934
Cost of products sold	18,649,463	16,559,755
Gross Profit	1,773,498	1,366,179
Selling, general and administrative expenses	608,046	598,847
Other (income) expense – net	(38,528)	(13,104)
Earnings Before Income Taxes	1,203,980	780,436
Income taxes	359,967	226,421
Net Earnings	\$ 844,013	\$ 554,015
Average number of shares outstanding – basic	656,586	652,606
Average number of shares outstanding – diluted	660,705	654,656
Basic earnings per common share	\$1.29	\$.85
Diluted earnings per common share	\$1.28	\$.85
Dividends per common share	<b>\$.20</b>	\$.17

### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

### **Archer-Daniels-Midland Company**

	(Unaudited) DECEMBER 31, 2006	JUNE 30, 2006
	(In thousa	ands)
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 822,780	\$ 1,112,853
Segregated cash and investments	1,341,718	1,220,666
Receivables	5,978,888	4,471,201
Inventories	6,286,536	4,677,508
Other assets	762,978	344,049
Total Current Assets	15,192,900	11,826,277
Investments and Other Assets		
Investments in and advances to affiliates	1,980,163	1,985,662
Long-term marketable securities	1,098,424	1,110,177
Goodwill	319,799	322,292
Other assets	756,558	731,590
	4,154,944	4,149,721
Property, Plant, and Equipment		
Land	219,994	214,091
Buildings	2,871,051	2,774,164
Machinery and equipment	11,602,721	11,131,992
Construction in progress	619,788	430,997
	15,313,554	14,551,244
Accumulated depreciation	(9,615,784)	(9,258,212)
	5,697,770	5,293,032
	\$25,045,614	\$21,269,030

### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

### **Archer-Daniels-Midland Company**

	(Unaudited) DECEMBER 31, 2006	JUNE 30, 2006
	(In thousa	ands)
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Short-term debt	\$ 1,746,245	\$ 549,419
Accounts payable	5,175,348	4,014,392
Accrued expenses	1,994,626	1,521,188
Current maturities of long-term debt	66,355	79,768
Total Current Liabilities	8,982,574	6,164,767
Long-Term Liabilities		
Long-term debt	4,011,194	4,050,323
Deferred income taxes	743,128	756,600
Other	536,034	490,460
	5,290,356	5,297,383
Shareholders' Equity		
Common stock	5,457,649	5,511,019
Reinvested earnings	4,793,889	4,081,490
Accumulated other comprehensive income	521,146	214,371
	10,772,684	9,806,880
	\$25,045,614	\$21,269,030

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

### **Archer-Daniels-Midland Company**

# SIX MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

-	2006	2005
	(In thousan	nds)
Operating Activities		<b>*</b>
Net earnings	\$ 844,013	\$ 554,015
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by		
(used in) operating activities	244.020	227.265
Depreciation	344,929	327,265
Asset abandonments	1,393	22,725
Deferred income taxes	26,248	(118,076)
Gain on marketable securities transactions	(10,759)	(28,234)
Equity in earnings of affiliates, net of dividends	(78,484)	(37,498)
Stock contributed to employee benefit plans	13,367	12,284
Pension and postretirement accruals (contributions), net	26,639	(100,542)
Other – net	83,678	44,283
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(110 555)	(01.051)
Segregated cash and investments	(112,755)	(91,251)
Receivables	(812,327)	7,612
Inventories	(1,625,622)	(493,139)
Other assets	(152,124)	(111,775)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,155,566	756,530
Total Operating Activities	(296,238)	744,199
Investing Activities		
Purchases of property, plant, and equipment	(560,035)	(318,450)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant, and equipment	20,439	12,140
Net assets of businesses acquired	(54,795)	(91,911)
Investments in and advances to affiliates	(46,307)	(94,712)
Distributions from affiliates, excluding dividends	81,485	29,031
Purchases of marketable securities	(485,363)	(524,355)
Proceeds from sales of marketable securities	228,602	202,738
Other – net	(3,123)	(5,667)
Total Investing Activities	(819,097)	(791,186)
Financina Activities		
Financing Activities	15 404	500 (24
Long-term debt borrowings	15,424	598,624
Long-term debt payments	(129,678)	(121,799)
Net borrowings (payments) under line of credit agreements	1,180,394	(27,488)
Purchases of treasury stock	(135,984)	(29)
Cash dividends	(131,453)	(111,021)
Other – net	26,559	10,146
Total Financing Activities	825,262	348,433
Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents	(290,073)	301,446
Cash and Cash Equivalents-Beginning of Period	1,112,853	522,420
Cash and Cash Equivalents-End of Period	\$ 822,780	\$ 823,866

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

### **Archer-Daniels-Midland Company**

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, these statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the quarter and six months ended December 31, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending June 30, 2007. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2006.

#### Last-in, First-out (LIFO) Inventories

Interim period LIFO calculations are based on interim period costs and management's estimates of year-end inventory levels. Because the availability and price of agricultural commodity-based LIFO inventories are unpredictable due to factors such as weather, government farm programs and policies, and changes in global demand, quantities of LIFO-based inventories at interim periods may vary significantly from management's estimates of year-end inventory levels.

#### **Note 2. New Accounting Standards**

During July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Interpretation Number 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* (FIN 48). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for income taxes by prescribing the minimum requirements a tax position must meet before being recognized in the financial statements. In addition, FIN 48 prohibits the use of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) Number 5, *Accounting for Contingencies*, in evaluating the recognition and measurement of uncertain tax positions. The Company will be required to adopt FIN 48 on July 1, 2007, and is in the process of assessing the impact of the adoption of this standard on the Company's financial statements.

During September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) Number 157, Fair Value Measurements. SFAS Number 157 establishes a framework for measuring fair value within generally accepted accounting principles, clarifies the definition of fair value within that framework, and expands disclosures about the use of fair value measurements. SFAS Number 157 does not require any new fair value measurements in generally accepted accounting principles. However, the definition of fair value in SFAS Number 157 may affect assumptions used by companies in determining fair value. The Company will be required to adopt SFAS Number 157 on July 1, 2008. The Company has not completed its evaluation of the impact of adopting SFAS Number 157 on the Company's financial statements, but currently believes the impact of the adoption of SFAS Number 157 will not require material modification of the Company's fair value measurements and will be substantially limited to expanded disclosures in the notes to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

#### **Archer-Daniels-Midland Company**

#### **Note 2. New Accounting Standards (Continued)**

During September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS Number 158, *Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans*. This Statement requires an employer to recognize the overfunded or underfunded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan (other than a multiemployer plan) as an asset or liability in its balance sheet and to recognize changes in the funded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan in comprehensive income in the year in which the changes occur. SFAS Number 158 also requires companies to measure the funded status of defined benefit postretirement plans as of the end of the fiscal year instead of a date up to three months prior to the end of the fiscal year. Pursuant to SFAS Number 158, the Company will be required to recognize the funded status of its defined benefit postretirement plans in its consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2007. The Company will be required to adopt the measurement date provisions of SFAS Number 158 on June 30, 2009. Had the Company recognized the overfunded and underfunded status of its defined benefit postretirement plans as of June 30, 2006, other long-term assets, deferred income taxes, and accumulated other comprehensive income would have been reduced \$230 million, \$120 million, and \$197 million, respectively, while other long-term liabilities would have increased by \$87 million.

### **Archer-Daniels-Midland Company**

**Note 3. Comprehensive Income** 

The components of comprehensive income, net of related tax, are as follows:

	THREE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31,		SIX MONT DECEM		
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
		(In thou	sands)		
Net earnings	\$ 441,268	\$ 367,677	\$ 844,013	\$ 554,015	
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments Deferred gain (loss) on hedging	7,296	(46,725)	15,067	(58,442)	
activities	78,890	(35,644)	127,144	24,760	
Minimum pension liability adjustment Foreign currency translation	(437)	279	(323)	383	
adjustment	135,940	(32,584)	164,887	(39,705)	
Comprehensive income	\$ 662,957	\$ 253,003	\$1,150,788	\$ 481,011	

### Note 4. Other (Income) Expense - Net

	THREE MON	NTHS ENDED BER 31,	SIX MONT DECEM	HS ENDED BER 31,
	2006	2005	2006	2005
	(In thousands)			
Interest expense	\$111,071	\$ 86,609	\$ 208,122	\$ 172,898
Investment income	(64,622)	(60,074)	(125,331)	(97,848)
Net gain on marketable				
securities transactions	(6,487)	(22,975)	(10,760)	(28,234)
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(65,986)	(22,994)	(122,601)	(58,674)
Other - net	7,006	1,806	12,042	(1,246)
	\$(19,018)	\$(17,628)	\$ (38,528)	\$ (13,104)

### **Archer-Daniels-Midland Company**

### Note 5. Retirement Plan Expense

The Company provides substantially all domestic employees and employees at certain international subsidiaries with pension benefits. The Company also provides substantially all domestic salaried employees with postretirement health care and life insurance benefits. Retirement plan expense for these pension and postretirement benefits for the quarter and six months ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 is as follows:

	<b>Pension Benefits</b>			
	THREE MONT	THS ENDED	SIX MONTH	S ENDED
	DECEMBER 31,		DECEMBER 31,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
	(In thousands)			_
Service cost (benefits earned during the period)	\$ 15,358	\$ 23,619	\$ 30,716	\$ 38,249
Interest cost	23,100	21,428	46,200	42,857
Expected return on plan assets	(25,303)	(20,075)	(50,606)	(40,151)
Actuarial loss	4,858	8,749	9,716	17,498
Net amortization	1,561	1,432	3,122	2,610
Net periodic defined benefit plan expense	\$ 19,574	\$ 35,153	\$ 39,148	\$ 61,063

	Postretirement Benefits				
	THREE MON	THS ENDED	SIX MONT	SIX MONTHS ENDED	
	DECEME	BER 31,	DECEMI	BER 31,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
	(In thousands)				
Service cost (benefits earned during the period)	\$ 1,756	\$ 1,665	\$ 3,512	\$ 3,330	
Interest cost	2,435	2,131	4,870	4,262	
Expected return on plan assets	_	_	_	_	
Actuarial loss	159	107	318	214	
Net amortization	(279)	(279)	(558)	(558)	
Net periodic defined benefit plan expense	\$ 4,071	\$ 3,624	\$ 8,142	\$ 7,248	

#### Note 6. Guarantees

The Company has entered into debt guarantee agreements, primarily related to equity-method investees, which could obligate the Company to make future payments if the primary entity fails to perform its contractual obligation. The Company has not recorded a liability for these contingent obligations, as the Company believes the fair value of these contingent obligations is immaterial. The Company has collateral for a portion of these contingent obligations. These contingent obligations totaled \$149 million at December 31, 2006. Outstanding borrowings under these contingent obligations were \$104 million at December 31, 2006.

### **Archer-Daniels-Midland Company**

#### **Note 7. Segment Information**

The Company is principally engaged in procuring, transporting, storing, processing, and merchandising agricultural commodities and products. The Company's operations are classified into three reportable business segments: Oilseeds Processing, Corn Processing, and Agricultural Services. Each of these segments is organized based upon the nature of products and services offered. The Company's remaining operations are aggregated and classified as Other.

The Oilseeds Processing segment includes activities related to processing oilseeds such as soybeans, cottonseed, sunflower seeds, canola, peanuts, and flaxseed into vegetable oils and meals principally for the food and feed industries. In addition, oilseeds may be resold into the marketplace as a raw material for other processors. Crude vegetable oil is sold "as is" or is further processed by refining, bleaching, and deodorizing into salad oils. Salad oils can be further processed by hydrogenating and/or interesterifying into margarine, shortening, and other food products. Partially refined oil is sold for use in chemicals, paints, and other industrial products. Refined oil can be further processed for use in the production of biodiesel. Oilseed meals are primary ingredients used in the manufacture of commercial livestock and poultry feeds.

The Corn Processing segment includes activities related to the production of sweeteners, starches, dextrose, and syrups for the food and beverage industry as well as activities related to the production, by fermentation, of bioproducts such as alcohol, amino acids, and other specialty food and feed ingredients.

The Agricultural Services segment utilizes the Company's extensive grain elevator and transportation network to buy, store, clean, and transport agricultural commodities, such as oilseeds, corn, wheat, milo, oats, and barley, and resells these commodities primarily as feed ingredients and as raw materials for the agricultural processing industry. Agricultural Services' grain sourcing and transportation network provides reliable and efficient services to the Company's agricultural processing operations. Also included in Agricultural Services are the activities of A.C. Toepfer International, a global merchandiser of agricultural commodities and processed products.

Other includes the Company's remaining operations, consisting principally of food and feed ingredient businesses, industrial businesses, and financial activities. Food and feed ingredient businesses include Wheat Processing with activities related to the production of wheat flour; Cocoa Processing with activities related to the production of chocolate and cocoa products; the production of natural health and nutrition products; and the production of other specialty food and feed ingredients. Financial activities include banking, captive insurance, private equity fund investments, and futures commission merchant activities.

Intersegment sales have been recorded at amounts approximating market. Operating profit for each segment is based on net sales less identifiable operating expenses, including an interest charge related to working capital usage. Also included in operating profit are the related equity in earnings of affiliates based on the equity method of accounting. General corporate expenses, investment income, unallocated interest expense, marketable securities transactions, and FIFO to LIFO inventory adjustments have been excluded from segment operations and classified as Corporate.

For detailed information regarding the Company's reportable segments, see Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2006.

### **Archer-Daniels-Midland Company**

**Note 7. Segment Information (Continued)** 

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		SIX MONTHS ENDED	
	DECEMBER 31,		DECEM	BER 31,
	2006	2005	2006	2005
_		(In tho	ousands)	
Sales to external customers				
Oilseeds Processing	\$ 3,349,449	\$ 2,933,162	\$ 6,583,239	\$ 5,922,128
Corn Processing	1,324,724	1,142,388	2,585,614	2,302,601
Agricultural Services	5,021,129	4,067,181	8,836,225	7,421,140
Other				2,280,065
	1,280,737	1,156,254	2,417,883	
Total	\$ 10,976,039	\$ 9,298,985	\$ 20,422,961	\$ 17,925,934
Intersegment sales				
Oilseeds Processing	\$ 113,265	\$ 40,257	\$ 218,090	\$ 81,179
Corn Processing	89,911	103,466	166,174	192,114
Agricultural Services	560,156	282,307	865,848	593,774
Other	30,606	29,340	60,794	56,929
Total	\$ 793,938	\$ 455,370	\$ 1,310,906	\$ 923,996
	4 120,200		<u> </u>	
Net sales				
Oilseeds Processing	\$ 3,462,714	\$ 2,973,419	\$ 6,801,329	\$ 6,003,307
Corn Processing	1,414,635	1,245,854	2,751,788	2,494,715
Agricultural Services	5,581,285	4,349,488	9,702,073	8,014,914
Other	1,311,343	1,185,594	2,478,677	2,336,994
Intersegment elimination	(793,938)	(455,370)	(1,310,906)	(923,996)
Total	\$ 10,976,039	\$ 9,298,985	\$ 20,422,961	\$ 17,925,934
Segment operating profit				
Oilseeds Processing	\$ 192,005	\$ 128,077	\$ 361,650	\$ 227,192
Corn Processing	335,460	236,532	625,958	372,790
Agricultural Services	122,836	93,606	234,135	113,615
Other	116,736	65,680	193,228	160,816
Total segment operating profit	767,037	523,895	1,414,971	874,413
Corporate	(138,310)	(17,191)	(210,991)	(93,977)
Earnings before income taxes	\$ 628,727	\$ 506,704	\$ 1,203,980	\$ 780,436
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#### **COMPANY OVERVIEW**

The Company is principally engaged in procuring, transporting, storing, processing, and merchandising agricultural commodities and products. The Company's operations are classified into three reportable business segments: Oilseeds Processing, Corn Processing, and Agricultural Services. Each of these segments is organized based upon the nature of products and services offered. The Company's remaining operations are aggregated and classified as Other.

The Oilseeds Processing segment includes activities related to processing oilseeds such as soybeans, cottonseed, sunflower seeds, canola, peanuts, and flaxseed into vegetable oils and meals principally for the food and feed industries. In addition, oilseeds may be resold into the marketplace as a raw material for other processors. Crude vegetable oil is sold "as is" or is further processed by refining, bleaching, and deodorizing into salad oils. Salad oils can be further processed by hydrogenating and/or interesterifying into margarine, shortening, and other food products. Partially refined oil is sold for use in chemicals, paints, and other industrial products. Refined oil can be further processed for use in the production of biodiesel. Oilseed meals are primary ingredients used in the manufacture of commercial livestock and poultry feeds.

The Corn Processing segment includes activities related to the production of sweeteners, starches, dextrose, and syrups for the food and beverage industry as well as activities related to the production, by fermentation, of bioproducts such as alcohol, amino acids, and other specialty food and feed ingredients.

The Agricultural Services segment utilizes the Company's extensive grain elevator and transportation network to buy, store, clean, and transport agricultural commodities, such as oilseeds, corn, wheat, milo, oats, and barley, and resells these commodities primarily as feed ingredients and as raw materials for the agricultural processing industry. Agricultural Services' grain sourcing and transportation network provides reliable and efficient services to the Company's agricultural processing operations. Also included in Agricultural Services are the activities of A.C. Toepfer International, a global merchandiser of agricultural commodities and processed products.

Other includes the Company's remaining operations, consisting principally of food and feed ingredient businesses, industrial businesses, and financial activities. Food and feed ingredient businesses include Wheat Processing with activities related to the production of wheat flour; Cocoa Processing with activities related to the production of chocolate and cocoa products; the production of natural health and nutrition products; and the production of other specialty food and feed ingredients. Financial activities include banking, captive insurance, private equity fund investments, and futures commission merchant activities.

#### Operating Performance Indicators

The Company is exposed to certain risks inherent to an agricultural-based commodity business. These risks are further described in Item 1A, "Risk Factors" included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2006.

The Company's Oilseeds Processing, Agricultural Services, and Wheat Processing operations are principally agricultural commodity-based businesses where changes in segment selling prices move in relationship to changes in prices of the commodity-based agricultural raw materials. Therefore, changes in agricultural commodity prices have relatively equal impacts on both net sales and cost of products sold and minimal impact on the gross profit of underlying transactions. As a result, changes in net sales amounts of these business segments do not necessarily correspond to the changes in gross profit realized by these businesses.

The Company's Corn Processing operations and certain other food and feed processing operations also utilize agricultural commodities (or products derived from agricultural commodities) as raw materials. In these operations, agricultural commodity price changes can result in significant fluctuations in cost of products sold and such price changes cannot necessarily be passed directly through to the selling price of the finished products. For products such as ethanol, selling prices bear no direct relationship to the raw material cost of the agricultural commodity from which it is produced.

The Company conducts its business in many countries. For the majority of the Company's subsidiaries located outside the United States, the local currency is the functional currency. Revenues and expenses denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the applicable periods. Fluctuations in the exchange rates of foreign currencies, primarily the Euro and British pound, as compared to the U.S. dollar will result in corresponding fluctuations in the relative U.S. dollar value of the Company's revenues and expenses. The impact of these currency exchange rate changes was not significant during the quarter and six months ended December 31, 2006.

The Company measures the performance of its business segments using key operating statistics such as segment operating profit and return on fixed capital investment and net assets. The Company's operating results can vary significantly due to changes in unpredictable factors such as fluctuations in energy prices, weather conditions, plantings, global government farm programs and policies, changes in global demand resulting from population growth and changes in standards of living, and global production of similar and competitive crops. Due to these unpredictable factors, the Company does not provide forward-looking information in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." Additionally, the Company's operating results for the current quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending June 30, 2007.

# THREE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

As an agricultural-based commodity business, the Company is subject to a variety of market factors which affect the Company's operating results. Strong biodiesel demand in Europe continued to create increased vegetable oil demand and has positively impacted rapeseed crushing margins in Europe. Abundant oilseed supplies, improved vegetable oil values, and strong protein meal demand have positively impacted oilseed crushing margins in North America. Increased ethanol contract prices and continuing strong ethanol demand led to improved corn processing results. Solid demand for sweetener and starch products also improved corn processing results. North American river transportation operations were favorably impacted by strong demand for river transportation services which increased barge freight rates. These conditions resulted in improved operating results during the quarter for Oilseed Processing, Corn Processing, and Agricultural Services. Increasing commodity price levels negatively affected LIFO inventory valuations partially offsetting the improvements in operating results.

#### ANALYSIS OF STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS

Net sales and other operating income increased 18% to \$11.0 billion for the quarter due primarily to increased selling prices of agricultural commodities and of corn processing products and, to a lesser extent, increased sales volumes of agricultural commodities.

Net sales and other operating income by segment for the quarter are as follows:

	THREE MON	THS ENDED	
	DECEMI	BER 31,	
	2006 2005		Change
		(In thousands)	
Oilseeds Processing	\$ 3,349,449	\$ 2,933,162	\$ 416,287
Corn Processing			
Sweeteners and Starches	531,834	481,831	50,003
Bioproducts	792,890	660,557	132,333
Total Corn Processing	1,324,724	1,142,388	182,336
Agricultural Services	5,021,129	4,067,181	953,948
Other			
Food, Feed and Industrial	1,259,183	1,139,343	119,840
Financial	21,554	16,911	4,643
Total Other	1,280,737	1,156,254	124,483
Total	\$ 10,976,039	\$ 9,298,985	\$ 1,677,054

Oilseeds Processing sales increased 14% to \$3.3 billion for the quarter due principally to increased average selling prices of vegetable oil and protein meal and increased sales volumes of vegetable oil and biodiesel. Vegetable oil selling prices and volumes improved as the markets anticipate new demand from the developing U.S. biodiesel industry. Protein meal average selling prices increased as a result of higher oilseed commodity prices. Corn Processing sales increased 16% to \$1.3 billion for the quarter principally due to Bioproducts sales increases and, to a lesser extent, increased sales of Sweeteners and Starches. Bioproducts sales increased primarily due to increased average selling prices of ethanol, partially offset by lower sales volumes of ethanol. Ethanol average sales prices increased principally due to strong demand from gasoline refiners. Ethanol sales volumes declined as last year's sales volumes exceeded production due to the release of inventories built up in anticipation of refiners replacing MTBE with ethanol. Sweeteners and Starches sales increased primarily due to higher average selling prices resulting from solid demand for sweetener and starch products. Agricultural Services sales increased 23% to \$5.0 billion for the quarter principally due to increased agricultural commodity prices. Other sales increased 11% to \$1.3 billion for the quarter primarily due to increased sales of wheat flour and cocoa products.

Cost of products sold increased 18% to \$10.1 billion for the quarter primarily due to higher average prices of agricultural commodities and increased sales volumes. Manufacturing costs increased \$54 million primarily due to higher plant maintenance costs, increased employee-related costs, and increased energy costs. Last year's manufacturing costs included a \$23 million charge for abandonment and write-down of long-lived assets.

Selling, general, and administrative expenses increased 1% to \$298 million for the quarter due principally to increased employee-related costs. Last year's selling, general, and administrative expenses included \$15 million of severance costs associated with the closure of a citric acid plant.

Other income increased slightly to \$19 million for the quarter due principally to increased equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates, partially offset by increased interest expense and a \$16 million decrease in realized securities gains. Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates improved principally due to higher valuations of the Company's private equity fund investments. Interest expense increased primarily due to higher average borrowing levels and, to a lesser extent, higher interest rates. Last year's interest expense and investment income included a \$19 million credit related to the reversal of Brazilian transactional taxes assessed on investment income upon positive resolution in the Brazilian Supreme Court.

Operating profit by segment for the quarter is as follows:

	THREE MON	THS ENDED	
	DECEMBER 31,		
	2006	2005	Change
		(In thousands)	_
Oilseeds Processing	\$ 192,005	\$ 128,077	\$ 63,928
Corn Processing			
Sweeteners and Starches	146,188	114,043	32,145
Bioproducts	189,272	122,489	66,783
Total Corn Processing	335,460	236,532	98,928
Agricultural Services	122,836	93,606	29,230
Other			
Food, Feed and Industrial	53,209	34,902	18,307
Financial	63,527	30,778	32,749
Total Other	116,736	65,680	51,056
Total Segment Operating Profit	767,037	523,895	243,142
Corporate	(138,310)	(17,191)	(121,119)
Earnings Before Income Taxes	\$ 628,727	\$ 506,704	\$ 122,023

Oilseeds Processing operating profits increased 50% to \$192 million for the quarter due to improved market conditions in all geographic regions. North American processing results improved principally due to abundant oilseed supplies in the U.S. and good demand for soybean meal. Vegetable oil values improved as the markets anticipate new demand from the developing U.S. biodiesel industry. European processing results improved principally due to abundant oilseed supplies in Europe and strong demand for vegetable oil. The strong demand for vegetable oil is the result of strong biodiesel demand. These increases were partially offset by decreased biodiesel operating profits resulting from higher vegetable oil prices and lower diesel fuel prices. Improved operating results in South America also contributed to the increase in operating profits.

Corn Processing operating profits increased 42% to \$335 million for the quarter primarily due to higher average selling prices, partially offset by lower ethanol sales volumes, and higher net corn costs. Sweeteners and Starches operating profits increased \$32 million due primarily to higher average sales prices and sales volumes. Sales volumes and prices have increased principally due to good demand for sweetener and starch products. These increases were partially offset by increased net corn costs. Bioproducts operating profits increased \$67 million primarily due to higher ethanol average selling prices, partially offset by lower ethanol sales volumes and increased net corn costs. Ethanol average sales prices increased principally due to strong demand from gasoline refiners. Ethanol sales volumes declined as last year's sales volumes exceeded production due to the release of inventories built up in anticipation of refiners replacing MTBE with ethanol. Last year's Bioproducts operating results included \$15 million of severance costs related to the closure of a citric acid plant.

Agricultural Services operating profits increased 31% to \$123 million for the quarter primarily due to improvements in transportation and global grain merchandising operating results, partially offset by a decline in North American origination operating results. North American river transportation operating results increased primarily due to increased barge freight rates created by strong demand for barge capacity. Global grain merchandising results improved as regional production imbalances allowed the Company to capitalize

on its merchandising capabilities. North American origination results declined as last year's results were favorably impacted by increased volumes as origination activities recovered from the disruptions caused by the Gulf Coast hurricanes during the first quarter of fiscal 2006.

Other operating profits increased \$51 million to \$117 million for the quarter. Other – Food, Feed and Industrial operating profits increased \$18 million primarily due to last year's \$23 million charge for abandonment and write-down of long-lived assets, last year's \$9 million charge representing the Company's share of a charge for abandonment and write-down of long-lived assets reported by an unconsolidated affiliate of the Company, and improved operating results of wheat processing and formula feed operations. These increases were partially offset by a decline in cocoa processing operating results primarily due to increased industry capacity which caused downward pressure on cocoa finished product prices. Other – Financial operating profits increased \$33 million principally due to increased valuations of the Company's private equity fund investments and improvements in the Company's futures commission merchant business.

Corporate expense increased \$121 million primarily due to a \$107 million charge, compared to a \$3 million credit in the prior year, related to the effect of changing commodity prices on LIFO inventory valuations. In addition, a reduction in realized securities gains, partially offset by a reduction in unallocated interest expense also contributed to the increase in Corporate expense. Last year's Corporate expense included a \$19 million credit related to the aforementioned reversal of Brazilian transactional taxes.

Income taxes increased due to last year's \$36 million reduction in income tax expense related to the recognition of federal and state income tax credits and adjustments resulting from the reconciliation of filed tax returns to the previously estimated tax provision and to higher pretax earnings. The Company's effective tax rate during the quarter was 29.8% and, after excluding the effect of last year's \$36 million tax credit, was 34.5% for the prior year quarter. The decrease in the Company's effective tax rate is primarily due to changes in the geographic mix of pretax earnings.

## SIX MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 COMPARED TO SIX MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

As an agricultural-based commodity business, the Company is subject to a variety of market factors which affect the Company's operating results. Strong biodiesel demand in Europe continued to create increased vegetable oil demand and has positively impacted rapeseed crushing margins in Europe. Abundant oilseed supplies, improved vegetable oil values, and strong protein meal demand have positively impacted oilseed crushing margins in North America. Increased ethanol contract prices and continuing strong ethanol demand led to improved corn processing results. Solid demand for sweetener and starch products also improved corn processing results. North American grain origination and agricultural commodity export operations experienced favorable operating conditions as a result of abundant supplies of agricultural commodities. North American river transportation operations were favorably impacted by strong demand for river transportation services which increased barge freight rates. These conditions resulted in improved operating results during the six months for Oilseeds Processing, Corn Processing, and Agricultural Services. Increasing commodity price levels negatively affected LIFO inventory valuations partially offsetting the improvements in operating results.

#### ANALYSIS OF STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS

Net sales and other operating income increased 14% to \$20.4 billion for the six months due primarily to increased selling prices of agricultural commodities and of corn processing products and, to a lesser extent, increased sales volumes of oilseed processing products and agricultural commodities.

Net sales and other operating income by segment for the six months are as follows:

	SIX MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31,		
	2006	2005	Change
		(In thousands)	
Oilseeds Processing	\$ 6,583,239	\$ 5,922,128	\$ 661,111
Corn Processing			
Sweeteners and Starches	1,070,815	984,918	85,897
Bioproducts	1,514,799	1,317,683	197,116
Total Corn Processing	2,585,614	2,302,601	283,013
Agricultural Services	8,836,225	7,421,140	1,415,085
Other			
Food, Feed and Industrial	2,372,662	2,247,224	125,438
Financial	45,221	32,841	12,380
Total Other	2,417,883	2,280,065	137,818
Total	\$ 20,422,961	\$ 17,925,934	\$ 2,497,027

Oilseeds Processing sales increased 11% to \$6.6 billion for the six months due principally to increased average selling prices of vegetable oil and increased sales volumes of vegetable oil, biodiesel, and South American oilseed exports. Vegetable oil selling prices and volumes improved as the markets anticipate new demand from the developing U.S. biodiesel industry. Corn Processing sales increased 12% to \$2.6 billion for the six months principally due to Bioproducts sales increases and, to a lesser extent, increased sales of Sweeteners and Starches. Bioproducts sales increased primarily due to increased average selling prices of ethanol, partially offset by lower sales volumes of ethanol. Ethanol average sales prices increased principally due to strong demand from gasoline refiners. Ethanol sales volumes declined as last year's sales volumes exceeded production due to the release of inventories built up in anticipation of refiners replacing MTBE with ethanol. Sweeteners and Starches sales increased primarily due to higher average selling prices resulting from solid demand for sweetener and starch products. Agricultural Services sales increased 19% to \$8.8 billion for the six months principally due to increased agricultural commodity prices and, to a lesser extent, increased sales volumes of North American grain origination activities. Other sales increased 6% to \$2.4 billion for the six months primarily due to increased sales of wheat flour and cocoa products.

Cost of products sold increased 13% to \$18.6 billion for the six months primarily due to higher average prices of agricultural commodities, increased sales volumes and increased manufacturing costs. Manufacturing costs increased \$145 million primarily due to increased energy costs, higher plant maintenance costs, and increased employee-related costs. Last year's manufacturing costs include a \$23 million charge for abandonment and write-down of long-lived assets.

Selling, general, and administrative expenses increased 2% to \$608 million for the six months principally due to increased employee-related costs. During the six months ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, the Company issued option grants and restricted stock awards to officers and key employees pursuant to the Company's Long-term Management Incentive Program. Certain officers and key employees of the Company receiving option grants and restricted stock awards are eligible for retirement. Compensation expense related to option grants and restricted stock awards issued to these retirement-eligible employees is recognized in earnings on the date of grant. Selling, general, and administrative expense for the six months ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 include compensation expense related to option grants and restricted stock awards granted to retirement-eligible employees of \$30 million and \$31 million, respectively. Last year's

selling, general, and administrative expenses include \$15 million of severance costs associated with the closure of a citric acid plant.

Other income increased \$25 million for the six months primarily due to a \$64 million increase in equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates and a \$27 million increase in investment income, partially offset by a \$35 million increase in interest expense and a \$17 million decrease in realized securities gains. The increase in equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates is primarily due to higher valuations of the Company's private equity fund investments and improved operating results of the Company's Asian joint ventures. Interest expense and investment income increased primarily due to increased average borrowing and investment levels. In addition, last year's interest expense and investment income included a \$19 million credit related to the aforementioned reversal of Brazilian transactional taxes.

Operating profit by segment for the six months is as follows:

	SIX MONTH	IS ENDED	
	DECEMBER 31,		
	2006	2005	Change
		(In thousands)	_
Oilseeds Processing	\$ 361,650	\$ 227,192	\$ 134,458
Corn Processing			
Sweeteners and Starches	259,102	206,524	52,578
Bioproducts	366,856	166,266	200,590
<b>Total Corn Processing</b>	625,958	372,790	253,168
Agricultural Services	234,135	113,615	120,520
Other			
Food, Feed and Industrial	91,378	104,131	(12,753)
Financial	101,850	56,685	45,165
Total Other	193,228	160,816	32,412
<b>Total Segment Operating Profit</b>	1,414,971	874,413	540,558
Corporate	(210,991)	(93,977)	(117,014)
Earnings Before Income Taxes	\$ 1,203,980	\$ 780,436	\$ 423,544

Oilseeds Processing operating profits increased \$134 million to \$362 million for the six months due to improved market conditions in all geographic regions. North American processing results improved principally due to abundant oilseed supplies in the U.S. and good demand for soybean meal. Vegetable oil values improved as the markets anticipate new demand from the developing U.S. biodiesel industry. European processing results improved principally due to abundant oilseed supplies in Europe and strong demand for vegetable oil. The strong demand for vegetable oil is the result of strong biodiesel demand. These increases were partially offset by decreased biodiesel operating profits resulting from higher vegetable oil prices and lower diesel fuel prices. Improved operating results in South America and Asia also contributed to the increase in operating profits.

Corn Processing operating profits increased \$253 million to \$626 million for the six months principally due to higher average selling prices, partially offset by lower ethanol sales volumes, higher energy costs, and higher net corn costs. Sweeteners and Starches operating profits increased \$53 million due primarily to higher average sales prices and sales volumes. Sales volumes and prices have increased principally due to good demand for sweetener and starch products. These increases were partially offset by increased energy and net corn costs. Bioproducts operating profits increased \$201 million primarily due to higher ethanol average selling prices, partially offset by lower ethanol sales volumes, increased energy costs and increased net corn

costs. Ethanol average sales prices increased principally due to strong demand from gasoline refiners. Ethanol sales volumes declined as last year's sales volumes exceeded production due to the release of inventories built up in anticipation of refiners replacing MTBE with ethanol. Last year's Bioproducts operating results included \$15 million of severance costs related to the closure of a citric acid plant.

Agricultural Services operating profits increased \$121 million to \$234 million for the six months principally due to improved transportation and global grain merchandising operating results and, to a lesser extent, improved operating results of North American origination activities. North American river transportation operating results increased primarily due to increased barge freight rates created by strong demand for barge capacity. Global grain merchandising results improved as regional production imbalances allowed the Company to capitalize on its merchandising capabilities.

Other operating profits increased 20% to \$193 million for the six months. Other – Food, Feed and Industrial operating profits decreased \$13 million. Last year's operating results include a \$23 million charge for abandonment and write-down of long-lived assets, and a \$9 million charge representing the Company's share of a charge for abandonment and write-down of long-lived assets reported by an unconsolidated affiliate of the Company. Excluding last year's charges for abandonment and write-down of long-lived assets, Other – Food, Feed and Industrial operating profits declined \$45 million due primarily to cocoa processing and natural health and nutrition operating results declining from prior year levels. Cocoa processing operating results declined primarily due to increased industry capacity which caused downward pressure on cocoa finished product prices. Other – Financial operating profits increased \$45 million principally due to increased valuations of the Company's private equity fund investments and higher operating results of the Company's futures commission merchant business, partially offset by lower operating results of the Company's captive insurance operations.

Corporate expense increased \$117 million to \$211 million for the six months principally due to a \$124 million charge, compared to a \$12 million credit in the prior year, related to the effect of changing commodity prices on LIFO inventory valuations. In addition, a \$27 million reduction in realized securities gains also contributed to the increase in Corporate expense. These increases were partially offset by a reduction in unallocated interest expense due principally to higher levels of invested funds and higher interest rates. Last year's Corporate expense included a \$19 million credit related to the aforementioned reversal of Brazilian transactional taxes.

Income taxes increased due to last year's \$36 million reduction in income tax expense related to the recognition of federal and state income tax credits and adjustments resulting from the reconciliation of filed tax returns to the previously estimated tax provision and to higher pretax earnings. The Company's effective tax rate during the six months was 29.9% and, after excluding the effect of last year's \$36 million tax credit, was 33.6% for the prior year. The decrease in the Company's effective tax rate is primarily due to changes in the geographic mix of pretax earnings.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's objective is to have sufficient liquidity, balance sheet strength, and financial flexibility to fund the operating and capital requirements of a capital intensive agricultural-based commodity business.

At December 31, 2006, the Company continued to show substantial liquidity with working capital of \$6.2 billion and a current ratio, defined as current assets divided by current liabilities, of 1.7 to 1. Included in working capital is \$1.2 billion of cash, cash equivalents, and short-term marketable securities as well as \$4.4 billion of readily marketable commodity inventories. Working capital increased \$549 million during the six months principally due to increased prices and quantities of agricultural commodity inventories. Capital resources remained strong as reflected by the increase in the Company's net worth from \$9.8 billion to \$10.8 billion. The Company's ratio of long-term debt to total capital (the sum of the Company's long-term debt and shareholders' equity) was 27% at December 31, 2006 compared to 29% at June 30, 2006. This ratio is a measure of the Company's long-term liquidity and is an indicator of financial flexibility.

#### **Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments**

During the six months ended December 31, 2006, the Company's inventory purchase obligations increased \$3.9 billion to \$11.4 billion. This increase was principally related to increased obligations to purchase agricultural commodities. As of December 31, 2006, the Company expects to make payments related to inventory purchase obligations of \$11.0 billion within the next twelve months. There were no other material changes in the Company's contractual obligations and off balance sheet arrangements during the six months ended December 31, 2006.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

There were no material changes in the Company's critical accounting policies during the six months ended December 31, 2006.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The market risk inherent in the Company's market risk sensitive instruments and positions is the potential loss arising from adverse changes in: commodity prices as they relate to the Company's net commodity position; marketable equity security prices; market prices of limited partnerships' investments; foreign currency exchange rates; and interest rates. Significant changes in market risk sensitive instruments and positions for the six months ended December 31, 2006 are described below. There were no material changes during the six months in the Company's potential loss arising from changes in market prices of limited partnerships' investments, marketable equity securities, foreign currency exchange rates, and interest rates.

For detailed information regarding the Company's market risk sensitive instruments and positions, see the "Market Risk Sensitive Instruments and Positions" section of "Management's Discussion of Operations and Financial Condition" in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2006.

# ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK (Continued)

#### **Commodities**

The availability and price of agricultural commodities are subject to wide fluctuations due to unpredictable factors such as weather, plantings, global government farm programs and policies, changes in global demand resulting from population growth and changes in standards of living, and global production of similar and competitive crops. A sensitivity analysis has been prepared to estimate the Company's exposure to market risk of its commodity position. The Company's daily net commodity position consists of inventories, related purchase and sale contracts, and exchange-traded futures contracts, including those to hedge portions of production requirements. The fair value of such position is a summation of the fair values calculated for each commodity by valuing each net position at quoted futures prices. Market risk is estimated as the potential loss in fair value resulting from a hypothetical 10 percent adverse change in such prices. Actual results may differ.

	<b>DECEMBER 31, 2006</b>		<b>JUNE 30, 2006</b>	
	Fair Value	Market Risk	Fair Value	Market Risk
	(in millions)			
Highest long position	\$ 682	\$ 68	\$ 510	\$ 51
Highest short position	278	28	574	57
Average position - long (short)	287	29	(203)	(20)

The increase in fair value of the average position was principally the result of an increase in the daily net commodity position.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of December 31, 2006, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in Rules 13a – 15(e) and 15d – 15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")). Based on that evaluation, the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is (a) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms and (b) accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. There was no change in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting during the Company's most recently completed fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

#### **PART II – OTHER INFORMATION**

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS**

The Company is involved in approximately twenty administrative and judicial proceedings in which it has been identified as a potentially responsible party ("PRP") under the federal Superfund law and its state analogs for the study and clean-up of sites contaminated by material discharged into the environment. In all of these matters there are numerous PRPs. Due to various factors such as the required level of remediation and participation in the clean-up effort by others, the Company's future clean-up costs at these sites cannot be reasonably estimated. In management's opinion, these proceedings will not, either individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse affect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There were no significant changes in the Company's risk factors during the three months ended December 31, 2006.

### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program (2)	Number of Shares Remaining that May be Purchased Under the Program (2)
October 1, 2006 to October 31, 2006	304,174	\$ 36.93	273	92,863,061
October 31, 2000	304,174	\$ 30.93	213	92,803,001
November 1, 2006 to				
November 30, 2006	1,051,816	33.62	1,047,445	91,815,616
December 1, 2006 to				
December 31, 2006	3,105,519	32.52	3,097,009	88,718,607
Total	4,461,509	\$ 33.08	4,144,727	88,718,607

- (1) Total shares purchased represents those shares purchased as part of the Company's publicly announced share repurchase program described below, shares received as payment of the exercise price for stock option exercises, and shares received as payment of the withholding taxes on vested restricted stock grants..
- (2) On November 4, 2004, the Company's Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program authorizing the Company to repurchase up to 100,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock during the period commencing January 1, 2005 and ending December 31, 2009.

#### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders was held on November 2, 2006. Proxies for the Annual Meeting were solicited pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. There was no solicitation in opposition to the Board of Director nominees as listed in the proxy statement and all nominees were elected as follows:

Nominee	Shares Cast For	Shares Withheld
G. A. Andreas	549,008,476	23,681,263
A. L. Boeckmann	551,055,354	21,634,385
M. H. Carter	383,077,036	189,612,703
R. S. Joslin	535,963,289	36,726,450
A. Maciel	559,965,357	12,724,382
P. J. Moore	552,549,529	20,140,210
M. B. Mulroney	534,456,858	38,232,881
T. F. O'Neill	534,013,079	38,676,660
O. G. Webb	367,090,965	205,598,774
K. R. Westbrook	548,619,719	24,070,020
P. A. Woertz	551,356,837	21,332,902

The Stockholder's Proposal No. 1 (Labeling Genetically Engineered Food) was defeated as follows:

For	Against	Abstain	
32,325,360	417,072,901	40,177,202	

The Stockholder's Proposal No. 2 (Code of Conduct Regarding Global Human Rights Standards) was defeated as follows:

<u>For</u>	<u>Against</u>	Abstain
118,097,442	325,510,551	45,967,470

#### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

- (3)(i) Composite Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, filed on November 13, 2001 as Exhibit 3(i) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2001 (File No. 1-44), is incorporated herein by reference.
  - (ii) Bylaws, as amended, filed on February 6, 2007 as Exhibit 3(ii) to Form 8-K (File No. 1-44), are incorporated herein by reference.
- (4) Indenture dated as of September 20, 2006 between the Company and JP Morgan Chase Bank, filed on September 22, 2006 as Exhibit 4 to Form S-3 (File No. 333-137541), is incorporated herein by reference.
- (31.1) Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a 14(a) and Rule 15d–14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended.
- (31.2) Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a 14(a) and Rule 15d–14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended.
- (32.1) Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- (32.2) Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

#### ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND COMPANY

/s/ D. J. Schmalz D. J. Schmalz Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

/s/ D. J. Smith D. J. Smith Executive Vice President, Secretary and General Counsel

Dated: February 6, 2007

### RULE 13a – 14(a)/15d-14(a) CERTIFICATION

### I, P. A. Woertz, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Archer-Daniels-Midland Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 6, 2007

/s/ P. A. Woertz P. A. Woertz Chief Executive Officer and President

### RULE 13a – 14(a)/15d-14(a) CERTIFICATION

### I, D. J. Schmalz, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Archer-Daniels-Midland Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 6, 2007

/s/ D. J. Schmalz
D. J. Schmalz
Senior Vice President
Chief Financial Officer

### **SECTION 1350 CERTIFICATION**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Archer-Daniels-Midland Company (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2006 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, P. A. Woertz, Chief Executive Officer and President of the Company, certify that:

- (i) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (ii) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 6, 2007

/s/ P. A. Woertz P. A. Woertz Chief Executive Officer and President

#### **SECTION 1350 CERTIFICATION**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Archer-Daniels-Midland Company (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2006 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, D. J. Schmalz, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify that:

- (i) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (ii) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 6, 2007

/s/ D. J. Schmalz D. J. Schmalz Senior Vice President Chief Financial Officer