#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SEC EXCHANGE A	
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2003 OR TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SEC	` '
For the transition period from to	0
Commission file number <u>0-6233</u>	
1st SOURCE CORPORA (Exact name of registrant as specific	
INDIANA	35-1068133
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
incorporation of organization)	identification (vo.)
100 North Michigan Street South Bend	d, Indiana 46601
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
(574) 235-2702	
(Registrant's telephone number, incl	uding area code)
	,
N. A. P. 11	
Not Applicable (Former name, former address and former fiscal ye	ar if changed since last report )
(1 office finance, forfice address and forfice fiscal ye	ar, ir changed since fast report.)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all report the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 mont was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such	hs (or for such shorter period that the registrant
Yes <u>X</u> No	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer	(as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
YesX No	
Number of shares of common stock outstanding as of July 25, 200	03 - 21,077,534 shares.

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#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

1st Source Corporation and Subsidiaries

 $(Unaudited \hbox{ -} Dollars \hbox{ in thousands})$ 

	June 30, 2003	December 31, 2002		
ASSETS				
Cash and due from banks	\$ 122,422	\$ 120,894		
Federal funds sold and				
interest bearing deposits with other banks	61,351	81,881		
Investment securities available-for-sale				
(amortized cost of \$676,431 and \$640,224	004.000	647.647		
at June 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, respectively)	684,926	647,617		
Trading account securities	13,303	13,347		
Mortgages held for sale	125,724	146,640		
Loans - net of unearned discount				
Commercial and agricultural	427,760	428,367		
Truck and automobile financing	486,712	445,195		
Aircraft financing	288,110	323,802		
Construction equipment financing	270,582	303,126		
Loans secured by real estate	527,047	567,950		
Consumer loans	98,577	111,012		
Total loans	2,098,788	2,179,452		
Reserve for loan losses	(63,194)	(59,218)		
Net loans	2,035,594	2,120,234		
Equipment owned under operating leases,				
net of accumulated depreciation	80,135	93,893		
Net premises and equipment	39,376	40,899		
Other assets	131,642	142,063		
Total assets	\$ 3,294,473	\$ 3,407,468		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Deposits:				
Noninterest bearing	\$ 444,705	\$ 419,289		
Interest bearing	2,199,039	2,293,616		
Total deposits	2,643,744	2,712,905		
Federal funds purchased and securities				
sold under agreements to repurchase	172,586	212,040		
Other short-term borrowings	35,707	48,638		
Long-term debt	17,253	16,878		
Guaranteed preferred beneficial interests in	E4.7E0	E 4 7E 0		
1st Source's subordinated debentures Other liabilities	54,750 53,364	54,750		
Total liabilities	53,261 2,977,301	52,828 3,098,039		
Charabaldara' aquitu	, ,			
Shareholders' equity:  Preferred stock-no par value	_	_		
Common stock-no par value	7,578	7,579		
Capital surplus	214,001	214,001		
Retained earnings	95,855	90,897		
Cost of common stock in treasury	(5,535)	(7,637)		
Accumulated other comprehensive income	5,273	4,589		
Total shareholders' equity	317,172	309,429		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 3,294,473	\$ 3,407,468		
The accommension notes are a most of the concellidated financial statements	<del></del>			

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

1st Source Corporation and Subsidiaries

(Unaudited - Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited - Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)		Three Mo	nths End e 30,	ed		Six Months Ended June 30,			
	20		C 30,	2002		2003	3 00,	2002	
Interest and Fee Income: Loans Investment securities:	-	36,103	\$	43,134	\$	72,713	\$	88,324	
Taxable		4,710		5,586		9,244		11,322	
Tax-exempt		1,445		1,550		2,880		3,092	
Other	-	295		127		445		198	
Total Interest Income		42,553		50,397		85,282		102,936	
Interest Expense:									
Deposits		13,187		18,227		26,958		37,906	
Short-term borrowings		1,498		1,211		2,762		2,528	
Guaranteed preferred beneficial interests in		0.44		704		4.004		4 505	
1st Source's subordinated debentures		941 187		794		1,881		1,585	
Long-term debt				213		385		424	
Total Interest Expense		15,813		20,445		31,986		42,443	
Net Interest Income	;	26,740		29,952		53,296		60,493	
Provision for loan losses		4,901		10,750		10,451		22,559	
Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses	;	21,839		19,202		42,845		37,934	
Noninterest Income:									
Trust fees		2,736		2,661		5,376		5,321	
Service charges on deposit accounts		3,922		3,684		7,646		7,155	
Loan servicing and sale income		4,445		1,124		7,651		3,579	
Equipment rental income		6,455		7,464		13,226		14,744	
Other income		4,635		3,009		8,613		6,313	
Investment securities and other investment losses		(275)		0		(555)		(488)	
Total Noninterest Income		21,918		17,942		41,957		36,624	
Noninterest Expense:		40.000		40.447		05 507		00.005	
Salaries and employee benefits		18,290		16,417		35,537		32,995	
Net occupancy expense Furniture and equipment expense		1,785 2,677		1,678 2,626		3,649 5,318		3,380 5,355	
Depreciation - leased equipment		5,050		5,966		10,408		12,113	
Supplies and communications		1,558		1,594		3,069		3,261	
Loan collection and repossession expense		3,972		1,438		5,570		1,875	
Other expense		3,943		3,944		8,526		6,929	
Total Noninterest Expense		37,275		33,663		72,077		65,908	
Income Before Income Taxes		6,482		3,481		12,725		8,650	
Income taxes		1,792		714		3,575		1,675	
Net Income	\$	4,690	\$	2,767	\$	9,150	\$	6,975	
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Tax: Change in unrealized appreciation of									
available-for-sale securities		881		2,372		684		19	
Total Comprehensive Income	\$	5,571	\$	5,139	\$	9,835	\$	6,994	
Per Common Share:	•	0.00	•	0.40	•	0.40	•	2.22	
Basic Net Income Per Common Share	\$	0.22	\$	0.13	\$	0.43	\$	0.33	
Diluted Net Income Per Common Share		0.22	\$	0.13	\$	0.43	\$	0.33	
Dividends	\$	0.090	\$	0.090	\$	0.180	\$	0.180	
Basic Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding		71,946		0,950,747		1,036,329		20,909,450	
Diluted Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding		07,824	2	1,368,441	2	1,368,940	<u> </u>	21,297,194	
The accompanying notes are a part of the consolidated financial s	tatements	5							

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

1st Source Corporation and Subsidiaries

 $(Unaudited \hbox{ -} Dollars \hbox{ in thousands})$ 

(Unaudited - Donars in thousands)	 Six Months E	nded .	June 30,
	 2003		2002
Operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 9,150	\$	6,975
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Provision for loan losses	10,451		22,559
Depreciation of premises and equipment	13,053		14,685
Amortization of investment security premiums	0.000		0.407
and accretion of discounts, net	2,696		2,127
Amortization of mortgage servicing rights	3,846		2,903
Mortgage servicing asset impairment charges	5,415		1,177
Deferred income taxes	(1,677)		8,937
Realized investment securities losses	555 20.016		488
Change in mortgages held for sale Realized losses (gains) on securitized loans	20,916 311		88,599 (4,499)
Change in trading account securities	43		(4,433)
Decrease in interest receivable	1,333		1,482
Decrease in interest payable	(376)		(3,571)
Increase in other assets	(173)		(4,088)
Other	4,002		(4,309)
	 	-	
Net cash from operating activities	69,545		133,465
Investing activities:	70 110		100 000
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investment securities  Purchases of investment securities	70,119		128,299
Net change in short-term investments	(109,886) 20,530		(119,725) (6,373)
Loans sold or participated to others	49,403		168,660
Net change in loans	24,785		(205,616)
Net change in equipment owned under operating leases	3,350		(5,826)
Purchases of premises and equipment	(994)		(3,097)
Net cash from investing activities	57,307		(43,678)
Financing activities:			
Net change in demand deposits, NOW			
accounts and savings accounts	(33,292)		65,067
Net decrease in certificates of deposit	(35,869)		(156,538)
Net decrease in short-term borrowings	(52,385)		(30,252)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	694		37
Payments on long-term debt	(319)		(158)
Acquisition of treasury stock	(370)		(2,158)
Cash dividends	 (3,783)		(3,763)
Net cash from financing activities	 (125,324)		(127,765)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	 1,528		(37,978)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 120,894		129,431
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 122,422	\$	91,453

The accompanying notes are a part of the consolidated financial statements.

## 1ST SOURCE CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments (all of which are normal and recurring in nature) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial position, the results of operations, and cash flows for the periods presented. These unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared according to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and, therefore, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been omitted. The Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in 1st Source Corporation's (1st Source) Annual Report on Form 10-K (2002 Annual Report), which include descriptions of significant accounting policies, should be read in conjunction with these interim financial statements. The balance sheet at December 31, 2002 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. Certain amounts in the prior period consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on total assets, shareholders' equity or net income as previously reported.

1st Source accounts for its stock-based compensation plans under the recognition and measurement principles provided in Accounting Principles Board Opinion (APB) No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees", and related Interpretations. Stock-based employee compensation expense for the Executive Incentive Plan and the Restricted Stock Award Plan is recognized in net income. For the stock option plans, the stock option agreement, and the Employee Stock Purchase Plan, no compensation expense is recognized in net income as all options granted under these plans had an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant.

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," as amended by SFAS 148, requires pro forma disclosures of net income and earnings per share for companies not adopting its fair value accounting method for stock-based employee compensation. The pro forma disclosures below use the fair value method of SFAS 123 to measure compensation expense for stock-based employee compensation plans.

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)		nths Ended ne 30	Six Months Ended June 30		
	2003	2002	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	
Net income, as reported Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense included in reported net income, net of related tax	\$ 4,690	\$ 2,767	\$ 9,150	\$ 6,975	
effects  Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects	310		310		
all awards, her of related tax effects	_(442)	(21)	<u>(479)</u>	(483)	
Pro forma net income	\$ 4,558	\$ 2,746	\$ 8,981	\$ 6,492	
Earnings per share: Basic—as reported Basic—pro forma	\$0.22 \$0.22	\$0.13 \$0.13	\$0.43 \$0.43	\$0.33 \$0.32	
Diluted—as reported Diluted—pro forma	\$0.22 \$0.21	<u>\$0.13</u> <u>\$0.13</u>	\$0.43 \$0.42	\$0.31 \$0.30	

Note 2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities: In January 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Interpretation No. (FIN) 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities." The objective of this interpretation is to provide guidance on how to identify a variable interest entity (VIE) and determine when the assets, liabilities, noncontrolling interests, and results of operations of a VIE need to be included in a company's consolidated financial statements. A company that holds variable interests in an entity will need to consolidate the entity if the company's interest in the VIE is such that the company will absorb a majority of the VIE's expected losses and/or receive a majority of the entity's expected residual returns, if they occur. FIN 46 also requires additional disclosures by primary beneficiaries and other significant variable interest holders. The provisions of this interpretation became effective upon issuance. As of June 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, 1st Source had a variable interest in a securitization trust. This securitization trust is a qualifying special purpose entity, which is exempt from the consolidation requirements of FIN 46.

1st Source adopted FIN 46 on July 1, 2003. In its current form, FIN 46 may require 1st Source to deconsolidate its investment in 1st Source Capital Trust I, II, and III (the Trusts) in future financial statements. The potential de-consolidation of subsidiary trusts of bank holding companies formed in connection with the issuance of trust preferred securities, like the Trusts, appears to be an unintended consequence of FIN 46. It is currently unknown if, or when, the FASB will address this issue. In July 2003, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System issued a supervisory letter instructing bank holding companies to continue to include the trust preferred securities in their Tier I capital for regulatory capital purposes until notice is given to the contrary. The Federal Reserve intends to review the regulatory implications of any accounting treatment changes and, if necessary or warranted, provide further appropriate guidance. There can be no assurance that the Federal Reserve will continue to allow institutions to include trust preferred securities in Tier I capital for

regulatory capital purposes. As of June 30, 2003, assuming 1st Source was not allowed to include the \$54.75 million in trust preferred securities issued by the Trusts in Tier 1 capital, 1st Source would still be well capitalized per regulatory guidelines.

Guarantees: In November 2002, the FASB issued FIN 45, "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others." This interpretation expands the disclosures to be made by a guarantor in its financial statements about its obligations under certain guarantees and requires the guarantor to recognize a liability for the fair value of an obligation assumed under a guarantee. The initial recognition and measurement provisions of FIN 45 are applicable on a prospective basis to guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002. The disclosure requirements of FIN 45 are effective for financial statements of interim or annual periods ending after December 15, 2002, and were adopted in 1st Source's 2002 Annual Report. Implementation of the remaining provisions of FIN 45 during the first quarter of 2003 did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities: In April 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 149, "Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." This statement amends and clarifies financial accounting and reporting for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts. The provisions in this Statement require that contracts with comparable characteristics be accounted for similarly. The provisions of SFAS No. 149 are effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003, and for hedging relationships designated after June 30, 2003. 1st Source does not expect the requirements of SFAS No. 149 to have a material impact on the results of operations or financial position.

Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity: In May 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity." This Statement establishes standards on the classification and measurement of certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liability and equity. SFAS No. 150 is effective for all financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and to all other instruments that exist as of the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. 1st Source does not expect the requirements of SFAS No. 150 to have an impact on the results of operations or financial position.

#### Note 3. Reserve for Loan Losses

The reserve for loan losses is maintained at a level believed to be adequate by management to absorb probable losses inherent in the loan portfolio. The determination of the reserve requires significant judgment reflecting management's best estimate of probable loan losses related to specifically identified loans as well as probable losses in the remainder of the various loan portfolios. The methodology for assessing the appropriateness of the reserve consists of several key elements, which include: specific reserves for identified special attention loans (classified loans and leases and internal watch list credits), percentage allocations for special attention loans without specific reserves, formula reserves for each business lending division portfolio including a higher percentage reserve allocation for special attention loans without a specific reserve and reserves for pooled homogenous loans. Management's evaluation is based upon a continuing review of these portfolios, estimates of future customer performance, collateral values and disposition and forecasts of future

economic and geopolitical events, all of which are subject to judgment and will change.

#### Note 4. Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Risk

To meet the financing needs of its customers, 1st Source and its subsidiaries are parties to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in the normal course of business. These off-balance-sheet financial instruments include commitments to originate, purchase and sell loans and standby letters of credit. The instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the consolidated statements of financial condition. 1st Source's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instruments for loan commitments and standby letters of credit is represented by the dollar amount of those instruments. 1st Source uses the same credit policies and collateral requirements in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for onbalance-sheet instruments.

Trustcorp Mortgage Company and 1st Source Bank (Bank), subsidiaries of 1st Source, grant mortgage loan commitments to borrowers, subject to normal loan underwriting standards. The interest rate risk associated with these loan commitments is managed by entering into contracts for future deliveries of loans. Loan commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements.

Letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by 1st Source to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. The credit risk involved and collateral obtained in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan commitments to customers.

As of June 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, 1st Source had commitments outstanding to originate and purchase mortgage loans aggregating \$533.00 million and \$364.00 million, respectively. Outstanding commitments to sell loans aggregated \$286.00 million at June 30, 2003 and \$240.00 million at December 31, 2002. Standby letters of credit totaled \$112.85 million and \$117.21 million at June 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, respectively. Standby letters of credit have terms ranging from six months to one year.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Except for historical information contained herein, the matters discussed in this document express "forward-looking statements." Generally, the words "believe," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "anticipate," "project," "will" and similar expressions indicate forward-looking statements. Those statements, including statements, projections, estimates or assumptions concerning future events or performance, and other statements that are other than statements of historical fact, are subject to material risks and uncertainties. 1st Source cautions readers not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. 1st Source may make other written or oral forward-looking statements from time to time. Readers are advised that various important factors could cause 1st Source's actual results or circumstances for future periods to

differ materially from those anticipated or projected in such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, but are not limited to, changes in law; regulations or accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; 1st Source's competitive position within its markets served; increasing consolidation within the banking industry; unforeseen changes in interest rates; unforeseen changes in loan prepayment assumptions; unforeseen downturns in or major events affecting the local, regional or national economies or the industries in which 1st Source has credit concentrations; and other matters discussed in 1st Source's filings with the SEC, including its Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2002, which filings are available from the SEC. 1st Source undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements.

The following management's discussion and analysis is presented to provide information concerning the financial condition of 1st Source as of June 30, 2003, as compared to December 31, 2002, and the results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with 1st Source's consolidated financial statements and the financial and statistical data appearing elsewhere in this report and 1st Source's 2002 Annual Report.

#### **FINANCIAL CONDITION**

1st Source's assets at June 30, 2003 were \$3.29 billion, down 3.32% from December 31, 2002. Total loans were down 3.70% and total deposits decreased 2.55% over the comparable figures at the end of 2002.

Nonperforming assets at June 30, 2003, were \$58.18 million compared to \$64.12 million at December 31, 2002 and \$69.83 million at March 31, 2003, a decrease of 9.26% and 16.68%, respectively. Nonperforming assets decreased due to the liquidation of repossessions and a decrease in truck non-accrual loans. This decrease was offset by an increase in aircraft non-accrual loans. At June 30, 2003, nonperforming assets were 2.67% of net loans and leases compared to 2.65% at December 31, 2002.

At June 30, 2003, other assets consisted of \$27.03 million in intangible assets, \$26.79 million in cash surrender value of corporate owned life insurance, \$19.14 million in originated and purchased mortgage servicing rights, \$13.45 million in accrued interest receivable, \$12.58 million in repossessions, \$4.80 million in other real estate and \$27.84 million in all other assets.

#### **CAPITAL**

As of June 30, 2003, total shareholders' equity was \$317.17 million, up 2.50% from the \$309.43 million at December 31, 2002. The 1st Source equity-to-assets ratio was 9.63% as of June 30, 2003, compared to 9.08% at December 31, 2002. Book value per common share rose to \$15.05 at June 30, 2003, up from \$14.77 at December 31, 2002.

1st Source declared and paid dividends per common share of \$0.09 during the second quarter of 2003. The dividend payout ratio, representing dividends per share divided by earnings per share, was 40.91% for the second quarter of 2003. The dividend payout is continually reviewed by management and the Board of Directors.

The banking regulators have established guidelines for leverage capital requirements, expressed in terms of Tier 1 or core capital as a percentage of average assets, to measure the soundness of a financial institution. These guidelines require all banks to maintain a minimum leverage capital ratio of 4.00% for adequately capitalized banks and 5.00% for well-capitalized banks. 1st Source's leverage capital ratio was 10.38% at June 30, 2003.

The Federal Reserve Board has established risk-based capital guidelines for U.S. banking organizations. The guidelines establish a conceptual framework calling for risk weights to be assigned to on and off-balance sheet items in arriving at risk-adjusted total assets, with the resulting ratio compared to a minimum standard to determine whether a bank has adequate capital. The minimum standard risk-based capital ratios effective in 2003 are 4.00% for adequately capitalized banks and 6.00% for well-capitalized banks for Tier 1 risk-based capital and 8.00% and 10.00%, respectively, for total risk-based capital. 1st Source's Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio on June 30, 2003 was 12.46% and the total risk-based capital ratio was 13.80%.

#### LIQUIDITY AND INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY

The Bank's liquidity is monitored and closely managed by the Asset/Liability Committee (ALCO), whose members are comprised of the Bank's senior management. Asset and liability management includes the management of interest rate sensitivity and the maintenance of an adequate liquidity position. The purpose of interest rate sensitivity management is to stabilize net interest income during periods of changing interest rates.

Liquidity management is the process by which the Bank ensures that adequate liquid funds are available to meet financial commitments on a timely basis. Financial institutions must maintain liquidity to meet day-to-day requirements of depositors and borrowers, take advantage of market opportunities and provide a cushion against unforeseen needs.

Liquidity of the Bank is derived primarily from core deposit growth, principal payments received on loans, the sale and maturity of investment securities, net cash provided by operating activities, and access to other funding sources. The most stable source of liability funded liquidity is deposit growth and retention of the core deposit base. The principal source of asset funded liquidity is available for sale investment securities, cash and due from banks, federal funds sold, securities purchased under agreements to resell and loans and interest bearing deposits with other banks maturing within one year. Additionally, liquidity is provided by bank lines of credit, repurchase agreements and the ability to borrow from the Federal Reserve Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank.

Close attention is given to various interest rate sensitivity gaps and interest rate spreads. Maturities of rate sensitive assets are relative to the maturities of rate sensitive liabilities and interest rate forecasts. At June 30, 2003, the consolidated statement of financial condition was rate sensitive by \$139.55 million more assets than liabilities scheduled to reprice within one year or approximately 1.08%.

#### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Net income for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2003, was \$4.69 million and \$9.15 million respectively, compared to \$2.77 million and \$6.98 million for the same periods in 2002. Diluted net income per common share was \$0.22 and \$0.43, respectively, for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2003, compared to \$0.13 and \$0.33 for the same periods in 2002. Return on average common shareholders' equity was 5.88% for the six months ended June 30, 2003, compared to 4.53% in 2002. The return on total average assets was 0.56% for the six months ended June 30, 2003 compared to 0.40% in 2002.

The increase in net income for the six months ended June 30, 2003 over the first six months of 2002, was primarily the result of a \$12.11 million decrease in the provision for loan losses and a \$5.65 million increase in mortgage banking income, offset by a \$7.20 million decrease in net interest income, a \$2.54 million increase in salaries and employee benefit expense and a \$3.70 million increase in loan collection and repossession expense. Details of the changes in the various components of net income are further discussed below.

#### **NET INTEREST INCOME**

The taxable equivalent net interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2003, was \$27.50 million, a decrease of 10.56% over the same period in 2002. The net interest margin on a fully taxable equivalent basis' was 3.66% for the three months ended June 30, 2003 compared to 3.90% for the three months ended June 30, 2002. The taxable equivalent net interest income for the six-month period ended June 30, 2003, was \$54.82 million, a decrease of 11.72% over 2002, resulting in a net yield of 3.69%, compared to 3.95% for the same period in 2002.

Total average earning assets decreased 4.73% and 5.48%, respectively, for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2003, over the comparative periods in 2002. Average loan outstandings decreased by 11.70% and 10.95% for the three and six-month periods, compared to the same periods in 2002, due primarily to decreased loan volume in commercial loans secured by transportation and construction equipment. Total average investment securities increased 4.20% and 2.65% for the three and six-month periods over one year ago due to an increase in municipal and other securities which more than offset a decrease in United States treasury securities. Average mortgages held for sale increased 41.38%, as demand for mortgage loans was greater in the second quarter of 2003 due to the interest rate environment. The taxable equivalent yields on total average earning assets were 5.77% and 6.49% for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively, and 5.84% and 6.65% for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

Average interest bearing deposits decreased 10.28% and 10.08% for the three and six month periods, respectively, over the same periods in 2002. The rate on average interest-bearing deposits was 2.41% and 2.99% for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 and 2.48% and 3.13% for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 due to a decrease in public funds and brokered deposits. These higher cost deposits were not pursued due to lower funding needs. The rate on average interest-bearing funds was 2.54% and 2.95% for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, the rate on average interest bearing funds was 2.57% and 3.08%, respectively.

The following table sets forth consolidated information regarding average balances and rates.

## DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY INTEREST RATES AND INTEREST DIFFERENTIAL (Dollars in thousands)

		Three months	s ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,						
		2003		2002			2003			2002		
	Average Balance		rield/ Avera	-	Yield/ Rate	Average Balance	Interest Income/ Expense	Yield/ Rate	Average Balance	Interest Income/ Expense	Yield/ Rate	
ASSETS: Investment securities: Taxable Tax exempt (1) Mtg - Held for Sale Net loans (2 & 3) Other investments  Total Earning Assets  Cash and due from banks Reserve for loan losses Other assets	\$ 504,210 165,963 137,651 2,112,248 93,378 3,013,449 91,161 (62,976) 257,936	2,136 5. 2,141 6.2 34,034 6.4 296 1.2	16% 150 24% 97 46% 2,392 27% 30 77% 3,163	,467 126	6.08% 6.20% 6.99% 1.66%	\$ 498,345 164,870 131,480 2,131,930 68,599 2,995,225 88,583 (62,038) 265,026	\$ 9,244 4,251 3,844 69,019 445 86,802	3.74% 5.20% 5.90% 6.53% 1.31% 5.84%	\$ 497,853 148,263 110,955 2,393,975 17,897 3,168,943 88,860 (59,798) 284,244	\$ 11,322 4,539 3,490 84,987 198 104,536	6.17% 6.34% 7.16% 2.23%	
Total	\$ 3,299,570		\$ 3,477	245		\$ 3,286,796			\$ 3,483,249			
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUIT Interest bearing deposits Short-term borrowings Guaranteed preferred beneficial interest in 1st Source's subordinated debentures Long-term debt	\$ 2,196,935 231,971 54,750 17,305	1,498 2.5 942 6.9	90% 44	,524 \$18,227 ,938 1,211 ,750 794 ,850 213	7.11%	\$ 2,194,050 242,411 54,750 17,400	\$ 26,958 2,763 1,881 385	2.48% 2.30% 6.93% 4.46%	\$ 2,440,126 282,902 44,750 11,877	\$ 37,906 2,528 1,584 424		
Total Interest Bearing Liabilities	2,500,961	15,813 2.5	54% 2,778	,062 20,445	2.95%	2,508,611	31,986	2.57%	2,779,655	42,442	3.08%	
Noninterest bearing deposits Other liabilities Shareholders' equity	428,384 54,290 315,934		91	,547 ,310 ,104		410,223 54,075 313,887			337,168 96,397 310,399			
Total	\$ 3,299,570		\$ 3,477	,245		\$ 3,286,796			\$ 3,483,249			
Net Interest Income		\$ 27,504		30,752	<b>-</b>		\$ 54,816	• •		\$ 62,094		
Net Yield on Earning Assets on a Taxable Equivalent Basis		3.6	66%		3.90%			3.69%			3.95%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Interest income includes the effects of taxable equivalent adjustments, using a 35% rate. Tax equivalent adjustments were \$1,370 in 2003 and \$1,447 in 2002.

Loan income includes fees on loans of \$2,574 in 2003 and \$2,557 in 2002. Loan income also includes the effects of taxable equivalent adjustments, using a 35% rate for 2003 and 2002. The tax equivalent adjustments were \$150 in 2003 and \$153 in 2002.

<sup>(3)</sup> For purposes of this computation, nonaccruing loans are included in the daily average loan amounts outstanding.

#### PROVISION AND RESERVE FOR LOAN LOSSES

The provision for loan losses for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2003, and 2002 was \$4.90 million and \$10.75 million, respectively, and \$10.45 million and \$22.56 million for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Net Charge-offs of \$3.55 million were recorded for the second quarter 2003, compared to \$11.22 million for the same quarter a year ago. Year-to-date net charge-offs of \$6.48 million have been recorded in 2003, compared to net charge-offs of \$22.76 million through June 2002.

In the second quarter 2003, 1st Source experienced moderate improvement in credit quality. Overall delinquencies have decreased, even though there has been a slight increase in construction equipment delinquencies due to bad weather and slow payments to 1st Source from state and municipal governments. Loan delinquencies were down to 1.51% on June 30, 2003, as compared to 2.51% on June 30, 2002, and 1.80% at the end of 2002. Second quarter 2003 net charge-offs increased slightly as compared to first quarter 2003. The reserve for loan losses as a percentage of loans outstanding at the end of the period continued to increase. A summary of loan loss experience during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 is provided below.

	Summary of Reserve for Loan Losses												
	(Dollars in thousands)												
		Three Mo	nths	Ended	Six Months Ended								
		Jun	e 30,			J	lune 3	30,					
	2003			2002		2003		2002					
Reserve for loan losses - beginning balance	\$	61,843	\$	57,892	\$	59,218	\$	57,624					
Charge-offs		(4,453)		(11,696)		(8,123)		(24,435)					
Recoveries		903		474		1,648		1,672					
Net charge-offs		(3,550)		(11,222)		(6,475)		(22,763)					
Provision for loan losses		4,901		10,750		10,451		22,559					
Reserve for loan losses - ending balance	\$	63,194	\$	57,420	\$	63,194	\$	57,420					
Loans outstanding at end of period	\$	2,098,788	\$	2,376,043	\$	2,098,788	\$	2,376,043					
Average loans outstanding during period		2,112,248		2,392,107		2,131,930		2,393,975					
Reserve for loan losses as a percentage of													
loans outstanding at end of period Ratio of net charge-offs during period to		3.01%		2.42%		3.01%		2.42%					
average loans outstanding		0.67%		1.88%		0.61%		1.92%					

#### NONPERFORMING ASSETS

#### Nonperforming assets were as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)

(	 une 30, 2003	Dec	ember 31, 2002	June 30, 2002		
Loans past due 90 days or more	\$ 289	\$	154	\$	411	
Non-accrual loans	41,930		35,664		51,483	
Other real estate	3,213		4,362		3,362	
Repossessions	12,583		21,343		4,591	
Equipment owned under operating leases	168		2,594		1,149	
Total nonperforming assets	\$ 58,183	\$	64,117	\$	60,996	

Nonperforming assets totaled \$58.18 million at June 30, 2003, decreasing 9.26% from \$64.12 million at December 31, 2002 and decreasing 4.62% from \$61.00 million at June 30, 2002. The decrease during the second quarter was primarily related to the liquidation of repossessions and a decrease in truck non-accrual loans offset by an increase in aircraft non-accrual loans. Nonperforming assets as a percentage of total loans and leases increased to 2.67% at June 30, 2003 from 2.65% at December 31, 2002 and 2.45% at June 30, 2002.

Repossessions consist primarily of aircraft, \$10.39 million of the \$12.58 million as of June 30, 2003. These aircraft primarily have come from defaulted loans to air cargo operators and aircraft dealers. There are also automobiles, light trucks, construction equipment and environmental equipment in repossessed assets at June 30, 2003. At the time of repossession, the recorded amount of the loan is written down, if necessary, to the estimated value of the equipment or vehicle by a charge to the reserve for loan losses, unless the equipment is in the process of immediate sale. Subsequent write-downs are included in non-interest expense.

Repossessed assets have a valuation determined by the sales and credit officers or a third party. The estimated value is determined on an orderly liquidation basis. Sources typically include vehicle and equipment dealers, valuation guides and other third parties, including appraisers. A number of variables can lead to a decrease in value after the asset is repossessed. These include deterioration in the market, discovery of new or additional information about the asset, and validity or invalidity of prior liens. Valuation adjustments and net losses upon disposition of repossessions for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 totaled \$2.48 million and \$0.78 million, respectively, and \$2.72 million and \$0.69 million for the six month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

The number of repossessed aircraft continues to decrease. Since the credit problems of early 2002 continued throughout the year, 1st Source finished 2002 having repossessed 35 aircraft. In addition, 1st Source has repossessed another 4 aircraft in 2003. 1st Source has arranged for disposal of 23 planes leaving 16 repossessed aircraft included in repossessed assets as of June 30, 2003.

#### Supplemental Loan Information as of June 30, 2003

(Dollars in thousands)			Other real estate								
	Loan		Loan Non-a			and	Yea	r-to-date			
	OL	itstandings		loans		ssessions	net credit losses				
Commercial and agricultural loans	\$	427,760	\$	3,797	\$	1,877	\$	291			
Truck and automobile financings		486,712		6,764		272		1,725			
Aircraft financing		288,110		9,825		10,392		3,704			
Construction equipment financing		270,582		8,499		1,871		3,060			
Loans secured by real estate		527,047		3,192		344		51			
Consumer loans		98,577		753		1,040		363			
Total	\$	2,098,788	\$	32,830	\$	15,796	\$	9,194			

For financial statements purposes, non-accrual loans are included in loan outstandings, whereas repossessions and other real estate are included in other assets. Net credit losses include net charge-offs on loans and valuation adjustments and gains and losses on disposition of repossessions and defaulted operating leases.

#### NON-INTEREST INCOME

Non-interest income for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 was \$21.92 million and \$17.94 million, respectively, and \$41.96 million and \$36.62 million for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The predominant factor behind the growth in 2003 was mortgage loan servicing and sale income, which reached record levels in both the second quarter and first half of the year.

(Dollars in thousands)		Three Mo	onths Er	nded	Six Months Ended					
		Jun	e 30,		June 30,					
	2003			2002	2003			2002		
Non-interest Income:										
Trust fees	\$	2,736	\$	2,661	\$	5,376	\$	5,321		
Service charges on deposit accounts		3,922		3,684		7,646		7,155		
Mortgage banking		4,094		(46)		7,187		1,538		
Securitization income		922		1,418		1,599		2,539		
Insurance commissions		616		531		1,428		1,057		
Equipment rental income		6,455		7,464		13,226		14,744		
Other income		3,448		2,230		6,050		4,758		
Investment securities and other investment losses		(275)		-		(555)		(488)		
Total Non-interest Income	\$	21,918	\$	17,942	\$	41,957	\$	36,624		

The increase in mortgage banking revenue on both a year-over-year and a quarter-over-quarter basis was driven primarily by heavy origination volumes and higher gains on sales of loans into the secondary market which more than offset mortgage servicing rights impairment. Origination volumes were high as interest rates for new loans were at historically low levels. Mortgage servicing rights impairment was \$3.64 million and \$1.18 million, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002. For the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, mortgage servicing rights impairment was \$5.42 million and \$1.18 million, respectively. The carrying value of mortgage servicing rights was impacted by high prepayment speeds on mortgage loans. The high prepayment speeds were the result of mortgage loan refinancings due to historically low interest rates.

The second quarter and first half of 2003 saw increases in trust fees, service charges on deposit accounts and insurance commission income. Equipment rental income decreased due to the decrease in the operating lease portfolio. Other income increased due to increased trading security account income. Trading account security income may be adversely affected by an increase in interest rates.

Securitization income decreased in the second quarter and first half of 2003 as sales into the securitization decreased, thereby reducing the gain on sale. During the second quarter, 1st Source began liquidating its aircraft and auto rental loan securitization due to a reduced demand for loans and a continued strong deposit base. The 1998 1st Source Master Trust Securitization (Master Trust) was issued in July 1998 with a seven year revolving period followed by scheduled amortization beginning July 2005. It is anticipated the liquidation process will take several years. As a result of an increase in the Master Trust's commercial paper costs and liquidity fees, together with the decision to voluntarily liquidate the Master Trust, 1st Source's second quarter earnings were adversely impacted by a pre-tax impairment charge of \$275,000. This charge was recorded as an other investment loss. As of June 30, 2003, there were \$309.06 million outstanding auto and aircraft loans in the Master Trust as compared to \$387.79 million at December 31, 2002.

#### NON-INTEREST EXPENSE

Non-interest expense for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 was \$37.28 million and \$33.66 million, respectively, and \$72.08 million and \$65.91 million for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The increase in non-interest expense in 2003 was primarily due to increased salaries and employee benefits and increased loan collection and repossession expense.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2003		2002		2003		2002	
Non-interest Expense:									
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	18,290	\$	16,417	9	35,537	\$	32,995	
Net occupancy expense		1,785		1,678		3,649		3,380	
Furniture and equipment expense		2,677		2,626		5,318		5,355	
Depreciation - leased equipment		5,050		5,966		10,408		12,113	
Supplies and communications		1,558		1,594		3,069		3,261	
Business development and marketing expense		854		1,010		1,563		1,610	
Intangible asset amortization		647		625		1,441		838	
Repossession valuation adjustment,									
loan collection and repossession expenses		3,972		1,438		5,570		1,875	
Other expense		2,442		2,310		5,522		4,481	
Total Non-interest Expense	\$	37,275	\$	33,663	9	72,077	\$	65,908	

The increase in salaries and employee benefits on a year-over-year basis reflect increased mortgage commissions of \$1.12 million, incentives of \$0.60 million and group insurance expenses of \$0.31 million. Loan

collection and repossession expense is up substantially as 1st Source continues to work through problem loans and liquidate repossessions. Net occupancy expense, furniture and equipment expense, supplies and communication, business development and marketing expense all remained comparable to 2002 levels. Leased equipment depreciation decreased due to the decrease in the operating lease portfolio. Intangible asset amortization increased for the six months ended June 30, 2003, due to the June 2002 reclassification of certain goodwill to unidentifiable intangible assets in accordance with SFAS No. 147, Acquisitions of Certain Financial Institutions. Other expenses increased primarily due to higher insurance costs and losses on the disposition of leasehold improvements at three branches that were closed as of March 31, 2003.

#### **INCOME TAXES**

The provision for income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 2003, was \$3.58 million, compared to \$1.68 million for the comparable period in 2002. The provision for income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 2003, and 2002, is at a rate which management believes approximates the effective rate for the year.

### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes in market risks faced by 1st Source since December 31, 2002. For information regarding 1st Source's market risk, refer to 1st Source's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002.

### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

1st Source carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of 1st Source's management, including 1st Source's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of 1st Source's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, at June 30, 2003, 1st Source's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in accumulating and communicating to management (including such officers) the information relating to 1st Source (including its consolidated subsidiaries) required to be included in 1st Source's periodic SEC filings.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings.

1st Source and its subsidiaries are defendants in various legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, based upon present information including the advice of legal counsel, the ultimate resolution of these proceedings will not have a material effect on 1st Source's financial condition or results of operations.

#### ITEM 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds

None

#### ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None

ITEM 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

The following actions were taken by the shareholders of 1st Source at the annual shareholders' meeting held April 22, 2003:

#### 1. Election of Directors

The directors named below were re-elected to the board of directors for terms expiring in April 2006, as follows:

<u>Nominee</u>	<u>Votes For</u>	Votes Withheld
William P. Johnson	19,471,748	39,626
Claire P. Skinner	19,471,680	34,833

In addition, the following directors continued in office after the 2003 annual meeting:

#### **Terms Expiring in April 2004:**

#### **Terms Expiring in April 2005:**

Daniel B. Fitzpatrick
Wellington D. Jones III
Dane A. Miller, Ph.D.
Toby S. Wilt

Lawrence E. Hiler Rex Martin Christopher J. Murphy III Timothy K. Ozark

Finally, in July 2003, the Board elected David Bowers as a director to fill a vacancy. Mr. Bowers will stand for re-election at the next annual shareholder's meeting in April 2004.

#### 2. Amendment to 1982 Executive Incentive Plan

An amendment to the 1982 Executive Incentive Plan and the 1982 Restricted Stock Award Plan which would allow the Executive Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors to extend the forfeiture period on issued shares on a discretionary basis was approved, as follows:

	Votes in Favor	Votes Against	Abstentions
ITEM 5.	18,513,836 Other Information.	722,764	280,135

None

#### ITEM 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.

- (a) The following exhibits are filed with this report:
  - 1. Exhibit 99.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a).
  - 2. Exhibit 99.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a).
  - 3. Exhibit 99.3 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 of Chief Executive Officer.
  - 4. Exhibit 99.4 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 of Chief Financial Officer.
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K.

A report on Form 8-K, dated April 30, 2003, was filed under report item numbers 5 and 7, concerning 1st Source's results of operations for the quarter ended March 31, 2003.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

	1st Source Corporation
DATE <u>07/28/03</u>	/s/Christopher J. Murphy III Christopher J. Murphy III Chairman of the Board, President and CEO
DATE <u>07/28/03</u>	/s/ Larry E. Lentych Larry E. Lentych Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer Principal Accounting Officer

#### **CERTIFICATIONS**

- I, Christopher J. Murphy III, Chief Executive Officer, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of 1st Source Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and we have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) (paragraph omitted pursuant to SEC Release Nos. 33-8238 and 34-47986)
  - Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions
    about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on
    such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 28, 2003

/s/ Christopher J. Murphy III Christopher J. Murphy III Chief Executive Officer

#### **CERTIFICATION**

- I, Larry E. Lentych, Chief Financial Officer, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of 1st Source Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and we have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) (paragraph omitted pursuant to SEC Release Nos. 33-8238 and 34-47986)
  - Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions
    about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on
    such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 28, 2003

/s/ Larry E. Lentych Larry E. Lentych Chief Financial Officer

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of 1st Source Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2003, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Christopher J. Murphy III, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By:

/s/ Christopher J. Murphy III Christopher J. Murphy III Chief Executive Officer July 28, 2003

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely for purposes of compliance with 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78r), or otherwise subject to the liability of that section. Such certification will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to 1st Source Corporation and will be retained by 1st Source Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

EXHIBIT 99.4

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of 1st Source Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2003, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Larry E. Lentych, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By:

/s/ Larry E. Lentych Larry E. Lentych Chief Financial Officer July 28, 2003

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely for purposes of compliance with 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78r), or otherwise subject to the liability of that section. Such certification will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to 1st Source Corporation and will be retained by 1st Source Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.