



## Denver Gold Forum

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**Coeur d'Alene Mines Corporation**  
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September 24, 2007

NYSE: CDE  
TSX: CDM  
[www.coeur.com](http://www.coeur.com)

# Building the Undisputed Leader in Silver

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## **Three new mines set to accelerate growth**

- ♦ San Bartolomé – 9 million ounces of annualized silver production commencing in 2008
- ♦ Palmarejo – An average of 10 million ounces of silver production and 115,000 ounces of gold production annually commencing in 2009
- ♦ Kensington – 150,000 ounces of gold production upon resolution of permit status

## **Anticipated annual production of nearly 30 million silver ounces by 2009 with industry-leading low costs**

### **Exploration success and commitment**

- ♦ Consistent track record of mineral reserve growth
- ♦ Highly-prospective land positions in Chile and Argentina
- ♦ Addition of world-class Mexican deposit builds industry-leading resource base

# **Building the Undisputed Leader in Silver** (continued)

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**Increasing cash flow per share**

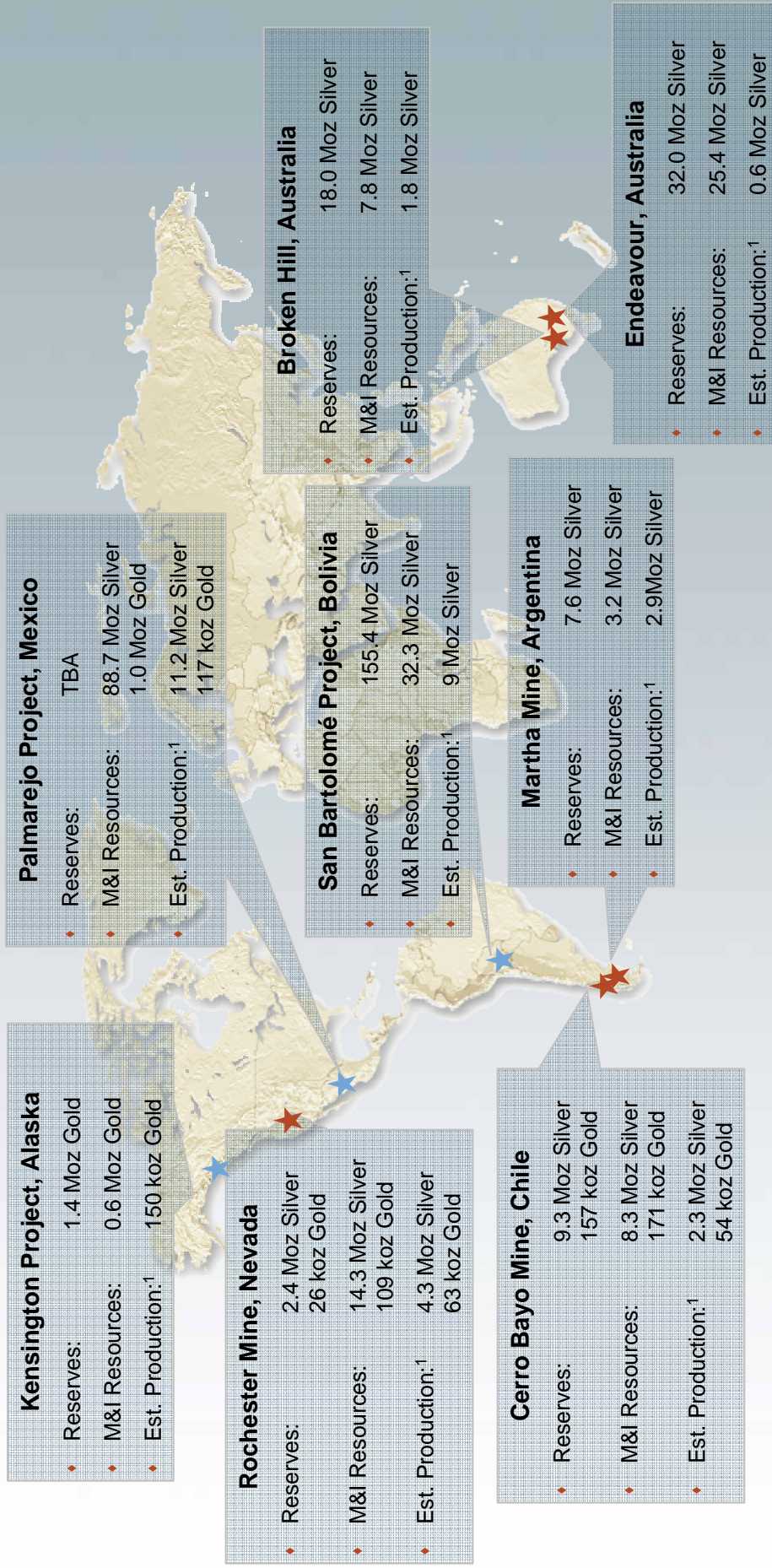
**Sufficient capital in place to deliver growth**

**Strengthened management team to execute strategic growth**

**Highest worker safety standards and environmental stewardship**

**Capitalizing on a strong silver market with very positive fundamentals**

# Strategically Positioned Portfolio



<sup>1</sup> Management estimate of 2007 production except for:

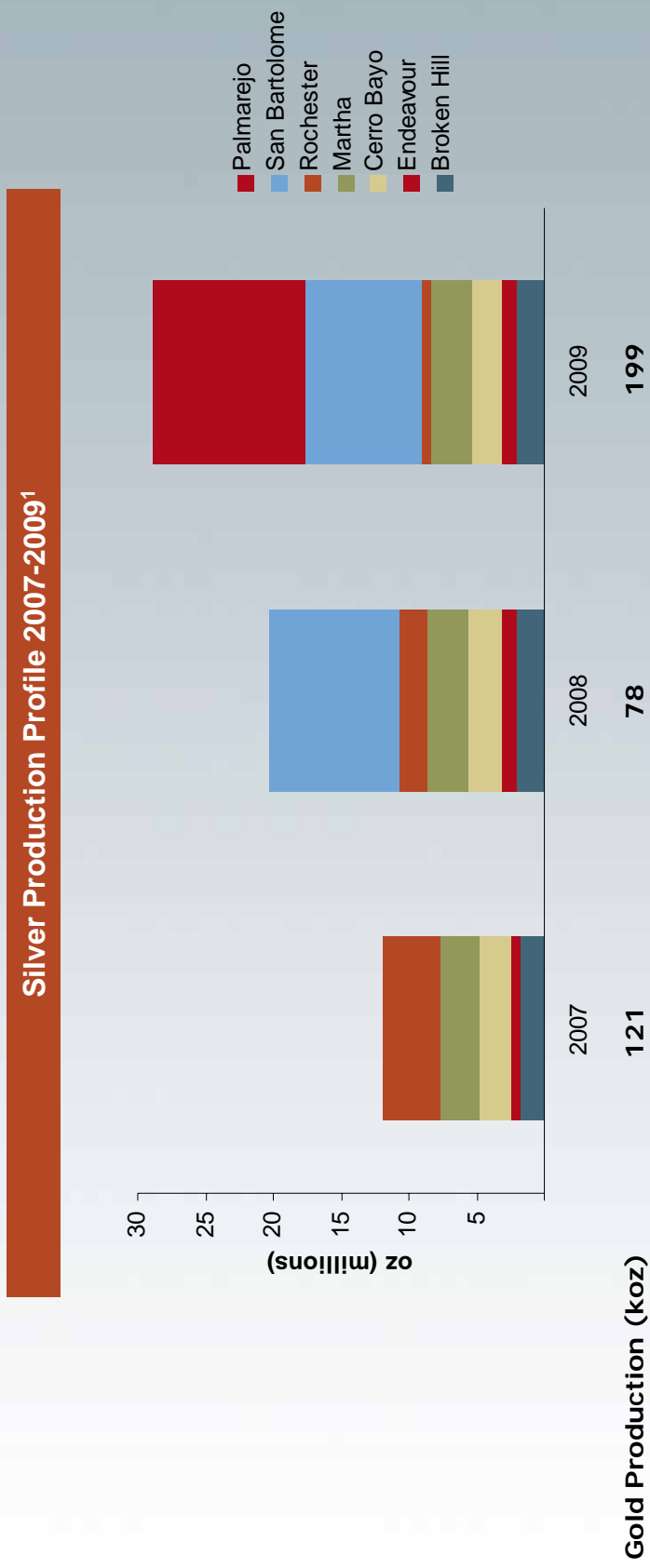
Palmarejo: average of first five years' of production derived from Coeur's Preliminary Assessment of the project

Kensington: life of mine average production once operational

San Bartolomé: life of mine average production once operational

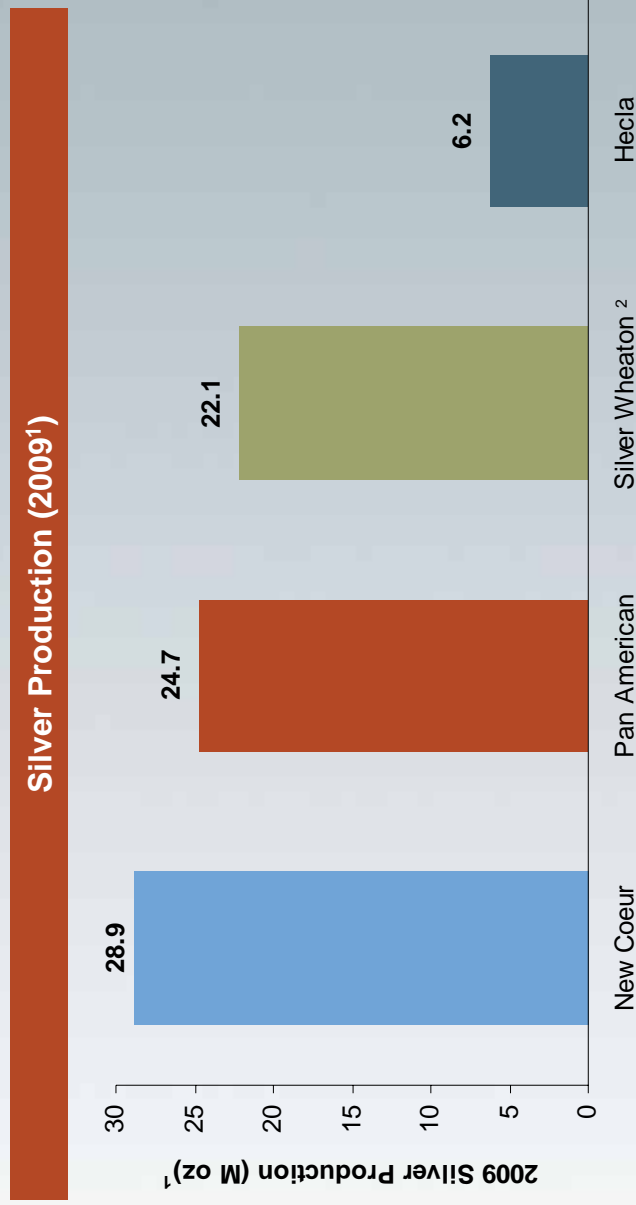


# New Projects Driving Production Growth



<sup>1</sup> Source: Management estimates and Palmarejo technical reports

# Creating Largest Primary Silver Producer



**Gold Production (koz)**

**199**

**0**

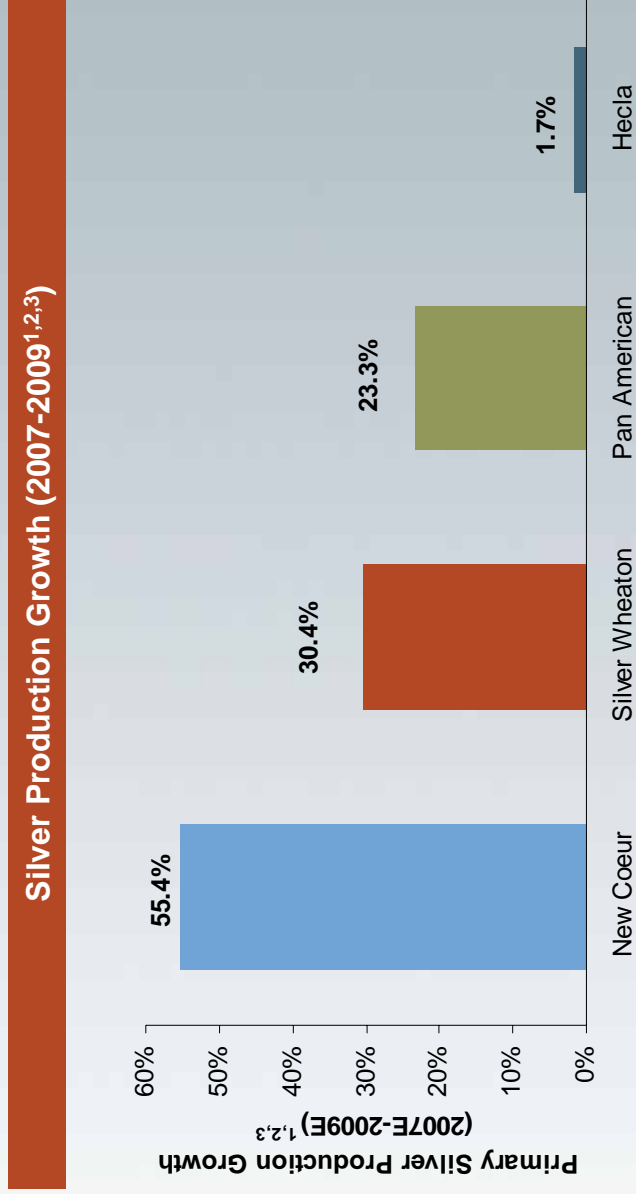
**0**

**124**

Note:

<sup>1</sup> Analyst estimates, does not include base metals. New Coeur production based on management forecast and Palmarejo technical reports.  
<sup>2</sup> Company has announced silver production to increase to 23 million ounces by 2009.

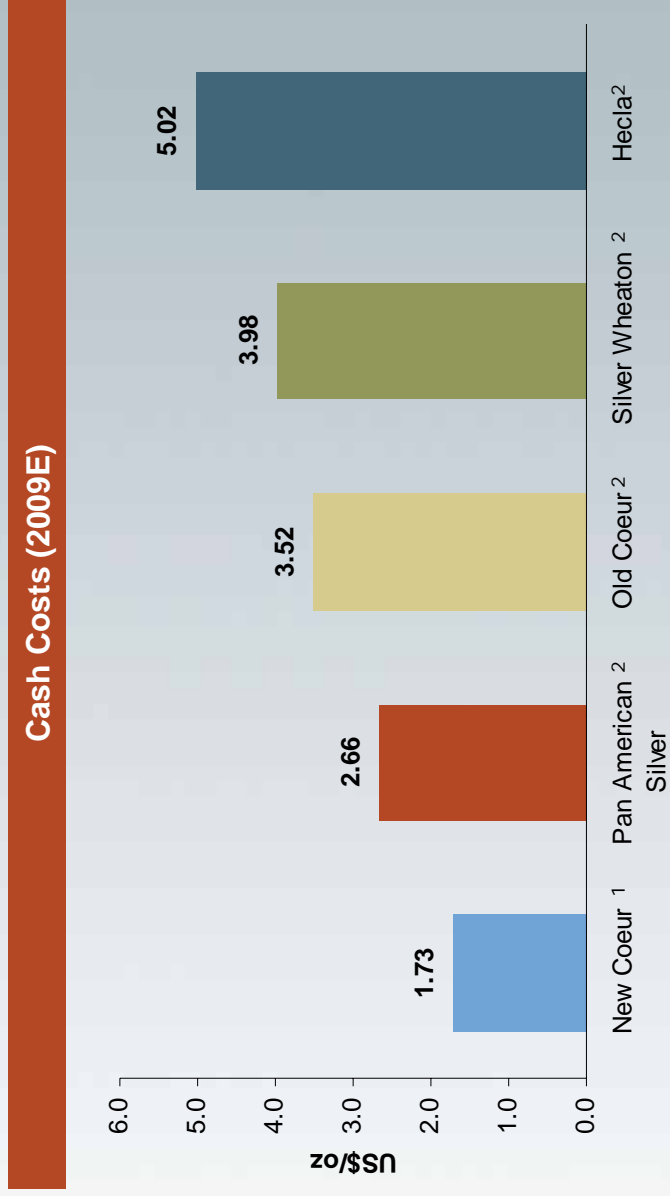
# Generating Industry Leading Growth



**Note:**

- <sup>1</sup> Analyst estimates, does not include base metals.
- <sup>2</sup> Represents compound annual growth rate for 2 years from 2007-2009.
- <sup>3</sup> New Coeur production source: management estimates and Palmarajo mineral resource estimates and all metallurgical and mining studies completed to date.

# Delivering Low-Cost Silver Production



Sources:

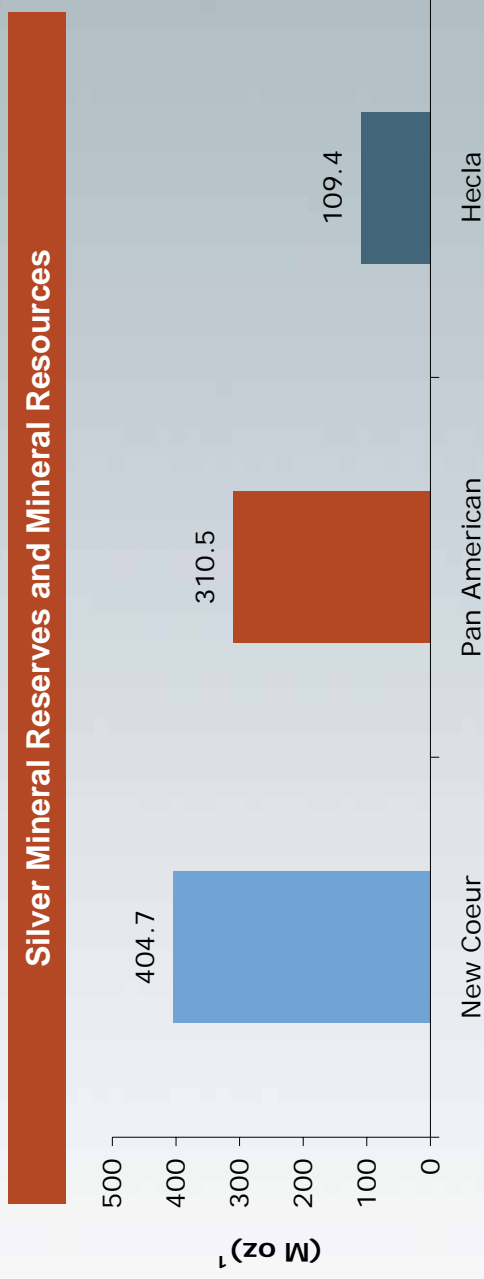
<sup>1</sup> Coeur management estimates, based on Palmarejo mineral resource estimates and all the metallurgical and mining studies completed to date.

<sup>2</sup> Based on analyst estimate.

<sup>3</sup> All cash costs are net of credits



# Leading Silver Resource Base



**Inferred Silver Mineral Resources (M oz)**

Inferred Resources 111.3

**Gold Mineral Resources (koz)**

Inferred 1,141

Measured & Indicated 1,893

**Gold Mineral Reserves (koz)**

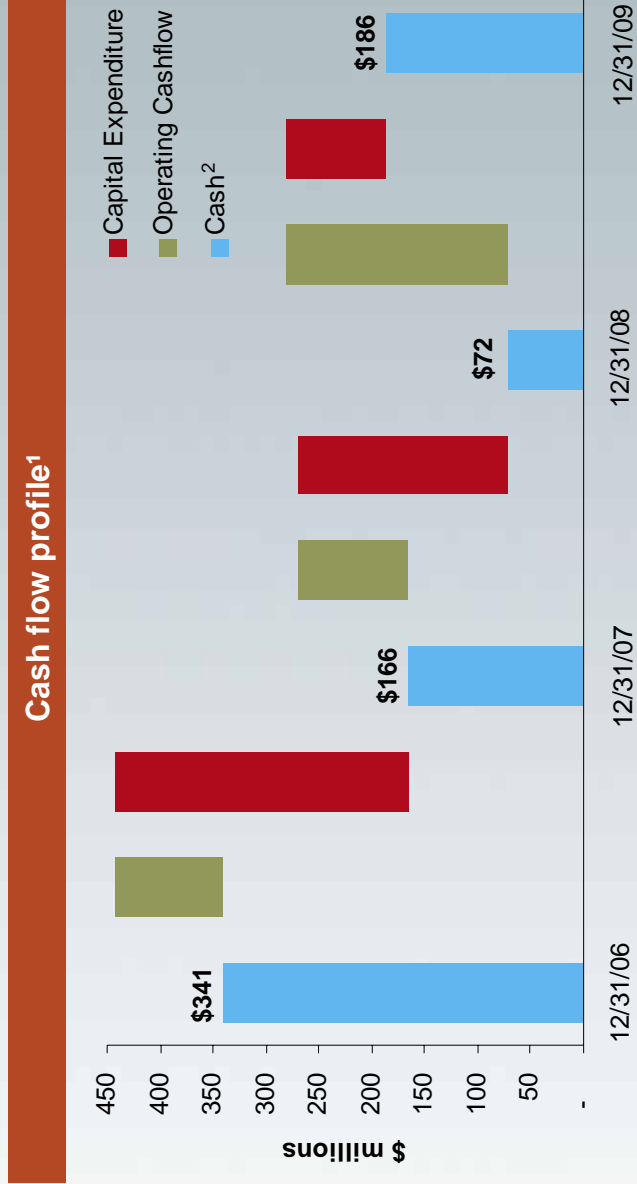
Proven & Probable 1,546

Note:

<sup>1</sup> Company announcements and Sedar filings. Mineral resources refer to measured and indicated mineral resources and are in addition to mineral reserves.



# Sufficient Funds to Execute Growth Plan

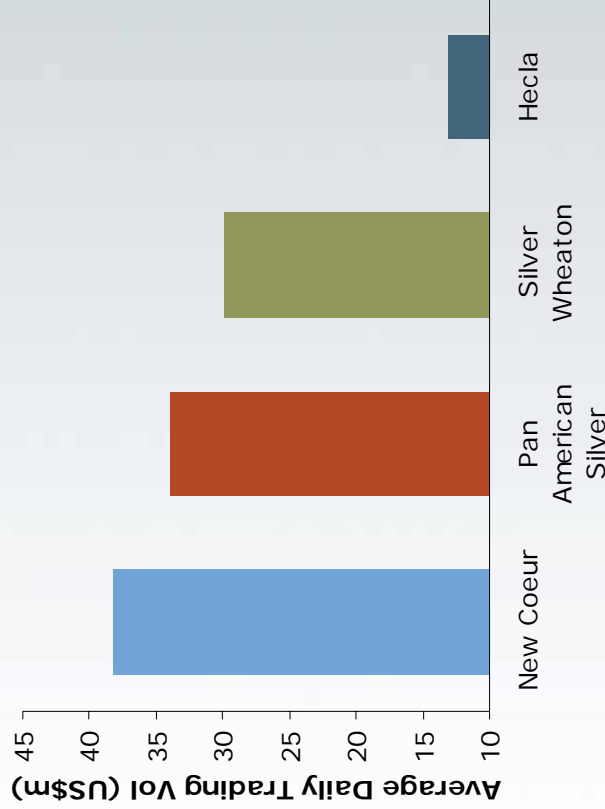


1 Management estimates, based on anticipated startup at San Bartolome in February 2008, at Palmarejo in 2009 and production from Kensington in 2009.  
 Assumptions for Palmarejo based on technical reports. Assumes analyst consensus prices for gold and silver

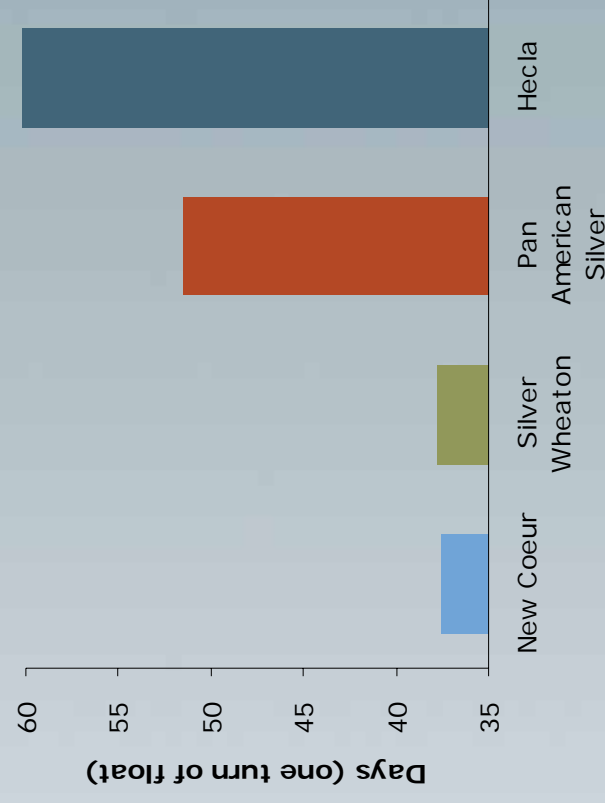
2 Cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities

# Expected to Maintain Market Leading Liquidity

Liquidity – Trading volume



Liquidity – Days to turn float



Source: Bloomberg

- <sup>1</sup> Liquidity calculated by adding average daily volumes by share by exchange for all exchanges where each company listed for the period 28th April 2006 – 27th April 2007.
- <sup>2</sup> Converted prices to USD by using the following exchange rates as at 27th April 2007; AUDUSD: 0.8339 EURUSD: 1.3641 CADUSD: 0.8967.
- <sup>3</sup> New Coeur calculated by combining the historical liquidity of Palmarajo, Bolnisi and Coeur for the period 28th April 2006 – 27th April 2007.



# Dynamic Growth Pipeline

The background features a light blue-to-white gradient. A grid of thin, light blue lines is visible in the lower-left quadrant. A single, solid red vertical line runs down the right side of the page.

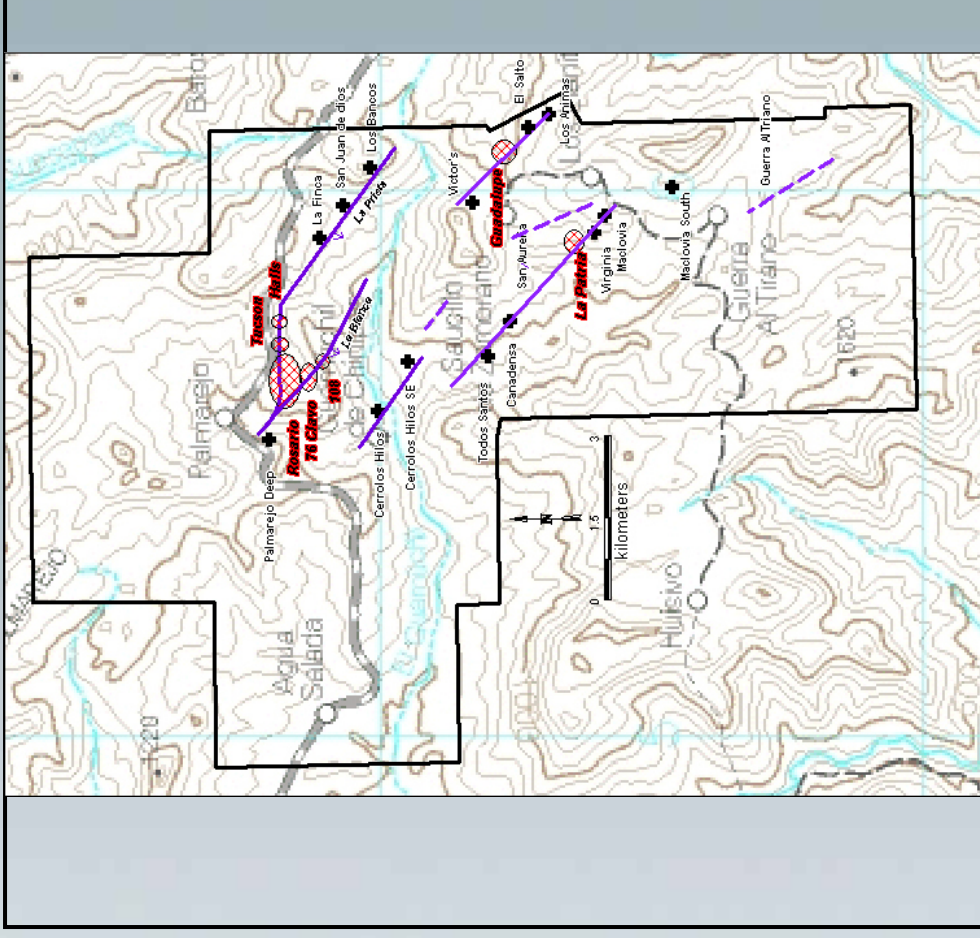
# San Bartolomé Silver Mine

- ◆ Largest pure silver mine in the world
  - Production on schedule for February 2008 startup
  - Initial annual production of 9 million silver ounces
  - Estimated mine life of 14 years
  - Estimated cash costs of \$4.00 per ounce
  - Estimated capex of \$130 million in 2007
- ◆ Safety leader with over 1.3 million man hours without a lost time accident
- ◆ Silver mineral reserves increased by 3.5 million ounces to a total of 155.4 million ounces
  - Additional indicated mineral resources increased to 32.3 million silver ounces from 160,000 ounces
- ◆ Proceeding toward tax certainty
  - Legislation passed by Bolivian lower house, now in front of Senate
  - 50/50 split of net profits; recognition of value added contribution
  - VAT tax and import duty exemptions granted by Bolivian government



# Palmarejo Project Overview

- ◆ Located in Mexico's premier silver district in Chihuahua and the Sierra Madre belt
- ◆ Land holdings cover more than 12,100 hectares
- ◆ Tremendous exploration potential
  - Substantial findings to date
  - Significant potential for future discoveries
- ◆ Current M&I resource
  - 88.7 Moz Ag
  - 1.0 Moz Au
- ◆ Current Inferred resource
  - 61.4 Moz Ag
  - 0.7 Moz Au
- ◆ Initial proven and probable reserves expected at year-end
- ◆ Construction underway
- ◆ Production expected to begin in 2009



# Palmarejo Preliminary Assessment

- ◆ Mine Life<sup>1</sup>
  - ◆ 9 years
- ◆ Mine Throughput (tonnes per day)<sup>1</sup>
  - ◆ 2,000 tonnes underground
  - ◆ 2400 tonnes open pit
- ◆ Initial Capital Costs
  - ◆ \$203 million
- ◆ Life of Mine Capital Costs
  - ◆ \$253 million
- ◆ Estimated Average Annual Production<sup>1</sup>:
  - Open Pit
    - ◆ 5.1 million recovered silver ounces
    - ◆ 41,000 recovered gold ounces
  - Underground
    - ◆ 5.2 million recovered silver ounces
    - ◆ 74,000 recovered gold ounces
  - Total
    - ◆ 10.4 million recovered silver ounces
    - ◆ 115,000 recovered gold ounces
- ◆ Total Est. Avg Operating Costs<sup>1</sup>:
  - ◆ (\$0.41) per recovered silver ounce

Note:

1 Reflects initial five years of mining of Measured and Indicated Resources only; cash costs net of credits

# Kensington Gold Mine

- ◆ Estimated annual production of 150,000 gold ounces in initial years
- ◆ Estimated cash costs of \$310 per gold ounce in early years
- ◆ 10-15 year mine life
- ◆ Estimated capital expenditure of \$238 million; >90% complete
- ◆ All construction activities all complete except for tailings storage facility
  - Environmental groups have announced desire to co-operate on tailings plan
  - Overwhelming community support
- ◆ Recent exploration increased overall grade 25% and added 300,000 ounces to mineral reserves





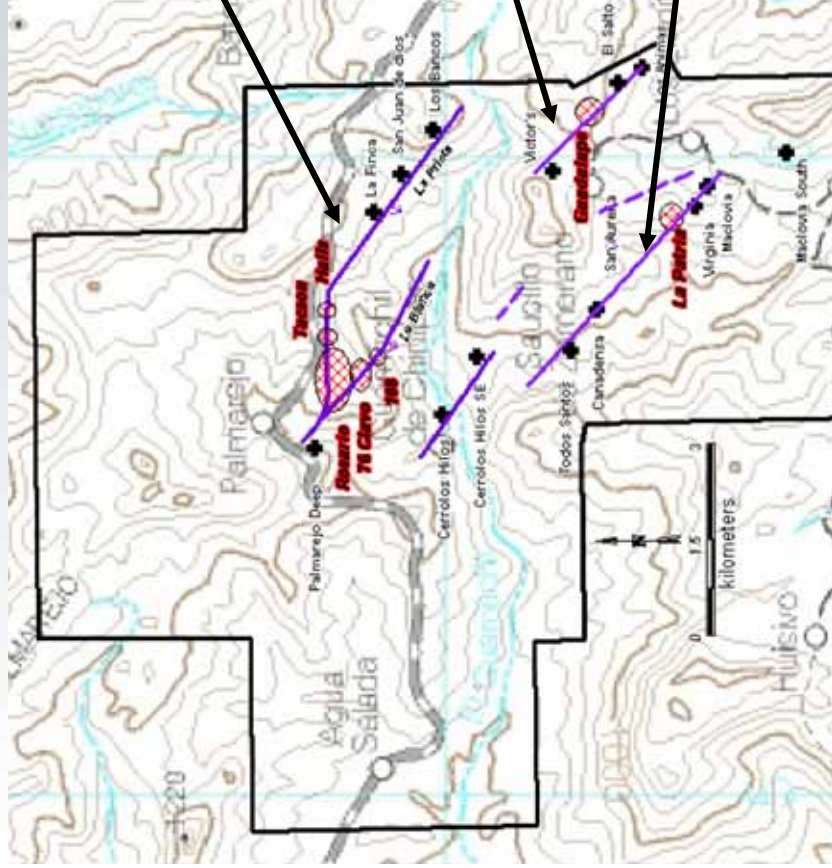
# Solid Track Record of Exploration Success

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- ◆ Outstanding exploration success in past year:
  - 51% increase in silver mineral reserve ounces at Cerro Bayo
  - 25% increase in silver mineral reserve ounces at Martha
  - 29% increase in gold mineral reserve ounces at Kensington
  - 30 million new contained ounces of indicated silver mineral resources at San Bartolome
- ◆ Record exploration budget for 2007 of \$15.7 million
- ◆ Acquired 4 new greenfields in Santa Cruz, Argentina; Aguila, Sol de Mayo, Sascha and Joaquin
  - Total land holdings in the province now +900 sq miles (+2,400 sq kms)
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> phase drilling underway on Aguila to follow up on new gold and silver-bearing vein intersections in phase 1 drilling in the first and second quarters of 2007 and 2<sup>nd</sup> phase planned for Sol de Mayo.

# Palmarejo Offers Significant Additional Exploration Upside

- ◆ \$40m spent to date
- ◆ Only ~30% of Palmarejo tenements have been explored



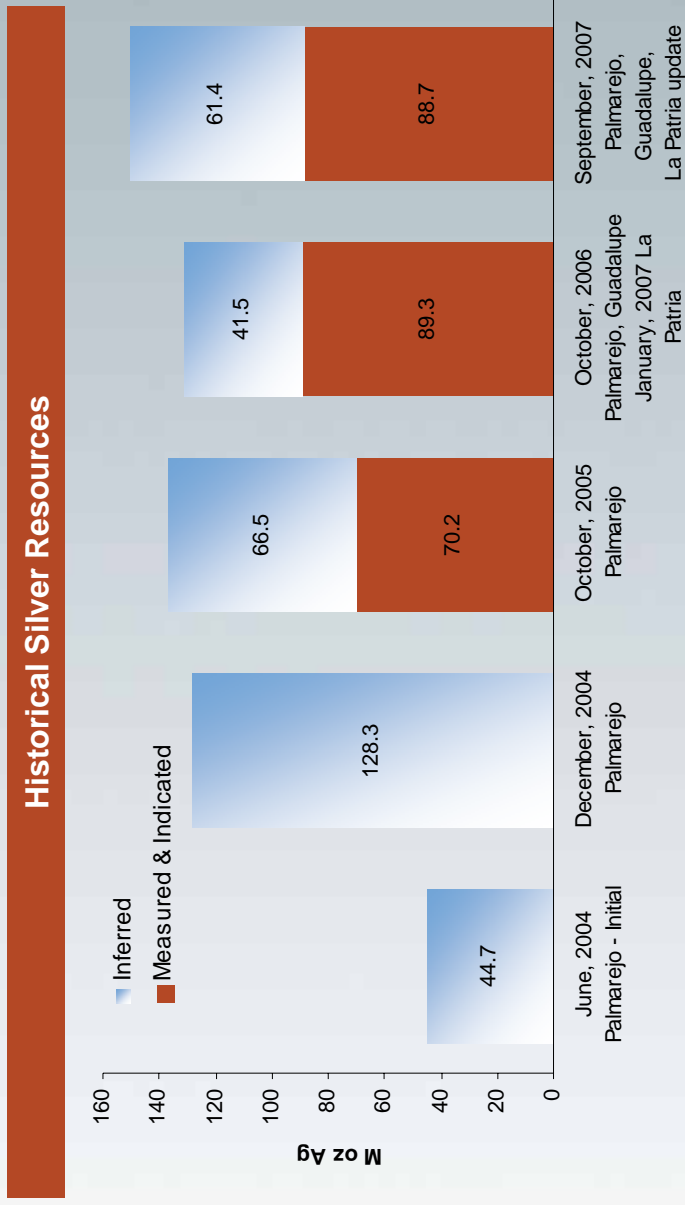
**Palmarejo Trend**  
 Long NW-SE structure  
 Dips SW  
 Multiple ores shoots (clavos)

**Guadalupe Trend**  
 Long NW-SE structure  
 Dips NE  
 Multiple clavos

**La Patria Trend**  
 Higher Au:Ag  
 Near surface potential (+200m)

# Palmarejo Generating Consistent Resource Growth

- ◆ Exploration activities continue to deliver consistent increases to the overall mineral resource base
- ◆ 50% compound annual growth rate in resources since 2004



# Palmarejo Acquisition Update



# Compelling Benefits

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- ◆ Transaction positions the New Coeur as the undisputed leader in silver
- ◆ Coeur gains an important strategic position in Mexico – the world’s leading primary silver mining jurisdiction
- ◆ Silver production growth of 142% and gold production growth of 65% between 2007 and 2009<sup>1</sup>
- ◆ 55% reduction in Coeur’s expected 2009 cash costs after credits<sup>1</sup>
- ◆ Adds substantial exploration/expansion potential
- ◆ Coeur’s underground and open-pit expertise will allow for optimization of the high-grade Palmarejo silver and gold deposits
- ◆ Opportunity for all shareholders to participate in the development of the Palmarejo mine through ownership of New Coeur stock - the world’s premier silver play

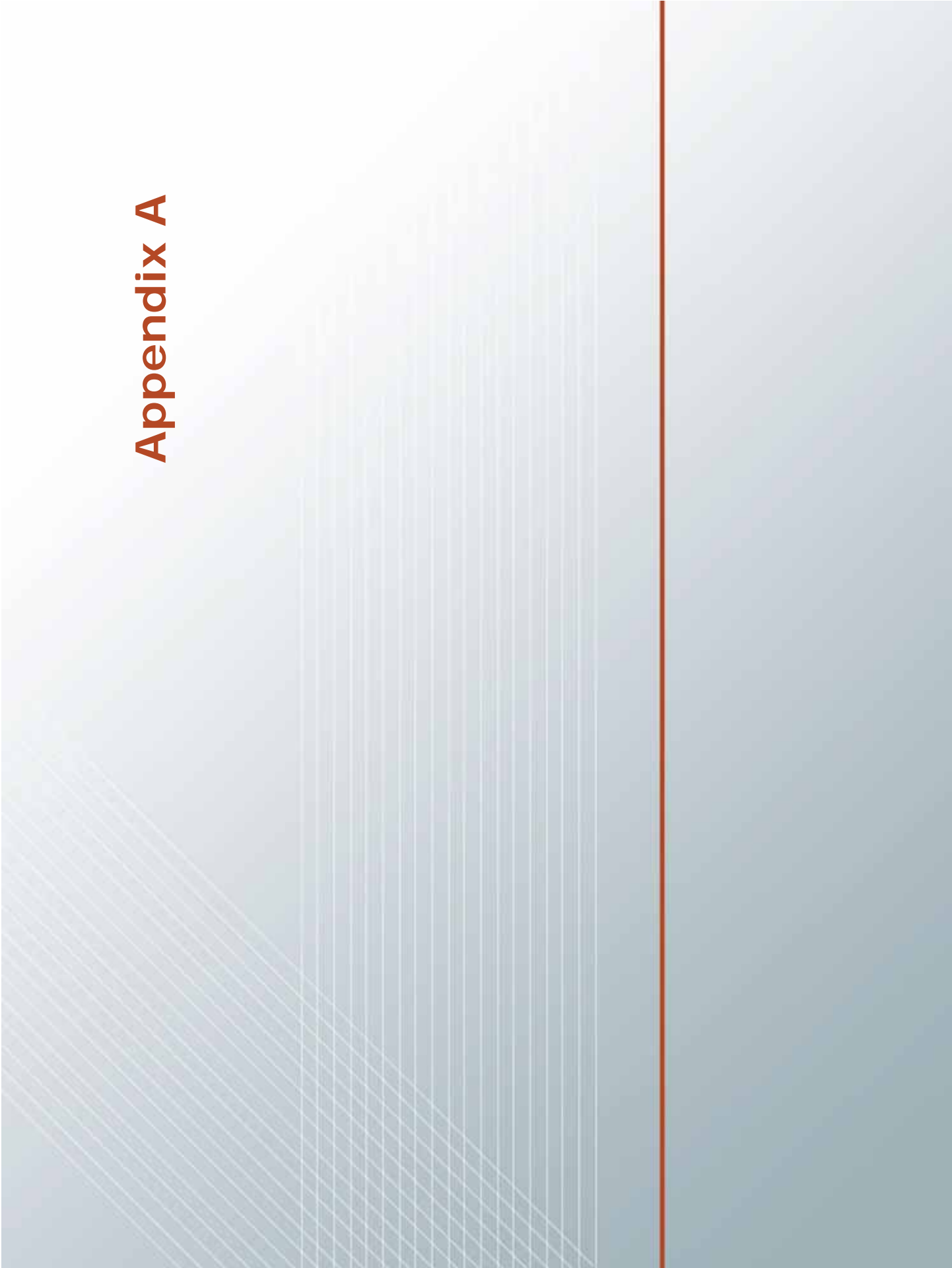
<sup>1</sup> Source: Management estimates and Palmarejo technical reports

# Building The Undisputed Leader In Silver

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- ◆ Three new world-leading mines to accelerate growth
- ◆ Annual production of nearly 30 million silver ounces by 2009
  - Industry-leading silver ounces in 2009
- ◆ Industry-leading low costs
- ◆ Substantial cash flow improvement
  - Increasing cash flow by ~30% per share
- ◆ Financial Strength – sufficient capital in place to deliver growth
- ◆ Strong track record of exploration success and commitment
- ◆ Capitalizing on a strong silver market with very positive fundamentals

# Appendix A



# Cerro Bayo Underground & Open Pit Mine



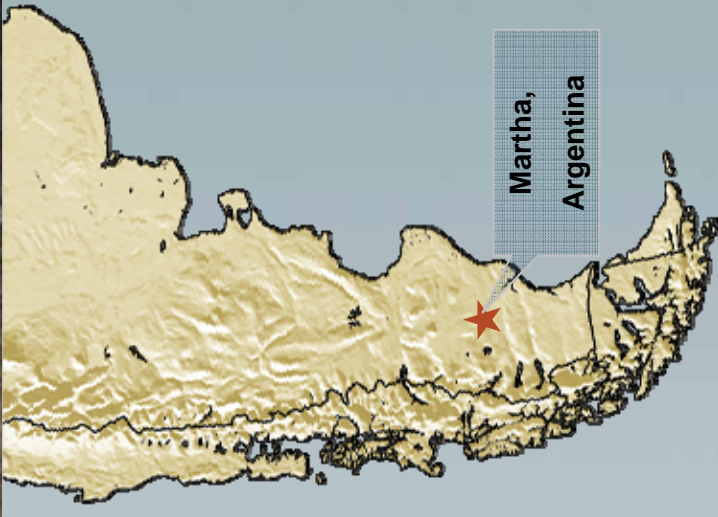
- ◆ 2006 production
  - 2.3 million silver ounces (18% of company total)
  - 41,000 gold ounces (35% of company total)
- ◆ 2006 cash costs
  - US\$3.04 per silver ounce (net credits)
- ◆ Commenced production in June 2002 (3 yrs mineral reserves)
  - Maintained consistent mine life based on mineral reserves, annual discoveries and conversion of resources to reserves
- ◆ Landholding of over 107 square miles (277 square kms)
  - Over 50 major veins discovered to date
  - Consistent track record of discovery to support continued production
- ◆ New discoveries of Dagny, Cascada and Fabiola vein systems
- ◆ Proven and probable silver mineral reserves increased to 9.3 million contained ounces as of June 30<sup>th</sup>, 2007, an increase of 51% compared to 31 December 2006 levels





# Martha Underground Mine

- ◆ 2006 production
  - 2.7 million silver ounces (21% of company total)
  - 3,000 gold ounces (3% of company total)
- ◆ 2006 cash costs
  - US\$4.88 per silver ounce (net credits)
- ◆ Acquired in April 2002 for \$2.5 million with mineral resources of 2.5 million silver ounces
  - Over 11 million silver ounces mined since acquisition
- ◆ 2007 exploration success resulted in 25% increase in proven and probable silver mineral reserves to 7.6 million contained ounces, versus December 31, 2006 levels
- ◆ Presently constructing \$13.9 million 240 tpd, stand-alone mill due to continued exploration success; on track to be completed by end 2007
- ◆ Highest-grade silver property in Coeur's portfolio



# Rochester Open Pit Mine



- ◆ 2006 production
  - 5.1 million silver ounces (40% of company total)
  - 71,900 gold ounces (62% of company total)
- ◆ 2006 cash costs
  - US\$2.80 per silver ounce (net credits)
- ◆ World's largest open pit primary silver mine and eighth largest primary silver mine
- ◆ Mining activities ceased in August 2007
  - Residual leaching to continue to recover metal to 2011 at extremely low cash costs
- ◆ Commenced production in 1986 with five-year mine life
  - Produced over 115 million ounces of silver and over one million ounces of gold during 21 year mine life



◆ New exploration initiative underway to extend mine life through mineral resource conversion, testing of new targets with potential for high-grade silver and gold deposits recovery of ore-grade material from screening and reclamation of waste rock

# Endeavor Underground Mine



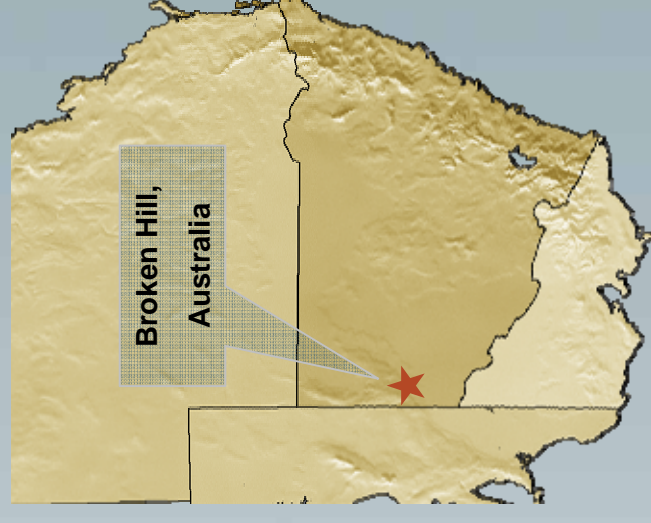
- ◆ 2006 production
  - 0.482 million silver ounces (4% of company total)
- ◆ Acquired silver reserves and production up to 20 million payable silver ounces for US\$39 million in May 2005
  - Generated over US\$9 million of net cash flow to date
- ◆ Acquired for <1.0x NAV, \$3.50/oz TAC, 6.8x EBITDA
- ◆ Zinc/lead/silver mine operated by CBH Resources Ltd
  - Coeur pays CBH US\$1.00 per ounce silver plus smelting and refining costs plus 50% of difference between silver price and US\$7.00 per ounce, payable once Coeur has received 2 million ounces
  - Coeur pays CBH US\$0.25 for additional reserves upon discovery
- ◆ Mineral reserves increased from 23 million ounces of silver at end of 2005 to current level of 32 million ounces – a 39% increase
  - High level of confidence that cap will be reached



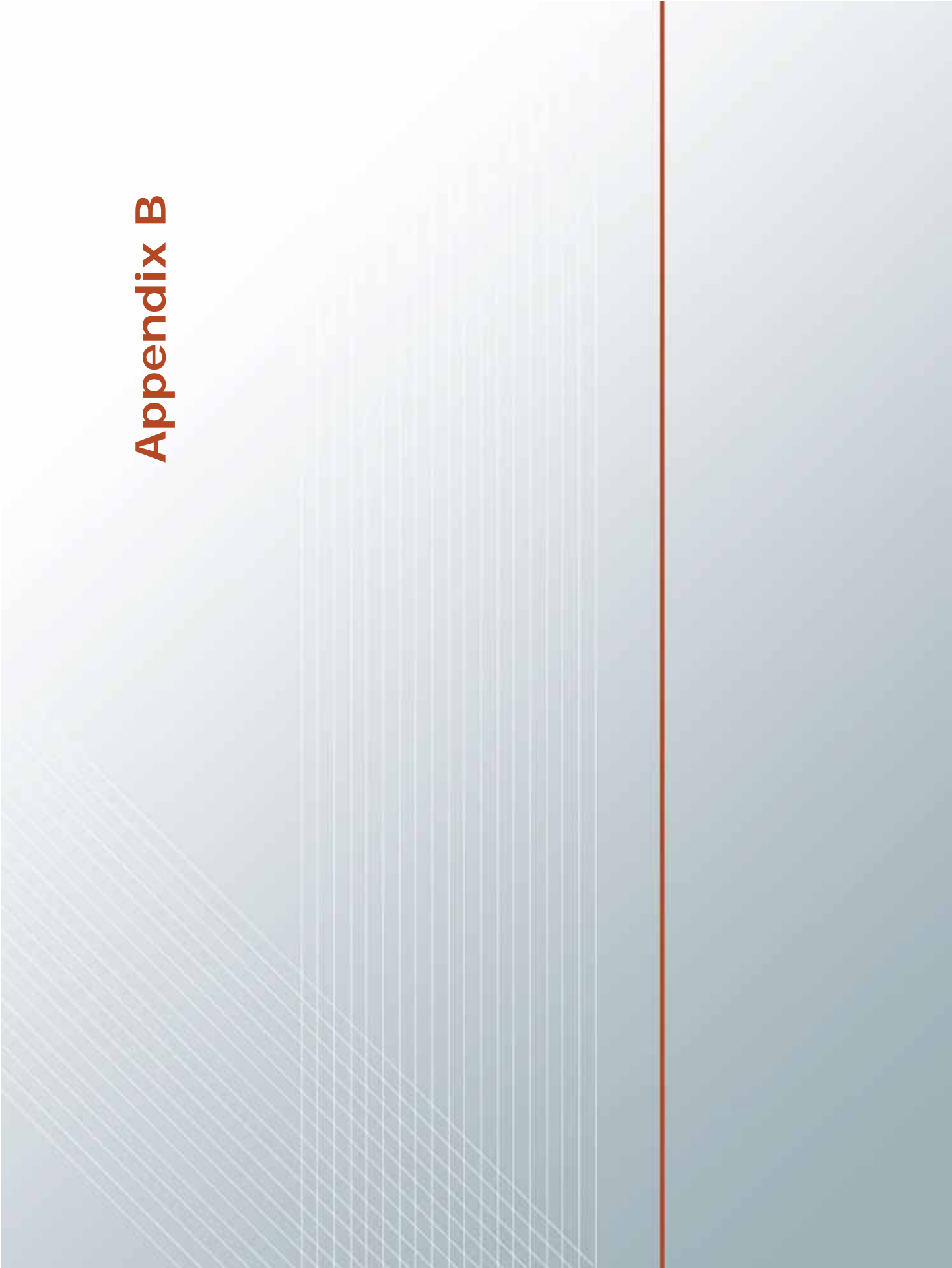
# Broken Hill Underground Mine



- ◆ 2006 production
  - 2.2 million silver ounces (17% of company total)
- ◆ Acquired silver reserves and production up to 17.2 million payable silver ounces for US\$36 million in September 2005
  - Has generated cash flow > 67% of original investment
- ◆ Acquired for <1.0x NAV, \$4.40/oz TAC, 3.1x EBITDA
  - Low-cost production
- ◆ Coeur pays project operator (Perilya Limited) US\$2.00 (indexed) per ounce plus smelting and refining costs, plus a capped incentive linked to production targets
- ◆ Mineral reserves increased from 15 million ounces at year-end 2005 to current level of 18 million ounces – a 20% increase
  - High level of confidence that cap will be reached



# Appendix B

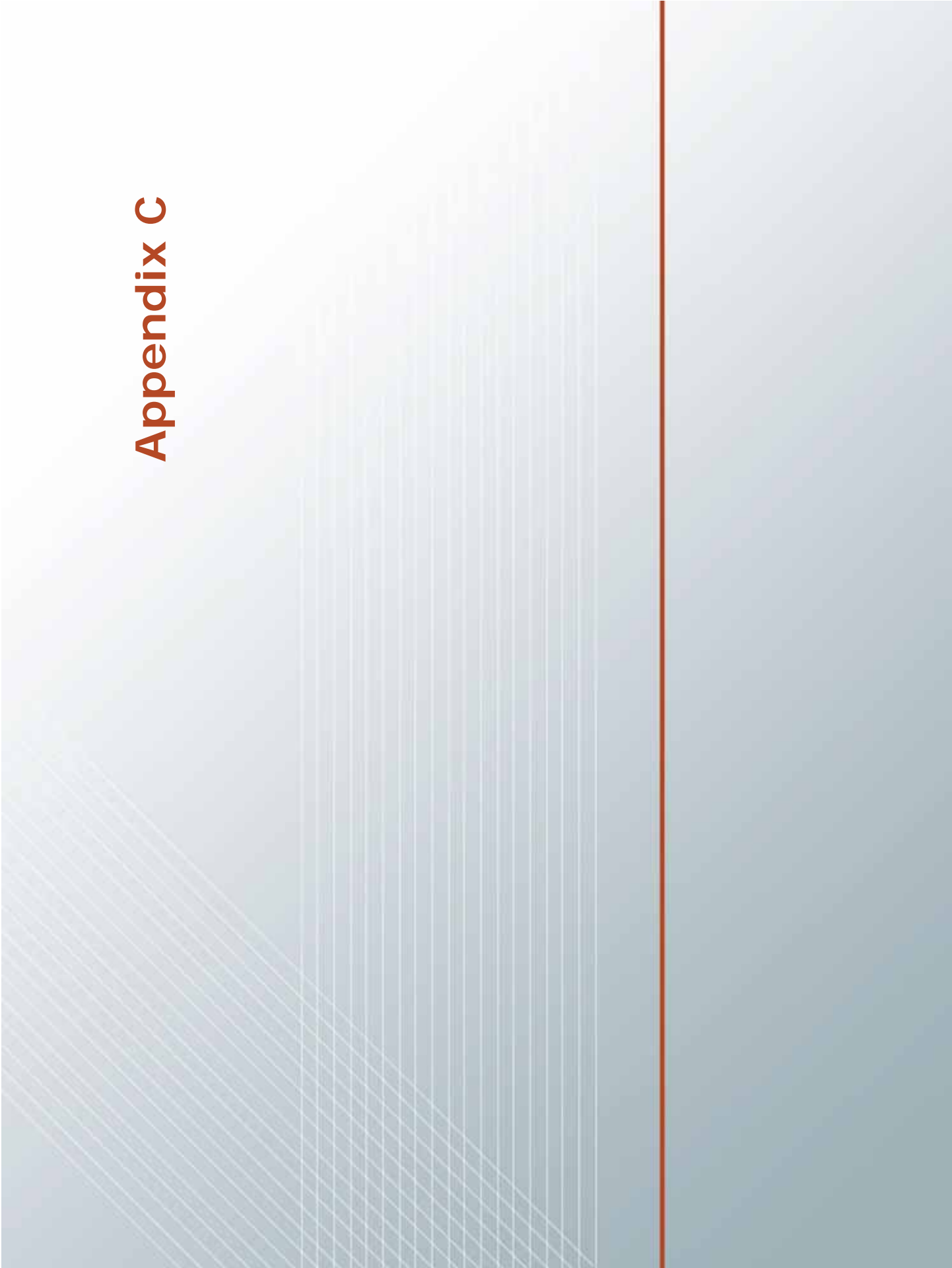


# Strong Fundamentals Underpin Silver

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- ◆ Silver has outperformed gold in the current cycle, driven by favorable fundamentals
- ◆ The silver supply/demand balance in in deficit – for the 15th year running
- ◆ Supply
  - Above ground stocks sharply reduced to only 400Moz, from over 1 Bn oz a decade ago
  - Future mine supply growth is flat, driven by underfunded exploration
  - New mines coming on-stream do not fully replace decline in production from older operations
- ◆ Demand
  - 50% of demand has been from the industrial sector
  - Decline in demand from photographic applications balanced by reduced scrap availability, new demand sources
  - Medical applications are an increasingly important source of demand
  - Silver is the most efficient conductor of electricity, driving electronics applications
  - Renewed interest in Silver from Investors: ETF have amassed >140 Moz (25% of annual worldwide production), and 3 more ETFs planned to launch soon

# Appendix C



# Mineral Reserves; Current

## Proven Mineral Reserves

Property	Location	Short tons (000's)	Grade (oz/ton)		Ounces (000's)	
			Silver	Gold	Silver	Gold
Rochester	Nevada, USA	3,720	0.66	0.007	2,436	26
Cerro Bayo	Chile	598.5	8.38	0.139	5,017	83
Martha	Argentina	33.6	78.70	0.116	2,646	3.9
San Bartolome	Bolivia	-	-	-	-	-
Kensington	Alaska, USA	-	-	-	-	-
Endeavour	Australia	9,700	1.60	-	15,420	-
Broken Hill	Australia	10,060	1.46	-	14,648	-
					<b>40,167</b>	<b>112.9</b>

## Probable Mineral Reserves

Property	Location	Short tons (000's)	Grade (oz/ton)		Ounces (000's)	
			Silver	Gold	Silver	Gold
Rochester	Nevada, USA	-	-	-	-	-
Cerro Bayo	Chile	552.3	7.74	0.134	4,275	74
Martha	Argentina	80.1	61.52	0.082	4,930	6.6
San Bartolome	Bolivia	46,081	3.37	-	155,389	-
Kensington	Alaska, USA	4,419	-	0.306	-	1,352
Endeavour	Australia	11,700	1.40	-	16,563	-
Broken Hill	Australia	2,840	1.18	-	3,368	-
					<b>184,525</b>	<b>1,433</b>

Mineral Reserves correspond to Ore Reserves per US SEC classification. Metal prices used to determine ore reserves were \$8.00/oz. Ag and \$475.00/oz. Au at Rochester; \$10.0/oz Ag at Endeavor, Cerro Bayo and Martha; \$10.12/oz Ag. at Broken Hill; \$8.00/oz Ag at San Bartolome; and \$550/oz Au at Kensington. Endeavor and Broken Hill reserves are as of June 30, 2006. A detailed discussion of the assumptions, parameters, methods and other factors used to calculate the reserves disclosed herein are contained in the most recent technical report for each of the respective properties listed above. The technical reports have been prepared in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 and are available for review on SEDAR.



# Mineral Resources; Current

## Measured Mineral Resource

Property	Location	Short tons (000's)	Grade (oz/ton)		Ounces (000's)	
			Silver	Gold	Silver	Gold
Rochester	Nevada, USA	12,304	0.94	0.007	11,598	88
Cerro Bayo	Chile	459	8.87	0.151	4,070	70
Martha	Argentina	21.5	52.04	0.068	1,125	2
San Bartolome	Bolivia	-	-	-	-	-
Kensington	Alaska, USA	-	-	-	-	-
Endeavour	Australia	3,800	3.00	-	11,259	-
Broken Hill	Australia	2,110	2.31	-	4,870	-
					<b>32,922</b>	<b>160</b>

## Indicated Mineral Resource

Property	Location	Short tons (000's)	Grade (oz/ton)		Ounces (000's)	
			Silver	Gold	Silver	Gold
Rochester	Nevada, USA	2,931	0.92	0.007	2,705	21
Cerro Bayo	Chile	725	5.78	0.139	4,195	101
Martha	Argentina	35.3	80.07	0.078	2,110	2
San Bartolome	Bolivia	11,918	2.71	-	32,340	-
Kensington	Alaska, USA	3,136	-	0.199	-	623
Endeavour	Australia	4,500	3.10	-	14,105	-
Broken Hill	Australia	1,510	1.96	-	2,956	-
					<b>58,411</b>	<b>747</b>

Mineral resources are in addition to mineral reserves and have not demonstrated economic viability. A detailed discussion of the assumptions, parameters, methods and other factors used to calculate the resources disclosed herein are contained in the most recent technical report for each of the respective properties listed above. The technical reports have been prepared in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 and are available for review on SEDAR.

# Mineral Resources; Current

## Inferred Mineral Resource

Property	Location	Short tons (000's)	Grade (oz/ton)		Ounces (000's)	
			Silver	Gold	Silver	Gold
Rochester	Nevada, USA	-	-	-	-	-
Cerro Bayo	Chile	1,145	8.40	0.155	9,606	178
Martha	Argentina	73.9	107.72	0.050	3,374	1.5
San Bartolome	Bolivia	225	1.78	-	400	-
Kensington	Alaska, USA	1,184	-	0.205	-	243
Endeavour	Australia	1,100	2.50	-	2,765	-
Broken Hill	Australia	7,260	4.64	-	33,674	-
					<b>49,819</b>	<b>420</b>

Mineral resources are in addition to mineral reserves and have not demonstrated economic viability. A detailed discussion of the assumptions, parameters, methods and other factors used to calculate the resources disclosed herein are contained in the most recent technical report for each of the respective properties listed above. The technical reports have been prepared in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 and are available for review on SEDAR.

# Mineral Reserves; Year-end 2005

## Proven Mineral Reserves

Property	Location	Short tons (000's)	Grade (oz/ton)		Ounces (000's)	
			Silver	Gold	Silver	Gold
Rochester	Nevada, USA	10,168	0.86	0.011	8,765	113
Cerro Bayo	Chile	439	8.58	0.15	3,764	68
Martha	Argentina	25	58.69	0.08	1,488	2
San Bartolome	Bolivia	-	-	-	-	-
Kensington	Alaska, USA	-	-	-	-	-
Endeavour	Australia	5,512	1.58	-	8,681	-
Broken Hill	Australia	8,522	1.31	-	11,134	-
					<b>33,832</b>	<b>183</b>

## Probable Mineral Reserves

Property	Location	Short tons (000's)	Grade (oz/ton)		Ounces (000's)	
			Silver	Gold	Silver	Gold
Rochester	Nevada, USA	-	-	-	-	-
Cerro Bayo	Chile	496	7.48	0.13	3,712	64
Martha	Argentina	42	61.26	0.08	2,566	3
San Bartolome	Bolivia	46,176	3.29	-	151,882	-
Kensington	Alaska, USA	4,206	-	0.25	-	1,050
Endeavour	Australia	6,614	2.22	-	14,661	-
Broken Hill	Australia	2,998	1.27	-	3,822	-
					<b>176,643</b>	<b>1,117</b>
<b>Proven &amp; Probable</b>					<b>210,475</b>	<b>1,300</b>

Mineral Reserves correspond to Ore Reserves per US SEC classification. Metal prices used to determine ore reserves were \$6.50/oz. Ag and \$410.00/oz. Au except Endeavour which uses a \$7.06/oz Ag. Endeavor and Broken Hill reserves are effective as of June 30, 2005 and March 31, 2005, respectively. A detailed discussion of the assumptions, parameters, methods and other factors used to calculate the reserves disclosed herein are contained in the technical report for each of the respective properties listed above. The technical reports have been prepared in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 and are available for review on SEDAR. All 2005 reserve and resource statements are from continuing operations only.

# Mineral Resources; Year-end 2005

## Measured Mineral Resource

Property	Location	Short tons (000's)	Grade (oz/ton)		Ounces (000's)	
			Silver	Gold	Silver	Gold
Rochester	Nevada, USA	11,734	1.03	0.01	12,051	117
Cerro Bayo	Chile	660	6.42	0.13	4,237	85
Martha	Argentina	25	38.46	0.05	975	1
San Bartolome	Bolivia	-	-	-	-	-
Kensington	Alaska, USA	-	-	-	-	-
Endeavour	Australia	5,291	2.13	-	11,267	-
Broken Hill	Australia	5,655	1.84	-	10,407	-
					<b>38,937</b>	<b>203</b>

## Indicated Mineral Resource

Property	Location	Short tons (000's)	Grade (oz/ton)		Ounces (000's)	
			Silver	Gold	Silver	Gold
Rochester	Nevada, USA	3,912	1.03	0.01	4,018	39
Cerro Bayo	Chile	1,558	3.72	0.08	5,797	122
Martha	Argentina	17	31.21	0.04	516	1
San Bartolome	Bolivia	70	2.29	-	160	-
Kensington	Alaska, USA	617	-	0.44	-	269
Endeavour	Australia	1,102	2.39	-	2,636	-
Broken Hill	Australia	1,742	1.72	-	3,002	-
					<b>16,129</b>	<b>431</b>
					<b>55,066</b>	<b>634</b>

## Measured and Indicated

Mineral resources are in addition to mineral reserves and have not demonstrated economic viability. A detailed discussion of the assumptions, parameters, methods and other factors used to calculate the resources disclosed herein are contained in the most recent technical report for each of the respective properties listed above. The technical reports have been prepared in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 and are available for review on SEDAR. All 2005 reserve and resource statements are from continuing operations only.

# Mineral Resources; Year-end 2005

## Inferred Mineral Resource

Property	Location	Short tons (000's)	Grade (oz/ton)		Ounces (000's)	
			Silver	Gold	Silver	Gold
Rochester	Nevada, USA	-	-	-	-	-
Cerro Bayo	Chile	1,895	8.13	0.11	15,414	212
Martha	Argentina	93	49.8	0.06	4,611	5
San Bartolome	Bolivia	1,096	3.52	-	3,851	-
Kensington	Alaska, USA	2,499	-	0.23	-	584
Endeavour	Australia	2,094	1.6	-	3,360	-
Broken Hill	Australia	3,428	2.17	-	7,429	-
					<b>34,665</b>	<b>801</b>

Mineral resources are in addition to mineral reserves and have not demonstrated economic viability. A detailed discussion of the assumptions, parameters, methods and other factors used to calculate the resources disclosed herein are contained in the most recent technical report for each of the respective properties listed above. The technical reports have been prepared in accordance with Canadian National Instrument 43-101 and are available for review on SEDAR. All 2005 reserve and resource statements are from continuing operations only.

# Resources: Palmarejo

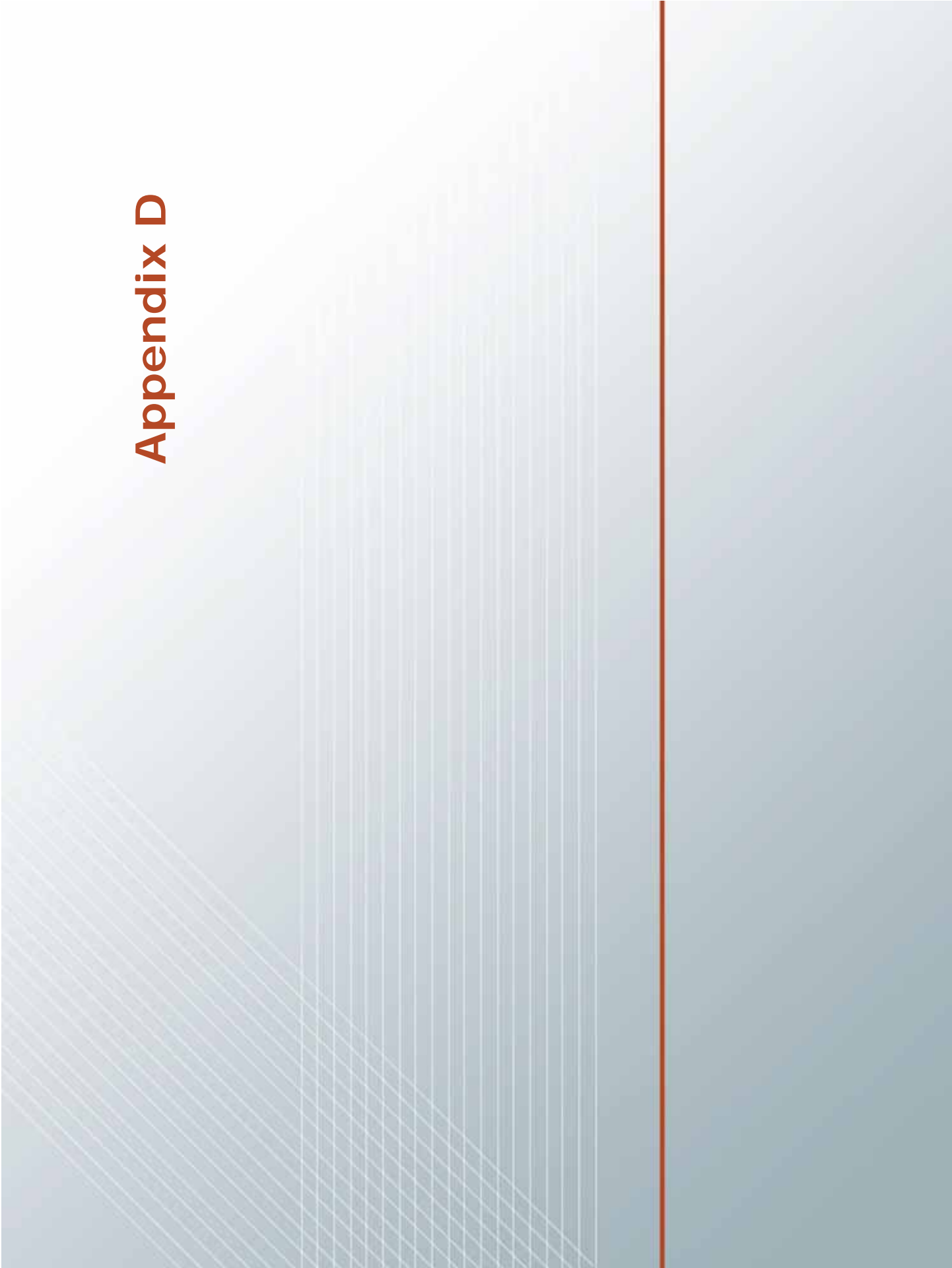
## Resources

	Palmarejo <sup>1</sup>		Guadalupe <sup>2</sup>		La Patria <sup>3</sup>	
	Silver (Oz)	Gold (Oz)	Silver (Oz)	Gold (Oz)	Silver (Oz)	Gold (Oz)
Measured	32,520,000	367,000	0	0	0	0
Indicated	52,390,000	571,000	3,790,000	49,000	0	0
Inferred	22,290,000	203,000	35,120,000	345,000	4,030,000	171,000

**Note:**

- <sup>1</sup> Source: Palmarejo Updated Resource Statement – September 2007 - A 0.8 g/t AuEq cutoff has been applied to Palmarejo - only those blocks with higher interpolated grade than these cutoffs have been included in the resource statement above.
- <sup>2</sup> Source: Palmarejo Updated Resource Statement – September 2007 – 0.8 g/t AuEq cutoff has been applied to Guadalupe above 1300 m elevation. A 2.5 g/t AuEq cutoff has been applied to Guadalupe below 1300 m elevation. Only those blocks with higher interpolated grade than this cutoff have been included in the resource statement above.
- <sup>3</sup> Source: Palmarejo Updated Resource Statement – September 2007 – A 0.8 g/t AuEq cut-off has been applied to the La Patria resource estimate. Only those blocks with higher interpolated grade than this cut-off have been included in the resource statement above.

# Appendix D



# Cautionary Statement

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of securities legislation in the United States and Canada including statements regarding a possible transaction and anticipated operating results. Such statements are subject to numerous assumptions and uncertainties, many of which are outside Coeur's control. Operating, exploration and other statements in this presentation are based on information that Coeur believes is reasonable, but involve significant uncertainties affecting the business of Coeur, including, but not limited to, future gold and silver prices, costs, ore grades, estimation of gold and silver reserves, mining and processing conditions, construction schedules, currency exchange rates, and the completion and/or updating of mining feasibility studies, changes that could result from future acquisitions of new mining properties or businesses, the risks and hazards inherent in the mining business (including environmental hazards, industrial accidents, weather or geologically related conditions), regulatory and permitting matters, risks inherent in the ownership and operation of, or investment in, mining properties or businesses in foreign countries, as well as other uncertainties and risk factors set out in filings made from time to time with the SEC and the Ontario Securities Commission, including, without limitation, Coeur's reports on Form 10-K and Form 10-Q. As disclosed in this presentation, there are risks that the parties will not proceed with the transaction, that the ultimate terms of the transaction will differ from those that currently are contemplated, and that the results, developments and timetables could vary significantly from the estimates presented. Readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Coeur disclaims any intent or obligation to update publicly such forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Additionally Coeur undertakes no obligation to comment on analyses, expectations or statements made by third parties in respect of Coeur, its financial or operating results or its securities or the possible transaction.



# Cautionary Statement

Donald J. Birak, Coeur's Senior Vice President of Exploration, is the qualified person responsible for the preparation or supervision of the scientific and technical information in this document. For a description of the key assumptions, parameters and methods used to estimate mineral reserves and resources, as well as a general discussion of the extent to which the estimates may be affected by any known environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing or other relevant factors, please see the Technical Reports for each of Rochester, Cerro Bayo, Martha, san Bartolome, Kensington, Endeavor and Broken Hill projects as filed on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com). For a description of the key assumptions, parameters and methods used to estimate mineral resources for the Palmarejo project, please see the Technical Reports as filed on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

This presentation uses the terms 'Measured', 'Indicated' and 'Inferred' Resources. U.S. investors are advised that while such terms are recognized and required by Canadian regulations, the Securities and Exchange Commission does not recognise them. 'Inferred Resources' have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence and as to their potential economic and legal feasibility. It cannot be assumed that all or any part of an inferred resource will ever be upgraded to a higher category.

The definitions of proven and probable mineral reserves under Canadian National Instrument 43-101 are substantially identical to the definitions of such ore reserves under Guide 7 of the SEC's Securities Act Industry Guides. Mineral resources are in addition to mineral reserves and have not demonstrated economic viability.

Under Canadian rules, estimates of Inferred Resources may not form the basis of a pre-feasibility or feasibility study. U.S. investors are cautioned not to assume that all or any part of Measured or Indicated Resources will ever be converted into reserves. U.S. investors are also cautioned not to assume that all or any part of an Inferred Mineral Resource exists, or is potentially economical or legally mineable.

# Additional Information

The definitive proxy statement that Coeur plans to file with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and Canadian securities regulators and mail to its shareholders will contain information about Coeur, Bolnisi, Palmarejo, the Palmarejo Project, the proposed transaction and related matters. Shareholders are urged to read the definitive proxy statement carefully when it is available, as it will contain important information that shareholders should consider before making a decision about the proposed transaction. In addition to receiving the definitive proxy statement from Coeur by mail, shareholders will also be able to obtain the definitive proxy statement, as well as other filings containing information about Coeur, without charge, from the SEC’s website ([www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov)) and the Canadian securities regulators’ website ([www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com)) or, without charge, from Coeur. This announcement is neither a solicitation of a proxy, an offer to purchase, nor a solicitation of an offer to sell shares of Coeur. Coeur and its executive officers and directors may be deemed to be participants in the solicitation of proxies from Coeur’s shareholders with respect to the proposed transaction. Information regarding any interests that Coeur’s executive officers and directors may have in the proposed transaction will be set forth in the definitive proxy statement. The Coeur shares to be issued in the proposed transaction have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration or an applicable exemption from registration requirements. Coeur intends to issue such Coeur shares pursuant to the exemption from registration set forth in Section 3(a)(10) of the Securities Act.

Copies of the acquisition agreements and certain related documents will be filed with Canadian securities regulators and will be available at the Canadian SEDAR website at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).