# **VENICE DUCK LLC**

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Unaudited)

# **INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# (UNAUDITED)

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#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT

To the Board of Members Venice Duck LLC Playa Del Rey, California

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of Venice Duck LLC (the "Company,"), which comprise the balance sheet as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, and the related statement of operations, statement of members' equity (deficit), and cash flows for the year ending December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of company management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Accountant's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to conduct the review in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

#### **Accountant's Conclusion**

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Going Concern**

As discussed in Note 8, certain conditions indicate that the Company may be unable to continue as a going concern. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

April 17, 2023

Los Angeles, California

SetApart FS

As of December 31,	 2022	2021
(USD \$ in Dollars)		
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 63	\$ 63
Acccounts Receivable, net	 -	335
Total current assets	63	398
Total assets	\$ 63	\$ 398
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 67,744	\$ 70,944
Credit Cards	1,037	1,918
Total current liabilities	 68,781	72,861
Promissory Notes and Loans	99,008	91,528
Total liabilities	167,789	164,389
MEMBERS' EQUITY		
Members' Equity	(167,725)	(163,991)
Total Members' Equity	 (167,725)	(163,991)
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Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	\$ 63	\$ 398

For Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	 2022	2021
(USD \$ in Dollars)		
Net Revenue	\$ - \$	335
Cost of Goods Sold	-	
Gross profit	-	335
Operating expenses		
General and Administrative	4,614	1,740
Total operating expenses	4,614	1,740
Operating Income/(Loss)	(4,614)	(1,405)
Interest Expense	464	-
Other Loss/(Income)	(1,344)	
Income/(Loss) before provision for income taxes	(3,734)	(1,405)
Provision/(Benefit) for income taxes	=	-
Net Income/(Net Loss)	\$ (3,734) \$	(1,405)

(in , \$US)	<u>N</u>	ty	
Balance—December 31, 2020	\$	\$ (162,58	6)
Net income/(loss)		(1,40	)5)
Balance—December 31, 2021	\$	\$ (163,99	1)
Net income/(loss)		(3,73	4)
Balance—December 31, 2022	\$	\$ (167,72	25)

For Fiscal Year Ended December 31,		2022		2021
(USD \$ in Dollars)				
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income/(loss)	\$	(3,734)	\$	(1,405)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided/(used) by operating activities:				
Accounts Receivable impairment		335		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts Receivable				(335)
Accounts Payable		(3,200)		(2,950)
Credit Cards		(880)		(617)
Net cash provided/(used) by operating activities	,	(7,480)		(5,307)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of Property and Equipment		-		-
Purchases of Intangible Assets		-		-
Net cash provided/(used) in investing activities		-		-
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Borrowing on Promissory Notes and Loans		7,480		4,927
Net cash provided/(used) by financing activities		7,480		4,927
Change in such				(200)
Change in cash		-		(380)
Cash—beginning of year Cash—end of year	\$	63 <b>63</b>	\$	444 <b>63</b>
Casil—Ellu of year	<del>-</del>	- 03	<del>,</del>	03
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION				
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$	464	\$	-
Cash paid during the year for income taxes	\$	-	\$	-
OTHER NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES AND SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES				
Purchase of property and equipment not yet paid for	\$	-	\$	-
Issuance of equity in return for note	\$	-	\$	-
Issuance of equity in return for accrued payroll and other liabilities	\$	-	\$	-

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Venice Duck LLC was formed on May 24, 2011 in the state of California. The financial statements of Venice Duck LLC (which may be referred to as the "Company", "we", "us", or "our") are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The Company's headquarters are located in Playa Del Rey, California.

Venice Duck Brewery (The Duck) is a craft beer company located in Los Angeles, CA, that has been operational since 2014 and distributes through restaurants, bars, and liquor stores throughout California. The Duck consists of three beers: an India Pale Ale, Agave Blonde, and Brown Hemp Ale. Each of the craft beers is packaged in both cans and kegs. The company has recently developed a high-end, organic Hard Seltzer line called "Hina" (Goddess in Polynesian). It consists of four flavors: Yuzu Ginger, Bergamot Lemon Lime, Rose Pistachio, and Lychee Jasmine.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP"). The Company has adopted the calendar year as its basis of reporting.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash in banks. The Company's cash is deposited in demand accounts at financial institutions that management believes are creditworthy. The Company's cash and cash equivalents in bank deposit accounts, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company's cash and cash equivalents did not exceed FDIC insured limits.

#### **Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts**

Accounts receivable are recorded at net realizable value or the amount that the Company expects to collect on gross customer trade receivables. We estimate losses on receivables based on known troubled accounts and historical experience of losses incurred. Receivables are considered impaired and written-off when it is probable that all contractual payments due will not be collected in accordance with the terms of the agreement. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company determined that no reserve was necessary.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Company is taxed as a Limited Liability Company (LLC). Under these provisions, the Company does not pay federal corporate income taxes on its taxable income. Instead, the shareholders are liable for individual federal and state income taxes on their respective shares of the Company's taxable income. The Company has filed all its tax returns from inception through December 31, 2022 and is not yet subject to tax examination by the Internal Revenue Service or state regulatory agencies.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company maintains its cash with a major financial institution located in the United States of America which it believes to be creditworthy. Balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. At times, the Company may maintain balances in excess of the federally insured limits.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

The Company recognizes revenues in accordance with FASB ASC 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, when delivery of goods is the sole performance obligation in its contracts with customers. The Company typically collects payment upon sale and recognizes the revenue when the item has shipped and has fulfilled its sole performance obligation.

Revenue recognition, according to Topic 606, is determined using the following steps:

- 1) Identification of the contract, or contracts, with the customer: the Company determines the existence of a contract with a customer when the contract is mutually approved; the rights of each party in relation to the services to be transferred can be identified, the payment terms for the services can be identified, the customer has the capacity and intention to pay and the contract has commercial substance.
- 2) Identification of performance obligations in the contract: performance obligations consist of a promised in a contract (written or oral) with a customer to transfer to the customer either a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer to the customer.
- 3) Recognition of revenue when, or how, a performance obligation is met: revenues are recognized when or as control of the promised goods or services is transferred to customers.

The Company earns revenues from the distribution of beers through restaurants, bars, and liquor stores throughout California

### **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The carrying value of the Company's financial instruments included in current assets and current liabilities (such as cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued expenses approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of such instruments).

# **VENICE DUCK LLC**

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# FOR YEAR ENDED TO DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND DECEMBER 31, 2021

The inputs used to measure fair value are based on a hierarchy that prioritizes observable and unobservable inputs used in valuation techniques. These levels, in order of highest to lowest priority, are described below:

Level 1—Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2—Observable prices that are based on inputs not quoted on active markets but corroborated by market data.

**Level 3**—Unobservable inputs reflecting the Company's assumptions, consistent with reasonably available assumptions made by other market participants. These valuations require significant judgment.

#### COVID-19

In March 2021, the outbreak and spread of the COVID-19 virus was classified as a global pandemic by the World Health Organization. This widespread disease impacted the Company's business operations, including its employees, customers, vendors, and communities. The COVID-19 pandemic may continue to impact the Company's business operations and financial operating results, and there is substantial uncertainty in the nature and degree of its continued effects over time. The extent to which the pandemic impacts the business going forward will depend on numerous evolving factors management cannot reliably predict, including the duration and scope of the pandemic; governmental, business, and individuals' actions in response to the pandemic; and the impact on economic activity including the possibility of recession or financial market instability. These factors may adversely impact consumer and business spending on products as well as customers' ability to pay for products and services on an ongoing basis. This uncertainty also affects management's accounting estimates and assumptions, which could result in greater variability in a variety of areas that depend on these estimates and assumptions, including investments, receivables, and forward-looking guidance.

# **Subsequent Events**

The Company considers events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date, but prior to the issuance of the financial statements to provide additional evidence relative to certain estimates or to identify matters that require additional disclosure. Subsequent events have been evaluated through April 17, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were issued.

#### **Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements**

The FASB issues ASUs to amend the authoritative literature in ASC. There have been a number of ASUs to date, including those above, that amend the original text of ASC. Management believes that those issued to date either (i) provide supplemental guidance, (ii) are technical corrections, (iii) are not applicable to us or (iv) are not expected to have a significant impact on our financial statements.

# 3. MEMBERS' EQUITY

The ownership percentages of the members are as follows:

### As of Year Ended December 31, 2022

Member's name	Ownership percentage
John D.Quinn	15.0%
Markus Biegel	15.0%
Patrick Palmerston	24.0%
John Binder	24.0%
Others	22%
TOTAL	100.0%

#### 4. DEBT

### **Promissory Notes & Loans**

During the years presented, the Company entered into promissory notes & loans agreements. The details of the Company's loans, notes, and the terms are as follows:

						For the Year Ended December 2022 For the Year Ended December 2021										1									
	P	rincipal	Interest	Borrowing		Int	erest	A	Accrued		Current	1	lon-Current		Total	Int	erest	Ac	crued	Cı	irrent	Nor	n-Current		Total
Debt Instrument Name	-	Amount	Rate	Period	Maturity Date	Exp	oense	- 1	nterest		Portion		Portion	Ind	lebtedness	Exp	ense	Int	terest	Po	ortion	F	ortion	Inde	ebtedness
Promissory Note- Bar Melody	\$	9,365	0.00%	4/12/2014	4/12/2025	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,366	\$	9,365	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,366	\$	9,366
Promissory Note- Christian Warren	\$	18,338	0.00%	4/12/2014	4/12/2025	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,338	\$	18,338	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,638	\$	15,638
Promissory Note-Jeanne Fields	\$	6,800	0.00%	4/12/2014	4/12/2025	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,800	\$	6,800	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,800	\$	6,800
Promissory Note- Jen Warren	\$	22,335	0.00%	4/12/2014	4/12/2025	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,335	\$	22,335	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,335	\$	22,335
Promissory Note- John Binder	\$	39,317	0.00%	4/12/2014	4/12/2025	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39,317	\$	39,317	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,537	\$	34,537
Promissory Note- Sean Berry	\$	2,852	0.00%	4/12/2014	4/12/2025	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,852	\$	2,852	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,852	\$	2,852
Total						\$		\$	-	\$		\$	99,008	\$	99,007	\$	-	\$				\$	91,528	\$	91,528

The summary of the future maturities is as follows:

# As of Year Ended December 31, 2022

2023	\$ -
2024	-
2025	99,008
2026	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 99,008

# 5. RELATED PARTY

On April 12, 2014, the Company entered into a Promissory Note agreement with Christian Warren, one of the founders and members of the Company, in the amount of \$18,338. The note bears no interest rate and has a maturity date set on April 12, 2025. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the outstanding balance of the note is \$18,338 and \$15,638, respectively.

On April 12, 2014, the Company entered into a Promissory Note agreement with John Binder, one of the founders and members of the Company, in the amount of \$39,317. The note bears no interest rate and has a maturity date set on April 12, 2025. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the outstanding balance of the note is \$39,317 and \$34,537, respectively.

On April 12, 2014, the Company entered into a Promissory Note agreement with Bar Melody, the Company run by Christian Warren (one of the founders and members of the company), in the amount of \$9,365. The note bears no interest rate and has a maturity date set on April 12, 2025. As of December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021, the outstanding balance of the note is \$9,365.

### 6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Contingencies**

The Company's operations are subject to a variety of local and state regulation. Failure to comply with one or more of those regulations could result in fines, restrictions on its operations, or losses of permits that could result in the Company ceasing operations.

### **Litigation and Claims**

From time to time, the Company may be involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of operations in the normal course of business. As of December 31, 2022, there were no pending or threatened lawsuits that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the results of the Company's operations.

### 7. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events for the period from December 31, 2022 through April 17, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

On February 2, 2023, the Company issued a Convertible Note agreement to certain lenders in the amount of \$25,000. The note bears an interest rate of 10% per annum. The principal amount and all interest shall be repaid in one lump sum not later than 2 (two) years from the Effective Date for a total of \$30,000.

There have been no other events or transactions during this time which would have a material effect on these financial statements.

# 8. GOING CONCERN

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has a net operating loss of \$4,614, an operating cash flow loss of \$7,480, and liquid assets in cash of \$63, which less than a year's worth of cash reserves as of December 31, 2022. These factors normally raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

# **VENICE DUCK LLC**

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# FOR YEAR ENDED TO DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND DECEMBER 31, 2021

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern in the next twelve months following the date the financial statements were available to be issued is dependent upon its ability to produce revenues and/or obtain financing sufficient to meet current and future obligations and deploy such to produce profitable operating results.

Management has evaluated these conditions and plans to generate revenues and raise capital as needed to satisfy its capital needs. During the next twelve months, the Company intends to fund its operations through debt and/or equity financing.

There are no assurances that management will be able to raise capital on terms acceptable to the Company. If it is unable to obtain sufficient amounts of additional capital, it may be required to reduce the scope of its planned development, which could harm its business, financial condition, and operating results. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from these uncertainties.