

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM C

UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

(Mark one.)

- Form C: Offering Statement
- Form C-U: Progress Update
- Form C/A: Amendment to Offering Statement
- Check box if Amendment is material and investors must reconfirm within five business days.
- Form C-AR: Annual Report
- Form C-AR/A: Amendment to Annual Report
- Form C-TR: Termination of Reporting

Name of issuer

OYA Femtech Apparel, Inc.

Legal status of issuer

Form

Corporation

Jurisdiction of Incorporation/Organization

Delaware

Date of organization

July 1, 2020

Physical address of issuer

900 W Temple St, Apt 443B, Los Angeles, CA 90012

Website of issuer

www.WearOYA.com

Name of intermediary through which the Offering will be conducted

Seed at the Table

CIK number of intermediary

0001808131

SEC file number of intermediary

007-00230

CRD number, if applicable, of intermediary

005548762

Amount of compensation to be paid to the intermediary, whether as a dollar amount or a percentage of the Offering amount, or a good faith estimate if the exact amount is not available at the time of the filing, for conducting the Offering, including the amount of referral and any other fees associated with the Offering

5.0% of the amount raised

Any other direct or indirect interest in the issuer held by the intermediary, or any arrangement for the intermediary to acquire such an interest

2% of Raise Amount in SAFE Equity

Name of qualified third party "Escrow Agent" which the Offering will utilize

No

Type of security offered

Prime Trust, LLC

Target number of Securities to be offered

N/A

Price (or method for determining price)

\$5,000,000.00

Target offering amount

\$100,000.00

Oversubscriptions accepted:

- Yes
 No

Oversubscriptions will be allocated:

- Pro-rata basis
 First-come, first-served basis
Other: on a First-come, first-served basis

Maximum offering amount (if different from target offering amount)

\$250,000.00

Deadline to reach the target offering amount : 3/1/2022

NOTE: If the sum of the investment commitments does not equal or exceed the target offering amount at the Offering deadline, no Securities will be sold in the Offering, investment commitments will be cancelled and committed funds will be returned.

Current number of employees

	Most recent fiscal year-end	Prior fiscal year-end
Total Assets	\$3,531.88	\$0.00
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$3,177.98	\$0.00
Accounts Receivable	\$0.00	\$0.00
Short-term Debt	\$0.00	\$0.00
Long-term Debt	\$0.00	\$0.00
Revenues/Sales	\$448.82	\$0.00
Cost of Goods Sold	\$4,670.53	\$0.00
Taxes Paid	\$0.00	\$0.00
Net Income	-\$4,926.64	\$0.00

The jurisdictions in which the issuer intends to offer the Securities:

Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District Of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Guam, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virgin Islands, U.S., Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming, American Samoa, and Northern Mariana Islands

Nov 8, 2021

FORM C

Up to \$250,000.00

OYA Femtech Apparel, Inc.



Convertible Notes

This Form C (including the cover page and all exhibits attached hereto, the "Form C") is being furnished by OYA Femtech Apparel, Inc., a Delaware Corporation (the "Company," as well as references to "we," "us," or "our"), to prospective investors for the sole purpose of providing

certain information about a potential investment in Convertible Notes of the Company (the "Securities").

Investors in Securities are sometimes referred to herein as "Purchasers." The Company intends to raise at least \$100,000.00 and up to \$250,000.00 from Investors in the offering of Securities described in this Form C (this "Offering"). The minimum amount of Securities that can be purchased is \$1,000.00 per Investor (which may be waived by the Company or the Co-Issuer, as applicable, each in their sole and absolute discretion). The offer made hereby is subject to modification, prior to sale and withdrawal at any time.

The rights and obligations of the holders of Securities of the Company are set forth below in the section entitled " *The Offering and the Securities--The Securities*". In order to purchase Securities, a prospective investor must complete the subscription process through the Intermediary's platform, which may be accepted or rejected by the Company, in its sole and absolute discretion. The Company has the right to cancel or rescind its offer to sell the Securities at any time and for any reason.

The Offering is being made through Seed at the Table (the "Intermediary"). The Intermediary will be entitled to receive 2% of Raise Amount in SAFE Equity related to the purchase and sale of the Securities.

	Price to Investors	Service Fees and Commissions (1)	Net Proceeds
Minimum Individual Purchase Amount	\$1,000.00	\$70	\$930.00
Aggregate Minimum Offering Amount	\$100,000.00	\$7,000.00	\$93,000.00
Aggregate Maximum Offering Amount	\$250,000.00	\$17,500.00	\$232,500.00

(1) This excludes fees to the Company's advisors, such as attorneys and accountants.

(2) Seed at the Table will receive 2% of Raise Amount in SAFE Equity in connection with the Offering.

A crowdfunding investment involves risk. You should not invest any funds in this Offering unless you can afford to lose your entire investment. In making an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the issuer and the terms of the Offering, including the merits and risks involved. These Securities have not been recommended or approved by any federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, these authorities have not passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of any Securities offered or the terms of the Offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any Offering document or other materials. These Securities are offered under an exemption from registration; however, neither the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities authority has made an independent determination that

these Securities are exempt from registration. The Company filing this Form C for an offering in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act and pursuant to Regulation CF (§ 227.100 et seq.) must file a report with the Commission annually and post the report on its website at www.WearOYA.com no later than 120 days after the end of the Company's fiscal year and the Co-Issuer's fiscal year. Either of the Company and the Co-Issuer may terminate its reporting obligations in the future in accordance with Rule 202(b) of Regulation CF (§ 227.202(b)) by 1) being required to file reports under Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, 2) filing at least one annual report pursuant to Regulation CF and having fewer than 300 holders of record, 3) filing annual reports for three years pursuant to Regulation CF and having assets equal to or less than \$10,000,000, 4) the repurchase of all the Securities sold in this Offering by the Company or another party, or 5) the liquidation or dissolution of the Company.

The date of this Form C is June 14, 2021.

The Company has certified that all of the following statements are TRUE for the Company in connection with this Offering:

- (1) Is organized under, and subject to, the laws of a State or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia;
- (2) Is not subject to the requirement to file reports pursuant to section 13 or section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d));
- (3) Is not an investment company, as defined in section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-3), or excluded from the definition of investment company by section 3(b) or section 3(c) of that Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-3(b) or 80a-3(c));
- (4) Is not ineligible to offer or sell securities in reliance on section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act (15 U.S.C. 77d(a)(6)) as a result of a disqualification as specified in § 227.503(a);
- (5) Has filed with the Commission and provided to investors, to the extent required, any ongoing annual reports required by law during the two years immediately preceding the filing of this Form C; and
- (6) Has a specific business plan, which is not to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies.

THERE ARE SIGNIFICANT RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES ASSOCIATED WITH AN INVESTMENT IN THE COMPANY AND THE SECURITIES. THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREBY ARE NOT PUBLICLY-TRADED AND ARE SUBJECT TO TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS. THERE IS NO PUBLIC MARKET FOR THE SECURITIES AND ONE MAY NEVER DEVELOP. AN INVESTMENT IN THE COMPANY IS HIGHLY SPECULATIVE. THE SECURITIES SHOULD NOT BE PURCHASED BY ANYONE WHO CANNOT BEAR THE FINANCIAL RISK OF THIS INVESTMENT FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD OF TIME AND WHO CANNOT AFFORD THE LOSS OF THEIR ENTIRE INVESTMENT. SEE THE SECTION OF THIS FORM C ENTITLED "RISK FACTORS."

THESE SECURITIES INVOLVE A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK THAT MAY NOT BE APPROPRIATE FOR ALL INVESTORS.

THIS FORM C DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER IN ANY JURISDICTION IN WHICH AN OFFER IS NOT PERMITTED.

PRIOR TO CONSUMMATION OF THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF ANY SECURITY THE COMPANY WILL AFFORD PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS AN OPPORTUNITY TO ASK QUESTIONS OF AND RECEIVE ANSWERS FROM THE COMPANY, AND ITS MANAGEMENT CONCERNING THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS OFFERING AND THE COMPANY. NO SOURCE OTHER THAN THE INTERMEDIARY HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION OR MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS OTHER THAN THOSE CONTAINED IN THIS FORM C, AND IF GIVEN OR MADE BY ANY OTHER SUCH PERSON OR ENTITY, SUCH INFORMATION MUST NOT BE RELIED ON AS HAVING BEEN AUTHORIZED BY THE COMPANY.

PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS ARE NOT TO CONSTRUE THE CONTENTS OF THIS FORM C AS LEGAL, ACCOUNTING OR TAX ADVICE OR AS INFORMATION NECESSARILY APPLICABLE TO EACH PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR'S PARTICULAR FINANCIAL SITUATION. EACH INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT HIS OR HER OWN FINANCIAL ADVISER, COUNSEL AND ACCOUNTANT AS TO LEGAL, TAX AND RELATED MATTERS CONCERNING HIS OR HER INVESTMENT.

THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREBY WILL HAVE TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS. NO SECURITIES MAY BE PLEDGED, TRANSFERRED, RESOLD OR OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF BY ANY INVESTOR EXCEPT PURSUANT TO RULE 501 OF REGULATION CF. INVESTORS SHOULD BE AWARE THAT THEY WILL BE REQUIRED TO BEAR THE FINANCIAL RISKS OF THIS INVESTMENT FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD OF TIME.

NASAA UNIFORM LEGEND

IN MAKING AN INVESTMENT DECISION INVESTORS MUST RELY ON THEIR OWN EXAMINATION OF THE PERSON OR ENTITY ISSUING THE SECURITIES AND THE TERMS OF THE OFFERING, INCLUDING THE MERITS AND RISKS INVOLVED.

THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN RECOMMENDED BY ANY FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR REGULATORY AUTHORITY. FURTHERMORE, THE FOREGOING AUTHORITIES HAVE NOT CONFIRMED THE ACCURACY OR DETERMINED THE ADEQUACY OF THIS DOCUMENT. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO FOREIGN INVESTORS

IF THE INVESTOR LIVES OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES, IT IS THE INVESTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO FULLY OBSERVE THE LAWS OF ANY RELEVANT TERRITORY OR JURISDICTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN CONNECTION WITH ANY PURCHASE OF THE SECURITIES, INCLUDING OBTAINING REQUIRED GOVERNMENTAL OR OTHER CONSENTS OR OBSERVING ANY OTHER REQUIRED LEGAL OR OTHER FORMALITIES. THE COMPANY RESERVES THE RIGHT TO DENY THE PURCHASE OF THE SECURITIES BY ANY FOREIGN INVESTOR.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO CANADIAN INVESTORS

IF THE INVESTOR LIVES WITHIN CANADA, IT IS THE INVESTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO FULLY OBSERVE THE LAWS OF A CANADA, SPECIFICALLY WITH REGARD TO THE TRANSFER AND RESALE OF ANY SECURITIES ACQUIRED IN THIS OFFERING.

NOTICE REGARDING ESCROW AGENT

NO, THE ESCROW AGENT SERVICING THE OFFERING, HAS NOT INVESTIGATED THE DESIRABILITY OR ADVISABILITY OF AN INVESTMENT IN THIS OFFERING OR THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREIN. THE ESCROW AGENT MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS, WARRANTIES, ENDORSEMENTS, OR JUDGEMENT ON THE MERITS OF THE OFFERING OR THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREIN. THE ESCROW AGENT'S CONNECTION TO THE OFFERING IS SOLELY FOR THE LIMITED PURPOSES OF ACTING AS A SERVICE PROVIDER.

Forward Looking Statement Disclosure

This Form C and any documents incorporated by reference herein or therein contain forward-looking statements and are subject to risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical fact or relating to present facts or current conditions included in this Form C are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements give the Company's current reasonable expectations and projections relating to its financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business. You can identify forward-looking statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. These statements may include words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "project," "plan," "intend," "believe," "may," "should," "can have," "likely" and other words and terms of similar meaning in connection with any discussion of the timing or nature of future operating or financial performance or other events.

The forward-looking statements contained in this Form C and any documents incorporated by reference herein or therein are based on reasonable assumptions the Company has made in light of its industry experience, perceptions of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors it believes are appropriate under the circumstances. As you read and consider this Form C, you should understand that these statements are not guarantees of performance or results. They involve risks, uncertainties (many of which are beyond the Company's control) and assumptions. Although the Company believes that these forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, you should be aware that many factors could affect its actual operating and financial performance and cause its performance to differ materially from the performance anticipated in the forward-looking statements. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any of these assumptions prove incorrect or change, the Company's actual operating and financial performance may vary in material respects from the performance projected in these forward-looking statements.

Any forward-looking statement made by the Company in this Form C or any documents incorporated by reference herein or therein speaks only as of the date of this Form C. Factors or events that could cause our actual operating and financial performance to differ may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for the Company to predict all of them. The Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as may be required by law.

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ONGOING REPORTING

The Company will file a report electronically with the Securities & Exchange Commission annually and post the report on its website, no later than 120 days after the end of the Company's fiscal year.

Once posted, the annual report may be found on the Company's website at: www.WearOYA.com

The Company must continue to comply with the ongoing reporting requirements until:

- (1) the Company is required to file reports under Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act;
- (2) the Company has filed at least three annual reports pursuant to Regulation CF and has total assets that do not exceed \$10,000,000;
- (3) the Company has filed at least one annual report pursuant to Regulation CF and has fewer than 300 holders of record;
- (4) the Company or another party repurchases all of the Securities issued in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act, including any payment in full of debt securities or any complete redemption of redeemable securities; or
- (5) the Company liquidates or dissolves its business in accordance with state law.

About this Form C

You should rely only on the information contained in this Form C. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with information different from that contained in this Form C. We are offering to sell, and seeking offers to buy the Securities only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. You should assume that the information contained in this Form C is accurate only as of the date of this Form C, regardless of the time of delivery of this Form C or of any sale of Securities. Our business, financial condition, results of operations, and prospects may have changed since that date.

Statements contained herein as to the content of any agreements or other document are summaries and, therefore, are necessarily selective and incomplete and are qualified in their entirety by the actual agreements or other documents. The Company will provide the opportunity to ask questions of and receive answers from the Company's management concerning the terms and conditions of the Offering, the Company or any other relevant matters and any additional reasonable information to any prospective Investor prior to the consummation of the sale of the Securities.

This Form C does not purport to contain all of the information that may be required to evaluate the Offering and any recipient hereof should conduct its own independent analysis. The statements of the Company contained herein are based on information believed to be reliable. No warranty can be made as to the accuracy of such information or that circumstances have not changed since the date of this Form C. The Company does not expect to update or otherwise revise this Form C or other materials supplied herewith. The delivery of this Form C at any time does not imply that the information contained herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date of this Form C. This

Form C is submitted in connection with the Offering described herein and may not be reproduced or used for any other purpose.

SUMMARY

The following summary is qualified in its entirety by more detailed information that may appear elsewhere in this Form C and the Exhibits hereto. Each prospective Investor is urged to read this Form C and the Exhibits hereto in their entirety.

OYA Femtech Apparel, Inc. (the "Company") is a Delaware Corporation, formed on July 1, 2020.

The Company is located at 900 W Temple St, Apt 443B, Los Angeles, CA 90012.

The Company's website is www.WearOYA.com.

The information available on or through our website is not a part of this Form C. In making an investment decision with respect to our Securities, you should only consider the information contained in this Form C.

The Business

We sell athleisure apparel and accessories to women looking for healthier clothing. Our products are made in Los Angeles and endorsed by multiple OB / GYNs.

The Offering

Minimum amount of Convertible Notes being offered	N/A
Total Convertible Notes outstanding after Offering (if minimum amount reached)	122,501
Maximum amount of Convertible Notes	1
Total Convertible Notes outstanding after Offering (if maximum amount reached)	122,501
Purchase price per Security	\$5,000,000.00
Minimum investment amount per investor	\$1000.00
Offering deadline	_____
Use of proceeds	See the description of the use of proceeds on page [] hereof.
Voting Rights	See the description of the voting rights on page [] hereof.

RISK FACTORS

Risks Related to the Company's Business and Industry

The development and commercialization of our apparel products is highly competitive.

We face competition with respect to any products that we may seek to develop or commercialize in the future. Our competitors include major companies worldwide. Many of our competitors have significantly greater financial, technical and human resources than we have and superior expertise in research and development and marketing approved products and thus may be better equipped than us to develop and commercialize products. These competitors also compete with us in recruiting and retaining qualified personnel and acquiring technologies. Smaller or early stage companies may also prove to be significant competitors, particularly through collaborative arrangements with large and established companies. Accordingly, our competitors may commercialize products more rapidly or effectively than we are able to, which would adversely affect our competitive position, the likelihood that our products will achieve initial market acceptance and our ability to generate meaningful additional revenues from our products.

We rely on other companies to provide raw materials for our products.

We depend on these suppliers and subcontractors to meet our contractual obligations to our customers and conduct our operations. Our ability to meet our obligations to our customers may be adversely affected if suppliers or subcontractors do not provide the agreed-upon supplies or perform the agreed-upon services in compliance with customer requirements and in a timely and cost-effective manner. Likewise, the quality of our products may be adversely impacted if companies to whom we delegate manufacture of major components or subsystems for our products, or from whom we acquire such items, do not provide raw materials which meet required specifications and perform to our and our customers' expectations. Our suppliers may be less likely than us to be able to quickly recover from natural disasters and other events beyond their control and may be subject to additional risks such as financial problems that limit their ability to conduct their operations. The risk of these adverse effects may be greater in circumstances where we rely on only one or two subcontractors or suppliers for a particular raw material.

We depend on third-party service providers and outsource providers for a variety of services and we outsource a number of our non-core functions and operations.

In certain instances, we rely on single or limited service providers and outsourcing vendors around the world because the relationship is advantageous due to quality, price, or lack of alternative sources. If production or service was interrupted and we were not able to find alternate third-party providers, we could experience disruptions in manufacturing and operations including product shortages, higher freight costs and re-engineering costs. If outsourcing services are interrupted or not performed or the performance is poor, this could impact our ability to process, record and report transactions with our customers and other constituents. Such interruptions in the provision of supplies and/or services could result in our inability to meet customer demand, damage our reputation and customer relationships and adversely affect our business.

Quality management plays an essential role in determining and meeting customer requirements, preventing defects, improving the Company's products and services and maintaining the integrity of the data that supports the safety and efficacy of our products.

Our future success depends on our ability to maintain and continuously improve our quality management program. An inability to address a quality or safety issue in an effective and timely manner may also cause negative publicity, a loss of customer confidence in us or our current or

future products, which may result in the loss of sales and difficulty in successfully launching new products. In addition, a successful claim brought against us in excess of available insurance or not covered by indemnification agreements, or any claim that results in significant adverse publicity against us, could have an adverse effect on our business and our reputation.

Manufacturing or design defects, unanticipated use of our products, or inadequate disclosure of risks relating to the use of the products can lead to injury or other adverse events.

These events could lead to recalls or safety alerts relating to our products (either voluntary or required by governmental authorities) and could result, in certain cases, in the removal of a product from the market. Any recall could result in significant costs as well as negative publicity that could reduce demand for our products. Personal injuries relating to the use of our products can also result in product liability claims being brought against us. In some circumstances, such adverse events could also cause delays in new product approvals. Similarly, negligence in performing our services can lead to injury or other adverse events.

We depend on third party providers, suppliers and licensors to supply some of the hardware, software and operational support necessary to provide some of our services.

We obtain these materials from a limited number of vendors, some of which do not have a long operating history, or which may not be able to continue to supply the equipment and services we desire. Some of our hardware, software and operational support vendors represent our sole source of supply or have, either through contract or as a result of intellectual property rights, a position of some exclusivity. If demand exceeds these vendors' capacity or if these vendors experience operating or financial difficulties or are otherwise unable to provide the equipment or services we need in a timely manner, at our specifications and at reasonable prices, our ability to provide some services might be materially adversely affected, or the need to procure or develop alternative sources of the affected materials or services might delay our ability to serve our customers. These events could materially and adversely affect our ability to retain and attract customers, and have a material negative impact on our operations, business, financial results and financial condition.

The Company's success depends on the experience and skill of the board of directors, its executive officers and key employees.

In particular, the Company is dependent on Patrick Ayers (Head of Partnerships: Nov 2019-Jun 2021, COO: Jun 2021-Present) and and Mitchella Gilbert (CEO: Mar 2019-Present). The Company has or intends to enter into employment agreements with Patrick Ayers and Mitchella Gilbert although there can be no assurance that it will do so or that they will continue to be employed by the Company for a particular period of time. The loss of Patrick Ayers and Mitchella Gilbert or any member of the board of directors or executive officer could harm the Company's business, financial condition, cash flow and results of operations.

We rely on various intellectual property rights, including patents and trademarks in order to operate our business.

Such intellectual property rights, however, may not be sufficiently broad or otherwise may not provide us a significant competitive advantage. In addition, the steps that we have taken to maintain and protect our intellectual property may not prevent it from being challenged, invalidated, circumvented or designed-around, particularly in countries where intellectual property rights are not highly developed or protected. In some circumstances, enforcement may not be

available to us because an infringer has a dominant intellectual property position or for other business reasons, or countries may require compulsory licensing of our intellectual property. Our failure to obtain or maintain intellectual property rights that convey competitive advantage, adequately protect our intellectual property or detect or prevent circumvention or unauthorized use of such property, could adversely impact our competitive position and results of operations. We also rely on nondisclosure and noncompetition agreements with employees, consultants and other parties to protect, in part, trade secrets and other proprietary rights. There can be no assurance that these agreements will adequately protect our trade secrets and other proprietary rights and will not be breached, that we will have adequate remedies for any breach, that others will not independently develop substantially equivalent proprietary information or that third parties will not otherwise gain access to our trade secrets or other proprietary rights.

As we expand our business, protecting our intellectual property will become increasingly important. The protective steps we have taken may be inadequate to deter our competitors from using our proprietary information. In order to protect or enforce our patent rights, we may be required to initiate litigation against third parties, such as infringement lawsuits. Also, these third parties may assert claims against us with or without provocation. These lawsuits could be expensive, take significant time and could divert management's attention from other business concerns. The law relating to the scope and validity of claims in the technology field in which we operate is still evolving and, consequently, intellectual property positions in our industry are generally uncertain. We cannot assure you that we will prevail in any of these potential suits or that the damages or other remedies awarded, if any, would be commercially valuable.

From time to time, third parties may claim that one or more of our products or services infringe their intellectual property rights.

Any dispute or litigation regarding patents or other intellectual property could be costly and time-consuming due to the complexity of our technology and the uncertainty of intellectual property litigation and could divert our management and key personnel from our business operations. A claim of intellectual property infringement could force us to enter into a costly or restrictive license agreement, which might not be available under acceptable terms or at all, could require us to redesign our products, which would be costly and time-consuming, and/or could subject us to an injunction against development and sale of certain of our products or services. We may have to pay substantial damages, including damages for past infringement if it is ultimately determined that our products infringe on a third party's proprietary rights. Even if these claims are without merit, defending a lawsuit takes significant time, may be expensive and may divert management's attention from other business concerns. Any public announcements related to litigation or interference proceedings initiated or threatened against us could cause our business to be harmed. Our intellectual property portfolio may not be useful in asserting a counterclaim, or negotiating a license, in response to a claim of intellectual property infringement. In certain of our businesses we rely on third party intellectual property licenses and we cannot ensure that these licenses will be available to us in the future on favorable terms or at all.

Although dependent on certain key personnel, the Company does not have any key man life insurance policies on any such people.

The Company is dependent on Patrick Ayers and Mitchella Gilbert in order to conduct its operations and execute its business plan, however, the Company has not purchased any insurance policies with respect to those individuals in the event of their death or disability. Therefore, if any of Patrick Ayers and Mitchella Gilbert die or become disabled, the Company will not receive any

compensation to assist with such person's absence. The loss of such person could negatively affect the Company and its operations.

We have not prepared any audited financial statements.

Therefore, you have no audited financial information regarding the Company's capitalization or assets or liabilities on which to make your investment decision. If you feel the information provided is insufficient, you should not invest in the Company.

We are subject to income taxes as well as non-income based taxes, such as payroll, sales, use, value-added, net worth, property and goods and services taxes, in both the U.S. [and various foreign jurisdictions].

Significant judgment is required in determining our provision for income taxes and other tax liabilities. In the ordinary course of our business, there are many transactions and calculations where the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. Although we believe that our tax estimates are reasonable: (i) there is no assurance that the final determination of tax audits or tax disputes will not be different from what is reflected in our income tax provisions, expense amounts for non-income based taxes and accruals and (ii) any material differences could have an adverse effect on our financial position and results of operations in the period or periods for which determination is made.

We are not subject to Sarbanes-Oxley regulations and lack the financial controls and safeguards required of public companies.

We do not have the internal infrastructure necessary, and are not required, to complete an attestation about our financial controls that would be required under Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. There can be no assurance that there are no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the quality of our financial controls. We expect to incur additional expenses and diversion of management's time if and when it becomes necessary to perform the system and process evaluation, testing and remediation required in order to comply with the management certification and auditor attestation requirements.

Changes in employment laws or regulation could harm our performance.

Various federal and state labor laws govern our relationship with our employees and affect operating costs. These laws include minimum wage requirements, overtime pay, healthcare reform and the implementation of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, unemployment tax rates, workers' compensation rates, citizenship requirements, union membership and sales taxes. A number of factors could adversely affect our operating results, including additional government-imposed increases in minimum wages, overtime pay, paid leaves of absence and mandated health benefits, mandated training for employees, increased tax reporting and tax payment requirements for employees who receive tips, a reduction in the number of states that allow tips to be credited toward minimum wage requirements, changing regulations from the National Labor Relations Board and increased employee litigation including claims relating to the Fair Labor Standards Act.

The Company's business operations may be materially adversely affected by a pandemic such as the Coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak.

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus was reported to have surfaced in Wuhan, China, which spread throughout other parts of the world, including the United States. On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) a “Public Health Emergency of International Concern.” On January 31, 2020, U.S. Health and Human Services Secretary Alex M. Azar II declared a public health emergency for the United States to aid the U.S. healthcare community in responding to COVID-19, and on March 11, 2020 the World Health Organization characterized the outbreak as a “pandemic.” COVID-19 resulted in a widespread health crisis that adversely affected the economies and financial markets worldwide. The Company’s business could be materially and adversely affected. The extent to which COVID-19 impacts the Company’s business will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of COVID-19 and the actions to contain COVID-19 or treat its impact, among others. If the disruptions posed by COVID-19 or other matters of global concern continue for an extended period of time, the Company’s operations may be materially adversely affected.

We face risks related to health epidemics and other outbreaks, which could significantly disrupt the Company’s operations and could have a material adverse impact on us.

The outbreak of pandemics and epidemics could materially and adversely affect the Company’s business, financial condition, and results of operations. If a pandemic occurs in areas in which we have material operations or sales, the Company’s business activities originating from affected areas, including sales, materials, and supply chain related activities, could be adversely affected. Disruptive activities could include the temporary closure of facilities used in the Company’s supply chain processes, restrictions on the export or shipment of products necessary to run the Company’s business, business closures in impacted areas, and restrictions on the Company’s employees’ or consultants’ ability to travel and to meet with customers, vendors or other business relationships. The extent to which a pandemic or other health outbreak impacts the Company’s results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of a virus and the actions to contain it or treat its impact, among others. Pandemics can also result in social, economic, and labor instability which may adversely impact the Company’s business.

If the Company’s employees or employees of any of the Company’s vendors, suppliers or customers become ill or are quarantined and in either or both events are therefore unable to work, the Company’s operations could be subject to disruption. The extent to which a pandemic affects the Company’s results will depend on future developments that are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted.

We face risks relating to public health conditions such as the COVID-19 pandemic, which could adversely affect the Company’s customers, business, and results of operations.

Our business and prospects could be materially adversely affected by the COVID-19 pandemic or recurrences of that or any other such disease in the future. Material adverse effects from COVID-19 and similar occurrences could result in numerous known and currently unknown ways including from quarantines and lockdowns which impair the Company’s business including: marketing and sales efforts, supply chain, etc.

If the Company purchases materials from suppliers in affected areas, the Company may not be able to procure such products in a timely manner. The effects of a pandemic can place travel restrictions on key personnel which could have a material impact on the business. In addition, a significant outbreak of contagious diseases in the human population could result in a widespread

health crisis that could adversely affect the economies and financial markets of many countries, resulting in an economic downturn that could reduce the demand for the Company's products and impair the Company's business prospects including as a result of being unable to raise additional capital on acceptable terms to us, if at all.

Maintaining, extending and expanding our reputation and brand image are essential to our business success.

We seek to maintain, extend, and expand our brand image through marketing investments, including advertising and consumer promotions, and product innovation. Increasing attention on marketing could adversely affect our brand image. It could also lead to stricter regulations and greater scrutiny of marketing practices. Existing or increased legal or regulatory restrictions on our advertising, consumer promotions and marketing, or our response to those restrictions, could limit our efforts to maintain, extend and expand our brands. Moreover, adverse publicity about regulatory or legal action against us could damage our reputation and brand image, undermine our customers' confidence and reduce long-term demand for our products, even if the regulatory or legal action is unfounded or not material to our operations.

In addition, our success in maintaining, extending, and expanding our brand image depends on our ability to adapt to a rapidly changing media environment. We increasingly rely on social media and online dissemination of advertising campaigns. The growing use of social and digital media increases the speed and extent that information or misinformation and opinions can be shared. Negative posts or comments about us, our brands or our products on social or digital media, whether or not valid, could seriously damage our brands and reputation. If we do not establish, maintain, extend and expand our brand image, then our product sales, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.

Product safety and quality concerns, including concerns related to perceived quality of ingredients, could negatively affect the Company's business.

The Company's success depends in large part on its ability to maintain consumer confidence in the safety and quality of all its products. The Company has rigorous product safety and quality standards. However, if products taken to market are or become contaminated or adulterated, the Company may be required to conduct costly product recalls and may become subject to product liability claims and negative publicity, which would cause its business to suffer. In addition, regulatory actions, activities by nongovernmental organizations and public debate and concerns about perceived negative safety and quality consequences of certain ingredients in our products may erode consumers' confidence in the safety and quality issues, whether or not justified, and could result in additional governmental regulations concerning the marketing and labeling of the Company's products, negative publicity, or actual or threatened legal actions, all of which could damage the reputation of the Company's products and may reduce demand for the Company's products.

We must correctly predict, identify, and interpret changes in consumer preferences and demand, offer new products to meet those changes, and respond to competitive innovation.

Consumer preferences our products change continually. Our success depends on our ability to predict, identify, and interpret the tastes and habits of consumers and to offer products that appeal to consumer preferences. If we do not offer products that appeal to consumers, our sales and market share will decrease. We must distinguish between short-term fads, mid-term trends, and long-term

changes in consumer preferences. If we do not accurately predict which shifts in consumer preferences will be long-term, or if we fail to introduce new and improved products to satisfy those preferences, our sales could decline. In addition, because of our varied customer base, we must offer an array of products that satisfy the broad spectrum of consumer preferences. If we fail to expand our product offerings successfully across product categories, or if we do not rapidly develop products in faster growing and more profitable categories, demand for our products could decrease, which could materially and adversely affect our product sales, financial condition, and results of operations.

In addition, achieving growth depends on our successful development, introduction, and marketing of innovative new products and line extensions. Successful innovation depends on our ability to correctly anticipate customer and consumer acceptance, to obtain, protect and maintain necessary intellectual property rights, and to avoid infringing the intellectual property rights of others and failure to do so could compromise our competitive position and adversely impact our business.

We are vulnerable to fluctuations in the price and supply of ingredients, packaging materials, and freight.

The prices of the ingredients, packaging materials and freight are subject to fluctuations in price attributable to, among other things, changes in supply and demand of raw materials, crops or other commodities, fuel prices and government-sponsored agricultural and livestock programs. The sales prices to our customers are a delivered price. Therefore, changes in our input costs could impact our gross margins. Our ability to pass along higher costs through price increases to our customers is dependent upon competitive conditions and pricing methodologies employed in the various markets in which we compete. To the extent competitors do not also increase their prices, customers and consumers may choose to purchase competing products or may shift purchases to lower-priced private label or other value offerings which may adversely affect our results of operations.

We use significant quantities of raw materials as well as plastic packaging materials provided by third-party suppliers. We buy from a variety of producers and manufacturers, and alternate sources of supply are generally available. However, the supply and price are subject to market conditions and are influenced by other factors beyond our control. We do not have long-term contracts with many of our suppliers, and, as a result, they could increase prices or fail to deliver. The occurrence of any of the foregoing could increase our costs and disrupt our operations.

Substantial disruption to production at our manufacturing and distribution facilities could occur.

A disruption in production at our manufacturing facility or at our third-party manufacturing facilities could have an adverse effect on our business. In addition, a disruption could occur at the facilities of our suppliers or distributors. The disruption could occur for many reasons, including fire, natural disasters, weather, water scarcity, manufacturing problems, disease, strikes, transportation or supply interruption, government regulation, cybersecurity attacks or terrorism. Alternative facilities with sufficient capacity or capabilities may not be available, may cost substantially more or may take a significant time to start production, each of which could negatively affect our business and results of operations.

Future product recalls or safety concerns could adversely impact our results of operations.

We may be required to recall certain of our products should they be mislabeled, contaminated, spoiled, tampered with or damaged. We also may become involved in lawsuits and legal proceedings if it is alleged that the consumption or use of any of our products causes injury, illness or death. A product recall or an adverse result in any such litigation could have an adverse effect on our business, depending on the costs of the recall, the destruction of product inventory, competitive reaction and consumer attitudes. Even if a product liability or consumer fraud claim is unsuccessful or without merit, the negative publicity surrounding such assertions regarding our products could adversely affect our reputation and brand image. We also could be adversely affected if consumers in our principal markets lose confidence in the safety and quality of our products.

The consolidation of retail customers could adversely affect us.

Retail customers, such as fitness studios and fashion boutiques in our major markets, may consolidate, resulting in fewer customers for our business. Consolidation also produces larger retail customers that may seek to leverage their position to improve their profitability by demanding improved efficiency, lower pricing, increased promotional programs, or specifically tailored products. In addition, larger retailers have the scale to develop supply chains that permit them to operate with reduced inventories or to develop and market their own white-label brands. Retail consolidation and increasing retailer power could adversely affect our product sales and results of operations. Retail consolidation also increases the risk that adverse changes in our customers' business operations or financial performance will have a corresponding material and adverse effect on us. For example, if our customers cannot access sufficient funds or financing, then they may delay, decrease, or cancel purchases of our products, or delay or fail to pay us for previous purchases, which could materially and adversely affect our product sales, financial condition, and operating results.

Evolving tax, environmental, food quality and safety or other regulations or failure to comply with existing licensing, labeling, trade, food quality and safety and other regulations and laws could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition.

Our activities or products, both in and outside of the United States, are subject to regulation by various federal, state, provincial and local laws, regulations and government agencies, including the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, U.S. Federal Trade Commission, the U.S. Departments of Agriculture, Commerce and Labor, as well as similar and other authorities outside of the United States, International Accords and Treaties and others, including voluntary regulation by other bodies. In addition, legal and regulatory systems in emerging and developing markets may be less developed, and less certain. These laws and regulations and interpretations thereof may change, sometimes dramatically, as a result of a variety of factors, including political, economic or social events. The manufacturing, marketing and distribution of food products are subject to governmental regulation that control such matters as food quality and safety, ingredients, advertising, product or production requirements, labeling, import or export of our products or ingredients, relations with distributors and retailers, health and safety, the environment, and restrictions on the use of government programs to purchase certain of our products. We are also regulated with respect to matters such as licensing requirements, trade and pricing practices, tax, anticorruption standards, advertising and claims, and environmental matters. The need to comply with new, evolving or revised tax, environmental, food quality and safety, labeling or other laws or regulations, or new, or changed interpretations or enforcement of existing laws or regulations, may have

an adverse effect on our business and results of operations. Further, if we are found to be out of compliance with applicable laws and regulations in these areas, we could be subject to civil remedies, including fines, injunctions, termination of necessary licenses or permits, or recalls, as well as potential criminal sanctions, any of which could have an adverse effect on our business. Even if regulatory review does not result in these types of determinations, it could potentially create negative publicity or perceptions which could harm our business or reputation.

Significant additional labeling or warning requirements may inhibit sales of affected products.

Various jurisdictions may seek to adopt significant additional product labeling or warning requirements relating to the content or perceived adverse health consequences of our product(s). If these types of requirements become applicable to our product(s) under current or future environmental or health laws or regulations, they may inhibit sales of such products.

Risks Related to the Securities

The Convertible Notes will not be freely tradable until one year from the initial purchase date. Although the Convertible Notes may be tradable under federal securities law, state securities regulations may apply and each Purchaser should consult with his or her attorney.

You should be aware of the long-term nature of this investment. There is not now and likely will not be a public market for the Convertible Notes. Because the Convertible Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act or under the securities laws of any state or non-United States jurisdiction, the Convertible Notes have transfer restrictions and cannot be resold in the United States except pursuant to Rule 501 of Regulation CF. It is not currently contemplated that registration under the Securities Act or other securities laws will be effected. Limitations on the transfer of the Convertible Notes may also adversely affect the price that you might be able to obtain for the Convertible Notes in a private sale. Purchasers should be aware of the long-term nature of their investment in the Company. Each Purchaser in this Offering will be required to represent that it is purchasing the Securities for its own account, for investment purposes and not with a view to resale or distribution thereof.

Neither the Offering nor the Securities have been registered under federal or state securities laws, leading to an absence of certain regulation applicable to the Company.

No governmental agency has reviewed or passed upon this Offering, the Company or any Securities of the Company. The Company also has relied on exemptions from securities registration requirements under applicable state securities laws. Investors in the Company, therefore, will not receive any of the benefits that such registration would otherwise provide. Prospective investors must therefore assess the adequacy of disclosure and the fairness of the terms of this Offering on their own or in conjunction with their personal advisors.

No Guarantee of Return on Investment

There is no assurance that a Purchaser will realize a return on its investment or that it will not lose its entire investment. For this reason, each Purchaser should read the Form C and all Exhibits carefully and should consult with its own attorney and business advisor prior to making any investment decision.

A majority of the Company is owned by a small number of owners.

Prior to the Offering the Company's current owners of 20% or more beneficially own up to 60.0% of the Company. Subject to any fiduciary duties owed to our other owners or investors under

Delaware law, these owners may be able to exercise significant influence over matters requiring owner approval, including the election of directors or managers and approval of significant Company transactions, and will have significant control over the Company's management and policies. Some of these persons may have interests that are different from yours. For example, these owners may support proposals and actions with which you may disagree. The concentration of ownership could delay or prevent a change in control of the Company or otherwise discourage a potential acquirer from attempting to obtain control of the Company, which in turn could reduce the price potential investors are willing to pay for the Company. In addition, these owners could use their voting influence to maintain the Company's existing management, delay or prevent changes in control of the Company, or support or reject other management and board proposals that are subject to owner approval.

The Company has the right to extend the Offering deadline.

The Company may extend the Offering deadline beyond what is currently stated herein. This means that your investment may continue to be held in escrow while the Company attempts to raise the Minimum Amount even after the Offering deadline stated herein is reached. Your investment will not be accruing interest during this time and will simply be held until such time as the new Offering deadline is reached without the Company receiving the Minimum Amount, at which time it will be returned to you without interest or deduction, or the Company receives the Minimum Amount, at which time it will be released to the Company to be used as set forth herein. Upon or shortly after release of such funds to the Company, the Securities will be issued and distributed to you.

The Securities will be effectively subordinate to any of our debt that is secured.

The Securities will be unsecured, unguaranteed obligations of the Company and will be effectively subordinated to any present or future secured debt obligations that we may incur in the future to the extent of the value of the assets securing that debt. The effect of this subordination is that if we are involved in a bankruptcy, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or similar proceeding, or upon a default in payment on, or the acceleration of, any of our secured debt, if any, our assets that secure debt will be available to pay obligations on the Securities only after all debt under our secured debt, if any, has been paid in full from those assets. Holders of the Securities will participate in any remaining assets ratably with all of our other unsecured and unsubordinated creditors, including trade creditors. We may not have sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due on any or all of the Securities then outstanding.

We are permitted to incur more debt, which may increase our risk of the inability to pay interest and principal on the Securities when it comes due.

We are not restricted from incurring additional unsecured debt or other liabilities. If we incur additional debt or liabilities, your security may be subordinate to the payment of principal or interest on such other future debt and our ability to pay our obligations on the Securities could be adversely affected. We expect that we will from time to time incur additional debt and other liabilities. In addition, we are not restricted from paying dividends or issuing or repurchasing our equity interests.

The provisions of the Securities relating to a liquidation event or change of control transactions will not necessarily protect you.

The provisions in the Securities will not necessarily afford you protection in the event of a transaction that may adversely affect you, including a reorganization, restructuring, merger or other similar transaction involving us. These transactions may not involve a "liquidation event" or

"change of control" which would trigger these protective provisions. Except in certain circumstances, the Securities will not permit the holders of the Securities to require us to repurchase the Securities in the event of a takeover, recapitalization or similar transaction.

We may not be able to repurchase all of the Securities upon a liquidation event or change of control repurchase event.

Upon the occurrence of events constituting a liquidation event or change of control, we will be required to offer to repurchase the Securities. We may not have sufficient funds to repurchase the Securities in cash at such time or have the ability to arrange necessary financing on acceptable terms. In addition, our ability to repurchase the Securities for cash may be limited by law or the terms of other agreements relating to our indebtedness outstanding at the time.

We may not be able to generate sufficient cash flow to meet our interest payment obligations on the Securities.

Our ability to generate sufficient cash flow from operations to make scheduled interest payments on the Securities will depend on our future financial performance, which will be affected by a range of economic, competitive, and business factors, many of which are outside of our control. The Company will be in default if it is unable to pay interest or principal when due, which could force us to discontinue our business. If we do not generate sufficient cash flow from operations, we may have to undertake alternative financing plans, such as refinancing or restructuring our debt, selling assets, reducing or delaying capital investments, or seeking to raise additional capital. We cannot assure you that any refinancing would be possible, that any assets could be sold, or, if sold, of the timing of the sales and the amount of proceeds realized from those sales, or that additional financing could be obtained on acceptable terms, if at all, or would be permitted under the terms of the agreements governing our indebtedness then outstanding. Our inability to generate sufficient cash flow to satisfy our interest payments on the Securities would severely negatively impact your investment in the Securities.

You will not have a vote or influence on the management of the Company.

Substantially all decisions with respect to the management of the Company will be made exclusively by the officers, directors, managers or employees of the Company. You, as a Purchaser, will have a very limited ability to vote on issues of Company management and will not have the right or power to take part in the management of the Company and will not be represented on the board of directors or managers of the Company. Accordingly, no person should purchase a Security unless he or she is willing to entrust all aspects of management to the Company.

Purchasers of the Securities will be subject to tax on any original issue discount before receiving the cash payments attributable to such income.

The Securities will be treated as being issued with original issue discount ("OID") for U.S. federal income tax purposes in an amount equal to the excess of their stated principal amount over their issue price (if such excess is more than a de minimis amount). A U.S. holder of the notes will be required to include OID in gross income (as ordinary income) for U.S. federal income tax purposes as it accrues, in accordance with a constant yield method based on a compounding of interest, before the receipt of cash payments attributable to this income. See "Tax Matters."

You have limited opportunities to convert your Securities into common stock.

You will only be able to convert your Securities into common stock upon the occurrence of one or more of the following events: upon the (i) maturity of your Securities; (ii) occurrence of any event of default under your Securities (please see the section entitled "The Offering and The Securities" below for more information about the Events of Default under the Securities); or (iii) listing of

shares of the common stock for public trading on any exchange, quotation system or bulletin board. There are no other events which will trigger your right to convert your Securities and you should factor that into your criteria for determining whether an investment in the Securities is appropriate for you.

Debt holders have priority over shareholders in the event of the Company's bankruptcy or liquidation.

In the event of our bankruptcy or liquidation, debt holders, will have priority to the Company's assets prior to any preferred or common shareholders receiving any assets upon liquidation. After repayment of all indebtedness, the Company may not have any assets to distribute to shareholders.

Dilution.

The conversion price of the common stock, which shall be determined by the Company (please see the section entitled "The Offering and The Securities" below for more information on the determination of conversion price) and may be substantially higher than the pro forma net tangible book value per share of the Company's outstanding common stock at the time of conversion. As a result, you may incur immediate and substantial dilution in the per share net tangible book value of your shares of common stock when you convert. Additionally, if the Company issues additional shares of common stock in the future, you may experience further dilution.

In addition to the risks listed above, businesses are often subject to risks not foreseen or fully appreciated by the management. It is not possible to foresee all risks that may affect us. Moreover, the Company cannot predict whether the Company will successfully effectuate the Company's current business plan. Each prospective Purchaser is encouraged to carefully analyze the risks and merits of an investment in the Securities and should take into consideration when making such analysis, among other, the Risk Factors discussed above.

THE SECURITIES OFFERED INVOLVE A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK AND MAY RESULT IN THE LOSS OF YOUR ENTIRE INVESTMENT. ANY PERSON CONSIDERING THE PURCHASE OF THESE SECURITIES SHOULD BE AWARE OF THESE AND OTHER FACTORS SET FORTH IN THIS FORM C AND SHOULD CONSULT WITH HIS OR HER LEGAL, TAX AND FINANCIAL ADVISORS PRIOR TO MAKING AN INVESTMENT IN THE SECURITIES. THE SECURITIES SHOULD ONLY BE PURCHASED BY PERSONS WHO CAN AFFORD TO LOSE ALL OF THEIR INVESTMENT.

BUSINESS

Description of the Business

We sell athleisure apparel and accessories to women looking for healthier clothing. Our products are made in Los Angeles and endorsed by multiple OB / GYNs.

Business Plan

The global athleisure market, with a femtech spin, is a clear, sizable, and growing white space. By 2025, the global athleisure market will total to \$520B and the femtech industry will total to \$50B. In 2020, athleisure sales were up 26% since women and men are wearing more athleisure during covid. However, despite the industry size, it has a fatal flaw. Our competitors do not prioritize women's health. For example, let's look at the fatal flaw in women's athleisurewear. Competitors do not think about breathability, so they make leggings that harm women's health. To combat this,

we engineered the first OB/GYN-approved legging that helps uses ventilation to protect women from issues such as yeast infections and bacterial vaginosis, and a removal insert to help protect the leggings from urinary incontinence incidents. Our patent pending leggings absorb leaks, promote vaginal ventilation, and smooth cellulite (see website here). We also sell tops that promote ventilation around the breasts, helping to reduce skin irritation. Women are so receptive to our leggings that within three weeks of our launch on Friday, March 19, 2020, we earned ~\$14K in revenue and a 14X return on customer acquisition costs (CAC). We have since received many customer inquiries around when we will restock our size small leggings, as we sold out of that size within six hours, and when we will begin shipping internationally. Our target segments include health-conscious millennials and perimenopausal women who are casual athletes in the US. These segments have ventilation problems that are ignored by incumbents, and they spend money on comfortable apparel. Our acquisition plan is modeled after LA-based D2C brands like Fabletics and Dollar Shave Club. Our progress shows that we will capture customers with our first mover advantage, differentiated messaging strategy, scaling quickly to drive down costs, network effects, and product proof points. Our messaging strategy includes: 1) building a femtech brand; 2) distributing to OB/GYNs and influencers across the country for endorsements and awareness building, 3) partnering with wellness influencers, health groups and sport clubs for sales, 4) creating edutaining content that celebrates women and combats their shame about feminine health, and 5) targeted marketing. The current management team plans to continue to own and operate OYA for the foreseeable future. Potential exit strategies for OYA include being acquired by one of a number of strategic or institutional buyers within the next three-five years, including direct competitors such as Under Armour and Lululemon or retailers like Amazon, Target, or Macy's to be an in-house brand, or alternatively licensing OYA's brand, product, and technology to another company.

History of the Business

The Company's Products and/or Services

Product / Service	Description	Current Market
Legging	Legging designed to promote vaginal health with mesh around the inner thighs and crotch gusset to increase breathability and a removable, absorbent insert.	Millennial and perimenopausal women who are casual athletes.
Crop top	Crop top designed to promote breathability with mesh around the upper breasts and an anti-chafing waistband,	Millennial and perimenopausal women who are casual athletes.
Insert	Insert designed to go into our legging's crotch gusset to absorb leaks, kill bacteria, and promote breathability.	Millennial and perimenopausal women who are casual athletes.

We are constantly researching and developing new colors, styles, and fabrics for our products, which we think might appeal to our customers. We are developing products based on the following

phases. • Phase 1: Leggings (Full Length, 7/8th, Mid Rise, Sculpted High Waist), Basic Crop Top, Absorbent Crop Top, Lite and Regular Inserts • Phase 2: Cooling Properties, Biker Short Lengths, Squats, Long Sleeve Shirts, Sleeveless Shirts, Jackets • Phase 3: Sports Specific (campers, bikers, swimming, horseback riding), Maternity

We currently sell on Kickstarter, our Instagram, and our website (www.WearOYA.com).

Competition

The Company's primary competitors are Nike, Under Armour, Lululemon, Alo, Thinx.

Few incumbents prioritize innovation in women's apparel, meaning they do not address the physical health needs of our target segments. This makes OYA's target customers very open to innovative brands, especially around new trends like inclusivity and feminine wellness. Competitor brands typically focus on either athletic branding (like Nike) or style and fit (like Lululemon), but not women's health. On the incontinence side, most solutions are 1) embarrassing and uncomfortable like inserts, diapers, and surgery, or 2) underwear, which does not address the issues with legging breathability. While we consider neither group to be a direct competitor, athletics brands may be the ones we "fear" the most, given their brand penetration in the leggings space. We have three competitive advantages to protect us from them, however. Our first competitive advantage will be women's health professional and board-certified OB/GYN endorsements. We are the first OB/GYN-approved legging. As we grow, OYA's clear feminine health platform will continue to excite OB/GYNs to work with us and deter them from endorsing copycat brands who are less genuine about their desire to help women. We also plan on getting similar endorsements for our tops from dermatologists. Our second competitive advantage will be targeting customer segments, whose issues are ignored by incumbents, with technical products. This focus enables us to stay focused on function as opposed to high fashion or trendiness like Lululemon. This focus also enables us to create a product roadmap that will not depend on numerous SKU's and color waves like our competitors but instead our roadmap will rely on developing comfortable, convenient solutions like a lux legging that smooths cellulite, bike shorts for the spring, and eventually v-friendly underwear. Our third competitive advantage is our provisional utility patent because the legging is a unique invention that incorporates tech-enhanced fabrics. It has three mesh inlets and a removable gusset insert. The gusset insert should be replaced within 5-15 uses. This entire area is unique and qualifies for a utility patent. We are trademarking the name of the crotch gusset and fling design patents as well. Lastly, as we conduct performance tests, we will file additional utility patents around the breathability, absorption, and antimicrobial properties of leggings and tops.

Supply Chain and Customer Base

Hector Mussa, clothing manufacturer: Sews and cuts our apparel Antex Fabrics, fabric manufacturer: Supplies raw fabric Young Label, label producer: Supplies heat transfer labels UPrinting, packaging: Supplies custom made packaging

Millennial and perimenopausal women who are casual athletes in the US. We are direct to consumer.

Intellectual Property

Patents

Application or Registration #	Title	Description	File Date	Grant Date	Country
63/148,588	Crotch Gusset with Removable, Reusable Absorbent Pad	Pocket on the inside of the legging's crotch gusset that firmly holds a removable, reusable absorbent pad.	February 11, 2021	April 5, 2021	USA

Trademarks

Application or Registration #	Goods / Services	Mark	File Date	Registration Date	Country
90755081	IC 010. US 026 039 044. G & S: Sanitary masks for medical purposes; Sanitary masks for medical wellness purposes; Fashion masks being sanitary masks for protection against viral infection; Face coverings	OYA FEMTECH	June 4, 2021	September 13, 2021	USA

	<p>being sanitary masks for protection against viral infection IC 018. US 001 002 003 022 041. G & S: A wide variety of bags; Athletic bags, and sports bags; Tote bags; Backpacks and book bags IC 021. US 002 013 023 029 030 033 040 050. G & S: Water bottles sold empty; Sports bottles sold empty IC 025. US 022 039. G & S: Apparel; Activewear; Leggings; Yoga pants; Capris; Shorts, athletic shorts, yoga shorts, and cycling shorts; Clothing, namely, sweat shirts, sweat pants, t-shirts, shirts and athletic tops; Athletic clothing and accessories; Loungewear; Underwear;</p>				
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	<p>Undergarments; Sweat-absorbent underwear; Bras and sports bras; Parts of clothing, namely, gussets for underwear, leggings, capris, pants, and shorts; Headgear; hats; bandanas; Socks; Footwear; Flip flops and sandals; Sneakers IC 035. US 100 101 102. G & S: Online retail store services; Online retail store services featuring a wide variety of consumer goods; Online retail store services featuring clothing, apparel, activewear, leggings, yoga pants, capris, shorts, athletic clothing and accessories, shirts, t-shirts, sweat shirts, sweat pants,</p>				
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	loungewear, undergarments, underwear, headgear, footwear, water bottles, masks, bags, and stickers				
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Governmental/Regulatory Approval and Compliance

We are currently not beholden to any government regulations. We make sure any benefits we promote by wearing OYA would not count as a claim that needs approval from an agency like the FDA.

Litigation

There are no existing legal suits pending, or to the Company's knowledge, threatened, against the Company.

Other

The Company's principal address is 900 W Temple St, Apt 443B, Los Angeles, CA 90012

The Company has the following additional addresses:

The Company conducts business in We are headquartered in CA, but we are ecommerce so we ship across the entire US. We also ship to Europe, Canada, and Mexico.

Because this Form C focuses primarily on information concerning the Company rather than the industry in which the Company operates, potential Purchasers may wish to conduct their own separate investigation of the Company's industry to obtain greater insight in assessing the Company's prospects.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table lists the use of proceeds of the Offering if the Minimum Amount and Maximum Amount are raised.

Use of Proceeds	% of Minimum Proceeds Raised	Amount if Minimum Raised	% of Maximum Proceeds Raised	Amount if Maximum Raised
Intermediary Fees	1.00%	\$ 1,000	1.00%	\$ 2,500
Estimated Attorney Fees	4.00%	\$ 4,000	4.00%	\$ 10,000
Estimated Accountant/Auditor Fees	2.00%	\$ 2,000	2.00%	\$ 5,000
General Marketing	16.00%	\$ 16,000	16.00%	\$ 40,000
Research and Development	4.40%	\$ 4,400	4.40%	\$ 11,000
Manufacturing	39.60%	\$ 39,600	39.60%	\$ 99,000
Future Wages	19.00%	\$ 19,000	19.00%	\$ 47,500
Fulfillment	14.00%	\$ 14,000	14.00%	\$ 35,000
Total	100.00%	\$ 100,000	100.00%	\$ 250,000

The Use of Proceeds chart is not inclusive of fees paid for use of the Form C generation system, payments to financial and legal service providers, and escrow related fees, all of which were incurred in preparation of the campaign and are due in advance of the closing of the campaign. The Company does have discretion to alter the use of proceeds as set forth above. The Company may alter the use of proceeds under the following circumstances: If the company determines it would strengthen the brand to invest in more R&D, to create more innovative leggings, the company finds a different supplier, or the company decides to re-target certain customer segments.

DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

Directors

The directors or managers of the Company are listed below along with all positions and offices held at the Company and their principal occupation and employment responsibilities for the past three (3) years and their educational background and qualifications.

Name

Mitchella Gilbert

All positions and offices held with the Company and date such position(s) was held with start and ending dates

CEO: Mar 2019-Present

Principal occupation and employment responsibilities during at least the last three (3) years with start and ending dates

CEO: Represent the company for investors and competitions: Mar 2019-Present Manage apparel design and construction: Mar 2019-Present Manage purchase fulfillment: Nov 2020-Present Manage marketing and branding: Mar 2019-Present

Education

BA, University of Chicago: 2013 MBA, UCLA Anderson School of Management, 2021

Officers of the Company

The officers of the Company are listed below along with all positions and offices held at the Company and their principal occupation and employment responsibilities for the past three (3) years and their educational background and qualifications.

Name

Patrick Ayers

All positions and offices held with the Company and date such position(s) was held with start and ending dates

Head of Partnerships: Nov 2019-Jun 2021 COO: Jun 2021-Present

Principal occupation and employment responsibilities during at least the last three (3) years with start and ending dates

COO: Manage all investor relationships and competition materials: Nov 2019-Present Manage all HR: Jun 2021-Present Manage all accounting: Jun 2021-Present Manage IT infrastructure: Nov 2019-Present

Education

BA, University of Florida: 2010 MMS, Fuqua School of Business, 2011 MBA, UCLA Anderson School of Management, 2021

Name

Mitchella Gilbert

All positions and offices held with the Company and date such position(s) was held with start and ending dates

CEO: Mar 2019-Present

Principal occupation and employment responsibilities during at least the last three (3) years with start and ending dates

CEO: Represent the company for investors and competitions: Mar 2019-Present Manage apparel design and construction: Mar 2019-Present Manage purchase fulfillment: Nov 2020-Present Manage marketing and branding: Mar 2019-Present

Education

BA, University of Chicago: 2013 MBA, UCLA Anderson School of Management, 2021

Indemnification

Indemnification is authorized by the Company to directors, officers or controlling persons acting in their professional capacity pursuant to Delaware law. Indemnification includes expenses such as attorney’s fees and, in certain circumstances, judgments, fines and settlement amounts actually paid or incurred in connection with actual or threatened actions, suits or proceedings involving such person, except in certain circumstances where a person is adjudged to be guilty of gross negligence or willful misconduct, unless a court of competent jurisdiction determines that such indemnification is fair and reasonable under the circumstances.

Employees

The Company currently has 3 employees in California and Florida.

The Company has the following employment/labor agreements in place:

Employee	Description	Effective Date	Termination Date
Paige Robinson	At will employment	July 28, 2021	

CAPITALIZATION AND OWNERSHIP

[Attention for Attorney: Regulators are focused on section 201(m) of the Rule. Please ensure there is proper discussion of all aspects.]

Capitalization

The Company has issued the following outstanding Securities:

Type of security	Convertible Notes
Amount outstanding	122,500
Voting Rights	None
Anti-Dilution Rights	full ratchet
How this Security may limit, dilute or qualify the Notes/Bonds issued pursuant to Regulation CF	N/A
Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such Securities (assuming conversion prior to the Offering if convertible securities).	

The Company has the following debt outstanding:

Type of debt	Convertible Notes
Name of creditor	Multiple Angel investors
Amount outstanding	\$122,500.00
Interest rate and payment schedule	5%, due no earlier than 24 months after issuance
Amortization schedule	due at maturity
Describe any collateral or security	none
Maturity date	
Other material terms	

Following the Offering, the total amount of outstanding indebtedness of the Company will be \$100,000.00 if the Minimum Amount is raised and \$250,000.00 if the Maximum Amount is raised.

The Company has not conducted any offerings, exempt or not, in the past 3 years.

Ownership

A majority of the Company is owned by Mitchella Gilbert.

Below the beneficial owners of 20% percent or more of the Company’s outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power, are listed along with the amount they own.

Name	Percentage Owned Prior to Offering
Mitchella Gilbert	60.0%

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Please see the financial information listed on the cover page of this Form C and attached hereto in addition to the following information. Financial statements are attached hereto as Exhibit A.

Operations

Our most recent financing round is still ongoing. Following the Offering, we may raise capital again in two years, but we hope to be sustainable off the margins of our sales. We have projected being profitable within two years of closing the raise.

The Company intends to improve profitability in the next 12 months by achieving better economies of scale in production, fine-tuning our marketing efforts, and releasing new products.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Offering proceeds are essential to our operations. We plan to use the proceeds as set forth above under "use of proceeds", which is an indispensable element of our business strategy. The Offering proceeds will have a beneficial effect on our liquidity, as we currently have \$40,000 in cash on hand which will be augmented by the Offering proceeds and used to execute our business strategy.

The Company does not have any additional sources of capital other than the proceeds from the Offering.

Capital Expenditures and Other Obligations

The Company does not intend to make any material capital expenditures in the future.

Material Changes and Other Information

We launched in Spring 2021 and we sold \$12,000 in apparel. We just launched a Fall Kickstarter and we've sold ~\$14,000 in the current fiscal year.

Trends and Uncertainties

After reviewing the above discussion of the steps the Company intends to take, potential Purchasers should consider whether achievement of each step within the estimated time frame is realistic in their judgment. Potential Purchasers should also assess the consequences to the Company of any delays in taking these steps and whether the Company will need additional financing to accomplish them.

The financial statements are an important part of this Form C and should be reviewed in their entirety. The financial statements of the Company are attached hereto as Exhibit A.

THE OFFERING AND THE SECURITIES

The Offering

The Company is offering up to 1 of Convertible Notes for up to \$250,000.00. The Company is attempting to raise a minimum amount of \$100,000.00 in this Offering (the "Minimum Amount"). The Company must receive commitments from investors in an amount totaling the Minimum Amount by _____ (the "Offering Deadline") in order to receive any funds. If the sum of the investment commitments does not equal or exceed the Minimum Amount by the Offering Deadline, no Securities will be sold in the Offering, investment commitments will be cancelled and committed funds will be returned to potential investors without interest or deductions. The Company has the right to extend the Offering Deadline at its discretion. The Company will accept investments in excess of the Minimum Amount up to \$250,000.00 (the "Maximum Amount") and the additional Securities will be allocated on a First-come, first-served basis .

The price of the Securities does not necessarily bear any relationship to the asset value, net worth, revenues or other established criteria of value, and should not be considered indicative of the actual value of the Securities.

In order to purchase the Securities you must make a commitment to purchase by completing the Subscription Agreement. Purchaser funds will be held in escrow with No until the Minimum Amount of investments is reached. Purchasers may cancel an investment commitment until 48 hours prior to the Offering Deadline or the Closing, whichever comes first using the cancellation mechanism provided by the Intermediary. The Company will notify Purchasers when the Minimum Amount has been reached. If the Company reaches the Minimum Amount prior to the Offering Deadline, it may close the Offering at least five (5) days after reaching the Minimum Amount and providing notice to the Purchasers. If any material change (other than reaching the Minimum Amount) occurs related to the Offering prior to the Offering Deadline, the Company will provide notice to Purchasers and receive reconfirmations from Purchasers who have already made commitments. If a Purchaser does not reconfirm his or her investment commitment after a material change is made to the terms of the Offering, the Purchaser's's investment commitment will be cancelled and the committed funds will be returned without interest or deductions. If a Purchaser does not cancel an investment commitment before the Minimum Amount is reached, the funds will be released to the Company upon closing of the Offering and the Purchaser, will receive the Securities in exchange for his or her investment. Any Purchaser funds received after the initial closing will be released to the Company upon a subsequent closing and the Purchaser will receive Securities via Electronic Certificate/PDF in exchange for his or her investment as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscription Agreements are not binding on the Company until accepted by the Company, which reserves the right to reject, in whole or in part, in its sole and absolute discretion, any subscription. If the Company rejects all or a portion of any subscription, the applicable prospective Purchaser's funds will be returned without interest or deduction.

We are using the term "price" here with the term "valuation cap." The Company determined the "valuation cap" using comparable company valuations from other CPG startups coming out of UCLA Anderson. The minimum amount that a Purchaser may invest in the Offering is \$1000.00.

The Offering is being made through Seed at the Table, the Intermediary. The following two fields below sets forth the compensation being paid in connection with the Offering.

Commission/Fees

5.0% of the amount raised

Stock, Warrants and Other Compensation

2% of Raise Amount in SAFE Equity.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The Company will act as transfer agent and registrar for the Securities.

The Securities

We request that you please review our organizational documents in conjunction with the following summary information.

We request that you please review our organizational documents in conjunction with the following summary information.

Authorized Capitalization

At the initial closing of this Offering (if the minimum amount is sold), our authorized capital stock will consist of (i) _____ shares of common stock, par value _____ per share, of which _____ common shares will be issued and outstanding, and (ii) _____ shares of preferred stock, par value _____ per share, of which _____ preferred shares will be issued and outstanding .

Interest Payment and Amortization Schedule

The principal amount of a single Security or "Note" is 0. The Notes will have any original issue discount. The Securities will pay interest at a rate of 5% in .

The Notes will mature upon 24 months from the date of issuance. The Notes are not prepayable by the Company.

Principal and accrued interest under the Notes shall be due and payable on the first to occur of (i) fifteen days following the demand of a note-holder, which demand may not be made prior to twenty-four months from the date of issuance (the "Final Maturity Date"), (ii) a Change of Control or (iii) an Event of Default (as will be defined in the Notes).

The notes are non-amortizing and the entire principal amount will be due and payable at maturity.

Subordination

The Notes are not subordinate to other indebtedness of the Company.

Events of Default

In addition to the standard events of default such the Company's failure to pay principal and/or interest on the Notes, liquidation of the Company and voluntary or involuntary bankruptcy proceedings of the Company, the following are additional events of default pursuant to the Notes: None.

Covenants

The Notes contain the following restrictive covenants, which will inhibit its ability to take certain actions: None.

Conversion

The Notes are convertible into shares of common stock at the conversion rate of 0.8 shares per Note. The Company currently does have enough common stock authorized to issue upon conversion.

The following adjustments to the conversion rate may be made: None. The Notes can be converted into common stock: At the election of each Note holder or the Majority Holders, outstanding Notes may be converted into the Company's common stock upon the earlier of: (A) the consummation of a sale of the Company by merger, asset or stock sale, or other similar transaction (a "Change of Control"), in which case each Note will convert at the Valuation Cap, or (B) any time after the Final Maturity Date. The Notes will be automatically converted into common stock: never.

Voting and Control

The Securities have the following voting rights: None

The Company does not have any voting agreements in place.

The Company does not have any shareholder/equity holder agreements in place.

Anti-Dilution Rights

The Securities do have anti-dilution rights.

Such rights provide that if at any time that the Securities issued in this Offering are still convertible or exercisable and (i) the Company issues additional shares of common stock in the future at a price less than the exercise or conversion price of the Securities or (ii) the Company issues additional Securities in the future exercisable or convertible at an exercise or conversion price lower than the Securities, then the exercise or conversion price of the Securities in this Offering will be lowered as follows:

the exercise or conversion price, as the case may be, will be equal to the lower of the sale price of the new Securities being issued or the exercise or conversion price or the new Securities being issued.

Restrictions on Transfer

Any Securities sold pursuant to Regulation CF being offered may not be transferred by any Investor of such Securities during the one-year holding period beginning when the Securities were issued, unless such Securities were transferred: 1) to the Company, 2) to an accredited investor, as defined by Rule 501(d) of Regulation D of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, 3) as part of an Offering registered with the SEC or 4) to a member of the family of the Investor or the equivalent, to a trust controlled by the Investor, to a trust created for the benefit of a family member of the Investor or the equivalent, or in connection with the death or divorce of the Investor or other similar circumstances. "Member of the family" as used herein means a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother/father/daughter/son/sister/brother-in-law, and includes adoptive relationships. Remember that although you may legally be able to transfer the Securities, you may not be able to find another party willing to purchase them.

Other Material Terms

The Company does not have the right to repurchase the Convertible Notes.

TAX MATTERS

EACH PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT WITH HIS OR HER OWN TAX AND ERISA ADVISOR AS TO THE PARTICULAR CONSEQUENCES TO THE INVESTOR OF THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND SALE OF THE INVESTOR'S SECURITIES, AS WELL AS POSSIBLE CHANGES IN THE TAX LAWS.

TO INSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED BY THE INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE, WE INFORM YOU THAT ANY TAX STATEMENT IN THIS FORM C CONCERNING UNITED STATES FEDERAL TAXES IS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN TO BE USED, AND CANNOT BE USED, BY ANY TAXPAYER FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING ANY TAX-RELATED PENALTIES UNDER THE UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE CODE. ANY TAX STATEMENT HEREIN CONCERNING UNITED STATES FEDERAL TAXES WAS WRITTEN IN CONNECTION WITH THE MARKETING OR PROMOTION OF THE TRANSACTIONS OR MATTERS TO WHICH THE STATEMENT RELATES. EACH TAXPAYER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON THE TAXPAYER'S PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISOR.

POTENTIAL INVESTORS WHO ARE NOT UNITED STATES RESIDENTS ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS REGARDING THE UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX IMPLICATIONS OF ANY INVESTMENT IN THE COMPANY, AS WELL AS THE TAXATION OF SUCH INVESTMENT BY THEIR COUNTRY OF RESIDENCE. FURTHERMORE, IT SHOULD BE ANTICIPATED THAT DISTRIBUTIONS FROM THE COMPANY TO SUCH FOREIGN INVESTORS MAY BE SUBJECT TO UNITED STATES WITHHOLDING TAX.

EACH POTENTIAL INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT HIS OR HER OWN TAX ADVISOR CONCERNING THE POSSIBLE IMPACT OF STATE TAXES.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PERSONS AND CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Related Person Transactions

From time to time the Company may engage in transactions with related persons. Related persons are defined as any director or officer of the Company; any person who is the beneficial owner of 10 percent or more of the Company's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power; any promoter of the Company; any immediate family member of any of the foregoing persons or an entity controlled by any such person or persons.

The Company has the following transactions with related persons:

None.

Conflicts of Interest

To the best of our knowledge the Company has not engaged in any transactions or relationships, which may give rise to a conflict of interest with the Company, its operations or its security holders.

OTHER INFORMATION

Bad Actor Disclosure

The Company is not subject to any Bad Actor Disqualifications under any relevant U.S. securities laws.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), the issuer certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form C and has duly caused this Form to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

/s/Mitchella Gilbert

(Signature)

Mitchella Gilbert

(Name)

CEO

(Title)

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), this Form C has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

/s/Mitchella Gilbert

(Signature)

Mitchella Gilbert

(Name)

CEO

(Title)

(Date)

Instructions.

1. The form shall be signed by the issuer, its principal executive officer or officers, its principal financial officer, its controller or principal accounting officer and at least a majority of the board of directors or persons performing similar functions.
2. The name of each person signing the form shall be typed or printed beneath the signature.

Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute federal criminal violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001.

EXHIBITS

Exhibit A Financial Statements

EXHIBIT A

Financial Statements



Mitchella Gilbert, MBA (They/Them)

CEO and Chief Product Officer

Los Angeles, California, United States · [Contact info](#)

500+ connections



OYA Apparel



UCLA Anderson School of Management

Open to

Add section

More

Your Dashboard

Private to you

All Star

1,104

Who viewed your profile

6,332

Post views

455

Search appearances



Creator mode: Off

Grow your audience and get discovered by highlighting content on your profile.



My Network

Manage your connections, events, and interests.



Salary insights

See how your salary compares to others in the community.



My items

Keep track of your jobs, courses and articles.

About

I am an MBA, inclusive product designer, former Nike employee, recovering consultant, and elite athlete. I am passionate about doing good while doing well. My goal is to overcome a lifetime of adversity to impact and inspire those around me. ... see more

Featured

See all



I am My Mother's Dream.

...



3,931 · 291 comments

The day is finally here! After nearly 2 years of sleepless nights, pitch competitions,...



611 · 98 comments



UCLA Anderson the \$50 Billion
UCLA Anderson S
When Mitchella pursue an MBA

Activity

2,076 followers



Patrick Ayers · 1st
 Founder and COO at OYA FEMTECH Apparel | Strategy, Marketing, and Data Analytics
 Los Angeles, California, United States · [Contact info](#)

- OYA Apparel
- UCLA Anderson School of Management

500+ connections

151 mutual connections: Robert Jadon, Robert McCann, and 149 others

- [Message](#)
- [More](#)

Highlights

Reach out to Patrick for...
 Probono consulting and volunteering, Joining a nonprofit board.

[Message](#)

You both work at OYA Femtech Apparel
 Patrick started at OYA Femtech Apparel 1 year after you did

[Say hello](#)

[Show more](#) ▾

About

I'm an MBA graduate who helped found a fem-tech startup while in school. My passions include entrepreneurship, strategy, and sustainability.

[... see more](#)

Activity

597 followers

Thanks, Phil!
 Patrick commented

I'm proud to announce that OYA Femtech Apparel's first Kickstarter...
 Patrick shared this
 19 Reactions · 1 Comment

This Entrepreneur Made a Splash in the ActiveWear Market With Innovative...
 Patrick shared this
 25 Reactions

Thanks, Kyle! We have a new website coming, too!
 Patrick replied to a comment

[See all activity](#)

Experience

Chief Operating Officer
 OYA Apparel · Full-time
 Dec 2019 – Present · 2 yrs
 Westwood, California, United States

I lead fundraising efforts and outreach for new mentors/ supporters

MBA Strategy Intern
 The Veloz Group · Internship
 11. 2018 – 1. 2019







OYA FEMTECH APPAREL, INC. (“The Company”) a
Delaware corporation.

Financial Statements (unaudited)
Short Year Ended December 31, 2020
Statement of Financial Position

As of December 31, 2020

Assets

	Current Assets	
		Cash and Cash Equivalents
		CHECKING ACCOUNT 3,177.98
		OPERATING ACCOUNT 353.90
		Total Cash and Cash Equivalents 0.00
	Total Current Assets	0.00
Total Assets		0.00

Liabilities and Equity

	Liabilities	
		Current Liabilities
		Accounts Payable 958.52
		Total Current Liabilities 0.00
	Total Liabilities	0.00
	Equity	
		Current Year Earnings (4,926.64)
		Owner's Capital: Owner's Investment 7,500.00
	Total Equity	0.00
Total Liabilities and Equity		0.00

OYA FEMTECH APPAREL, INC.
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements
December 31st, 2020
\$USD

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

OYA Femtech Apparel, Inc (“the Company”) was formed in Delaware on July 1st, 2020. The develops women’s apparel and accessories with unique femtech features, and sells them directly to the consumer.

The Company will conduct a crowdfunding campaign under regulation CF in 2021 to raise operating capital.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

Our financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). Our fiscal year ends on December 31. The Company has no interest in variable interest entities and no predecessor entities.

Use of Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash balances, and highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

ASC 820 “*Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*” establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs in measuring fair value. The hierarchy prioritizes the inputs into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

These tiers include:

Level 1: defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;

Level 2: defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and

Level 3: defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions.

Concentrations of Credit Risks

The Company's financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk primarily consist of its cash and cash equivalents. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents with financial institutions of high credit worthiness. The Company's management plans to assess the financial strength and credit worthiness of any parties to which it extends funds, and as such, it believes that any associated credit risk exposures are limited.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of products and services in accordance with ASC 606, "Revenue Recognition" following the five steps procedure:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with customers
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to performance obligations
- Step 5: Recognize Revenue When or As Performance Obligations Are Satisfied

The Company will identify and analyze its performance obligations with respect to customer contracts once the first contract is signed.

NOTE 3 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company follows ASC 850, "Related Party Disclosures," for the identification of related parties and disclosure of related party transactions. The founders have invested \$7,500 in startup costs. The amount accrues no interest and is due at the discretion of the board of directors.

NOTE 4 – CONTINGENCIES, COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

We are currently not involved with or know of any pending or threatening litigation against the Company or any of its officers. Further, the Company is currently complying with all relevant laws and regulations.

NOTE 5 – DEBT

See Note 3.

NOTE 6 – EQUITY

The Company has authorized 1,600,000 of common shares with a par value of \$0.00001 per share.

Common stockholders are entitled to one vote and can receive dividends at the discretion of the boards of directors.

NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated events subsequent to December 31, 2020 to assess the need for potential recognition or disclosure in this report. Such events were evaluated through November 8, 2021, the date these financial statements were available to be issued. In March of 2021, we sold approximately \$12,000 worth of apparel. We are currently operating a Kickstarter that has garnered \$16,643 in pre-orders. We have secured \$122,500 in funding through convertible notes. These notes have a 5% interest rate and 20% discount rate, and are payable no earlier than 24 months after signing.

NOTE 8 – GOING CONCERN

The accompanying balance sheet has been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The entity is still expanding its principal operations and may generate losses.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern in the next twelve months following the date the financial statements were available to be issued is dependent upon its ability to produce revenues and/or obtain financing

sufficient to meet current and future obligations and deploy such to produce profitable operating results. Management has evaluated these conditions and plans to generate revenues and raise capital as needed to satisfy its capital needs. No assurance can be given that the Company will be successful in these efforts. These factors, among others, raise substantial doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or the amounts and classification of liabilities.

NOTE 9 – RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

COVID-19

The spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted many local economies around the globe. In many countries, businesses are being forced to cease or limit operations for long or indefinite periods of time. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantines, social distancing, and closures of non-essential services have triggered significant disruptions to businesses worldwide, resulting in an economic slowdown. Global stock markets have also experienced great volatility and a significant weakening. Governments and central banks have responded with monetary and fiscal interventions to stabilize economic conditions.

The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses remains unclear currently. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as their impact on the financial position and results of the Company for future periods. Note: this disclosure assumes there is no significant doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern.

We are an emerging growth Company, and any decision on our part to comply only with certain reduced reporting and disclosure requirements applicable to emerging growth companies could make our common stock less attractive to investors.

We are an emerging growth Company, and, for as long as we continue to be an emerging growth Company, we may choose to take advantage of exemptions from various reporting requirements applicable to other public companies but not to “emerging growth companies,” including: not being required to have our independent registered public accounting firm audit our internal control over financial reporting under Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act; reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and annual report on Form 10-K; and exemptions from the requirements of holding non-binding advisory votes on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved. We can continue to be an emerging growth Company, as defined in the JOBS Act, for up to five years following our IPO.

OYA FEMTECH APPAREL, INC.

MEMORANDUM OF TERMS FOR NOTE FINANCING

JUNE 2021

This memorandum summarizes the principal terms relating to a proposed financing (the “**Financing**”) of OYA Femtech Apparel, INC., a Delaware corporation (the “**Company**”). This memorandum of terms is non-binding.

- Amount of Financing:** Up to \$250,000 may be issued in aggregate. The size of the Financing may be increased by agreement of the Company and the Investors holding Notes representing a majority of the then-outstanding principal of all Notes (the “**Majority Holders**”).
- Investors:** Accredited Investors suitable to the Company in its sole discretion (each an “**Investor**”).
- Type of Security:** Convertible Promissory Notes (the “**Notes**”).
- Seniority; Ranking:** The Notes will be unsecured and *pari passu* such that all Notes will rank equally, and no payments will be made under any Note unless a pro rata payment is simultaneously made under all other Notes.
- Interest Rate:** The Notes shall bear simple interest at 5.0% per annum.
- Term; Prepayment:** Principal and accrued interest under the Notes shall be due and payable on the first to occur of (i) fifteen days following the demand of a note-holder, which demand may not be made prior to twenty-four months from the date of issuance (the “**Final Maturity Date**”), (ii) a Change of Control or (iii) an Event of Default (as will be defined in the Notes).
- The Company may not prepay the Notes without the consent of the Majority Holders.
- Convertibility:** *Automatic Conversion.* All principal and accrued interest under the Notes shall automatically convert into shares of equity securities equivalent in all respects to securities sold by the Company in its next equity financing (the “**Qualified Financing Securities**”) involving the receipt by the Company of at least \$500,000 in gross proceeds, excluding amounts deemed received on conversion of debt (the “**Qualified Financing**”); *provided* that the securities issued upon conversion of the Notes shall have (i) a per share liquidation preference equal to the applicable note conversion price multiplied by any applicable liquidation multiple (1x, 2x, etc.) given to the Qualified Financing Securities, and (ii) equivalent anti-dilution protection and dividend rights based on the applicable note conversion price (“**Financing Conversion Securities**”). The Company may, in its sole discretion, choose to issue Qualified

Financing Securities in lieu of Financing Conversion Securities for the conversion of the Notes.

Conversion Price. The conversion price of the Notes shall be the lower of (i) 80% of the price per share of the Qualified Financing Securities sold in the applicable financing[or (ii) the price per share that would result if the Company's pre-money valuation were \$5,000,000 (the "**Valuation Cap**").

Change of Control/Maturity Conversion. At the election of each Note holder or the Majority Holders, outstanding Notes may be converted into the Company's common stock upon the earlier of: (A) the consummation of a sale of the Company by merger, asset or stock sale, or other similar transaction (a "**Change of Control**"), in which case each Note will convert at the Valuation Cap, or (B) any time after the Final Maturity Date, in which case each Note will convert at 80% of the Valuation Cap. Holders of outstanding Notes not otherwise converted will receive all accrued and unpaid interest plus 1.5X the principal amount in a Change of Control.

Documentation:

The principal transaction documents will be drafted by Arvelo, PLLC, counsel to the Company.

Amendments:

The Notes and any related transaction documents may be amended, or the compliance of any provision thereof waived, with the consent of the Majority Holders; *provided, however*, any amendment or waiver which would disproportionately and adversely affect any Investor must be approved by such disproportionately affected Investor.

Expenses:

The Company and each Investor will bear its own legal fees and expenses.

[Signature Page Follows]

This non-binding memorandum of terms may be executed in counterparts, each of which is deemed an original, all together constituting one and the same instrument.

OYA Femtech Apparel, INC.

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

Dated: _____

INVESTOR

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

Dated: _____

Anticipated Investment: \$ _____