



Transforming GCP Applied Technologies

April 2020

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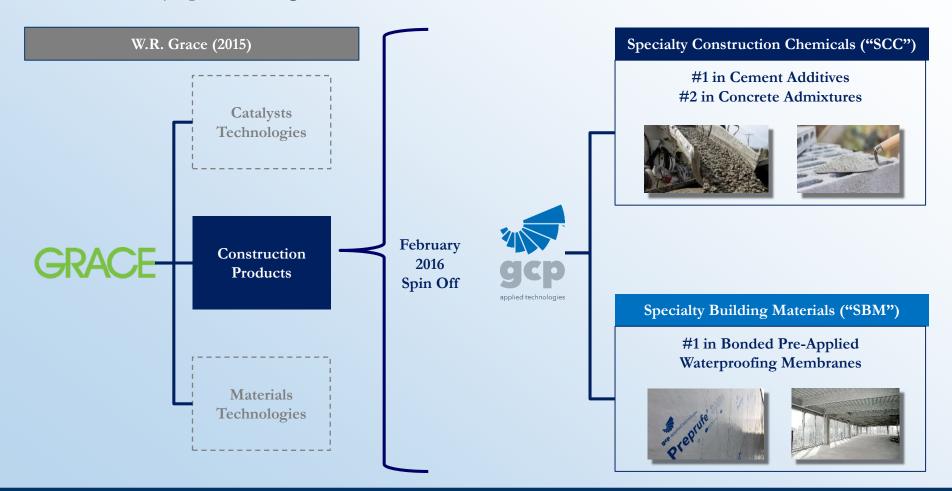
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I. Executive Summary

GCP Was Created Through a Spinoff from W.R. Grace in February 2016

GCP Applied Technologies Inc. ("GCP" or the "Company") spun-off from W.R. Grace with attractive market share across major product categories.



GCP had enviable products and was well positioned to succeed at the time of spinoff.

GCP's SCC Business Provides Essential Inputs for Concrete and Cement Applications

SCC Segment Overview

- SCC is one of the leading global providers of <u>cement</u> <u>additives</u> and <u>concrete admixtures</u>.
- The global market for cement additives and concrete admixtures is ~\$5 billion.
- SCC's products primarily provide cement with <u>enhanced</u> <u>strength</u> and <u>resistance to cracking</u>, and can also help <u>reduce costs</u> for contractors by minimizing the amount of water and cement required in formulations.

Key Competitors

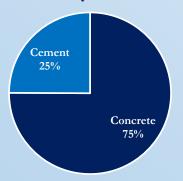




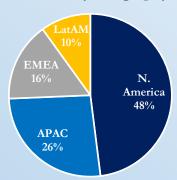


SCC Revenue Breakdown

Revenue by End Product



Revenue by Geography



2019 Revenue: \$579 Million

Examples of Key Products



Admixtures that help producers ensure concrete meets job specifications

Cement additives that help improve strength, control water reduction, or aid grinding



SCC is one of the leading global providers of cement additives and concrete admixtures.

GCP's SBM Business Provides Important Protective Functions For Building Structures

SBM Segment Overview

- SBM provides <u>building materials</u> to the commercial construction, residential construction, and infrastructure end markets.
- The global market for SBM's products is ~\$5 billion.
- SBM is a leading provider of bonded pre-applied waterproofing membranes, and also provides fireproofing, roofing underlayment, air vapor barriers, and specialty flooring products.

Key Competitors

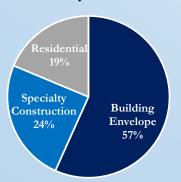




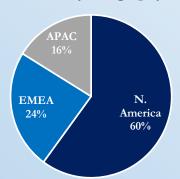


SBM Revenue Breakdown

Revenue by End Product



Revenue by Geography(1)



2019 Revenue: \$434 Million

Examples of Key Products



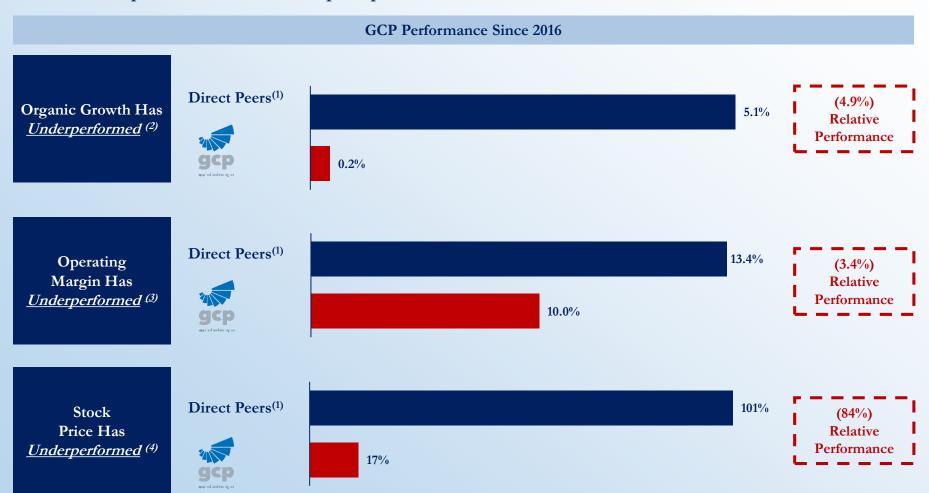
Protective underlayments for residential and commercial roofs Mission critical waterproofing membrane for building structures



SBM is a building products provider with leading share in bonded pre-applied waterproofing membranes.

GCP Has Disappointed Shareholders Since the Spinoff

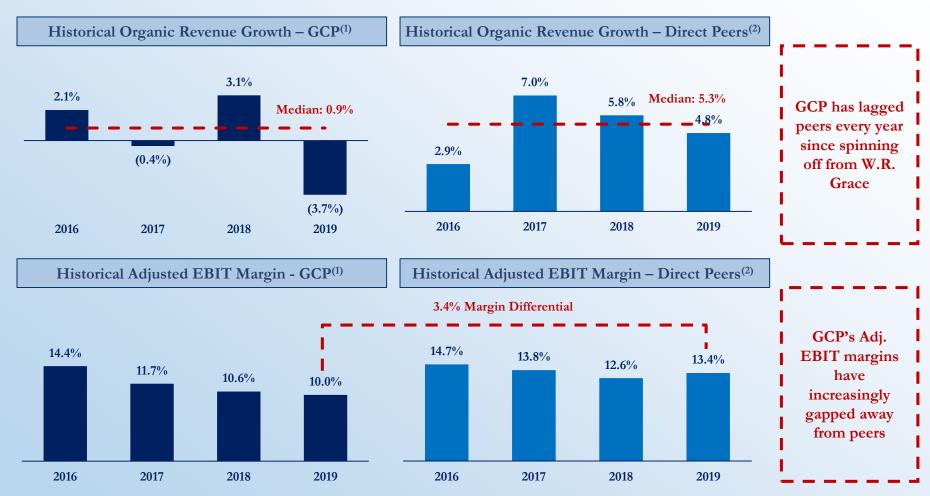
GCP has had poor financial and stock price performance.



GCP's performance has been disappointing over the last four years.

Operating Performance Has Deteriorated

Since spinning off from W.R. Grace in early 2016, GCP's operating performance has suffered.



GCP's financial performance has been disappointing on both an absolute and relative basis.

Stock Price Performance Has Been Disappointing Due to Deteriorating Operating Performance

Since spinning off from W.R. Grace in February 2016, GCP's share price has significantly underperformed its peers as well as the broader market indices.

Summary Returns

Total Shareholder Return (1)

	3 Year	2 Year	1 Year	Since Spin-Off (2)
S&P 500 Index	40.2%	18.5%	14.1%	77.4%
Russell 3000	35.8%	16.2%	12.2%	72.8%
Proxy Peer Peer Group ⁽³⁾	22.5%	8.3%	10.1%	75.6%
Direct Peer Group ⁽⁴⁾	45.4%	24.3%	23.7%	100.7%
GCP Applied Technologies	(25.0%)	(39.7%)	(24.7%)	17.2%
Over / (Underperformance) vs. S&P 500	(65.1%)	(58.2%)	(38.8%)	(60.1%)
Over/(Underperformance) vs. Russell 3000	(60.8%)	(55.9%)	(36.9%)	(55.6%)
Over/(Underperformance) vs. Proxy Peer Group	(47.5%)	(48.0%)	(34.8%)	(58.4%)
Over/(Underperformance) vs. Direct Peer Group	(70.4%)	(64.0%)	(48.4%)	(83.5%)

One-Year Stock Price Performance(1)



Stock Price Performance Since Spin-Off⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾



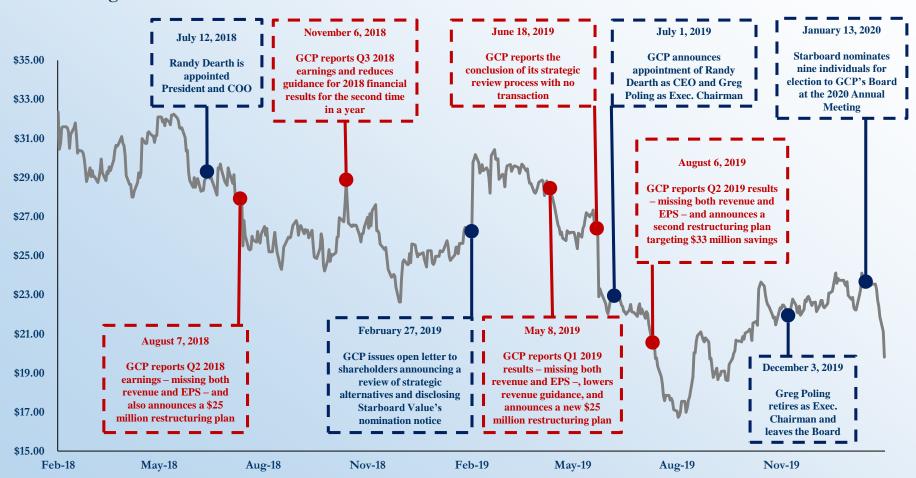
Three-Year Stock Price Performance(1)



GCP stock price has significantly underperformed since spinning off from W.R. Grace.

A Closer Look At the Last Two Years Reveals a Slew of Earnings Misses and Restructuring Announcements

Poor stock price performance over the past two years has been due to consistent earnings misses and perpetual restructuring actions.⁽¹⁾



Poor stock price performance in recent years seem to be largely self-inflicted.

Change Is Urgently Needed at GCP

Since its spin from W.R. Grace in 2016, GCP has substantially underperformed shareholders' expectations, its main competitors, the overall market, and its potential.

Poor Stock Price Performance	×	Underperformed its Direct Peers by 84% since spinning off from W.R. Grace.
Poor Operating Performance	×	Operating margin at 10.0% is well below its Direct Peers at 13.4%.
	×	Operating expense at 27.9% of revenue is well above Direct Peers at 19.3%.(1)
Failed Restructuring Efforts	×	GCP has executed four restructuring efforts in three years with poor results.
	×	Operating expenses on both an absolute and relative basis have remained stagnant despite incurring significant restructuring-related expenses.
Repeatedly Missed Expectations	×	Consistently missed revenue or earnings expectations 15 out of the last 16 quarters.
	×	Consistently revised guidance downwards.
Substantial Governance and Compensation	×	Institutional Shareholder Services Inc. ("ISS") and Glass, Lewis & Co., LLC ("Glass Lewis") have previously highlighted that the Board has rewarded bottom quartile performance with top quartile pay.
Concerns	×	Insular Board with significant interconnections among members and overall lack of relevant industry experience.

GCP's current Board has failed across the spectrum – operations, governance, compensation, and strategy.

We Believe There Is a Plan for Exceptional Value Creation

Despite years of disappointing performance, we firmly believe an opportunity exists to leverage GCP's best-inclass assets to create significant value for shareholders.

Opportunities

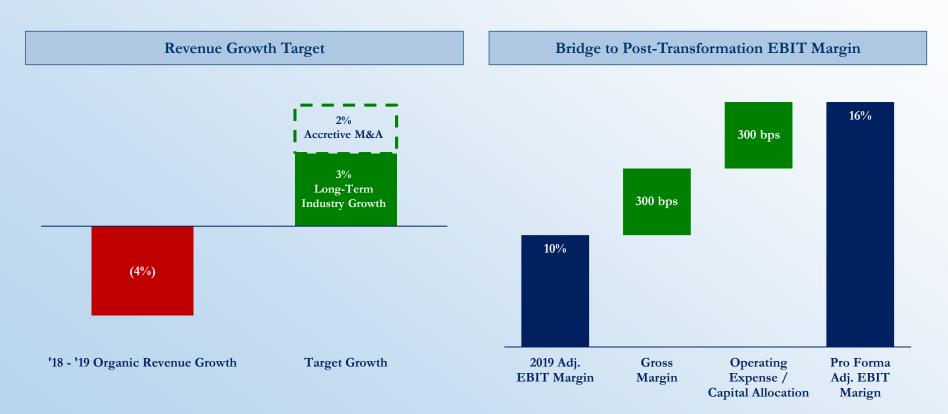
- Reaccelerate revenue growth
 - We believe the Company can, at a minimum, match broader industry growth rates through focus, innovation, and improved execution.
- ✓ Improve margins
 - Significant margin gap versus Direct Peers.⁽¹⁾
 - Plan for meaningful savings across SG&A and manufacturing.
- Expand into new product adjacencies
 - Ample whitespace for the Company to grow into highly complementary product categories.
 - Healthy balance sheet to augment organic growth with selective M&A.
- Reevaluate capital allocation strategy
 - Focus on highest ROIC opportunities by reexamining R&D processes and promoting greater discipline among key decision makers.
- Rebuild credibility with shareholders by delivering on commitments
 - Improve forecasting abilities and better align management compensation with share price performance.

We believe there is an opportunity to create significant value under the leadership of a new and improved Board.

Bridge to Driving Improved Results

We believe that GCP can improve its EBIT margin by ~600 bps on a run rate basis, more than recouping all of the deterioration that has occurred through poor performance over the last few years.

• We believe there are not only significant cost improvement opportunities within gross margin and operating expenses, but also opportunities to re-accelerate revenue growth in-line or better than long-term industry growth rates.



We believe significant value can be unlocked from operational improvements.

Key Elements of Our Plan

Summary of Operational Improvement Opportunities

Revenue Growth

(3% - 5% Long-Term Growth Target)

- Focus on sales execution and sales force compensation.
- Reevaluate **pricing model** and **customer value proposition**.
- Streamline customer service processes to <u>increase accountability and ownership</u>.
- **Expand** into new product adjacencies.
- Introduce existing products into <u>new geographies</u>.

Gross Margin

(300 bps Margin Improvement)

- Optimize allocation of manufacturing resources.
- Drive greater accountability in product development process.
- <u>Decrease complexity</u> in manufacturing and supply chain.
- <u>Improve discipline</u> in raw material sourcing and formulation.

Operating Expense / Capital Allocation

(300 bps Margin Improvement)

- Streamline managerial organization to <u>improve productivity</u> and <u>decision-making efficiency</u>.
- Decentralize organizational structure to drive more nimble decision making.
- Explore opportunities for <u>process automation</u>.
- Review both capital and R&D resource allocation to <u>prioritize high ROI projects and investments</u>.
- Consider <u>accretive</u> and <u>strategic acquisitions</u>.

We have a plan for creating significant shareholder value at GCP.

Starboard Has a Long History of Driving Fundamental Improvements at Companies

Starboard has a long history of driving value for shareholders through constructive engagement with public company management teams and boards.

- Starboard has added or replaced approximately 241 corporate directors on 71 boards.
- We have also served directly on <u>30 boards</u>.
- Marvell and Darden represent two examples of situations where we have changed a majority of the Board.
 - Summaries of our involvement with Marvell and Darden have been provided in the Appendix on slides 124 to 131.





We Have Nominated a Highly Qualified Group of Individuals Who Are Uniquely Equipped to Help Govern GCP

Collectively, our Board nominees are a powerful group of leading executives, chairmen and directors of wellperforming industrial companies with the necessary experience and independence to oversee a valueenhancing transformation of GCP.

Overview of Starboard Nominees



Kevin W. Brown

Seasoned chemicals executive previously serving as the Executive Vice President of Manufacturing & Refining at LyondellBasell Industries









Marran H. Ogilvie

Experience public board member with extensive management, financial, and legal expertise.











Peter A. Feld

Seasoned finance executive with extensive knowledge of capital markets, corporate finance, and public company governance practices. Currently serving as Managing Member and Head of Research at Starboard Value LP.









Andrew M. Ross

Seasoned chemicals executive previously serving as President of the Pigments and Additives business of Rockwood Holdings









Janet P. Giesselman

Seasoned chemicals executive previously serving as President of Dow Chemical's Oil and Gas Division.









Linda J. Welty

Seasoned chemicals executive previously serving as COO of Flint Ink and as President of the Specialty Group at H.B. Fuller





Hoechst **



Clay H. Kiefaber

Seasoned industrials executive previously serving as CEO and President of Colfax and Group President of Architectural Coatings and Windows at Masco









Rob H. Yanker

Nearly three decades of experience advising senior industrial and chemical industry executives on managerial and operational matters. Currently serving building materials, construction and wholesale distribution clients.

McKinsey&Company

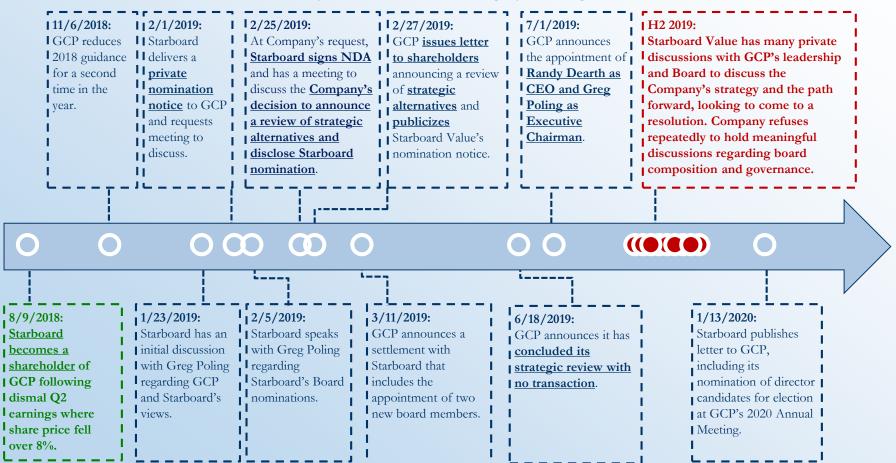
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This Election Contest Is the Result of 15 Months of Unfruitful Attempts to Work with the Company

Starboard has spent the past 15 months attempting to constructively engage with the Board and management to chart a better course for the Company – our efforts have largely been ignored or rebuffed.



This election contest is the result of numerous failed efforts to constructively engage with the Company. Shareholders deserve a Board that appropriately values shareholder input.

Protect and Enhance Your Investment by Voting on the WHITE Proxy Card Today

- Starboard has a long history of driving operational, financial, and strategic turnarounds.
- We believe we have a better plan to create value.
- We believe we have a superior slate of directors.
- Vote on Starboard's WHITE proxy card today

Vote for meaningful change

Vote to allow us to improve GCP for the benefit of ALL shareholders

Vote on Starboard's WHITE proxy card today

II. Change Is Required at GCP

A) Poor Operating and Financial Performance

The Company Had High Expectations at the Time of its Spinoff from W.R. Grace

Management envisioned the Company as a best-in-class construction chemicals asset benefitting from favorable industry tailwinds with leading market share and defensible competitive advantages.



Favorable Company Characteristics

"We're number one in about 2/3 of the segments in which we compete...We're number one in the cement additives business...Number two in concrete admixtures worldwide...We're number one in a segment of the waterproofing business"

- Greg Poling, President & CEO January 2016

"We have a nimble, very low capital intensity business, and a very flexible footprint...We think these are sustainable advantages...<u>Our margins and return on invested capital are as high as you'll see in the industry</u>..."

- Greg Poling, President & CEO January 2016

Management not only believed that the global construction market would experience robust growth, but also that GCP would be able to <u>organically</u> grow at twice the market rate while retaining attractive margins due to its advantaged industry position.

GCP was well positioned to succeed as a standalone construction chemicals company.

Wall Street Analysts Agreed That the Outlook for GCP Seemed Favorable

Wall Street analysts broadly agreed with management's enthusiasm for the business, citing macroeconomic tailwinds and strong market positioning as key positives for the Company.

Select Commentary From Wall Street Analysts

"GCP will focus largely on the non-residential construction market, with a smaller business in packaging materials as ballast. Longer-term, GCP should be able to lean on its market leading position and new product pipeline to out-pace end market growth, support margins, and grow EPS at an estimated 10% CAGR through the end of the decade."

- Jefferies February 2016

"We view this US non-residential construction exposure (particularly exposure to cement and concrete demand) as a positive, since cement volumes are still 25% below levels 10 years ago and 3% below the 20-year average prior to the 2008/09 recession."

- Goldman Sachs February 2016

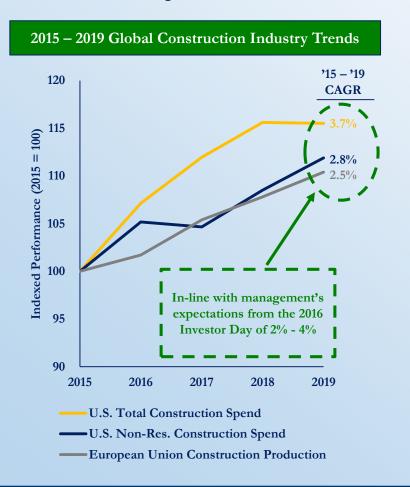
"Despite some indications that non-residential construction spending growth in the U.S. could be entering a mature phase of the cycle, there are some spots of steady growth in significant markets for GCP, such as the multifamily market and infrastructure spending with the passage of the Federal Aid Highway Program. These markets may help to boost overall growth above rates for total construction, in our opinion."

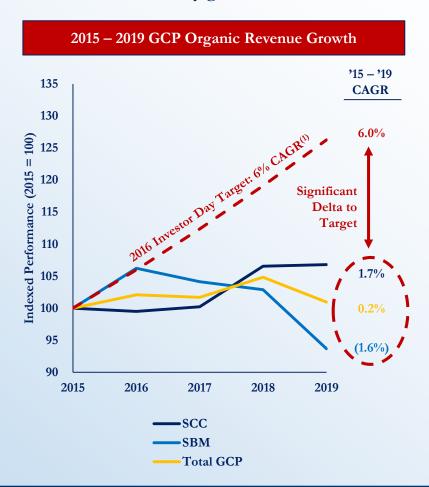
- KeyBanc Capital Markets May 2016

Wall Street analysts also seemed enthused by GCP's business fundamentals and industry tailwinds.

While Industry Growth Has Met Expectations, GCP's Growth Has Severely Disappointed

Over the last four years, global construction growth has broadly tracked expectations, yet GCP's revenues have fallen far short despite initial claims that its revenues could grow at double the industry growth rates.

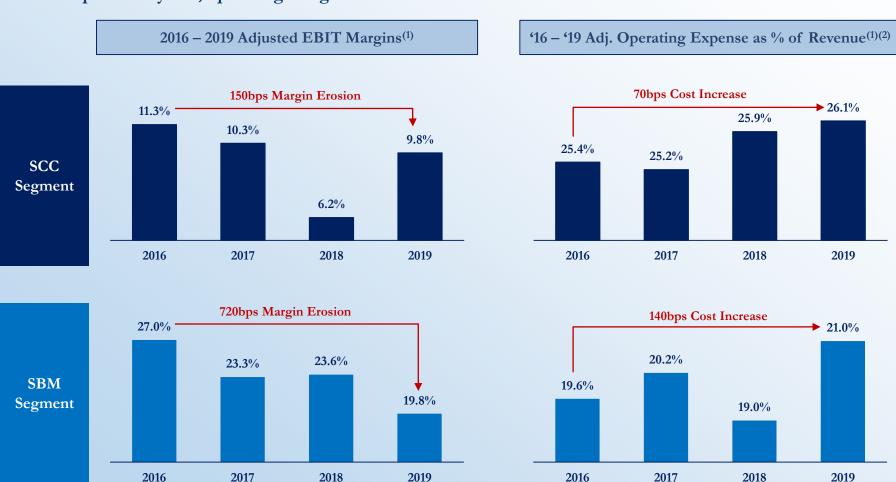




GCP's revenue growth has fallen behind industry growth rates.

Operating Margins in Both Segments Have Eroded **Despite Industry Tailwinds**

Over the past four years, operating margins have deteriorated in both businesses.

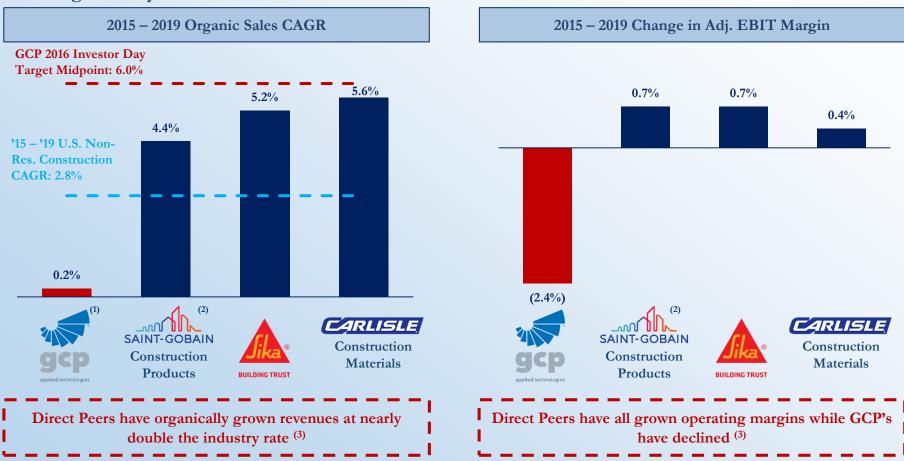


Operating margins have severely eroded despite a robust macroeconomic environment.

Adjusted operating expense calculated as Company reported Adjusted Gross Profit less Company reported Adjusted EBIT.

Despite GCP's Struggles, Its Closest Peers Have Not Faced Similar Challenges

While GCP has struggled to improve both revenue growth and operating margins, its direct competitors have fared significantly better.



The Company's struggles since spinning off from W.R. Grace seem to be unique among peers and demonstrate a need for enhanced oversight.

GCP's Closest Peers Seem to Have Enjoyed a Robust Macro Environment

As an example, over the last two years, GCP's closest peers for the SBM segment have enthusiastically discussed the robust macro environment while GCP has struggled.

SBM Peer Commentary⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

"We're in the very lucky situation that in our seven target market we have everywhere opportunity to grow...from concrete to roofing to waterproofing, great opportunities." (May 2018)



"We have an outstanding pipeline of big newly won construction projects, many new products and initiatives..." (October 2018)

"We achieved in terms of organic growth, particularly strong growth in the U.S., in Eastern Europe, the African continent, but also in a number of Latin American countries..." (February 2020)

"Sales growth was led by our CCM business, which outpaced strong single ply roofing industry trends and took advantage of a robust North American nonresidential construction market." (February 2018)



"CCM [exhibits]...sustainable mid-single-digit organic growth, supported by a multiyear commercial reroofing cycle..." (July 2019)

"In our roofing and waterproofing businesses, our backlog remains pretty robust...whether it's admixtures or roofing or waterproofing, we seem to be taking some market share..." (January 2020)



GCP Commentary⁽²⁾

"So we have a market growth rate that is a little - still growing but a little softer than this year.



So if we see a stronger construction market, that clearly would be a positive." (November 2018)

"SBM's revenue was down 11% year-overyear. Our project-based Building Envelope business was down 12% as growth in EMEA was more than offset by declines in North America and Asia Pacific." (November 2019)

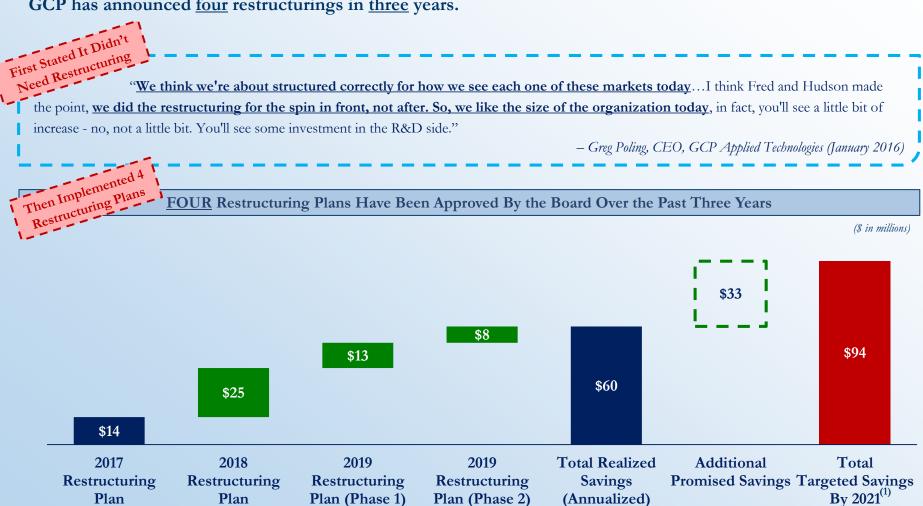
"This residential improvement was offset by continued softness in large project activity for Building Envelope." (February 2020)

"The reduction of the Building Envelope business contributed significantly to the margin reduction as well as the overall mix." (February 2020)

The divergence in experiences between GCP and its closest peers is difficult to understand.

GCP Has Been in a State of Perpetual Restructurings Since Its IPO

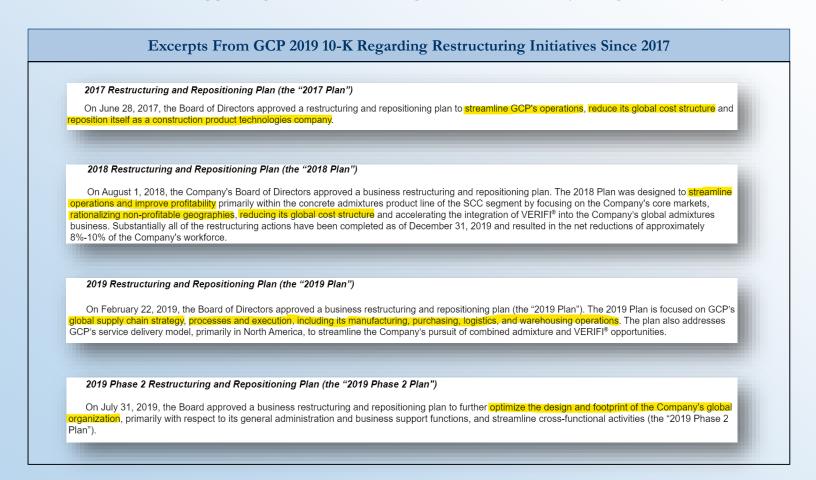
GCP has announced four restructurings in three years.



The Board has approved four restructuring initiatives in three years intended to drive improved results.

All Four Plans Appear to Be Similar in Scope

Each of the four restructuring initiatives approved by the Board over the past three years has seemingly had significant overlap in scope, suggesting prior restructurings were either poorly designed or poorly executed.



Since 2017, GCP has been perpetually trying to "reduce its global cost structure" and "streamline operations."

All Four Restructuring Plans Have Failed to Improve Operating Expenses

Despite the four restructuring plans, operating expenses – on both an absolute and relative basis – have not declined.

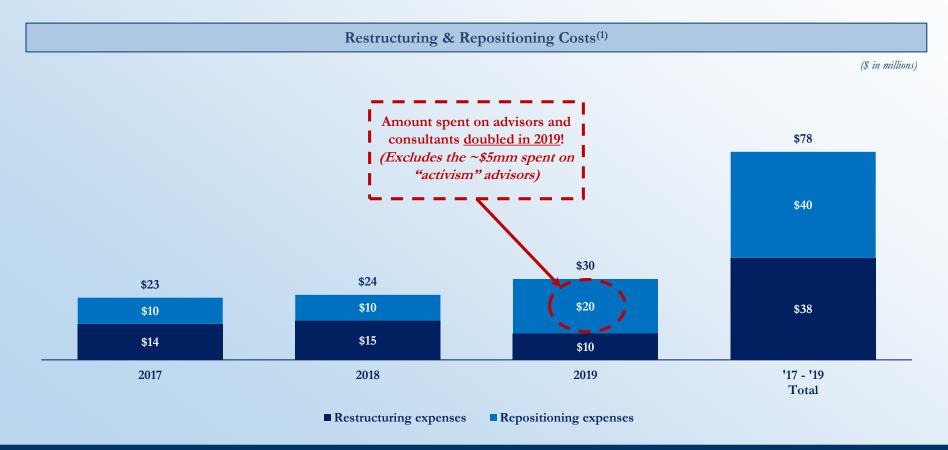


Despite four announced restructurings, operating expenses are higher.

GCP Has Incurred Significant Costs Associated with Its Restructuring Plans

Since 2017, GCP has spent \$78 million on restructuring and repositioning activities.

■ GCP has cumulatively spent \$38 million on restructuring activities aimed at streamlining product offerings and manufacturing locations, and \$40 million in repositioning activities, with <u>significant payments for consulting services</u>.

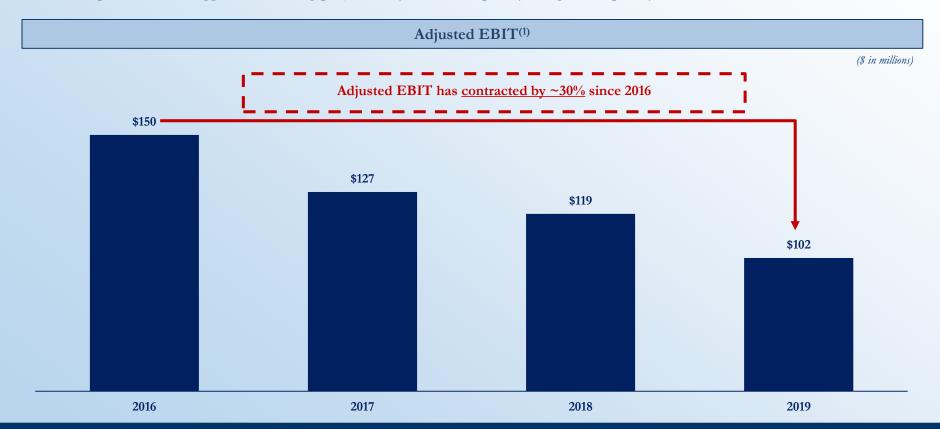


GCP has spent \$78 million, or ~\$1.00 per share, on advisory fees and restructurings over the past three years.

Despite Substantial Spend on Restructuring, Operating Income Has Declined

Despite spending \$78 million on restructuring and repositioning activities, operating income has declined.

- Significant payments for consulting services seem to have been ineffective.
 - Effective consulting projects aim to provide a benefit to clients that is 5 10x project fees continued poor performance suggests consulting projects may have been poorly designed or poorly executed.



Restructuring efforts seem to have been ineffective.

We Believe the Lack of Profitability Improvements May Be In Part Due to GCP's Atypical Recognition of "Cost Savings"

GCP claims "cost savings" for the removal of operating expenses in businesses that it exits. We believe this is misleading, because market exits also reduce both revenue and gross profit. Further, market exits ultimately indicate a business failure in certain geographies, and should not be viewed as accomplishments.

Majority of Cost Savings from the 2018 Restructuring Plan Should Not Come From Market Exits

"Looking at 2019 guidance, ... Of the \$28 million in savings, the largest contribution is the \$18 million that's coming from the market exit program, followed by our supply chain and G&A programs respectively."

- Craig Merrill, Interim CFO, 11/6/2019

Revenue Impact from SCC Market Exits

incurred under the 2018 Plan since its inception were \$22.0 million for restructuring and asset impairments and \$10.6 million for repositioning. During 2019, we achieved annualized pre-tax cost savings of \$25 million under the 2018 Plan. Approximately 75% and 25% of the total pre-tax cost savings were attributable to SCC and SBM, respectively, and related primarily to a reduction in cost of goods sold and selling, general and administrative expenses. By the end of 2020, we expect a total SCC revenue reduction of \$65 million to \$75 million as a result of exiting non-profitable geographic markets under the 2018 Plan. Such revenue reductions amounted to \$49 million and \$10 million, respectively, in 2019 and 2018.

Rather than holding management accountable for right-sizing the cost structure of GCP's SCC business and actually improving operations, the Board has settled on accepting market exits to stem the significant losses generated by GCP's fundamental operating inefficiencies. This is not a long term strategy.

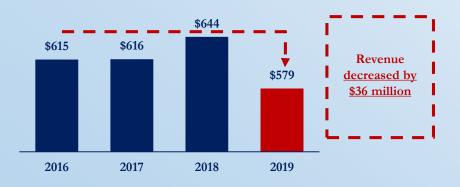
The Company's Claim of "Improved Profitability" in SCC Is Misleading

The Company would like to claim credit for improving SCC's margins, but it has "improved margins" from 2018 – 2019 by shaving ~\$64 million off the topline, and operating profit is still much lower than at spinoff.



... But SCC Revenue Has Dramatically Decreased Since Spinoff

... And EBIT Remains Significantly Lower Than It Was At Spinoff (1)





GCP's market exits suggest a failure to compete in its geographies, not a commitment to operating excellence.

Recent Improvements in SCC's Margins Have Not Been Driven by Fundamental Operational Improvements

While Adjusted EBIT margins for the SCC segment seem to have improved over the last twelve months, improvements have been driven by a <u>reduction in revenue</u> from <u>exiting unprofitable geographies</u>.

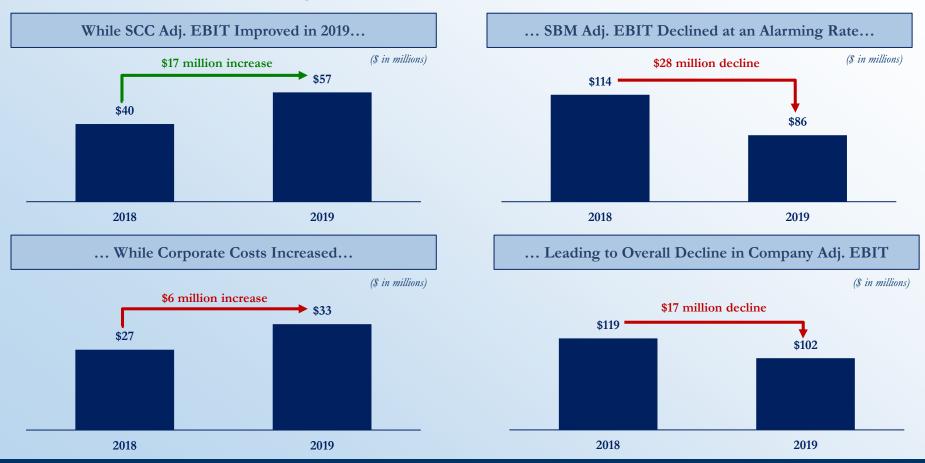
- While Adjusted EBIT margins within SCC seem to have improved over the past year, margin improvement at the expense of revenue growth is **not a sustainable strategy**.
- Over the past year, even as gross margins have improved, the Company's <u>operating expense as a percent of revenue has</u> <u>remained stagnant</u>, suggesting <u>fundamental operational efficiencies have not yet been addressed</u>.



We believe recent improvements in SCC margins are unsustainable without fundamental operational changes.

In Addition, Total Company Profits Have Continued to Decline

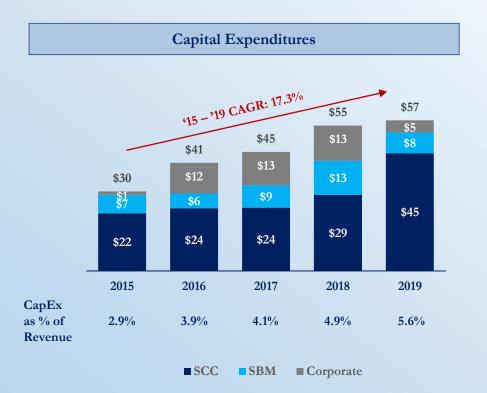
While the Company would like to take credit for recent improvements in SCC, total Company revenue continues to decline due to troubling performance in SBM and lack of corporate cost discipline.



Total Company performance has continued to deteriorate despite a single year of improvement in SCC, which <u>still</u> remains <u>far below</u> its optimal profitability.

The Company's Capital Deployment Strategy Has Not Been Effective

Despite spending an increasing percentage of revenue on capital expenditures, the Company's investments have not led to better results.





Despite capital expenditures continuing to grow on both an absolute and relative basis, revenue has declined.

The Company's capital investment strategy has not yielded positive results.

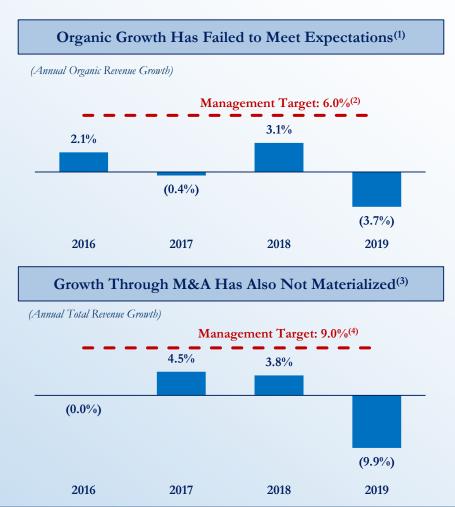
B) Repeated Missed Expectations

GCP's Results Have Consistently Missed Expectations

The Company has failed to execute against its growth targets – both organic and inorganic.



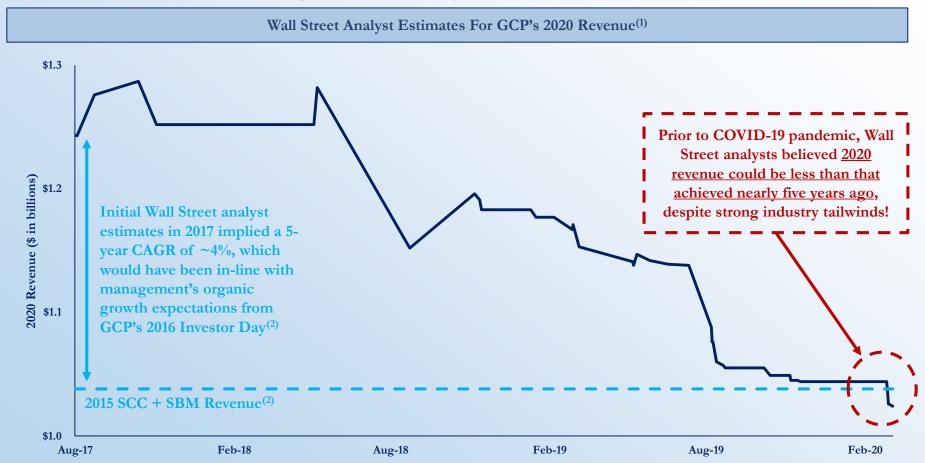
The Company had targeted a 5-year total revenue CAGR of 6% - 12%



GCP has failed to meet its revenue growth targets by a wide margin.

As a Result, Wall Street Analysts Have Grown Increasingly Disillusioned with the Company's Outlook

While Wall Street analysts initially subscribed to management's long-term revenue growth outlook, forward estimates have declined substantially over the past few years.



The Board's inability to execute on GCP's long-term growth plans is clear as evidenced by the perpetual downward revisions from Wall Street analysts.

SCC revenue excludes contributions from Venezuela operations.

Chart shown beginning in August 2017 to exclude effect of Darex Packaging sale on Wall Street analyst estimates.

GCP's Operating Expense and EBIT Margins Have Also Continually Missed Expectations

The Company has failed to execute against its cost reduction and Adjusted EBIT margin targets.

Adjusted SG&A Expense Ratio Has Increased (1)

(SG&A Expense as % of Total Revenue)

"If you take the SG&A for this year, Mike, we're probably --we're around 24% to 25% on remainco with all of the costs on the SG&A, okay? We're targeting in '18 to get that number on a run rate basis down to 22% to 23%."

- Greg Poling, President & CEO May 2017



Adjusted EBIT Margins Have Deteriorated(2)

"We're going to target a couple of points of margin improvement over the timeframe you're talking about across the business. But it really is going to be driven on creating value, we're either going to increase the quality or take the labor cost or production cost out of these products..."

- Greg Poling, President & CEO May 2016



GCP failed to meet its cost reduction and operating margin targets.

Source: GCP's public filings, Starboard estimates.

Calculated as Company reported Adjusted Gross Profit less Company reported Adjusted Operating Income less R&D Expense. Excludes Darex Packaging and Venezuela results.

²⁾ Excludes Darex Packaging which was sold in July 2017 and Venezuela results, which GCP excludes from its adjusted financials because of Venezuela's currency devaluation.

Both Business Segments Have Also Significantly Missed Expectations

GCP is operating at ~500 bps of underperformance in both its SCC and SBM segments.

SCC - Adjusted EBIT Margin vs. Management Target







"We targeted, although we don't have a specific date in mind but overall annualized basis we ought to be able to get [SCC] up over 15%. As you capture the new products Verifi will be a piece of that. We get good margins out of Verifi...But all in, businesses ought to be north of 15% EBIT margin business."

- Greg Poling, President & CEO August 2016 "These are all high-margin specialty applications... You can see the margins for construction are best in class here running from 23%, to just under 26%. We maintain these margins because of the specialty nature of the product, the distribution network, and the fact that their specified for high-end applications."

Greg Poling, President & CEO May 2016

Operating performance for both SCC and SBM have fallen well below management targets.

The Company Has a Long History of Downward Revisions and Misses



Source: GCP's public filings.

Shareholder Confidence Has Been Further Eroded by Constant Revenue and Earnings Misses

Even with perpetual negative guidance revisions, GCP has still managed to constantly miss Wall Street estimates, which has left shareholders incredibly frustrated.

- GCP's consistent track record of missing earnings is alarming and, in our view, indicates a lack of competency and accountability.
- A history of missed targets have further driven stock price underperformance, as shareholders seemingly do not trust management to deliver on the Company's guidance.

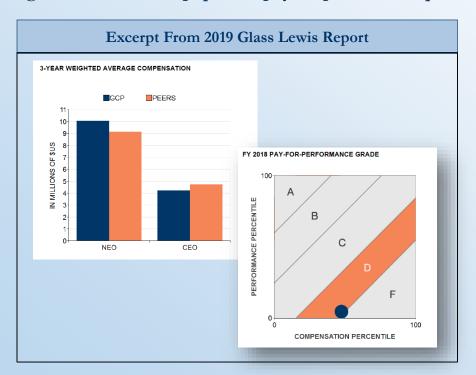
	Revenue Surprise History Since Spin-Off				Earnings Surprise History Since Spin-Off				
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Q1	(2%)	(28%)	0%	(6%)	82%	(73%)	(70%)	(15%)	
Q2	(1%)	0%	(4%)	(9%)	(10%)	(11%)	(31%)	(34%)	
Q3	(6%)	1%	(1%)	(1%)	(11%)	17%	5%	8%	
Q4	(3%)	(1%)	(3%)	(3%)	(5%)	2%	6%	13%	
	Company has MISSED in >80% of quarters				Company	has MISSE	D in >50% o	of quarters	

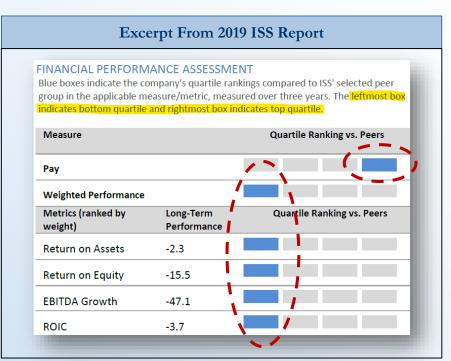
The Company has consistently missed Wall Street analyst and shareholder expectations.

C) Compensation & Governance Concerns

Proxy Advisors Have Highlighted the Disparity Between Performance and Pay Relative to Peers

Both ISS and Glass Lewis, the two most influential shareholder advisory firms, have noted that the Board has granted the CEO top quartile pay despite bottom quartile performance relative to peers.





GCP received a "D" from Glass Lewis on executive compensation, as the Board has compensated the CEO inline with peers, despite significantly worse performance.

ISS has highlighted to shareholders that over a three year period, bottom quartile performance has been rewarded with top quartile pay.

GCP pays its executive officers better than its peers, even though GCP's performance has been much worse.

The Board Has Approved an Aspirational Peer Set Further Inflating Compensation

We believe the Board has done a poor job of selecting benchmarks for compensation, resulting in compensation levels that are likely inappropriate for the Company's size.

Excerpt from GCP's 2020 Definitive Proxy

	Fiscal Year	D.		Number of	Capi	Iarket talization
Company	End	Revenue (billions)		Employees	at December 31, 2019 (billions)	
Advanced Drainage Systems, Inc.	Mar 2019	\$	1.50	4,880	\$	2.79
Armstrong World Industries, Inc.	Dec 2018	\$	1.03	2,400	\$	4.99
Carlisle Companies Incorporated	Dec 2018	\$	4.74	13,000	\$	9.20
Continental Building Products, Inc.	Dec 2018	\$	0.51	645	\$	1.27
Eagle Materials Inc.	Mar 2019	\$	1.39	2,300	\$	3.75
Ferro Corporation	Dec 2018	\$	1.61	6,059	\$	1.21
Gibraltar Industries, Inc.	Dec 2018	\$	1.00	1,939	\$	1.71
H.B. Fuller Company	Dec 2018	\$	3.04	6,479	\$	2.51
Insteel Industries, Inc.	Sept 2019	\$	0.46	834	\$	0.42
Martin Marietta Materials, Inc.	Dec 2018	\$	4.44	8,714	\$	16.28
Minerals Technologies Inc.	Dec 2018	\$	1.81	3,720	\$	2.00
Quaker Chemical Corporation	Dec 2018	\$	0.95	2,160	\$	3.00
RPM International Inc.	May 2019	\$	5.58	14,957	\$	9.57
Simpson Manufacturing Co., Inc.	Dec 2018	\$	1.08	3,135	\$	3.67
Summit Materials Inc.	Dec 2018	\$	2.10	6,000	\$	2.59
U.S. Concrete, Inc.	Dec 2018	\$	1.51	3,301	\$	0.68
Vulcan Materials Company	Dec 2018	\$	4.38	8,287	\$	18.61
W. R. Grace & Co	Dec_2018	\$	1.93	3.900	S	4 69
GCP Applied Technologies Inc.	Dec 2019	\$	1.03	2,000	\$	1.74
Percent Rank			26%	16%		27%

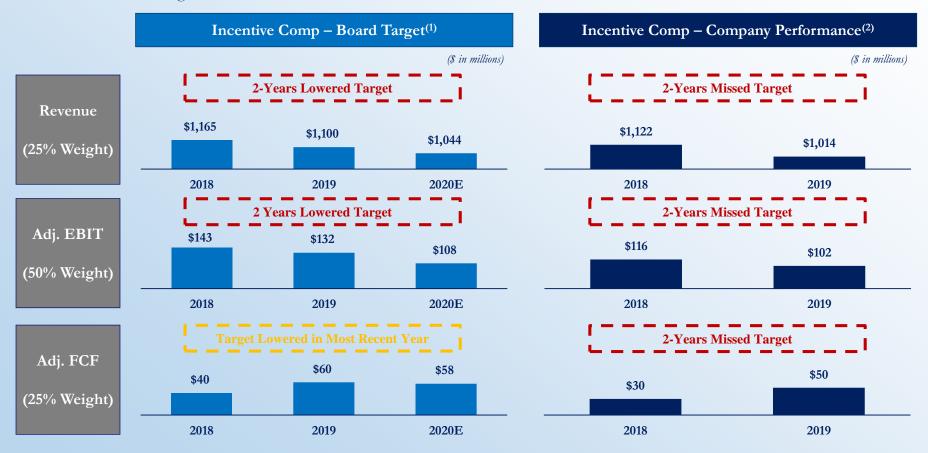
GCP is among the smallest of its peers based on revenue, number of employees, and market capitalization

GCP's executive compensation has been especially generous when considering the Company's relative size.

The Board Has Not Held Management Accountable for Poor Performance

The Board has continued to lower operating targets in response to management's poor performance.

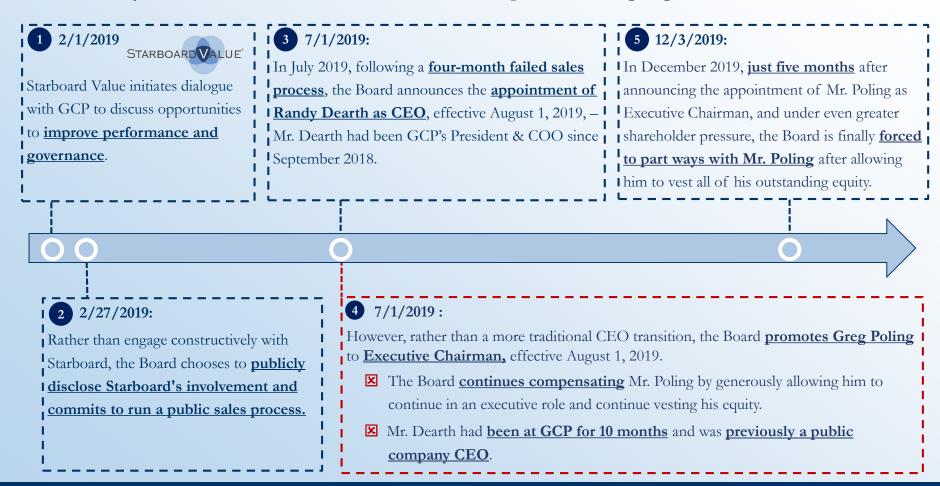
Management's annual incentive compensation is measured against Board-determined revenue, adjusted EBIT, and adjusted free cash flow targets.



The Board has consistently lowered the bar for management.

Only Under Extreme Pressure Did the Board Take Action to Change Leadership

Unfortunately, even then, we believe the Board continued to protect the outgoing CEO.



We find it incomprehensible that the dismal operating and financial performance that occurred under Mr. Poling's leadership would warrant a decision by the Board to appoint him as Executive Chairman.

We Have Concerns About the Board's Motivations for Appointing Greg Poling Executive Chairman of the Company

Randy Dearth had previously been the CEO of a public company and Messrs. Dearth and Poling had overlapped at GCP for almost one year, providing adequate time to transition by the time Mr. Dearth was appointed CEO. In light of this, together with the dismal performance that occurred under Mr. Poling's leadership as CEO, we question whether the Board kept Mr. Poling employed after Mr. Dearth's appointment as CEO to allow for further vesting of equity awards granted in February 2019.

Greg Poling Received Equity Awards in February 21, 2019, Which Required a 6-Month Period to Vest in Retirement

"For Messrs. Poling['s]... award the grant date was February 21, 2019." – 2020 Praxy Filing



Vest on Retirement After Six-Month Anniversary of 8/21/2019

Performance Based Units Vesting Terms In Retirement

4. Retirement, Death or Disability. Notwithstanding the vesting provisions described in Section 3, if you experience a Termination of Employment as a result of your Retirement (as defined in the Plan and described above) on or after the six (6) month anniversary of the Grant Date or due to your death or Disability, and had you continued in employment through the Committee Certification Date you would have become fully vested in the PBUs subject to this Award, then you will become fully vested in the total number of PBUs subject to this Award that would have become fully vested after adjustment for the attained level of achievement. If you are entitled to full vesting of PBUs pursuant to this Section 4, such vesting shall occur at the same time and in

\$1,375,000 in PBUs granted to Gregory Poling on 2/21/2019

Restricted Stock Units Vesting Terms In Retirement

4. Retirement, Death or Disability. Notwithstanding the vesting provisions described in Section 3, if you experience a Termination of Employment: (A) as a result of your Retirement (as defined in the Plan and described above) on or after the six (6) month anniversary of the Grant Date; or (B) due to your death or Disability, then you will become fully vested in all Restricted Stock Units subject to this Award on the date of such Retirement or your death or Termination of Employment due to Disability and at such time all such Awards will be immediately settled.

\$687,492 in RSUs granted to Gregory Poling on 2/21/2019

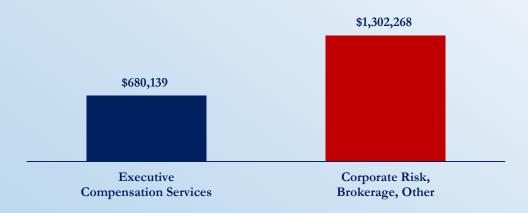
We are concerned that the Board may have chosen to keep Mr. Poling employed through 2019 in order to allow for him additional time to vest his 2019 equity awards.

We Question Whether the Compensation Consultants Are Truly Independent

Willis Towers Watson ("Willis"), an independent consulting firm, is a trusted advisor to the Board's compensation committee on management pay. However, Willis also collects significant fees from the Company for other services at management's discretion, creating an inherent conflict.

- According to the Company's proxy filings, Willis not only serves as the Board's independent compensation consultant, but also provides corporate risk and brokerage services to the Company's management team.
- With the exception of 2016, <u>Willis has collected significantly more fees from services provided to the Company</u> (i.e. corporate risk, brokerage, and other services) <u>than for services related to executive compensation</u>.
- Because, the <u>Company's management team has discretion over fees paid to Willis for corporate risk, brokerage, and other services</u>, we believe Willis has significant conflicts of interest that may prevent the firm from providing objective advice to the Board on executive compensation matters.

Cumulative Fees Paid to Willis for Executive Compensation and Other Services (2016 – 2019)



GCP needs a truly independent Board that can mitigate any potential conflicts of interest.

We Also Have Concerns With the Company's Corporate Governance Practices

GCP has a number of shareholder-unfriendly governance provisions.

GCP's Board Claims to be Committed to "Best-in-Class Governance Practices" (Excerpt from 2020 Definitive Proxy)

Our Structure

We are committed to best-in-class governance practices that protect the long-term interests of our shareholders and establish strong Board and management accountability. The "Corporate Governance" section beginning on page 15 describes our governance framework. We have adopted key corporate governance best practices, including:

- Despite a commitment to "best-in-class governance practices," the Board continues to have a <u>number of unfriendly shareholder provisions</u>.
- In particular, <u>shareholders are prevented from taking the following actions</u>:
 - NO action by written consent;
 - NO ability to call <u>special meetings</u> or <u>fill vacancies on the Board</u>.
- In addition, these provisions are set-forth in the Company's Certificate of Incorporation, which makes it more difficult for shareholders to amend as **changes would require Board approval**.

We believe the Company continues to have a number of unfriendly shareholder provisions.

The Current Board Has Significant Interlocks and Lacks Relevant Industry Experience

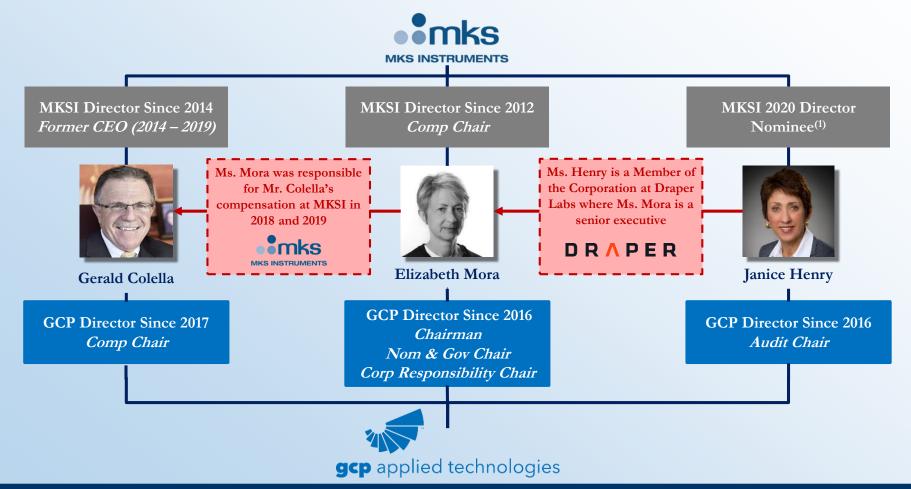
We believe there are <u>multiple director interlocks</u> and connections that suggest <u>personal relationships</u>, <u>potential conflicts of interest</u>, and a <u>lack of true independence</u> among board members.

- We believe the GCP Board lacks independence and relevant experience.
 - There are numerous interlocking relationships and a concentration of power.
 - Three Board members, who are <u>ALL involved together on another public company board</u>, control <u>ALL</u> leadership positions on the Board, including <u>Chairman</u> and <u>Chair of ALL four standing Board committees</u>.
 - Two other sets of incumbent directors / Board nominees previously served together on the same board or served
 concurrently as executives at the same company.
- We believe the newly selected Board Nominees also have potential conflicts and lack relevance.
 - John McPherson has direct business ties to the owner of one of GCP's largest competitors.
 - Armand Lauzon has never served on a public company board and we could not identify any prior industry experience
 that would be relevant to the needs of GCP.
- In total, of the ten GCP Board nominees, <u>FOUR</u> have little, if any, industry relevance and <u>FIVE</u> have direct interconnects and personal relationships with their fellow directors.

It seems clear to us that the current Board is laden with significant interconnections among directors that have created an insular boardroom environment that lacks true independence.

There Is a Consolidation of Power on GCP's Board Among Three Directors with Clear Interconnections

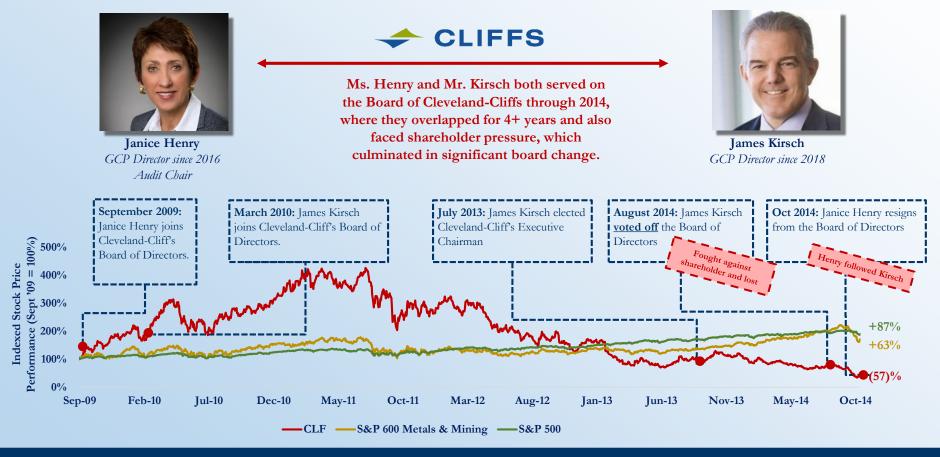
We question whether Elizabeth Mora, Janice Henry and Gerald Colella – three directors that have monopolized leadership positions on GCP's Board – are truly capable of acting independently given strong interconnections.



These three directors hold ALL leadership positions on the Board, including Chairman and chair of all committees.

Two Current Directors Served on the Cleveland-Cliffs Board Together

Janice Henry and James Kirsch have a long history together, as evidenced by their time on the Board of Cleveland-Cliffs (CLF), where they faced intense investor criticism. Shortly after Mr. Kirsch was voted off by shareholders, Ms. Henry stepped off CLF's Board.



Janice Henry and James Kirsch have a long-standing relationship.

New Nominee, John McPherson, Was a Direct Report of a Current GCP Board Member



Danny ShepherdGCP Director since 2016



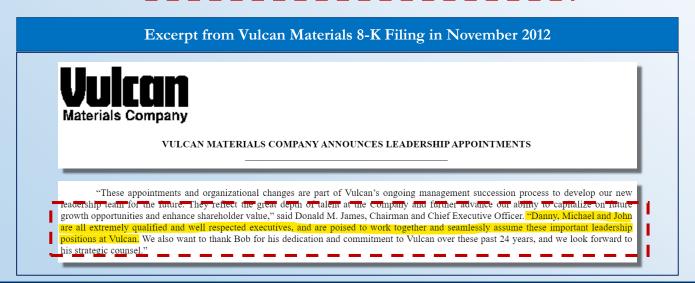
 $O_{Versa_W} \ M_{
m c}P_{herson}$

Mr. Shepherd served as Vulcan's Vice Chairman, while Mr. McPherson was CFO.

We think this former direct report relationship presents another potential conflict of interest.



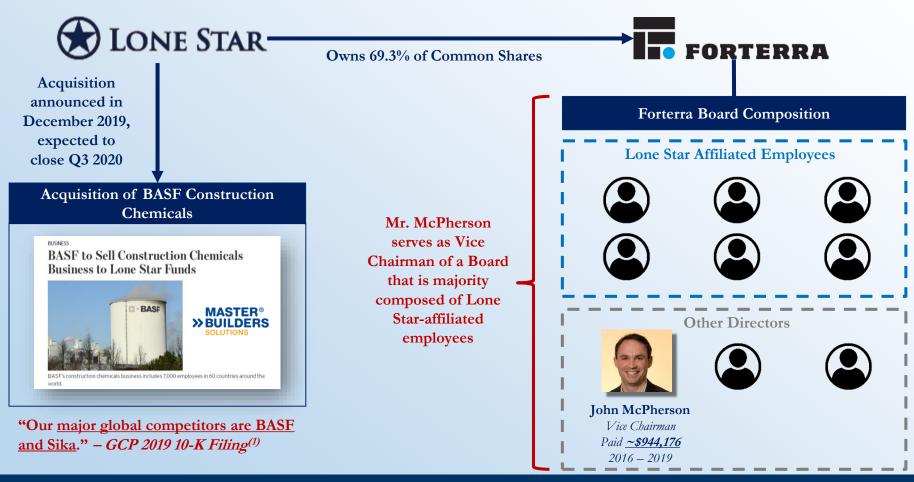
John McPherson
New GCP Board Nominee



John McPherson's nomination reflects the troubling pattern of interlocking relationships and potential conflicts of interest among GCP's director nominees.

John McPherson Has Direct Ties to the Private Equity Owner of a Key GCP Competitor

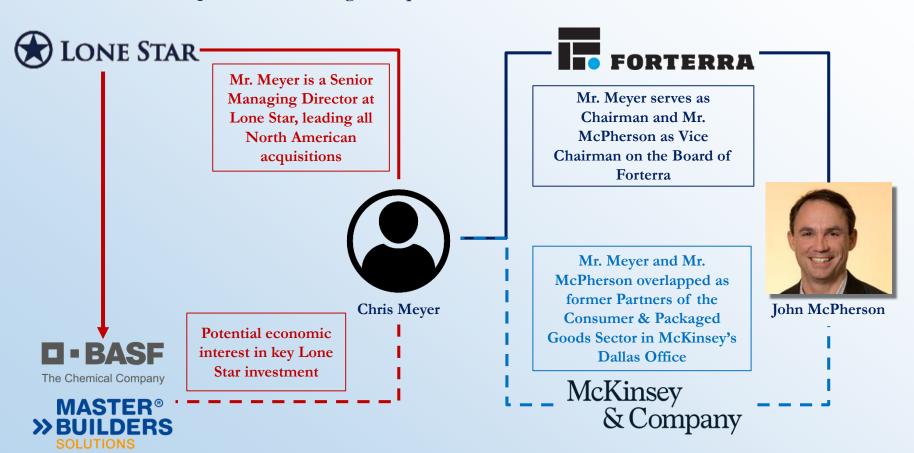
Lone Star Funds is acquiring BASF's Construction Chemicals business – a key GCP competitor – and is also a 69% owner of Forterra, where John McPherson is Vice Chairman.



Mr. McPherson has strong ties to the owner of one of GCP's key competitors – BASF.

John McPherson Has Direct Ties to the Private Equity Owner of a Key GCP Competitor (Cont'd.)

Mr. McPherson also has a long history with Chris Meyer, the Chairman of Forterra, and a Senior Managing Director at Lone Star responsible for leading all acquisitions in North America.



Mr. McPherson has a long history with a key senior executive at Lone Star.

New Nominee, Armand Lauzon, Lacks Direct Industry Experience and Has Never Been on a Public Board

Armand Lauzon lacks construction and specialty chemicals expertise.

- We do not believe the second nominee, Armand Lauzon, is a good fit for GCP's board.
- Mr. Lauzon has <u>no relevant direct construction and chemicals experience</u> that he can contribute to GCP, having spent most of his career in executive roles at a string of unrelated industrials companies.

Armand Lauzon Experience History							
Industry	Construction?	Chemicals?	Public Board Experience?				
Batteries & Electronics	×	×	×				
Steel Pipes & Tubes	×	×	×				
Specialized Metals	×	×	×				
Aerospace & Metal Coatings	×	×	×				
	Industry Batteries & Electronics Steel Pipes & Tubes Specialized Metals Aerospace & Metal	Industry Construction? Batteries & Electronics Steel Pipes & Tubes Specialized Metals Aerospace & Metal	Industry Construction? Chemicals? Batteries & Electronics X X Steel Pipes & Tubes X X Specialized Metals X X Aerospace & Metal				

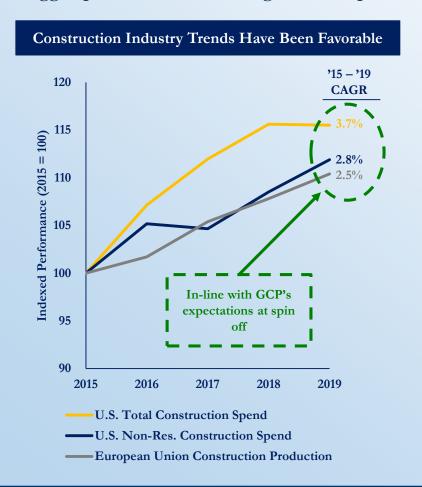
Is this really the "best" new independent director the Board could identify?

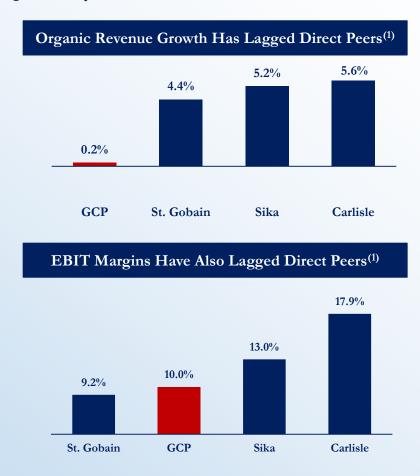
We note that Sequa has previously had a supply arrangement with Calgon Carbon, a Company where GCP's current CEO, Randy Dearth, has previously served as a Board member and CEO.

III. We Have a Better Plan

GCP Has Underperformed Peers Since Spinning Off From W.R. Grace

Despite a favorable industry backdrop and possessing an enviable portfolio of high quality products, GCP has lagged peers on both revenue growth and profitability over the past few years.



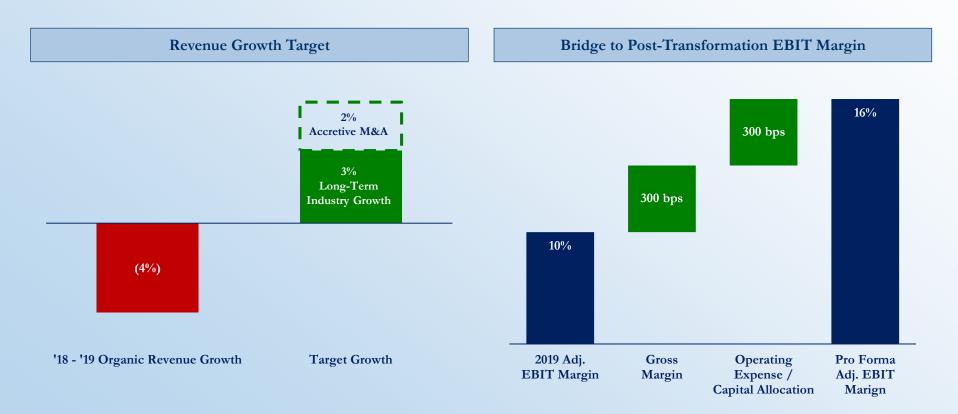


GCP's struggles seem to be unique as peers have benefitted from a favorable industry backdrop.

We Believe There Are Opportunities to Significantly Improve Revenue Growth and Margins

We believe that GCP can improve its EBIT margin by ~600bps on a run rate basis, more than recouping all of the deterioration that has occurred through poor performance over the last few years.

• We believe there are not only significant cost improvement opportunities within gross margin and operating expenses, but also opportunities to re-accelerate revenue growth in-line or better than long-term industry growth rates.



We believe significant value can be unlocked from operational improvements.

We Believe There Are Specific Operational Improvement Opportunities at GCP

Summary of Operational Improvement Opportunities

Revenue Growth

(3% - 5% Long-Term Growth Target)

- Restructure sales force compensation to include <u>product-specific quotas</u>, <u>payouts for meeting both revenue and profitability metrics</u>, and uncap bonus payments to <u>incentivize high performers</u>.
- Pivot the customer service organization to an assigned model to increase accountability and ownership.
- <u>Clean up order entry system</u> so that each country or geography has its own distinct system.
- **Expand** U.S. SCC product portfolio into <u>international markets</u>.
- Tier SBM product offerings to gain greater market acceptance in APAC and lower-specification projects domestically in domestic markets.

Gross Margin

(300bps Margin Improvement)

- Review product demand potential by region, and consider <u>adding production lines to existing local</u> <u>production facilities</u> for products with high local demand potential.
- **Empower marketing** to act as a gatekeeper for new product ideas in order to **conserve R&D resources** and ensure adequate customer demand and ROI for new ideas.
- Right-size low-volume, low-margin SKUs to <u>decrease complexity</u> in manufacturing and supply chain.
- Aggressively <u>eliminate sole-sourced raw materials</u> to improve unit-level costs.

Operating Expense / Capital Allocation

(300bps Margin Improvement)

- Streamline managerial organization to <u>improve productivity</u> and <u>decision-making efficiency</u>.
- Introduce <u>automation into customer service</u> experience to improve productivity.
- Improve **R&D productivity** by reallocating resources towards **higher-margin SBM segment**.
- Review capital allocation and prioritize high ROI projects and investments.

A. Revenue Improvement Plan

GCP Has Lost Market Share in Key Geographies

Since spinning off from W.R. Grace, we believe GCP has lost market share to competitors.

- While competitors have managed to grow through a combination of organic efforts and acquisitions, GCP has had the opposite trajectory, with sales declining outside of North America due to operational struggles and market exits.
- Based on conversations with former employees, competitors, and customers, we believe there are **short-term** and **long-term** steps the Company can take to reinvigorate the organization and take back market share.

Regional '15 – '19 Revenue CAGR – GCP vs. Peers⁽¹⁾ North America 15.1% 12.7% **EMEA** 3.7% 3.3% 12.0% 8.4% St. Gobain Carlisle (2) 1.5% **APAC** 16.9% 12.0% Carlisle (2) LatAm GCP , St. Gobain Only region where GCP 1.8% has had a positive revenue 15.0% CAGR since spin off 1.8% 2.8% Carlisle (2) St. Gobain (18.1%) GCP St. Gobain Sika (4) Carlisle (2)

We believe GCP can improve margins by reallocating resources to more attractive geographies.

We Believe There Are Immediate Steps the Company Can Take to Better Execute Its Revenue Strategy

We believe the current sales force compensation structure leads to suboptimal short-term and long-term outcomes for the Company.

Background

- Based on conversations with former employees, we believe **bonus payments are weighted 65 75% based on individual sales targets and 25 35% based on management discretion**.
- While sales representatives may be responsible for selling multiple products, individual sales targets are based on an aggregate sales number there may not be product-specific quotas.
- Incentive payments to sales representatives, which were un-capped prior to spin off, have now been <u>capped at 25</u> <u>− 40% of base salary</u>.

Problem

- Sales representatives are incentivized to maximize volume rather than maximize profit potential.
 - Example: Sales representative may be incentivized to give discounts in return for a higher absolute sales number, rather than holding price to ensure profits and profit margins are sustained.
- Sales representatives are incentivized to pursue their most established sales relationships little incentive to develop new customer relationships or work on gaining market recognition for less established product lines.
 - Example: Sales representatives covering both ready mix concrete and precast concrete may spend most of their effort pursuing
 orders from established ready mix customers, as opposed to developing relationships with precast customers that may yield longerterm benefits
- Compensation structure discourages high performers no incentive to sell once the bonus cap is attained.

Proposed Solution

Restructure sales compensation to include product-specific quotas, payouts for meeting both revenue and profitability metrics, and uncapped bonus payments.

We believe there are immediate steps the Company can take to restructure sales force incentives.

We Believe There Are Immediate Steps the Company Can Take to Better Execute Its Revenue Strategy (Cont'd.)

We believe the current order placement and fulfilment system undermines hard-earned customer relationships and leads to unnecessary errors.

Background

- Based on conversations with former employees, we believe the **Company switched to a centralized order** fulfilment system 2 3 years ago.
- Rather than customers sending orders directly to an assigned customer service representative relationships that may have been built up over multiple years customers have instead been asked to send orders through an email system where it is picked up by one of multiple customer service representatives.

Problem

- System creates lack of accountability and unclear ownership for incoming customer orders.
 - Elevated order fulfillment error rate, with wide variance in customer experience depending on customer service representative, leading to order cancellations and damaged reputation.
- Creates conflict between customer service and sales representatives as order cancellations resulting from errors in order fulfillment negatively impact sales quotas and associated bonus payments.
- The same order entry email is used across multiple geographies some of which do not operate in English which likely creates confusion within the customer service organization.



For example, customers on GCP's U.S. website are asked to send orders to this email, which is also the same email used on the GCP Italy, GCP Japan, and GCP Singapore websites. However, GCP Germany, GCP Mexico, and GCP France, among others, have distinct order entry emails.

Proposed Solution

- Revert the customer service organization to an assigned model to increase accountability and ownership.
- **Clean up order entry system** so that each country or geography has its own distinct order entry system.

We believe there are immediate steps the Company can take to restructure the customer service organization.

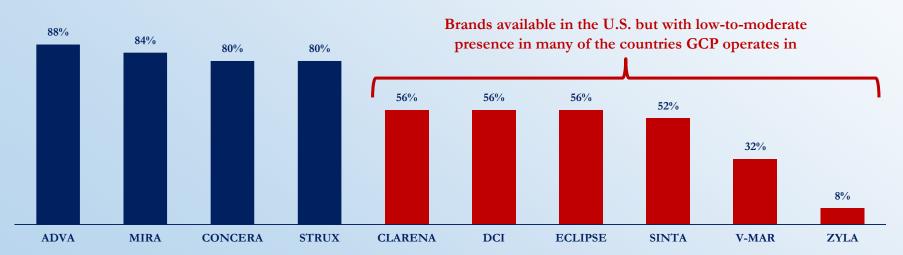
Longer-Term, We Believe SCC Has an Opportunity to Increase Sales by Cross-Selling into More Geographies

GCP highlights ten brand names for ready mix concrete on their website, yet only four seem to have global presence.

- While GCP has ten brands serving the ready mix concrete industry in the U.S., most of these brands are not available globally.
- From discussions with industry experts and former employees, we believe there would be strong customer interest for many of the products currently unavailable outside of the U.S.
- We believe the Company may gain market share from expanding its ready mix concrete brands to more countries in which it already has an existing presence.

Availability of GCP Ready Mix Concrete Brands in Countries GCP Operates⁽¹⁾

(% of Countries with Local Office)

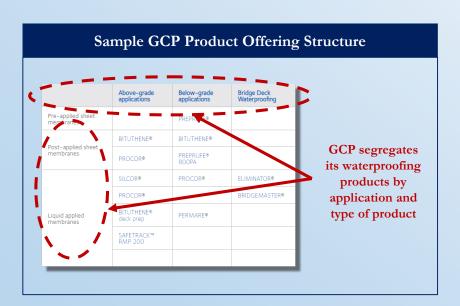


Expanding the existing SCC product portfolio into more geographies represents a potential sales opportunity.

We Also Believe SBM Should Consider Tiering Its Product Offerings to Increase Market Share in APAC

We believe GCP should consider tiering its product offerings for APAC, where the Company's product specifications may exceed customer requirements.

- Based on conversations with former employees, we believe GCP's products may be over-engineered relative to customer requirements in APAC.
- Because the Company's products are priced at a premium, we believe potential customers have been turning to less expensive "good enough" solutions.
- We believe there is an opportunity for GCP to provide tiered offerings with varying specifications in APAC, which would allow the Company to appeal to customers with less technically complex needs, and increase market share.





We believe there is an opportunity to increase revenues in APAC through tiered product offerings.

We Believe the Company Should Consider Augmenting Organic Growth with Prudent Acquisitions

We believe the Company should consider utilizing acquisitions to fill gaps in regional presence or product portfolio.

- Sika, which is considered best-in-class in the industry, has benefitted from a <u>disciplined M&A strategy</u> focused on identifying companies with interesting / complementary technologies or companies with market share in strategic verticals / geographies.
- With a conservatively leveraged balance sheet, we believe GCP has the resources to also participate in a thoughtful M&A strategy, but only with effective and knowledgeable board oversight.

Wall Street Research Commentary on Sika's Acquisition of Parex

"The purchase of Parex allows Sika to (a) <u>increase its share in a highly fragmented market</u>, (b) <u>broaden its footprint in Asia</u> (we estimate that Asia revenues will increase from 17% to 20% once fully integrated), and (c) <u>further increase operating leverage</u>."

- Morgan Stanley (February 2019)

"The acquisition allows Sika to <u>gain access to Parex's distribution channels</u> and production capacity in mortars. <u>It will also allow Parex to gain access to 70 new markets in which Parex does not currently operate</u>. For Sika, the <u>cross-selling opportunity</u> is particularly strong in China where Parex has established a strong commercial presence and brand recognition."

- Bernstein Research (May 2019)

"We also see the higher interest in DIY as beneficial for building material companies with <u>exposure to such smaller-scale projects</u>. The <u>clearest beneficiary is likely to be Sika's newly-acquired Parex business</u> (catering to smaller-scale projects and customers, with products largely sold through distribution channels)."

GCP has said it's *now* targeting smaller projects in SBM, *after* peers have already made strategic moves

- Jefferies (April 2020)

We believe there is an opportunity to augment organic growth with disciplined and value-adding M&A.

B. Gross Margin Plan

GCP's Gross Margins Have Deteriorated Over Time

Since spinning-off from W.R. Grace, GCP's gross margins have steadily deteriorated, particularly in the Company's more profitable SBM segment.

- We believe GCP has opportunities to improve gross margins by <u>improving manufacturing practices</u>, <u>simplifying supply-chain management</u>, and <u>implementing strategic pricing projects</u>.
 - We have identified these opportunities through interviewing former employees from both GCP and Direct Peers.
- Longer-term, we believe there is an opportunity for GCP to <u>improve gross margins by 300bps</u>.





We believe GCP can improve its gross margins.

We Believe There Is an Opportunity to Improve Supply Chain Efficiency in SBM

We believe most of SBM's products are manufactured in the U.S. and Western Europe before being shipped to local markets, resulting in higher labor and shipping costs.

Background

- Based on conversations with former employees, we believe a number of key SBM products are manufactured in the U.S. and Western Europe before being shipped to local markets.
- We believe management's reluctance to move manufacturing into local markets may stem from fear of IP theft. While this may have been a valid concern a decade ago, many of the patents on GCP's iconic products have expired, and knock-off products from competitors are already on the market today (e.g. PREPRUFE).



PREPRUFE 25+ year product, came off-patent in 2011





MasterSeal HLM 5000

Dual Cold-Applied Bistorner
Waterprofing Membrane System

Master Mark 1881 a Prayendates

Mark 1881

Problem

- Lack of regional manufacturing increases product cost and forces the Company to choose between reducing profit margins or reducing price competitiveness relative to peers.
- Manufacturing in U.S. and Western Europe increases ordering lead times in key markets (e.g. SE Asia and Australia) order to delivery may take nine weeks; reduces ability to react quickly to customer demands.
- Long lead times also conflicts with the Company's just-in-time manufacturing practices, as the sales organization struggles between accidentally over-ordering and needing to hold inventory, or maintaining low inventory levels but forgoing unanticipated customer orders due to long delivery times.

Proposed Solution

Review product demand potential by region, and consider adding production lines to existing local production facilities for products with high local demand potential.

We believe there are is an opportunity to reduce costs by increasing regional manufacturing capabilities.

We Believe There is an Opportunity to Improve Supply Chain Efficiency in SBM (Cont'd.)

Based on interviews with former employees, as a case study, we highlight an opportunity with DE NEEF, a water proofing injection solution that is highly popular in Europe with significant global demand potential.

- DE NEEF was acquired by W.R. Grace in 2011 and envisioned to be a product with strong global demand.
- While DE NEEF has experienced strong demand in Europe, its potential in North America and APAC has not been fully realized we believe a centralized Belgian-based manufacturing system may be imposing unnecessary costs and logistics challenges are a hindrance to sales growth and profitability.

Example of DE NEEF Manufacturing / Supply Chain Inefficiency

- 1 Raw materials sourced from China are flown to Belgium to manufacture DE NEEF branded waterproofing injection solutions.
- 2 Finalized product is flown from Belgium to Australia in order to fulfill customer order.
- 3 SBM facility in Singapore currently produces only BITUTHENE waterproofing, and has capacity for a DE NEEF production line to fulfill demand in APAC.

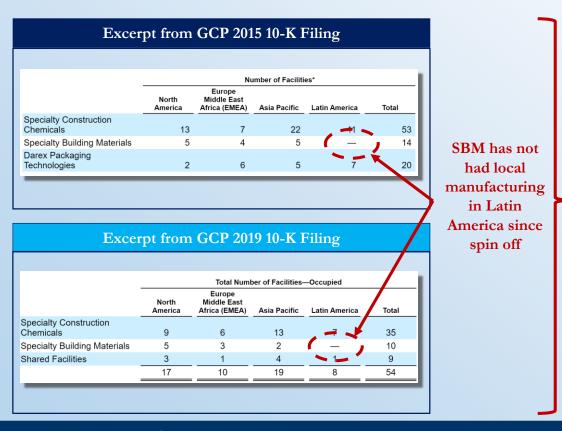


We believe similar opportunities to improve supply chain efficiency exist within SBM.

We Believe There is an Opportunity to Improve Supply Chain Efficiency in SBM (Cont'd.)

Similar to supply chain inefficiencies with DE NEEF, we believe other similar inefficiencies exist within SBM.

Since spin off, the SBM segment has not had any local manufacturing presence in Latin America, leading us to believe that the Company struggles to be price competitive in Latin America due to higher manufacturing and shipping costs relative to competitors with a local presence

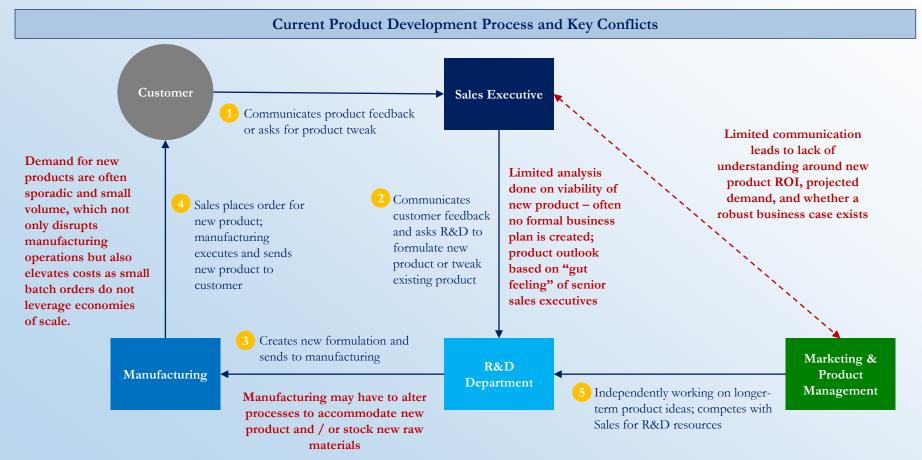




We believe the Company should initiate a comprehensive supply chain review to root out inefficiencies.

GCP's Product Development Process Drives Operational Inefficiencies That Pressure Gross Margins

We believe inefficiencies in the product development process increase product costs by driving ineffective market positioning and negatively impacting procurement, supply-chain, manufacturing, and research & development.

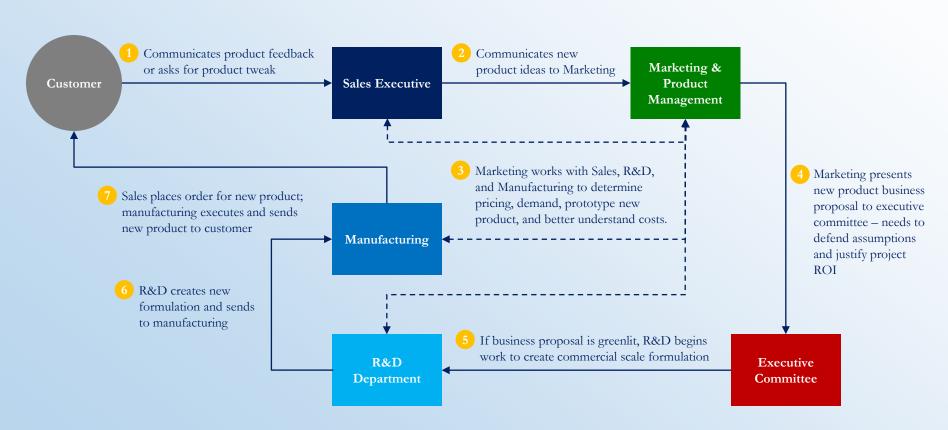


GCP's product development process creates friction and unnecessary costs for the organization.

GCP's Product Development Process Drives Operational Inefficiencies That Pressure Gross Margins (Cont'd.)

Below, we propose a more efficient product development process that we believe will free up R&D resources, and improve efficiencies in procurement, supply chain, and manufacturing.

Proposed Product Development Process



We believe there is a more efficient and effective product development process.

GCP's Product Development Process Drives Operational Inefficiencies That Pressure Gross Margins (Cont'd.)

We believe there is an opportunity to significantly reduce the volume of sole-sourced raw materials purchased each year.

Background

- While Company policy dictates every raw material is required to have three suppliers, in reality, there is significant sole-sourcing across the organization we believe 40 60% of raw materials processed each year may be sole-sourced.
- We believe the Company's suppliers, particularly for more mature products, are aware of their advantaged position.
- Responsibility for avoiding sole source situations rests with procurement and R&D.

Problem

- We believe the Company's focus on short-term product development leads to **insufficient time for both R&D** and procurement to vet suppliers and ensure compliance with Company policy.
- For more mature products where turnover in the supplier base has created sole source situations, we believe there is **lack of communication between procurement and R&D** when reformulation may be necessary to expand the supplier base.
- We believe the **Company lacks bargaining power** when negotiating with suppliers, leading to sub-optimal raw material costs.

Proposed Solution



By limiting the volume of short-term projects through empowering marketing to be a more effective gatekeeper, R&D should have more capacity to focus on product maintenance and innovation that would help improve margins and drive long-term growth.

We believe the Company should focus on reducing reliance on sole-sourced raw materials.

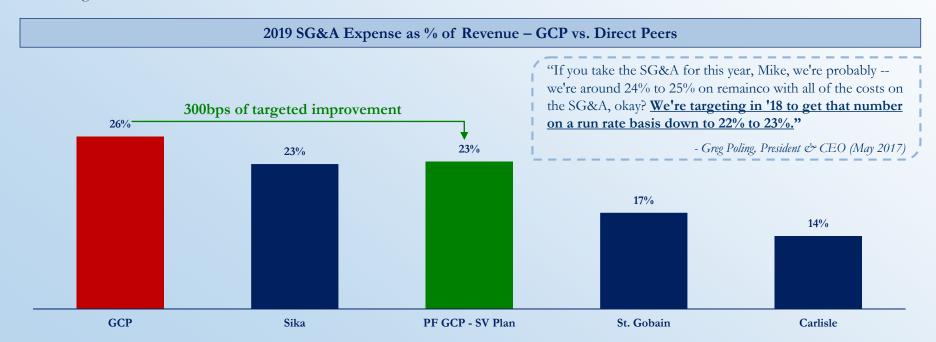
C. SG&A and R&D Improvement Plan

SG&A Improvement Plan

We Believe There is an Opportunity To Streamline SG&A

We believe there is a path to not only streamline SG&A expenses, but also reallocate resources to create a more efficient and effective organization.

- Despite announcing four restructuring plans over the last three years, GCP's SG&A expense ratio not only remains the highest among peers, but is still well above targets that management committed to in 2017.
- We believe there are opportunities to <u>streamline the managerial organization</u>, <u>improve decision making speed</u> and <u>decrease the</u> <u>cost structure</u>. We also believe there are opportunities to <u>automate customer service</u> to increase productivity and customer experience.
- We believe the Company is capable of achieving a 23% SG&A expense ratio, in line with peer benchmarks and prior a management targets.



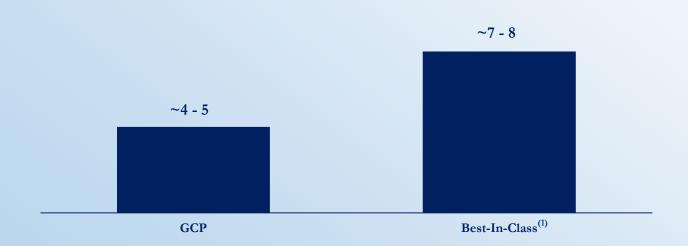
We believe GCP can improve its SG&A expense structure.

There are Opportunities to Reorganize Corporate Headcount

We believe the Company may have too many managerial staff within key support functions.

- Our diligence suggests that the Company's <u>ratio of line-level employees to managers</u> in key support functions may be <u>significantly lower than best-in-class peers</u>.⁽¹⁾
 - Aside from creating an elevated cost structure, a bloated managerial organization also leads to <u>inefficient decision</u> making due to overlapping spheres of control.
- We believe there is an opportunity to <u>reduce costs while preserving productivity</u> by replacing managerial layers with more line-level employees.





We believe GCP has an opportunity to reorganize the Company's corporate headcount.

There Are Opportunities For Greater Decentralization of Business Unit Functions

We believe there needs to be greater decentralization of business unit functions to create greater accountability and drive further SG&A efficiencies.

- Based on interviews with former employees, we believe the Company has been slow to push decision making and accountability to business unit leadership, which drives inefficiencies in cost structure and decision making.
- We believe the Company could benefit from studying how its competitors, Sika and St. Gobain, have benefitted from prioritizing decentralization in recent years.

Wall Street Commentary on Sika's Decentralized Structure

Wall Street Commentary on St. Gobain's Decentralized Structure

"We believe the "nimbleness" of Sika's organization is a feature of its unique culture that has been enhanced under the tenure of CEO Jan Jenisch, who decentralized the organizational structure, introduced P&L responsibility at the country level one step away from the customer, and implemented a new incentive scheme and performance management system. We think Sika's new freedom will only serve to improve the company's reactiveness, making it even less sensitive to cycles."

Bernstein Research
April 2019

"In this section...we highlight the new geographical based structure...The Group's previous structure relied on a matrix-based system with three sectors of activity (Innovative Materials, Construction Products and Building Distribution) while the new structure aims to facilitate more rapid decision-making while eliminating several approval levels for most decisions."

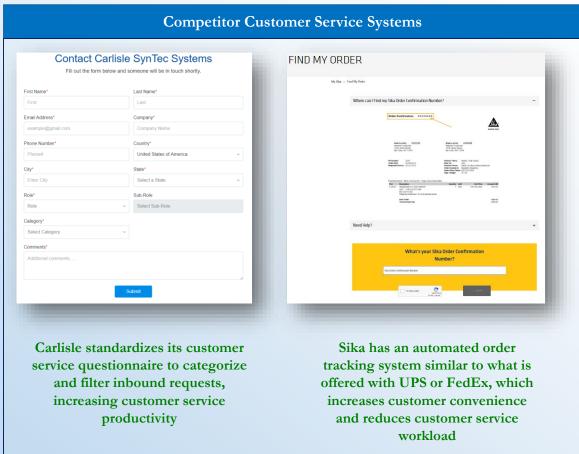
- J.P. Morgan November 2019

We believe the Company's SG&A structure may benefit from greater decentralization.

There Are Opportunities to Automate Customer Support to Improve Productivity

We believe the Company should consider automating portions of the customer support experience in order to improve productivity, reduce costs, and increase customer satisfaction.

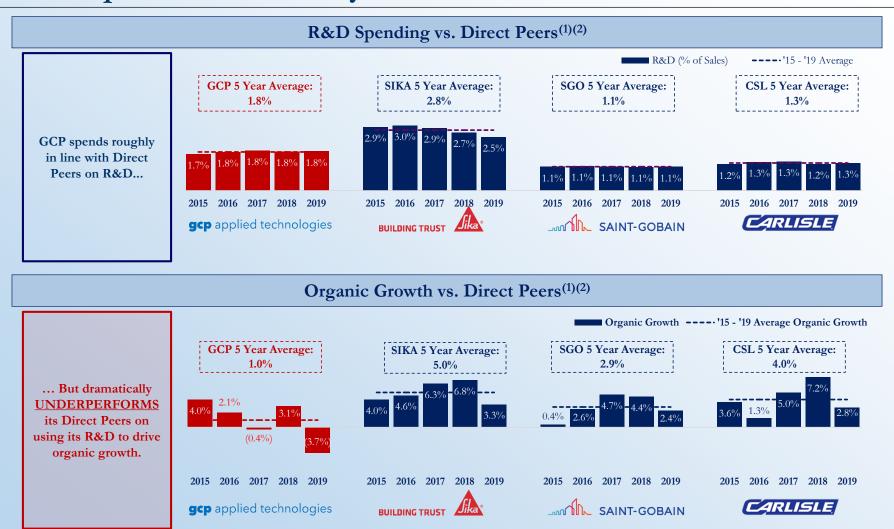




We believe there are opportunities to improve productivity by automating customer service functions.

R&D Improvement Plan

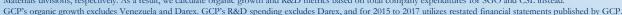
We Believe There is an Opportunity to Improve Research & Development Productivity



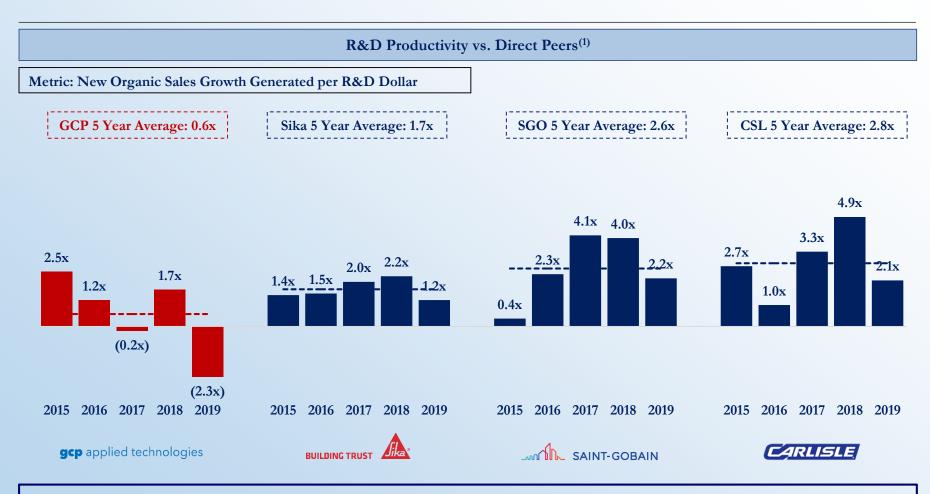
GCP's current R&D strategy should be reevaluated in light of the Company's extremely poor organic growth.

Source: GCP's and Direct Peers' public filings.

Direct Peers include Sika, SGO, and CSL. We define Direct Peers differently here as compared to pg. 8 because SGO and CSL do not report R&D expense metrics for the Construction Products and Construction Materials divisions, respectively. As a result, we calculate organic growth and R&D metrics based on total company expenditures for SGO and CSL instead.



GCP's Peers Have a Better Return on Their R&D Budgets



GCP's competitors are efficient with their R&D spending. On average, they are able to drive \$2.36 in new sales for every \$1 spent on R&D.

Focusing GCP's R&D strategy can potentially yield significant topline improvements.



We Believe GCP Has Missed Out on Significant White Space to Drive Organic Growth

We believe GCP can drive growth by proactively focusing on its R&D Strategy.

Innovation Is Critical To Growth in Specialty Building Products (1)(2)



- "By 2023 the company aims to generate 25% of sales with products that have been launched on the market in the last five years."
- "Investments in R&D lead to the launch of a large number of new products in all target markets every year"



"We generated sales of around €10 billion [17% of total] with products launched on the market in the past five years that stemmed from research and development activities"

GCP Has Dramatically Underperformed Peers

2.36x

53

\$95 mm

\$52 mm

=

\$171 mm

'15 – '19 Average Peer Productivity GCP's '15 - '19 R&D Budget

GCP's '15 – '19 Actual Organic Sales Missed Sales
Opportunities &
Underperformance

GCP's lack of growth is not the result of a lack of investment. It is the result of a poor investment strategy.

R&D needs to be at the forefront of GCP's business strategy.

We Believe GCP Needs to Balance Investments in SCC and SBM

According to our research, GCP has a significant R&D and capital expenditure imbalance between its SCC and SBM businesses.

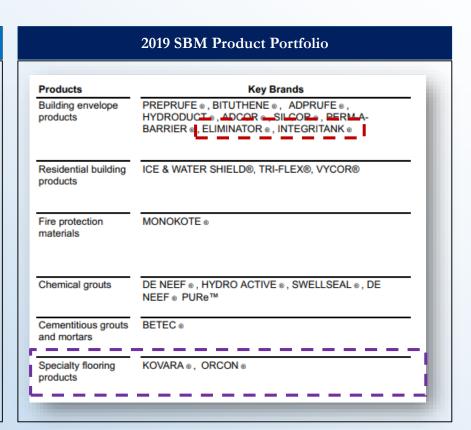
GCP's Current R&D Prioritizes SCC GCP Should Allocate Greater Resources to SBM Deploy capital into GCP's SBM business, which has GCP deploys an outsized amount of its R&D and higher returns and is differentiated capital spending towards its SCC segment Less specialized, price sensitive business where Specialized market where GCP is sought out for many peers have a scale advantage product quality Lower operating margin (~10%) Higher operating margin (~20%) Higher capital expenditure requirements Lower capital expenditure requirements VERIFI is a focus for leadership (consuming significant R&D spend and capital investment) Significant opportunities to innovate or acquire complementary commercial construction-related technologies that can be leveraged by existing sales force

We believe GCP's current investment priorities require re-balancing.

The Company Has Underinvested in SBM

Since 2015, there have been no company-developed additions to the SBM product portfolio despite consistent R&D spending – the only additions have come through M&A.

Products	Key Brands
Building envelope products	BITUTHENE (a), PREPRUFE (a), ADPRUFE (a), HYDRODUCT (a), ADCOR (a), SILCOR (a), PERM-A-BARRIER (a)
Residential building products	ICE & WATER SHIELD ⊚ , TRI-FLEX ⊚ , VYCOR ⊚
Fire protection materials	MONOKOTE ⊗
Chemical grouts	DE NEEF \otimes , HYDRO ACTIVE \otimes , SWELLSEAL \otimes , DE NEEF \otimes PURe TM
Cementitious grouts and mortars	BETEC ⊗



Sterling Lloyd Acquisition Halex Acquisition

In the last 4 years, GCP has spent over \$75 million on R&D but has not launched a single new SBM brand.

SCC Has Overwhelmingly Monopolized GCP's R&D Dialogue Since Its Spin Off

During the Analyst Teach-In before spinning off, GCP highlighted several SCC products that were in the test market phase, but didn't mention new SBM products.





The Company has primarily focused on SCC despite strong positioning in SBM.

We Believe GCP Would Benefit from a Review of Its **Investment Strategy**

In light of GCP's declining margins and capitulating market exits, we are concerned that the Company may be overextending its reach in select competitive markets and underinvesting in differentiated SBM categories.

The Company Has Focused On Geographic Expansion ...

"We look for geographic expansion in the admixture Ready Mix business and then we're trying to sell additional high value products through that distribution...It's a large fragmented market and where you have to have the density or the geography level in order to service the customers, right. It's a high cost to serve model with dispensing tanks, technical service organization, dispenser technicians, all of those things complete."

> Greg Poling, Former CEO May 2016

SCC Capital Expenditures Have Doubled



... In Less-Specialized & Competitive Markets

"SCC participates in ~75-80 geographic markets globally where ~40-50 markets have commoditized to some degree or where large competitors that are vertically integrated have better scale to offset inflation caused by FX or raw."



"The concrete admixtures and cement additives businesses each have fragmented competitive industry structures in the emerging markets... The competition comes mainly from smaller local and regional competitors."







We would review the Company's investment strategy given the large focus in its lower return business.

While GCP Has Underinvested in Its SBM Business, Peers Have Focused on Replicating PREPRUFE

GCP's outsized focus on its SCC segment has resulted in fewer innovations in its SBM segment, at a time when competitors have gone after its core product.

Product Pioneer





PREPRUFE is a 25+ year product leader, but GCP neglected patent expirations and has not meaningfully innovated in this space.

Competitive Launches of PREPRUFE "Knock Offs"





SikaProof introduced in 2016 and directly competes with PREPRUFE in the sheet membrane product category.





Miracote introduced a polyurethane mixture between 2015-2016 for topcoat or finishing coat.





MasterSeal introduced between 2015-2016 using similar chemicals but via spray application.

We believe GCP needs to invest in its pioneering business and differentiate it from competitors.

GCP is Lagging in New Product Innovation in Its SBM Business

GCP's outsized focus on its SCC segment has resulted in fewer innovations in its SBM segment, which plays in a market that values and rewards new product roll outs.

GCP's Category Creators Timeline

Specialty Building Materials Products
Specialty Construction Chemicals Products

Preprufe®

Pre-applied waterproofing membrane

ESE®

Non-chloride early strength enhancing cement additives De Neef®
Acquired leak repair
and remediation
product portfolio

Silcor® Liquid waterproofing introduced

TYTRO®

A complete admixture solutions that makes shotcrete for underground construction better, faster and less expensive than conventional systems

Verifi® V4 Quality

1996

















STRUX®

Breakthrough microfiber technology introduced as a replacement for rebar and welded wire mesh Verifi®

In-transit concrete management technology for ready mix concrete producers Vycor® enV-STM

Self-adhered weather barrier for residential structures Clarena®

Clay mitigation for aggregates

ConceraTM

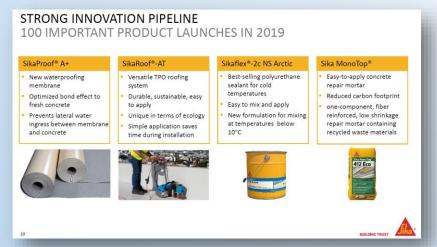
Admixtures that enable production of Control Flow Concrete, a segregation resistant high flow concrete using conventional mix designs

GCP must renew focus on enhancing the SBM portfolio.

GCP Peer Sika Has Taken Market Share by Focusing on Continuously Launching New Products

We believe GCP needs to adopt a more aggressive approach to product innovation in its SBM segment. Sika is a perfect example of how GCP can win by listening to its customers and delivering on innovation.





... Which Has Resulted in Significant Project Wins

"Also <u>new customers that we won last year in North America, some significant customers</u>, I must say. Cannot mention the names, of course, here in the concrete business, but also in the <u>waterproofing business</u>, for example, we will see these sales coming through now this year."



- Sika February 22, 2019 Earnings Call

...While GCP Has Blamed a Lack of Projects For Its Poor Performance

"Our <u>major challenge</u> is with our project-driven Building Envelope business. As a reminder, this business specializes in large, complex commercial and infrastructure projects. In the second quarter, <u>there were less of these projects</u>, particularly in New York and California, which had a negative impact on SBM's volumes."



- GCP August 7, 2019 Earnings Call

GCP needs to invest in its pioneering product and differentiate it from competitors.

We Believe GCP Would Benefit From a Board That Would Demand Urgency and Direction in Innovation

The building products business is competitive, and innovation is key. GCP cannot rely on incremental improvements every few years.

GCP Claims It Is Rolling Out New Products...

"Technology innovation and new product development are critical to our plan as well as our core competencies and priorities for GCP. I would like to highlight <u>2 new products</u> that strengthen our leading below-grade waterproofing portfolio. <u>We have launched Preprufe 800PA</u>, a nonrubberized asphalt-based solution to strengthen our position in North America."

- GCP Nov 6, 2019 Earnings Call

...But We Don't Believe the Company Is Exhibiting Any Urgency



In 2019, GCP was touting products that were certified nearly EIGHT years ago as new innovations!

We believe GCP lacks urgency on new product innovation.

GCP Needs a Market-Driven, Data-Based Long Term R&D Strategy

We believe that GCP's organizational problems have resulted in a broken R&D process that is failing to deliver category creators and lagging peers in new sales productivity.

Background

- The role of marketing is to understand competitive landscapes and customer preferences, acting as a gatekeeper to vet new product ideas and provide a strategic voice in the product development process.
- While former employees have praised the strength of the marketing department under W.R. Grace, there has been uniform criticism of the <u>limited role that marketing plays in product development since spin off</u>.

Problem

- GCP's approach to R&D has been <u>short-term</u> interviews indicate it is a reactive <u>sales-driven process</u> based on <u>immediate</u>, <u>and often</u>, <u>disjointed customer needs</u> with <u>insufficient input and oversight from marketing</u> and senior executives.
- The <u>lack of long-term strategy</u> and <u>sufficient executive committee oversight</u> has resulted in two problems:
 - Products are launched without sufficient a business case, field testing, customer testing and check points, which results in lower sales.
 - Since R&D doesn't prioritize long-term projects with data driven marketing, GCP hasn't developed a category creator in SBM since spin-off.

Proposed Solution



- Empower marketing to act as an initial gatekeeper for new product ideas.
- Create an Executive Committee to enforce robust new product review process to ensure products have adequate demand and ROI.

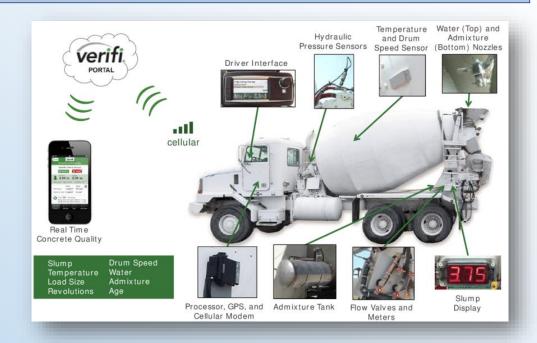
We believe GCP should better integrate marketing into the product development process.

We Believe GCP's Capital Deployment in SCC Also Requires a Fresh Perspective

We believe that within SCC, GCP has potentially placed an outsized development focus on Verifi. Considering Verifi has existed in one form or another over the last 10 years, we believe an objective ROI-based evaluation is critical.

What is Verifi?

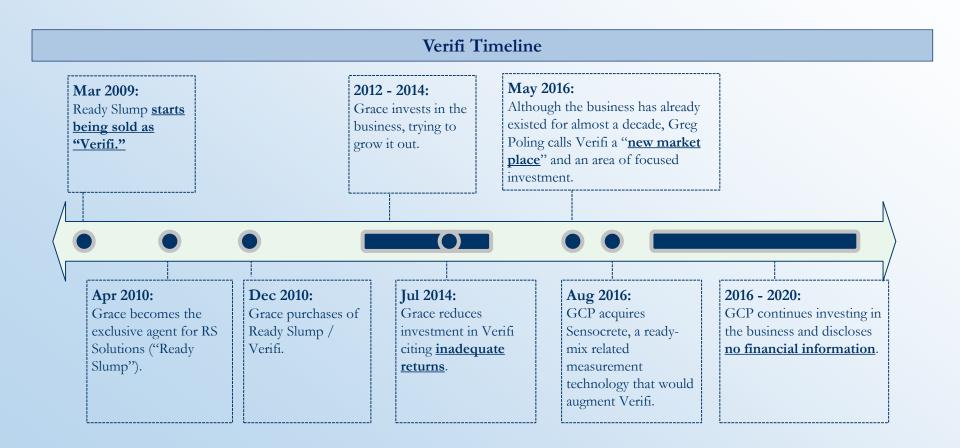
- Verifi is a technology tool designed <u>for ready</u>
 mix concrete trucks in GCP's SCC business
- Verifi monitors and controls different
 attributes of concrete in trucks (temperature, slump, water, etc.) as they travel from a supplier to a given project site
- GCP has <u>owned Verifi for almost a decade</u>, but still describes it as a new technology with a ~\$1 billion market opportunity. So far, GCP <u>has not disclosed how much revenue or</u> <u>profit loss the business generates</u>



GCP shareholders deserve a Board that will ask difficult questions and prioritize return on investment.

Verifi is Not a New Technology & Requires Management to be Thoughtful About Investing

While GCP touts Verifi as a new area for growth, the business has existed for almost a decade. The business' long and complicated history within both W.R. Grace and GCP requires careful examination.



We think the Company's continued investment in Verifi requires an independent and fresh perspective.

Grace and GCP Disagreed on Verifi's Market Viability

Grace Tried to Commercialize VERIFI But Gave Up...

"We are repositioning our Verifi process control technology business. Market adoption has been below our expectations, and the business is not producing the returns we want. As a result, we have decided to operate Verifi as a more targeted niche offering, and have reduced our investment in growing the business."



- Hudson La Force, CFO, W.R. Grace (7/23/14)

...Six Years Later GCP is Still Trying to Make it Work

"Verify is a new marketplace... We have a head start in this market. It's a relatively small business today but growing at very nice mid double-digit rates and we're investing in this business in terms of both its stickiness and its ability to drive performance with the Ready Mix customers"

gcp applied technologies - Greg Poling, Fmr CEO, GCP (5/17/16)

"Our capital investments could be slightly higher in 2018 than our target of 5% of sales due to <u>investments required for our new VERIFI</u> <u>contracts.</u>"

gcp applied technologies - Dean Freeman, Fmr CFO (2/27/18)

"With an estimated addressable market of approximately \$1 billion, VERIFI is a key source of growth for GCP and remains a top investment priority."

- Narasimhan Srinivasan, VP Strategy & Corp Dev, GCP (8/7/18)

"We've <u>committed</u> to having sales generated through the VERIFI program of \$50 million to \$75 million by the end of 2021."

gcp applied technologies - Randall Dearth, CEO, GCP (2/26/20)

While we do not take a definitive view on Verifi at this time, we have nominated director candidates we believe would ask the right questions to make data-driven decisions.

D. Board Engagement Plan

Starboard Has an Actionable Plan to Improve GCP's Operations After Years of Underperformance

1 Reaccelerate Revenue Growth

- ✓ Redesign sales compensation plans and restructure customer service organization.
- ✓ Diversify product portfolio into international markets.
- ✓ Augment organic growth opportunities with thoughtful value-added, and financially sound M&A.

2 Improve Gross Margins

- ✓ Restructure the current product design process to encourage efficient engineering and price-conscious material inputs.
- ✓ Diversify raw material procurement.

3 Improve SG&A Expense Structure

- ✓ Redistribute headcount to increase number of employees per manager to best-in-class levels.
- ✓ Streamline organizational layers that both make innovation more difficult and raise costs.

4 Improve R&D Productivity

- ✓ Prioritize SBM product development with the same vigor as Verifi.
- ✓ Fund new SBM category-creators, in the same vein as PREPRUFE, one of GCP's most profitable products.

We Intend to Lay the Foundation For Executing Our Plan Within the First 100 Days

This group of director nominees has already begun to put together a 100-day plan to ensure that the Board can work quickly and seamlessly with management to lay the foundations for executing our longer-term strategic initiatives.

■ Below, we present a high-level summary of the key tasks our director nominees would undertake within the first 100-days.

Onboarding Process

- Assess, develop, validate, and quantify long-term strategic opportunities via close collaboration with management.
 - Leverage <u>management</u>
 <u>presentations</u> and historical board
 materials.
 - Focus on a <u>data-driven approach</u> to understanding how the business is being run today.
- Areas of focus include <u>revenue growth</u>, gross margin, SG&A, R&D expense, and capital allocation.
- Assess <u>organizational talent pool</u>
- Develop <u>high-level road map</u> for each category.
- Create <u>communication plan</u> for key stakeholders

Develop Strategic Plan

- Work with management to expand highlevel strategic road map, prioritizing initiatives based on <u>ease of execution</u> and potential for <u>greatest positive</u> <u>impact</u>.
- Set quantifiable metrics and milestones to measure progress and create accountability.
- <u>Determine resources</u> needed to support strategic plan implementation.
- Assign budget for each component of the strategic plan.
- Communicate with stakeholders to <u>create transparency and buy-in</u> from across the organization.

Execute Strategic Plan

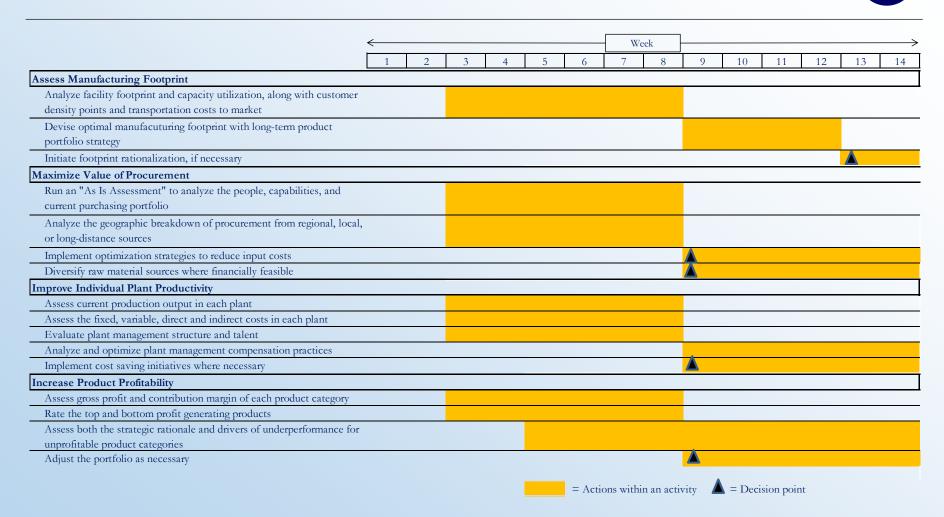
- Begin <u>implementing</u> most impactful initiatives.
- Transition ownership of the strategic plan to key business leaders, but continue to <u>create accountability</u> by overseeing and tracking progress.
- Maintain flexibility to alter course or reassess if data does not support initial hypothesis.
- Continue to communicate changes and plans across key stakeholder groups.

100-Day Plan: Reaccelerate Revenue Growth



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· ·		1 -		1 .			We	1					1	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Assess Current Product Portfolio & Markets														
Initiate detailed market research and metrics-based financial analysis of each GCP business line														
Identify strategy to defend and grow market share in leadership categories (Building Envelope, etc.)														
Allocate resources and investment according to focused and long-term market and category goals									A					
Unlock Growth Opportunities														
Initiate data-driven market analysis in GCP'S product categories and geographic markets, and strategize with GCP's local and corporate marketing and sales teams to identify opportunities														
Prioritize focus areas based on a financial return analysis Align organizational incentives with priority areas									A					
Identify, if any, partnerships or strategic acquisitions														
Assess Go-To-Market Strategy														
Categorize customers (strategic, core, opportunistic)														
Assess go-to-market strategy in accordance with customer needs and														
priorities in both SBM and SCC														
Conduct customer analysis to dissect project losses and market share loss in SBM														
Conduct customer analysis to understand any dissatisfaction points with SCC customers														
Analyze customers metrics – on-time delivery, backlogs, backorders														
Implement tailored go-to-market strategies in each business unit														
Assess & Realign Sales Organization														
Assess compensation incentives and remove any barriers or caps to top-														
line and bottom-line performance														
Benchmark compensation against peers														
Tier the sales team and identify local market opportunities for sales														
improvement														
Identify and remove any barriers to collaboration across the sales teams									A					
and different business lines														
Market test new compensation plans, if any														

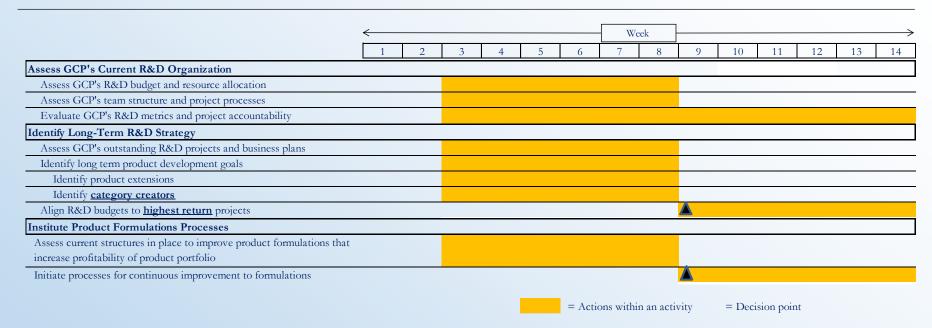
100-Day Plan: Improve Gross Margins



100-Day Plan: Improve SG&A Expense Structure

	\leftarrow							W	Week						
	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Review G&A Headcount By Department															
Analyze and develop spans / layers															
Benchmark against specialty chemicals and construction peers															
Identify opportunities to consolidate, outsource, or re-engineer										A					
operations to maximize efficiency and grow the business															
Implement headcount reduction, where necessary															
Review HR Policies and Practices															
Assess how members of the organization function and collaborate															
Review key HR employee contracts / agreements															
Reengineer company policies and organization to ensure company															
situated for growth and efficiency															
Review Compensation and Benefits															
Understand current benefits and contract terms															
Understand financial and legal obligations															
Maximize Business Unit Accountability															
Define org structure, reporting relationships, roles															
Shift responsibility of business unit performance to unit heads															
Rationalize corp titles and functions where necessary															
											A				
							= Act	ions with	in an ac	tivity /	\blacksquare = Dec	cision poi	int		

100-Day Plan: Improve R&D Productivity



IV. Creating the Best Board for GCP

Starboard Has a Methodical Process to Identify High-Quality Board Members

Starboard has a long history of identifying high-quality board members, having added or replaced <u>237</u> corporate directors on 68 boards.

- Starboard uses the following criteria to evaluate potential directors:
 - <u>Industry Relevance</u> Does the individual have an in-depth understanding of industry dynamics?
 - Proven Operational Track Record Has the individual created value for shareholders in his or her prior leadership roles?
 - Proven Leadership Track Record Has the individual held senior management roles and / or public board roles?
- Starboard uses the following process to identify potential directors:
 - <u>Search Firm</u> Starboard has strong relationships with leading executive search firms.
 - <u>Proprietary Network</u> Starboard has strong relationships with highly successful current and former executives.
 - <u>Candidate Interviews & Reference Checks</u> Starboard conducts comprehensive diligence on each of its nominees.

We are confident in our ability to identify high-quality board members who are committed to creating shareholder value.

Overview of Starboard Director Nominees

We have compiled a diverse slate of experienced and knowledgeable industry experts who we believe could propel GCP forward.

- Our highly-qualified nominees have range of experiences that complement each other. Collectively, they are industryleading experts on corporate governance, construction chemicals and products, and corporate turnarounds.
- We have nominated six new director nominees and two current board members to the 10-person Board, leaving the opportunity for Board continuity.

New Director Nominees



Kevin W. Brown Fmr EVP, LyondellBasell Manufacturing & Refining



Peter A. Feld Managing Member, Starboard Value



Janet P. Giesselman Fmr President, Dow Chemical - Oil & Gas



Andrew M. Ross Fmr President, Rockwood Pigments & Additives



Linda J. Welty Fmr President. H.B. Fuller Specialty



Rob H. Yanker Director Emeritus, McKinsey & Co.

Current Board Members From March 2019 Settlement



Clay H. Kiefaber Fmr CEO & President, Colfax



Marran H. Ogilvie Experienced Public Board Member

We Believe our Director Nominees Are More Qualified to Guide a Turnaround at GCP

We have compiled a diverse slate of experienced industry experts who can propel GCP forward.

Starboard Nominees Construction / Prior Public C-Level / President Turnaround Chemicals Company Board **Diversity** Experience Experience Experience Experience Kevin W. Brown Fmr EVP, LyondellBasell 2 Janet P. Giesselman New Nominees Fmr President, Dow Chemical Peter A. Feld Managing Member, Starboard Value Andrew M. Ross Fmr President, Rockwood Linda J. Welty Fmr President, H.B. Fuller Rob H. Yanker Director Emeritus, McKinsey Clay H. Kiefaber Fmr CEO, Colfax Incumbent Marran H. Ogilvie Directors Experienced Public Board Member

We have nominated a slate of highly-qualified and experienced nominees to help create value at GCP.

Our Nominees: Kevin W. Brown

We believe that Mr. Brown's extensive industry and chemicals experience coupled with his operational expertise would make him a valuable addition to the Board.



- Mr. Brown previously served as the Executive Vice President of Manufacturing & Refining at LyondellBasell Industries. Prior to that, he served as a Senior Vice President of Refining at LyondellBasell and as Executive Vice President of Operations at Sinclair Oil Corporation.
- Mr. Brown currently serves as a member of the Board of Managers of JP3 Measurement, as a member of the Executive Advisory Council for RLG International, and as a member of an advisory board for W.R. Grace & Company.
- Mr. Brown previously served as Chairman of the National Petrochemical and Refiners Association (NPRA), as Vice Chairman of the NPRA, and as a member of the Executive Committee of NPRA.











Our Nominees: Peter A. Feld

We believe that Mr. Feld's extensive knowledge of the capital markets, corporate finance, and public company governance practices as a result of his investment experience, together with his significant public company board experience, would make him a valuable asset to the Board.



- Mr. Feld is a Managing Member and Head of Research at Starboard Value LP. Prior to founding Starboard, he was a Managing Director at Ramius and a Portfolio Manager at Ramius Value and Opportunity Master Fund Ltd.
- Mr. Feld currently serves as a director of NortonLifeLock, AECOM, and Magellan Health.
- Mr. Feld previously served as a director of Marvell Technology, Brink's, Darden Restaurants, Insperity, and Tessera, among others.





















Our Nominees: Janet P. Giesselman

We believe that Ms. Giesselman's significant leadership experience as a senior executive in the specialty chemicals industry and her expertise in growth strategies and innovation, as well as her service on a number of public company boards would make her a valuable addition to the Board.



- **Ms. Giesselman** previously served as President of Dow Chemical's Oil and Gas Division and as Business Vice President of Dow Chemical's Latex Division. She previously served in a variety of positions at Rohm & Haas, including serving as a Regional Business Director.
- **Ms. Giesselman** currently serves as a director of Avicanna (TSX), Twin Disc, Ag Growth, and **McCain Foods** (private).
- Ms. Giesselman previously served as a director of OMNOVA Solutions and of a number of private companies, including Retirement Living Inc., Visionary Enterprise Inc., Michigan Surgery Investment Board, Solvay Americas, Indiana Pro Health Network, LLC, Dow Reichhold Spec, Indianapolis University Research Technology, ROHMID, LLC and F&R Agro.















Our Nominees: Andrew M. Ross

We believe that Mr. Ross brings extensive senior leadership roles at family-owned, private equity sponsored and publicly-owned companies in addition to significant operational experience in the industrials space.



- Mr. Ross previously served as President of the Pigments and Additives business of Rockwood Holdings. Prior to that, Mr. Ross served in various management roles at Rockwood, including as President of Color Pigments and Services and as President of Performance Additives.
- **Mr. Ross** currently serves as a director of Ferro.
- Mr. Ross previously served as an advisor to Huntsman Pigments and Additives.







Our Nominees: Linda J. Welty

We believe that Ms. Welty's extensive global industrial experience, including her C-suite executive leadership roles in the chemical, natural resource and energy industries, will allow Ms. Welty to provide strategic, financial and corporate governance insight, making her a valuable addition to the Board.



- Ms. Welty served as COO of Flint Ink and as President of the Specialty Group at H.B. Fuller. Prior to that, she served as a Vice President of Hoechst.
- Ms. Welty serves on the board of Mercer International, and a number of private organizations, including Huber Engineered Materials and St. Mary's Good Samaritan Hospital Foundation.
- Ms. Welty previously served on the boards of Massey Energy and Vertellus Specialties and as Chairman of the Atlanta Chapter of the National Association of Corporate Directors.













Our Nominees: Rob H. Yanker

We believe that Mr. Yanker's significant managerial and operational expertise gained from his extensive experience advising and consulting for senior management teams, together with his public board experience, well qualifies him to serve as a director of the Company.



- Mr. Yanker currently serves as a Director Emeritus at McKinsey & Company, where he also spent more than 27 years advising clients in the industrial, chemical, consumer, and telecommunications sectors on a full range of issues, including strategy, portfolio assessment, sales and operations transformation, restructuring and capability building.
- Mr. Yanker previously served as a director of Bemis, Aaron's, and Wausau Paper.

McKinsey&Company



wausaupaper*



Our Nominees: Clay H. Kiefaber

We believe that Mr. Kiefaber's substantive experience from serving in a variety of senior executive positions as well as his industry specific knowledge makes him a valuable asset to the Board.



- Mr. Kiefaber previously served as CEO and President of Colfax. Prior to Colfax, he also served as Group President of Architectural Coatings and Windows at Masco and as a Senior Manager for PricewaterhouseCoopers.
- Mr. Kiefaber currently serves as a director of a GCP Applied Technologies.
- **Mr. Kiefaber** previously served as a director of Colfax.
- **Mr. Kiefaber** also previously served as Special Assistant to the Secretary of Commerce in Finance & Budget.







Our Nominees: Marran H. Ogilvie

We believe that Ms. Ogilvie's substantial business experience and financial background coupled with her extensive experience serving as a director of public companies make her a valuable addition to the Board.



- **Ms. Ogilvie** is an experienced public board experience.
- Ms. Ogilvie currently serves as a director of GCP Applied Technologies, Evolution Petroleum, Ferro, and Four Corners Property Trust.
- Ms. Ogilvie previously served as a director of Bemis, Forest City Realty Trust, LSB Industries, Seventy Seven Energy, The Korea Fund, ZAIS Financial, and Southwest Bancorp.
- Ms. Ogilvie also previously served as an Advisor to the Creditors
 Committee for the Lehman Brothers International (Europe)
 Administration.



























V. Conclusion

We Believe There is an Opportunity to Create Substantial Value at GCP

GCP shareholders deserve a Board that will demand accountability and excellence from the Company.

- GCP spun off from W.R. Grace in February 2016 with <u>attractive market share</u> across major product categories.
- Despite a favorable industry environment, <u>GCP's revenue has been stagnant and operating margins have</u> <u>declined</u>, resulting in poor relative stock price performance.
- Management's <u>performance has fallen far short of the Board's expectations</u> management has received little to no annual incentive compensation over the past three years due to poor performance.
- In the face of continued underperformance, the **Board has seemed complacent**.
- Rather than demanding accountability and searching for new leadership, the **Board instead sanctioned four**ineffective restructuring plans over three years, spending nearly \$80 million \$1.00 per share on initiatives that have yielded few tangible improvements.
- In 2019, under <u>tremendous shareholder pressure</u>, the <u>Board finally took action</u> to change the CEO.
- We believe the **Board's complacency and preference for the status quo** stems from **personal relationships and potential conflicts of interest among GCP directors**, which may hinder accountability and independence.
- We have developed a **plan to significantly improve revenue growth and margins**.
- We have identified a **group of highly qualified and relevant experts** who would **propel GCP forward** if elected at the Annual Meeting.

Protect and Enhance Your Investment by Voting on the WHITE Proxy Card Today

- Starboard has a long history of driving operational, financial, and strategic turnarounds.
- We believe we have a better plan to create value.
- We believe we have a superior slate of directors.
- Vote on Starboard's WHITE proxy card today

Vote for meaningful change

Vote to allow us to improve GCP for the benefit of ALL shareholders

Vote on Starboard's WHITE proxy card today

Appendix

A) Marvell

Starboard Successfully Reconstituted a Majority of Marvell's Board That Guided the Company to a Turnaround

On April 27, 2016, Starboard agreed to a settlement with Marvell. As a result of the settlement, Marvell's Board dramatically changed.

■ The settlement originally added 5 new directors and 3 more new directors were added after the settlement with Starboard.

Marvell's Board of Directors in 2017



Rick Hill (Chairman)
Former CEO of Novellus
Systems



Tudor Brown
Co-founder of ARM
Holdings



Gerri Elliott
Former Chief
Customer Officer,
Juniper Networks



Peter Feld

Managing Member of

Starboard Value



Oleg Khaykin CEO of Viavi Solutions Former CEO of International Rectifier



Matt Murphy
President & CEO of
Marvell



Mike Strachan
Former Member of Ernst
& Young's America's
Executive Board



Robert Switz
Former Lead Director of
Broadcom Corp.



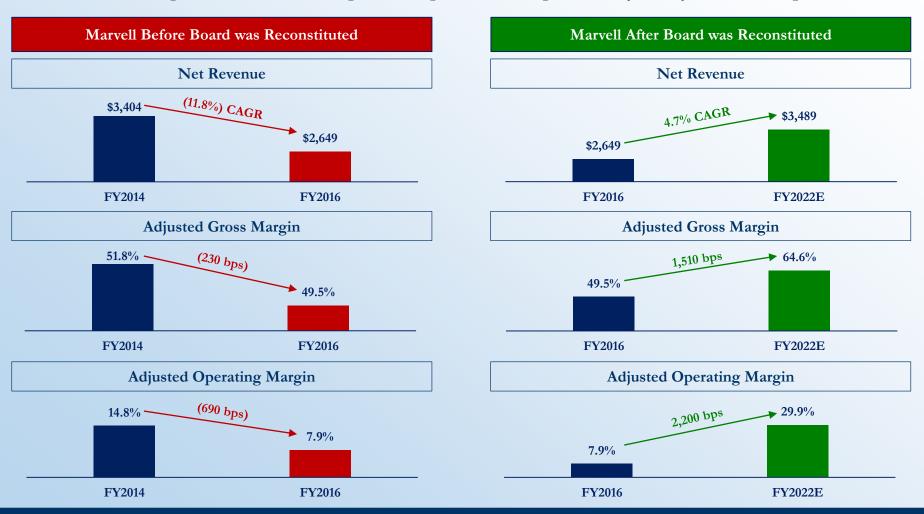
Randhir Thakur Former GM at Applied Materials

Incumbent Director

Starboard reconstituted a majority of Marvell's Board with capable directors who guided a successful turnaround.

Marvell's Reconstituted Board Drove Improvements in Operating and Financial Performance

The new Board empowered Marvell to improve its operations and profitability after years of underperformance.



The reconstituted Board helped Marvell reach its full potential.

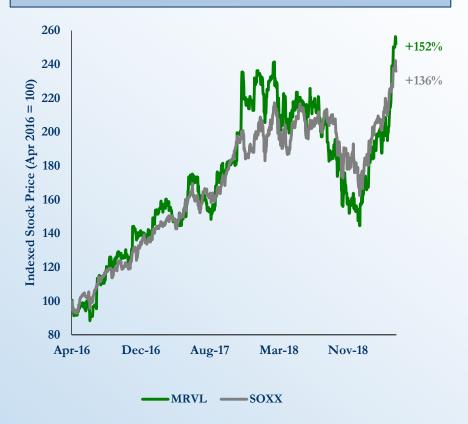
Marvell's Share Price Outperformed Peers Once the Board was Reconstituted

Marvell's share price performed significantly better once the Board was reconstituted than in the three years prior. (1)

3-Year Stock Price Performance Prior to Board Reconstitution⁽²⁾



3-Year Stock Price Performance After Board Reconstitution⁽²⁾



Marvell created significant shareholder value once the Board was reconstituted.

B) Darden

Starboard Successfully Reconstituted Darden's Board, Which Positioned the Company For a Turnaround

On October 10, 2014, Darden's shareholders elected all 12 Starboard-nominated directors to Darden's Board of Directors.

- Starboard nominated a full slate of 12 highly-qualified director candidates to replace the entire Board of Darden. (1)
- In a landmark corporate governance event, Starboard's entire slate was elected with overwhelming support, the first time that this had ever happened in a Fortune 500 company.

Starboard's Board of Directors for Darden



Betsy Atkins Fmr CEO. Ascend **Communications**



Margaret Atkins Fmr EVP. Sears



Jean Birch Fmr President. **IHOP**



Bradley Blum Fmr President. Olive Garden



Peter Feld Managing Member, Starboard Value



James Fogarty Fmr CEO. Orchard Brands



Gene Lee CEO. Darden Restaurants



Cynthia Jamison Chairman, Tractor Supply



William Lenehan Fmr CEO, MI **Development**



Lionel Nowell Fmr SVP. **PepsiCo**



Bill Simon Fmr. CEO - U.S., Wal-Mart Stores



Jeffrey Smith CEO. Starboard Value



Charles Sonsteby Fmr CFO. Brinker International Smith & Wollensky

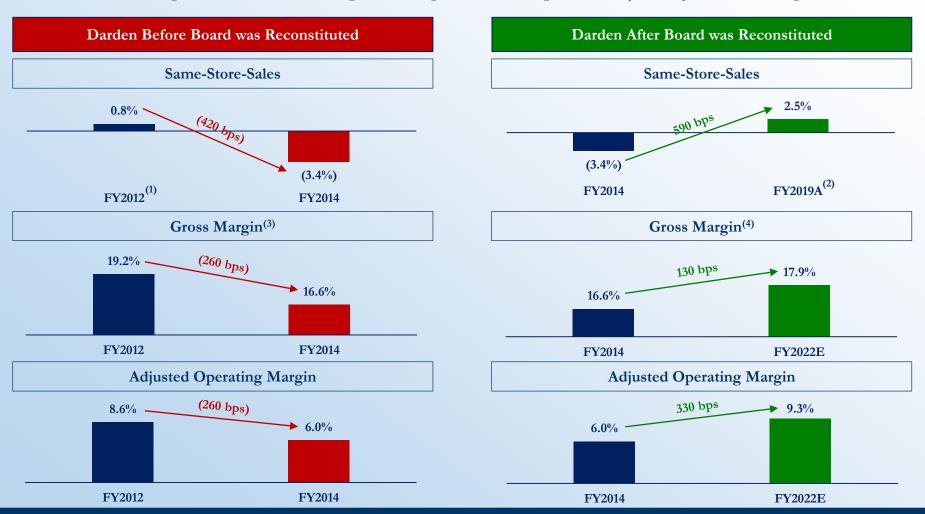


Alan Stillman Fmr Chairman,

Starboard entirely reconstituted Darden's Board with experienced directors.

Darden's Reconstituted Board Drove Dramatically Improved Operational Performance

The new Board empowered Darden to improve its operations and profitability after years of underperformance.



The reconstituted Board helped Darden reach its full potential.



Darden's Share Price Outperformed the Broader Index Once the Board Was Reconstituted

Darden's share price outperformed the broader index once the Board was reconstituted, as compared to the three years prior. (1)

3-Year Stock Price Performance Prior to Board Reconstitution⁽²⁾

3-Year Stock Price Performance After Board Reconstitution⁽²⁾





Darden created significant shareholder value once the Board was reconstituted.