STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

HRT Financial LP December 31, 2022 With Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2022

Contents

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm				
Statement of Financial Condition	2			
Notes to Statement of Financial Condition	3			



Ernst & Young LLP One Manhattan West New York, NY 10001 Tel: +1 212 773 3000 Fax +1 212 773 6350 ey.com

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Partners of HRT Financial LP

Opinion on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of HRT Financial LP (the "Partnership") as of December 31, 2022, and the related notes (the "financial statement"). In our opinion, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Partnership at December 31, 2022, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Basis for Opinion

This financial statement is the responsibility of the Partnership's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Partnership's financial statement based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Partnership in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Ernst + Young ILP

We have served as the Partnership's auditor since 2013.

February 23, 2023

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2022

(in thousands)

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 365,369
Restricted cash	1,325
Collateralized agreements:	
Securities borrowed	1,212,723
Receivable from brokers, broker-dealers, exchanges, and clearing organizations	2,104,624
Financial instruments owned, at fair value	8,219,094
Other assets	30,044
Total assets	\$ 11,933,179
Liabilities and Partners' Capital	
Payable to brokers, broker-dealers, exchanges, and clearing organizations	\$ 345,460
Collateralized agreements:	
Securities loaned	1,939,046
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	324,976
Financial instruments sold, not yet purchased, at fair value	6,623,105
Accounts payable and other liabilities	39,664
Total liabilities	\$ 9,272,251
Partners' capital	
Total partners' capital	2,660,928
Total liabilities and partners' capital	\$ 11,933,179

See accompanying Notes to Statement of Financial Condition.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

1. Organization and Nature of Business

HRT Financial LP ("HRTF" or the "Partnership") is a Delaware limited partnership. HRTF is 98% owned by Hudson River Trading LLC ("HRT") and 2% by HRT GP LLC. HRT and HRT GP LLC are collectively known as the "Partners."

HRTF is a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), a member of the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") and is licensed to transact on various exchanges. The Partnership acts as a dealer in securities and is a market maker on various exchanges. Prior to April 12, 2022, the Chicago Board Options Exchange was HRTF's designated examining authority. On April 12, 2022, FINRA became HRTF's designated examining authority.

HRTF provides liquidity to financial markets and trades financial instruments utilizing a proprietary electronic trading system. The Partnership is managed and operated as one business. Accordingly, the Partnership operates under one reportable segment. HRTF self-clears United States ("US") equity securities and clears its remaining trading activity through unaffiliated clearing firms on a fully disclosed basis using clearing agreements.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Statement of Financial Condition has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP").

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the Statement of Financial Condition in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the Statement of Financial Condition and the reported amounts reflected in Partners' capital during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash maintained at global banks. HRTF defines cash equivalents as short-term highly liquid interest-bearing investments with original maturities at the time of purchase of three months or less. As of December 31, 2022, Cash and cash equivalents primarily included cash in bank deposit accounts and there were no cash equivalents.

Collateralized Agreements and Financings

In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 860, *Transfers and Servicing*, Securities borrowed and securities loaned transactions are collateralized financing arrangements that are recorded at the amount of cash collateral advanced or received. In these transactions, HRTF receives cash from the borrower of the securities, or deposits cash with the lender of the securities. The Partnership monitors the market value of securities borrowed and securities loaned on a daily basis with additional collateral obtained or refunded as necessary.

The Partnership enters into securities borrowed and securities loaned transactions as part of its normal course of business. The Partnership is generally permitted to repledge the securities borrowed and use them to deliver to counterparties to cover short positions, whereas securities loaned transactions help finance the Partnership's securities inventory. The Partnership nets securities borrowed with securities loaned when the requirements of ASC 210-20, *Offsetting* ("ASC 210-20"), are met.

The Partnership also enters into Securities purchased under agreements to resell (resale agreements) and Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (repurchase agreements) as part of its normal course of business. These agreements are treated as collateralized financing transactions and are recorded at contract value plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. The Partnership's custodian takes possession of the underlying collateral securities with a fair value approximately equal to the principal amount of the repurchase transaction. For reverse repurchase agreements, the Partnership typically requires delivery of collateral with a fair value approximately equal to the carrying value of the relevant assets in the Statement of Financial Condition. The Partnership nets securities purchase transactions when the requirements of ASC 210-20 are met. These agreements are collateralized by US government obligations.

Interest related to the transactions described above are recorded within Partners' capital.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Collateralized Agreements and Financings

For trade settlement purposes, the Partnership has a fully committed line of credit with a syndicate of global banks of \$625.0 million, and also maintains an uncommitted line of credit of \$200.0 million with a global bank. All borrowings are required to be fully collateralized with securities pledged. As of December 31, 2022, the Partnership did not have any outstanding borrowings under either of these two lines of credit.

Fair Value Measurements

Financial instruments owned, at fair value and Financial instruments sold, not yet purchased, at fair value are carried at fair value on a recurring basis with changes in fair value reflected in Partners' capital under various accounting literature and principally applicable industry guidance, such as ASC 940, *Financial Services – Brokers and Dealers* ("ASC 940"), ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging* ("ASC 815") and ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value and determines disclosure requirements associated with the use of fair value requirements.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The changes in fair value of the Partnership's financial instruments which are managed using algorithmic trading strategies are reflected in Partners' capital. The changes in fair value of the Partnership's financial instruments which are not managed using algorithmic trading strategies are reflected in Partners' capital.

Financial Instruments Owned and Financial Instruments Sold, Not Yet Purchased, at Fair Value

The Partnership records Financial instruments owned, at fair value, and Financial instruments sold, not yet purchased, at fair value, including related trading gains and losses and related expenses on a trade date basis. Amounts receivable and payable for financial instruments transactions that have not reached their contractual settlement date are recorded, respectively, in the Statement of Financial Condition under Receivable from and Payable to brokers, broker-dealers, exchanges and clearing organizations.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Instruments Owned and Financial Instruments Sold, Not Yet Purchased, at Fair Value

Financial instruments sold, not yet purchased, at fair value include obligations to purchase financial instruments at a future date. Such obligations have market risk to the extent subsequent market fluctuations may require the Partnership to repurchase such financial instruments at prices in excess of the market value reflected in the Statement of Financial Condition.

Revenue Recognition

Trading gains are recognized on a trade date basis.

Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date, and interest is recognized on an accrual basis.

Commissions, Execution, Clearance and Other Transaction Related Expenses

Commissions, execution, clearance and other transaction related expenses includes fees charged by third-party clearing brokers, transactional fees charged by exchanges, and other transactionalbased fees incurred in the normal course of business. Such expenses are recorded on a trade date basis.

Income Taxes

The Partners are disregarded entities for US tax purposes and owned by the same entity, therefore the Partnership is also a disregarded entity for US tax purposes. Therefore, no provision has been included in the Statement of Financial Condition for US federal, state, or city income taxes, or for income taxes in other relevant jurisdictions.

As of December 31, 2022, HRTF determined that it has no uncertain tax positions, interest or penalties as defined within ASC 740, *Income Taxes* ("ASC 740"), and accordingly, management has concluded that no additional ASC 740 disclosures are required.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Change in Accounting Principle

The Partnership has elected to change its accounting policy to present Securities borrowed and Securities loaned on a net basis on the Statement of the Financial Condition, and to present Securities purchased under agreements to resell and Securities sold under agreements to repurchase on a net basis on the Statement of Financial Condition. The Partnership historically presented the aforementioned securities on a gross basis on the Statement of Financial Condition. The Partnership believes the change in accounting principle provides a more meaningful representation of the balance sheet risks of these balances and is in accordance with ASC 210-20. There is no impact to Partners' capital as a result of this change. The following chart of selected financial information from the Statement of Financial Condition presents the line items that are affected by the change in accounting principle.

	Ori	iginal Presentation	Cu	rent Presentation	Change
(in thousands)					
		12/31/2022		12/31/2022	
Assets					
Securities borrowed		2,613,452		1,212,723	(1,400,729)
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		27,551		—	(27,551)
Total other assets		10,720,456		10,720,456	
Total assets	\$	13,361,459	\$	11,933,179	\$ (1,428,280)
Liabilities and Partners' Capital					
Securities loaned		3,339,775		1,939,046	(1,400,729)
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		352,527		324,976	(27,551)
Total other liabilities		7,008,229		7,008,229	
Total liabilities	\$	10,700,531	\$	9,272,251	\$ (1,428,280)
Partners' capital					
Total partners' capital		2,660,928		2,660,928	
Total liabilities and partners' capital	\$	13,361,459	\$	11,933,179	\$ (1,428,280)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

3. Receivable from and Payable to Brokers, Broker-Dealers, Exchanges and Clearing Organizations

As of December 31, 2022, Receivable from and Payable to brokers, broker-dealers, exchanges and clearing organizations primarily represents amounts due for unsettled trades, open equity in futures transactions, securities failed to deliver, deposits of cash or other short-term financial instruments held by other clearing organizations, cash held by brokers and broker-dealers, rebates receivable from broker and exchanges, debit balances, fees and commissions payable, and securities failed to receive. The Partnership nets open equity in futures contracts when the requirements of ASC 940 are met.

Amounts Receivable from and Payable to brokers, broker-dealers, exchanges, and clearing organizations as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

(in thousands)

	Receivable		Payable	
Brokers, broker-dealers and exchanges	\$ 1,774,850	\$ 82,803		
Clearing organizations				
Cash deposits	186,289			
Unsettled trades, net	—		212,252	
Securities failed to receive/deliver	135,162		38,018	
Other	8,323		12,387	
	\$ 2,104,624	\$	345,460	

4. Fair Value Measurement

ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market.

Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

4. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

Level 1: These are inputs based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Partnership has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2: These are inputs (other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: These are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Partnership's own data.

All financial instruments classified as Level 1 are priced electronically at the closing price published by the listing exchange, clearinghouse, or third-party pricing service, as applicable.

As of and during the year ended December 31, 2022, HRTF did not hold any financial instruments that met the definition of Level 2 or Level 3.

4. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

The following tables present the Partnership's fair value hierarchy of financial instruments as of December 31, 2022:

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

4. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

- (in thousands)
- Assets

	Fair Value Meas					surement		
Description		Total	Level 1			Level 2		
Financial instruments owned, at fair value								
Equities	\$	7,947,750	\$	7,947,750	\$			
Options		120,487		120,487		_		
US government obligations		150,857		150,857		—		
	\$	8,219,094	\$	8,219,094	\$			
Receivable from brokers, broker-dealers, exchanges, and clearing organizations								
Listed futures contracts	\$	35,849	\$	35,849	\$	_		
	\$	35,849	\$	35,849	\$	_		
Liabilities								
Description		Total		Level 1		Level 2		
Financial instruments sold, not yet purchased, at fair value								
Equities	\$	6,457,510	\$	6,457,510	\$	—		
Options		102,197		102,197		_		
US government obligations		63,398		63,398				
	\$	6,623,105	\$	6,623,105	\$			

US GAAP requires disclosure of the estimated fair value of certain financial instruments and the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate their fair values. Certain financial instruments that are not carried at fair value on the balance sheet or measured at fair value on a recurring basis are carried at cost which approximates fair value due to their short-term nature and generally negligible credit risk.

These financial instruments include Cash equivalents, Securities borrowed, Securities purchased under agreements to resell, Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, Securities loaned, components of Receivables from brokers, broker-dealers, exchanges and clearing organizations, certain Other assets, components of Payables to brokers, broker-dealers, exchanges and clearing organizations, and certain Accounts payable and other liabilities. Cash equivalents are considered Level 1 financial assets while the other financial instruments are considered Level 2 in the Statement of Financial Condition.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

5. Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risk

The Partnership enters into futures and options contracts within its normal course of business. Such contracts are carried at fair value and have off-balance sheet risk. Unrealized gains and losses on these derivative contracts are reflected in Partners' capital and represent the fair value of future cash flows.

The credit risk of listed futures contracts is limited since futures exchanges generally require the daily cash settlement of unrealized gains and losses on open contracts with the futures exchange. Listed futures contracts may be settled by physical delivery of the underlying asset, cash settlement on the settlement date or by entering into an offsetting futures contract with the futures exchange prior to the settlement date. The credit risk of options are limited to the unrealized gains recorded in the Statement of Financial Condition.

The notional amounts of listed futures contracts and options held reflect the contractual basis upon which daily mark to market calculations are computed and do not reflect the amount at risk. Unrealized gains or losses, rather than notional amounts, represent the fair value of future cash flows. Market risk is substantially dependent upon the value of the underlying financial instruments and is affected by market volatility.

The fair value and gross notional amounts of the Partnership's derivative contracts consisted of the following as of December 31, 2022:

(in thousands)

Assets

		December 31, 2022					
Contract types	Statement of Financial Condition Line item	F	air Value	Notional			
Options	Financial instruments owned, at fair value	\$	120,487 \$	2,509,489			
Listed futures contracts	Receivable from brokers, broker-dealers, exchanges, and clearing organizations	\$	39,803 \$	344,768			
Liabilities							

Contract types	Statement of Financial Condition Line item	Fa	air Value	Notional		
Options	Financial instruments sold, not yet purchased, at fair value	\$	102,197 \$	2,436,507		
Listed futures contracts	Receivable from brokers, broker-dealers, exchanges, and clearing organizations	\$	3,954 \$	873,108		

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

5. Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risk (continued)

All trading instruments are subject to market risk, the risk that future changes in market conditions may make an instrument less valuable. The Partnership does not apply hedge accounting as defined in ASC 815, as all financial instruments are recorded at fair value. Exposure to market risk is managed in accordance with risk limits set by senior management, and by buying or selling instruments or entering into offsetting positions.

6. Collateralized Transactions

The Partnership is permitted to sell or repledge securities received as collateral and use these securities to secure repurchase agreements, enter into securities lending transactions or deliver these securities to counterparties or clearing organizations to cover short positions. As of December 31, 2022, substantially all of the securities received as collateral have been repledged.

As of December 31, 2022, Financial instruments owned and pledged, where the clearing organization has the right to repledge consisted of \$3.218 billion of equity securities.

The following table presents the total gross balance of liabilities recognized in the Statement of Financial Condition for securities lending transactions by remaining contractual maturity of the agreements as of December 31, 2022:

	Remaining Contractual Maturity of the Agreements								
		vernight and Continuous	Up	to 30 days	30-90 days	(Greater than 90 days	Total	
Securities loaned	\$	3,339,775	\$	— \$		\$	- \$	3,339,775	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		352,527		_	_		_	352,527	
	\$	3,692,302	\$	— \$	i —	\$	— \$	3,692,302	

(in thousands)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

7. Assets and Liabilities Subject to Netting

The Partnership manages credit exposure from certain transactions by entering into master securities loan agreements and collateral agreements with certain counterparties. The relevant agreements allow for the efficient closeout of transactions, liquidation and set-off of collateral against the net amount owed by the counterparty following a default. The Partnership nets the amounts eligible for offsetting upon counterparty default related to these balances in the Statement of Financial Condition.

The table below represents these assets and liabilities, which are subject to a netting arrangement upon the event of a default under the applicable master securities loan agreement and repurchase agreements, as of December 31, 2022:

(in thousands) **Gross Amounts Offset** Net Amounts Presented **Gross Amounts Not Gross Amounts** in the Statement of in the Statement of Offset in the Statement Recognized Financial Condition **Financial** Condition of Financial Condition Net Amount Assets Securities borrowed \$ 2,613,452 \$ (1,400,729) \$ 1,212,723 \$ \$ 1,212,723 Securities purchased under agreements to resell 27,551 (27,551) \$ 2,641,003 \$ (1,428,280) \$ 1,212,723 \$ \$ 1,212,723 Lighilities Securities loaned \$ 3,339,775 \$ (1,400,729) \$ 1,939,046 \$ \$ 1,939,046 Securities sold under agreements to repurchase 352,527 (27,551) 324,976 324,976 \$ 3,692,302 \$ (1,428,280) \$ 2,264,022 \$ - \$ 2,264,022

8. Risks

HRTF's trading activities involve execution, settlement and financing of various trading transactions. These activities may expose the Partnership to off-balance sheet credit and market risk in the event HRTF's clearing brokers and broker-dealers are unable to complete a transaction.

As part of its normal trading activity, HRTF may sell financial instruments not yet purchased. Financial instruments sold, not yet purchased, at fair value represent obligations of HRTF to deliver specified financial instruments at the contracted prices, thereby creating the liability to repurchase such financial instruments in the market at prevailing prices. These transactions result in off-balance-sheet risk, as HRTF's ultimate obligation to satisfy the sale of financial instruments sold, not yet purchased, at fair value may exceed the amount recognized in the Statement of Financial Condition. Financial instrument positions are monitored on a daily basis to address the Partnership's risks as identified and described below.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

8. Risks (continued)

Counterparty Credit Risk

In the normal course of business, certain of the Partnership's financial instruments, cash, and securities are transacted with several brokers, broker-dealers, and counterparties. HRTF is subject to credit risk to the extent any broker, broker-dealer, or counterparty with which it conducts business is unable to fulfill its contractual obligations to HRTF.

HRTF maintains its cash and securities in bank deposit and brokerage accounts, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits or may not be insured. The Partnership is exposed to the risk that third parties will not perform their obligations and such third parties will owe the Partnership money, financial instruments or other assets. These parties may default on their obligations to the Partnership due to bankruptcy, lack of liquidity, operational failure or other reasons.

The Partnership has not experienced any material losses due to such exposure and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss resulting from adverse changes in market rates and prices, such as interest rates.

Concentration

For strategies that clear through brokers, HRTF is dependent on its current clearing brokers and broker-dealers to execute its trading strategies and the replacement of these services could take a few months, thereby affecting the normal operations of the Partnership.

Foreign Currency Risk

A portion of HRTF's normal business activities is denominated in various currencies outside HRTF's functional currency, which in turn creates foreign currency exposure.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

9. Partners' Capital

In accordance with HRTF's limited partnership agreement, profits and losses are allocated to Partners according to their respective interests in the Partnership.

Partners have redemption rights which contain certain restrictions with respect to rights of withdrawal from HRTF as specified in its limited partnership agreement. The Partnership is also subject to the restriction of withdrawals of capital as outlined in Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

10. Transactions with Affiliates

As of December 31, 2022, an agreement between the Partnership and HRT exists where HRT is reimbursed by the Partnership for expenses incurred by HRT to support the business operations of the Partnership. These expenses include fixed expenses related to personnel and operating costs as well as variable expenses related to personnel and indirect trading related costs. As of December 31, 2022, the payable from this agreement due to HRT is \$7.4 million and is recorded in Accounts payable and other liabilities on the Statement of Financial Condition.

11. Guarantees

ASC 460, Guarantees ("ASC 460"), requires HRTF to disclose information about its obligations under certain guarantee arrangements. ASC 460 defines guarantees as contracts and indemnification agreements that contingently require a guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying (such as an interest or foreign exchange rate, security or commodity price, an index or the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a specified event) related to an asset, liability or equity security of a guaranteed party. This guidance also defines guarantees as contracts that contingently require the guarantor to make payments to the guarantees on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement, as well as indirect guarantees of the indebtedness of others.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

11. Guarantees (continued)

Indemnifications/Other Guarantees

In the normal course of its business, HRTF indemnifies and guarantees certain service providers, such as clearing and custody agents, against specified potential losses in connection with providing services to the Partnership. The maximum potential amount of future payments that HRTF could be required to make under its indemnifications and guarantees cannot be estimated. However, HRTF believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the Statement of Financial Condition for these indemnifications.

12. Commitments and Contingencies

HRTF may be named as a defendant in certain litigation, arbitration, and regulatory actions arising out of its activities in financial instruments. Management believes that as of December 31, 2022, that HRTF is not subject to any litigation, arbitration, or regulatory action that requires an accrual to be made in accordance with ASC 450, "Loss Contingencies."

The Partnership is a member of two clearinghouses that clear and/or settle securities. Associated with one of its memberships, the Partnership posts collateral to secure its settlement obligations.

In the event of systemic or counterparty failure, a clearinghouse will follow its close out and loss allocation procedures as detailed in its rules, and the Partnership may be required to share in any losses. Any potential contingent liability under these membership agreements cannot be estimated. The Partnership has not recorded any contingent liability in the Statement of Financial Condition for these agreements and believes that any potential requirement to make payments under these agreements related to a systemic or counterparty failure is remote.

13. Regulatory Requirements

HRTF is subject to the SEC Rule 15c3-1 which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital. HRTF has elected to use the alternative method, permitted by the Rule, which requires that it maintain minimum net capital (as described in the Rule), equal to the greater of \$1 million or 2% of aggregate debit balances (as described in the Rule). As of December 31, 2022, HRTF had net capital of \$1,813 million which exceeded its minimum requirement of \$1 million by \$1,812 million.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

13. Regulatory Requirements (continued)

The Partnership self-clears its trading activities in US equity securities, and is therefore subject to SEC Rule 15c3-3. However, as of December 31, 2022, and throughout the year, HRTF did not carry securities accounts for third-party customers or perform custodial functions related to third-party customer securities. Consequently, as of December 31, 2022, there are no amounts required to be reserved in accordance with SEC Rule 15c3-3.

Proprietary balances, if any, held at HRTF's clearing brokers are considered allowable assets for net capital purposes, pursuant to agreements between the Partnership and the clearing brokers.

14. Subsequent Events

The Partnership has performed an evaluation of subsequent events through February 23, 2023, which is the date the Statement of Financial Condition were available to be issued. During this time, the Partners have withdrawn \$75.0 million. There have been no additional material subsequent events that occurred during such period that would be required to be recognized in the Statement of Financial Condition as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022.