
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

**Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

**For the Quarterly Period Ended
March 31, 2001**

**Commission File
No. 1-13653**

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.

**Incorporated under
the Laws of Ohio**

**IRS Employer I.D.
No. 31-1544320**

**One East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio 45202
(513) 579-2121**

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

As of May 1, 2001, there were 67,840,464 shares of the Registrant's Common Stock outstanding, excluding 18,666,614 shares owned by subsidiaries.

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. 10-Q
PART I
FINANCIAL INFORMATION

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
(Dollars In Thousands)

	March 31, 2001	December 31, 2000
Assets:		
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 210,948	\$ 438,670
Investments:		
Fixed maturities - at market (amortized cost - \$10,355,240 and \$10,148,348)	10,526,540	10,164,648
Other stocks - at market (cost - \$175,708 and \$174,959)	308,208	385,359
Investment in investee corporations	23,996	23,996
Policy loans	212,005	213,469
Real estate and other investments	253,229	273,994
Total investments	11,323,978	11,061,466
Recoverables from reinsurers and prepaid reinsurance premiums	1,940,462	1,845,171
Agents' balances and premiums receivable	706,746	700,215
Deferred acquisition costs	782,939	763,097
Other receivables	253,649	240,731
Variable annuity assets (separate accounts)	472,902	533,655
Prepaid expenses, deferred charges and other assets	489,969	513,616
Cost in excess of net assets acquired	324,603	318,920
	<u>\$16,506,196</u>	<u>\$16,415,541</u>
Liabilities and Capital:		
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$ 4,504,618	\$ 4,515,561
Unearned premiums	1,482,400	1,414,492
Annuity benefits accumulated	5,549,650	5,543,683
Life, accident and health reserves	598,133	599,360
Long-term debt:		
Holding companies	566,977	584,869
Subsidiaries	192,492	195,087
Variable annuity liabilities (separate accounts)	472,902	533,655
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	1,030,935	972,271
Total liabilities	14,398,107	14,358,978
Minority interest	518,784	508,033
Shareholders' Equity:		
Common Stock, no par value		
- 200,000,000 shares authorized		
- 67,834,556 and 67,410,091 shares outstanding	67,835	67,410
Capital surplus	905,840	898,066
Retained earnings	438,730	442,454
Unrealized gain on marketable securities, net	176,900	140,600
Total shareholders' equity	1,589,305	1,548,530
	<u>\$16,506,196</u>	<u>\$16,415,541</u>

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. 10-Q

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EARNINGS
(In Thousands, Except Per Share Data)

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Income:		
Property and casualty insurance premiums	\$644,723	\$572,137
Life, accident and health premiums	69,158	49,919
Investment income	208,552	208,890
Realized losses on sales of:		
Securities	(6,881)	(1,433)
Subsidiaries	(1,586)	-
Other income	<u>58,284</u>	<u>54,632</u>
	972,250	884,145
Costs and Expenses:		
Property and casualty insurance:		
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	496,216	417,651
Commissions and other underwriting expenses	184,974	178,432
Annuity benefits	69,264	66,161
Life, accident and health benefits	54,083	36,724
Interest charges on borrowed money	16,800	16,026
Other operating and general expenses	<u>110,065</u>	<u>98,544</u>
	931,402	813,538
Operating earnings before income taxes	40,848	70,607
Provision for income taxes	<u>14,432</u>	<u>23,161</u>
Net operating earnings	26,416	47,446
Minority interest expense, net of tax	(9,952)	(9,896)
Equity in net earnings (losses) of investees, net of tax	<u>(3,334)</u>	<u>7,175</u>
Net Earnings	<u>\$ 13,130</u>	<u>\$ 44,725</u>
Earnings per Common Share:		
Basic	<u>\$.19</u>	<u>\$.76</u>
Diluted	<u>\$.19</u>	<u>\$.76</u>
Average number of Common Shares:		
Basic	67,510	58,466
Diluted	67,933	58,545
Cash dividends per Common Share	\$.25	\$.25

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. 10-Q

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Dollars in Thousands)

	Common Shares	Common Stock and Capital Surplus	Retained Earnings	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Securities	Total
Balance at January 1, 2001	67,410,091	\$965,476	\$442,454	\$140,600	\$1,548,530
Net earnings	-	-	13,130	-	13,130
Change in unrealized Comprehensive income	-	-	-	36,300	36,300
					<u>49,430</u>
Dividends on Common Stock	-	-	(16,854)	-	(16,854)
Shares issued:					
Exercise of stock options	22,842	491	-	-	491
Employee stock purchase plan	15,022	385	-	-	385
Retirement plan contributions	385,277	9,149	-	-	9,149
Directors fees paid in stock	996	24	-	-	24
Tax effect of intercompany dividends	-	(1,600)	-	-	(1,600)
Other	328	(250)	-	-	(250)
					<u>(250)</u>
Balance at March 31, 2001	<u>67,834,556</u>	<u>\$973,675</u>	<u>\$438,730</u>	<u>\$176,900</u>	<u>\$1,589,305</u>
Balance at January 1, 2000	58,419,952	\$800,640	\$557,538	(\$18,200)	\$1,339,978
Net earnings	-	-	44,725	-	44,725
Change in unrealized Comprehensive income	-	-	-	(23,000)	(23,000)
					<u>21,725</u>
Dividends on Common Stock	-	-	(14,607)	-	(14,607)
Shares issued:					
Employee stock purchase plan	22,945	527	-	-	527
Retirement plan contributions	99,716	2,119	-	-	2,119
Directors fees paid in stock	930	24	-	-	24
Tax effect of intercompany dividends	-	(1,600)	-	-	(1,600)
Repurchase of trust preferred securities	-	-	156	-	156
Other	-	91	-	-	91
					<u>91</u>
Balance at March 31, 2000	<u>58,543,543</u>	<u>\$801,801</u>	<u>\$587,812</u>	<u>(\$41,200)</u>	<u>\$1,348,413</u>

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AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
(In Thousands)

	Three months ended March 31,	
	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Operating Activities:		
Net earnings	\$ 13,130	\$ 44,725
Adjustments:		
Equity in net (earnings) losses of investees	3,334	(7,175)
Depreciation and amortization	36,574	30,580
Annuity benefits	69,264	66,161
Changes in reserves on assets	4,637	1,088
Realized gains on investing activities	(6,840)	(7,611)
Deferred annuity and life policy acquisition costs	(35,551)	(33,668)
Decrease in reinsurance and other receivables	797	124,728
Decrease (increase) in other assets	(19,934)	13,844
Increase (decrease) in insurance claims and reserves	74,616	(50,957)
Increase in other liabilities	35,660	4,542
Increase (decrease) in minority interest	4,260	(1,515)
Other, net	3,491	(1,215)
	<u>183,438</u>	<u>183,527</u>
Investing Activities:		
Purchases of and additional investments in:		
Fixed maturity investments	(544,186)	(601,115)
Equity securities	(2,571)	(14,786)
Real estate, property and equipment	(13,278)	(18,935)
Maturities and redemptions of fixed maturity investments	131,547	154,704
Sales of:		
Fixed maturity investments	194,182	227,797
Equity securities	4,679	19,265
Subsidiaries	22,000	-
Real estate, property and equipment	24,562	1,504
Cash and short-term investments of former subsidiaries	(132,858)	-
Decrease (increase) in other investments	(673)	5,486
	<u>(316,596)</u>	<u>(226,080)</u>
Financing Activities:		
Fixed annuity receipts	126,223	126,416
Annuity surrenders, benefits and withdrawals	(186,921)	(192,820)
Net transfers from (to) variable annuity assets	2,929	(21,453)
Additional long-term borrowings	26,842	44,091
Reductions of long-term debt	(47,601)	(610)
Issuances of Common Stock	818	448
Repurchases of trust preferred securities	-	(2,313)
Cash dividends paid	(16,854)	(14,607)
	<u>(94,564)</u>	<u>(60,848)</u>
Net Decrease in Cash and Short-term Investments	(227,722)	(103,401)
Cash and short-term investments at beginning of period	<u>438,670</u>	<u>390,630</u>
Cash and short-term investments at end of period	<u>\$210,948</u>	<u>\$287,229</u>

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation The accompanying consolidated financial statements for American Financial Group, Inc. ("AFG") and subsidiaries are unaudited; however, management believes that all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring accruals unless otherwise disclosed herein) necessary for fair presentation have been made. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the year. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and therefore do not include all information and footnotes necessary to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior years to conform to the current year's presentation. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. All acquisitions have been treated as purchases. The results of operations of companies since their formation or acquisition are included in the consolidated financial statements.

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Changes in circumstances could cause actual results to differ materially from those estimates.

Investments All fixed maturity securities are considered "available for sale" and reported at fair value with unrealized gains and losses reported as a separate component of shareholders' equity. Short-term investments are carried at cost; loans receivable are carried primarily at the aggregate unpaid balance. Premiums and discounts on mortgage-backed securities are amortized over their expected average lives using the interest method.

Gains or losses on sales of securities are recognized at the time of disposition with the amount of gain or loss determined on the specific identification basis. When a decline in the value of a specific investment is considered to be other than temporary, a provision for impairment is charged to earnings and the carrying value of that investment is reduced.

Investment in Investee Corporations Investments in securities of 20%- to 50%-owned companies are generally carried at cost, adjusted for AFG's proportionate share of their undistributed earnings or losses.

Due to Chiquita's announced intention to pursue a plan to restructure its public debt, AFG wrote down its investment in Chiquita common stock to market value at December 31, 2000, and may suspend accounting for Chiquita under the equity method pending resolution of the current uncertainty.

Cost in Excess of Net Assets Acquired The excess of cost of subsidiaries and investees over AFG's equity in the underlying net assets ("goodwill") is being amortized over periods of 20 to 40 years. In February 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued a proposal to eliminate the amortization of goodwill and require that goodwill be tested for impairment.

Insurance As discussed under "Reinsurance" below, unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses and unearned premiums have not been reduced for reinsurance recoverable. To the extent that unrealized gains (losses) from securities classified as "available for sale" would result in adjustments to deferred acquisition costs and policyholder liabilities had those gains (losses) actually been realized, such balance sheet amounts are adjusted, net of deferred taxes.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Reinsurance In the normal course of business, AFG's insurance subsidiaries cede reinsurance to other companies to diversify risk and limit maximum loss arising from large claims. To the extent that any reinsuring companies are unable to meet obligations under the agreements covering reinsurance ceded, AFG's insurance subsidiaries would remain liable. Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the claim liability associated with the reinsured policies. AFG's insurance subsidiaries report as assets (a) the estimated reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses, including an estimate for losses incurred but not reported, and (b) amounts paid to reinsurers applicable to the unexpired terms of policies in force. AFG's insurance subsidiaries also assume reinsurance from other companies. Income on reinsurance assumed is recognized based on reports received from ceding reinsurers.

Deferred Acquisition Costs Policy acquisition costs (principally commissions, premium taxes and other underwriting expenses) related to the production of new business are deferred ("DPAC"). For the property and casualty companies, DPAC is limited based upon recoverability without any consideration for anticipated investment income and is charged against income ratably over the terms of the related policies. DPAC related to annuities and universal life insurance products is amortized, with interest, in relation to the present value of expected gross profits on the policies. DPAC related to traditional life and health insurance is amortized over the expected premium paying period of the related policies, in proportion to the ratio of annual premium revenues to total anticipated premium revenues.

Unpaid Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses The net liabilities stated for unpaid claims and for expenses of investigation and adjustment of unpaid claims are based upon (a) the accumulation of case estimates for losses reported prior to the close of the accounting period on the direct business written; (b) estimates received from ceding reinsurers and insurance pools and associations; (c) estimates of unreported losses based on past experience; (d) estimates based on experience of expenses for investigating and adjusting claims and (e) the current state of the law and coverage litigation. These liabilities are subject to the impact of changes in claim amounts and frequency and other factors. In spite of the variability inherent in such estimates, management believes that the liabilities for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses are adequate. Changes in estimates of the liabilities for losses and loss adjustment expenses are reflected in the Statement of Earnings in the period in which determined.

Annuity Benefits Accumulated Annuity receipts and benefit payments are recorded as increases or decreases in "annuity benefits accumulated" rather than as revenue and expense. Increases in this liability for interest credited are charged to expense and decreases for surrender charges are credited to other income.

Life, Accident and Health Reserves Liabilities for future policy benefits under traditional life, accident and health policies are computed using the net level premium method. Computations are based on anticipated investment yield, mortality, morbidity and surrenders and include provisions for unfavorable deviations. Reserves established for accident and health claims are modified as necessary to reflect actual experience and developing trends.

Variable Annuity Assets and Liabilities Separate accounts related to variable annuities represent deposits invested in underlying investment funds on which Great American Financial Resources, Inc. ("GAFRI"), an 83%-owned subsidiary, earns a fee. The investment funds are selected and may be changed only by the policyholder.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Premium Recognition Property and casualty premiums are earned over the terms of the policies on a pro rata basis. Unearned premiums represent that portion of premiums written which is applicable to the unexpired terms of policies in force. On reinsurance assumed from other insurance companies or written through various underwriting organizations, unearned premiums are based on reports received from such companies and organizations. For traditional life, accident and health products, premiums are recognized as revenue when legally collectible from policyholders. For interest-sensitive life and universal life products, premiums are recorded in a policyholder account which is reflected as a liability. Revenue is recognized as amounts are assessed against the policyholder account for mortality coverage and contract expenses.

Policyholder Dividends Dividends payable to policyholders are included in "Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities" and represent estimates of amounts payable on participating policies which share in favorable underwriting results. The estimate is accrued during the period in which the related premium is earned. Changes in estimates are included in income in the period determined. Policyholder dividends do not become legal liabilities unless and until declared by the boards of directors of the insurance companies.

Minority Interest For balance sheet purposes, minority interest represents the interests of noncontrolling shareholders in AFG subsidiaries, including American Financial Corporation ("AFC") preferred stock and preferred securities issued by trust subsidiaries of AFG. For income statement purposes, minority interest expense represents those shareholders' interest in the earnings of AFG subsidiaries as well as AFC preferred dividends and accrued distributions on the trust preferred securities.

Income Taxes AFC files consolidated federal income tax returns which include all 80%-owned U.S. subsidiaries, except for certain life insurance subsidiaries and their subsidiaries. Because holders of AFC Preferred Stock hold in excess of 20% of AFC's voting rights, AFG (parent) and its direct subsidiary, AFC Holding Company ("AFC Holding" or "AFCH"), own less than 80% of AFC, and therefore, file separate returns.

Deferred income taxes are calculated using the liability method. Under this method, deferred income tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between financial reporting and tax bases and are measured using enacted tax rates. Deferred tax assets are recognized if it is more likely than not that a benefit will be realized.

Stock-Based Compensation As permitted under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," AFG accounts for stock options and other stock-based compensation plans using the intrinsic value based method prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees."

Benefit Plans AFG provides retirement benefits to qualified employees of participating companies through contributory and noncontributory defined contribution plans contained in AFG's Retirement and Savings Plan. Under the retirement portion of the plan, company contributions are invested primarily in securities of AFG and affiliates. Under the savings portion of the plan, AFG matches a specific portion of employee contributions. Contributions to benefit plans are charged against earnings in the year for which they are declared.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

AFG and many of its subsidiaries provide health care and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees. AFG also provides postemployment benefits to former or inactive employees (primarily those on disability) who were not deemed retired under other company plans. The projected future cost of providing these benefits is expensed over the period the employees earn such benefits.

Derivatives Effective October 1, 2000, AFG implemented SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities", which establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments (including derivative instruments that are embedded in other contracts) and for hedging activities. Prior year financial statements were not restated. SFAS No. 133 generally requires that derivatives (both assets and liabilities) be recognized in the balance sheet at fair value with changes in fair value included in current earnings.

Derivatives included in AFG's Balance Sheet consist primarily of investments in common stock warrants (included in other stocks), the equity-based component of certain annuity products (included in annuity benefits accumulated) and call options (included in other investments) used to mitigate the risk embedded in the equity-indexed annuity products.

Earnings Per Share Basic earnings per share is calculated using the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. The calculation of diluted earnings per share includes 423,000 shares in 2001 and 79,000 shares in 2000 representing the dilutive effect of common stock options.

Statement of Cash Flows For cash flow purposes, "investing activities" are defined as making and collecting loans and acquiring and disposing of debt or equity instruments and property and equipment. "Financing activities" include obtaining resources from owners and providing them with a return on their investments, borrowing money and repaying amounts borrowed. Annuity receipts, benefits and withdrawals are also reflected as financing activities. All other activities are considered "operating". Short-term investments having original maturities of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents for purposes of the financial statements.

B. Sale of Subsidiaries

Japanese division In December 2000, AFG agreed to sell its Japanese property and casualty division to Mitsui Marine & Fire Insurance Company of America for approximately \$22 million in cash and recorded a \$10.7 million pretax loss on the sale. Upon completion of the sale in March 2001, AFG realized an additional pretax loss of \$1.6 million and deferred a gain of approximately \$21 million on ceded insurance which is being recognized over the estimated settlement period (weighted average of 4 years) of the ceded claims. At the same time, a reinsurance agreement under which Great American Insurance ceded a portion of its pool of insurance to Mitsui was terminated. The Japanese division generated net written premiums of approximately \$60 million per year to Great American while Great American ceded approximately \$45 million per year to Mitsui.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

- C. Segments of Operations** AFG's property and casualty group is engaged primarily in private passenger automobile and specialty insurance businesses. The Personal group writes nonstandard and preferred/standard private passenger auto and other personal insurance coverage. The Specialty group includes a highly diversified group of specialty business units. Some of the more significant areas are inland and ocean marine, California workers' compensation, agricultural-related coverages, executive and professional liability, fidelity and surety bonds, collateral protection, and umbrella and excess coverages. AFG's annuity and life business markets primarily retirement products as well as life and supplemental health insurance. In addition, AFG owns a significant portion of the voting equity securities of Chiquita Brands International, Inc. (an investee corporation - see Note D).

The following table (in thousands) shows AFG's revenues and operating profit (loss) by significant business segment. Operating profit (loss) represents total revenues less operating expenses.

	Three months ended March 31,	
	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Revenues (a)		
Property and casualty insurance:		
Premiums earned:		
Personal	\$327,632	\$297,313
Specialty	316,307	274,823
Other lines - primarily discontinued	784	1
	<u>644,723</u>	<u>572,137</u>
Investment and other income	107,335	121,167
	<u>752,058</u>	<u>693,304</u>
Annuities and life (b)	217,030	187,337
Other	3,162	3,504
	<u>\$972,250</u>	<u>\$884,145</u>
 Operating Profit (Loss)		
Property and casualty insurance:		
Underwriting:		
Personal	(\$ 27,782)	(\$10,933)
Specialty	(2,230)	(10,498)
Other lines - primarily discontinued	(6,455)	(2,515)
	<u>(36,467)</u>	<u>(23,946)</u>
Investment and other income	75,202	84,525
	<u>38,735</u>	<u>60,579</u>
Annuities and life	30,123	27,514
Other (c)	(28,010)	(17,486)
	<u>\$ 40,848</u>	<u>\$ 70,607</u>

- (a) Revenues include sales of products and services as well as other income earned by the respective segments.
 (b) Represents primarily investment income.
 (c) Includes holding company expenses.

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. 10-Q

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

- D. **Investee Corporations** Investment in investee corporations reflects AFG's ownership of 24 million shares (33%) of Chiquita common stock. The market value of this investment was \$31 million and \$24 million at March 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000, respectively. Chiquita is a leading international marketer, producer and distributor of quality fresh fruits and vegetables and processed foods. Summarized financial information for Chiquita follows (in millions):

	<u>Three months ended March 31,</u>	
	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Net Sales	\$577	\$658
Operating Income	38	68
Net Income	4	35
Net Income Attributed to Common Shares	0.4	31

In January 2001, Chiquita announced a restructuring initiative that included discontinuing all interest and principal payments on its public debt. If successful, the restructuring would result in the conversion of a significant portion of Chiquita's \$862 million in public debt into common equity. Although the intended restructuring would not impact Chiquita's day-to-day operations, it would adversely affect the holders of its stock, including AFG.

Start-up manufacturing businesses Since 1998, AFG subsidiaries have made loans to two start-up manufacturing businesses which were previously owned by unrelated third-parties. During 2000, the former owners chose to forfeit their equity interests to AFG rather than invest additional capital. In the fourth quarter of 2000, AFG sold the equity interests to a group of employees for nominal cash consideration plus warrants to repurchase a significant ownership interest. Due to the absence of significant financial investment by the buyers relative to the amount of debt owed to AFG subsidiaries, the sale was not recognized as a divestiture for accounting purposes. Assets of the businesses transferred (approximately \$55 million at March 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000) are included in other assets; liabilities of the businesses transferred (approximately \$7 million at March 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000, after elimination of loans from AFG subsidiaries) are included in other liabilities. AFG's equity in the losses of these two companies during the first quarter of 2001 of \$3.3 million is included in investee losses in the statement of earnings.

- E. **Long-Term Debt** The carrying value of long-term debt consisted of the following (in thousands):

	<u>March 31,</u> <u>2001</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2000</u>
Holding Companies:		
AFG 7-1/8% Senior Debentures due April 2009	\$300,976	\$300,931
AFG 7-1/8% Senior Debentures due December 2007	79,600	79,600
AFC notes payable under bank line	160,000	178,000
APU 10-7/8% Subordinated Notes due May 2011	11,597	11,611
Other	<u>14,804</u>	<u>14,727</u>
	<u>\$566,977</u>	<u>\$584,869</u>
Subsidiaries:		
GAFRI 6-7/8% Senior Notes due June 2008	\$100,000	\$100,000
GAFRI notes payable under bank line	53,100	48,500
Notes payable secured by real estate	24,396	31,201
Other	<u>14,996</u>	<u>15,386</u>
	<u>\$192,492</u>	<u>\$195,087</u>

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

At March 31, 2001, sinking fund and other scheduled principal payments on debt for the balance of 2001 and the subsequent five years were as follows (in millions):

	Holding Companies	Subsidiaries	Total
2001	\$ 1.4	\$ 1.0	\$ 2.4
2002	170.4	1.5	171.9
2003	-	1.5	1.5
2004	-	61.5	61.5
2005	-	10.0	10.0
2006	-	.7	.7

Debentures purchased in excess of scheduled payments may be applied to satisfy any sinking fund requirement. The scheduled principal payments shown above assume that debentures previously purchased are applied to the earliest scheduled retirements.

AFC and GAFRI each have an unsecured credit agreement with a group of banks under which they can borrow up to \$300 million and \$155 million, respectively. Borrowings bear interest at floating rates based on prime or Eurodollar rates. Loans mature in December 2002 under the AFC credit agreement and in December 2004 under the GAFRI credit agreement.

- F. **Minority Interest** Minority interest in AFG's balance sheet is comprised of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2001	December 31, 2000
Interest of noncontrolling shareholders in subsidiaries' common stock	\$129,967	\$119,216
Preferred securities issued by subsidiary trusts	316,663	316,663
AFC preferred stock	<u>72,154</u>	<u>72,154</u>
	<u>\$518,784</u>	<u>\$508,033</u>

Preferred Securities Wholly-owned subsidiary trusts of AFG and GAFRI have issued preferred securities and, in turn, purchased a like amount of subordinated debt which provides interest and principal payments to fund the respective trusts' obligations. The preferred securities must be redeemed upon maturity or redemption of the subordinated debt. AFG and GAFRI effectively provide unconditional guarantees of their respective trusts' obligations.

The preferred securities consisted of the following (in thousands):

Date of Issuance	Issue (Maturity Date)	March 31, 2001	December 31, 2000	Optional Redemption Dates
October 1996	AFCH 9-1/8% TOPrS (2026)	\$98,750	\$98,750	On or after 10/22/2001
November 1996	GAFRI 9-1/4% TOPrS (2026)	72,913	72,913	On or after 11/7/2001
March 1997	GAFRI 8-7/8% Pfd (2027)	70,000	70,000	On or after 3/1/2007
May 1997	GAFRI 7-1/4% ROPES (2041)	75,000	75,000	After 9/28/2001

AFC Preferred Stock AFC's Preferred Stock is voting, cumulative, and consists of the following:

Series J, no par value; \$25.00 liquidating value per share; annual dividends per share \$2.00; redeemable at AFC's option at \$25.75 per share beginning December 2005 declining to \$25.00 at December 2007 and thereafter; 2,886,161 shares (stated value \$72.2 million) outstanding at March 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Minority Interest Expense Minority interest expense is comprised of (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,	
	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Interest of noncontrolling shareholders in earnings of subsidiaries	\$4,131	\$3,971
Accrued distributions by subsidiaries on preferred securities:		
Trust issued securities, net of tax	4,378	4,482
AFC preferred stock	<u>1,443</u>	<u>1,443</u>
	<u>\$9,952</u>	<u>\$9,896</u>

G. Shareholders' Equity At March 31, 2001, there were 67,834,556 shares of AFG Common Stock outstanding, including 1,363,192 shares held by American Premier for possible distribution to certain creditors and other claimants upon proper claim presentation and settlement pursuant to the 1978 plan of reorganization of American Premier's predecessor, The Penn Central Corporation. Shares being held for distribution are not eligible to vote but otherwise are accounted for as issued and outstanding. AFG is authorized to issue 12.5 million shares of Voting Preferred Stock and 12.5 million shares of Nonvoting Preferred Stock, each without par value.

At March 31, 2001, there were 6.8 million shares of AFG Common Stock reserved for issuance upon exercise of stock options. As of that date, AFG had options for 6.3 million shares outstanding. Options generally become exercisable at the rate of 20% per year commencing one year after grant; those granted to non-employee directors of AFG are fully exercisable upon grant. All options expire ten years after the date of grant.

The change in unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities for the three months ended March 31 included the following (in millions):

	<u>Pretax</u>	<u>Taxes</u>	<u>Minority Interest</u>	<u>Net</u>
<u>2001</u>				
Unrealized holding gains on securities arising during the period	\$59.0	(\$20.6)	(\$6.4)	\$32.0
Reclassification adjustment for realized losses included in net income	<u>6.9</u>	<u>(2.4)</u>	<u>(.2)</u>	<u>4.3</u>
Change in unrealized gain on marketable securities, net	<u>\$65.9</u>	<u>(\$23.0)</u>	<u>(\$6.6)</u>	<u>\$36.3</u>
<u>2000</u>				
Unrealized holding losses on securities arising during the period	(\$40.3)	\$14.5	\$2.2	(\$23.6)
Reclassification adjustment for realized losses included in net income	<u>1.4</u>	<u>(.5)</u>	<u>(.3)</u>	<u>.6</u>
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities, net	<u>(\$38.9)</u>	<u>\$14.0</u>	<u>\$1.9</u>	<u>(\$23.0)</u>

H. Commitments and Contingencies There have been no significant changes to the matters discussed and referred to in Note L "Commitments and Contingencies" of AFG's Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2000.

ITEM 2

**Management's Discussion and Analysis
of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

GENERAL

AFG and its subsidiaries, AFC Holding, AFC and American Premier, are organized as holding companies with almost all of their operations being conducted by subsidiaries. These parent corporations, however, have continuing cash needs for administrative expenses, the payment of principal and interest on borrowings, shareholder dividends, and taxes. Therefore, certain analyses are best done on a parent only basis while others are best done on a total enterprise basis. In addition, since most of its businesses are financial in nature, AFG does not prepare its consolidated financial statements using a current-noncurrent format. Consequently, certain traditional ratios and financial analysis tests are not meaningful.

IT Initiative In 1999, AFG initiated an enterprise-wide study of its information technology ("IT") resources, needs and opportunities. The initiative entails extensive effort and costs. While the costs precede the expected savings, management believes the benefits in efficiencies and effectiveness will exceed the costs incurred, all of which have been and will be funded through available working capital.

Forward-Looking Statements The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements. Some of the forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "believes", "expects", "may", "will", "should", "seeks", "intends", "plans", "estimates", "anticipates" or the negative version of those words or other comparable terminology. Actual results could differ materially from those contained in or implied by such forward-looking statements for a variety of factors including:

- changes in economic conditions, including interest rates, performance of securities markets, and the availability of capital;
- regulatory actions;
- changes in legal environment;
- tax law changes;
- levels of catastrophes and other major losses;
- adequacy of loss reserves;
- availability of reinsurance; and
- competitive pressures, including the ability to obtain rate increases.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made. AFG undertakes no obligations to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances arising after the date on which they are made.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Ratios AFG's debt to total capital ratio (at the parent holding company level) was approximately 24% at March 31, 2001 and 25% at December 31, 2000. AFG's ratio of earnings to fixed charges (on a total enterprise basis) was 2.06 for the first three months of 2001 and 1.63 for the entire year of 2000.

**Management's Discussion and Analysis
of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Continued**

Sources of Funds Management believes the parent holding companies have sufficient resources to meet their liquidity requirements, primarily through funds generated by their subsidiaries' operations. If funds provided by subsidiaries through dividends and tax payments are insufficient to meet fixed charges in any period, the holding companies would be required to generate cash through borrowings, sales of securities or other assets, or similar transactions.

AFC has a revolving credit agreement with several banks under which it can borrow up to \$300 million. This credit line provides ample liquidity and can be used to obtain funds for operating subsidiaries or, if necessary, for the parent companies. There was \$160 million borrowed under the line at March 31, 2001 and \$212 million at May 1, 2001.

Dividend payments from subsidiaries have been very important to the liquidity and cash flow of the individual holding companies during certain periods in the past. However, the reliance on such dividend payments has been lessened in recent years by the combination of (i) reductions in the amounts and cost of debt at the holding companies from historical levels (and the related decrease in ongoing cash needs for interest and principal payments), (ii) AFG's ability to obtain financing in capital markets, as well as (iii) the sales of certain noncore investments.

Investments Approximately 92% of the fixed maturities held by AFG were rated "investment grade" (credit rating of AAA to BBB) by nationally recognized rating agencies at March 31, 2001. Investment grade securities generally bear lower yields and lower degrees of risk than those that are unrated and noninvestment grade. Management believes that the high quality investment portfolio should generate a stable and predictable investment return.

AFG's equity securities are concentrated in a relatively limited number of major positions. This approach allows management to more closely monitor the companies and the industries in which they operate.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

General Pretax operating earnings for the first quarter of 2001 were \$40.8 million compared to \$11.2 million for the fourth quarter of 2000 and \$70.6 million for the first quarter of 2000. Pretax operating earnings improved compared to the fourth quarter of 2000 due primarily to decreased realized losses and improved underwriting results. The decrease in pretax operating earnings compared to the first quarter of 2000 reflects a decline in the Personal group's underwriting results and increased realized losses.

Many investors and analysts focus on "core earnings" of companies, setting aside certain items included in net earnings. Such "core earnings" for AFG, consisting of net earnings adjusted to exclude (i) realized gains (losses), (ii) equity in investee earnings (losses) and (iii) a fourth quarter 2000 accounting change were \$21.8 million (\$.32 per share, diluted) in the first quarter of 2001 compared to \$14.3 million (\$.24 per share) in the fourth quarter of 2000 and \$38.3 million (\$.65 per share) in the first quarter of 2000.

Property and Casualty Insurance - Underwriting AFG's property and casualty group consists of two major business groups: Personal and Specialty.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis
of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Continued

The Personal group sells nonstandard and preferred/standard private passenger auto insurance and, to a lesser extent, homeowners' insurance. Nonstandard automobile insurance covers risk not typically accepted for standard automobile coverage because of the applicant's driving record, type of vehicle, age or other criteria.

The Specialty group includes a highly diversified group of business lines. Some of the more significant areas are inland and ocean marine, California workers' compensation, agricultural-related coverages, executive and professional liability, fidelity and surety bonds, collateral protection, and umbrella and excess coverages.

Underwriting profitability is measured by the combined ratio which is a sum of the ratios of underwriting losses, loss adjustment expenses, underwriting expenses and policyholder dividends to premiums. When the combined ratio is under 100%, underwriting results are generally considered profitable; when the ratio is over 100%, underwriting results are generally considered unprofitable. The combined ratio does not reflect investment income, other income or federal income taxes.

For certain lines of business and products where the credibility of the range of loss projections is less certain (primarily the various specialty businesses listed above), management believes that it is prudent and appropriate to use conservative assumptions until such time as the data, experience and projections have more credibility, as evidenced by data volume, consistency and maturity of the data. While this practice mitigates the risk of adverse development on this business, it does not eliminate it.

Net written premiums and combined ratios for AFG's property and casualty insurance subsidiaries were as follows (dollars in millions):

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2001	2000
<u>Net Written Premiums (GAAP)</u>		
Personal	\$370.5	\$349.8
Specialty	356.6(a)	297.7
Other lines	-	-
	<u>\$727.1</u>	<u>\$647.5</u>
<u>Combined Ratios (GAAP)(b)</u>		
Personal	108.5%	103.7%
Specialty	100.6	103.8
Aggregate (including discontinued lines)	105.6	104.2

(a) Before a reduction of \$29.7 million for unearned premium transfer related to the sale of the Japanese division.

(b) Combined ratios for the fourth quarter of 2000 were: Personal - 111.0%, Specialty - 104.3%, Aggregate - 106.1%. Combined ratios for the entire year of 2000 were: Personal - 108.6%, Specialty - 107.9%, Aggregate - 108.0%.

Personal The Personal group's increase in net written premiums reflects the impact of significant rate increases implemented primarily in the second half of 2000, partially offset by lower business volume. The combined ratio improved compared to the 2000 fourth quarter due primarily to the impact of these rate

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Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Continued

increases. The increase in the combined ratio compared to the first quarter of 2000 reflects the impact of inadequate rates on policies written during the first part of 2000. To further improve underwriting results, AFG implemented rate increases averaging 5% in the first quarter of 2001 and expects rate increases to be in excess of 10% by the end of 2001.

Specialty The Specialty group's increase in net written premiums reflects the impact of rate increases implemented in 2000 and 2001 and the realization of growth opportunities in certain commercial markets. In its California workers' compensation business, AFG implemented rate increases averaging 40% on renewals in the first quarter 2001 and expects rate increases of at least 30% on renewals in this business during the second quarter. Rate increases implemented in the other specialty operations averaged 17% for the first quarter of 2001. The improvement in the combined ratio compared to both the fourth and first quarters of 2000 reflects the impact of these rate increases. Excluding the California workers' compensation business, the Specialty group's combined ratio for the first quarter of 2001 was 98.0%.

Life, Accident and Health Premiums and Benefits The increase in life, accident and health premiums and benefits is due primarily to increased sales of supplemental health insurance products.

Real Estate Operations AFG's subsidiaries are engaged in a variety of real estate operations including hotels, apartments, office buildings and recreational facilities; they also own several parcels of land. Revenues and expenses of these operations, including gains and losses on disposal, are included in AFG's statement of earnings as shown below (in millions).

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2001	2000
Other income	\$32.0	\$17.9
Other operating and general expenses	15.0	14.3
Interest charges on borrowed money	.7	.7
Minority interest expense, net	1.9	.2

Other income includes net pretax gains on the sale of real estate assets of \$15.3 million in the first quarter of 2001 and \$2.1 million in the first quarter of 2000.

Other Income Other income increased \$3.7 million (7%) in the first quarter of 2001 compared to 2000 due primarily to increased income from the sale of real estate which exceeded income from the sale of operating assets and lease residuals in the first quarter of 2000.

Realized Gains Realized capital gains have been an important part of the return on investments in marketable securities. Individual securities are sold creating gains and losses as market opportunities exist.

Under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 133, which was adopted as of October 1, 2000, warrants to purchase common stock of publicly traded companies are generally considered derivatives and marked to market through current earnings as realized gains and losses. Realized losses on sales of securities includes \$.8 million in losses recognized during the first quarter of 2001 to adjust the carrying value of AFG's investment in warrants to market value at March 31, 2001.

**Management's Discussion and Analysis
of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Continued**

Loss on Sale of Subsidiaries In 2001, AFG recognized a \$1.6 million pretax loss representing an adjustment to the fourth quarter 2000 loss recorded on the sale of its Japanese division.

Annuity Benefits Annuity benefits reflect amounts accrued on annuity policyholders' funds accumulated. The majority of GAFRI's fixed rate annuity products permit GAFRI to change the crediting rate at any time (subject to minimum interest rate guarantees of 3% or 4% per annum). As a result, management has been able to react to changes in market interest rates and maintain a desired interest rate spread.

GAFRI's equity-indexed fixed annuities provide policyholders with a crediting rate tied, in part, to the performance of an existing stock market index. GAFRI attempts to mitigate the risk in the equity-based component of these products through the purchase of call options on the appropriate index. GAFRI's strategy is designed so that an increase in the liabilities due to an increase in the market index will be substantially offset by unrealized gains on the call options. Under SFAS No. 133, both the equity-based component of the annuities and the related call options are considered derivatives and marked to market through current earnings as annuity benefits. Adjusting these derivatives to market value had virtually no net effect on annuity benefits during the first quarter of 2001.

Other Operating and General Expenses Other operating and general expenses increased \$11.5 million (12%) in the first quarter of 2001 compared to the first quarter of 2000 due primarily to increased expenses associated with the IT initiative and slightly higher holding company expenses.

Investee Corporations For 2001, equity in earnings (losses) of investee corporations represents losses of two start-up manufacturing businesses. Equity in net earnings (losses) of investees in 2000 represents AFG's proportionate share of Chiquita's earnings. Chiquita reported net income of \$.01 per share for the first quarter of 2001 and \$.46 per share for the first quarter of 2000.

Item 3

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure of Market Risk

As of March 31, 2001, there were no material changes to the information provided in AFG's Form 10-K for 2000 under the caption "Exposure to Market Risk" in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

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PART II
OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6

Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

- (a) Exhibits: none
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K: none

Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, American Financial Group, Inc. has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned duly authorized.

American Financial Group, Inc.

May 11, 2001

BY: Fred J. Runk
Fred J. Runk
Senior Vice President and Treasurer