

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
Before the  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
Release No. 63846 /February 7, 2011

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING  
File No. 3-14200

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In the Matter of

ENTER TECH CORP.,	:	
ENTERTAINMENT TRENDS CORP.	:	
(F/K/A DALJAMA, INC.),	:	ORDER MAKING FINDINGS AND
EONNET MEDIA, INC.,	:	REVOKING REGISTRATIONS
EQUORUMNET,	:	BY DEFAULT
EESIS, INC.,	:	
EUROPEAN AMERICAN	:	
RESOURCES, INC., and	:	
EVISION INTERNATIONAL, INC.	:	

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SUMMARY

This Order revokes the registrations of the registered securities of Enter Tech Corp., Entertainment Trends Corp. (f/k/a Daljama, Inc.), Eonnet Media, Inc., eQuorumNet, Esesis, Inc., European American Resources, Inc., and eVision International, Inc. (collectively, Respondents). The revocations are based on Respondents' repeated failure to file required periodic reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission (Commission).

I. BACKGROUND

The Commission initiated this proceeding on January 19, 2011, with an Order Instituting Proceedings (OIP), pursuant to Section 12(j) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act). The OIP alleges that each Respondent is a corporation with a class of securities registered with the Commission pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act and that each has repeatedly failed to file with the Commission annual and quarterly reports in compliance with the Exchange Act. Each was served with the OIP in accordance with 17 C.F.R. § 201.141(a)(2)(ii) by January 22, 2011.<sup>1</sup> To date, none has filed an Answer to the OIP, due ten days after service. See OIP at 3; 17 C.F.R. § 201.220(b). Thus, Respondents have failed to answer or otherwise to defend the proceeding within

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<sup>1</sup> Each Respondent was served with the OIP by USPS Express Mail delivery or attempted delivery at "the most recent address shown on [its] most recent filing with the Commission." 17 C.F.R. § 201.141(a)(2)(ii).

the meaning of 17 C.F.R. § 201.155(a)(2). Accordingly, Respondents are in default, and the undersigned finds that the allegations in the OIP are true as to them. See OIP at 3-4; 17 C.F.R. §§ 201.155(a), .220(f). Official notice has been taken of the Commission's public official records concerning Respondents, pursuant to 17 C.F.R. § 201.323.

## II. FINDINGS OF FACT

Enter Tech Corp. (CIK No. 1021725)<sup>2</sup> is a permanently revoked Nevada corporation located in Loveland, Colorado, with a class of securities registered with the Commission pursuant to Exchange Act Section 12(g). The company is delinquent in its periodic filings with the Commission, having not filed any periodic reports since it filed a Form 10-QSB<sup>3</sup> for the period ended March 31, 2002, which reported a net operating loss of \$89,550 for the prior three months.

Entertainment Trends Corp. (f/k/a Daljama, Inc.) (CIK No. 1122152) is a forfeited Texas corporation located in Hurst, Texas, with a class of securities registered with the Commission pursuant to Exchange Act Section 12(g). The company is delinquent in its periodic filings with the Commission, having not filed any periodic reports since it filed a Registration Statement on Form 10-SB/A on September 21, 2000.

Eonnet Media, Inc. (CIK No. 1088095), is a dissolved Florida corporation located in Largo, Florida, with a class of securities registered with the Commission pursuant to Exchange Act Section 12(g). The company is delinquent in its periodic filings with the Commission, having not filed any periodic reports since it filed a Form 10-QSB for the period ended March 31, 2002, which reported a net loss of \$126,050 for the prior three months.

eQuorumNet (CIK No. 1091783) is a permanently revoked Nevada corporation located in Kansas City, Missouri, with a class of securities registered with the Commission pursuant to Exchange Act Section 12(g). The company is delinquent in its periodic filings with the Commission, having not filed any periodic reports since it filed a Form 10-KSB for the period ended June 30, 2000, which reported a net loss of \$84,106 since the company's July 15, 1999, inception.

Esesis, Inc. (CIK No. 1182151), is a Colorado corporation located in Centennial, Colorado, with a class of securities registered with the Commission pursuant to Exchange Act Section 12(g). The company is delinquent in its periodic filings with the Commission, having not filed any periodic reports since it filed a Form 10-QSB for the period ended March 31, 2006, which reported a net loss of \$8,430 for the prior nine months.

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<sup>2</sup> The CIK number is a unique identifier for each corporation in the Commission's EDGAR database. The user can retrieve filings of a corporation by using its CIK number.

<sup>3</sup> Forms 10-KSB and 10-QSB could be filed, in lieu of Forms 10-K and 10-Q, by a "small business issuer," pursuant to 17 C.F.R. §§ 228.10-.703 (Regulation S-B). These "SB" forms are no longer in use. See Smaller Reporting Company Regulatory Relief and Simplification, 73 Fed. Reg. 934 (Jan. 4, 2008) (eliminating Regulation S-B and phasing out the forms associated with it, while adopting a different reporting regime for "smaller reporting companies").

European American Resources, Inc. (CIK No. 789949), is an inactive Delaware corporation located in Eureka, Nevada, with a class of securities registered with the Commission pursuant to Exchange Act Section 12(g). The company is delinquent in its periodic filings with the Commission, having not filed any periodic reports since it filed a Form 10-QSB/A for the period ended June 30, 2002, which reported a net loss of \$93,927 for the prior three months. As of January 18, 2011, the company's stock (symbol "EPAR") was traded on the over-the-counter markets.

eVision International, Inc. (CIK No. 844780), is a delinquent Colorado corporation located in Denver, Colorado, with a class of securities registered with the Commission pursuant to Exchange Act Section 12(g). The company is delinquent in its periodic filings with the Commission, having not filed any periodic reports since it filed a Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2002, which reported a net loss of \$398,266 for the prior nine months. As of January 18, 2011, the company's stock (symbol "EVIS") was traded on the over-the-counter markets.

### III. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

By failing to file required annual and quarterly reports, Respondents violated Exchange Act Section 13(a) and Rules 13a-1 and 13a-13.

### IV. SANCTION

Revocation of the registrations of the registered securities of Respondents will serve the public interest and the protection of investors, pursuant to Section 12(j) of the Exchange Act. Revocation will help ensure that the corporate shell is not later put to an illicit use involving publicly traded securities manipulated to the detriment of market participants. Further, revocation accords with Commission sanction considerations set forth in Gateway Int'l Holdings, Inc., 88 SEC Docket 430, 438-39 (May 31, 2006) (citing Steadman v. SEC, 603 F.2d 1126, 1139-40 (5th Cir. 1979)), and with the sanctions imposed in similar cases in which corporations violated Exchange Act Section 13(a) by failing to file required annual and quarterly reports. See Eagletech Commc'ns, Inc., 88 SEC Docket 1225 (July 5, 2006); Neurotech Dev. Corp., 84 SEC Docket 3938 (A.L.J. Mar. 1, 2005); Hamilton Bancorp, Inc., 79 SEC Docket 2680 (A.L.J. Feb. 24, 2003); WSF Corp., 77 SEC Docket 1831 (A.L.J. May 8, 2002). Respondents' violations were recurrent, egregious, and deprived the investing public of current and accurate financial information on which to make informed decisions.

Failure to file periodic reports violates a crucial provision of the Exchange Act. The purpose of the periodic reporting requirements is to publicly disclose current, accurate financial information about an issuer so that investors may make informed decisions:

The reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is the primary tool which Congress has fashioned for the protection of investors from negligent, careless, and deliberate misrepresentations in the sale of stock and securities. Congress has extended the reporting requirements even to companies which are "relatively unknown and insubstantial."

SEC v. Beisinger Indus. Corp., 552 F.2d 15, 18 (1st Cir. 1977) (quoting legislative history); accord e-Smart Techs., Inc., 57 S.E.C. 964, 968-69 (2004). The Commission has warned that "many

publicly traded companies that fail to file on a timely basis are ‘shell companies’ and, as such, attractive vehicles for fraudulent stock manipulation schemes.” e-Smart Techs., Inc., 57 S.E.C. at 968-69 n.14.

## V. ORDER

IT IS ORDERED that, pursuant to Section 12(j) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. § 78l(j):

the REGISTRATION of the registered securities of Enter Tech Corp. is REVOKED;

the REGISTRATION of the registered securities of Entertainment Trends Corp. (f/k/a Daljama, Inc.) is REVOKED;

the REGISTRATION of the registered securities of Eonnet Media, Inc., is REVOKED;

the REGISTRATION of the registered securities of eQuorumNet is REVOKED;

the REGISTRATION of the registered securities of Esisis, Inc., is REVOKED;

the REGISTRATION of the registered securities of European American Resources, Inc., is REVOKED; and

the REGISTRATION of the registered securities of eVision International, Inc., is REVOKED.

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Carol Fox Foelak  
Administrative Law Judge